PITTSBURGH GAZETTE: WEDNESDAY, JULY 21, 1869.

Mr. G. said that after a full examina-

debt of the government, after having withdrawn the circulation of all na-

tional banks giving up their bonds and issuing greenbacks payable in gold and silver, to protect the citizen.

That is the Democratic doctrine, not

only in the South, but here in Pennsyl-

vania, although the opposition here have

not yet had the maniness to make an

equally straight-out declaration. They

will all come to it, in a year or two more,

and with such an unanimity that, if they

can only contrive to hold their rickety

and broken-winded party together until

72, its National Convention must then

yield to the demand of the old Southern

masters of the doughface Democracy, for

the incorporation of downright repudia-

MORE DEMOCRATIC HYPOCRISY

A day or two ago we animadverted

The first resolution sets forth sundry

constant repetition, in season and out of

season, they have lost all the force they

originally possessed. If the Democrats

had been mindful of these maxims when

tion as a plank in their platform.

The Nittsburgh Gazette

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OFFICIAL PAPER Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and gheny County.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 31, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET

STATE. FOR GOVERNOR: JOHN W. GEARY.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT: HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

COUNTY. ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT. JOHN M. KIRKPATEIOK. ABSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS, FRED'K. H. COLLIEB.

STATE SENATE. THOMAS HOWARD. ASSEMBLY. ADDEADLY, MILES 8. HUMPHREYS, ALEXANDEB MILLAR, JOSEPH WALTON, JAMESTAYLOB, D. N. WHITE, JOHN H. KERB. BUGH S. FLEMING JOS. F. DENNISTON. CLEEK OF COURTS, BECORDER, THOMAS H. HUNTER.

CHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK. BEGISTER, JOSEPH H. GRAY. CLERE OF ORPHANS' COURT, ALEXANDER HILANDS.

DIRECTOR OF POOR, ARDIEL MCCLURE. WE PRINT on the inside pages of this morning's GARETTE-Second page :

Poetry, Ephemeris, Miscellaneous. Third and Sixth pages: Commercial, Financial, Mercantile and River News, Markets, Imports. Seconth page: Interesting Reading | to abandon a party which had never a Matter.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 491f. U. S. Bonds at Frankfort, 87]. GoLD closed in New York on yesterday

at 1854@1854.

THE CONSERVATIVE SHAM. It is reported from the Federal Capital that a delegation of the Virginia Radicals are in that city for the purpose of organ-

tion, they have been sorely disappointed. We are not willing to believe that they roy school of the party throughhave had any show of encouragement for their expectations at Washington. Beyond the hitch in this matter of the qualifying oath, we can find no evidence whatever that the reconstruction laws have been disregarded by the people of Virginia. We have no proof, not even sale of the Democratic party to the Naany plausible allegations, that the elecbob of the Lehigh. Pomeroy himself tion, taking the State altogether, and all the little Bricks are red-hot repuwas conducted unfairly. We can find diators. Throughout the South it is also nothing, in the canvass or at the hustings, the popular doctrine-it would be natuto complain of, except that the votes have ral for any people to be averse to the not counted out in favor of our Radical payment of a debt which represents the friends. And from this complaint we cost of their well-deserved humiliation. hardly need add that we are not sanguine It was only last week that Mr. J. S. GoLof any specially profitable, results. In LIDAY, a Democratic Representative from short, we feel that we express but the Kentucky, and now a candidate for the general judgment of the Republican par-Federal Senate, made, at Louisville. a ty, in anticipating the unhesitating apflaming speech in behalf of the avowed probation of Congress for the proceedings doctrine of his party. We quote from the of the Convention and people of Virginia. report in the Courier Journal, a print of In this judgment, we have the concurthe same politics: rence of Mr. Boutwell, whom earnest and thorough-going Republicans everywhere Mr. G. said that after a full examina-tion of the thousand and one ways pro-posed, in and out of Congress, he saw no solution of the public debt question but that of repudiation of the whole bonded

have come of late to regard with special confidence as an uncompromising supporter of the Radical doctrines and policy of our party. That gentleman holds, as we do, that the election was fairly in accordance with law, and that no plea remains for excluding Virginia from her Federal rights. Of course, that transparent political sham which is known in that State, as in

some other States of the South, as "Conservative Republicanism," will vanish, like a soap-bubble, invisibly into space, in the hour that witnesses their Federal restoration. Although a sham, it has answered its purpose in the disintegration of the Union feeling as a political element, and in the temporarily fatal division of a party which was wholly one unit eighteen months ago. That i succeeded at all was due to the single fact that the Republican party of that date was composed in part of earnest and intelligent believers in those radical doc-

ipon the duplicity resorted to by the trines which are the life-blood of our po-Democrats of this Commonwealth in the litical organization, and, in another part, Platform of Doctrines adopted by the late of that class of trimming adventurers Harrisburg Convention, especially in refwho became Republicans only because erence to the universality and inalienabilthey saw a present profit in the associaity of political rights. It now devolves tion. Not one of the first class has given his suffrage in the majority just triumphant in Virginia, and not one of the other class has neglected this same opportunity others.

charm for any but thinking and sincere stale platitudes about the limitations of men. Virginia Republicanism has finalfederal authority; against the exercise of ly, in a salutary defeat, sloughed off its powers concerning the constitutionality unsound elements-to stand hereafter. as of which there is reasonable doubt; of the true Republicanism ought everywhere to dangers to the stability of the government stand, radically uncompromising in its resulting from the assumptions of undelefidelity to the living and moving principles gated control; and the like. These platiof an equal and fraternal liberty. tudes are all well enough; though by

There is no such thing as a Conserva tive Republicanism in this country. I is radical, or it is worse than nothing. It holds fast to the ideas of individual right hich a common Creator has implanted

express orders from his superiors, to ig- synonym for a substantial and grateful sailors who carried the flag of the country nore the plain terms of existing legisla- relief from a burthen too oppressive to be to victory." Alas! we all remember borne with patience. The Brick Pome- when these same Democrats bitterly denounced the men they now laud as "Lincoln's hirelings." The victories out the North and West have stood won by the gallant soldiers and sailors squarely upon that ground for a year extorted from unwilling lips this complipast.' The influence of that school of ment. Had they failed, those very lips Democratic partizanship may be judged would have everflowed upon them with of from the fact that it furnished for gall and wormwood. PACKER's money the adroit engineers The last resolution pronounces the "inwho consummated last week's scandalous

ternal revenue and taxation system grossly unjust." No specifications are youchsafed; and that is prudent. Last year the Democracy were not so discreet. They descended to particulars. They vaunted what they would do, item by tem, if only a lease of authority should be given them. Art was laid under contribution to symbolize their projects so plainly that the dullest head could comprehend them and be delighted therewith. In November, after the most searching discussion, the people voted, and the Democrats and their plans were rejected. Humiliation taught them the

value of caution, and they no more come down to specifications. But what do their generalities amount to? Just this: that hopelessly cast in the issue that was joined and tried last year, they wish to withdraw their specifications, and have a new trial on statements made as vague as ingenuity can invent. It will not do. Under President JOHNSON the Democrats had the revenue department precisely where they wanted it; that is, pretty much in their own hands. They managed to steal a good deal more than an hundred millions annually. At all events, President

GRANT is getting that much more revenue into the Treasury, through the operation of the same laws, than they did. With the overplus he is canceling the public debt. Every man of common intelligence knows that. What better way can be contrived to make the burdens of the people less? Paying up is the genuine method of deliverance from financial trouble. The masses of the people see what is being done, and are content. It suits them better to have the debt reduced y an hundred millions a year, than to have that large sum made a spoil by treasury agents and business men, acting in combination with each other. Let us

by, never to return again. upon us to show that the deception is not Railway Items. confined to the three resolutions which we then reviewed, but is as freely used in the The Mason County Journal has the

gratifying intelligence, from a source that t considers reliable, that the West Virginia Railway Company "has about completed arrangements for building the road from the Pennsylvania line through the heart of West Virginia to Charleston, the future Capital, thenes to the Kentucky ine at the mouth of Big Sandy." The

The bonds of the company are secured by a mortgage of all the rights, franchises, &c., belonging to said road under its charter, and are to be further secured the endorsement of the great Pennsylva nia Central Railroad Company. The Mt. Vernon (Ohlo) Banner, re-ferring to the Pittsburgh and Mt. Vernon

Presbyterian Union. The Moderators and Committee of Ministers and Editors of the Old and New School Presbyterian Assemblies have issued a pastoral letter on the subject of union to the Presbyteries and churches under their care. Speaking of the basis of reusion the letter says: This basis is simply the doctrinal and

ecclesiastical basis of our standard heretofore and now common to both branches-"the conlession of faith and form of government of the Presbyterian Church in the United States," without note or comment, without restriction or qualification. Each body, equally with the other, recognizes and abides by this platform, as the natural and constitutional ground for claiming to be Presbyterians; and as the true, sale, consistent and unchangeable ground for these two bodies coming again to be one.

After referring to the unanimity of the General Assemblies on the subject, and to the fact that these bodies did not wish to deny to the Presbyteries the free expression of their opinions and suffrage, the letter continued: Accordingly it was ordered that the

plan of reunion above described should be transmitted to you for your formal and official approval. It only remains that you take prompt and harmonious action upon it, such as is indicated by the action lows : your delegates, and that you send up to the respective General Assemblies your Presbyterial ratification, and then the separation which has lasted nearly half a century thus far, and almost a whole gen-eration, will be happily ended, and we shall surely gird ourselves for a new stadium of our career in the work and services of our Lord.

We beg you to notice that, inasmuch as the affirmative vote of the two thirds of the Presbyteries connected with each Assembly is requisite, each Presbytery must act, or be counted in the negative. And action must be taken definitely, on or before the 15th day of October, and a statement of the vote of the Presbytery most be certified to the Stated Clerk of its Assembly, prior to November 1st. And besides, in order to secure transmission, the Commissioners should bring up in hand to the adjourned meeting of the Assembly in Pittsburgh on the 10th of November a duplicate certificate of the action of their respective Presbyteries. And now, brethren, do not the times demand of us such organic consolidation. when the forces of Antichrist are everywhere organizing union against the Lord and against his anointed, and when the rallying call for an Ecumenical Council goes from Rome, that would tain muster her recruits from the Protestant ranks for the coming conflict? Our best answer to the Pope's Encyclical will be our reunion in November, in season to be communihope that the era of that scandal has gone cated to the Papal conclave at the Vatican, in December. We are loudly summoned to reunite now, when such gigantic enterprises are on foot to subvert our only religion, when all forms of mischief and disbelief are banding their forces to destroy the Christian faith, to break down the Christian Sabbath. to demoralize so ciety, and to root out our blessed Christlanity from the world; when Romanism, Rationalism and Ritualism make up the triune falsehood which denies all that is vital in our doctrines and worship; and when the great Deceiver goes forth in all the earth, with sleepless energy, to instigate kings and peoples to all the horrid orgies of Atheism. At such a fearful criis ought any evangelizing energy to be wasted or misapplied? At the moment of final conflict is it not a woeful mistake to turn our guns against battalions of our own army, who come to join our ranks, bearing aloft our banners? Our

parties are opposed to disfranchisement and the test oath, and are in favor simply of universal amnesty and universal suffrage, so that the only question with the voters is whether the offices in the gift of the State shall be filled by Republicans or men who were formerly rebels. General. Ames thinks the Dent movement is dangerous to the peace and prosperity of the State. The men who propose to support him are the former rebels. They will put one of their own number on the ticket with him as Lieutenant Governor, and if they succeed they will send Dent to the United States Senate, and then secure the control of the State organization for themselves. He says further that the Republicans will hold their convention in about two months hence, and will nominate a strict Republican ticket

The Fifteenth Amendment. From the St Louis Republican, (Dem.) The Radical papers publish strangely States which have incorrect lists of the ratified or assumed to ratify the Fifteenth Amendment. What object is to be gained by repeatedly asserting that lows, Ten-nessee, Minnesota, and other States which have taken no action, have fully accepted the amendment, passes conjec-ture. The action taken thus far is as fol-

Alabama, said to have ratified. Arkansas, ratified March 15. Connecticut, ratified May 13. Delaware, rejected. Florida, ratified in June. Georgia, rejected. Illinois, ratified March 5. Indiana, assumed to ratify March 14. lo quorum present. Kansag, assumed to ratify February 27 The second section was imperfect. Louisiana, ratified March 1. Maine, ratified March 9.

Massachusetts, ratified March 12. Michigan, ratified March 5. Missouri, assumed to ratify March 1. Did not act upon the second section. Nebraska, assumed to ratify. Certifi-cate on file at the State Department is informal and insufficient. Nevada, ratified March 1.

New Hampshire, ratified July 1. New York, ratified April 14. North Carolina, ratified March 5. Pennsylvania, ratified March 26. Rhode Island, the Senate ratified May 37. The amendment will probably be reected, because the Rhode Island radicals believe that under it they can no longer disfranchise their Irish Catholic laborera South Carolina, ratified March 10. West Virginia, ratified March 3. Wisconsin, ratified March 5. This makes only twenty-one States that can possibly be claimed for the amendment thus far; and of these, only seven-

tcen have legally ratified it.

EIGHT members of the "United Sons of Liberty," a coal miners' organization, were convicted last week in the Clearfield County Court. The prosecution alleged that the Society was for the purpose of controlling the hours of labor, &c., to their injury. The defendants did not deny that they belonged to the society, but alleged that there was nothing illegal in it-that it was a benevolent association. The Court held however, that it came under the technical definitions of conspiracy, and the jury found them guilty.

ONE OF THE MOST ASTOUNDING CURES EVER PUBLISHED_AT-TESTED BY OVER FIFTY WIT-NESSES

The remarkable cure of Miss Fisher, of Beaver county, is one worthy of more than a passing notice, especially when so many persons are suf-

izing a Congre sional opposition to any approval of the recent election in that State. It is worth no one's while to predicate upon this movement -results of any special moment. There is an almost universal public conviction that this election was conducted fairly, and that its issue, no matter how distasteful in the main to an earnestly Radical opinion, has been legitimately reached through the regular operations of the measure expressly provided by Congress for the pacification of the State. We have seen no substantial. or even plausible, reasons for doubting that this conviction is well-founded.

The simple fact that a very large and hostile element in the population of Virginia has not consented to support the spirit of the Congressional policy, at the polls, is supplemented by another fact. equally clear, that the same element has taken a punctillous care to adhere in the minutest particulars to the letter of that policy, as promulgated in the statutes and the executive orders based thereupon. We hear hints of but a single exception to this faithful acceptance of the legal situation by the people; it may be that a greater or less number of the elected

Constitution shall have actually obtained they have no fears for any new treasons. the Federal sanction. Gen. CANBY has The peril now most to be feared comes, initiated an enquiry on this point which not from any deliberate infidelity on the will reveal all the facts. The new instru- part of those whom it trusts, but simply ment does not recognize the disqualification which we allude to, and which would perception of the thorough-going exnot stand in the way at all, if the assem- tremity of the true Radical doctrine, or blage of the Legislature were deferred to manifest that perception in the execuuntil after the sanction of Congress had tion of their trusts. Here is the only been given. But the peculiarity of the peril which now threatens the supremacy case is, that the Legislature is required to of Republican opinions-and it will be assemble, and to act upon the new Article | no compensation, for the disasters that may come, to see that these are shared, first, in order to complete all the conditions which Congress has exacted. It fol- as they would be by those who have been lows that the present disqualification will responsible for bringing them upon us. hold for all that preliminary action.

til a dia tan

There is only one explanation for the apparent oversight of the Conservative politicians in failing to reckon this intermediate exclusion of the disqualified mem. greenback redemption, were simply the bers in their calculations. They evidently reconnoisances of their partizan skirmishhad reasons for presuming that the iron. | line upon the entrenchments of the Naclad oath, as it is called, would not be in. tional faith. That campaign, like the sisted on by the Federal authority. What one now opening, had but one real obthese reasons, were, we do not care to jective point-the repudiation of the pubenquire. It is enough to know, ist, that lie debt. Worsted as they were in the the authority to dispense with that re- preliminary fight of '08, the opposition no quirement nowhere exists; 2nd, that the longer care to conceal the real discretion which should have assumed to point of attack. Repudiation is the cry pose that they could not be better conexercise such an authority without legal which begins to come up from the entire warrant, would have been in the highest | Democratic | line. The Pendletonians. degree reprehensible; and, 3d, that the through their organ, the Cincinnati En. authority has not been assumed in point | quirer, significantly say that the policy. of fact. If the Virginia Democracy have | like the word, is becoming a familiar one.

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in every human heart, and which flourish was in their hands, their present in their admirable development under the apparent solicitude for their observance beneficent influences of Christian knowlwould be entitled to some degree of resedge, Rooted so immoveably, the pect. In power, when they had an end growth of these ideas shall yet over. shadow humanity throughout the planet. tion, they never accounted these maxima Then we see all that there is of the Conservative element in Radical Republicanism, while no living eye can measure or define any limit to its expansive progress did, reducing the Constitution to a most through all the ages to come. That progress is itself Radical Republicanism, and the Conservatism, which it seems to be the present fashion in some quarters to defend, is its deadliest enemy. We want none of it. Republicanism, purely and simply radical, is to be forever an inextinguishable element of American politics. Who is not for it is against it. Whosoever may flatter himself that this sort of radicalism is to be sneered at, or trifled with, or tought down, or quietly smoth. ered, or thrust out of the field as a living and potent influence with a liberty-loving people, makes a sad-it may be for himself a fatal-mistake.

The Republican party have heretofore taken all the needful bonds of the traitors members of the legislature will be found in their midst; an exemplary, experience to be disqualified for office until the new has purged their ranks so effectually that from their neglect to entertain a correct

> THE BEPUDIATORS. Last year's Democratic demands for the

taxation of the public bonds, and for their nis, and which the Republicans are gradually but surely extinguishing.

Doubtiess, the men who now preside over the affairs of the State and Nation are not infallible. It is not in human nature to be. But it would be an infatua tion mounting almost to insanity, to suptinued where they are than to have the places they occupy filled by the men who either engineered the rebellion, or sym-

pathized with those who did. Theseventh resolution deals lovingly expected Gen. CANBY, with or without and sounds to the popular ear like a mere with the reputations of "the soldiers and health."

civil strife.

from Philadelphia, Monday, that if our citizens would increase their subscriptions to \$80,000 the railroad would be secured The various canvassers went to work at once an in two days the requisite sum to gain, either for their party or the na-tion, they never accounted these maxima the railroad beyond all doubt.

The railroad bridge now in process of of the slightest validity or importance, erection at Venango City, connecting the but constantly discarded the whole of Oil Creek and Allegheny with the Valley line, will be finished towards the close of them. Whatever they saw fit to do, they the fall months. The Keystone bridge company are the builders. The structure wonderful ductility. For more than a will have three spans of 120 feet each. The estimated cost is \$100,000. The regeneration their control of the Government was practically supreme, and quisite legislation authorizing the extenall the tendencies to centralism they now Susquehanna having been obtained, steps profess to deplore, and impute have been taken for the early and vigor ous prosecution of the work. The surto the recklessness and obstinancy veys of the route are nearly completed of their opponents, were started and at several important points ground and stimulated into vigorous life has been broken for the road bed. The by them. When centralism ceased. projected line is located along the valleys of Mahoning Creek and Bennett's branch, through the development among the and connects with the Philadelphia and Erie road at Emporium. The grades will northern masses of anti-slavery opinions, to suit their ends, and power was cerbe easy, not exceeding twenty feet to the mile. The material aid for the extension has been obtained upon terms highly ad-vantageous to the State. The Commontainly slipping from their grasp, they rushed to the other extreme, resolving all inbstantive authority into the possession wealth receives for \$6,500,000 worth of of the States respectively, reduced the bonds for the Philadelphia and Erie road national government to an incoherent and not payable till 1912, an equal amount of vigorless league, with only advisory the bonds of the Allegheny Valley road guaranteed by the Pennsylvania, North Central and Philadelphia and Erie Compowers, and totally destitute of the means of self-defence and perpetuation. This panies, payable 1875, at the rate of \$100, lasted so long as the rebellion endured,

00 per annum. Last April that portion of the Ashtabula and, then, they resumed the repetition of & New Lisbon R. R., laying between the old saws against centralism, in order, Niles, Trumbull county, and New Lisbon, if possible, to deliver the States that re-Columbia county, was sold at Master volted from the necessity of executing Commissioner's sale to the Erie R. R. proper sureties for the non-recurrence of management, who proposed to make the road a feeder for the A. & G. W. R. R. Under a former lease, by which the Erie purchasers obtained their rights, the road was to be completed by July 14, 1869. So, too, the fourth resolution demands "reform in the administration of the federal and State governments." The A thousand men were at once put on the work, and were pushed night and day Eleven miles, from New Lisbon to Lee "outs" always imagine there is special need of "reform," by which they mean tonia, were complete, and about thirty-five miles remained to be finished. As they have a special desire to get "in." Did the Democrats manage affairs wisely the time drew near when the road should be completed the excitement in the neighwhen they were in power? The bankhorhood became intense. crowds gathered rupt condition of the national treasury about the workmen, and things were very when the Republicans took it in hand, in 1861, doos not confirm the assumption by the Democrats of superior intelligence or

honesty. Nor does the forty million debt they contrived to saddle upon Pennsylya-

Confession dwells much upon "the com-munion of saints." What will be one of the consequences

of the reunion is set forth as follows: Wealth that has long been withheld will flow forth, as we trust, in a new consecration, and our excellent Presbyterian system will be operated with new effi ciency in all its departments. We fondly believe that not only our merchant princes, but the masses of our membership, touched by the spirit of revival, and halling this new era in snite of the annals of Church. will bring forward their munificent thankofferings to supply the treasures of our boards and committees; to endow and equip our theological seminaries; to sustain our impoverished ministry, and against all negative and false Christianity: to bear aloft the standards of the Presbyterian Church, its confessions and cate clams, with its free government and its simple, acriptural worship for the salva-

tion of the world. The letter concludes as follows: We have only, in conclusion, to beg your ob-servance of the second Sabbath in Sep-Assemblies as "a day of fervent and united prayer to Almighty God, that he would grant unto us all the spirit of counsel and might, the spirit of knowledge and of the fear of the Lord," and that he would enable us, in the new relations now contemplated, "to keep the unity of the spirit in the bond of peace."

Washington Items.

There is reason to state that the arlangements concerning the Yerger habeas corpus case were discussed in the Cabinet sion, and that a postponement until December, and not October, as has been stated, was agreed to, in order to have the matter decided before the full bench of the Supreme Court. There was no intention to give Yerger any advantage by postponement, but it was considered de-sirable to avoid any decision by the Chief Justice alone as to the constitutionality of acts done under military authority in the southern States, as such a decision might have involved the constitutionality of the reconstruction acts.

reconstruction acts. By the present arrangement the case will be postponed till after Congress meets again, when, if necessary, additional leg-islation can be had. It was held by some of the members of the Cabinet that Chief borhood became intense, crowds gainerd about the workmen, and things were very lively. But the morning of the 14th of July came and found five or six miles of rails yet to be laid. The original Ashtabuls & New Lisbon R. R. Co. people who were interested in the northern end of the line, which it is supposed the Eric people did not intend to build at all, became alarmed, and on Friday held a meeting and declared the lease under which the Eric managers a fruitful field for litigation. Docros BORNM, a celebrated German surgeon, has just performed the operation of separating two female children, five years of sge, who were joined together in the asame manner as the Siamese twins. The German papers state that the opera-tion was attended with perfect success, but one of the patients seems to have died the same day. The survivor is in good

partial or total blindness, but likewise with other chronic aliments which Dr. Keyser has treated with such astounding success. The lady concerned was doomed to perpetual

blindness, which through Dr. Keyser's skill was completely removed, the truth of which has been wouched for by a sufficient number of witnesses to establish the fact beyond all cavil. The subjoined letter from the soung lady's brother speaks for itself :

DB. KEYSER-This is the list of names that I have to the cure of my sister. Christians Fisher. They were all willing to put their names down, and were very much astonished to see that you brought her sight so soon. My mo her sends her hauks to you she says 'you are one of the great. Hauks to you she says 'you are one of the great. is to you any of the says of the base of the second second

We, the undersigned, know of the cure of Miss FisherFand bear willing testimony to the fact above stated.

CHRISTIAN FIBHER. STHON F. FIBHER. (brother.) ANNUE BRADLET. Teylor av. nue. Allegheny. Erockue MCCA-KWT. LOUISA FIBHER. (ber nelce.)

Lours A Fishan, (her neice.) S. H. Brown. Philip Friday. Bachel Friday. H. N. Teckle. A. H. Carroll, Wm. Jenkins, E. W. Leven. Michaei Harris, J. A. & Jeming, dorfer, S. Faa Leumax. Klirz Hyde, C.S. swineburg ElizaLevendor T. L. Young, Wm. Alison, fer, A. M. Leven-J. Levendorfer, J. F. Mitchell. dorfer, A. Gardner. G. Levendorfer J. F. Morrison, A. Gardner. G. Levendorfer J. F. Morrison, A. Morrison Robis Mancad, C. Mahead, isabells Dobbs, N. Punkhouser, D. Fisher. G. Fisher (br'r) Lizzie Mahead, Tillie Mahead, T. M. Mahead, Thos. Sahead, Leon Allison, Mary J. Weller, N. H. Hszen, MaryH. Moo ton wm. H. Morton Ezrs Hazen, Jennie Wilson, C. M. Wiston, Sary E. Wilson Mary Patten, Jennie Patten, Martha Patten, James Patten, yadie E. Dobbs, Jennies Dobbs J. W. Dobbs, I. Dobba. Wm. R. Pence, C. F. sher, Williamina Fisner, (her mother.) Deafacesa, Hayd, Hearing, Discharges from the

Williamina risker, (der mouner,) Deafness, Hard Hearing, Discharges from the Ear, Polypus of the Ear, Catarrh, Usena, Blind Kyes, Inlamed Eves, and every species of Sore Eyes and Fars Rupture, Variococcie, Enlarg d Limbo. Broken. Veins, Ulcerated Legs and the various diseases of the skin and hair successfully

trated. DE. KEYSEE, may be consulted every day until 19 o'c.ock. at hissore, 167 Liberty street, and from 1 to 5 o'clock at his office, No. 130 Fenn street.

SUMMER PERILS_HOW TO ES. CAPE.

It will not do to tride with the health in hot weather. Vigor cozes through the skin at every pore, and it is by physical vigor only that unhealthy influences can be baffled and repelled The vital elements are evaporated in perspiration. Intense heat converta a man into a saif. acting pump, and the moisture that is pumped out of him is derived from the well-springs of