CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE is furnished in the city the six days of the week for 15 cents per week; by mail, $8 per annum: 3 mos., $2.

The proposed change in the Allegheny Fire Department from a volunteer to a paid system meets with general favor among the firemen.

The insurance on Fisher & Thomas' warehouse, in East Birmingham, destroyed by fire, amounts to $1,600. Loss about $5,000.

Disorderly.—A warrant was issued yesterday by Alderman Strain, for the arrest of William McKenna, a resident of Webster avenue, charged with disorderly conduct on oath of Patrick Donnelly.

Arrested on a Bail Piece.—Joseph Schell, charged with larceny before Mayor Drum, a few weeks since, and held for trial, was yesterday surrendered by his bail, and committed to jail.

Committed.—S. T. Meller was committed to jail yesterday by Alderman Henen, on a charge of larceny, preferred by Samuel Wheatly. The prisoner is charged with stealing ferty-seven dollars from the prosecutor.

Sent to the Hospital.—Louis Devil, who we stated yesterday morning, was in the lock-up, laboring under a severe attack of *mania potu*, was yesterday sent to the Homeopathic Hospital, Second avenue, at the instance of his friends.

Wanted.—Situation by a young man as Rookkeeper or assistant Bookkeeper, good penman and several years experience in store and bank, can give good reference. Address box "A," GAZETTE office, or call at GAZETTE Counting Room.

Assault and Battery.—Wendell Callin made information before the Mayor, yesterday, charging John Scheif with assault and battery. An information was made by the same prosecutor against the same defendant, for surety of the peace. Warrants were issued.

Temperance Meeting.—The regular meeting of the Allegheny Temperance League will be held this evening, at 7½ o'clock, in the Union Methodist Church, corner of Ohio avenue and Manhattan street. Addresses will be delivered by the Rev. H. B. Knight, and others. The public are cordially invited.

No Meeting.—The meeting of South Pittsburgh Councils, which was to have been held last evening, was postponed until this evening, in consequence of last evening being the regular meeting night of the School Board of that borough, and some of the members of Councils are also members of the School Board.

Beat and Abused.—William Blackburn alleges that William Jamison, without just cause or provocation, beat and abused him by striking him in the left eye with with his clenched fist. He made information before the Mayor yesterday charging Jamison with assault and battery. A warrant was issued.

Aggravated Assault and Battery.—John Sweeny and Charles Ward got into an altercation on Saturday, which terminated in a fight during which the latter bit Sweeny's finger severely. An information was made before the Mayor by Sweeny, charging Ward with aggravated assault and battery. A warrant was issued.

Not Recovered.—The body of Jenkin Edwards, the little boy who was drowned in the Monongahela river, near Bakewell, Piers & Co's. glass works, Birmingham, has not yet been recovered. The river was dragged all day yesterday, and various expedients wern resorted to for the purpose of recovering the body, but they all failed.

We have just purchased a copy of Mitchell's New Atlas Map of the world, containing one hundred beautiful maps from official surveys and other authentic sources. It is the best work of the character ever published. The agent will call on our citizens during the week, and we earnestly advise all our friends to secure a copy.

An Anonymous Letter.—A few days since, Anthony Menk, a resident of Reserve township, received an anonymous communication, in which the writer threatened to burn his (Menks') house down. After diligent inquiry, Menks' suspicions rested upon Henry Schiebel, as the writer of the epistle, and accordingly made information before Alderman Eggers against him for surety of the peace yesterday. Warrant issued.

A Brief Honeymoon.—Catharine Taylor appeared before Alderman Eggers, of the Eighth ward Allegheny, and made information against her husband, John Taylor, for desertion. The pair have been united about ten days, but during that short honeymoon John seems to have regretted his action, and wished to dissolve the partnership. He was arrested and at the Alderman's office promised reformrtion, when the information was withdrawn.

School Entertainment.—The Fayette School, (No. 8, North Fayette township,) under the supervision of Miss M. A. Leech, will give an entertainment on Friday evening, June 11th. The performance will consist of dialogues, declamations, concert speaking, essays, letters, and a debate and paper. The young folks of the Fayette school have received considerable training in this direction, and entertainment promises to be excellent.

The Sunday Liquor Law.—Informations for violations of the Sunday liquor law were made against Peter Dunberger, Edward Bechtold, John Latterley, Charles Gutman, Jos. Lofink and Stephen Hoffman, before Mayor Drum yesterday. The parties are all saloon keepers on Troy Hill, and are charged with opening their establishments and selling liquor to all comers on Sunday last, as freely as on any other day. They were all arrested and gave bail for a hearing.

Liquor Cases.—Chief of Police Hague made information before the Mayor yesterday, charging J. M. Robitzer, J. Richardson, S. S. Sackett, O. W. Rush and Stephen Malacaster for selling liquor on Sunday. The proceedings are under the act of Assembly to recover $50. Summons were issued.

Information under the penal code was made by the same prosecutor against O. Rush, J. M. Robitzer and J. Richardson for selling liquor on Sunday. Warrants were issued.

Interesting for the Young People at the First Presbyterian Church.—The first part of Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress, as illustrated by the magic lantern, recitations and singing, took so well with the young people of the First Presbyterian Church on the other evening, as well as some older ones who *pretended* to enjoy it only for the young folkes' sake, that the second part will this evening be produced with the same accompaniments. The more we have of such entertainments for the young, the better we shall like it. Eight o'clock is the hour for opening.

THE COURTS.

United States Courts—Judge McCandless

MONDAY, June 8.—Court met at eleven o'clock A. M. The list of jurors was called over, after which Court adjourned, there being no cases ready for trial.

District Court—Judge Kirkpatrick.

MONDAY, June 7.—W. P. McCabe vs. Burns & Stevenson. Action of trespass on the case. Defendants, it appears, contracted for eight acres of oil land on Beaver creek, Columbiana county, Ohio, and formed an oil company under the name and title of the "Angola Oil Company," stating that the land had cost them $26,000, and that they desired to let all their neighbors in on the "ground floor" purchase, that is, they would give them the land at what it cost. Under these representations, Mr. McCabe alleges that he was induced to subscribe for one share of the capital stock at the par value of $500, paying $250 in cash and giving his note at seven months for $250. It subsequently transpired, the plaintiff alleges, that the land was not good oil territory, and that said defendants had not paid $26,000 for it, as they had stated, and this action was brought to recover the money paid by said plaintiff.

There are several other suits of a similar character pending against the same parties. On trial.

TRIAL LIST FOR TUESDAY.

123. McCabe vs. Burnes & Stevenson.
124. Wood vs. same defendants.
85. Irwin vs. Bleakly.
134. Waring & King vs. Miller & Co.
136. Bell vs. Stevenson.
137. Potts vs. Frazier Bros.
140. Beck, Phillips & Co. vs. Hespenheide.
141. McCreary & Co. vs. Ward & Beaumont.

Quarter Sessions Court—Judges Sterrett, Mellon and Stowe.

MONDAY, June 8.—The June term of the Quarter Sessions Court opened this morning, Judges Sterrett, Mellon and Stowe on the bench. The list of grand jurors was called over by the Clerk, when the following gentlemed answered to their names:

Messrs. Wm. Rinehart, foreman; Geo. Allison, James Boyd, Samuel Barclay, R. C. Beatty, Wm. Collingwood, James Graham, Geo. W. Hubley, Wm. Harbaugh, L. Hellbruner, J. N. Kincaid, J. M. Michael, Alex. McGilvery, James McCutcheon, W. J. Patterson, Richard Parker, Elias Reno, Joachim Weisser, Henry Palmer, Amos Finkbine.

His Honor, Judge Stowe, then delivered the following charge to the Grand Jury:

Gentlemen of the Grand Jury: You form one of the most important parts of the machinery of criminal law. The jury system marks the most decided difference in the wards provided for the protection of the citizen against the oppression of the government or others who have power, influence or wealth at their command, which exists between despotic and free institutions—and whatever may be its actual or apparent defects, that day will be a dark one in the history of American people when it shall be abandoned for any other that has been tested by human experience. No doubt it has defects in some of its practical operations; but they are rather from the inherent infirmity of human nature than from any radical error in the plan itself. If we could always have juries composed of *honest* and *intelligent* men, the system would come as near perfection as perhaps any other human institution.

In the administration of criminal justice our laws have established *two* juries, whose duty it is to pass upon every man's case—the Grand Jury and the Petit or Traverse Jury. Each are exclusive judges of all facts which may be the subject of their investigations, but governed by fixed principles of law in their application on which they receive instruction from the Court, and which it is their duty to obey. The Petit or Traverse Jury receive their instructions from time to time, as each case comes before it—the Grand Jury, it is customary to indicate its powers and duties, and make such other suggestions pertaining to matters which will come before them, and such other things as the Court thinks it would be well for them to consider, immediately after they are sworn, and before they proceed to the discharge of the duties of their office.

This now devolves upon me to do.

You have, gentlemen, each taken a solemn oath, "To diligently inquire and true presentment make of such articles, matters and things as shall be given you in charge, or otherwise come to your knowledge, in the present service—the commonwealth counsel, your fellows, and your own to keep secret; to present no one from hatred or malice, nor leave any one unpresented out of fear, favor, affection, hope of reward or gain, but to present all truly, according to the best of your knowledge."

The motives which must govern your conduct are very clearly indicated in this obligation. You stand between the State and the citizen, to protect the public on the one hand from wrong aggression from individuals, and to guard the individual from the oppression, power or vengeance of the Government on the other. In the exercise of your functions as Grand Jurors, the law makes you entirely irresponsible for your acts (so long as you keep within your proper sphere) to any human individual. You are in such cases only amenable for the honesty of your intentions to God and your conscience. Your position, in a legal point of view, is a high one—your powers great, your duties sacred, and you should indignantly spurn any attempt to influence your action in a criminal matter, come from what source it may. It is indeed a most serious violation of your duty to receive any suggestions, information or communication whatever, except it comes before you, as an organized body, and in the regular way, as well as a gross contempt of this court in any one approaching irregularly in reference to any matter under, or to come under, your consideration.

In criminal proceedings, the only manner in which you can properly be communicated with, is either directly by the Court in open session, or by the District Attorney or his assistant, in the discharge of his duties; but neither the one nor the other have any right to interfere with your deliberations, any further than may be necessary to impart such information regarding the law as may be needed when the emergency arises.

It will be your duty "to diligently inquire and true presentment make of such articles, matters and things, as shall be given you in charge."

This relates to all such as are brought before you by the District Attorney ex-officio, or by means of a bill of indictment founded on information, or by the Court.

Ordinarily, parties charged with criminal offences, are proceeded against by information under oath, made before some magistrate having power to inquire into such matters, setting out the facts connected with the alleged offence, who, upon hearing the witness for the Commonwealth, if he deem the case a proper one, will either hold to bail, or commit to prison, to be kept for trial; and return the information to Court at the proper time. Upon such information the Assistant District Attorney acting for the State prepares his bills, and brings the witnesses before you to sustain the charges made against the several defendants.

But he is limited to calling witnesses to those for the State, and can only examine those whose names are upon the bill. The object of the investigation by the Grand Jury is to see whether there is *reasonable cause* to push the defendant on trial, under the evidence against him and not to enter into the merits of his defense.

The exercises of this duty is a very delicate one, and is circumscribed by no fixed legal limits.

Something depends upon the magnitude of the charge in particular cases, and the interest the public may have in the investigation. Something also upon the difficulty of procuring witnesses against parties, arising from the nature of the particular offence charged.

Sometimes one thing and sometimes another may have its proper influence in controlling your conclusions in special cases. But in no case should you find a bill without evidence which amounts to a reasonable ground of belief of the guilt of defendant; or, in other words, probable cause for the accusation. On the other hand, you should not ignore a bill when such evidence exists simply out of a conviction that the defendant should be able to show his innocence. This is a matter solely for the petit jury. You are simply to inquire as to the propriety of putting the party on trial. The petit jury and the court are to try the merits involved in the charge.

The witnesses having been examined, and the jury having come to pass upon the bill, it then requires twelve of your number to agree to find the bill. Before you can so do, and unless the bill before your action is recorded upon it, is withdrawn by the counsel for the State, if twelve do not agree to find it true, you endorse the bill "ignoramus." When the bill has been once acted upon, it should be returned to court without further action by the jury.

After action is taken by finding or ignoring the bill, it is to be endorsed "true bill" or "ignoramus," as the case may be, signed by the foreman, and should be brought into court without unnecessary delay.

The indifference with which enforcement of law is regarded by the public is truly astonishing. In many cases it would almost seem as though the officers, whose duty it is to protect the public and to see that the law of the land is enforced, are considered as quasi public enemies. Liberty is confounded with license, freedom with wrong, and honest endeavors to bring offenders to justice is looked upon as persecution. And when all is done that officers and courts of justice can do, when arrest, trial and sentence have been gone through with, it is too often the case that unreasonable sympathy, or friendly influences, or, worst of all, political considerations, induces persons to interfere in behalf of criminals, and by so doing, screen the guilty from merited punishment.

It is frequently the case that good nature and kindness of heart induce people to join in the cry for pardon; but I take this means to inform the public that if they expect protection from the law, it must be allowed, in all proper cases, to take its course. Regard for public safety makes it a duty not to ask for a pardon without knowing enough about a case to believe that a pardon would be proper. No kindness of heart, no social relations, nor politics, should induce any one to interfere for the release of a criminal when our judgment tells us he should undergo his allotted punishment.

The following cases, remaining over from last term, were then taken up and disposed of:

Ann Cuff plead guilty to selling liquor without license. She was sentenced to pay a fine of fifty dollars and costs.

Ann F. Lannan was tried on a charge of assault and battery, upon information of Patrick Lannan, her husband. The prosecutor testified that while lying in bed the defendant struck him across the forehead with a sword, and cut him severely. The jury found a verdict of not guilty, and directed the prosecutor to pay the costs.

Samuel Russell, indicted for resisting an officer in the discharge of his duty, was placed on trial. The jury returned a verdict of guilty, and recommended the prisoner to the mercy of the Court, who, in consideration of the fact that the prisoner had been in jail for over two months, imposed a fine of $10 and costs of prosecution.

A number of surety of the peace cases were then taken up and disposed of, after which Court adjourned.

TRIAL LIST FOR WEDNESDAY.

48. Com. vs. Jacob Martin.
99. " Rachel Kinney.
274. " Wm. Clark *et al.*
62. " W. J. Robinson.
3. " Palmyra Gent.
5. " C. G. Heins.
7. " Samuel A. Long.
10. " Wm. McClelland.
17. " Andrew Schutz.
20. " Anna Vess.
24. " Ellen Magione.
" " Michael Kelly.

Common Pleas—Judge Mellon.

MONDAY, June 7.—Little, Baird & Sloan vs. Felix *et al.* admr's. *Sci. fa.* on a mortgage. Juror withdrawn and non-suit entered.

Poth vs. Dickenbach. Action on a book account. Verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $203.08. Notion for a new trial and reasons filed by defendant's counsel.

Peters vs. Boner. Action to recover money due on a lease. Juror withdrawn and non-suit entered. J. Whitesell for plaintiff and Mr. Shields for defense.

Blair vs. Ross Oil Company. Action to recover for work and labor done. Plaintiff, it appears, was employed by the Ross Oil Company and the Company failed to compensate him for his labor. The Company became involved, or was reported so to be, and the secretary, Robert Wray, Jr., gave to plaintiff his individual note for the amount, which it is alleged by plaintiff, was to be void and not to operate against his right to recover from the Company if not paid at the expiration of nine months. Subsequently it was ascertained that the Company was solvent, and the note not having been paid according to the stipulations, this suit was brought to recover the amount due from the Company. Verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $345.98.

TRIAL LIST FOR TUESDAY.

39. Graham vs. Moffetts' Admr's.
47. King vs. Fecks.
48. Maloney vs. Sterrett.
49. Roberts vs. Gessner.
50. Long & Stewart vs Berger.
51. Kauffman vs. Barker.
53. Liggett vs. Meyer *et al.*
54. Hughes *et ux.* vs. Franey.
55. Flinn vs. McClarren.
56. Twin City Slate Co. vs. Mullen.
57. Flinn vs. McClarren.
58. " " "
59. Meyer & Bro. vs. Allegheny Savings Bank.

Ladies' Muslin and Cambric Underclothing.—Chemises, Drawers, Shirts, Night Dresses, Dressing Sacques, in Plain, Tucked, Embroidered and Ruffled—a full stock and low prices. Bates & Bell.

THE MONUMENT.

Monumental Association Meeting Yesterday—Legal Opinions—Some Discussion—Another Adjournment.

A meeting of the Monumental Association was held yesterday afternoon, at four o'clock, in the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association, Fifth Avenue.

On motion of General A. L. Pearson, Mr. B. Preston was called to the Chair, and Captain W. B. Cook designated as Secretary.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were not read, for the very pertinent reason that no record had been kept by the former Secretary.

ABOUT THE CHARTER.

The Chairman called for the report of the Committee appointed to procure a charter.

Colonel Bayne stated the Committee had procured a copy of the charter, which, however, was not officially certified. The Committee had not thought it their province to procure a certified copy, but such an one could easily be procured if desired.

Captain Cook stated he had written to Harrisburg in relation to the paper, and expected to receive it in a few days.

LEGAL OPINIONS.

A discussion somewhat informal in its character here ensued with reference to proceeding without organization under the charter. Such a course, however, was strongly opposed by the legal gentlemen present, who argued that no action in the case would be binding.

Mrs. McKee said she had been informed that this was merely a technicality; that as the charter had been granted, business could be proceeded with without further delay.

Colonel Bayne explained that if it were transacted in accordance with the provisions of the charter then it might be legal. But as no one present knew what these provisions were it would be impossible to tell whether they were acting in compliance with them or not.

ACTION DEMANDED.

Mrs. Robinson thought it would be better to proceed, then, under the old organization. The matter had been delayed too long, and the people were getting tired of it. Some action should be taken immediately.

Mrs. Watt said she favored this idea. The ladies were all anxious to proceed at once with the work. They wished, at least to see the foundation of the Monument laid during the present season.

Captain Cook stated the charter would certainly be on hand during the week. He thought as the matter *had* been delayed so long now, it would be advisable to propose definite action until the legal papers were received.

The Chairman thought nothing could be done in a proper manner until the charter had been received, and an Association organized in accordance therewith.

ADJOURNMENT,

Capt. Jennings moved to adjourn until Monday next.

Capt. Cook said he could have the charter, at least by Friday or Saturday. He thought a better course would be to adjourn to meet at the call of the chairman, and he would notify that official as soon as the paper was secured.

The motion was accordingly amended, and the meeting adjourned with the understanding that another meeting would be held on Saturday afternoon at four o'clock, at the same place, unless otherwise ordered.

Excitement in the Oil Market.

The monthly report of petroleum affairs, as compiled and arranged by the Titusville *Herald*, has long been regarded in oil circles as a faithful barometer to guide them in their operations. Yesterday, however, that faith was considerably shaken when it was announced by telegraph that its monthly statement just published set forth an unaccountable and unexpected decrease in the production of petroleum, falling off as much as nine hundred barrels per day, when compared with the April yield. The greatest excitement prevailed among the refiners, dealers and jobbers, and the Allegheny wharf figured as a second Wall street in a gold or stock panic. There were many who would not accept the report as correct, holding that there was something gravely wrong in the figures, and that instead of a decrease there had assuridly been an increase in the production. Dispatches were received and sent to various oil points, and conflicting information was the result, some correspondents endorsing as correct the report of the *Herald*, and others declaring that it was unworthy of confidence. The uniform correctness, fairness and care with which that organ of the oil interest had previously made up its reports, were evidences of its accuracy to many who bought largely on the strength of its information. If the *Herald* has made any error, there are none who would charge its conductors with ring-work or a desire to wilfully mislead the public by bearing the market, unless the case be well and thoroughly made out. The prices advanced steadily under the pressure, and elsewhere we report several heavy sales at large figures.

Needs Attention.

The old canal bed on the west side of Federal street, Allegheny, should receive some attention from the authorities. It is now, and has been for some time past, filled with water upon which a sickening green scum has collected. Added to this it is also the receptacle of all the filth and garbage of the neighborhood, which renders the atmosphere around almost unbearable. It would make a firstrate starting point for the cholera or some such epidemic, but as these are not at all desirable, it is the part of prudence to have the place attended to without delay.

In this connection, also, attention might be called to the ponds of green water lying along the line of the Western Pennsylvania Railroad, in the Eighth ward. The citizens in the locality would be very much gratified at the removal of these health destroying nuisances, either by filling up or drainage. Whoever owns the property should be compelled to put it in proper condition.

Two Charges.

John McMans made information before Alderman Taylor, yesterday, against Margaret Murta for assault and battery, and against James Murta and Martin Gilmore for surety of the peace. John alleges that Margaret attacked and beat him severely, and that the others afterwards came to his home and attempted to break in, threatened to blow his brains out, challenged him to come out and fight, and otherwise manifested a spirit of malice against him. The other side of the story is to the effect that John first insulted Mrs. Murta while she was passing along the street, which caused the subsequent hostile proceedings against him. The accused were arrested and held for a hearing.

Lace Curtains, Gilt Cornices, Curtain Bands, Curtain Loops and Vestibule Laces of all kinds Bates & Bell.

Meeting of the Board of Health.

The Board of Health held a special meeting yesterday, at four o'clock P. M., in the office of the Board, Fourth avenue, Dr. Gross in the chair.

Messrs. Case, Holmes and Welsh, members elected by Councils at the last regular meeting, presented their certificates of election and were duly installed.

In the absence of the Secretary, Mr. Case was elected *pro tem.*, and the minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Reports were then read by the Secretary, as follows:

HEALTH OFFICERS' REPORT.

Mr. Gray, Health Officer, reports eighty-one nuisance abated during the month, on account of which ninety-eight persons were notified. The number of permits granted for cleaning privies was seventy-nine, for which $39 50 was received. The expenditures during the month were $12 82, leaving a balance in the Treasury of $26 68.

During the month there was one case of small-pox, which was taken to the Mercy Hospital, by special leave. Entered suits against seven persons for cleaning privies without permits, and against four persons for maintaining nuisances, and judgment was given and fines imposed.

The report of Mr. Williams, Assistant Health Officer, shows 136 nuisances abated and in process of abatement, on account of which 170 persons were notified. Visited a house where there were three cases of small-pox, two of whom died. Had a baby vaccinated and the house disinfected.

MEAT INSPECTOR'S REPORT.

Mr. Weaver, Meat Inspector, reported his usual visits to the drove yards, markets and meat shops. April 30th, in the market, he confiscated a piece of beef and two quarters of mutton; May 10th, condemned sick bullock in East Liberty drove yard; May 17th, condemned a bullock in a slaughter house; May 24th, condemned bullock at the stock yard; 27th, condemned bullock in slaughter house, East Liberty; 29th, condemned five sheep in two shops on Fifth avenue extension.

During the month the Diamond Market has been bountifully supplied with the very best of meat, with a few exceptions.

The Ninth ward market has shown very little improvement over the previous month. The meat shops have been doing well, the classifications for the month being as follows: 1st class, 20; 2d class, 32; 3d class, 14; total, 66; a falling off of six shops since the first of February.

The largest kidney that has been in the market for the past thirty-five years, weighing 63½ pounds, was upon Mr. Berger's stall.

The reports were accepted.

Resolutions restricting the dumping of filth from the boat at the point were adopted.

An offer from several parties was presented, proposing to take away, promptly, any dead animals that may be found in the city, free of cost, providing that the exclusive privilege be granted them. This brought up the subject of animals, sick and dying, at the cattle and drove yards. It is said that they are sometimes sold to parties ostensibly for rendering, but instead of this they are often dressed and sold for food. The Meat Inspector states that this is done and he is powerless to prevent it. After being dressed it is hard to keep track of it and to tell the meat when cut up. It is taken, he says, to Allegheny city and surroundings and sold for the best meat.

A resolution was adopted asking an opinion from the City Solicitor as to the powers of the Board in the matter of diseased and dying animals, and the application was laid over.

A resolution was adopted empowering the health officer to make arrangement with responsible parties for the removal of dead animals on the streets of the old city and Lawrenceville, free of charge.

Adjourned.

The Cheap Clothing House.

Tobias', No. 13 St. Clair street, is now, by common consent, recognized as the cheap clothing establishment of this city. By this, however, it must not be supposed that the quality of the goods is sacrificed in furnishing a low priced article. An evidence of the character of the house and the goods sold is seen in the fact that the contract for making the summer blouses for the municipal police force was awarded to Mr. Tobias, he being the lowest and best bidder among a large number of clothiers. This contract is being filled at the present time, twenty-five of the blouses having been delivered and accepted yesterday.

Mr. Tobias has on hand just now a large and select assortment of goods suitable for summer wear, to which he invites the attention of persons needing anything in that line. In well made and durable goods he feels satisfied every purchaser can be suited at his establishment, and at prices which are nothing less than a marvel to those who have heretofore been paying exorbitant rates for clothing. Our readers should be careful to remember the number, Big 13 St. Clair street, near the Suspension bridge.

Dreadful Death.

BEAVER FALLS, June 7, 1869.

A train of cars on the P., Ft. W. and C. Railroad passed over a young man in the edge of this town on Saturday evening, the 5th inst., severing his head from his body and otherwise mangling him. When last seen he was in a state of beastly intoxication. This is the second victim to strong drink in this vicinity within the last six days. I suppose it was lawful grog. C.

I. X. L.—Geo. W. Hubley, No. 68 Federal street, has added to his variety of House-furnishing goods an entirely new double inverse rotary Ice Cream Freezer, called the "I. X. L.," which is a quick and effectual freezer, surpassing all competitors, and cheap.

The same enterprising G. W. Hubley has had his own irreversible prejudices against all Washing Machines, completely reversed in favor of "*The Empire Clothes Washer*," by tests in his own and other families, and has secured only a few for his customers. They are worthy of a trial.

X. L. ALL.—Geo. W. Hubley, No. 68 Federal street, Allegheny, regrets his inability to supply the demand, last week, for the popular X. L. ALL Refrigerators, announces the receipt of a further supply of the different and most favorite patterns and sizes. Customers are advised to call at once, as the supply will soon be exhausted.

This Dress Goods.—Our New Stock of Granadines, Organdies, Wash Poplins, Hernani, Leno Poplinetts, Japanese Silks and Summer Silks, Curtains, the latest Novelties, at Low Prices. Bates & Bell.

Complete and Attractive.—Linen Goods, Sheetings, Pillow Casing, Loom Damasks, Napkins, Dress Linens, Towels and Crash. Bates & Bell.

Williamson's Shop, 190 Federal street, Allegheny, is first class for a luxurious bath, for shaving, hair dyeing, hair cutting and dressing, plain or by curling and frizzle; also, for cupping and leeching. T

It is Seldom that we use the columns of this paper to "puff" or notice the "thousand and one" articles known as "Patent Medicines." We, however, vary from our rule in the present case, that we may call attention to the article known as "S. T.—1860—X., Plantation Bitters." We desire it understood that we do so without any solicitation or promise of benefit from the proprietor or other interested parties. We simply do it as an act of duty towards those who are laboring under physical disabilities, weakness, and the various complaints arising from impurities of the blood. Having used the Bitters at the instigation of a friend, (and, we confess, with some misgivings at the out set,) we found them a most valuable medical compound, and to our great satisfaction, accomplished the object for which they were used.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

A Good Dwelling and Business House at Auction.—The property 73 Beaver avenue, Allegheny, is to be sold to-morrow, June 9th, at two o'clock. There is a good lot, comfortable dwelling and spacious store-room. The locality presents a good opening for business purposes. An inspection of the premises and attendance at the sale may result in lasting benefit. Go and see it. A. Leggate, auctioneer.

Shawls and Lace Mantles.—We have in stock and are receiving daily additions to our assortment of Lama and Silk Lace Mantles, Black and Colored Thibet Shawls, Spun Silk and Stella Shawls, which we offer at low prices. Bates & Bell.

At Rode's modern style Shaving Saloon, corner of Federal and Isabella streets, Allegheny, will be found adepts in shaving, hair cutting, (for adults and children) hair dyeing, leeching, cupping and tooth-drawing. Try and be convinced. T

Constitution Water is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the Kidneys. For sale by all Druggists. TTHS.T.

Hecker's Farina forms a very agreeable light nutritive food, a superior article for puddings and jellies, and is highly recommended by physicians for invalids and children. Sold by all grocers. T

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 13 Smithfield street.

MARRIED.

SHEPPARD—DEFRICK—At the United Presbyterian Parsonage, in Kansas City, June 1st, 1869, by Rev. W. O. Williamson, Mr. WILLIAM SHEPPARD, formerly of Pittsburgh, Pa., to Miss JANNIE DEFRICK, of Kansas City, Mo.

THORN—BURCHFIELD—On Thursday evening, May 27th, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. E. Swift, JOHN P. THORN, of Allegheny City, and Miss KATE E. BURCHFIELD, of Reserve township.

DIED.

GORMLY—On Monday morning, June 7th, at 3 o'clock, Mrs. ANN GORMLY, in the 78th year of her age.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her husband, No. 48 Knoch street, TO-MORROW, at 2 o'clock P. M. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

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