Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 2, 1869. NUMBER

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK, M.

THE PRESBYTERIANS.

The Old School General Assembly.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 1, 1869.

In the Old School Presbyterian Assembly to-day, resolutions defining the policy toward freedmen, were adopted, except one in favor of employing ministers connected with the Southern Church, provided they were placed in the same connection with this Assembly, which was tabled.

The Moderator appointed the following Committee on Northern Seminaries in accordance with a resolution adopted yesterday: Senator Drake, Mo., Rev. Dr. Musgrave, Penn., Craven, N. J., Backus, N. Y., and Elder McCorkell, Philadelphia.

The report of the Domestic Missions Committee was discussed and adopted, as were resolutions defining the policy on that subject for the ensuing year.

Resolutions were adopted recommending the Biddle Memorial Institute at Charlotte, N. C., for the education of colored ministers, to the christian liberality of the church for adequate endowment.

A resolution was also adopted that the Committee on Systematic Beneficence prepare and send to Synods and Presbyteries the proportionate amount to be raised, with the understanding that the following be in the general estimates: Foreign Missions, $310,000; Domestic Missions, $250,000; Education, $250,000; Publication, $50,000; Disabled Ministers' Fund, $40,000; Church Extension, $90,000; total, $875,000.

A resolution was adopted earnestly pressing upon ministers and Christian people the necessity of more strenuous efforts to prevent the desecration of the Sabbath.

The report on the theological seminaries was discussed, particularly the portion relating to the Danville Seminary, Kentucky.

Dr. Yerkers was elected to fill a vacancy in the Board of Directors of the class of 1870 of that institution, and Dr. West of the class of 1871. The report was then adopted.

A series of preambles were read regarding the letter of the proclamation addressed by the Pope to all Protestants and non-Catholics throughout the world, and resolutions passed that a Committee of three be appointed to co-operate with a similar one of the General Assembly, meeting in the Church of the Covenant, who should prepare and publish a reply which might be regarded as an expression of the sentiment of the Presbyterian Church in the United States.

A report of Rev. Mr. Beers, in New School Assembly, was read, against the practice of divorce and parental infanticide extensively spreading, and urging it be read in all churches of the country. This was emphatically negatived.

A report was adopted regarding the abolition of any responses by the audience to the reading from the pulpit as Ritualistic, and also of kneeling. It referred to former deliverances on the subject.

Rev. Mr. McKnight made an address in favor of extending pecuniary aid to the test question arising in Kentucky Courts whether the acts of ecclesiastical Courts were constitutional. A civil Court had decided them unconstitutional, which decision was reversed by the United States Circuit Court and the case has been appealed to the United States Supreme Court.

Resolutions were adopted that the General Assembly should give that Church assistance in its litigation, and appropriating five thousand dollars to employ the best counsel to defend the case before the United States Supreme Court.

After the passage of the usual resolutions of thanks, a brief address from the Moderator and devotional exercises, the Assembly adjourned to meet in Pittsburgh, on Wednesday, November 10th.

THE CAPITAL.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, June 1, 1869.

John B. Guthrie, a prominent clerk in the office of the Secretary of the Treasury a long time and legal adviser of the Department of Internal Revenue and Custom Regulations, has resigned.

The receipts from internal revenue sources yesterday were $286,600.

Richard H. Curry has been appointed Register of the Land Office at New Orleans.

Major J. H. Smith, Judge Advocate, has been assigned to duty at headquarters Department of Missouri.

It has been erroneously stated that Secretary Fish has effected an arrangement with the Spanish Secretary for foreign affairs, by which the Spanish Minister here has power to settle all ordinary questions arising between the United States and Spain with reference to Cuba. The arrangement is between the Minister and the Captain General of Cuba, by which certain classes of cases heretofore brought before the Captain General will be adjusted at Washington through the Spanish Minister.

The public debt statement has been delayed until to-morrow, owing to the fact that all the accounts are not yet properly prepared. The opinion prevails at the Treasury Department that the statement will show a large reduction, though it is not positively certain the decrease will be ten millions. It will also exhibit heavy coin and currency balances.

A proclamation has just been signed, and will be duly promulgated, for the public sale of lands, embracing about 2,500,000 acres, to take place at Denver City, Colorado, commencing on the 13th of September next.

It is said Lewis A. Douglass, the colored printer, was yesterday transferred from case to a position as copy holder. This action would seem to take the question of admission of colored members to the typographical union out of the control of such organizations, as copy holders are not required to be members of such unions, but the issue having been raised, it will be probably pressed to a decision.

—A Brewers' National Convention is to be held at Newark, N. J., to-day. A large number of delegates have arrived.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The steamers Java, Ocean Queen and Tripoli, from Europe, arrived at New York yesterday.

—The venerable Mrs. Charles J. Wester was thrown from her carriage in Philadelphia Monday evening and killed.

—Governor Hoffman has granted a reprieve for two weeks in the case of Messner, sentenced to be hanged at Rochester, N. Y., Friday next.

—At Newark, N. J., the vote on the question of allowing street cars to run on Sunday resulted in a majority of three thousand in its favor.

—The Brooklyn Sunday School Union yesterday celebrated its fortieth anniversary by a parade. About twenty-five thousand children participated.

—The corner stone of the Atlanta University, at Atlanta, Ga., an institution on the plan of the Oberlin and Howard universities, which is being established under the auspices of the Freedmen's Bureau, was laid yesterday.

—The New York State Temperance Convention commenced at Syracuse yesterday. Ex-Gen. Myron H. Clark presided. A Committee was appointed to report a plan of organization for the temperance voters of the State.

—Mr. Abbe, of the Cincinnati Observatory, has proposed to the Chamber of Commerce, of that city, a system of storm warnings, based on weather dispatches from various parts of the country. The proposition was referred to a Committee.

—Robert James Jackson was arrested on Monday, in New York, accused of absconding from London with £5,000 belonging to the firm of Robert Jackson & Co., tea merchants. He brought a woman with him, leaving his wife and family in England.

—At Mobile, Ala., a State Emigration Convention convened yesterday. It was well attended by delegates from all portions of the State. Much interest has been manifested and a plan for providing homes for emigrants is in a fair way of being adopted.

—At an election held at Grace Church, Chicago, on the question of admitting Lay representation into the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, there was cast, for lay delegation 65, against lay delegation 13, total 78. Church membership 249.

—A dispatch from Topeka, Kansas, says the Sheriff of Saline county reports thirteen persons, men women and children, killed in that county by Indians, and as many more supposed to have been carried off, the women to suffer worse than death. The settlers in Saline county are coming eastward for protection. A correspondent says if the Quaker agents do not hurry up, the poor innocent savages will destroy all the frontier settlements of Kansas and Colorado.

—A Convention of colored men from all parts of New York, called by the colored citizens of the State Central Committee, began its session at Binghamton, yesterday. The object of the Convention is to organize a Committee in every city, town and village in the State, to serve as canvassers and do other duty in the fall campaign, when the new Constitution is to be submitted to the people.

—The President of the New Orleans Chamber of Commerce has received a dispatch from the Secretary of War, stating that the views of the Government as to the importance of improving navigation at the mouth of the Mississippi river were in accordance with those of the Commercial Convention, and that the suggestions relative to the dredge boat now at the mouth of the Mississippi will be complied with. The dispatch was in response to resolutions telegraphed by the President of the Convention.

—A State Colored Convention met at Baltimore, yesterday, delegates being present from nearly every county in Maryland. A long series of resolutions were adopted expressing confidence in Grant and his Administration, asking that colored apprentices be admitted to all branches of trade, that no colored mechanics shall be prohibited from any trade, thanking the President and Federal office holders for the appointment of colored men to position, and pledging colored republicans of Maryland to support the regular nominations of the party.

San Francisco Matters.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, June 1.—The steamer Golden City sailed for Panama to-day with seven hundred and eighty-five thousand in treasure, six hundred and seventy thousand for England, $95,000 for New York and $20,000 for Panama.

Capt. W. H. West, 1st officer of the Golden City, died at sea, May 26th. His body was embalmed and sent to New York.

Maj. Gen. Geo. H. Thomas and staff arrived here last night, seven days and ten hours traveling time from New York. They express themselves well pleased with the management of the railroads.

Col. Geo. Frederick James, a prominent lawyer and pioneer of this city, died suddenly yesterday.

An Indian Chief of the Hual Pri tribe, Arizona, is now in the custody of the military authorities at Angel Island, in this harbor. He is held as a hostage for the good behavior of his tribe.

Additional Markets by Telegraph.

NEW ORLEANS, June 1.—Cotton is active and has advanced ¼c, with sales of middlings at 28¼@28½c; the sales to-day amounted to 610 bales; the receipts were 367 bales; 1,485 bales have been added to the running account of exports, shipped from Mobile for British steamers, not previously reported. Gold, 138¾. Exchange—Sterling, 151@151½; New York Sight, par to ½ per cent. premium. Flour firm; superfine, $5,37; double extra, $5,75; treble extra, $6,35. Corn, 95c for white. Oats, 75c. Bacon has advanced, with sales of shoulders at 14¼c, clear rib sides, 17¾c, and clear sides at 18c. Lard; tierce, 18¾c; keg, 19¼c. Sugar dull; common, 9¾@10¾c; prime, 13¼@13¾c. Molasses; reboiled, 55@65c. Whisky; 95c@$1 for western rectified. Coffee; fair, 15¾c; prime, 16½@17c.

CHICAGO, June 1.—At open board in the afternoon there was very little done in the grain markets and prices without important change. No. 2 spring wheat is selling at $1,12¾@1,13, seller the month, and buyers on spot at $1,15. Other grains were neglected and nominally the same as at the close of change. Provisions inactive and there was nothing done in the evening.

HAVANA, June 1—The Sugar market closed active with sales on basis at 8¾@8¾ reals per arrobe for No. 12 D. S.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, June 1.—The *News* says it is satisfactory to find that President Grant's government has a policy of conciliation and peace on the question of the relations of England and the United States. The *News* is anxious to know the basis on which new deliberations are to be conducted, and adds: But if Mr. Motley's suggestions to Lord Clarendon are pervaded by the spirit, breathed at Liverpool, the Americans may reasonably hope for success. England would be content to accept a settlement arranged by Lord Clarendon and Mr. Motley.

The *Telegraph* says any proposals made by Mr. Motley will be weighed on their merits. England having made her protest against Mr. Sumner's doctrine, has dismissed it from consideration.

The *Star* rejoices in the friendly tone of the remarks made by the new American Minister.

DUBLIN, June 1.—It is rumored that Earl Spencer, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, is about to resign.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, June 1.—Hon. John Jay was to-day introduced to Baron Von Beust by Mr. Watts, retiring Minister. Mr. Jay afterwards had a special audience with the Emperior, when he presented his credentials as Minister of the United States.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, June 1.—The rejection by Parliament of the financial plans proposed by Count Cambray Digby, Minister of Finance, will probably lead to his withdrawal from the Cabinet and to further ministerial changes.

LONDON, June 1.—The Irish Church Bill was read for the first time in the House of Lords to-night. It was agreed that the bill should come up for the second reading on the 14th inst.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, June 1.—The North German Parliament have passed a law taxing bills of exchange, malt and sugar.

MARINE NEWS.

QUEENSTOWN, June 1.—The steamer The Queen, from New York, arrived yesterday.

SOUTHAMPTON, June 1.—The steamer Berlin, from Baltimore, arrived yesterday.

LONDONDERRY, June 1.—The steamer Austrian, from Quebec, arrived to-day.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, June 1.—*Evening.*—Consols for money 92¾ ex-dividend, and account 92⅞ dividend. American securities are quiet; 5-20s at London 80⅞, at Frankfort 86; Erie 19; Illinois Central 96. Stocks quiet.

LIVERPOOL, June 1.—Cotton market firmer; middling uplands on spot 11⅝d., to arrive 11⅝d., and Orleans 17⅝d.; sales of 15,000 bales. California white wheat 9s. 9d.; red western 8s. 9d. Western Flour 22s. 6d. Corn—mixed 27s. 6d. Oats 3s. 4d. Barley 5s. Peas 37s. 6d. Pork 100s. Beef 90s. Lard 72s. Cheese 82s. Bacon 60s. Spirits Petroleum 7½d; refined 1s. 8½d. Tallow 43s. 9d. Turpentine 28s. Linseed Oil 32s. Linseed Cakes £10.

LONDON, June 1.—Tallow 42s. 6d. Spirits Petroleum irregular at 10¾d. Sperm Oil 98s. Sugar 39s. 6d. @ 40s. Whale Oil 37s. Petroleum at Antwerp easier at 47¼f.

Are there no Good Girls?

The N. Y. Express, not long since contained this piquant little article:

Has no one seen a good girl lately? Are girls nowadays much worse than those of yore? The newspapers would make me think so. Every journal which I pick up has one or more columns devoted to railings against women, until I have become frightened and find myself wondering, if I too am one of the dreadful creatures. And are these articles written by men? If so, they must be men without homes or families, who have mixed with a debased class of society. For surely no honorable man, no real gentleman could publish an article—such as we daily peruse—denouncing all the gentler sex as extravagant, jealous, faithless, nay, even immodest, and go home to receive the kiss of a dear wife or meet the innocent eyes of a bevy of sisters or daughters. Would he not shrink appalled at what he has done? knowing that he had sowed the seed in the minds of younger men for thoughts and feelings that would never have arisen there without teaching. Now, I am young, and am worldly wise, yet I have had my little experience, and I must say that I have met with many pure, good women,—kind mothers, loving wives, dutiful daughters, affectionate sisters—women who are not for ruining their husbands or fathers by extravagance; who are not falling in love with every handsome man they see; who are not eloping every other day with family physicians or husband's friends; but are devoted to their families, and sensible in every respect. And I have met very few good men. I regret it; I do not wish to speak against the men-folk, for I rather like them, and am willing to say that my experience has been, perhaps, unfortunate. And I am inclined to believe that as in all ages there have existed noble men—"Faithful in love, brave in war," so they may still be found—faithful in love (when there is plenty of money), brave in war (when there is a Major-Generalship ahead), and pretty good usually when the skies are serene and they have nothing to cross them.

And now I claim a champion. Will not some one be brave enough to stand in opposition to popular opinion, and truthful enough to say to the public that he has seen at least one or two real good girls in the course of a year? If such a one can be found, I will thank him warmly, and will think that honesty is not yet extinct from the race of men.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Shipments of Coal.

The following is a full and pretty accurate report of the coal sent down the river on the present water. The total amount foots up 2,573,000:

FOR CINCINNATI.

	Barges.	
Whale	10	100,000
V. F. Willson	8	88,000
Coal City	12	120,000
Collier	10	100,000
Leader	7	70,000
Leopard	8	80,000
Tiger	7	75,000
Lion	10	100,000
Lioness	10	100,000
Hevalta	10	90,000
Jas. Glenn	9	90,000
	102	1,013,000

FOR LOUISVILLE.

Annie	7	70,000
Eagle	10	100,000
Star, 2 B. & 6 Barges		100,000
N. J. Bigler	7	70,000
J. S. Neel	7	70,000
Diamond	10	110,000
Fearless, 2 B. & 5 Barges		90,000
Warner	6	80,000
Warner, 1 Coal Boat		20,000
Baltic	10	100,000
O. H. Crosby	7	70,000
Keystone	7	90,000
Horner	10	100,000
S. Roberts	12	100,000
Mary Ann	12	120,000
	121	1,260,000

The Boaz expects to get ready for New Orleans with 200,000 bushels.

The City Bank, No. 112 Fifth Avenue.

This institution, through a wise and careful management of its affairs, a liberal policy towards depositors and business men, and a judicial regard for all classes having dealings with it, has rapidly gained high position in the estimation of the general community, and daily meets with increased patronage and favor. Its directors are recognized among our most responsible and cautious business men, who, while guarding the interests of stockholders take care that all their patrons find it advantageous to bestow their business in that direction. Organized with a large and easily working capital, thoroughly safe and secure, and supplied with officers and tellers courteous and obliging, it is little occasion for wonder that the City Bank is so popular and that it is justly regarded as one of our very first banking institutions. Time depositors are allowed liberal interest on their moneys, while discounts of acceptable paper are made on the most reasonable terms. The bank has extensive correspondence at home and abroad and is prepared to issue drafts and transact all customary financial business in a highly satisfactory manner. From long personal acquaintance with many of the gentlemen intimately associated with the management of its affairs, we are prepared to recommend it to our readers in the highest terms, and bespeak for it a full share of the patronage within the award of our friends.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—The fun loving portion of this community have an opportunity of enjoying a rich feast of fun at the Opera House this week. Marlit & Bartholomew's Comic Pantomime Troupe are now playing an engagement at that place, and are drawing full houses. To-night will be presented the comic oriental pantomime entitled "Kim Kay; or, the Adventures of an Aeronaut," and the entertainment will conclude with the "Two Fugitives."

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—The attendance at the Old Theatre during the past week has been increasing. "Ixion" was presented for the last time last night. A splendid varieties bill will be offered to-night.

GRAND CONCERT.—To-morrow evening a grand vocal and instrumental concert will be given in the Smithfield Street M. E. Church, under the direction of Profs. Alexander and Giles. The performers number some of the best amateurs in this vicinity, and the entertainment will doubtless prove a complete success.

FAIR AND FESTIVAL.—The Fair and Festival in the Seventh U. P. Church, which opened last evening, attracted a large attendance, and everybody seemed to retire well pleased with their visit. It will be continued all this week.

Pittsburgh Letter Carriers' Report.

The following is a report of the Pittsburgh Letter Carriers for the month of May:

	DELIVERED.	COLLECTED.
Mail Letters	111,316	83,577
Drop Letters	12,208	21,039
Newspapers	36,869	2,894
Total	160,283	107,510

Throughout the business portions of the city, five deliveries and six collections are made daily. The last collection is made after eight o'clock P. M.

Grand Concert.—The attention of our readers is called to the advertisement of a grand vocal and instrumental concert to be held at the Smithfield M. E. Church, Thursday evening next. The singers are composed of the first amature singers of the city, and no doubt will give a first class concert. Tickets can be had at the different music stores. Price 50 cents.

Alleged Aggravated Assault.—Andrew Moon was before Mayor Drum, yesterday morning, charged with aggravated assault and battery, on oath of Robert Dixon. Dixon alleges the accused hit him with a "dinker," a few days ago, breaking a jaw bone and knocking out several masticators. Moon was held for a hearing.

No Quorum.—The regular monthly meeting of the Allegheny Board of Controllers could not be held last evening for want of a quorum of members. A resolution was passed informally, however, which provided for the closing of the schools on Wednesday, June 30th, for the summer vacation.

Philip Phillips.—Tickets for Phillip's Concert, at the First Methodist Church, this evening, can be had after 9 o'clock to-day at Clark's drug store, opposite the church. Go early to secure good seats.

Suicide.—Late last evening word was left at the Coroner's office that one of the inmates of the House of Refuge, a boy aged seventeen, had committed suicide. We are without the particulars.

Money to Loan.—We have $10,000 to loan on first class city property. Brown and Lambs, 114 Fifth avenue.

Memorial Sermon.

Sabbath evening last, the time-honored Liberty street Methodist Episcopal church was comfortably filled to hear a "Memorial discourse," by Rev. W. H. Locke, A. M., pastor of that congregation. Mr. Locke was over three years Chaplain of the famous Eleventh Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers, commanded by the gallant Col. Dick Coulter. This regiment, it is well known, was one of the regiments of three months' men, and continued in service until Lee surrendered. Chaplain Locke has seen years of hard service, and as few Chaplains have experienced. His excellent work, "The Story of the Regiment," shows very conclusively the character of his services in the army. To hear one who has had such a thrilling experience, would very naturally attract a large audience.

The discourse was carefully prepared with "fitly chosen words," and in a style which gave evidence that the Chaplain had proper conceptions of the grand event commemorated on Saturday. Lessons of instruction were also embodied in the discourse, in which the reverend speaker showed that the hand of God was singularly displayed in our behalf.

The discourse was based on the following passage from the Psalms: "The Lord hath done great things for us, whereof we are glad." Reference is made in the brief introductory remarks, to the generous course of the people in their observance of "Decoration Day," and to the fact that Religion and Patriotism are wedded in undivorcable bonds. Love of country never conflicts with our love to God; and he who is most loyal to Truth and Righteousness, is the truer lover of his country. The chaplain argued that the Religion of the Bible approved of the embalming of the memory of the great and good, and it is right and proper that we should revere the memory of those who gave their lives for the nation's weal. He assumed that the grand results of that struggle, by which a country is freed from a great wrong,—a country triumphant over a great evil,—a country regenerated in thought, word, and deed, has come up out of that bitter struggle wherein our kindred went down in death; and as we pause near to decorate their green graves with the first flowers of Summer, the satisfactory present and the large promising future, make the day we celebrate one of gladness rather than of sorrow. The past ten years of our national history—the most wonderful of any era of history since the world began—is too familiar to need even the briefest review. Its changes are inwrought, not only upon the face of the country, but upon the hearts and consciences of the people. That which future generations will read with throbbing hearts, and souls all aglow with fire, our eyes have seen. Deeds of heroic daring and devoted patriotism, that shall eclipse all ancient story, were performed by our flesh and blood.

Chaplain Locke then sketched in brief, but in glowing words, the material that the Lord has provided for the nation's redemption, in the dark hour of trial—the potential power of a free school and free press as educators of all classes and in preparing the masses for the battle of ideas; the grand achievements of science and mechanical skill in preparing aids for the aggressive steps of our army, and other preparatory means by Providence. He contended that there was something else needed that neither education, however liberal, nor science, however exact, could impart. The war was not to be one of conquest, or of national aggrandizement. It was to be a conflict of principles—truth and justice against error and injustice; liberty and equality against tyranny and barbarism, and there was needed for this conflict, besides a cultivated intellect, a regenerated heart.

Considerable prominence was given to the thought, of the remarkable outpouring of the Spirit of God, and wonderful revival power, which extended so extensively over our country just before the out-breaking of the war. The effect of this visitation on the army, that marched out of the North singular not only in cultivated intellects, but singular in hearts cultivated in the love of God. He argued further that it was God who maintained the courage of our army when in the darkest days of disaster and defeat. The faith of the army was many times sorely tried—but the faith of the army never once failed. Deep down in every man's heart was wrought the abiding conviction of ultimate triumph. Touching reference was made to the valor, hardships and soldiership of our brave army. The army defeated a second time at the plains of Manasses, and hurled back on the Capital in broken masses, gathered strength in a day; and were the victors at South Mountain and Antietam. The army defeated at Fredericksburgh, and disappointed at Chancellorsville, marching from the banks of the Rappahannock to the interior of Pennsylvania, were the victors at Gettysburg. Great was the valor of that army; its faith in the cause was still greater.

Much stress was placed upon the thought, and very properly too, that it was God that gave to that army its final triumph. The history of this great American conflict is yet to be written. Human wisdom never had a sublimer question to deal with than that presented by the issues of the war. Reference is had to how tenderly old usages and old habits were approached, and the conservative course of those who conducted affairs, principles being sacrificed to prudence. The mode adopted by human wisdom had to be finally abandoned, and the higher wisdom came as from some moitutain top of prayer; the nation heard the voice of God speaking through disaster and defeat. The grand finale came, when the Emancipation proclamation was heard, and faithfully observed. Many a hard-fought battle lay between that point and its consummation. But all that was only the price of the nation's redemption. This grand thought was elaborated in words, massive and in stirring eloquence. This excellent discourse deserves to have a more permanent form, than in the brief sketch we have given.

Ridge Street Property at Upper Basin.—This afternoon, at three o'clock, will be sold on the premises the valuable property of Thomas Byrne, Esq., on Ridge street, opposite the upper basin, in old Seventh ward. It embraces a fine brick double dwelling and large grounds. Also, small brick and frame houses and vacant lots. See McIlwaine's auction advertisement.

The Munson Lightning Rod.

On the 29th of April, Jacob Kurtz, a son of Henry Kurtz, was struck by lightning, near Springville, Lancaster county, from the effects of which he died almost instantly. At the time of the occurrence he was between his father and another brother in the barn. The straw on which his brother was standing was set on fire from the same discharge. No building was ever damaged by lightning which was protected by the Munson Lightning Rod, manufactured by Lockhart & Co., No. 234 Penn street, Pittsburgh. 6

Pigeons Stolen.—William Gleise, a young lad, was before Mayor Drum yesterday on suspicion of stealing a lot of pigeons from the premises of Mr. Wm. Dill, in the Second ward. Some eighty pigeons have been carried off, some of which are rare specimens and very valuable. Since the arrest of Gleise twenty-four have been recovered, and it is probable that the great majority of the remainder will be secured. Gleise was held for a further hearing.

Correction.—In our account of the proceedings of City Councils, published yesterday morning, the types made us credit Mr. McClean with offering the resolutions in the Common branch, instructing the Controller to report to Councils the special funds in the Treasury for the redemption of City Railroad Bonds; also in reference to the disbandment of the Neptune Fire Company. Both resolutions were offered by Mr. Clarren, of the Fifth ward, as should have been stated.

Chapped Hands, face and all roughness of the skin, certainly cured by using the *Juniper Tar Soap*, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. It surpasses all other remedies as it will prevent roughness of the skin if used during cold weather. It is easily applied, avoiding all the trouble of the greasy compounds now in use. It can be used by ladies with the most tender skin, without irritation or pain, making it soft and clear. Sold by the druggists generally. wT

Good House and Lot on Beach street, Allegheny, at Auction.—Persons in quest of a desirable residence, are specially directed to advertisement on first page, describing a property on Beach street to be sold on Wednesday, June 2, at 2 o'clock. Buyers will unquestionable find it to their interest to attend the sale. A. Leggate, Auctioner.

Elegant Parlor, Dining Room and Chamber Furniture, Carpets, etc., at Auction. On Thursday, June 3d, at Masonic Hall Auction Rooms, 55 and 57 Fifth avenue, will be sold a large and fine assortment of parlor, dining room and chamber furniture, new and second hand carpets and household goods. For specifications see advertisement. H. B. Smithson & Co.

Thrown From a Horse.—Last evening about eight o'clock, a young lady while riding down Federal street, Allegheny, was thrown to the ground by the stumbling of the animal and received a severe gash upon her head. She was carried into Snodgrass' drug store, and revived in a short time sufficient to be taken to her home in Pittsburgh in a carriage. The injures were not considered dangerous.

The Soldiers' Monument.—A meeting of the Allegheny Park Commission was held last evening, at which a resolution was adopted proposing to furnish a site and build a suitable foundation for the soldiers monument, provided it was located there. This action of the Commission will be laid before the Monmental Association at their next meeting, which we understand will be held in a short time.

Boy Drowned.—Monday afternoon, about four o'clock, a lad named Hofsingle was drowned in Flaugherty Creek, about half a mile from Shousetown, fifteen miles below the city on the Ohio river. At last accounts the body had not been recovered, and the supposition is that the current in the creek, which is deep and rapid, carried it out into the river.

Wanted—Situation.—By a young man as book-keeper or assistant book-keeper, good penman, and has had several years experience in store and bank. Can furnish good reference and security, if required. Address box A GAZETTE office, or call at the GAZETTE Counting Room.

Houses and Lots at Auction. This day, Wednesday, at 2 o'clock, will be sold on the premises. A good dwelling house and large lot on Beach St., fourth house east of Grant avenue. Also on Friday next at 3 o'clock, the two houses, No's. 15 and 17, Anderson street, near Hand street bridge. A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

To the Ladies.—All kinds of family sewing and children's wear made to order.

Also, stamping, braiding chemise, night dresses, yokes, pillow cases, &c., at the Weed Sewing Machine office, No. 116 Market street. 6.

For Table Use, will be found at Beggs & McGraw's, the cheapest and best Queensware, equal to French China. Any person in want of such articles will save twenty-five per cent. by calling at No. 10 Diamond, Allegheny.

Two Colliery Men were fined yesterday morning by Mayor Drum for driving over the sidewalk in the Allegheny Diamond.

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 18 Smithfield street.

Fine Dress Goods.—The most elegant novelties of the season at Bates & Bell's.

Chintzes, Lawns and Marseilles at Bates & Bell's.

Hoop Skirts and Corsets at Bates & Bell's.

Dress and Suits made to order at Bates & Bell's.

Mourning Goods in variety at Bates & Bell's.

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