

Pittsburgh Courier

VOLUME LXXXIV.

PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, MAY 18, 1899.

NUMBER 110.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK, M.

THE CAPITAL.

Parade of Sabbath School Children.—A crowd of White House Government Recipients and Recipients of Spanish Missions, etc. (By Telegram to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SCHOOL FAIR.—About one thousand five hundred pupils of the South Washington Sabbath School paraded this morning, and proceeded to the Executive mansion, where they were received by the President. The parade was very cheerful and innocent. The scholars sang several hymns and then filed past him in taking their leave. It was intended to have a parade of all the Protestant Sabbath Schools, as heretofore, but the colored organizations defeated the purpose.

CROWD AT THE WHITE HOUSE.—A large crowd of visitors thronged the ante-room of the Executive mansion this morning. Among those who paid their respects to the President were the Captains and other officers of the French schoolship Jean Bart, and a delegation from the Baltimore Association, with references to aiding and advising friends in North Carolina with reference to the establishment of schools.

GOVERNMENT FINANCES.—The receipts of the United States for the quarter ending March 31st were \$18,755,668, including \$3,483,483 from customs, and \$32,399,537 from internal revenue. The expenditures for the same period were \$18,755,668, including \$3,483,483 from customs, and \$32,399,537 from internal revenue. The net result of the quarter was a surplus of \$1,173,285.60.

FALSE REPORT.—Mr. Hall, acting Vice Consul General at Havana, has called the attention of the State Department to a notice published the 25th of April, stating that James Morton, an American citizen, an engineer, had been murdered by volunteers in Cuba. Mr. Hall states that he has been able to obtain the truth whatever in the report.

NO RESIGNATIONS.—It is not true that a number of new Consuls have resigned. One of them who offered his resignation, recalled it to-day. The commissions of all, with perhaps two exceptions, have been delivered.

THE BRITISH MISSION.—The British Minister had a long interview with the Secretary of State. Minister Molloy's instructions are completed. Assistant Secretary of Legation, Mr. Bevan, will leave for London on Monday, and Mr. Molloy will return to England on the 19th inst.

RESTITUTION ASKED.—Mr. Casanova, who was imprisoned and had property confiscated in Cuba, has arrived here and asks Secretary Fish to demand restitution of the property as that of an American citizen.

EXAMINING BOARD.—The President has directed a board of officers to assemble in New York on the 19th inst., for the examination of Brev. Brig. Gen. Adnan Badaou, Lieut. Colonel U. S. Army, for retirement.

MINISTER TO SPAIN.—The commission of Daniel E. Sickles, as Minister to Spain, which was prepared at the State Department on Saturday, was signed by President Grant, to-day.

REQUEST REFUSED.—The acting Commissioner of Internal Revenue has denied the request of Clark Dodge & Co. for a re-examination of the tax assessed on brokers' sales.

CUBAN AFFAIRS.—The State Department has not, within the last week, received any official advice from Havana relative to the insurance.

GEN. SICKLES.—He is expected in Washington in a few days to receive his commission as Minister to Spain, as the President signed it to-day.

MARSHAL FOR MONTANA.—Wm. T. Wheeler, of Minnesota, has been appointed United States Marshal for Montana.

Explosion of Forty Kegs of Powder.—One Man Killed.—(By Telegram to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ALLENSTOWN, PA., May 17.—An explosion of forty kegs of powder, stored in a wooden building at Truxell's stone quarry, three miles distant from this city, took place at 11 o'clock to-day. The explosion was so violent that it was feared that the building would be blown to pieces. One man was killed and several others were injured. The cause of the explosion is being investigated.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

J. D. McBrinn's, a produce merchant in Montreal, Canada, has succeeded with \$125,000 liabilities.

Thomas Gibbs, of Savannah, Ga., has disappeared, leaving behind him liabilities to the amount of \$100,000.

Forty thousand dollars was the amount of the first day's sale of tickets for the Peace Jubilee at Boston.

The Right Reverend, the Lord Bishop of British Columbia, has been elected to the church of St. Peter and Paul, Chicago, on Sunday.

Twenty-four through passengers from Sacramento, over Pacific Electric road, arrived at Chicago on Monday. Time six days.

A carpenter, named Charles Uhlmann, died in the St. Louis City Hospital, Monday, from wounds inflicted by his own hand.

Dobson's cotton and woolen mill, situated near Mansfield, Pa., was totally destroyed by fire Sunday night. Loss estimated at \$50,000; insured for \$25,000.

The new Town Hall, at Gloucester, Mass., just completed, has a cost of \$100,000, was totally destroyed by fire on Sunday morning. Insured for \$40,000.

The Chicago City Treasury was made up yesterday, showing a surplus of \$1,173,285.60, owing to the imposition of fines on some one hundred keepers and inmates of houses of ill-fame.

The body of a young man, with a bullet hole through his head, and a broken leg, was found in the river several miles below St. Louis on Sunday. It was not identified.

At the St. Paul Protestant Episcopal Church, in Brooklyn, Sunday, Bishop Littlejohn, who was present to administer the confirmation, felt himself compelled, by what he saw around him, to utter a few powerful but kind words against intemperance and Romanism.

Washington, dispatching General Badaou, Second Secretary of Legation at London, will sail for his destination in Wednesday's steamer. The impression abroad means more than is covered by his present appointment.

The boat time ever made on a velocipede was accomplished at West Cleveland, on Saturday last. Mr. Fred Hawley, of Rochester, N. Y., making fifty miles in three hours, four minutes, and thirty seconds, actual running time.

J. F. Fella, of the firm of Felt & Sharpless, boot makers, at Nashville, Tenn., committed suicide on Monday morning by shooting himself in the head. Friends to do as he dressed himself neatly, shaved and brushed his hair, and then he shot himself.

The jury in the case of the German boy Max Klingner, whose second trial for the murder of his uncle, over a year ago, has been progressing in the Federal Court at St. Louis for some days, after being out since Saturday evening, failed to agree on the verdict on Monday afternoon.

Reports from Iowa say that the wheat crop never looked so well as now. The extent of the growing crop is very large, varying from twenty-five to one hundred per cent, broader than last season, and many farmers will harvest ten acres where they did one year ago.

The South Pacific Railroad Company received on Monday the Missouri State Treasurer's checks for one hundred thousand dollars, of the construction fund of the Company in Eastern Bank, making one million dollars the Company has available for the construction of the road and leaves a million dollars still in the construction fund.

Messrs. Moore, Barrow and Hering, of the Ohio State Board of Improvements, have started on a tour of inspection of the Miami Canal from Cincinnati to Toledo. They will, in pursuance of a resolution of the State Legislature, report to some next session in favor of enlarging this canal so as to admit of navigation by steamers, perhaps by ships. Aid will be asked from Congress.

Important intelligence is expected from Cuba during the coming ten days. Government detectives report from various ports along the coast movements of small, suspicious looking craft, and there is no doubt that expeditions are still being fitted out, and that arms and munitions are still being transported from the United States to Cuba and the Spanish Isles.

President Grant's movements this summer have not been definitely settled, excepting that he will be absent from the Capital for nearly two months. In June he will attend the examination of cadets at West Point, and from there will probably go to Boston to remain two or three days and witness the Peace Jubilee. He has determined to spend some time in the West after his return from Boston, but where he does not exactly know, although he says if time will permit he may go to the Pacific coast.

In a suit against the city of Richmond, Va., to make her redeem her small notes to the amount of \$100,000, issued during the war, Chief Justice Chase has decided, that having been issued to aid the rebellion, they cannot be redeemed; the Legislature which authorized their issue was de facto a Legislature, and had power to grant such authority, and had the notes been issued for any legal purpose, and not for the subversion of the Government, they would be liable to redemption.

The Memphis Convention.—(By Telegram to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

Memphis, May 17.—Every train coming in is crowded with delegates and visitors to the Convention. Delegates from the following cities are here: Richmond, Charleston, Norfolk, Pittsburgh, Lynchburg, New Orleans, Little Rock, Paducah, Carrollton, Lexington, Augusta, Georgia, Nashville, St. Louis, Louisville, Evansville, Jackson, Mississippi, Esauville, South Carolina, Lexington, Virginia, Senator Fowler, Ex-Governor Fiske, Colonel W. J. Gatewood, President of the Santiago and El Paso Railroad, and other notable men. The weather is delightful, and everything indicates a large meeting.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

The Political Excitement in France.—Reverdy Johnson tendered a Farewell Dinner—Regency in Spain—Monsieur, the Italian Patriot, Refused Banishment in Switzerland—Paraguay Advances.

GREAT BRITAIN.—London, May 17.—The papers (with only comment on the critical state of affairs in Paris. It seems to be the general impression, however, that the French Government has fomented discontent and adopted oppressive measures to stay disorders ending with the same design.

SOUTH AFRICA.—London, May 17.—The corporate authorities have united in an invitation to Reverdy Johnson to attend a grand banquet at the Lyceum, on the 21st inst. He sails on the steamer Ohio, in a few days, for Baltimore.

The Paris correspondent of the Telegraph says that the regency in Spain is imminent, and that he is elected by a plebiscite, were passed.

MADRID, May 17.—Evening.—The majority of the Cortes, voting that civil war is imminent, are ready to accept the proposition for a regency.

SOUTH AMERICA.—London, May 17.—Later advices from Rio Janeiro are received. Nothing has been heard there of the arrival of Gen. Machado, United States Minister, at Rio Janeiro. The report that he had been reported President Lopez retained him in the interior for force.

SWITZERLAND.—Bern, May 17.—The Swiss Government have prohibited Messrs. from entering the country, on the ground that they are engaged in a campaign of fraud and deception.

FRANCE.—Paris, May 17.—The city has been tranquil throughout the day.

MARINE NEWS.—London, May 17.—The steamship "Aurora," from Portland, arrived to-day.

QUEBEC, May 17.—The steamship "City of Quebec," from New York, arrived this afternoon. The steamship "Denmark," from New York, has also arrived here.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.—London, May 17.—U. S. bonds closed at 86 1/2.

NEW YORK, May 17.—Petroleum ended standard white 4 1/2 francs.

PARIS, May 17.—Bourse buoyant. Renten, 7 1/2.

NEW YORK, May 17.—Owing to the holiday, the exchange, produce and other markets were closed.

LIVERPOOL, May 17.—Lard, 67s. Tobacco, 100s. Cotton and breadstuffs markets closed.

News From Mexico.—(By Telegram to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

HAVANA, May 17.—News from Mexico to the 12th is received. Extensive arrangements were in progress for the celebration of the conclusion of a commercial treaty between Mexico and the North American Confederation. Mr. Schloesser, Minister to Mexico, was received and received and officially recognized by the Mexican Government. News of the death of Adolfo Palacios was received. This event put an end to the revolution in the States of Guerrero and Sinaloa. Minister Rosas returns to the United States via Acapulco.

Minister Romero's bill, providing for the issue of \$1,000,000 in currency, will probably pass. Seven Judges of the Supreme Court have been accused before Congress. There is much trouble in Tamaulipas, and Queretaro threatens a disturbance. The news of all arms have been sent to support the State Legislature against the Governor. Troops have also been sent to lignify a decree in favor of removing the tax on copies of the Bible is generally attacked with violence by the Mexican press.

CITY OF MEXICO, May 18, via HAVANA, May 17.—Rivo Palacios is spoken of as likely to be appointed Minister to the United States, though the Cabinet is opposed to sending an ambassador to Washington at present. Romero is anxious, but unable to obtain the position, because an insurrection has broken out in the State of Queretaro. Gen. Alvarez is reported to be at the head of the movement. The report that Lerdo had risen against the Government is untrue.

High Water at New Orleans.—(By Telegram to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW ORLEANS, May 17.—The crevasse in the Mississippi river is becoming worse. It is stated the channel was washed through the levee to the depth of fifteen feet and several hundred feet wide. New work is washed out as fast as it is made. The distance as this point from the river to the lake is but eight or ten miles, and it is supposed that the large number of canals and bayous will carry off water enough to prevent even the rising over a width of more than three or four miles. Several of the finest plantations in St. Bernard received of danger to levees above the city. The river has only receded a couple of inches from its highest point, and the water is still rising. The city was in a precarious condition.

The opening sale of single tickets to the St. Louis Fair, at Bond street, attracted a large crowd. One mound store at the west end an order for twelve hundred.

NEW YORK CITY.

Celebration of Whit-Monday.—Clara Danziger for Imprisonment—White Key Features Successfully Reopened—Not on Fashion Course—Furber Friends Gully.

New York, May 17.—Whit-Monday was celebrated by the German citizens enthusiastically, the feature of the day being a grand concert of the Northeastern Stegerbund in Union Park, in which eight hundred persons and over thirty orchestras participated, and which was attended by nearly thirty thousand people; also gymnastic sports at Jones' Wood.

Mr. Annable, one of the persons taken by the schooner Lizzie Major by a Spanish vessel of war named Havana, and subsequently released at the intervention of the British Consul, has been forwarded to the Secretary of State, which he claims damages for imprisonment and that our Government should take some steps to that effect. He claims to be a citizen of Massachusetts.

Several United States Marines, who attempted to take possession of an illicit still in Little street, Brooklyn, N. Y., were arrested and two severely beaten by a crowd of several hundred residents of the vicinity. The officers were driven off without effecting their purpose.

The trot to-day over the Fashion Course, between Lucy and American Girl, for \$100,000, was a very exciting race. Lucy won by a neck in three straight heats; time, 2:29 1/2, 2:27 1/2, and 2:25.

James Smith, arrested some time since, on a charge of forgery in the second degree, on Jay Hook & Co., was re-arrested for sentence.

Methodist Church North and South.—The subject of Re-Union.

St. Louis, May 17.—The communication which was exchanged between the College of Bishops of the Methodist Church South, which met here, and Bishop James and Simpson, a deputation representing the Board of Bishops of the Methodist Church lately in session at New Orleans, has been received. The communication calls for a general re-union of the churches, separated by the formal act of both in 1844. The report of the work of the committee does not entertain the question of the re-union of the two bodies under one jurisdiction, as asserted by the Southern Bishops, but asserts that fraternal relations must first be restored before such a proposition can be entertained. These fraternal relations cannot be restored except upon an overture, made by the Northern General Conference, upon the basis of the plan of separation of 1844, implying an abandonment by the General Conference at Pittsburgh, in 1848, which assumed the Southern Bishops, does not entertain the question of the re-union of the two bodies under one jurisdiction, as asserted by the Southern Bishops, but asserts that fraternal relations must first be restored before such a proposition can be entertained. 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