TWELVE O'CLOCK; M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

England, France and Spain Talk of Alimnee Against the United States Excitement in Paris Public Meetings Dispersed—The Spanish Cortes—Gen. Prim Favors a Regency for Spain. (By Telegraph to the Pitteburgh Gazette-)

GREAT BRITAN. ondon, May 11.—Initial steps have defensive between England, France and Spain against the United States, the rejection of the Alabama treaty, the tone of Mr. Sumner's speach, the alleged filli-bustering tendencies of General Grant's bustering tendencies of General Grant's administration and the reported consistency at expeditions from the United States against Cuba, being made the pretexts for a necessity for such alliance.

LONDON, May 12.—John Jay, American Minister to Austra, arrived to-day,

LONDON, May 13.—News is received from Teheran that a desperate conflict recentation place in the streets between two ty took place in the streets between two religious sects. Both sides were armed and it is reported three hundred men

were killed. The troops were called out and dispersed the combatants.

LONDON, May 12—There is much agitation in Paris, in consequence of the general elections. Four public meetings in different parts of the city, have been dispersed by the police.

day an amendment to the Constitution, to the effect that all powers eminate from the nation, and all persons to whom entrusted must be elected by and held responsible to the people, was offered by the Republicans. for a Regency under Marshal Serrano.

Dispatches from Lisbon show that po-

litical discontent in Portugal has culminated in serious disorders in the Capital. A plot against the government is on foot. It has been discovered that the constitutions the been tampering with the garri-

SOUTH AMERICA. LIEBON, May 12.—The mail steamship from Rio Janeiro brings advices from Ascansion to April. President Lopez was reported to hold a strong position in the interior with 9,000 inen and forty guns. The allied forces were on the

point of marching to attack him. GERMANY. BERLIN, May 12 .- In the North German Parliament to day the bill for the pay

ment of delegates came up for a third reading, and after a protracted debate was rejected. SPAIN.

Madrid, May 12.—Sir John Crompton British Minister to Spain, has asked to be recalled. ITALY.

FLORENCE, May, 12.-Menabra, Pres ident of the Ministry, has retired in favor of Dixney.

MARINE NEWS. QUEENSTOWN, May 12.—Arrived: steamer Manhattan, from New York. QUEENSTOWN, May 12.—The steamer City of Paris, from New York, arrived

last evening.

BREST, May 12.—The steamer Perriere, from New York, arrived last evening.

QUEENSTOWN, May 12.—The steamer Tripoli, from New York, arrived to day.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL. LONDON, May 12-Afternoon. Consols for money 925; account 92%. Five-Twenties firm at 79. Stocks firm: Eric 20%; Illinois Central 96. Tallow 423 6d. Snoar 398 8d. Tinseed 6092

ANTWERP, May 12.—Petroleum 51%fr. HAVRE, May 12.—Cotton 141 fr on spot. FRANKFORT, May 12 - Five-Twenties

LIVERPOOL, May 12-Cotton quiet; Wheat 9s 4d; red western 8s 9d. Western Flour 21s 6d. Corni new inixed 26s 6d. Oats 3s 4d. Barley 5s. Peas 38s 6d. Pork 101s, Beef 99s. Lard 68s. Choese 83s, Bacon 60s. Spirits Petroleum roined is 81d. Tailow 33 9d. Sugar (By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.) Paris, May 12.—Bourse strong; Reutes

CHICAGO.

Attempted Sulcide in a Bagnio - A Swede Drowns Himself-Crop Pros. pect in the North-West.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette. Brown, with whom he was on terms of close infinacy, went into a bedroom and laid down, telling May that he had been up all night and was elsepy. Soon after healthful part of the year. agroup was heard in the room where healthful part of the year.

a group was heard in the room where Henan was. May entered, and found her visitor with a handkerchief steeped with shioroform tied over his to group to the Putabough with chloroform tied over his mouth, and insensible. Doctors were immediately called, and it was dis covered that he had taken a large quan-tity of laudanum and morphine in addi-

1.450

Apply 41 Apply

ing. He had valuly sought employment, was out of money, and in despair threw

himself into the lake. seen disaster occurs, the crop will be un-

Margaret Murray, an inmate of one of the numeries in this city, who threw her-self into the river on Sunday morning and was rescued, died yesterday from the effects of the cold bath.

STEAMBOAT DISASTER.

h: Clifton, Westmoreland, Melnotte, niary Erwin, Univenne and Darling Burned at Cincinnati—Total Loss, \$235,000—Total Insurance, \$135,000. CINCINNATE May 12.-The most destructive configuration of steemboats that ever occurred in this city, raged at the New Orleans and Memphis packet landing this morning. The fire broke out at two o'clock on the steamer Clifton. It extended to the Westmoreland and Melnotte, aboye, and to the Chevenne, Mary Erwin and Darling, below. These six boats were soon enveloped in flames The hulls of the Melnotte and Darling

may be used again; the others are a total loss.

The fire originated in the chamber. The fire originated in the chamber-maid's room, on the Clifton, by the upset-ting of a coal oil lamp. Fourteen kegs of of powder, on the Chevenne, exploded, scattering the flames. The Westmoreland had two hundred barrels of coal oil on board, and the Cheyenne had two hundred and fifty barrels of coal oil. The Melnotte belongs to Williamson, Isham and Captain Keniston; value \$8,000; insured for \$6,000 in the Union Farmers and one other Company. The Westmoreland was owned by Captain Byers, Rusk and Woolf, and ran in the New Orleans trade; value, \$20,000; seventy tons of freight were aboard; insurance, \$15,000. She was an old boat. The Clifton, a fine Memphis packet, five years old, one-third loaded, was owned by the Memphis Packet Company; valued at \$35,000; insured for \$22,000. The Mary ilspersed by the police.

SPAIN.

MADRID, May 12.—In the Cortes to lay an amendment to the Constitution, o the effect that all powers eminate rom the nation, and all persons to whom entrusted must be elected by and held responsible to the people, was offered by the Republicans.

Gen. Prim approves of the proposition or a Researcy under Marshal Serrano. der on this bost was carried ashore. Darling belongs to the Memphis Packet Company; she had just put off a cargo of cotton, most of which was lost; hull cotton, most of which was lost; hull saved; value \$25,000; insured for \$20,000. Rumors are affoat that several lives have been lost, but up to noon no names have been reported. The following is believed to be a pretty accurate statement of the insurance on the boats burned: Clifton, insured for \$3,000 each

by the Crescent, Boatman's, Commercial and Magnolia Companies, for 2.500 in the Eurelia, for \$1,500 each in the Buckey and Central, for \$5,000 in the Euternrise; total \$20,500, mb. W. St. prise; total \$22,500. The Westhnore-land, insured for \$2,500 each in six Companies, namely: Cresent, American, Franklin, National, Union, and Queen City. Total 10,000. The Melnotte was insured for \$2,000 each in three Companies. Companies, viz: National, Union, and Farmers. Total \$6,000. Toe Darling was insured for \$2,000 each in eight Comwas insured for \$2,000 each in eight Companies, vis: Cresent, Boatmen's, Magnolia, Eureka, Buckeye, Central, American, and Union, and for four thousand in the Enterprise. Total, \$20,600. The Cheyenne, for \$3,000 each in the Boatmen's, Eureka, Central and American, and for \$2,000 in the Franklin; total, \$14,000. The Mary Erwin in two companies, Western, \$2,500. Central, \$1.

companies, Western, \$2,500, Central, \$1,-250: total, \$3,750. Total insurance, Later Particulars-The boats burned this morning are the Darling, built at Pittsburgh. December, '63, F. Y. Bachelor, G. Ishim, et. al., owners. Chey enne, built at Cincinnati, May, '68; Er win, built at Cincinnati March, George Wolf et al. owners. The West-moreland, built at Brownsville, Pa., De-

cember, '60, Rush and Brers owners. Melnotte, built at California, Pa., March, '56, E. Gordon, et al., of Pittsburgh, owners.

The insurance valuation on the boats is as foliowa: Clifton, \$35.000; Westmoreland, \$28,000; Melnotte, \$11,000; Darling, \$18,000; Cheyenne, \$28,000; Mary Erwin,

NEW ORLEANS, May 12.—The Committee of Invitation to the Commercial Convention, which meets on the 24th inst. are receiving favorable responses to their invitations. The prospects are encouraging for a large attendance. The New Orleans delegation to the Memphis Convention are instructed to invite the Mem phis Convention bodily, the editorial fra ternity generally, and those of the Mis-CHICAGO May 12.—This morning about issupply Particularly. The Comming o'clock, a young man named Orring mittee have arranged that all delegates. Hengan, a liquor dealer doing business attending shall be returned free over the attending shall be returned free over the lines of travel. They will also be enter-known house of all fame, kept by May lines of travel. They will also be enter-tained at the hotels of this city at half rates. The weather is cool and pleasant N. P. Chipman, Adju

Rhode Islani Election ... Prague Doige By Telegraph to the Pittaburgh Gasette.]
PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 12.—The municipal election took place to-day. The candidates for Mayor were Geo. L. Clark, covered that he had taken a large quantity of landamm and morphine in addition to: the chloroform. A stomach pump was applied, and he was restored to consciousness. There is a possibility of his recovery. Henan has been completely initiated with May Brown, who is some years older than himself, but she has treated him with indifference. This was doubtless the cause of the attempt at self-destruction. self-destruction.

A Swade, whose name could not be ascertained, committed suicide by drowning himself in Highland Park this morning. He had value sought employment,
City Council is mainly Republican. The

anti-Sprague men are jubilant. Reports received in this city from 'various parts of the Northwest are to the effect that the new wheat drop is in an excellent condition; and promises an abundant harvest. A much, greater, breatth of land has been put into wheat this year, than ever before. If no unforce and one place not yet design, and one place not yet design. Fifteen per cent, was fixed upon as the maximum per centage to be allowed in-surance agents of any company in fel-lowship with the National Board.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

President and Cabinet Invited to the Boston Peace Jubilee-General Mc-Ciclian—The Object of the Government in Purchasing Bonds-The Sinking Fund. The Warlike News from Europe.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gasette.) WASHINGTON, May 12, 1869. INVITED TO THE PRACE JUBILEE. Mayor Shurtleff and a committee from Boston, escerted by Judge Richard son. Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, this morning visited the President and the members of the Cabinet and General Sherman, and extended an invitation to them to attend the National Peace Jubi-lee next month. The gentlemen ex-pressed their thanks for the invitation,

and the committee are encouraged to be-lieve that nearly all will be present. The President, in response to Mayor Shurt-left's invitation, stated, after express-ing his thanks for the courtesy, that he would, if public business permitted, be pleased to attend the ceremonies at Bos-

THE NEWS PROMITUROPE. No information concerning an alliance ceived at the Spanish, French or English Legations. If for no other reason, it is not customary to communicate information of initial treaty movements to for-eign representatives. The London tele-gram at first occasioned general and spirited comments, but to-night nobody appears to attach full credit to the announcement. The President and Secretary. Boutwell were early informed of the contents of the dispatch, but apart from

this they had no information. THE GOVERNMENT PURCHASE OF BONDS. The Secretary of the Treasury states York, was made in conformity to the act of 1862, and that it is not the design of the Secretary to put these bonds again upon the market, nor is it his expecta-tion that they will in any form be re is-sued. His object is the reduction of the

principal and interest of the public debt. JUDGE BUSTEED. Representative Eldridge arrived here to-day. He with Representatives Lough-ridge, Kerr and Cook, being a Sub-Com-mittee of the Committee on Judiciary, will next week proceed to Montgomery, Ala., to investigate the charges again

Gen. Geo. B. McClelian arrived here this morning, accompanied by Governor Randolph, of New Jersey. To day Gen. McClellan had an interview with the President.

THE SINKING FUND. Arrangments are making in the Tress-ury Department to carry into execution the provisions of the act of 1882, relative to the establishment of a sinking fund. THE STEVENS BATTERY.

The interview to day between the President, Gen. McClellan and Gov. Randolph had reference to matters connected with the Stevens floating baltery.

G. A. R.

National Encampment at Cincipnati-The Opening Exercises - Eloquent Addresses.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.) CINCINNATI, May 12.—The National Encampment G. A. R., met at Hopkins Hall. The Hall is decorated with of names of battles, also of prominent Generals are displayed on the walls. The

other objects of interest as you may deem worthy of your attention. In behalf of the people of Cincinnati I welcome you to our city, and assure you of the pleasure it will give them to extend to you their hospitality and every courtesy with-in their power. Comrades, one and all, I bid you welcome to Cincinnati." Gen. Chapman, Adjutant General of the Order, replied briefly, Gen. Logan then called the Convention to order. The order calling the Convention being read. Rev. Dr. Quint offered a prayer. Gen. Logan then delivered an address, referring to the organizing of the Union army and the peaceful disbandonment of the same as the most remarkable pho nomens in history. He congratulated the Order upon its success, and urged his

N. P. Chipman, Adjutant General, read his report, which was referred. The meeting then adjourned till evening.

The reception at Hopkins was one to which members alone were admitted. which members alone were admitted. In the evening there was a public reception at Wesley Chapel. The house was crowded. W. L. Collier, of Cleveland, made the opening prayer. An eloquent address was delivered by Rev. William Esrnahaw, Chapitain of the National Military Asylum at Dayton. Fis subject was the objects of the G. A. R. One of these, he said, was to supply one piace in all the world where revels could not go. The address was able and impressive,

Short addresses were made by Gen. John A. Logan and Gen. Warren Kelfer, after which "America" and the "Battle Hymn of the Republic" were sung. The Zousve Band furnished the instrumental music.

News From Mexico. (By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gasette.)

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

nniversary of the American Equal Rights League—A Lively Time Among the Strong Minded.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.] NEW YORK, May 12.—The anniversary of the American Equal Rights Association was held in Steinway Hail to-day. The audience, mainly composed of ladies, was very large and intelligent. Elizabeth Cady Stanton presided, and opened the proceedings in a brief address.

The Treasurer's report was read, showing the receipts and expenditures of the year to be \$1,745 97, and no cash on hand. Lucy Stone read the report of the Ex-cutive Committee, showing the efforts made by the society to have woman suf-

frage introduced in Congress and various
State legislatures.
Rev. O. B. Frothingham argued
strongly in favor of the right of women Mrs. Stanton followed in an eloquent address on woman's wrongs and her rights. She favored the enfranchisement

of women before any other men or class, white or black, are enfranchised.

Miss Lillie Peckham, of Milwaukee, re-Miss Lillie Peckham, of Milwaukee, reported the following nominations of permanent officers: President, Lucretia Mott; Corresponding Secretaries, Mary E. Gage, Harriet Purvis; Recording Secretary, Honry B. Blackwell; Treasurer, Jno. J. Merritt; also, a full list of Vice Presidents and a numerous Executive Committee. The nominations were accounted by the antience.

cepted by the audience.

Rev. Stephen C. Foster made a rambling speech, during which he was several times called to order. He continued, however, and made a sharp attack upon Miss Anthony in regard to the manner in which she had kept the accounts of the Society. Miss Authony pronounced the statement respecting her a falsehood. Mrs. Stanton also took decided exception to the aspersion cast upon her official conducts.

The Chairman decided Mr. Foster out of order, which was loudly applauded by the spectators. Mr. Foster resumed his Frederick Douglass attempted to stop the quarrel but with little effect, as the the quarrel but with little effect, as the audience evidently listened to the speaker under protest. Mr. Foster claimed he had the floor by right and he did not propose to yield. At this time the ladies on the platform became much excited, and threats of ejecting the speaker by the aid of the Police were freely made. It was difficult in the were freely made. It was difficult in the excitement to hear the speaker, but it, was understood he claimed the Association preached one doctrine and practiced another. He said he had been declared out of order because he contradicted the

and in future the paper will advocate equal rights for all.

Frederick Douglass followed. He thought there was an element of slang di-racted toward the negro in the address of Mrs. Stanton. Some of the comparisons in the speech reflected severely, he thought, on the black race. He was sorry to be compelled to say he had noticed the same evidence of backsliding in the columns of the Revolution. He referred in forcible language to acts of ruffi mism committed against the blacks in this city during the July riots, and he argued elo-quently in favor of the right of the ballot view, and thus be made more solemn or all, black women as well as white. Miss Anthony followed in a sharp speech in favor of woman suffrage, during which she insinuated the right of the ballot had been given to the negro at the

expense of the woman.

Mrs. Sarah Norton said we should not consider the woman question and the negro question at the same time.

Lucy Stone spoke to the question Lucy Stone spoke to the question whether this was a negro's or a woman's \$15,000. Total, \$155,000. The Mary Erwin, \$15,000. Total \$187,000. The Mary Erwin is insured for \$10,000, of which \$2,500 is in Cincinnati and the remainder in Pittsburgh Companies. Many believe that but one man, a deck hand on the Cheyenne, was lost. O'hers say that Jam's B. Clark, an Arkansas trader, was lost on the Cheyenne. The loss of freight was \$100,000; nearly all insured. Total loss, \$235,000. government is an established principle, no matter whether they can read or write, or are male or female. She spoke of Mr. Douglass being in a State in which, if he owns two thousand five hundred dollars in real estate, he can vote. If woman had this privilege she would dig in the earth with her nails, if necessary, to raise that sum. She would yote before the year was out. [Applause.]. From woman's wrongs we claim woman's rights. She proceeded to comment severely on the laws in all States, except New York and Kansas, which ware oppressive of woman plants. which were oppressive of woman, placing wife and children at the mercy of the husband. There are two oceans of bitterness, she said. In one was the negro and in the other our own women. She

thanked God for the fifteenth amend-ment, and hoped it would be adopted in every State. [Applause] She contended that peace, order and harmony would be promoted by giving women the right to vote. There is no other means given under Heaven whereby the country can be saved but that of woman. She believed women would vote for the next President of the United States, for when men and women work together, what they undertake cannot fail to be accom-

The meeting then adjourned. Another session was held this evening which was addressed by Mrs. Livermore which was addressed by Mrs. Livermore and Olive Logan. Among the Vice Presidents for the ensuing year are Henry Ward Beecher, Frederick Douglass, Gov. Fairchild, of Wisconsin, Hon. Wm. Loughridge, of Illinois, Geo. W. Julian, of Indians, B. F. Wade, of Ohio, Sengtor Nye, of Nevada, and Gov. Ashley, of Management of Indians.

Danville, Olney and Ohlo River Railroad, [By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette,1] The Executive Committee of the National Board of Underwriters of New tional Board of Underwriters of New to the 5th is received. The revolutionists in Sinaloa have been routed, and fied to the mountains. The appointment of Mr. Skelton as American Consul at Mexico was well received. Mexican journals represent the Prussian Minister as a single the control of the member of the Executive Committee residing in the same. Fifteen per cent. Was fixed upon as the OLNEY, Ill., May 12 -The books were Guanajuato is extremely hostile, and blus defiance to the Minuster. The propriety line from Chicago to a Protectorate by the United ment of a Protectorate by the United Government for a bridge, Prominent ment of a Protectorate by the United Government for a bridge, Prominent men hore from different places along the proposed route are sanguine of success.

MLETING OF MINISTERS.

Important Matters Discussed—Decora-tion Day—The Sabbath Question—Ob-scene Publications—What Was Done— Mayor Brush Endorsed, &c., &c. Our readers doubtless observed the call published in our last issue, for a meeting of ministers to be held in the First Presbyterian Church, (Rev. Scovel's) Wood street, yesterday afternoon at two o'clock. In accordance with the announcement, a number of ministers assembled at the appointed time and place, when the meeting was organized

by calling Rev. John T. Pressly D. D. to the chair. Owing to the imprompte character of the arrangements, the attendance was not very large but the proceedings were of importance and were marked with much animation and earnestness.

Dr. Pressly opened the meeting with prayer. OBJECT OF THE MEETING. Rev. Mr. Scovel, one of the origi-nators of the affair, then stated the meeting had been called for the purpose of considering three im-portant matters: First-in reference to the change of time for celebrating the Deco-

ration or Memorial Day, from the twenty-ninth to the thirtieth instant. Second— Relative to the exhibition and sale of obscene publications on the streets. Third—The propriety of organizing a Sabbath Association. DECORATION DAYS The Chairman stated the first question

would be taken up.

Rev. Scovel said he had understood Rev. Scover said ne had understood that but a small majority of the persons having the matter in charge had decided to change the time of the celebration, and it had been represented to him that if a proper effort were made by those opposed to the measure on moral grounds it might be granged differently. posed to the messure on moral grounds with the understanding that a meeting it might be arranged differently. A meeting of the Executive Committee of would be held some time during the the G. A. R. would be held on Friday after consideration of this subject. noon, at which any suggestions could be made. The opponents of the change had not been heard, and if they but properly

presented their case it was sure of a can-did and just consideration.

Dr. Howard wished to know if there was no other authority to which applica-tion for fixing a time could be made. Rev. Scovel said, that as General Logan, Chief Commander of the G. A. R., had issued an order, permitting the obser-vance of either the 29th or 30th, the quesdeclared local issue, and could be settled at home. another. He said he had been declared out of order because he contradicted the assertions of a womap, from which he supposed he could contradict a man on the platform but not a womap. This is woman's rights with a vengeance.

Mr. Scovel and thought the matter might be satisfactorily arranged by a consultation with the Executive Committee having it in charge. He thought it would be manifestly to the detriment of the celebration

woman's rights with a vengeance.

Mr. Blackwell detended Miss Anthony.
He admitted that the Revolution had not always acted in good faith toward the negro, but he knew neither Mrs. Stanton or Miss Anthony were to blame. George Francis Train and withdrawn from it, the object, yet with moral convictions of the fairness of the respective of the sanctly of the day, could not engage in the exercises. He had naderstood the object, yet with moral convictions of the sanctity of the day, could not engage in the exercises. He had naderstood that a number of soldiers' or phans in the different benevolent institutions in the vicinity, were expected to participate, but a gentlemen connected with one of the largest of these institutions stated to him, if the Sabbath was decided upon as "Memorial Day," the children would not

He was in favor of making the celebration two fold, on Saturday the decoration, and on Sunday, requesting the ministers in the vicinity to shape their services that the object might be kept in and impressive. A statement of these facts he thought would have great influence with the Committee.

Dr. Brown thought this a very good suggestion. The ministry and the moral

community were in hearty sympathy with the object, and desired to engage with heart and soul in the sacred exercises commemorative of the patriotism devotion and sacrifice of the honored dead, but at the same time they wished to obey the dictates of conscience in th matter. It could easily be arranged by the plan proposed, which would accommodate all persons.

Rev. Scovel moved that Revs. Dr. Howard and Hanna be appointed a commit-tee to prepare a report expressive of the sonse of the meeting relative to this mat ter; Carried, with the addition of Rev. Scovel to the committee.

THE SECOND QUESTION. While the committee were absent, preparing their report, the second question relative to the suppression of the sale of obserne publications was taken up.
Rev. Scovel thought the exhibition of obsene pictorial prints on the bulle-tia boards of our newsdealers a very great evil, and one which he observed to

be on the increase. There were a number of places where these prints had been for a long time exposed, and he had observed them blossoming out in some of the principal thoroughfares of some of the principal throughners of both cities. An attempt had been made some time ago by the authorities to sup-press the business and with a degree of success. Renewed exertions in this di-rection were now needed. He had often noticed children examining these pic-ture, on their way to and from school, and the effect could not but be perhiclous in the highest degree. Children were attracted by pictures and would exam-ine them anywhere, and such illustra-tions, corrupting and rulnous in their effects, should be placed entirely out of their reach.
Dr. Brown coincided with Rev. Scovel's

remarks. He had often noticed crowds remarks. He had often nouced crowds of children, boys and girls, gathered around these pictures, and many times when passing heard vulgar comments which would have put to blush any lover of virtue. He thought the moral integrative of the rising community demanded of virtue. He though the moral integrity of the rising community demanded the complete suppression of this traffic. As it was now, a person could hardly enter a news depot and look among papers there without coming in contact with these corrupting prints. He had been astonished that respectable dealers would have them on sale, and had often thought of remonstrating with those with whom of remonstrating with those with whom he was acquainted. This, however, would not avail. Suppression of the entire business was the only safeguard.

Rev. Mr. Clark said the difficulty in the case was in establishing a line of demarcation. All illustrated publications were not corrupting. Pictorials of high tone, such as Harpen's Weekly, were doing a good work in elevating the people. It was difficult to know where to draw the line in the case. If the exact papers were specified, it might be accomplished, but even then it would be difficult, as many of them were only ephemeral, lived to day, and were succeeded to morrow by risk but closed dull; low middlings, 25g good ordinary, 24. of remonstrating with those with whom

others, if possible, more vile in character.
Rev. Scovel said nothing could be done
outside the law. The law only spoke
in general terms of such publications.
Mr. Clark—Then all we can do is to
ask the Mayor to use his discretion in

the matter. Chairman—Certainly, that is all we can do. The power is in his hands. He is charged with the enforcement of the law. Some further discussion ensued, when n motion a committee, consisting of Revs. Dr. Douglas and Clark, were appointed to prepare a resolution on the

subject.
WHEN TO CELEBRATE IT. The following report of the Committee

on Decoration Day was now presented by Dr. Howard:
WHEREAS, It has been proposed to have the decoration of the graves of our departed soldiers, and other services con-nected with the Memorial Day on the 50th inst.; and whereas, this occurs on the Sabbath, a day sacred, in our view, to the service of Almighty God, therefore Resolved, 1. That this meet posed of clergymen of various nations, earnestly recommend that, after the example of those interested in this celebration in the city of Washington

and elsewhere, the arrangement be so changed as to have the celebration on Saturday the 29th inst.

Resolved, 2. That we highly approve of the object itself, and desire, if a day is fixed that we can take part in the services without violating our consciences, to par-ticipate in what will honor the memory

of those who sacrificed their lives in the defence of our government and institutions.
The report was unanimously adopted.

and Revs. J. T. Presaly, Scovel, Clark, Hanna, Howard and Locke appointed to present it to the Executive Committee

of the G. A. R.

THE SABBATH QUESTION. An informal discussion next ensued, in reference to the organization of a Sabbath Association. Nothing definite was deci-ded upon and the matter was dropped,

THE LAW INVOKED The committee in reference to the sup-

pression of the traffic in obscene publications, presented the following:
To the Hon. J. M. Brush Mayor:
DBAR SIR: At a meeting of the Pastors and Ministers of Pittsburgh, held in the First Presbyterian Church on Wednesday afternoon, the 12th inst., the underday afternoon, the 12th inst., the undersigned were appointed a committee to
call the attention of your Honor to the
prevalence of exhibiting, at different
places in the city, corrupting pictorial
advertisements and periodicals and to
respectfully suggest, in the name of the
Christian Churches, the enforcement of
the law relating to the subject:
We need not say to your Honor that

the law relating to the subject.

We need not say to your iHonor that the exhibition of such pictures is exercising a very perpicious influence on the minds and hearts of our young people.

Believing that your sympathes are for the peace and harmony of the community at large, we feel confident that our notified as the community in the community in the community in the community is the community in the community petition, as above, will receive due con-sideration at your hands.

The report was adopted, and Revs.
Douglas and Clark appointed to present

t to the Mayor. MAYOR BRUSH ENDORSED. Dr. Brown suggested that some action should be taken in endorsement of the course of Mayor. Brush in endeavoring to suppress worldly traffic on the

Mr. Cree, from the Young Men's Christian Association, stated the matter, had come before the Board and they haddecided to originate a paper signed, if possible, by every business man in the city, in endorsement of the Mayor's course. That official expected the moral support of the community, and with the business support also, he could succeed perfectly in his laudable executions. ceed perfectly in his laudable exertions.

Dr. Brown offered the following reso-

Resolved, That this meeting express its high satisfaction with the efforts Mayor Brush is now making to suppress all traffic on the Lord's day, and pledge him all the moral support in our power to enable him to carry out his

The resolution was unanimously. The meeting then adjourned.

—A member of Gen. G. H. Thomas army repaired to his headquarters, at Louisville, on Tuesday, to present him with a magnificent silver service, but the General declined its acceptance, on the ground that he had determined never to receive a donation under any circum-Etances.

Markets by Telegraph.

BUPPALO, May 12.—Receipts of wheat 90,000 cush; corn 147,000 bush; cats 34,000; flour 20,000 bush. Shipment; wheat 138,600; corn 58,000. Freights to New York on wheat is 13@13%; corn 11@11%; oats 71/2. Flour very dull; western bakers \$6,871/4 per barrel. Affoat wheat opened firm, declined and recovered; sales early at \$1,234,1,23@1.22½ per bush for Chicago, and Milwaukee at \$1,-24 per bush; at closing the latter sold at 125 per bush; sales altogather 110,000 125 per bush ; sales altogether 110,000 bushels. Corn declined; sales of 20,000 bush new in lots for 60@62 per bushel; 3,000 do; 58,000 kiln dried 67 per bush; closing at inside price. Oats duil and unsettled; sales of 130,000 bush at 72c, and by boat load privately 70c.

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New Orlicans, May 12.—Cotton marke adult for low grades; high grades steady; middlings 28½ @28½c; sales 1,700 bales; receipts, 200 bales; exports, 2,119 bales. Gold 138¾. Sterling 151. New York sight drafts ½@½ per cent. premium. Sugar firm; common, 9½@luc; prime, 13½c. Melasses; fermenting 45@50c. Flour; superfine \$5,55; double extra \$5,75; treble extra \$6,25. Corn 75@76c. Oata 75c. Bran \$1,20. Hay, prime \$27@28. Pork nominal at \$32,25, Bacon 12½@17¾c. Lard; there sold at 18½@19c; keg. 19½@20c. Whisky; western rectified \$2½c. Coffee: fair 15½c; prime, 17½c.

E230. Collee: lair 1030; prime, 1330. CHIOAGO, May 12. Cattle Merket.—
Hogs active and 10@15c lower, closing easy; sales at \$8,30@9.40 for common to choice. Cattle active and 15@25c higher at \$5,25@5,75 for cowe: \$5,87%@5,50 for atockers and light shipping steers, and \$6,70@7,75 for good to extra prime do.