

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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SATURDAY, MARCH 6, 1869.

WE PRINT on the inside pages of this morning's GAZETTE—Second page: Poetry, Religious Intelligence, A Complete Story, Third and Sixth pages: Financial, Commercial, Mercantile and River News, Markets, Imports. Seventh page: Clippings and Court Proceedings.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 59 1/2.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 86 1/2 @ 87.

Gold closed in New York yesterday at 131.

THE CABINET.

Secretary of State—E. B. WASHBURN, of Illinois. Secretary of Treasury—A. T. STEWART, of New York. Secretary of Navy—ADOLPH E. BORIE, of Pennsylvania. Secretary of Interior—J. D. COX, of Ohio. Postmaster General—JOHN J. A. CRESSWELL, of Maryland. Attorney General—E. B. HOAN, of Massachusetts.

No nomination has been made for Secretary of War. General SCROFIELD will hold over till his successor be designated.

J. W. SHERMAN has been made General of the Army; PHILIP H. SHERIDAN, Lieutenant General, JOHN SCROFIELD, Major General; and C. C. AUGER, Brigadier General. These promotions will content both the army and the people.

MR. SOMNER has entered upon his fourth full term in the Senate, having served more years in it than any other member. Mr. CAMEBON was in the Senate some years before Mr. SOMNER, but has been out of it at two periods, so that he has served a less number of years.

THE absurd amendment, by the last House, to the Senate joint resolution expressing our sympathy with Liberalism in Spain, was intended as a mere ploy, and the years and says not being called. It was a miserable effort to perpetrate a mischievous joke, which will not be very speedily repeated.

THE Post does not like President GRANT'S inaugural, especially its genuine Democracy in advocating the right of suffrage for all adult male citizens, and its sterling honesty in condemning the proposition to pay the national bonds in irremediable greenbacks. We are not surprised, and think it none the worse for the President.

LATE ADVICES from Gen. SHERIDAN report a general movement of the hostile remnants of broken Indian tribes, numbering in all about one thousand warriors, toward the extreme southwest. The troops are following them from various directions, with intent to close in upon them at some common centre, and compel a surrender and "submission to a settlement on their reservations, on the terms proposed by Government."

ANOTHER of the "War Governors" has been taken away. ANDREW BROOKS and Todd gave a splendid expression of the loyalty of Massachusetts and Ohio throughout the conflict, and earned for themselves a world-wide renown. As Governor of Minnesota, for nearly a year in 1863, HENRY A. SWIFT, a native of Ohio, succeeded in its Executive Chair to Gov. RAMSEY, who had been chosen to the United States Senate. This period, brief as it was, covered the crisis of the great conflict, and Minnesota has ever been proud of the energy, capacity and fidelity with which Gov. SWIFT directed her part in the work of loyalty and liberty. His death, recently, at the early age of 47, elicits from the Minnesota press, without political distinctions, the highest tributes to the purity and ability of his character and the efficiency of his official services.

IT WILL BE REMEMBERED that many years ago South Carolina passed a law to imprison all colored persons who should go into that State from outside. Mr. HOAN, of Concord, Mass., distinguished for high personal character and professional attainments, was appointed a Commissioner by that State to proceed to Charleston and institute a suit in the Federal Courts to test the constitutionality of that law. He was driven out, together with his daughters, who accompanied him.

MR. E. B. HOAN, the new Attorney General, is a son of Mr. Commissioner HOAN. In early life, he was a teacher of a Ladies' Seminary in this city, and his short stay here ripened friendships that have lasted to the present time. He re-

turned to Massachusetts, and entered upon the profession of the law, acquiring a valuable practice, afterwards taking a seat upon the bench of the Supreme Court, which he held up to the moment of his appointment as Attorney General. Mr. Hoan came back to Pittsburgh after his return to his native State. This was as a delegate to the Convention that made the original organization of the Republican party. Following the traditions of his family, which had been strengthened by his own reflections, he was unflinchingly opposed to the encroachments of slavery. Nor has he failed, since that early day, in his devotion to the principles of that organization.

THE CABINET.

The gentlemen selected by President GRANT as chiefs of the Departments, are each of eminent personal respectability. Each has attained marked success in the sphere in which he elected to move. Mr. WASHBURN is the only one among them who has had considerable political experience. He has been in the House of Representatives longer than any member now sitting there, and has not only succeeded in retaining the confidence of his constituents, but has earned a high reputation throughout the country. Mr. Cox served with distinction in the army, and was afterwards made Governor of Ohio, which place he held for only one term. Mr. CRESSWELL, in addition to some State experience, was in the United States Senate for two or three years, to fill out the term for which Mr. HICKS was chosen. Mr. SCROFIELD belongs to the regular army, and has administered the affairs of the War Office with decided ability for some months past. The common expectation is that he will return to his place in the army in the course of a few weeks; but this may not be. Mr. STEWART has achieved wonderful success as a merchant, in which capacity he has evinced an order of ability unsurpassed in this country, or any other. The success with which he has conducted his own finances gives assurance of his competency to manage the income and disbursements of the government. Mr. BORIE made a large fortune, and much personal reputation, as a merchant of Philadelphia; and then retired from active business. Mr. HOAN is a jurist of considerable distinction in Massachusetts.

However worthy each of these gentlemen may be personally, or however well qualified to direct the affairs of the respective Departments over which they have been called to preside, it may safely be inferred that on the whole, the Cabinet is not adapted to meet the tastes and wishes of this class known as politicians. Perhaps it will on that account give the greater satisfaction to the masses of the people. Comparatively few Republicans even of the entire mass have any other favor to ask of the President and his constitutional advisers, than an upright, firm and energetic administration of the government in accordance with the laws, and for the highest good of the whole people. At the recent election the Republican principles were broadly proclaimed, and admirably enforced. Those principles were endorsed at the ballot-box, and Republicans confidently expect to see them carried out by their chosen agents in the high places of the Government. Beyond this, on all questions relating to the distribution of patronage and the like, they are measurably, if not altogether indifferent. In the Cabinet appointments, they will see nothing to impair their confidence in the man their suffrages elevated to the Presidency, but much to confirm it.

AUSPICIOUS PROMISES.

In May last, Gen. GRANT was placed in nomination for the Presidency by a Convention politically representing, it was believed, a majority of his countrymen. The same body, at the same time, declared the leading principles upon which his election would be advocated. In due time, the nominee announced his acceptance of the position, and "endorsed the resolutions" in which these principles were embodied. Pledging himself to extend the laws and to respect the will of the people, "with the view of giving peace, quiet and protection everywhere," and declaring again that "peace and prosperity with economy would lighten taxation," he closed with a marked reiteration in that memorable invocation, "Let us have peace!" Of the fourteen resolutions of the Chicago platform, one was an indictment of the then Acting President, and one was a tribute of honor to the soldiers who had fought our battles and won back for us our menaced liberty. It is not to be expected that ULYSSES S. GRANT would dwell upon the one, or reiterate the other. Of the remaining twelve, six words briefly comprehend their essence: Honesty, Equality, Liberty, Fraternity, Magnanimity and Dignity. These embody the whole National duty, whether in our domestic or foreign policy, whether dealing with individuals or with nations. Now, mark the exact fidelity with which our candidate, whom we elected in November, and who formally assumed on Thursday his official trust, has adhered, in every public utterance, from that day to this hour, to the just copy of the platform he then endorsed. His first official declaration, the Inaugural Address, redeems the promises of the HAWLEY letter, and is itself but the paraphrase of the Chicago Catechism of Republican faith. The Inaugural repeats with emphatic distinctness every principle in that platform but one. And when the new President did not make his official proclamation of "sympathy with all oppressed peoples struggling for their rights" the propriety of the discrimination—which forbade what would have been, at that moment, an unseemly and needlessly offensive Executive declaration of Republican proscription—will commend the approbation of all enlightened men. Who doubt, nevertheless, that the President—himself personally so brilliant an example of success, in that self-assertion which the principle of the twelfth Chicago resolution demands alike for people and for individuals—will ever be found administering his high office in the interests of Liberty, Justice and Peace, throughout the world and toward all its peoples?

EXTREME CONSTITUTIONAL MEASURES.

The opposition members in each branch of the Indiana Legislature are able to defeat the present ratification of the XVth Amendment, by a simultaneous resignation, thus leaving either House without the constitutional quorum of three-fifths. And this factious course has been resolved upon. The result will be that ratification by Indiana must await the election of a new Legislature, in which the amendment will be made an issue. Whatever doubts may have been hitherto entertained as to its acceptance by the people of that State, the factious and disorganizing tactics now adopted by the opposition leave no doubt whatever that they will find themselves in a still more decided minority. This Democratic "bolt" in Indiana throws over the final ratification of the amendatory Article by the required number of States until next winter. Nevertheless, it is desirable that every possible

State vote should be secured for it now. If the opposition in other States think it safe to adopt the Indiana tactics, the experiment upon the popular passions will prove to them a losing one. As that party is consistent only in its contradictions and its inexplicable blunders, we may expect to see the experiment tried elsewhere.

An opposition journal before us speaks of this Indiana "bolt" as an "extreme constitutional measure." There is nothing constitutional in it, for it is a flagrant violation of the highest duty which the legislator assumes by his Constitutional oath; it is a violent interpolation of partisanship, to block the constitutional functions of the law-making power; it is a revolutionary defiance of the popular authority entrusted to legislators for their exercise, according to their discretion, and it substitutes the decree of a party caucus for the letter and spirit of the fundamental laws. These "extreme constitutional measures" never yet did any good in the long run, and never will. Yet we rejoice that it cannot be resorted to in this Commonwealth, for, as a bare majority in each House constitute a constitutional quorum, if all the Democrats should resign, the Houses would still be able to act.

DESERVED RECOGNITION.

The members of the great and powerful Independent Order of Odd Fellows will celebrate on the 26th proximo, in Philadelphia, the semi-centennial anniversary of the establishment of their society on this continent. The occasion promises to prove one of the most interesting connected with the history of Odd Fellowship in America, and will attract delegates and visitors not only from all parts of our country but from foreign lands. The principal feature of the exercises will be a grand civic procession in which some twenty full divisions of the order will participate, forming the most imposing demonstration of Peace ever witnessed in the City of Brotherly Love. General T. A. ROWLER, United States Marshal for Western Pennsylvania, Grand Marshal of the State Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, has been very wisely chosen Chief-Marshal, and under his superior management, and direction the parade cannot fail to be orderly and precise, and creditable to the noble order whose auspices it will be held. The high honor thus conferred on one of our justly esteemed and gallant fellow citizens is fully appreciated in this community, and indeed, throughout the entire commonwealth, for no gentleman is more universally known and respected. His universal courtesy, generosity of heart, and high-toned, honorable nature render him as conspicuous in civil as he was in military life, and the present honor conferred upon him could not have been more worthily bestowed or more generally seconded by the public at large.

DEATH OF HON. CHAS. SHALER.

HON. CHARLES SHALER, for nearly half a century a resident of this city, and during most of that period a member in high standing of the legal fraternity of Allegheny county, departed this life yesterday at Newark, New Jersey. The deceased filled several important trusts during his lifetime, among them Judge of the Allegheny county District Court, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, and United States Attorney for the Western District of Pennsylvania. He was senior partner for a number of years with EDWIN M. STANTON and TH. UMSTADTER, a legal combination of great strength and influence during its continuance. Several years ago the deceased retired from the profession, and carried with him into private life the respect of all the lawyers in this section, as well as that of the general community. He was a member of the Trinity Episcopal Church and was a high-toned, honorable and conscientious Christian gentleman who has left behind him a record of many good deeds performed in the name of his Master. He had attained the ripe old age of four-score years, and possessed the vigor of his intellect up to the day of his soul's departure. His remains will arrive in this city to-day for interment in the Allegheny Cemetery, and will doubtless be followed to their last resting place by the many friends and admirers who will be pained to receive the announcement of his passing away from life to eternity.

PENNSYLVANIA OIL REGIONS.

From the monthly report of the Titusville Herald, we learn that there were nine thousand seven hundred and sixty-five barrels of oil produced in the Pennsylvania oil regions during February—a decrease of four hundred and thirty barrels in comparison with the previous month. The wells at Pleasantville showed a large decrease at the close of the month, and some ten or fifteen had ceased to produce in paying quantities. The average daily production reached one thousand eight hundred barrels, or three hundred and fifty barrels less than that of each day in January. On Church Run and in the vicinity of Titusville, the average daily product for the month was four hundred and eighty barrels. In the Allegheny river district between Franklin and Brady's Bend the daily production reached an average for the month of

about six hundred and seventy barrels—a slight increase from January.

The total number of wells completed during the month was sixty-four, and of this number all but four, or one-sixteenth, produced in paying quantities. The average yield was smaller, however, than that of all the wells struck in the previous month, and if the price had been fifty per cent. lower not over three-fourths of the wells tested would have been considered successful.

Of the number of wells completed, thirty-five were located in the Pleasantville district, twenty-five along Oil creek, on Upper and Lower Cherry runs, and five on the farms along the Allegheny river. In the extreme north-eastern part of the Pleasantville district, several new wells were commenced and operations were begun on about fifteen others, but in the southern and central parts of the district the demand for leases fell off considerably, and but very few wells were commenced. On the first three hundred and thirty-four wells were being bored in this region, four only of which are located outside the Pleasantville district. On Cherry tree run, near Petroleum Centre, several farms have been leased, and preparations are being made to sink about twenty wells during the next three or four months. On Cherry run and vicinity several leases were taken during the month, and the demand for territory was good.

The stock held in the regions was on the first inst., two hundred and eighty-two thousand four hundred and fifty barrels; which included that held at the wells, about eighty thousand barrels.

It is confidently expected that in the Spring, new life will be given the trade, and that sections hitherto neglected, and which are known to be rich in oil deposits, will be thoroughly tested. From the figures presented above, it does not seem apparent that the Pennsylvania oil regions are becoming exhausted, but to the contrary, continue to hold place as the leading oil producing territory of the continent.

WE DON'T reprint what DON PIATT says about GRANT'S reception when he visited the lobby of the House, the other day, because we believe his statement, you know, but because we have some Democratic readers who will. Says D. P.: "When Grant came out I was seated with the manner in which the crowd fell to the right and left, looking earnestly in the General's face, and covering their eyes with an expression of profound respect, almost amounting to abject humiliation. Ashley alone, with his huge person, broad face and curling locks, seemed easy, comfortable and contented. His amiable face wreathed with smiles, and he seemed to regard Grant very much as a huge turkey gobbler looks down on a banian game cock of the poultry-yard, as if saying: 'Well, yes, very good for a little game cock—very good, indeed, but then he isn't a turkey gobbler, you know.'"

I must say I prefer Gobbler Ashley's patronizing to the former snobbishness of the subject respect. I took comfort in the fact that my compatriots did it awkwardly. It is not natural, and differs widely from the way courtiers move about Queen Victoria or Louis Napoleon. There is a finished ease about the last named worshippers that covers up and makes agreeable their toadyism. But our American says, through his manner, 'I know that I am making an ass of myself, but I have to do it.'

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—Lotta, the most bewitching and charming actress in the profession, in fact the pet of the American stage, was the recipient of a benefit at the Opera House last evening. The house was crowded with a select and highly fashionable audience, and the entertainment was highly pleasing and enjoyable. The bill presented was a most excellent one, as it gave full scope to the versatility and originality of the vivacious little creature, "Capt. Charlotte," "Pochontas" and "Family Jars" constituted the programme. The same bill will be presented this evening, and for matinee this afternoon "Capt. Charlotte," "Pochontas" and "Family Jars" will close Lotta's engagement in this city.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—Dr. Thayer's engagement at the Pittsburgh Theatre closes to-night. This announcement will be received with regret by the Doctor's many friends in this city as well as all lovers of equestrian exhibitions, as Dr. Thayer's company is one of the finest ever assembled in this city. The last matinee for the benefit of ladies and children will be given this afternoon and the farewell entertainment this evening. The house will be of course be crowded.

SMITH'S AMERICAN THEATRE.—The many brilliant attractions at the American has had a tendency to draw amusement seekers toward that establishment this week to such an extent as to fill the house every night. The Victrolas continue to amuse the audience with their wonderful feats on the horizontal bar.

LAFAYETTE HALL.—Bob Brette, the celebrated pugilist and ex-champion of England, arrived in this city a few days since, and will give a pugilistic entertainment at Lafayette Hall this evening. He will be assisted by Ben Hogan, Henry Harley, Fatsy Crowin, and a host of other celebrities. The principal feature of the evening will be a set-to between Brette and Ben Hogan. The champion belt of the middle weights, which Bob Brette holds, will be on exhibition at the hall during the evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—As we have already announced, Miss Susan Galbraith troupe will favor us with three evenings of comic English opera at the Academy of Music during the present week, commencing Monday night, when "Lichen and Frezchea," "The Bonnie Fish Wife" and "La Rose de St. Flor" will be presented. The Eastern papers, with one accord, speak in the highest and most complimentary terms of this company. J. VAN AUGER, the great German artist, will occupy the stage at the Academy of Music Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings of next week. The great historical play of Elizabeth will be presented on Thursday evening. TURNER'S HALL.—The Junior Turner Association announce a grand entertainment at Turner Hall, Sixth avenue, this evening, consisting of tableaux and a high grade of gymnastic exercises.

The Lecture by Mrs. Swisshelm.

ENTRUSTED OF GAZETTE: Your readers are pretty familiar with the flash of Mrs. Swisshelm's Damascus blade of song and sarcasm, and the keen thrust with which she is wont to meet an opponent; and those of them who were present at Dr. Clark's Church, on Thursday evening, must have been surprised at her altered tone—altered, and certainly for the better. She spoke for over an hour, and there was no foot of bitterness, no word that carried a wound. Where the lady will believe us when we say that her milder mood is the stronger, her arguments, humor, and pathos, are her strongholds. She had manuscript, but appeared to speak extempore, gave a short running history of her political experience, which is stranger than fiction, and moved the audience to tears by a brief allusion to her hospital life. Her arguments on universal suffrage are the strongest we have heard, and would be hard to answer. We join with you in the hope that the lecture may be repeated in this city. FEMINA.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW ORLEANS, March 5.—Cotton: receipts to-day 5,830 bales; for the week 16,937; exports to-day none; for the week 10. Liverpool, 4,888; to Continent, 1,731; to Vera Cruz 366; coastwise 2,830; stock 155,347; sales to-day 6,100; for the week 16,500; prices advanced one-fourth cent; middlings 25 1/2 @ 25 3/4; Gold 131 1/2; Exchange—Sterling 148 1/2; Commercial 141 1/2 @ 142 1/2; New York Sight 3/4 premium. Sugar too unsettled for quotes. Molasses lower: prime 72c. Flour: superfine 66 1/2; double extra 77; treble extra 77 1/2. Corn firm at 70 @ 70 1/2; Oats firm at 80c. Bran firm at 3 1/2 @ 3 1/2; Pork dull and lower at \$32.50. Bacon dull and lower at \$19 @ 20; Whisky dull, with western rectified at 92 1/2 @ 94. Coffee quiet at 17 1/2 @ 18 1/2; for prime, and fair 18 1/2 @ 19.

BUFFALO, March 5.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat neglected. New corn scarce; sales at 77 1/2 @ 80c to arrive, on track. Oats dull and unchanged. Rye neglected. Barley nominal, at \$2.08 @ 2.10. Seeds steady. Clover slow of sale. Pork, lard and highwines nominal and unchanged.

NASHVILLE, March 5.—Cotton dull and drooping; low middling 26c; good ordinary 26c.

A MALARIOUS MONTH.

March, that gives us a new President, is also the inaugural month of many harassing disorders. Entangled in its folds are the seeds of cough, cold and of that atrocious ailment, and fire, more widely known than admitted, called fever and ague. The only way to ward off this "little unpleasantness" is to render the system strong enough to resist its attack. The system that produces them, and the best way to obtain it is by the use of BOTTLE'S BROMO QUININE. It is a wayfarer at the next corner, he would do you a good turn. It is just about the same amount of iron, but the attacks of disease are less frequent, and every time they come the trouble will be less, for drug stores do not carry this article, and it is a pity that it would be as easy to find a grocer without eggs as the stores of a non-union worker. Popular tonic remedy. A view of the experience of the nation, with regard to the article, during the space of twenty years, is almost unnecessary. It is a fact that its merits to Americans. But as our population is increasing, and as the natural way of immigration is a year, in the natural way of immigration, and new arrivals, the old settlers are becoming more and more scarce. BOTTLE'S BROMO QUININE is the most wholesome and potent vegetable tonic ever manufactured. It is a specific for debility, dyspepsia, biliousness, and malarial fevers, and it is a powerful and reliable remedy for all the ailments to which it is not "had to take," and is absolutely harmless.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PUBLIC LECTURE BY THE NEW JERSEY ALIEN CHURCH, corner of Wood and Fifth streets, on Sunday, March 7th, 10 A. M. Subject—MAN AND THE FLOOD. BY REV. HAN AND JAMES.

THE FIRST METHODIST CHURCH, (Railroad Street, near Depot), New Brighton, N. Y. Sabbath School, at 10 1/2 A. M. and 7 P. M. Public cordially invited.

CHRISTIAN PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH, (Broadway, near 14th St.), New York, N. Y. Sabbath School, at 10 1/2 A. M. and 7 P. M. Public cordially invited.

FIRST ENGLISH EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH, Seventh Street, near Broadway, New York, N. Y. Sabbath School, at 10 1/2 A. M. and 7 P. M. Public cordially invited.

THE FIRST METHODIST CHURCH, FIFTH AVENUE, between Smith and Grant streets, New York, N. Y. Sabbath School, at 10 1/2 A. M. and 7 P. M. Public cordially invited.

FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH OF PITTSBURGH, W. 4th Street, near Market Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Sabbath School, at 10 1/2 A. M. and 7 P. M. Public cordially invited.

UNIVERSALIST CHURCH, CORNER OF LIBERTY AND FIFTH STS., PITTSBURGH, PA. Sabbath School, at 10 1/2 A. M. and 7 P. M. Public cordially invited.

RELIGIOUS—First Christian Church, corner Beaver Street and Montgomery Avenue, Allegheny City, Pa. Sabbath School, at 10 1/2 A. M. and 7 P. M. Public cordially invited.

MESSIAH ENGLISH EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH, General Synod, First Street, Allegheny City, Pa. Sabbath School, at 10 1/2 A. M. and 7 P. M. Public cordially invited.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, 100 North Second Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for grading, paving and curbing TWENTY-NINTH STREET, between Market and Liberty streets, will be collected by the Allegheny Valley Railroad, at 10 1/2 A. M. on WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10th, 1869, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer for collection. H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

RINK!!!

GRAND GALA DAY!

SATURDAY AFTERNOON & EVENING.

Hurdle Race at 4 P. M.

SKATING CONTEST

Between celebrated STAR SKATERS in the EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock. Exciting HURDLE RACE at 9:30. Side-splitting NOVICE ACT by Prof. MAT. McDONALD, Champion Skater of Pennsylvania. SPLENDID MUSIC. VELOCIPED PERFORMANCE, and other attractions too numerous to mention. GO TO-NIGHT, without fail, and see the DISEMBODIMENT—THE CO-PARTNERSHIP—LAWYER AND JOHN ELSKORP, is hereby authorized to collect the bills due and settle the business of the firm. LEWIS ELSKORP, JOHN ELSKORP, ALLEGHENY CITY, March 10th, 1869. CORN AND PEA NUTS. 484 N. 5th St. On steamer, Lowell, to arrive. For sale by H. B. LITTLE & CO.