VOLUME LXXXIV.

Hittsburgh

cident to industrial progress. Although providing for an increase of duties, the

the range of protection, in the fair ac ceptance of the term. It does not look

to the fostering of a young and feeble interest, with views to the ultimate attainment of strength and capacity of self-support. It appears to as-sume that the inability for successful

production is inherent and permanent and more likely to increase than to be gradually overcome. Yet, in spite of

this, it proposes by an exercise of the law

making power to sustain that interest

ANDREW JOHNSON.

dering

HOSPITALITIES TENDERED.

The Mayor of Baltimore, and a Committee of the Baltimore City, Council;

called at the Executive Mansion this morning for the purpose of presenting to

President Johnson the resolutions passed

close of his administration

by the Council of that city, tendering to the President the hospitalities of Bal

[Signed.]

roposed law does not even come within

PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY . 23. 1869.

of March.

have an hour's debate.

favor of the bill.

tants.

sage of this bill. He spoke at length in

priation bill, thus cutting off Schenck's bill for the present.

TWELVE O'CLOCK, M.

THE CAPITAL.

Caucus on the Tenure of Office Law-Veto of the Copper Bill -President Johnson and the Baltimore Committee-Observance of Washington's Birthday. LBy Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 22, 1859. CAUCUSON THE TEXURE OF OFFICE BILL. A caucus of the Republican Senators

making power to sustain that interest and impose it in hopeless perpetuity as a tax upon the competent and beneficent industries of the country. The true method for the mining inter-ests of Lake Superior to obtain relief, if needed, is to endeayor to make these was held this morning at eleven o'clock, to consider the question of the repeal of the Tenure-of-office law. Messrs. Edneeded, is to endeayor to make these great natural resources fully available by reducing the cost of production. Spe-cial or class legislation cannot remedy the evils which this bill is designed to munds and Conkling spoke against its repeal, Mr. Grimes dilated on the evil ef-fect of the existing law, and Mr. Frelinghuysen favored its suspension for four meet. They can only be overcome by laws which will effect a wise, honest, economical administration of the govyears. Messrs. Thayer, Morton and Robertson were for its immediate and total repeal, insisted the subject was not one properly to be decided by a cau-cus, and intimated that they would not vote in it or abide by its decision. No decision was reached, and the caucus sesernment, a re-establishment of the spe-cie standard of value and an early adjustment of our State, municipal and national taxation, especially the latter, on the principle that all taxes, whether collected under the internal revenue or sion was resumed at half-past twelve o'clock. Mr. Wilson favored dispensing with the repeal until immediately after inder a tariff, shall interfere as little possible with the productive energies of the 4th of March, because Mr. Johnson, in the people. This bill is therefore, returned, in the approving either a repeal or a modifica-tion, would take occasion to give, the pelief that the true interests of the Gov-Senate a disagreeable and sarcastic lecernment and of the people require that it should not become a law.

ture. The cancus remained in session till about twenty minutes past three, at which time less than half of the Republican members were present. On a vote for postponing the consideration of the question of repeal until after the 4th of March, twenty two were in the affirmative, including several who have heretofore pronounced in favor of a repeal. The other members of caucus then present refused to vote and announced their timore during his passage through that place en route to Nashville, at etermination not to be bound by the caucus, and withdrew.

VETO OF THE COPPER BILL.

Representative Phelps, of Maryland, accompanied them to Mr. Johnson. The President to-day communicated Mayor Banks read the resolutions and addressed the President in a few the following message to the House of Representatives: brief remarks, making a complimentary reference to his career. The President

The accompanying bill regulating the duties on imported copper and copper ores is, for the following reasons, return-ed without my approval to the House of Representatives, in which branch of Congress it originated: Its immediate effect will be to diminish

destroy th

necessary

revenue.

clusive benefit of a single class would be

day when he would visit Baltimore which would be satisfactory to all concerned. Mr. Johnson spoke about two minutes, and in the converse of history to all concerned. the public receipts, for the object of the bill cannot be accomplished without seand in the course of his remarks alluded to his administration of the office of President, which he stated had been exrionaly affecting the importation of cop per and copper ores, from which a con-siderable revenue is at present derived. ercised in the interest of peace and harmony and for the general good of the country, without regard to any present While thus impairing the resources of the government, it imposes an additional

the

ficial means the action of natural laws, to place the people of the United States in respect to the enjeyment and use of an imported commodity on a different house the provide an engeline to basis from other nations, especially to compensate private and sectional inter-ests for changes which are always coin-FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

FORTIETH CONGRESS. THIRD SESSION.]

SENATE: Evening Session - The Constitutional Amendment Taken Up and Discussed without Action. SENATE: Call of States for Bills and Resolutions - Resolution Adopted Granting Right of Way to the Memphis, El Paso and Pacific Railroad Company-Bill Relative to Public Credit and Gold Contracts Taken Up, but Laid Aside-Postoffice Appropriation Bill Passed.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.) WASHINGTON, February 22, 1868.

SENATE. Evening Session .- On motion of Mr. SHERMAN, the unfinished business of Saturday, the bill to repeal the Tenureveto message on the copper bill. of-Office act, was postponed, and the Currency bill, as amended in the House. was taken up. Mr. SHERMAN moved to non concur

and asked a Committee of Conference, but, at the suggestion of Mr. Morrill, Vt., allowed the bill to pass until there

was a larger attendance. Mr. SHERMAN called up the bill to abolish the office of Superint Exports and Drawbacks.

Exports and Drawbacks. Mr. FERRY moved to amend so as to abolish also the office of Naval Officer. Amendment rejected and bill adopted. Mr. ANTHONY, from the Committee on Printing, reported the House resolu-tion relative to certain purchases of Sta-tionery by the Interior Department from Demose & O'Toole, which passed.

Dempsey & O'Toole, which passed. Mr. SHERMAN renewed his motion concerning the Currency bill. Mr. CORBETT offered an additional ection, which was rejected

The Senate, by a vote of 27 to 26, re-fused to concur with the House and asked Committee of Conference.

The bill to regulate the appraisement and collection of duties on imports was supported by Mr. TRUMBULL, who object was to avoid delays in said its object was to avoid decays in New York in the inspection of goods consigned to interior points, and opposed by Mr. MORRILL, (Vt.), as requiring increased expense, and fostering corrupexpressed his gratitude at the compli-ment, and in reference to the invitation signified he would be glad to accept it and would at a future time designate a

Mr. MORGAN also opposed the bill. He vielded to Mr. STEWART, who moved to take up

the Constitutitional Amendment. He then moved to non-concur with the Mr. BUCKALEW appealed to the

nected on the action of the Postomice De-partment in making a contract for stamps, and Mr. Farnsworth dolended it, the amendment was rejected. Mr BEAMAN moved to reduce the item for detecting and preventing mail depredations and for special agents from not to yield to the dictation of the

item. Rejected.

sand.

NEWS BY CABLE.

ing, and the Indian appropriation bill had come back from the Senate with a large number of amendments, and be By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.] aid unless the House would go at those bill to-day and keep at them every day GREAF BRITAIN. this week they could not be passed this

LONDON, February 22 .- In the Comession, and the next Congress would remons to-day, Mr. Fortescue said the quire to have a long session after the 4th government proposed to release from im-The SPEAKER added there were risonment forty-five Fenians, who were seven privileged reports of Committees to be made, some of which would give rise to debate. convicted of treason last year in England and Ireland, including several leaders. Baron Lionel De Rothschilds, Liberal, The House refused to suspend the rules has been elected to Parliament from London city, in place of Mr. Bell, Conhas been elected to Parliam for a two hours' debate. Mr. SCHENCK said he did not wish servative. to press such a bill without some debate. He moved to suspend the rules so as to

GREECE,

LONDON, February 22.—Dispatches from Athens announce that the Greek Chambers have dissolved, and the elec-The House moved to suspend the rules for that purpose. Mr. SCHENCK said he would then tions for members of the new Legislature have to go on with his remarks and move the previous question on the pasare to be held in May.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, February 22.—The decree and orders recently issued by the Sublime Porte against the Greeks have been revoked, and Turkish ports thrown open again to Greek shipping. Mr. BUTLER, of Massachusetts, nioved the House resolve itself into Committee of the Whole on the Postoffice Appro-priation bill, thus cutting eff Mr. The motion was agreed to-77 yeas, 47

SPAIN.

The Speaker, before leaving the chair, ounced he would to morrow morning before the House the President's The House then went into Committee

Mois Central, 50%, Atlantic and Graz
Western, 36. Sugar 363, 9d. on the spot.
Tallow 45s. 6d. Linseed Oll 59s.
LIVEBFOOL, February 22.—Cotton
frmer; sales 12,000 ba es middling up-lands at 12d. Orleans 12,4d. California

white wheat 10s. 9d., red winter 9s. 7d.@ 9s. 8d. Flour 25s. Corn 30s. 3d. for new, and 32s. 3d. for old. Oats 3s. 5d. Barley 58. Peas 43s. Pork 97s. Beef 95s. Lard 76s. Cheese, 76s. Bacon 58s. Petroleum unchanged. Tallow 45s. 3d.

active; low middlings to arrive 138@139 francs

The Cuban Insurrection-Great Excite. ment in Havana.

HAVANA, February 22.-The Seventl Battalion of Volunteers, which forms a

city, yesterday sent a deputation to the Captain General and demanded that vig-orous measures be resorted to against the rebellion and to save the Island. When releved of outy during the day, the sol-diers of the battalion should "Deuth to Traitors," "I'wa Espana" These dem-onstrations caused great agritation, which, however, subsided toward evening.

to the Captain General to reiterate their demand for severe measures. General Dulce replied firmly that he could not permit any interference with the political

HARRISBURG.

Gazette.

Proceedings of the Legislature-House Only in Session.

NUMBER 49.

Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.] HARRISBURG, February 22, 1868. A large number of bills were introduced in the House this evening, among them one by Mr. STRANAHAN imposing the duties of Adjutant General upon a clork in the Auditor General's office. Also one by Mr. STRANG, giving five hundred dollars to the families of Joseph Church and Marshall Quay, who had their arms shot off to-day in firing a salute by order of the Governor in honor

of W finally. Washington's birthday. Passed Mr. TAYLOR presented a bill changing the occupation tax of Penn township,

Allegheny county, to three dollars; also, authorizing the School Board of the Six-teenth ward, Pittsburgh, to borrow fifty thousand dollars.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS. -Senator Saulsbury fell from a car-

riage in Washington, on Sunday, and broke his leg.

-James Watson Webb sailed vester-day for Brazil to resume the duties of his mission

-Dispatches from various places east state Washington's birthday was appropriately observed. -The Union Park Congregational

Church, (a wooden structure,) at Chi-cago, was destroyed by fire on Sunday evening.

-At Hamilton, Ohio, Sunday night. August Schweger was shot and killed by Charles Elyck. Both were intoxicated and they quarreled about a dog.

-A skating match between Maggie El-wood, of Brookville, Canada, and Nellie Dean, of Chicago, at the Rink at Buffalo, yesterday, resulted in favor of the former; score 44 to 43.

-It is stated that M. Billings, Esq., of the firm of Billings & Driesbach, has left Louisville, Ky., a defaulter in the sum of \$60,000. Mr. Billings had borne an irreproachable character.

-The old Franklin House at Bridgeport. Conn., the lower part containing several stores, and the upper portion oc-cupied by families, was burnt yesterday morning. Loss \$40,000; nearly covered by insurance.

-The tower of the Methodist Church at Morrissiana, New York, built of free stone and one hundred and twenty feet high, fell on Sunday morning. The building was much injured, and the total

loss is estimated at \$40,000. -John H. Bell, of Middletown and David W. Reeve, of Wawayanda, Orange county, N. Y., prominent Demorratic pol-iticians, have been taken to Washington by the Sargeant-st Arms of the House for refusal to answer questions of the

-The New York Herald urges the set-tlement of the troubles in Mexico by an-**Tinited** 5 results of which will be the preventing of any of the Isthmus routes from ocean to ocean, between Darien and Tehuante-pec, falling into the hands of England or France. -Rev. James B. Wiley and his daughter, aged nineteen years, passed through St. Louis Saturday, en route to Memphis, scotland county, Mo., to stand trial on the charge of murdering an infant two years ago, the child being the fruit of incestuous intercourse between the father and daughter. -Despite the protest of Bishop Whitenouse, of the diocese, Bishop Cummings, of Kentucky, preached in Chicago Sun-of Kentucky, preached in Chicago Sun-day morning and evening. Bishop Whitehouse is high church and Bishop Cummings low church, and the latter's discourse in the evening was denunciabey of ritualism. -A heavy snow storm commeaced at noon yesterday at St. Louis, and snow fell in considerable quantities west and northwest. Mercury was below freezing oint at Omaha. The river has closed again at St. Louis, with the mercury at zero. Trains on the Union Pacific Bailroad were delayed west of Laramie by snow, and west of Cheyenne the meroury ranged ten to fifteen degrees below

MADRID, February 22.—The press of the country urge u.on the Provisional Government the necessity of preserving the friendship of the United States. FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

of the Whole, Mr. Poland in the chair, and resumed the consideration of the Postoffice Appropriation bill, the ques-tion being on Mr. Seaman's motion to LONDON, February 22.—Consols, 93%; 5-208, 78%. Stocks quiet; Erie, 24%; Ilu-nois Central, 96%; Atlantic and Great reduce the item for letter carriere from \$1,000,000 to \$500,000, and to abolish the

the free letter carrier system in cities of less than one hundred thousand inhabi The amendment was rejected-yeas 38, Mr. BINGHAM moved to reduce the item to \$800,000. Objected to. Mr. SCHENCK moved an amendment providing for the extension of the letter

carrier system to every city having a population of more than twenty thou-FRANKFORT, February 22.-Bonds 82%. ANTWERP, February 22.-Petroleum Mr. STARKWEATHER moved to

HAVRE, February 22.-Cotton closed amend the amendment by striking out twenty thousand and inserting ten thou-

sand. Adopted. Mr. Schenck's amendment was then idopted. Mr. MYERS moved to increase the ap-

[By Telegraph to the Pitisburgh Gazette.] propriation to \$2,600,000. Rejected. Mr. STOVER moved to strike out the portion of the present garrison of the

The item was then agreed to, and the letter carrier system extended to all cities with a population of over ten thou-Mr. ELA moved to reduce the item for postage stamps and stamped envel-opes from \$500,000 to \$400,000. After discussion, in which Mr. Ela reflected on the action of the Postoffice De-

To-day the excitement was renewed.

The volunteers sent another Committee New York Election Committee.

tax on the siready overburuened poper, who should not be further impovhad been towards the restoration of erished that monopolies may be fos-tered and corporations erriched. It is represented, and the declaration seems to be series and the declaration seems prosperity to the country and the happi-ness of all its citizens. The proceedings were held in the East Room, about tifty to be sustained by evidence, that the duties for which this bill provides are persons being present, the majority o om accompanied the Committee from nearly or quite sufficient to prohibit the importation of certain foreign ores of Baltimore.

THE BOYS IN BLUE copper. Its enactment therefore will prove detrimental to the shipping inter-The torchlight display of the Boys in Blue to-night was quite brilliant, not-withstanding the rain. About three thousand five hundred were in triof the nation. and at the same time destroy the business, for many years successfully established, of smelting ores line, and at ten o'clock the process in connection with a smaller amount of reached General Grant's residence, in the imported article. This business, it is assorted, has heretofore yielded the front of which it halfed, the band play-ing "Hall to the Chief." A Committee asserted, has heretolore yielded the larger share of the copper production of the country, and thus the industry which this legislation is designed to encourage is actually less than that which will be destroyed by the pas-sage of the bill. It seems also to be evi-dent the effect of this measure will be to encourage by service of the cost of gentlemen representing the or-ganization were introduced to Gen. granization were introduced to Gen. Grant, who subsequently received the procession. No speeches were made, General Grant remarking to the committee that it would be imdon't the effect of this measure will be to enhance, by reventy-per cent., the cost of blue witriol, an article extensively used in the dying and manufacturing of printed and colored cloths. To produce such an augmentation in the price of this commodity will be to discriminate against other great branches of industry, and by increasing the cost to expose them most unfairly to the effects of for-eign competition. Legislation can neith-or be wise nor just which seeks the wel-fare of a single interest at the expense possible to be heard by the vast numbers, and desiring them to return his thanks to the Boys in Blue for their kind consideration. He was pleased to see them celebrating the anniversary of the birth of the Father of his country. Afterward the line of march was sgain formed and the procession moved to the residence. of Speaker Colfax, intending to pay their respects to that sgentleman, and subsequently called upon Senator-elect Carl Schurz.

or be wise nor just which seeks the wel-fare of a single interest at the expense and to the injury of the many and varied interests equally important and equally deserving the consideration of Congress. Indeed, it is idifficult to find any rea-son, which will justify the interference of the government with any legitimate inductor accent so far may be rendered DEPARTMENTS CLOSED Some of the Executive Departments observed to-day by closing at an earlier hour than usual. The Treasury closed at one o'clock. The War Department was closed all day, as far as clerical du industry, except so far may be requirements of the revenue. As has been already stated however, the legislative intervention ties were concerned. General Grant has been af his headquarters all day. Sever al visitors called, but nothing of special interest transpired. Cabinet officers Welles, Schofield and Evarts had a long

provision proposed in the present in-stance will diminish and not increase re-ceipts. The enactment of such a law is interview with the President-this morning. JOHN C. BRECKENBIDGE, Who has been here for several days, left

urged as necessary for the relief of cer-tain mining interests on Lake Superior which are allegad to be in a greatly de the city this evening. pressed condition, and can only be sus tained by an enhancement of the price

Army of the Potomac Organization, of copper. If this result should follow the passage of the bill, a tax for the ex-

By Telesraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.] NEW YORE, February 22 .- A preliminary meeting of the Army of the Poto-mac was beld to-day at the twenty-second clusive henchi of a single class would be imposed upon the consumers of cop-per thröughnut the entited country, not warranted by a need of the government, and the avails of which would not in any degree find, their way into the treasury of the nation. If the mines of Lake Superior are in a condi-tion of wart it second the incluse of market Regiment Armory. It was very largely attended and harmonious. Among th present were Generals Slocum, Sigel, Franklin, Wright, McClellan, Butter-Into the treasury of the nation. from Frankin, Wewton, Gibbon, Pleasan-tion of want, is cannot be justly affirmed, ton, Cary, Heintzelman, Franch, Sickles, that the government should extend char-ity to them in preference to those of its. to order by General Butterfield, who citizens, who in other portions of the briefly stated the object of the call and other portions of the country suffer in like meaner. Least of all should the endeavor to aid them be based on a method as uncertain and in-direct as that contemplated by the that contemplated by the ecessary arrangements for a re-union. bill, and which, moreover, proposes to continue the exercise of its benefaction through an indefinite period. It is, besides, to select an orator, dr., and also a com mittee on permanent organization, by-laws and constitution, were appointed. The fifth of July and the city of New reasonable to hope a positive suffering from want, if it really exists, will prove from want, in to really patter, whit prove but temporary in a region, where agri-cultural labor is so much in demand and so well compensated. A careful examination of the subject. York were determined upon as the time and place for the grand re-union, and it was decided that a permanent organiza-tion should be made at that time. Great

appears to show that the present low price of copper, which alone has induced harmony and good feeling prevailed, and the meeting adjourned to July 6th, after a session of only two hours. any depression the mining interests of Lake Superior may have experienced, is due to causes which it is wholly impo-Politics in Georgia.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.1

litic, if not inpracticable, to contravene by legislation. These causes are, in the main, increase in the general supply of ATLANTA, February 22.-Foster Blodgett, Chairman of the State Central Remain, increase in the generation cuppy of copper, owing to the discovery and working of remarkably productive mines, and to a coincident reduc. discovery and publican Committee, issued a call Satur-bly productive day for the Committee to assemble here incident reduction to day. Many were not able to be presmines, and to a coincident reduc-tion in the consumption and use of copper, by the substitution of other tion in the consumption and use of copper, by the substitution of other and cheaper metals for industrial purpo-ges. It is now thought to resist by arti-

Mr. WARNER moved to concur. Mr. POMEROY objected to the Con-stitutional Amendment being pressed now, when everybody understood the

on to be devoted to the consideration of business. Messrs. Sherman, Morgan and Camer-Messra. Sherman, Morgan and Camer-on were appointed a Committee of Con-ference on the Currency bill. The Constitutional Amendment was briefly discussed and postponed, at the instance of Mr. Cameron, for the bill supplementary to theact authorizing the construction of a lateral branch of the Dubines and Botomea Bailmed which

Baltimore and Potomac Railroad, which was passe The bill to incorporate the National Junction Railway Company was taken up, but without action the Senate ad-

urned HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. Under call of States bills and joint a were introduced and referred. By Mr. ROBINSON: To recognize the andence of Cubs. ndependence of Cuba. By Mr. PRUYN: To require persons pplying for copyrights to deposit a copy of invir works in the State Library of the

State in which they reside. By Mr. NORRIS: A joint resolution of the Alabama Legislature urging on Congress the payment of the interest on \$103,991 of the two and three per cent. \$103,991 of the two and three per cent. funds that accrued between the years 1820 and 1821.

820 and 1821. By Mr. PIERCE: To devote part of he public lands in Alabama to works of nternal improvement in that State. By Mr. JULIAN: Relative to soldiers'

By Mr. PILE: Resolutions of the Misouri Legislature in favor of equalizing hounties

By Mr. WASHBURNE, of Wisconsin: Resolutions of the Wisconsin Legisla-ture for the extension of the time for the construction of the St. Croix River Rail-

road to Bayfield to the Northern Wisconsin Railroad Company. By Mr. DONNELLY: In relation to

agricultural scrip. Mr. CLARK, of Kansas: Resolutions of the Kansas Legislature in reference to claims for damage occasioned by Quan-trell and other rebel raids, to a Court House and Postoffice at Topeks, a Cus-tom House and Postoffice at Leaventom; House, and Fostomee at Leaven-worth, and in favor of further subsidies in money and bonds for the Central Branch of the Union Pacific Kailroad. By Mr. TIFT: To amend the National

Banking law. Mr. WILLIAMS, of Ind., introduced a joint resolution granting the right of way to the Memphis, El Paso and Pacific Railroad Company from El Paso to the Pacific Ocean, and moved the previous question on its passage. Mr. WASHBURNE, of Wis., remarked

Mr. WASHBURKE, of Wis, remarked it was a very important measure, and appealed to the House not to second the previous question. It was seconded and the main question ordered-mays 45, yeas 122. Mr. LOUGHRIDGE moved to lay the lost resolution on the table. Negatived

joint resolution on the table. Negatived -yeas 34, nays 124. The joint resolution was then passed-

yeas 122. nays 40. Mr. SCHENOK called up the bill intro-

Mr. SCHENCK called up the bill intro-duced by him, and reported from the Committee on Ways and Means, to strengthen the public credit and relating to contracts for the payment of coin. He moved to suspend the rules, so as to lim-it the debate to two hours, the speeches to be confined to ten minutes each. Mr. SUOFIFILD stated the Committee on A purportations would endeavor to on Appropriations would endeavor to press the appropriation bills at the day and evening sessions. He reminded the

\$118,000 to \$32,000. Agreed to. On motion of Mr. FARNSWORTH, the item for mail bags was increased from

\$30,000 to \$120,000. Mr. BEAMAN moved to reduce the item for miscellaneous payments, including balance to' foreign countries, from \$875,000 to \$250,000. (Agreed to. Mr. BEAMAN moved to reduce the

item for deficiency from \$5,740,000 to \$4,771,153. Mr. ELA opposed the amendment, and spoke of the extravagance of the Postoffice Department. He moved to re-duce the item another million. Re-

Mr. Beaman's amendment was agreed Mr. MAYNARD moved a proviso that

the Postmaster General may direct the hails on any route to be carried by railroad, steamship, stage, horseback or by

special messenger. Agreed to. Mr. PHELPS moved an amendment abolishing the franking privilege, but Mr. BEAMAN having made a point of order, it was ruled out of order. The Committee rose and reported the

bill to the House. The amendment extending the letter carrier system to cities of ten thousand

inhabitants was rejected. The amendment authorizing the Post master General to send mails by any mode of conveyance was rejected. All the other amendments were agree

o, and the bill passed Recess until half-past seven.

Evening Session - The House went into Committee on the Senate amendments to the Naval Appropriation bill. Several of them, making reduction in minor appropriations, were non-concurred in, and the bill then laid aside and the Leg-

islative Appropriation bill taken up. Amendments were offered striking out the appropriation for newspapers and stationery for members and for public printing and rejected. Mr. PETERS moved an amendment

increasing the salary of the President of the United States to \$40,000. Mr. BUTLER, of Mass., opposed the

amendment. Mr. ARCHER, of Md., moved to make

the amendment \$50,009. The amendment was rejected only ten members voting for it. The Committee rose and Mr. BUTLER

esented the report of the Committee on Appropriations on the estimates of Generals Harney and Sanborn, relative to leficiencies in Indian appropriations which were ordered to be printed. Adjourned.

Illinois Legislature.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.] CHICAGO, February 22.—In the Illinois Senate to day a joint resolution was passed appointing a select Committee to detect the influence that contributed to detect the influence that contributed to the passage of the Chicago Lake Front bill in the House. The passage of the bill by the Senate is doublul. The bill to establish a Normal University in Southern Illinois was passed by the Senate. It appropriates \$75,000 for build-ings, which are to be located in the town appropriating the most implies. Teach ppropriating the most money. Jacol furns and three others sent a commun cation to the House offering to contract to erect and finish the new State House,

as designed, for \$1,000,000, provided the money is furnished as required.

Accident in Firing a Salute.

1By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.] By reception to the Pittsburga checked, HARRISBURG, February 22.—At the State Arsenal this morning, while a salute was being fired, a premature discharge of a cannon blew oil the right hand of Goo. Church, and the loft hand of a man House that the legislative and judiciary bills and postoffice bill were still pend, amed Marshall.

or military plans of the Government. The Captain General has resolved to effect the pacification of the Island with-in the limits of the law, and in this deter-mination he stands firm. The volunteers

e nand those revolutionists arrested during the lateriots, and whom they call assassina, be immediately put to death. Gen. Dalce replied that the Courts must first try these prisoners. He declares he counts on the endorsement and ald of Spain, and on the sympathy and moral aid of the United States, because he in-

ends to act in accordance with law, and he believes, as a matter of policy, that precipitate action in the existing state of affairs would be highly imprudent. He is determined, if it becomes necessary, to repel force by force, although he would regret the shedding of fraternal blood. Commercial interests have suffered reatly, through the alarm created by the violent proceedings of the volun-teers, and to day business is at a stand

still, paralized by the fears which agitate the city. Reinforcements from Spain continue to arrive. Yesterday twelve hundred regular troops landed. Official reports

state the organized forces of the rebels in the Central Department are disband-ing and the rebels there are presenting themselves in large numbers to the authorities to receive pardon. The Span-iards taken prisoners at Bayamo were

liberated and have arrived here. Senor Udala, late Governor of Bayamo, s under arrest in this city, and is to be tried by courtmartial on charges nected with the circumstances of the surrender of his post to the rebels.

Murdered on the Ice.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburg a statette.] TROY, N. Y., February 22,-A young man named Edward Flynn was mur-dered by roughs on the ice while cros-sing the river last night. Three of the murderers, Thomas Nugent, Michael Mickel and Wm. Robertson, all youths, were arrested. The principal assailant, Robert Packet, has not yet been secured

Messrs. Bliss and Masterman, recently held as prisoners by the Dictator Lo-pez, in Paraguay, South America, ar-rived at New York, in the steamer Mississippi, with orders to report at Wash-ington. Mr. Bliss states they were ar-rested on charges made by the brother of Lopez to attract attention from him-self, he having been detected in robbing the national treasury. Bliss and Master-man were examined by a military tribunal and, subjected to repeated torture, and when finally released they were com-pelled to attest the truth of the state-ments extorted from them in the pres-ence of United States naval officers.

-A Japan letter of December 28, says: -A Japan letter of December 23, 8ays: The Mikado retains ex-Lieutenant Grip-nell, an American, as Chief of the Naval Bureau, and has appointed General Paul Frank, formerly of the United States army, General-in-Chief of the Japanese military force, at a salary of \$12,000 a year. The English and French, represen-tatives protested against these appoint-inents, but were met by the reply that Japan was an independent nation, and Japan was an independent nation, and does not recognize their right to question, or diotato its policy.

lection; if necessary.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, February 22 .- Cattle Mar--Beeves; receipts for the week, 5,026 ad; arrivals yesterday and to-day, 2,767 head: there were few buyers at One Hundredth street and very little doing at Communipaw. Buyers were out in full force and good cattle sold readily at prices ruling all the week; for common and medium, which made the majority of the droves, there was little compe-tition and prices were barely sustained; some of the best steers were put on the scales at 17c, dress sixty pounds to the gross hundred weight, and the thinnest western cattle sold at 12@13c; on a low estimate good droves sold at 15@16c; we quote extra, 17@17/c; prime, 16/20 163/c; good, 15/201kc; medium to fair, 14 @14/20; poor to medium, 10@14a. The cattle received over the Erie road were driven to Communipaw. The sales of beeves to day reached 2,200 head. Sheep and Lambs--receipts for the week, 2,000 head; those yesterday and to day were 7,678 head; trade to day was fair and prices fully externate and shear and prices fully sustained; good stock, 71/@ 73/c; sales for the week, 21,906 head, and to-day 5,100 head; during the week a choice lot of Jersey weathers sold at 10c. choice lot of Jersey weathers sold at 10c. Hogs-receipts for the week, 11,800, and to-day 4,516; there was no market to-day and prices nominal, at 10½@11c for live, and 14½@14½c dressed, for city; and 13½

(G13% for western. NEW OBLEANS, Fobruary 22.—Cotton has advanced %c; middings 23%c; there is a strong demand but light offerings; sales of 2,900 bales; receipts, 9,306 bales; no exports. Suzar higher; common 12% (G12%c, prime 15%c, and clarified 16%c. Molasses higher; prime 79@81c: Flour; low grades scarce and firmer; superfine \$6,62; double extra \$7,25, and treble extra \$7,25. Hav: prime \$28@30. Pork de-@13%c for western. \$6,62 double extra 4.20, and treble extra \$7,25. Hay; prime \$25(300. Pork de-clining; sales at \$33. Bacon nominal; shoulders 15c, clear rib sides 18c, clear rides 18%c. Lard dull and depressed; tierce 20c, and keg 22%c. Whisky firm; western rectified \$1,00(201,05. Coffee is form; full 15(20160 and barrow 12/2020)



