TWELVE O'CLOCK! M.

### HARRISBURG.

Proceedings of the Legislature -Final Adjournment Resolution Reported Affirmatively -Legalizing Primary Elections-Bills Introduced-Republican State Committee Meeting.

IBy Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.] HARRISBURG, February 4, 1869.

SENATE. BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. BURNETT: Authorizing corporations possessing mining privileges to lease property to other corporations having the same privileges; authorizing the West Branch and Susquehanna Canal Company to abandon that part called the "Lewisburg Cross Cut" and sell the same to the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad.

By Mr. STINSON: Authorizing the Wilmington and Reading Railroad to raise money by mortgage to build lateral railroads not exceeding three miles in length.

By Mr. GRAHAM: Enabling railroads, canals and slackwater navigation companies to straighten, widen, deepen, enlarge and otherwise improve their lines, bridges, aqueducts, piers and structures thereof; incorporating the De Soto Gold and Silver Mining Company; repealing the act authorizing the Erie County Court to appoint an individual to act in conjunction with the Commissioners and Directors of the Poor to sell the real estate of the Poor House, &c., passed 1868.

By Mr. CONNELL: To prevent frauds at elections.

By Mr. SEARIGHT: Authorizing pension to James Thompson, a soldier of 1812.

By Mr. WALLACE: Authorizing the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad Company to extend and construct their branch railroad, now located and building in the counties of Cameron, Elk, Clearfield and Jefferson, to a line between Pennsylvania and Ohio, and to connect the same with other railroads; repealing act authorizing the sale of property of incorporated companies upon bonds secured by mortgage, with like effect as if sold upon mortgage; authorizing appeals to the Supreme Court in applications for changes

COPDOTAte charters. By Mr. CONNELL: Resolution requesting the Attorney General to communicate his opinion as to the constitutionality of the act modifying and changing the revenues derived from taxes on taverns and retailers and collateral inheritance tax from the sinking fund, and applying the same to ordinary expenses and current appropriations. Adopted.

### HOUSE.

FINAL ADJOURNMENT. Mr. WILSON, from Ways and Means Committee, reported affirmatively the joint resolution for final adjournment on the 10th of March.

PRIMARY ELECTIONS. Mr. McMILLER, from the General Judiciary Committee, reported negatively the bill embodying the Philadelphia Union League proposition legaliz-

system of elections for all parties. BILLS INTRODUCED. Mr. REA, of Erie, one incorporating the Enterprise Gas and Water Company of Corry. Passed finally.

Mr. HUMPHREYS, of Allegheny, one for the better prosecution of disorderly persons in Millvale, Allegheny county. Also, one authorizing Ormsby borough to levy and collect taxes; also, one extending the Pittsburgh vehicle license

law to Ormsby borough. Mr. MORGAN, of Allegheny, one prohibiting Aldermen in Pittsburgh holding positions on the police force; supplent for Mechanics Savings Bank of Pittsburgh, authorizing it to invest in government securities.

Mr. BEATTY, of Crawford, one authorizing the Meadville City Council to fix the place of holding elections.

GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH, The joint resolution against leaving the control of the telegraph in the hands of

the general government passed finally Republican State Convention. The Republican State Committee today resolved that the next State Convention be held in Philadelphia, June 23d. The Committee had a long conference

with the Republican caucus of both Houses in reference to the Police Commissioners' bill for Philadelphia. Illinois Legislature. By Telegraph to the Pittapurgh Gazette. j Chicago, February 4.—In the Legisla-ture to-day, a joint resolution was passed submitting to the people an amend-ment to the Illinois Constitution, that ment to the Illinois Constitution, that the Legislature shall have no power to release the Illinois Central Railroad from

the payment of any tax on gross receipts.

It is positively asserted in Springfield that Gov. Palmer will veto Fuller's bill to regulate railroad fares. Dry Goods Firm Failure. (By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)
PHILADELPHIA, February 4.—A large dry goods jobbing house failed here to-day. Liabilities said to be five hundred

# FORTIETH CONGRESS.

[THIRD SESSION.]

ENATE: Bill to Convert Registered into Coupon Bonds— Suffrage Amendment Further Discussed-Evening Session. HOUSE: Recusant Witnesses Discharged-Indian Appro-

lution of the Legislature of Kansas relating to the mail service and post routes in Kansas.

Mr. CATTELL introduced a bill to provide for the conversion of registered bonds for the United States into coupon bonds, which was referred to the Finance

It authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to issue, upon such terms and under such regulations as he may from time to time prescribe, coupon bonds in exchange for and in lieu of any registered bonds which have been or may hereafter be lawfully issued, such coupon bonds to be similar in all warners to the scanners. be similar in all respects to the coupon bonds issued under the acts authorizing the issue of the registered bonds offered

Mr. HOWE, from the Committee on Claims, reported favorably the bill to pay loyal citizens in the States lately in rebellion for services in taking the United States consus in 1860. Mr. POMEROY moved to take up the

otion made by Mr. Conness to reconsider the vote upon the bill relating to the Central Branch of the Union Pacific Ballroad, to allow the Senator from Oregon, Mr. Williams, to offer an amend ment. Lost. The Constitutional Amendment came up at the expiration of the morning

The pending amendment was to substithe pending amendment was to snosti-tute for the joint resolution as it passed the House the report of the Judiclary Committee of the Senate, viz. "The right of citizens of United States to vote and hold office shall not be denied or abridged by the United States, or by any State on account of race, color or previous con-

Mr. FERRY made an elaborate, vindication of the representation of Connecti-cut, which Mr. Dixon had spoken of as

a Rotten Borough System. Mr. MORTON briefly discussed the question of the best form of words in which to put the amendment. He objected to the form reported by the Judi-ciary Committee, because it merely pro-vided no citizen should be deprived of the right to vote or hold office on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude, leaving it still in the power of the States to disqualify fer other causes. He liked better the form submitted by Mr. Howard as an amendment, provi-ding that citizens of the United States of African descent shall have the same right to vote and hold office as other citizens; but this, too, was open to object tion, because the States might establish an educational test, which, while it disqualified some white men, would disqualify most of the blacks. He preferred, therefore, an affirmative amendment, declaring who shall have the right of suffrage, making it uniform and leaving something like the Crawford county ing nothing on the subject open to forced

Mr. WARNER read an amendment in

fayor of an affirmative amendment.

The Senate took up and passed the bill to provide for the expenses of the Patent Office for January and Fébruary.

Mr. WILLIAMS offered the following Mr. Williams onered the following amendment, upon which he will speak to-morrow: "Congress shall have power to abolish or modify any restriction of the right to vote or to hold office precribed by the constitution or laws of

any State. At 4:30 the Senate took a recess until 7 Evening Session.—A few private bills

were passed.
The bill to amend the act granting lands in aid of the branch of the Central Pacific Railroad to Portland, Oregon, was recommitted. The bill amending the act for the sale of the Arsenal grounds at St. Louis was

The bill to legalize certain land appropriations and agricultural scrip was discussed and tabled. Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

After the reading of the journal, the Sergeant-at-Arms appeared at the bar of the House with Henry Johnson, the recusant witness committed yesterday to his keeping. He having testifled before the Committee on the New York Election Frauds, was discharged from custody. Mr. Florence Scannel was also brought to the bar of the House and dis-

charged.

Mr. WOODWARD introduced a joint resolution changing the name of Wyoming Territory to that of Umatilla. Reed to the Committee on Territories. Messrs. UPSON and FERRY presented resolutions of the Michigan Legislature in favor of the passage of the river and harbor appropriation bill now before the

Mr. SCHENCK said he was instructed by the Committee of Ways and Means to propose that there be no action to-night on the taz bill, as the whisky and tobasco amendments were not yet printed, and the Committee wanted to revise them; but that the evening session should be held for general debate.

Mr. WOODWARD inquired whether Mr. Schenck was saviant to dealers.

day. Liabilities said to be five hundred thousand dollars, seventy thousand of which are due one house in this city.

Mr. Schenck was serious in desiring final action on the bill at this session, in view of the fact, which he believed was generally understood by both first the desired was generally understood by the fact. generally understood by both Houses,

that the Senate could not take it up and and for the reduction of the rates of in-act upon it? act upon it?
Mr. SCHENCK replied he was very

erious about it. The proposition for an evening session for general debate was agreed to.

Mr. MOORHEAD wanted to have the tariff taken up this evening, but objec-

tion was made.

The amendments reported by the Committee of the Whole to the Indian Appropriation bill were taken up and acted

Discharged—Indian Appropriation Bill Passed—Delegate Holbrock Censured by the Speaker for Indecorous and Unparliamentary Language—Evening Session Devoted to General Debate.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

Washington, February 4, 1869.

SENATE.

Mr. POMEROY presented a joint resolution of the Legislature of Kansas relating to the mail service and post routes in Kansas.

Mr. CHANDLER presented a joint resolution of the Legislature Narious to the Walle to the indian Appropriation bill were taken up and acted on by the House.

Mr. GARFIELD moved to recommit the bill, with instructions to report back an additional section transferring the Indian Bureau to the War Department.

On a point of order by Mr. WIND-HAM, the motion was ruled out of order.

Mr. BUTLER, of Massachusetts, desired the House to understand that the bill now under consideration would not pay the Indian expenditure by the sum of \$3,000,000. If the system was carried forward which was now in process of execution, that plan would cost from six to seven million dollars a year.

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in Kansas.

Mr. CHANDLER presented a joint resolution of the Michigan Legislature, requesting Michigan Representatives and Senators to secure the passage of the River and Harbor appropriation bill.

The Chair presented the credentials of T. W. Tipton, Senator elect from Nebraska.

Mr. NYE presented the credentials of William Stewart, Senator elect from Newby, if the Indian Bursau as one more than the never with administration. He had even heard the very nature of that service was one which allowed all the baser and more corrupt passions. He had even heard the very nature of that service was one which allowed all the baser and develope themselves. He declared that he never would vote for appropriations of money that were to flow through the unclean channels of the Indian Bursau.

Mr. WINDHAM replied to the remarks of Mr. Garfield, and asked him why, if the Indian Bursau as one more the Indian Bursau as one more the oroughly corrupt than any other branch of the administration. He had even heard the very nature of that service was one which allowed all the baser and develope themselves. He declared that he never would vote for appropriations of more corrupt passions to efficiency and develope themselves. He declared that he never would vote for appropriations of more corrupt passions to efficiency and the very nature of that service was one which allowed all the baser and More corrupt passions to efficiency and the very nature of that service was one which allowed all the baser and the very nature of that service was one which allowed all the baser and the very nature of that service was one which allowed all the baser and the very nature of that service was one which allowed all the baser and the very nature of that service was one which allowed all the baser and the very nature of that service was one which allowed all the baser and the very nature of that service was one which allowed all the baser and the very nature of that service was one which allowed all the baser and the very nature of the same and the ve Mr. NYE presented the credentials of why, if the Indian Bureau service was so corrupting as the gentleman from Ohio described, he was so anxious to turn it over to his friends, the military officers. If the Chairman of the Military Committee (Mr. Gosfald) cers. If the Chairman of the Military Committee (Mr. Gariied) would look after the stealings of military men in the commutation of fuel, quarters, etc., he would find that more money was stolen every year, actually stolen, than there was appropriated for the whole Indian service. He was not here to defend the Indian service. He had endeavored on various occasions to revent the committee of the

on various occasions to prevent this coron various occasions to prevent this cor-ruption, and had brought in a measure which would have prevented it; but the gentleman from Ohio had met it with his transfer to the War Department as a cure for the evil. Mr. CLARKE, of Kansas, a member of the Committee on Indian affairs, said he agreed in the main with the position of the gentleman from Ohio, (Mr. Gar-field,) and disagreed with the chairman

of the Indian Committee. He argued that the present bill should not pass, if for no other reason than the abuse of the treaty making power.
The SPEAKER interfered and said it was clearly out of order to reflect upon the official conduct of a co-equal branch

of the government.

Mr. CLARKE said he would take that back. He went on to argue against the corrupt system of Indian treaties and against the passage of the bill.

Mr. HOLBROOK, Delegate from Idaho, having obtained the floor from Mr. Bint-ler, proceeded to discuss the Indian ques in the course of his remarks he

The SPEAKER called him to order.

Mr. BENJAMIN asked that the offendve words be taken down.

Mr. BUTLER remarked he had not heard what was said.

Mr. HOLBROOK began to repeat, when
the Speaker again interrupted him and said it would be improper for him to repeat the objectionable words.

They having been written by the reporter and read by the Clerk, the SPEAKER, in a sincere tone, said:
"The Chair rules these words to be out of order, as being unparliamentary and in-decorous. When a gentleman declares that a member has stated on the floor what he knew to be unqualifiedly false, he used the most insulting language that can be uttered on the floor of a parliamentary body."

Mr. HOLBROOK was about to make

some remarks, when Mr. BENJAMIN, interrupting, said be objected to the Delegate proceeding until he retracted what he had said. Mr. HOLBROOK—I do not propose to The SPEAKER—The Delegate from Idaho refuses to retract his words.

Mr. HOLBROOK - Does the Chair The SPEAKER—The Chair has ruled that the remarks of the gentleman were

not only unparliamentary, but were as insulting as could be made on the floor of a parliamentary body.

Mr. HOLBROOK—I: desire to ask a quastion question.
The SPEAKER—The Chair can hold

no debate with the geutleman.

Mr. CHANLER appealed from the decision, as being contrary to a decision which the Speaker made before in reference to language used by Mr. Logan.

The SPEAKER—The Chair can hold no controversy with the gentleman from New York, or any other gentleman, in relation to other decisions. Every decision stands by itself, on the words used, subject to appeal at the time.

Mr. CHANLER—I withdraw the ap-

peal.
Mr. SCHENCK offered the following resolution:
Resolved, That C. D. Holbrook, Dele-

gate from the Territory of Idaho, having uttered the following language, (quoting t) distinctly and in the presence of the ittered the following language, (quoting it) distinctly and in the presence of the House, and refuses to retract the same, be immediately brought to the bar of the House by the Sergeant-at-Arms, and severely censured by the Speaker.

Adopted without division.

The SPEAKER having directed the Sergeant-at-Arms to bring Mr. Holbrook

Sergeant-at-Arms to bring Mr. Holbrook to the bar of the House, administered the censure of the House. Mr. Holbrook then retired and the discussion was continued at some length.
Finally Mr. GARFIELD moved to lay
the bill on the table, which was objected to, there being only twenty-three affirm-

ative votes.

The bill then pased.

Mr. SCHENCK offered the following privileged resolution:

Resolved, That James F. Wilson, of Iowa, and John W. L. Pruyn, of New York, be appointed tellers on the part of the House of Representatives to count the electoral votes for President and Vice President of the United States. The SPEAKER stated that for obvious reasons the Chair desired the House to take the responsibility of making these appointments instead of himself.

The resolution was agreed to.

Mr. LOGAN introduced a bill providing for the payment of the national debt

on Ways and Means.

The House proceeded to the business of the morning, being the bill reported yesterday from Committee on Roads and Canals, to authorize the building of a military and postal railroad from Washington to New York.

Mr. COOK spoke in favor and Mr. KERR against it, when, at the expiration of the morning hour, the bill went over till Tuesday next.
The House proceeded to business on the Speaker's table and disposed thereof as follows:

Senate amendments to House bill for the relief of John A. Ostler, of Guernsey county, Ohio, were concurred in.
Senate joint resolution directing the
Secretary of the Interior to annul the Secretary of the Interior to annul the stationery contract with Dempsey and O'Toole was passed, with an amendment atriking out the direction to give the contract to Maher and Blanchard.

Senate joint resolution authorizing the transfer of certain appropriations heretotofore made for public printing, binding and engraving, was passed.

Senate joint resolution extending to

senate joint resolution extending to the reconstructed States the benefits of the Agricultural College bill was refer-red Committee on Public Lands. Senate bill to amend act of 18th of Feb-ruary, 1862, to prohibit the Coolie trade in American ships was passed. Recess till half past seven o'clock. Evening session for debate only.

Evening Session.—Mr. ELA made a speech in defence of paper money, increased tariff on luxuries, government conomy, etc.
Mr. DARLING spoke for the prehibi tion of the further sale of public lands by private entry or by grants to private cor

porations.
Mr. WILLIAMS maintained in speech that the honor and faith of the nation must be maintained in the payment of the public debt, and argued in favor of an early partial resumption of specie payment.

Mr. SCHENCK spoke in favor of his

resolution for the withholding from the Union Pacific Railroad of a portion of the onds until the completion of the road as a first class rallroa Mr. KELLY, of Pa., resumed his dis cussion of the report of Special Commis-sioner Wells, which he characterized as full of plausible fallacies.

### BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The Committee rose and the Hous

-Senator Henderson, of Missouri, has gone to Cuba for the benefit of his health. —Maher, the man last arrested, is confidently believed to be the one who murdered Mr. Rogers at New York.

-F. B. Pinto, who robbed the Park Bank at New York, has been sentenced to five years in the State Prison. The large copper works of Hill & Wright, East Boston, Mass., were burned. Thursday morning. Loss \$12,000. Liewis Davis was hanged in the Cuy-shogs county (Ohlo) juil on Wednes-day, for the murder of D. P. Skinner, last Sentember.

tion. In the course of his remarks he used these words: "The gentleman having charge of this bilt saw fit to silence the Delegates here by raising points of order and making assertions which he knew at the time he made them to be unqualifiedly false."

The SPEA FER called him to order

-The Metropolitan (New York) police arrested last year 68,451 persons, of whom 31,668 were females. Seventy-eight were charged with murder. -The inauguration ball will take place

in the new wing of the Treasury build-ing at Washington city, the committee having secured it for that purpose. -There are twelve persons in the New York tombs charged with murder, inmonths.

-Gen. Comstock was married to daughter of Montgomery Blair at Washington city, on Wednesday evening. Among those present were Gen. Grant

and family. -A bill has been introduced in the New Jersey Legislature to tax life insurance companies one-half of one per cent. on all premiums, and thus create a new

source of revenue. -President Johnson has directed the Attorney General to make a report in the case of Dr. Mudd as preliminary to his pardon. The friends of Dr. M. say they have no doubt he will soon be set at lib-

-The lower House of the Missouri Legislature has passed a bill providing that joint stock companies or associations from another State transacting business in the State of Missouri may sue or be

sued in the courts of that State. —A skating match at Buffalo, Wednesday night, between Miss Godbout, of New Brunswick, and Miss Dean, of Chicago, for five hundred dollars, was won by Miss Dean, the score standing thirtyour to thirty-one. Another match is on

between the same parties. —A delegation of prominent women have arrived at Jefferson City with a pe-tition from the Woman's Suffrage Asso-ciation of Missouri, asking the Legislature to provide for the amendment of the State Constitution so as to strike the world "male" from that instrument.

-During the progress of a ball and concert at St. Patrick's Hall, at Montreal, Wednesday night, about two thousand persons being present, the cry was raised that the roof was giving way. All rushed to the street, but while the last were getting out the roof fell with a

crash, and several persons were injured. —The New York Times says of the re-cent developments relative to the eva-sions of internal revenue taxes in Wall street, that when Mr. Webster came into office, a few months ago, he found a large class of people who claimed to be brokers, and who had taken out a broker's license, which is fifty dollars, who were in reality bankers and ought properly to have been paying licenses as properly to have been paying license as such, which is one hundred dollars, and two dollars per thousand on all over \$50,000 capital. Many brokers and large stock and banking houses reported no capital at all, and none returned de-posits as taxable. Mr. Webster proposes to make these people pay their arrear-ages during the past fifteen months. several houses have already come forward to comply with the Assessor's view of the case. If Webster's ruling is susained, that the law imposes a tax of one tained, that the law imposes a tax of one-twenty-fourth of one per cent, on capital employed, as applicable to the daily temporary loans negotiated by brokers upon stocks, gold, &c., the income from this source alone, in Mr. Webster's district, will be over three millions of dollars, added to public revenue.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

· THE CAPITAL.

y Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette. 1 Washington, February 4, 1869. MISSISSIPPI RECONSTRUCTION. The Committee on Reconstruction were to-day to have decided definitely as to the restoration of Mississippi to the Union, but postposed action in consequence of information that another dele gation from that State is on the way to Washington. The Committee has decided to report a bill removing political disabilities from a number of persons in the South.

BROUGHT TO THE BAR. Mr. Holbrook, delegate from Idaho, having used grossly insulting language to Mr. Butler in the discussion of the Indian appropriation bill, was brought before the bar of the House in charge of the Sergeant-at-Arms and severely cen

sured by the Speaker. PUBLIC CREDIT BILL. The Committee of Ways and Means have agreed to report the bill introduced by Mr. Schenck, on the 20th of January, strengthen the public credit and relating to contracts for payment of coin, and pledging the faith of the United States to the payment of bonds in coin.

CONVALESCING. Hon. E. B. Washburne, who has been letained at home by severe sickness for several days, has so far recovered that he expects soon to resume his seat in the louse.

# NEW YORK CITY.

Bond Thief Caught—Revenue Defraud-ers—Gold Sales—East River Bridge— —Libel Sult—Sentenced to Prison for

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.] NEW YORK, Feb. 4, 1869. John Dobbs, one of the parties who robbed Cambreling & Pine, in January, of \$150,000 in bonds and securities, has been arrested and surrendered \$20,000 of the spoils. His confederate, Charles Dooly, is yet at large with the balance

of the property.

Thomas O'Callaghan, Ex-Collector of Internal Revenue in the Ninth district, and John F. Entrich, distiller, have been arrested and held in \$10,000 bail for trial on a charge of revenue frauds.

The Chamber of Commerce to-day adopted a resolution recommending Con-gress to pass a bill forbidding secret sales of gold by the government; also, one asking the Senate to suspend action on the East river bridge bill until a better plan for the bridge is adopted.

The libel suit of Isaac Cook against the Edward Boyle, alias Francis, was before Recorder Hackett to-day for sentence, having pleaded guilty of felonious
assault and battery. Assistant District

Johnson and Minister Resecrans of hint-Attorney Hutchings said it had been

stated in the newspapers that the pris-oner was wanted in Michigan for the murder of the Sheriff of Kalamazoo county. Capital punishment has been abolished in Michigan, and therefore in the event of conviction there he could only be sent to the States prison for life but as the sentence could be pronounced on his pleas for a very long term, it would be better for the Court to make cluding two women, the majority of his punishment quick and severe here, whom were arrested within the past two as a warning to those desperate men who were infesting the city, a large class of them coming from other cities to pursue their lawless vocations. He moved, therefore, that the judgment of the law be pronounced on the prisoner. The prisoner was sentenced to forty years imprisonment in the State prison. Several burglars were sentenced in the

Courts to day to terms of imprisonment varying from two and a half to twenty years.
Gen. Grant arrived to night and attended Niblo's Theatre.
The snow storm began at New York yesterday noon. A thunder and light-ning storm extended throughout New England Wednesday night.

Woman Suffrage in Missouri. [By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette. 1 St. Louis. February 4.—The delegate of the Woman's Suffrage Association were received by the Legislature in joint session this afternoon and treated with marked respect. John E. Hendrick, Speaker of the House, was called to the Chair, and made a short speech, taking strong grounds in favor of female suffrage and making this a republican government in fact, as it is in theory.

Mrs. Jno. S. Phelps made a few re-

Mrs. Jno. S. Phelps made a lew remarks, and gave an outline of the reasons why woman demands the ballot. But the principal speech of the occasion was made by Miss Phebe W. Cozzins, of St. Hade by Miss Pricede W. Cozzins, of St.
Louis, who delivered a long, elaborate
and eloquent address, going over nearly
the whole ground involved in the question, and making many strong points.
She was listened to with attention and
frequently singleded. Lightween Confrequently applauded. Lieutenant Governor Standard, Senator Harbine and several other members spoke and took very decided ground in favor of woman suffrage. After the adjournment of the convention, the suffrage petitles was decided. convention, the suffrage petition was cir-culated, and Gov. McClurg, Lieut. Gov. Standard and some forty or fifty senators and representatives signed it, which almost assures that an amendment to the Constitution, striking out the word "male," will be submitted to the people as a seperate proposition at the next general election

### The Insurrection in Cuba.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.) HAVANA, February 4.-For several days a rumor has been current that the revolutionary Generals Cespedes and Aguilar have surrendered to Count Valmaseda, but the report proves untrue. No news has been received from the

Eastern Department.

The journals of Havana have refrained for the past week from publishing news from the seat of war, and it appears as if there was a tacit understanding not to inform the people of the situation of Buffalo Land.

Buffalo Land. inform the people of the situation of affairs.
The Diarto of to-day says General Au-

gustine Arango, of the revolutionary forces, has been assassinated by his companions.

## NEWS BY CABLE.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette, ]

SPAIN. MADRID, February 4 .- Bands of Carists have made their appearance in Catalonis. They come from the Valley of Andorra, and seek to produce a rising against the Provisional Government Troops have been sent out to disperse them. The press of this city, fearing civil war, urge the Government to take active measures and the people to unite

## against the reactionary party.

GREAT BRITAIN. London, February 4.—The appeal re-cently made in the case of Costello, the American citizen convicted of complicity in Fenian revolts, has been denied

SOUTH AMERICA. Paris, February 4.-Late South Amer-

ican advices say it is reported that a Brazilian force has gone to Asuncion to establish a Provisional Government.

GREECE. London, February 4.—Dispatches from Athens announce the probable adherence of Greece to the protocol of the Confer-

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL London, February 4—Eveniag.—Consols, for money, 95@95¼; for account, 93¼. Five-Twenty bonds, 76@76%. Stocks: Erie, 24; Illinois, 93¼. The decrease of specie in the Bank of England was £315,000.

FRANKFORT, February 4.-United FRANKFORT, February 4.—United States Bonds, 79%@80.

LIVERPOOL, February 4.—Cotton is excited, with sales of middling uplands at 12%d, and Orleans at 12%d. The sales amounted to 25,000 bales. California white wheat is held at 11s 5d@11s 6d, and red western at 9s 9d@9s 10d. Western flour is held at 26s. Corn: 33c. for old; 31s. for new. Oats, 3s 6d. Barley, 5s. Peas, 44s. Provisions: Pork. 97s 6d. Beef, 102s 6d. Lard, 78s. Cheese, 75s. Bacon, 59s 6d. Tallow, 46s 6d. Tur-75s. Bacon, 595 6d. Tallow, 46s 6d. Turpentine, 30s 9d. Linseed oil, £30 10s.
LONDON, February 4.—Sperm oil, £96.
Sugar is buoyant. Calcutta Linseed, 55s.
ANTWERP, February 4.—Petroleum is

94 francs. Frankfort, January 4.—Evening— Paris, January 5 .- Bourse strong at

HAVRE, January 4 .- Evening-Cotton closed at 140f. for tres ordinaire: 140f for low middling to arrive.

London, January 4.—Evening—Linseed Gil closed 27 pounds 10s. per ton.

News from Mexico. By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.] CITY OF MEXICO JANUARY 28, via HAVANA, February 4.—The Mexican Congress adjourned on Thursday, after passing important bills. The government ing at annexation in their public utterances. The report that anyatron man pro-nounced against the government is not confirmed. The rural police have been largely augmented. A conducta leaves on the 28th for Vera Cruz.

Stabbed at a Fair. [By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.] MEMPHIS, February 4.—An affair oc-curred at the Catholic Fair last night, in which Wm. Rice, a well-known sporting which will they, a war orleans, was man, formerly of New Orleans, was stabbed and probably fatally wounded by a drunken man named Tim McGrath, by a drunken man named Tim McGrath, who was arrested after a terrible resistance, after being knocked senseless by the police, and after three of them had been badly cut. McGrath was commit-

-A resident of Brooklyn, New York, while laboring under the insane idea that some one was trying to rob him, took his watch and four nundred dollars out on the street and gave them to the first stranger he met. The stranger has not returned the watch and money, although the Brooklyn man has become

ted to jail.

-Dennis McCarthy, Michael Warren and Patrick Fitzgerald have been arrested for causing the destruction by fire of the railroad bridge over Deerfield

river, at Cheap Side, Massachusetts, January 17th, 1863. -Miss Sophia, daughter of A. P. Howe, a prominent merchant of Springfield, Mass., has been missing since the 80th ult., and is supposed to have wandered away in a fit of temporary insanity.

Markets by Telegraph. NEW ORLEANS, February 4.—Cotton 1/2 higher: middling 29; sales 20 bales; receipts 1,649 bales; exports 4,900 bales. Gold 130. Exchange, sterling 148; Commercial 146½a147; New York Sight 4/2 discount. Holders of Louisiana Coupons, discount the let instant have been not due on the 1st instant, have been notified that they will be paid on presenta-tion at the banking house of Pike Bros. & Co., New Orleans. Flour firmer; su-perfine \$6,62, double extra \$7,20, treble perfine \$6,62 double extra \$7,20, treble extra \$3,25, shipping grades scarce. Hay dull at \$20,35. Bran unchanged. Oats firmer at 70. Pork in demand and quoted at \$35,26. Bacon firmer; shoulders 15½; clear rib 18½; clear sides 19½. Lard active; tierce 20½; keg 22½. Sugar and Molasses steady and unchanged. Whisky and Coffee quiet and unchanged. Chicago, January 4.—Evening—In the afternoon the grain market was inactive. Wheat dull, with sales No. 2 spring at \$1,15%. Corn almost nominal at 68% for new. During the evening business was quiet, and the wheat market entirely nominal. In the afternoon nothing was done in corn or oats. Provisions are quiet, with sales 120,000 pounds dry salted shoulders at 13c; 200 bbls Mess Pork, buyer for February, at

Buffalo, January 4.—The market is generally inactive, with sales four cars new Corn at 78a79c, on track, and 500 bus

Canada Barley at \$2,10. NASHVILLE, February 4-Cotton mar Buger firm; No. 12 is quoted at 8½ reals. ket active; low middling, 27½2%; good to ordinary, 27227½; stock, 4,000 bales.