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THURSDAY, JANUARY 14, 1869.

THE WREELY GAZETTE, issued on Wedmesdays and Saturdays, is the best and cheapest family newspaper in Pennsylvania. It presents each usek forty-eight columns of solid reading matter. It gives the fullest as well as the most reliable market reports of any paper in the State. Its files are used exclusively by the Civil Courts of Allegheny county for reference in important issues to determine the ruling prices in the markets at the time of the business transaction in dispute. Terms: Single copy, one year, \$1.50; in clubs of five, \$1,25; in clubs of ten, \$1,15, and one free to the getter up of the club. Specimen copies sent free to any address.

WE PRINT on the inside pages of this morning's GAZETTE-Second page: Poetry, Kohemeris. Third and Sixth pages: Financial, Commercial, Mercantile and River News, Imports, and Markets, Railway Time Tables - Seventh page: A Woman's Views About Women's Homes, Work and Wages. Cost of Living in Germany, Around the World, Fiction, Steel Rails not a Success, Miscellaneous Reading Matter and Amusement Directory.

GOLD closed yesterday in New York at 1357.

Hon. THOMAS WILLIAMS, author of the Tenure-of-Office Act, is opposed to its repeal.

THE prospects are that the MOORHEAD tariff bill will not meet with consideration this session of Congress.

THE Johnstown Tribune, one of the very ablest of our weekly exchanges, comes to us in an enlarged form, presenting a very handsome appearance

THE newly elected Councils of Allegheny City will meet for organization at the chamber of the Common Branch on Friday morning at ten o'clock.

THE election of A. W. CAMPBELL, Esq., to the United States Senate from West Virginia is now thought highly probable. He will carry with him, to the position, if elected, large experience and decided ability.

THE BODY of the late Hon. DARWIN A.

of Police magistrates is in a measure supstring between this company and the
string between this co werp, yesterday. The remains will be con- to see the force of the suggestions made Hill Cemetery, Philadelphia.

THE LEGISLATURE has before it a new Registry Law, carefully framed to hold water when before the Supreme Court. It is thought the bill will pass, as all the Republican members are inclined to favor it. We have not the text before us, and hence cannot express any opinion as to its merits or Constitutionality.

THE Republican nominee for State Treasurer, R. W. MACKEY, Esq., of this city, was yesterday, elected to that office by the Legislature, by a vote of 76 to 51. Congratulating our friend and neighbor upon his acquisition of this honorable trust it is equally due to his personal merits to add that the Commonwealth secures, in this choice, a most competent and valuable servant. His term of office will be for one year dating from the first Monday of Monday next.

laying the track of the Union Pacific Railroad, presented his credentials as a delegate to Congress from Wyoming Territory, on the income from the stock met the regu-Tuesday. His claims to a seat were referred to the Committee on Elections. Gen. CASEMENT Would certainly make his mark as a member of the House, as he is full of life and action. Any man who can lay three miles of railroad track a day is worthy a seat in any body, especially Congress, where he can expedite matters.

Those who clamor for a revival of the Canadian Reciprocity treaty have just encountered what Mr. J. B. Goven would call a "circumstance," of the most uncomfortable type. The report of a special commissioner of the Treasury shows that, while the old treaty was in operation, we derived a revenue of only \$75,000 annually from Canadian importations, while our exports to those provinces yielded \$2,500,000 per year in customs to the Canadian government. More than that; abrogating the onesided arrangement, our Canadian trade has actually increased, and the Treasury has collected \$7,000,000 annually in duties therefrom. This is a bad show for any more

"reciprocity." In CITY COUNCILS on Tuesday, there was introduced a resolution instructing the City Engineer to prepare a plan of general sewerage for the city; but meeting with some opposition, from the fact that it did not come through the proper committee, it was laid upon the stock which the proceeds of that on the table. It will probably come up at loan had paid for, it appears that not only the next meeting, and we trust will be favorably acted upon. The city badly needs such city, but that it has also realized the further a plan, and the cost of its preparation would be a mere trifle in comparison to the great reduction of its debt, and that it still holds advantage derived therefrom. At present, 70,149 shares of the stock, worth, at the curpeschment of their ability and probity. It sewers are constructed indiscriminately of rent rates, \$3,770,508. The city has thus is not our fault that our cotemporary's blow various capacities, and in serpentine ways made a direct profit of more than \$2,160,find connection with the river. Many 000, after the last dollar of its bonds shall animus to the most superficial observer. serious errors of judgment have been made have been cancelled. How many millions We desire only to do justice to the gentleserious errors or juugment have seen many more might be added to the amount, to re- men so unkindly assailed,

competent for the work and the Councils would be difficult to compute. should not be slow to embrace themselves of his services in the matter.

THE STATEMENT of the business of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company for the month and for the year past, appears in another column. Compared with December 1867, the last month shows an increase of \$30,545.58 in the net earnings, while the entire net increase for the year reaches the very notable sum of \$636,448.42 It is also to be observed that, while the gross earnings have swollen from \$7,242,125.96 in '67 to \$8,022,120.74 in '68, an addition of about \$780,000, the expenses for the same period were enlarged by not quite \$140,000, resulting in the net increase as above. Herein we have conclusive proof that the affairs of the corporation have been managed with as much economy as skill. month, has derived this large additional income almost wholly from the carriage of freights, it would also afford the best evi-

THE PRESENTMENT.

a solid basis in the public confidence.

We publish in another column the presentment of the Grand Jury, presented yesterday to the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions. It is a concisely worded and interesting document, and will repay perusal. We most heartily agree with the complimentary reference made to the Work House and of the gentlemen comprising the Board of Managers, and the Superintendent, who are charged with the details of its erection. The recommendation that the institution be early completed is a good one, as the county is suffering with an overcrowded jail, and the hundreds who almost live entirely in confinement as vagrants might be redeemed and be consigned to a work house, where they would have to earn their bread by industry. The Grand Jury members were specially pleased with Dixmont Hospital, the County Home and House of Refuge, all of which institutions are managed in a highly creditable manner.

The unblushing violation of the license law, as well as the enormous increase of rum shops in the vicinity, is a topic lightly present law is materially changed. The liquor traffic is hard to regulate, and it is at least due the people that the Legislature frame for the county a law less objectionable than the one in force. It was thought when it was passed that the effect would be to temporarily increase the number of liquor saloons, but that in the course of time the weaker dealers would fall out of the way. unable to cope with the great opposition presented. Such has not been the case, but to the contrary, both weak and strong are

prospering. The reference made to the incompetency THE BODY of the late Hon. DARWIN A. of Police magistrates is in a measure supsigned to their final resting place in Laurel Hill Cemetery, Philadelphia.

secure reform in this direction. Upon the whole the presentment is well worthy the tion, when the Vanderbilt influence contains while the presentment is well worthy the tion, when the Vanderbilt influence contains while the presentment is well worthy the tion. attention of all thoughtful citizens.

A PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.

When the city of Philadelphia was invited to subscribe for one hundred thousand shares of stock of the Pennsylvania Railroad, the application was urgently supported by the friends of the projected improvement, and as stoutly opposed by many citizens of large practical experience in everything but railway affairs. Fortunately for that city, the more sagacious counsels prevailed, and the subscription was made. For the payment of the sum subscribed, the city negotiated, upon its own credit, a loan of \$5,000,000. For a considerable period, and until the completed road began to realize a remunerative income, the interest upon this remunerative income, the interest upon this remunerative income, the interest upon this the Board.

Whether we consider the boldness or Whether we consider the boldness or the large that the profits party. loan was also an added burthen upon the City Treasury. But the day at last came when the most sanguine hopes of its early GEN. T. S. CASEMENT, the contractor for and steadfast friends were more than realized. Paying regular and ample dividends, these outgoes of the City Treasury ceased; larly recurring payments for interest, and the only question remaining concerned the ultimate discharge of the principal of the

> Philadelphia then awoke to the fact that she was rapidly becoming a great and prosperous city. And there were none of her people so blind as to everlook, or so tenscious of their former prejudices as to deny. that, for her late and wonderful advance inpopulation and wealth, she was mainly indebted to the courage and wisdom which had projected and perfected this great road, and which has bound the vast resources of the West as an inseparable element in the material presperity of the great city at its tide-water terminus. Philadelphia then realized that the amount expended for her subscription was already more than repaid to her by this wonderful increment in the wealth of her citizens, and that she could afford to lose every other recourse for the repayment of the five millions subscribed, and still would be the gainer, in dollars actually netted to her gen-

eral resources. She has done even better than that. A recent report of her City Controller gives the sequel of the story. Recapitulating the amounts paid out for interest on the loan. and the sums received by way of dividends. has every dollar spent been repaid to the sum of \$3,390,421,78, for application in the

most important sewers of the city, owing to present the indirect but not less solid adthe fact that no general plan has been vantages which its people have reaped from in use. The City Engineer is throughly their timely sagacity and steadfast pluck, it this law, a letter to the New York Times

A WEST INDIAN STATE.

The proposition for an American protectorate over certain West Indian islands, to which we alluded recently, was formally brought before Congress, by Gen. BANKS, in the House on Tuesday. It met with an unfavorable reception from members. Although no vote was taken, and the subject went over for the day, enough was said, in a running commentary in the way of queries from the curious and of replies by the member from Massachusetts, to evince the sense of the House unmistakably against the policy of such present intervention in the affairs of neighboring peoples. Incidentally, but significantly, an inquiry whether any negotiations are pending, between the administration and the authorities of Hispaniola, was apparently evaded If the business of the year, like that of the by Gen. BANKS, but substantially answered in the affirmative. His language will be everywhere regarded as tantamount to the admission that Mr. SEWARD has already taken the initial steps for the proposed agree dence that the Fort Wayne road has reached ment with those authorities.

The programme is, evidently, under the disguise of a protectorate, to absorb Hayti and San Domingo among the American possessions. Next, would come such effectual aid to the Cuban insurgents as to establish the nominal independence of that island, over which a similar protectorate would speedl'y follow.

The Haytien proposition, strictly upon its own merits, might find many friends in this in the Senate may be deferred to a period country. The two Governments in that island are absolutely independent, and no pewer in the world can dispute their right to dispose of themselves as they please. The Cuban affair is altogether a different question, and that part of the programme would be fruitful of international difficulmade useful members of society if they could ties, which we are all earnestly desirous to avoid. Whenever the advocates of Haytien annexation shall be able to satisfy our people that their proposition would involve no hazards in this direction, they will have a very fair prospect for its general adoption. We can all agree to take Hispaniola, provided that no money is to be paid for it, and that its population accept the ordinary posltion of other States in our Republic. The arguments in favor of annexation are many, touched upon by the presentment. We do and most of them are palpable, while obnot see that any relief can come until the jections might be partizan but could have little substantial weight.

Nevertheless, the scheme is likely to Le defeated now-to be revived at an early day.

THE CLEVELAND RAILROAD IM-

In referring to the late Railroad imbroglio

the Cleveland Herald says: The newly elected Directors are as follows: J. N. McCulloch, Weltsville; James F. Clark, Cleveland; J. Graham Garpiner, Cincinnati; E. Gest, Cincinnati; J. J. Gest, Cincinnati; E. Gest, Cincinnati; J. J. Gest, Cincinnati; B. F. Jones, Pittsburgh; Joseph Stickney, Wilkesbarre, Pa.; W. H. Denham, New York; N. Millard, New York; N. A. Prentiss, New York; John D. Taylor, New York. The terms of the contract extens between this Company and the Pitter. counts for the retention by the new dynasty trolled, Mr. Jas. F. Clark, of this city, was not re-elected as Director. This fact may have been the reason for his election now by the Eric interest. How Mr. Jones, of

company.

By the original charter of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Company a certain number of Directors must be citizens of Ohio, the of Directors must be citizens of Only, the object of which clause is apparent; but to neutralize that feature the Ohio Directors—save Messrs. Clark and McCullough—were taken from Cincinnati, the most distant point from the road, while one Director hailing from Cincinnati is a New York carnet bagger, sent out a few days in ad-

novelty of this operation, it has not its par-allel in stock movements. And there is another feature in these elections of Railroad Directors not generally known, and which, it is said, entered so largely into the election of the C. & P. Company on the 6th as to control the vote. Proxies are supposed to be given by holders of the stock to persons who represent the views of the owner of such stock; it not being convenient for such holders to attend personally upon the meeting at which the election takes place. they give a power of attorney that their views may be represented in the election. But the original object of the proxy, so far as railroad elections are concerned, has been lost; and now proxies are matters of traffic, the parties securing them who are willing to pay the largest premium for their use. Report has it that enough proxies were used, for the use of which two per cent, were paid, as to control the election on the 6th instant.

WHEN Judge Woodward was nominated, General Cass was a candidate, but his friends made no complaint; when the gallant Hiester Clymer received the nomina-tion over Mr. Cass, no man contributed more of means than the latter, or rendered a more cordial support to the nominee.

R is fair to state that he will probably have no competitor whose name has been mentioned in any previous convention. The gentlemen who are likely to be named feel the necessity of being placed upon the track and take their turn. The whole electioned in the property of being placed upon the track and take their turn. electioneering business is distasteful to electioneering business is distasteful to General Cass; he does not seek the office; he has no unkind words for gentlemen who aspire to the place; on the contrary, holds them in high estimation. We believe he is the choice of the people of the State, who now urge the use of his name, which they believe will be a certain guarantee of victory. We but simply echo that voice in advocating his nomination. But come what may, the friends of General Cass will use no dishonorable means in advancing his claims to that high office., Everybody teels that ability and probity are sadiy feels that ability and probity are sadly needed there again, and on the general knowledge that he possesses these essential qualifications, his friends confidently rest his claims.—[Post.

We italicize the expressions which plainly cover the Post's sneer at the obscurity of General Cass's competitors, and its imwas so awkwardly delivered as to expose its

MINT TENING AT THE POST OF

THE OFFICE TENURE LAW. Of the vote in the House for the repeal of

The nays were all Republicans, and included some of the ablest and most practical men in the House, such as Garfield, Delano, Shellabarger and Schenck, of Ohio; Pomeroy, Churchill, McCarthy and Laffin, of New York: Armes of Messachusetts. York; Ames, of Massachusetts; Jenckes, of Rhode Island; Perham and Pike, of Maine; Maynard, of Tennessee, and others. Their votes are not to be taken by any means as indicative of a want of confidence in the new administration, for some of them are the warment admirary of some of them are the warmest admirers of both the President and Vice President. Seme of them would have voted for the re-Seme of them would have voted for the repeal if it had come from the Committee in regular order, and had been open to debate. Others are in favor of the principle of the bill, but would have voted for a modification of its provisions. Many Republicans voted for its repeal with pleasure, because they felt that on the occasion of its original passage they had been obliged to vote for it under the pressure of political necessity. Judge Bingham stated in private conversation very emphatically that he voted for the repeal of the statute bevote for it under the pressure of political necessity. Judge Bingham stated in private conversation very emphatically that he voted for the repeal of the statute because it was a dead letter, the Senate having refused to execute it. If the vote in the House is any indication, its passage in the Senate is certain, but the subject will be debated there at great length, and no prediction as to its result can be safely made. It bated there at great length, and no predic-tion as to its result can be safely made. It will be noticed that nearly all the Southern embers voted for the repeal. Republican sentiment is divided with the

same clearness, among the more influential journals of the party. These, however, come much nearer to an agreement in their speculations upon the result of the movement in the Senate. The unconditional repeal of the act does not seem probaable. If anything be done to disturb the present situation, it will, doubtless, be by way of amendment. And final action so late in the session, as to enable Mr. Johnson to pocket, and so defeat the amendatory or repealing bill. In no event, will the present Executive be suffered to derive any official benefit from the decision of Congress. Knowing this, Mr. Johnson is quite willing to throw this matter over, in the hope that it may prove an element of discord in the ensuing Congress. Of the recent vote in the House, the Philadelphia Inquirer says:

The action was sudden, and the determination to repeal the bill—no good reason being shown why it should be done—will being snown why it should be done—will strike many as a rather extraordinary pro-ceeding. It is to be presumed that the members of the House supposed that they were doing a service to General Grant by the passage of this bill. If it is now repealed upon the heel of Johnson's administration, it can only be upon the confession that it it can only be upon the confession that it was passed to embarrass, him. Undoubtedly it was enacted because he was a bad Presiden: but to a good President the law ought not to be a hardship or an impediment, because he would not desire to do anything which would cause the provisions anything which would cause the provisions of the law to beer forcibly against him. General Grant will find no difficulty about this law. The Senate will surely advise and consent to the removal of all the incompetent and unfaithful officers appointed by Andrew removal of all the incompetent and unfaithful officers appointed by Andrew Johnson. In regard to Grant's own appointments, they will be consented to by the Senate, and as long as he and Congress are in accord it is to be presumed that he will have no occasion to remove them except for cause. The law may require amendment to make it more easy in cases of pacassity arising for removed during of necessity arising for removal during the session of Congresss, but the general principle of the act is just, and its retention in the statute book would do no harm.

LIN is not yet assured. In Missouri, where the fight is triangular between Schunz,

LOAN and HENDERSON, a dispatch says:

"The Schurz men are jubilant and declare that Loan is surely beaten, by "The schurz men are judiant and de-clare that Loan is surely beaten, but meanwhile Henderson is looming and gath-ering strength, and the conflict is by no means over. It will be short, however, for but of this there is no assurance. The excitement is so great and the feeling so bitter that there is scarcely a doubt but that every means will be used to defeat Schurz, no matter what the result of the caucus

The State of Superior.

The people of Michigan are taking measures for the formation of a new State, to be contracted of the Upper Peninsula in the State of Michigan; and that portion of Wis-consin lying north of a line drawn from the mouth at the Menominee due west of the Mississippi river, to be called the State of

The proposed State would extend from Sault Ste. Marie on the east, taking the whole south shore of Lake Superior as its northern boundary, embracing nine counties of the Upper Peninsula of Michigan and the tier of counties in Wisconsin. The

litical economists, no doubt he has struck the chord of popular sentiment; that he will be recognized as the leader in this new movement for an American system of currency and finance."

ncy and finance."
The World says: "His plan is not without ingenuity and a certain sort of architectural symmetry, but built upon a ridiculously instable foundation and supported by soph istries, we can't call them arguments, which could be generated only in the brains of a demagogue."

A DEPUTATION of two clergymen from Bohemia will visit the United States next spring, in order to set forth the condition the Protestants in that important province of Austria. The visit is made in consequence of an invitation extended at the meeting of the Evangelical Alliance, at Bath, England, in 1866, and renewed in 1867, by an American clergyman who was travelling in Bohemia.

THE highest price obtained for any one lot of mules at Paris, Kentucky, on Monday last, was nine head of John T. Reymon's at \$170 per head. Yearlings were bid at \$140. Horses sold well, ranging from \$40 to \$150. Captain Kidd sold twenty-four head of yearling mules at \$100 05.

A MR. WHIPPE, of Kingsville, Ashtabula A Mr. Whippe, of Kingsville, Ashtabula county, Ohio, while killing a hog two weeks ago had one of his fingers bitten of. Am. putation was made above the wound, and it was apparently doing well, when he was taken sick, and before his death on the 3d, he was taken sick, and before his death on the 3d, he was the structure of hydrophobia.

LUNG ENAMINATIONS AND THE TREATY MENTON SAID THE TREATY MENTO exhibited all the symptoms of hydrophobia. at aight.

Kansas Legislature--Gevernor's Message. (By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.) St. Louis, Jan. 13.—The Democrat's To-

peka, (Kansas,) special says Gov. Harvey's elected William M. Stewart message was sent to the Legislature to-day. The bonded debt of the State is \$1,095,175;

The Bank of Montreal. State warrants outstanding on the 1st of December, \$290,254; amount of taxes due December, \$290,254; amount of taxes due and now being paid for 1868 to meet these warrants, \$231,450, and unpaid taxes for the previous year, \$156,385. The estimated expenses for the current year, exclusive of State institutions, is \$157,542. Nearly \$10,000 will have to be raised to meet the year. will have to be raised to meet the expense of calling out a battalion of mi-litis and the Nineteenth regiment to defend the border against the Indians. The Governor recommends that two regi-ments of militia be organized, armed and ments of militia be organized, armed and equipped, of men living on frontier, to meet raids, and also urgesa legislative petition to Congress to transfer the bureau to the war debt. He favors a recommendation of the control of the tion by Congress, providing for equal suffrage, regardless to sex or color. There are 45,140 children in public schools against 24,429 of last year. Amount paid to teachers, \$703,878. Received from land tax for

grants. The extension of the Pacific Rail-road to New Mexico and Arizona is considered of very great importance. The population of the State has doubled in the last four years, but a very large portion of it— 50,000,000 acres of land, are still open to nestead energy.

-In New York, at an inquest on the body of a little girl fatally burnt by the explo-sion of kerosene oil, it was shown that the oil was below the lawful standard, being almost pure benzine. The Coroner charged the jury, and they rendered a verdict to the effect that the accident was due to the the effect that the accident was due to the culpable negligence of Roiser & Lahnmeik-er, the manufacturers, and Samuel Schoon-maker, the vendor of the oil. They also recommended all kerosene oil in the city o be properly tested. The Coroner held he manufacturers and Schoonmaker under neavy bonds to awalt the action of the Grand

The steamship Etna, which arrived at New York on Sunday from Liverpool, had a very tempestuous voyage. The fifth officer was swept overboard on December 26th and drowned: five others were also washed overboard at the same time, but were res-cued. Several of the crew and passengers cued. Several of the crew and passengers were badly injured by the same sea, one of them having his collar bone broken. The deck was swept of officers' quarters and boats, and the greatest consternation prevailed among the two hundred passengers on board. The voyage was one of the most severe ever experienced.

The Maine Senatorial question, says a dispatch from Augusta, has assumed a new feature. Mr. Perry, a member of the House, has declared in a card that he threw the blank vote in the caucus intentionally. This leaves Hamiin with a clear majority of Republicans in the Legislature who desired to vote. Morrill's friends now claim that he was clearly the choice of a majority of his party, and fairly nominated, and if any member of his party refuses to vote for him he becomes a bolter.

-The Congressional Committee investigating the New York election frauds were in secret session yesterday, and will probably adjourn to the cural districts in a few bly adjourn to the fural districts in a few days. The Union League Committee say they have paid Larry Farrell thirty dollars on his representation that he had paid out one hundred dollars for the Board to witnesses, but on his saying that the witnesses were willing to swear anything, he and his witnesses were summarily dismissed.

Terrible land slides have occurred in different parts of Mexico, involving consid-erable loss of life. Creeks have appeared where, previously, there was nothing but

AFFECTIONS OF THE KIDNEYS AND

TIRINARY ORGANS. Diseases of this nature are found to exist in persons of all ages. Children, and even infants, are subject to unnatural secretions of the Kidneys, and pain in voiding the nrine, as well as adults. Especially is this the case with aged and infirm persons means over. It will be short, however, for the regular nominating cancus will be held on Wednesday night, and if the decision of that body is adhered to the fight will end, but of this there is not secure or the fight will end, but of this there is not secure or the fight will end, the delicate nature of the aidneys, and the important functions they have to perform. All the superfluous, unhealthy and poisonous waste of the avisted must pass through the kidneys, thence into the bladder, and passes of with the urin; consequently any obstruction in the kidneys, that wil prevent these necessaries.

Act, Ac.

In the removal and cure of such diseases, no remedy has yet been discovered that equals DR. SARedy has yet been discovered that equals DR. SARedy has been used on BAChACHE PILLS.
Trey have been used extensively for upwards of
forty years, and have given perfect satisfaction. In
every case, and are highly recommended by all who
nave used them. For sale by all Druggists. THE MACHINE, CALLED MAN, Is a very complicated and delicate one; and is more liable to get out of order, and much more difficult to

repair, than any combination of wheels, and cranks, and levers, made by the hands of man. As a rule, it stinkered too much, and badly tinkered at that. It and the tier of counties in Wisconsin. The rea of the State would be about 35,000 quare miles, and the population would ange from 75,000 to 100,000. The region possesses yast undeveloped wealth in its mines, its lumber, and its fisheries, and if erected into a separate State would soon take rank among the most prosperous of the Union.

Concerning General Butler's financial seheme, the New York Tribune says:

Whether we or General Butler are right as to the mode and medium of payment for the bonds, we will not argue, but we can but be honest in the premises."

The Herald says of the scheme: "How-ever much his views may be questioned or opposed by the old school financiers and poposed b is often calomelized, narcotized, depleted, and otherwise misused, when all that it really needs is a crystogram tents and restorative like HOSTAT-

THE SOUND OF THE LUNGS, One of the most accurate ways of determining whether the lungs are in a healthy or diseased con-To those experienced in this practice it becomes as plain an index to the state of the lungs, and is as ell known to the operator as are the voices of his well known to the operator as are the voices of his most intimate acquaintances. The belief that long standing coughs, and diseases of the lungs upon which they are dependent, are incurable, are fast becoming obsolete. One great advantage to be gained from this advance in medical knowledge is the earlier application of those who become afflicted with those diseases to some one competent to afford relief. The error which had taken hold of the published the regard to the curability of consumption, lic mind in regard to the curability of consumpt or rather non-corability, is fast becoming obliter-ated, and it is well that it should be so, not that persons should lose that salutary fear which would make them apply for a timely remedy, but that all might be induced to use remedies while there is any hope. It is the delay in these cases that fills us with apprehension and alarm, for if every one would make timely application of DR. KEYSER'S
LUNG CURE in the beginning of a cold or cough, few cases would go so far as to become irremediable.
Sold at the Doctor's great Medicine Store, No. 140 Wood street. WILL SHORTLY REMOVE TO HIS NEW STORE, NO. 16 LIBERTY STREET, SEC-

RRIEF TELEGRAMS

-The Nevada Legislature vesterday re-

-The Bank of Montreal, Canada, was entered by burglars, Monday night, and the safe blown open and robbed of \$50,000 in Canada legal tender notes.

-The wholesale firms of Chicago last year made returns of sales amounting to \$350,000,000, and the cattle brokers of sales amounting to \$38,000,000. It is estimated that the incomes of the citizens, taxable and untaxable, exceeds \$64,500,000.

—Nehum Hobrook, Esq., a prominent citizen of Upton, Mass, about sixty-five years of age, was found dead in his saw mill on Monday. From the marks on his body it is supposed that he was killed by a slab flying off suddenly, hitting him on the

-Four libel suits against the Chicago Tribune for a total of \$100,000 damages were ruled out of the Superior Court on Monday. They were instituted by four merchants, who claim that the Tribune charged them with arson to avoid failure. They appeal to the Supreme Court.

-The Revenue Cutter, Lincoln returned to San Francisco from an unsuccessful search for the shoal, reported eighty miles southest farrellon. Eight thorough examinations of the locality assigned the shoal have been made the present season, with no indication of bottom found with one hundred fathoms line.

-In the U. S. Circuit Court, at Chicago. on Monday, Judge Drummond issued an order for the arrest of the Board of Supervisors of Lee county, Iowa, for refusing to levy taxes to pay certain county bonds, the payment of which had been decided by the Supreme Court of the United States, but which the Iowa Supreme Court declared invalid. It is a conflict of jurisdiction that may lead to trouble.

may lead to trouble.

-Frank Blair, it is reported, holds to his expressed opinion that General Grant will make a Dictator or an Emperor of himself before he leaves the White House. His modest deportment is simply deep dissimulation, and one of the measures always used by ambitious men since Julius Cæsar theles refused the grant Their refus thrice refused the crown. The country is already ruled by a minority who demand the aid of bayonets, and it will be easy for Grant, with his military power, to make himself supreme.

NOTICES-"To Let," "For Bale," "Lost," seeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTI-FIVE CENTE; each additional line IVE CENTS.

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED-HELP -At Employ-ment Office, No. 3 St. Clair Street, BOY: S GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employ-ment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED --- BOARDERS.

WANTED-BOARDERS-Pleas-

WANTS

WANTED-TO RENT.-Two or \$25 000 TO LOAN ON BOND and mortgage on Allegheny County Property. Apply to or address CHOFT of PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth

LOST

T OST.-A Diamond Cross Breast

TO LET.

TO-LET_HOUSE.—Brick House of four rooms and kitch n. Possession kive february ist. Apply at 107 Clark street. (jal. TO LET-WAREHOUSE, No. 188 Smithald street, occupied by V. Dissen as an upholisting and furniture store.

Also, to let: A large oil warehouse on Hancock

Also, to tee, a substitute of the community of the commun TO LET .-- TWO HANDSOMELY

furnished rooms, with gas and fire, one on first foor, and one front up stairs. Inquire at 199 Third TO-LET.—House on Manhattan Street, Aliegheny, of ave rooms, hall and at-tic. Rent low. Immediate possession will begiven-inquire of JOHNSTON & JOHNSTON, Attorneys. No. 81 Diamond street, Pittsba gh. (jall

TO-LET.-Dwelling House, No. 94 Wylie street, containing 13 rooms, STORE ROOM, No. 96 Wylie street, corner of Federal Street. Apply to A. M. BROWN, 96 Wylie street, and 114 Fourth Avenue.

TO LET.-WARZHOUSE .- The large Four Story WAREHOUSE, 38 Smithfield street, at present occupied by Messrs, T. B. Young & Co. in the furniture business. Inquire of SIMON JOHNSTON, corner of smithfield street and Fourth

FOR RENT.-HOUSE.-A large THE RENT.—HOUSE.—A HIGHE Duble Parlors, Library, Dining Room, Richen and Wash House on lover floor. and 5 bed rooms and bath room on second floor. Also finished attic, good cellar with bake-oven in it, together with large yard peaned with shrubbery and fruit trees. Hot and cold water and gas through the house. The house is in good order, finely papered ann painted throughout. Marble mantlepides in parlors, library and dining room. Possession given at once. Lo cation in Eleventh (old Seventh) ward. For terms, &c., address, D. Z., care Box W. Gazette Office.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE,-Engine and Boiler and Smoke Stack, all in good tenning order. H. SWOYER, 543 Penn street.

TOR SALE CHEAP.—Two lots on Manhattan street, Alleghely, with stone foundations already built. Also several h uses for sale on reasonable terms. Inquire of JOHNSTON, Attorneys, No. 81 Diamond street, & JOHNSTON, TOR SALE-DESIRABLE FARM.

Containing 181 acres, located in Altegheny county, \$4 miles from the city, fronts on West Pennsylvania Railroad, and the buildings are within ten minutes walk of Natrensand Rarnes stations; 38 acres of timber, 90 acres in grass. The whole farm can be worked by machinery; good brick house of 8 rooms and splendid cellar; large frame barn and all necessary outbuildings; 300 choice grafted fruit trees of all varieties, good soil and well watered; would make a splendid dairy farm. Everything in first-class order, and needs only to be seen to be appreciated, will be told low as the owner is determined to go bouth. Terms cary. Apply to, or address CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Existe Agents, No. 139 FOURTH AVENUE.

LOR SALE—A Grain Business STAND, located on the line of the Pitts., C. & St. L. R. W., in the best grain district in Ohlo, constating of stwo story framewarehouse. 30 by 60, convenient to Railroad, with side track; unning into it to accommodate the locating and shipment of Grain; lot 50 by 160 feet. This is a rare chance for a party forengase in a paying business as this stand controls the Grain trade for 50 miles ar, and. There are other strainties connected with the stand which will be happished on application. Satisfactory reasons given, for selling. Apply to or address CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth aveaue.

FOR SALE-BUSINESS LEASE-HUDS SALE-HUDSIVENS LEASE-to street, just above the Grain Elevator, by 115 feet deep along Hill alley, 'n which is erected 3 three story-brick business houses, now renting for \$1.800 per year. Lease has 18 years to rud. Ground r nt low. Soid separate or tog ther. Price low and terms casy. Apply do or address CRUFT & PHIL-LIPS, Real Estate Agents, 138 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE-BUSINESS STANDness stand, with stock and fixtures, is offered for sale. Patisfactory reasons are given for the disposal. Apply at 77 WOOD STREET.

FOR SALE—That fine two story brick warehouse. 24 by 64 feet, signated on

of good Land, situated in Penn Tp., West moreland county, two miles from Irwin Station, of the Penna. R. Improvements, newed log house in good repair, bank barn and order outbuildings in good repair, bank barn and order outbuildings