



PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1868.

VOLUME LXXXIII.

FIRST EDITION By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette. 1

TWELVE O'CLOCK; M.

THE CAPITAL.

Female Clerks to be Discharged -Reverdy Johnson to be Recalled - Appointments - Gen. Rosseau's Report-Letters from Rear Admirals Davis and Ramsay-English and French Officers' Opinion of Lopez. By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, November 25, 1868. The Register of the Treasury has advised the discharge of seventy more female clerks from his bureau. Twenty-three of those selected have resigned.

Mr. Seward read the dispatches of Minister Johnson in the Cabinet yesterday, and the proposed plan for the settlement of the Alabama claims was disapproved. The recall of Reverdy Johnson is not improba-

The Jeff. Davis capture money has all been paid except General Pritchard's three thousand dollars. It is said he cannot be tound.

General Grant denies that he has ever written a letter to General Slocum on polit

written a letter to General Slocum on political matters. He is in favor of one term for the President.
The Chief Justice has confirmed most of Judge Underwood's decisions against exrebels in Virginia, relative to property rights, the freedmen and banks. General Grant will shortly visit the New England States, and it is said, will place his san at Harvard College. England States, and it is said, will place his. son at Harvard College. The Czar has sent two military engineers to this country to inspect the Pacific Rail-road. He intends building a similar road

road. He intends building a similar road from St. Petersburg to Chinese Tartary. The following Internal Revenue ap-pointments were made to day: Storekeeper, David Duncan, for the First District of Missouri; Guagers, Joel Coae and Chas. N. Ord, Elghteenth District of Ohio. The President has appointed Colonel Powell, of Tennessee, Consul at Port Stanley, Folkland Islands, to fill the va-cancy.

cancy, Colonel R. B. Keeler, of General Rous-seau's staff, arrived last evening with the General's report of operations in his command. Also his report upon the recent dismand. Also his report upon the recent dis-turbances in Lonisiana. These he deliy-ered to-day to General Grant. The Colonel also had an interview with the President; Secretary of War, and some of the promi-nent members of Congress, who have ar-rived here, giving details, derived from personal observation in New Orleans, all of which could not well be included in the General's report. Colonel Keeler repre-General's report. Colonel Keeler repre-sents that the heatility of the while people of Louisians generally to the present State Government is most bitter and intense; that with the force under Gow

CARD FROM JUDGE FULLEBTON. that with the force under Gen. Rousseau'r The following card is published to-day: command during the recent trouters, it was utterly impossible to preserve peace at all points. Every disposition of his troops was made, and every possible meas-nre was taken to protect the people in ommand during the recent troubles, "To the Public-The parties implicated in what are known as whisky frauds, under the leadership of S. G. Courtney, United

NEW YORK, November 25, 1368.

PURTHER LEGAL PROCEEDINGS IN THE FOUR O'CLOCK A. M. ERIE RAILROAD CASE. In the Supreme Court, to-day, before

NEW YORK CITY.

Judge Sutherland, the case of Belmont vs. FROM EUROPE. the Erie Railway and Jay Gould having been called, a motion was made by the The "Globe" on the Chinese Emcounsel for the defense for a postponement of the settlement of the order for a re-ceiver. This was refused. Almost every

bassy - Gladstone's Cabinetceiver. This was refused. Almost every clause in the order, as submitted, was ob-jected to, and several phrases were struck The Alabama Commission-Financial and Commercial. By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.] GREAT BRITAIN.

ceiver. This was refused. Almost every clause in the order; as submitted, was ob-jected to, and several phrases were struck out. A preliminary point as to the effort of Judge Barnard's stay of proceedings on the settlement, was settled by Judge Suth-erland holding that it could not interfere between the making of an order and its settlement. The order, as finally settled, declares Judge Davies as receiver of the Erie Company, defines his duties, and orders all persons holding books, funds, property, papers, &c., belong-ing to said corporation, to deliver the same to him, and recognize his author-ity. It also provides for the payment, by the receiver of the expenses necessary to carry on the road, and requires him to make out a list of all the stock of the 'Co., with the amount of funds in his hands, and to keep an accurate account of his transactions with the road. The Directors and other officers were directed to refrain from any interference with him. David Hawley, is appointed Referee. This order having been settled, counsel for plantiffs moved another order order of the 23d inst. appointing that all proceedings of said Receiver, under the order of the 23d inst. appointing that all proceedings of said Receiver, so far as such orders, or either of them, relate to the Receiver, and under the subsequent order made this day, more particularly defining the duties of such Receiver, so ras as during the sam-ings from freight and passage money and tolls of the funds, railroads and rolling stock, supplies and furniture, and the earn-ings from freight and passage money and tolls of the company accrued and receiver. This stay shall not prevent the Receiver. This stay thall not prevent the Receiver. This stay thall not prevent the Receiver. The following card is sublished to-day: "To the Payment of all surpl LONDON, November 23 .- The Globe has an editorial on the reception of the Chinese, Embassy by the Queen. It attaches great importance to the mission of Mr. Burlingame, and after describing its objects, says: America is favorable to a protective system, while England desires uninterrupted intercourse. The interests of Europe and China are not conflicting. The interests of Great Britain and the welfare of the Chinese are identical. If there is the smallest chance of advantage accruing from the pro-posed treaty, let us ratify it without the least possible delay. Speculation is rife in regard to the com-position of Mr. Gladstone's Cabinet. It is considered your paraly contain that the

position of Mr. Gladstone's Cabinet. It is considered very nearly certain that the Earl of Kimberly will be Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs. The propriety of having the Alabama Commission hold sessions successively in London and Washington is now under con-sideration.

ideration.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, November 25.—Evening-Con-sols 94%; 5-20's firm 75. Railway stocks easier, Erie 26%, Illinois Central 96. FRNKFORT, November 25.—Bonds 79%a

8%. Liverrool, November 25.—Cotton closed LIVERPOOL, November 25.—Cotton closed firm at a slight advance, middling uplands at 11/4113/d.; Orleans 11/4113/d.; sales to-day of 15,000 bales. Weat, red western de-clined to 35.; 8d.; other breadstuffs un-changed. Beaf closed heavy at 9a; other provisions unchanged. Lard 65s.; 6d. Bacon 55s. Produce generally unchanged. Tallow 50s.; 6d.

LONDON, November 25.-Evening-Petro Jeam Is., 6%d. Spirits Turpentine 30s Tallow 51s. Sugar and oils unchanged. ANTWERP, November 25.—Petroleum

irm at 54 francs. HAVRE, November 25.—Cotton firm and

PARIS, November 25 .- Bourss quiet; Ren-68 701. 65c. HAVES, November 25.-Cotton to arrive at 12@15f. for low middlings.

RICHMOND. Iron Clad Oath Not to be Administered to

Grand Jurors-Inquest in the Pollard Shooting Case. By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh @asette.]

RICHMOND, Nov. 25 .- Chief Justice Chase this morning decided that the iron clad oath

should not be administered to grand jury.

MISSOURI, Meeting of the Legislature-Governor's Message-Whisky Seized-Young Men's Christian Association Convention.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette,) ST. LOUIS, Nov. 25 .- The Democrat has a special from Little Rock, Ark., which says the Legislature has at last got a quorum and the Governor's message has been read. It gives an account of Ku-Klux assassing tions, murders and other outrages during the past three months. Martial law has the past three months. Martial law has been declared in several counties, and State troops sent there to protect loyal men, and punish the Ku-Klur, and the Governor in-tends, he says, to use the militray force un-til peace, security and obedience to the laws prevails throughout the State. He recom-mends the funding of the State debt. The Legislature has passed a law ap-proving the Governor's declaration of mar-tial law in the eleven counties referred to in his message.

in his message. One hundred and thirty-eight barrels of

whisky, in four different lots, were seized tere to-day. Sr. Louis, November 25,-The Young

Men's Christlan Association Convention metric Contenant Association Convention metric in a colocy this morning. The first regular question was what is the work of Young Men's Christian Conventions, which was introduced by J. B. Merwin, and subsequently discussed briefly by the Convention Convention.

The next question was the right of election between the churches and Young-Men's Christian Associations, which was Men's Christian Associations, which was spoken of by Alfred Connell, of St. Louis, Mr. Walters, of Indian, said he believ-ed the sole object of these Associations abould be to work for Christ. Whenever young men undertook anything else, any-thing that was unchristian, they were mis-taken. The sole object of the Association was to make themselves like Christ, not Christ. like them, or according to any de

Christ like them, or according to any denomination. Rev. A. B. Blair, of Cleveland, said it.

had been represented to him that pastors of churches regarded the Christian Asso-ciation as rendering the young men useful for the purpose. His observations led him to believe that such a conclusion was incor-The Rev. Mr. Morton offered the follow-The Key. Mr. Morton onered the views of ing resolution as embodying the views of the Convention on the foregoing subject,

which was adopted:

which was adopted: Resolved, That no other agency can su-percede the Christian Church, or ido its work, the work God has laid on it, and for which He has established it, to preserve and disseminate truths, to leaven and evangelize and save the world. To aid in this work as an auxillary to the church is the legitimate work of the Young Men's Christian Association. It is, when rightly conducted, the churches best friend, the pastors right arm, and astrong, earnest. rightly conducted, the churches best friend, the pastors right arm, and a strong, earnest, efficient laborer in the Master's vineyard. Every christian organization ahould be untiring in its zeal, but must rely upon the church, which was the birth place and the home of the soul; any aspirations that sought to supercede the church was fight-ing against Christian brotherhood. They, but they could work for the church, and in proportion as they worked faithfully, in that proportion would they be held up by the church, animated with zeal for the glory of God on High, purposes they ought

Reed-Gleason Difficulty Further Time Granted Lieut, Gov. Gleason The Court Sustain Gov. Reed. By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette. TALLAHASSEE, November 25.-In the Su

FLORIDA

preme Court this morning Lieut. Gov. Gleason was granted further time, until four P. M., to show cause why a writ of no warranto should not be issued, immediately after which the Court adjourned liately after which the Court adjourned till to-morrow, out of respect to General Waddy Thompson. The advisory opinions were delivered this morning on the questions submitted, by Governor Reed some days since. The opinions are unanimous, lengthy and well fortified by precedents and authorities, and sustain Governor Reed's position. They decide that no legislature assembled under Governor Reed's proclamation for a special Governor Reed's proclamation for a special session, and if they had been a legal assem-bly, that the form of the impeachment was irregular and not in accordance with law or precident, and declares that the more passage of resolutions of impeachment do was present states that when the articles of

Was present states that when the articles of impeachment were presented to the Sanate, that not a quorum of the members in attend-ance at the session were in the Senate Chamber. Little doubt exists but a writ of quo warranto will be issued; but ar-guments for and against under nill niss will begin to-morrow and may continue several days. several days.

ALABAMA.

Doings of the Alabama Legislature. (By Telegraph to the Pitteburgh Gazette.) MONTGOMERY, November 25.-The Leg-

islature is discussing a bill to stay the colection of debts. Two Judges have already decided the stay law now in force unconstitutional

A bill fixing the time of the election for members of the Forty-first Congress is also under consideration. Some favor the elec-tion in February, and others not until Sep-

ember. The bill for suppressing the alleged Ku-Klux-Klan disorders is made the special order for Saturday. Bouth Houses have adjourned over until Friday.

OHIO.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.] Xenia, — Messanger, of Marion, James -Stockdale. of Lancaster, and Thomas V. Reber, of Upper Sandusky, Commissioners of the State of Ohio to attend the Cattle Disease Convention to be held at Spring-field, Illinois, December 1st, 1868. The Ohio Legislature adjourned to-night until the 5th of January next.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

The Trial Trip of the First Locomotive. Major Horatio Allen, the engineer of the New York and Erie Railroad, gives the following account of the first trip made by a ocomotive on this continent :

NUMBER 253.

When was it? Who was it? And who awakened its energies and directed its move-ments? / It was in the year 1828, on the banks of the Lackawaxen, at the commencement of the railroads connecting the canal of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, with their coalmines—and he who addresses you was the only person on that ocomotive. The circumstances which led to my being alone on the road were these: The road had been built in the summer; the structure was of hemlock timber, and rails of large dimensions, notched on cada placed far spart. The timber had cracked and warped from exposure to the sun. After about three hundred feet of straight line, the road crossed the Lackawaxen creek on trestle work, thirty feet high, with a curve of three hundred and fifty-five to four hundred feet radius The impression was very general that the iron monster would break own the road, or it would leave the track. at the curve and plunge into the creek.

was too late to consider the probability of such occurrences; there was no other course than to have a trial made of the strange animal which had been brought here at a great expense, but that it was not necessary that more than one should be involved in its fate; that I would take the first ride alone, and the time would come when I should look back to the incident with great ntere

As I placed my hand on the throttle-valve handle, I was undecided whether to move slowly or with a fair degree of speed; but believing that the road would prove safe, and preteering, if we did go down, to go handsomely, and without any evidence o timidity. I started with considerable velocty, passed the curve of the creek safely, and was soon out of the hearing of the vast assemblage. At the end of two or three miles I reversed the valve and returned without accident, having thus made the first railroad trip, by locomotive, on the Western hemisphere.

A Safety Rail.

Dr. A. W. Hall's suggestion, made in a Commissioners to the Cattle Disease Con-vention-Legislature Adjourned till Jan-wary 5th. paper read a few evenings since before the Society of Practical Engineers, for avoiding accidents on railroads resulting from the 1By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.] COLUMBUS, Q., November 25, —The Gov-ernor, to day, appointed Dr. J. M. Clen-denin, of Cincinnati, Daniel McMillen, of Yania Managaran of Managaran and at the same time quite practicable. Dr. Hall suggests that a second, or safety rall, be laid inside the working rall, and that Xenia, - Messanger, of Marion, James the wheels of the cars be made with a double tread. The safety rail being about a quart ter of an inch lower than the working rail, would not, under ordinary circumstances, be touched by the car wheels. Should, how-ever, the outer rail be displaced, the inner tread of the wheel would fall on the safety until the 5th of January next. Mississippi 'Republican State Convention. Ac old rails might be thus itilized, the convention. JACKSON, Miss., November 25.-The Reof laying a track of safety rails would not. it is estimated, exceed \$3,500 per mile. What railway is there in this country that has not suffered enough loss by broken rails. to lay a track of safety rails throughout its entire extent ten times over ? A suggestion was made years ago; in an English paper, that a middle rail should be laid on all, tracks, and that each car should be provided Death of an Editor. with wheels with deep flanges, placed be-neath the body of the car and running on By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette the central track. Thus, in the event of either rail giving way, the central rail would come into play. Dr. Hall's suggestion, however, is better than the English one. -New York Times. Buffalo Market (By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.) United States Bonds in Europe. The Echo de la Bourse, published in Paris, has an interesting article on the opera-tions in United States Bonds in France and Germany. This journal states that up-wards of six hundred millions of dollars worth of American securities held in Europe, four-fifths, at least, are held in Germany. The daily sales of United States Bonds at Frankport, Hamburg, Bremen and Berlin will, it is asserted, compare, favora-bly with the transactions in Wall street, and at Rotterdam and Vienna the sales are larger than in London. In Paris, the purchases are small; and are principally effected by Americans residing in or passing through that city. The Echo states, how ever, that while the European securities have fluctuated greatly in value, the United States Bonds continue to advance steadily, and at present are quoted on the Bourse at By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.] a high figure. This appreciation of the high value of American securities, is attrib uted to the Monthly Circular issued by the Treasury Department, showing the finan-cial condition of the country, and which is sent to all the bankers of Europe. A Slave-Dealer's Execution. A writer in the Atlantic referring to the Bran \$1,20. Fork nominal at \$26. Bacon unsettled; shoulders: 12%c, clear rib sides 16c, clear sides 18%c. Lard dull; tierce 16c, keg 17%c. Whisky; western rectified \$1,00a1,02%. Coffee dull unchanged. execution of Gordon, the slave-trader, says: "Whatever Gordon's life may have been worth to him or to his friends, I think this worth to him or to his friends, 1 thing this country put it to a very good use when she hanged him. A storm of protests was made against his death. Twenty-five thousand people petitioned Abraham Lincoln to spare that man's life, and Abraham Lincoln refus-Memphis Market. (By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.) MEMPHIS, November 25.-- Cotton is quiet ed. Gordon was hanged. All through the little ports and big ports of the United States it was known that a slave-trader had been hanged. And when that was known, the American slave trade ended. All up and down little, African rivers that you never heard the name of, it was known that an American slave-trader had been hanged; and cowardly pirates trembled, and brave seamen cheered when they heard it. Mothers of Ohicago Market. children thanked such gods as they knew how to thank; and slaves shut up in barracoons, waiting for their voyage, got signal that something had happened which was to give them freedom. That something was that Gordon was hanged. So far that little candle threw its beams." Detroit Market. In the United States District Court at Indianapolis, on Saturday, Judge M'Donald decided on two points of the Bankrupt act. Firstly-The failure for fourteen days to pay commercial paper is not an act of bank-ruptcy, unless it is shown that the failure was with fraudulent intent. Secondly-When a banker, knowing his estate to be insolvent, permits, himself to be sued, and knowing that a judgment on such suit will give that creditor an advantage over others, he commits an act of bankruptcy, and is bound to seek the relief of the Bankrupt act; neglecting this, he may be adjudged bankrupt on petition of creditors. Nashville Market ; -John A. Fisher, former cashier of the

My reply to such apprehensions was that

their rights, without regard to party. The Republicans did mot generally vote be-cause they were advised not to attempt to do so by their leaders, who believed they could not vote with safety to their per-sons. In this opinion Gen. Rousseau con-curred, but with the means at his command, he was powerless to establish a dif-ferent order of things. Gen. Rousseau was ferent order of things. Gen. Konsseau was in constant conversation with Govern-or Warmouth, and the other State authorities, during the disturbances, and his course met their warm approval, as it does of all classes in New Orleans: Colonel Manhar States that up to the date of Gamma Keeler states that up to the date of General eedman's assuming charge of the police, at force was utterly worthless. It was Steedman's assuming charge of the police, that force was utterly worthless. It was composed of two hundred and forty-three negroes and one hundred and thirty whites. No riots have occurred, and no city has been more orderly and quiet than New Or-

been more orderly and quiet than how leans since that change. General Rosseau courts the most search-ing investigation of his management of Louisiana affairs during the recent troubles. Colonel Keeler says there is no good

foundation for the reports of organizations in New Orleans to help the Cuban insurgents.

Several unofficial letters have been re ceived in this city relative to the Paraguayan difficulty. It has been stated that the English and

It has been stated that the English and French Governments had each sent a man-of-war to Paragnay. These vessels have returned, as will be seen by the following from a private letter from Rear Admiral Davis: The information received from their officers differs from the published accounts. Rear Admiral Davis' letter is dated, Rio De Janeiro. October 28th. Ha server Bar Janeiro, October 26th. He says: Rear Admiral Fesquet, commanding the French Naval division in this station, with whom 1 Naval division in this station, with whom 1 am on terms of intimate intercourse, came yesterday to furnish me some information recently received from the Captain of the gunboat Decidie. In regard to his recent visit to Lopez, his Lleutenant Commander, Kirkland, in his unofficial letter contra-dicts the extravagant storles which have, been busily circulated charging Lopez with various crimes against humanity, and par-ticularly with the assassination of certain foreign Consuls, as for example the French Consul and the. Portugese Consul. The French Consul left Paraguay in the Decidie. He has been under no apprehension for his life or safety. The expression of Admiral Fisquiet yesterday was "11 na jamais ete inquiete."

Rear Admiral George Ramsey, command. ing Her British Majesty's naval forces on this station, with whom my relations have been very cordial, has just came on board to give me similar information from Lt h, commanding Her British Majesty's

gun boat Lennet, now lying at Monteviedo, but recently returned from Paraguay. His intercourse with Lopez was entirely satisfac-tory in all respects. In short, in several of the most important particulars tomebing the most important particulars touching the the most important particular stouching the character, conduct and situation of Presi-dent Lopez, the reports of a month ago after undergoing imodifications from time to time, are now wholly contradicted. My conclusion is, I cannot expect to obtain perfectly reliably grounds of action until perfectly reliably grounds of action until I approach more nearly to the scene of war. There has been at one time an effort made to condemn Lopez by exclamatory denun-

denotation and the second seco to proceed to Paraguay. He has sufficient number to answer his purpose.

Denounced as Cowardly. (By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette,)

NEW YORK, November 25.-A Richmond spatch says that the first announcement Mr. Pollard being shot, was received with much satisfaction, but upon its being known that he was killed without warn-

the leadership of S. G. Courtney, United States District Attorney, have succeeded. The an effort of more than two weeks du-ration, in procuring an indictment against me for an alleged conspiracy to defraud what evidence this has been obtained: but T do know what aver it is it is wholly. What evidence this has been obtained: but I do know, whatever it is, it is wholly faise. I trust my friends will be pa-tient, as I am. In the end I shall show to the satisfaction of every right-minded man that I have neither said nor

minded man that I have neither said nor done anything which should, in the slight-est degree, impair that confidence, or lessen that measure of respect which it has here-tofore been my fortune to enjoy. This body of men who have instigated these proceed-ings, have done so in self-defense. I am employed by the President of the United States, and I am acting under his authority in exposing the monstrous frauds which have been committed on the Revenue. The only escape of parties an frauds which have been committed on the Revenue. The only escape of parties en-volved is to crush me. This they have attempted by a vile conspiracy. The truth will prevail in the end, however, despite all efforts to prevent it, and the public will see who is deserving of condemnation. [Signed.] WM. FULLERTON.

WM. FULLERTON. CAUSE OF THE PAILURE.

It is understood that the cable wires were not interrupted on Sunday and Monwere not interrupted on sunday and mon-day, and that the failure to forward, news-paper and commercial dispatches on those days was in consequence of the occupation of the cable by official dispatches between this country and Great Britain.

ITEMS OF GENERAL INTEREST.

Sir John Young, the newly appointed Governor of Canada, and Lieutenant Col-onel McNeil, Mr. F. Tunnel, Lord Alex. Russel and Lleut. Col. Bernard, of England, arrived here yesterday. " The office of the Erie Railroad Company

in West street, was closed yesterday, and a clerk told all visitors that business was suspended. The transfer office in Pine street, however, was open as usual Judge Fullerton denies complicity in the blackmailing of Collector Smith.

Arguments in the Rosenberg case were concluded to-day in the United States Cir-cuit Court and the decision will be given Friday. The Commercial says Thurlow Weed's

iealth is so poor he will be unable to visit Washington this winter, or even engage in politics or business in New York.

Dollars of business in New York. It is stated that since Fisk, Gould & Co. become managers of the Erie Railway it has cost the Company one million dollars for executive, legislative and legal service. The charitable institutions have made ar-

rangements, for giving a large number of people Thanksgiving dinners. The Five Points Mission will feed two thousand and the St. Barnabas Home three thousand.

Cheap Transportation. (By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

POBLAND, Me., November 24.—The speech of Edward Crane, of Boston, upon the subject of cheap transportation, was made here to-night at City Hall. Many of made here to-night at City Hall. Many or his facts and auggestions were 'novel, and elicited marked orpressions of approval from the large audience assembled, com-posed mainly of the principal merchants and capitalists of Maine. Resolutions were adopted avceedingly complimentary to the adopted exceedingly complimentary to the speaker, one of which urged the necessity of the immediate construction of the Niag-ara Ship Canal by the Government.

The Cleveland Accident.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.] CLEVELAND, November 25.-the casual ties by the caving in of a sewer on Broadway, last night, as far as developed, are two killed and nine injured. They are still digging, and others may be found.

Truly a Sliver Wedding. (By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WOBCESTER, MASS., November 25 .known that he was killed without warn-ing, the deed was denounced as cowardly. Pollard was heavily armed as usually, but unconscipus of dauger. Woldos Tel, MASS., November 25.-At the silver wedding of John B. Gough, last night, over thirty thousand dollars worth of presents in silver were displayed from Western friends.

The jury of inquest on the death of Mr, Pollard rendered a verdict this morning that he came to his death at the hands of some person unknown. Grant is still in custody and will be examined on Friday. Chief Justice Chase, in his order to-day dispensing with 'the test oath to grand jurors, explained that it was an additional oath prescribed by Congress, which is to be taken, unless the court in its discretion direct otherwise. He added 'The scruples direct otherwise. He added "The scruples at taking it are expressed by some grand jurors, known to be among those best qual-ified for the responsible duties of their po-sition, have induced us to inquire whether the public interests now demand that the taking of, it be required, and we are sat-iand that while matters affirmed in it isfied that while matters affirmed in it are proper cause of challenge in par-ticular, cases, the ends of justice will be hindered and defeated, rather, than pro-moted and seconded by directing it to be administered, unless some special occasion shall demand it. No such special occasion now exists, and inagmuch as the recuired shall demand it. No such special occasion now exists, and inasmuch as the required number of Grand Jurors have not yet been sworn, we will order that those who have been sworn be discharged, and the Marshal will summon another Grand Jury in the

In his charge to the Grand Jury he spoke

In his charge to the Grand Jury he spoke as follows of the Revenue frauds: "We admonish you, gentlemen, to exarcise your utmost vigilance on the subject of frauds on the Revenue, an evil which the land cries out upon; and frauds upon the Revenue are frauds upon the whole body of taxpayers, and no one who eats, drinks, wears or is sheltered under any roof, how-ever humble, now escapes taxation. What-ever the dishonest avoid paying, their worthier fellow-citizens must make up. Investigate thoroughly, therefore, and spare nobody, least of all, those in the highest and most responsible positions; those who are worthy will welcome the in-quiry which must turn to their praise." The sum of two million five hundred thousand dollars tax was paid on tobacco

thousand dollars tax was paid on tobacco manufactured and shipped from Richmond for the nine months ending the lst instant.

PHILADELPHIA.

Paper to be Resuscitated-The Fenian Convention_Atlantic Garden Theatre Burned (By Telegraph to the Pittsbargh Gazette.)

PHILADELPHIA, November 25 .- W. T. Sherne has purchased the penny Globe, and will resuscitate it with improvements.

Hon. J. W. Fitzgerald presides over the Fenian Congress, the proceedings of which

are mostly secret. The following resolution was passed by The following reselution was passed by the Fenian Congress in joint session to-day: *Resolved*, As the sense of Congress that we hereby tender a general and cordial in-vitation to all the Independent Iriah Revo-lutionary Brotherhood and Savage circles of the Fenian Brotherhood to send delegates to this Convention. We furthermore in-vite all native Irishmen to participate in our deliberations. our deliberations.

The large building in Callowhill street, pelow Fifth, known as the Atlantic Gar The large building in Callowhill street, below Fifth, known as the Atlantic Gar-dens, and used for the lowest class of the-strical performances, was burned this evening. It caught fire just previous to the commencement of the performance. The audience escaped unburt, The place formerly had a notoriously bad reputation under the name of Ritter's Melodeon. Loss net wet ascertained. The seconding net yet ascertained. The surrounding buildings were damaged by fire and water.

Lady Robbed of \$9,000.

By Telegraph to the Pitisburgh Gazette.] New ORLEANS, November 25.—A lady on hoard the steamer Sarah, from Mobile for New Orleans, was robbed of nine thou-

the robbers.

tion. He believed it to be the noblest aux-illary of the Church. It was a school where children are trained to intelligent church membershin. He would bid them God speed to go on in their good work, of whatever name or demomination, and faith-fulness and loyalty to the Church.

fulness and loyalty to the Church. The next question — the right work of the Christian Association — was introduced by J. B. Sherwen, of St. Louis, who said he thanked God they had learned the bene-fit of organization, and were taking hold of this matter as they did material things. If they wished to ball a railroad, individual incorporation and organization were requi-red one man could not accomplish it; nor any number of men without united effort. This much, so far as organization and cor-poration were concerned, had been learned poration were concerned, had been learned by christians. Now; how should the varius organizations be employed when they ous organizations be employed when they engage in the work? Very differently, he believed, from what they were at present. He believed this Association ought to reorganize itself. He believed that it would not fulfil its mission or carry out its work without the earnest

carry out its work without the earnest co-operation of the women of the church ; and instead of calling the association the Young Mein's Christian 'Association, he would have them re-organized and their names changed to the Young People's Christian Association, so that all persons who have young blood in their yeins can work for Christ, and the power of evil will give way before their uni-ted efforts. The speaker wished not to deprecate in the slightest degree what has been and what is now being done; but simply add more power to the organizations, the Unitarians, Universalists, and Roman Cath-olion chard by the state of the transmitter of the state of the state of the state of the organizations, the Unitarians, Universalists, and Roman Cath-

Unitarians, Universalists, and Roman Cath-olics, should be invited to cooperation with them. The gentlemen submitted the fol-lowing questions, which he thought should be proposed to every new member of the Association with a view to a proper division of labor: Will you be a teacher or a scholar in a Sunday School or a Mission Sun-day School, or attend young people's prayer meeting, or the district visitation, of visit the sick, or engage in personal ef-forts in leading the impenitent to Christ, or unite in readings or recitations, and dis-courage the frequent and continued botn-ering, as he called it, of God with prayers and petitions for help before the petitioners and petitions for help before the petitioners have wasted all their powersin His service.

HAVANA.

Fight at Menzanilia-Prominent Insurgents Surrendering-Matters Favorable to the Government-Public and Private Correspondence Captured.

y Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]. HAVANA, November 25 .-- Count Valmu-

sela recently made a visit to Manzanilla. On his departure the insurrectionists attacked that town, but were repulsed by the troops, assisted by the guns of a man-ofwar in tho harbor.

Several prominent insurrectionists have presented themselves to Captain General All accounts received from the insurrec

tionary district continue favorable to the Government. The crews of several men-of-war, making a total of one hundred and sixty men, had been united with the troops. This com-bined force left the town of Santa Cruz and surprised a party of four hundred revolu-tionists, who thred several rounds upon the troops and fied precipitately. The sailors then surrounded the buildings which had been occupied by the insurrectionists and Government.

been occupied by the insurrectionists and captured eighty horses, a quantity of ammunition and correspondence of a public and private character, including some taken sand dollars last night. There is no clue to from the Government messengers several Weeks ago

publican State Convention met to-day, with J.L. Merphis as permanent President. A committee was appointed to prepare an ad-dress for the Convention to Congress. A resolution was adopted requesting Congress to secure the right of suffrage to every loval citizen of every State in the Union, not disfranchised for crime

MILWAUKEE, NOV. 25.-J. M. Lyon, pro-prietor of the Dally News, was found dead last night at the foot of a filght of stairs. It is supposed he died of appoplexy.

(By Teiegraph to the Pitteburgh Gasetie.) BUPPALO, November 25.—Flour firm, with sales 550 bbls city ground spring at \$7a7,50: also, 300 bbls western bakers at \$8 a8,25. Wheat in fair demand, with sales 15,000 bush No. 2 Chicago and Milwaukee at \$1,37; also, 18,000 bush Missouri, per sample. to arrive, at \$1,35; also, 2,000 bush Port Washington at \$1,48; also, 5,000 bush Wisconsin spring at \$1,40. also, 1,050 bush white Canada at \$2,05; also, 2,000 bush am-ber, winter at \$1,70. Corn steady, with sales 130,000 bush No. 1 wastern at \$1; also, 8,000 bush do. to arrive at same price; small lots sold at \$1,01a1,02. Oats easier, with sales 34,000 bush western at 59; c. Rye and Barley dull and unchanged. Pork quiet at \$25a26,50. Lard at 16a1614; c; the market is quiet. Highwines nominal at \$1,05. There will be no meeting to-morrow.

New Orleans Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.) NEW OBLEANS, November 25.—Cotton was stiffer in the morning but easier at the close; middlings 23%a24c; sales of 2,700 bales; receipts, 2,197 bales; exporta, 1,412 bales. Gold, 135½a135½. Sterling 145¾a 146. New York Sight Exchange ½ per cent. discount. Sugar and Molasses un-changed. Flour dull; superfine \$6,75, treble extra \$6,753,50. Corn quiet; new 90c. Oats held at 63c. Hay firmer; western \$24a25.. Bran \$1,20.~ Pork nominal at \$26. Bacon unsettled: shoulders: 12½c. clear. rib sides

MEMPHIS, November, 25.—Cotton is quiet and firm, and sales were made of Uplands at 21%23c; the receipts amounted to 1,234 bales, and the exports to 1,985 bales. Flour is nominal. Corn is held at 72%a75c. Cats; the market is quiet and prices are held at 62%c in store. Hay is selling at \$22 a23. Pork; sales are being made at \$25. Lard is held at 16c. Bacon is dull, with sales of shoulders at 12c.

Chicago Market. (By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gagette.) CHICAGO, Nov. 25—*Burning.*—Wheat to-night is unsettled and nominal, and sales were made at \$1,13. Corn is quiet, and sales were made at 92c. Oats; there is nothing doing and sales were made at 46a aothing doing, and sales were made at 46a 46¼c.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gasette.) DETROIT, November 25 .- The flour mar t is stagnant. Wheat; No. 1 amber white \$1,65; other grades neglected; for No. 1 white \$1,82 was the best offer. Dressed Hogs \$8a8,62; the outside figure for extra neavy.

San Francisco Market.

Re Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.] SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 25.-Flour sold at \$4,75a5.75. Wheat is firm at \$1,75a1,80. Legal Tenders are quoted at 74c.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gasette.1 NASHVILLE, Nov. 25 .-- Cotton is quiet, with sales of low middlings at 21%c, and good ordinary at 21c.

Bank of Tennessee, died in Nashville terday.

