

Pittsburgh Gazette.

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PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1868.

NUMBER 226

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK M.

THE CAPITAL.

The Congressional Session—Financial Matters—The Surratt Case—Personal—Heavy Postoffice Defalcation.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, September 19, 1868.

SEPTEMBER 19.

General Schenck had another lengthy interview with Mr. Rollins last night, in which the appointees for Supervisors were inquired about and concessions to Secretary McCulloch agreed upon.

Mr. Colfax's health has been greatly improved by his western trip. He says that Congress must meet, and after a call of the House, if no quorum be present, the body must sit until sufficient absentees are brought in by the Sergeant-at-Arms, when the first business will be regarding a recess or an adjournment until December. Mr. Wade will apply this rule in the Senate.

Most of the Republican members of the House favor a prolongation of the recess until the fifteenth of October, because of the transaction of any important business at this session.

Senators Wilson, Cameron, Sherman, Fessenden, Conkling and others arrived here to-day, making thirty Senators in all now here, four less than a quorum. There are already a large number of Representatives here.

RECEIPT OF JOSH. HOLDEN.

The following dispatch has been received here:

RALEIGH, N. C., Sept. 19. To Hon. J. L. Tollock, Secretary of the Republican Congressional Committee: The associated press dispatch in relation to my speech to the Republican mass meetings here is false. I made none of the assertions attributed to me, nor did any one else.

JOSH. W. HOLDEN.

RALEIGH, N. C., Sept. 18th.

EXPULSION OF COLORED MEMBERS.

The colored members expelled from the Georgia Legislature have formed themselves into an association called the "Civil and Political Rights Association" and have issued a call for a State Convention of colored citizens to be held in Macon the first Tuesday in October.

REPLY BY JEFF. DAVIS.

Attorney General Evans is now about to arrange matters for the trial of Jeff Davis in November. If the trial cannot take place at that time, he thinks the case should be dismissed.

TREASURY STATEMENT.

The National Bank currency issued during the week amounted to \$91,500; total to date \$28,720,000; bonded bills returned, \$2,125,000; treasury notes returned, \$2,825,000; actual circulation at this date, \$22,570,000.

SHIPMENTS OF FRACTIONAL CURRENCY FOR THE WEEK ENDING TO-DAY WERE \$242,500; SHIPMENTS OF UNITED STATES NOTES TO ASSISTANT TREASURERS AT ST. LOUIS, MO., \$100,000; TO UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY AT CHICAGO, \$60,000; TO UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY AT CINCINNATI, \$30,000; TO UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY AT ST. LOUIS, \$20,000.

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY SHIPMENTS WERE AS FOLLOWS: TO ASSISTANT TREASURER AT PHILADELPHIA, \$50,000; NATIONAL BANKS, \$285,351.

THE TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES HOLDS IN TRUST FOR NATIONAL BANKS AS SECURITY FOR CIRCULATING NOTES, \$241,921,700; and for public deposits \$38,052,230.

A suit has been entered by H. Moorhead against Dr. Cornelius Boyle, formerly this city, charging the latter with the imprisonment of Mrs. Moorhead for three years, thus preventing her return to the care and society of her husband. Damages are laid at \$25,000. Boyle avers that as Provost Marshal in Virginia, in the Confederate service, he by order of General Beauregard, prevented her from crossing and recrossing the lines.

General Boyle left here to-day, after a brief interview with the President. All of the Cabinet officers are here except Secretary Browning.

General Cortes, the Colombian Minister, accompanied by the Secretary of Legation, Mr. Cortes, were presented to the President today by the Secretary of State. The usual formal diplomatic speeches were made on the occasion.

General Kilpatrick has arrived here. He is to be surrounded to-night, and will make a speech.

THE PRESIDENT THINKS HE WILL START FOR NEW YORK ON MONDAY NEXT.

IT IS SAID ABOUT THE COURT HOUSE TO-DAY THAT NO ATTEMPT WILL BE MADE TO TRY SURRATT ON THE FIRST MURDER INDICTMENT, AND THAT THE TRIAL ON THE REBELLION INDICTMENT WILL BE COMMENCED ON MONDAY MORNING.

AS YET NONE OF THE FOREIGN WITNESSES HAVE ARRIVED, BUT THE PROSECUTION LEADS TO BELIEVE THAT SOME SEEM TO THINK IT IMPOSSIBLE THAT THE TRIAL WILL BE A VERY SHORT ONE.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20, 1868.

THE CONGRESSIONAL SESSION.

Members of Congress continue to arrive by every train. About eighteen Senators and fifty members of the House are in the city. The indications are that to-morrow noon there will be a quorum in each branch of Congress. Members now here include some representatives from the most distant Western, Southern and Eastern States.

SURRATT CASE.

The trial of John H. Surratt, on the second indictment, charging him with conspiracy to capture President Lincoln, &c., will commence to-morrow. The District Attorney will enter a *notice prosequi* on the first on the rebellion indictment, which will be with murder. This contemplated action on the part of the District Attorney is owing partly to the difference of opinion which has arisen as to the propriety of a trial under the first indictment. There is no indication of circumstances which will together delay a second trial of the prisoner.

HEAVY POSTOFFICE DEFALCATION.

Information, which has come to the knowledge of the Postoffice Department since yesterday afternoon, leads to the belief that a heavy defalcation has been committed by Capt. E. B. Olmstead, Disbursing Clerk and Superintendent of the building, which he departed yesterday, and his actions since that time have caused suspicion. His financial affairs will be examined later to-morrow. Efforts for his arrest have thus far been unsuccessful. It is understood he has been engaged in heavy speculations.

NEW YORK ITEMS.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

New York, September 19, 1868.

THE WOMEN OF THE WORKING WOMEN'S HOUSE, No. 45 Elizabeth street, have formed a working women's association No. 2, with nearly one hundred members, appointing Mrs. N. K. Putnam as delegate to the National Labor Union Congress, which is to assemble in this city on Monday. The following permanent officers were elected: President—Dr. Harriet Clister; Vice Presidents—Miss S. Davis; Miss C. F. Field; Miss H. Brewster; Secretary—Miss S. U. Goodrich; Treasurer—Jenny Lessor.

The Workingmen's Union held a meeting last night at 267 Bowerly, to arrange for the reception of delegates from other cities to the National Labor Union, to take place next Monday morning, at Germania Hall. Great indignation was expressed at the discouragement lately given by the Board of Supervisors to the eight hour movement by their notification to the bricklayers on the new County Court House, that they must in the future work for ten hours a day instead of eight. A committee was appointed to remonstrate with them and explain the benefits to accrue to workmen generally through a reduction of the hours of manual labor.

Most of our leading clergymen are down on the job before the coming to-day, and think it will result in disgrace to the church, as they think the professed fever is really unfeigned.

VARIOUS MATTERS.

The loss by fire in Higgins' carpet factory this morning was \$176,000. Some eleven hundred people are thrown out of employment by the fire.

Senator Sprague is reported as being confined to his house in Providence with a broken leg.

The deaths this week were five hundred and fifteen.

The Broadway Theatre shooting affray was before the court to-day, and Deputy Sheriffs Moore and Hickox identified those who did the shooting. It will be continued next week.

George Utton, while endeavoring to get upon a train of cars at Newark to-day, while in motion, fell under the wheels and his head was completely severed from his body.

A negro girl committed suicide yesterday in Jersey City by taking Paris green.

An apparatus used to bore brick and mortar at the building on the corner of Canal street and Broadway, fell this evening in consequence of a tangle block becoming unhooked, and killed James Tolson and T. Shay, both laborers. A boy standing on the work was struck by a falling brick and badly injured.

Most of our leading clergymen are down on the job Allen revival business, and as they think the professed fever is really unfeigned.

Governor Seymour will be here next week, and will remain to attend the Episcopal Triennial Convention, of which he is a member.

A large number of workmen have arrived here to attend the Labor Congress, which opens on Monday.

John Setton, a well known comedian, died suddenly yesterday at his residence in this city.

Bids for contracts under the recent appropriation of Congress to remove obstructions in Hell Gate, will be opened to-morrow. Notwithstanding the very small amount of appropriation the competition is likely to be quite lively.

The churches in this city and Brooklyn, which have been closed for the summer season, are now reopened to-day and regular services resumed.

Arrived to-day, the steamship City of Boston, from Liverpool on the 8th and Queenstown on the 10th, and the Manhattan, from Liverpool on the 8th and Queenstown on the 9th.

An extensive fire occurred at Bergen City, N. J., last evening. Seven new frame houses on Bergen avenue, corner of Oxford avenue, only three of which were occupied, were destroyed. Loss \$40,000. Six families were made homeless by the conflagration. It is understood the buildings were insured.

FROM PANAMA.

The steamship Arizona arrived from Aspinwall on 12th inst., with \$330,000 in treasure. Affairs at Panama remained unsettled. Generals Grita and Muller were disturbing the government by opposing elections in the interior and President Castro had dispatched some troops to the scene of difficulty. Several revolutionary characters had been killed and the Government was strenuously exerting itself to restore tranquility. Ex-President Diaz and Secretary Bermudez, had returned from their banishment to San Francisco, and remained in Panama by permission of the Government. In a signal at Aspinwall on the 9th, the American brig, *Callin*, was struck by lightning and suffered some damage. A violent hurricane passed over Tobago on the 9th, accompanied by a whirlwind which uprooted trees, destroyed houses and did much damage to shipping. The steamer Bahari was badly injured in her upper works and a schooner was dashed to pieces on the rocks.

FROM AUSTRALIA.

The steamship Rafari, from Australia, August 2d, arrived at Aspinwall on the 5th. Extraordinary discoveries of gold had been made in Omba in New South Wales, and there was a great rush to the new diggings.

A difficulty had arisen between the Colonial Government and the Mercantile Consul at Sydney, concerning some contracts made under consular seals, which were alleged to be unwarrented. No explanation had been made by Consul Latham.

The American Consul at Victoria, presented by order of his Government a testimonial to Capt. Glenroy for rescuing the survivors of the wreck of the ship General Grant at Auckland Islands.

The Parliament of South Australia opened on the 18th of July.

The expenditures of the Colony exceeds the revenue by \$30,000 sterling.

The cotton crop in Queensland has proved successful.

FROM SOUTH AMERICA.

Advices from Rio Janeiro by the steamer *Merrimack* confirm the previous accounts of the capture of Humfray and the situation of affairs at Timba and in Tebucuary.

Interesting Particulars of Dr. Hall's Arctic Research Expedition.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

New York, September 19.—Dr. Gould, of Dublin, arrived in this city on Thursday last from the Arctic region, and gives some interesting particulars of Dr. Hall's Arctic Research Expedition.

Certainly, the circumstances of the death of the last two survivors of Sir John Franklin's party, Captain Crozier, and a steward of one of the vessels, died in 1854, near Southampton Island. Captain Crozier's watch and other relics are now in Dr. Hall's possession, and he was to start in February or March last with an armed party of natives and Europeans to secure some records left by Franklin's men in King William's Land.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

FROM EUROPE.

The War Apprehensions—Irish Church Disestablishment—Emperor of France and Queen of Spain Have an Interview—Reported Insurrection in Spain—Religious Toleration in Austria.

(Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ENGLAND.

LONDON, September 19.—It is reported that George Peabody will soon purchase a large estate in Hungary.

John Wilson Paton, Member of Parliament for Lancashire, has been appointed Secretary of State for India, Earl Mayo, appointed Governor General of India.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—The apprehensions of Germany, and the cabinet meeting of the Emperor of France, with the sole exception of the Emperor of Prussia at Kiel have proved a failure. It is evident that peace is sincerely desired by the governments and the Emperor of France, with the sole exception of the Emperor of Prussia at Kiel have proved a failure.

A growing indignation is manifesting itself in his ambiguity of indecision.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—According to the tenor of the late advices from Central Asia the resumption of hostilities on the part of the Russians in Bokhara is expected in October next.

SOUTHAMPTON, Sept. 20.—The steamship *London*, from New York on the 8th inst., arrived at 3:30 this morning for Hamburg.

SPAIN.

LONDON, September 20.—Midnight.—The following important news has been received from Madrid: The Prime Minister Comandante Gracia, and Mayard and Belda, members of the Spanish cabinet, have resigned. The Marquis of Havana has been requested to fill their places *ad interim*.

The Queen's returning Madrid. Martial law has been proclaimed in the Capital.

PARIS, September 20.—The journals here have reports that a general movement of the Spanish cabinet, in consequence of that it is headed by General Prim and the Generals who were recently exiled. Some accounts say that the rebels are moving in the direction of Alcañices.

PARIS, Sept. 20.—Queen Isabella, of Spain, made a visit to the Emperor and Empress at Biarritz. Soon after the return of the Queen from St. Sebastian, a revolution is reported to have broken out in Andalusia, Spain.

HUNGARY.

PESTH, September 20.—The Hungarian Diet proposes to establish universal religious toleration throughout the Kingdom.

TRIESTE, August 20.—Shortly after his departure from port, a steamer, *Farragut*, received and landed a party of Austrian naval and military officers, on board his flag ship, the *Franklin*. The Admiral subsequently made a visit to the residence of the late Arch Duke Maximilian.

IRELAND.

DUBLIN, September 20.—At a meeting of the Roman Catholic clergymen of Galway a resolution was adopted, pledging those present to oppose all candidates for Parliament who do not support Mr. Gladstone's resolution for the disestablishment of the Irish Church.

GERMANY.

MUNICH, September 19.—Minister Baroff and Prince Hohenlohe, Minister of Foreign Affairs for Bavaria, to-day formally explained the ratification of the treaty relative to citizenship.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, September 19.—Evening.—Consols unchanged. American securities quiet and steady at opening prices.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 19.—Evening.—Cotton quiet, but not quite so firm. Wheat quiet. Tallow firm.

FRANKFORT, Sept. 20.—Bonds are dull and quotations nominally unchanged.

WEST VIRGINIA.

Rejoicing Over the Maine Election—Large Victory for the Republicans.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WHEELING, W. Va., September 20.—The Republicans fired one hundred guns yesterday in honor of their victory in Maine. At night an enthusiastic meeting was held in the Washington Hall, under the auspices of the Grant Club, which was largely attended. Hon. L. C. Burleigh, between whom and the Republican party of Virginia under the reorganized Government, spoke for two hours in support of Grant and Colfax, and was followed by Mayor Stanton, Benjamin Stanton. The remarks of both gentlemen were loudly applauded.

The St. Louis Excursion Party.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

St. Louis, Sept. 20.—The St. Louis excursion party for Omaha and the Rocky Mountains arrived at St. Joseph yesterday and were received and welcomed by Mayor Hall, Mayor Thompson, of St. Louis, responded to the city, and left in the afternoon for Council Bluffs at a special train. The party arrived at Omaha at nine o'clock last night, and were received by a large delegation of business men of the city, who gave them a banquet at the International Hotel. Mayor Roberts presided over the hospitable.

A business meeting will be held to-morrow morning to discuss the immediate construction of an air line between Omaha and St. Louis. The party will be joined here by a number of Eastern capitalists of the Pacific road to-morrow, and on a special train provided by the Company.

West last night and will leave for the East to-morrow.

Railroad Engineer Killed.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

Bowling Green, Sept. 2.—Joseph Post, on the Clarksville Division of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, was run over and killed by last night's south bound engine. He was acting as a fireman on the train, and was sitting on the main track and was asleep. His remains go home to-morrow morning by Adams express.

KENTUCKY.

Organization to Resist the United States Officers—A Marshal Seized and Threatened.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 20.—On Thursday last U. S. Marshal Merriweather, accompanied by fifty U. S. soldiers, under the command of Lieut. Drury, left Louisville to protect the Marshal's duties in the execution of process in Nelson and Larue counties. On arriving at Howard's Mills, on Rolling Fork, which forms the boundary of Nelson and Larue counties, the soldiers went into camp. Mr. Howard, who resides at the mills, invited Marshal Merriweather to his house to supper. He accepted the invitation, and in the evening he finished his supper before three men entered the house with pistols in hand, and demanded his surrender to them. When they got there, however, Mr. Howard overtook the party and told them they should not hurt the Marshal. Mr. Howard then accompanied the soldiers to Louisville. There is beyond doubt a regular organization in Larue, Nelson and Marion counties to prevent the execution of any process from the United States Courts. It numbers from two hundred to three hundred men.

CINCINNATI.

The Prize Ring—McCooie vs. Heenan—Buckeye Racing Club—Accident to Tug Boat Tigris.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, Sept. 20.—A letter was received here to-day from McCooie, dated St. Louis, expressing his willingness to enter the ring with Heenan for a stake of \$5,000, providing that any man in America be selected as stakeholder, except Frank Queen. John Franklin, of this city, holds Heenan's first deposit of \$2,500, and Mr. Queen is the stakeholder in the acceptance of the terms proposed.

The fall meeting of the Buckeye Racing Club commences on Saturday next. Some of the line stables in the city are already arrived, and more are coming.

Yesterday morning the tug boat *Tigris*, bound from Cincinnati to Pittsburgh with a tow of empty coal barges, was driven in her starboard boiler. A boiler fire occurred, and the tug and her tow were abandoned. The tug was towed back to Cincinnati.

A man, named Casper Rosenberg, committed suicide yesterday by blowing his brains out with a pistol.

Nova Scotia Matters.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

HALIFAX, Sept. 19.—Both Houses have passed a bill providing that the militia should not be called out as a matter of course, without the consent of the local government.

In the course of the evening the Provincial Secretary moved an address to the Governor, praying him to transmit the resolutions of the Council and the repeal resolution of the British Government, as to also to use his personal influence towards obtaining the passage of the repeal resolution.

The Legislature will be prorogued Monday afternoon.

Walter Brown—His Recent Race with Collier—A Challenge.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

DOSTROV, Sept. 19.—It has been stated that the course of the race between Walter Brown and Collier recently was not full five miles, and that Brown had no time record, but that he was out in a day offering to wager that he can beat the time made in the race, 34 minutes 25 1/2 seconds, or to give any man in the world a day for any amount of money.

Terrible Explosion of a Cartridge Factory.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—A special from Metz, France, last evening, says: On a close examination of the ruins of the cartridge factory, and an official investigation, as to the number of persons employed in the works led to the still more sorrowful conclusion that twenty persons were killed and one hundred and ten were badly wounded by the explosion which occurred this morning.

The Extradition Case.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

DOSTROV, September 19.—The Express robbery case, which was given up in behalf of the police magistrate, Dan Thompson, one of the prisoners, made a full confession. He stated that he was given up with an object of proving the case one of embitterment, has created a sensation. The case was adjourned until Friday next, to enable the prosecution to bring witnesses from New York.

Highway Robbery.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHICAGO, September 20.—W. F. Page, commission merchant in this city, was attacked by highwaymen on Friday night near Ringgold, this county, and robbed of \$2,500. No clue to the perpetrators of the outrage.

A Sheriff Missing.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

HOCKLEY, Mo., Sept. 19.—Sheriff Langdon, of this county, is missing. Four party is suspected. His horse and wagon have been found on the road near a pond.

Alabama Legislature.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MONTGOMERY, September 19.—The Legislature did nothing of importance to-day. The time of the Senate, was consumed in making political speeches.

A New Orleans dispatch says that at the instance of prominent Democrats, Governor Warmouth has appointed Gen. A. Foadick, Vice President of the New Orleans Chamber of Commerce, as a member of the State Board of Registration, the other two members being Republicans. It being understood that the rules would be carried out in the appointment of the Board, a meeting of the State Board, on the 19th inst., a majority of the Board decided they would not under any circumstances whatsoever, permit a Democrat to be placed on any Board of Registration. Mr. Foadick presented a protest against this action, but the chairman and one member constituting a majority refused to concede to his proposition. Governor Warmouth states he does not approve of the action of the Board of Registration, but has no control over it.

SPIRIT OF THE SOUTHERN DEMOCRATIC PRESS.

Rebel Illustration of Scenes When Seymour is Elected.

(From the Independent Monitor, Tuscaloosa, Alabama, September 1, 1868.)

A Prospective Scene in the City of Oaks, 4th of March, 1869.



"Hang, curs, hang! Their complexion is perfect fallows. Stand fast good fate, to their hanging! If they're not born to be hanged, our case is miserable."

The above cut represents the fate in store for those great pests of Southern society—the carpet-bagger and scawling—if found in Dixie's land after the break of day on the 4th of March next.

The genus carpet-bagger is a man with a lank head of dry hair, a lank stomach and long legs, club knees and splay feet, dried logs and lank nose, with eyes like a fish and mouth like a shark. Add to this a habit of sneaking and dodging about in unknown places—habiting with negroes in dark dens and back streets—a look like a hound and the smell of a putrid "bums" as a "bums."

Words are wanting to do full justice to the genus scawling. He is a cur with a contracted head, downward look, slinking and uneasy gait; sleeps in the woods, like old Crossland, at the bare idea of a Ku-Klux raid.

Our scawling is the local leper of the community. Unlike the carpet-bagger, he is a native, which is so much the worse. Once he was respected in his circle; his head was the apple of the eye of the land of his nativity. Now, possessed of the itch of office and the salt rime of Radicalism, he is a many dog, slinking through the alleys, hunting the Governor's office, defiling, with tobacco juice, the steps of the Capitol, stretching his legs across the sun on the square, or the benches of the Mayor's Court.

He waits for the troubling of the political waters, to the end that he may step in and be healed of the itch by the ointment of office. For office the "bums" as a "bums" for the satisfying dram. For office, yet in prospective, he had bartered respectability; had abandoned business and ceased to labor with his hands, but employs his feet kicking or out blood against lamp-post and corner-curb, while discussing the question of office.

It requires no seer to foretell the inevitable events that are to result from the coming fall election throughout the Southern States.

The unprecedented action is moving onward with the swiftness of a velocipede, with the violence of a tornado, and with the crash of an avalanche, sweeping negroism from the face of the earth.

Woe, woe, woe to the inhabitants of Alabama who have recently become squatter-sovereigns, carpet-bags in hand, and they filled with dirty electoneering ornaments!

Infinitesimal hearts and filthy hands against the land of their nativity!

Hereafter, when future generations shall contemplate the fate of these white-skinned wretches had in store for us, they will wonder at the extraordinary degree of ferberance in our cut of the present dark day.

But the happy day of reckoning with these white-clothes scoundrels approaches rapidly. Each and every one who has so unblushingly essayed to lower the Caucasian to degree even below the African race, will be regarded as *notis sui generis*, and be dealt with accordingly. If you hereabout when the time is ripe for action.

The carpet-bagger already begins to sniff the coming ill-wind, and is sneaking out of the country a la Harrington, of Mobile. But we hope some bore will be left far from their "bums," to swing alongside of their meridianal coadjutors in infamy.

We candidly believe that the picture given to our readers *supra*, correctly represents the attitude and altitude of all foreign and domestic foes of our land who shall have the audacity to meddle with the land of March. The contract for hanging will be given to the negro, who, having mounted the carpet-bagger and scawling on the male from under them, over the forty acres of ground that he also didn't get, will save the P. S.—It will be seen that there is room left on the limb for the suspension of any bad Grant negro who may be found at the propitious moment.

(From the leading editorial column of the Tuscaloosa Independent Monitor, September 1, 1868.)

DEPARTURE OF THE BLUE-BELLES—That Is, United States Soldiers.

(From the Independent Monitor, Tuscaloosa, Ala., September 1, 1868.)

DULL.

Our town has, ever since the departure of the "blue-belles," presented a most dull and forlorn appearance. Those fellows kept us some of the best of their many acts of invasion upon our rights, and were the bumps of combativeness of our people kept swelled by their flagrant outrages and atrocious insults, that scarcely a day passed when it could be truly said, "there's no body hurt." Now, the angry passion seem to have subsided.

Five Murders Executed.

(From the Independent Monitor, Tuscaloosa, Ala., September 1, 1868.)

Five notorious bad negroes were found hanging by the neck to limbs in the woods of Colbert county, a few days since. They had been guilty of making threats against the whites.