Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIII. PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1868. NUMBER 213.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK M.

THE CAPITAL.

Revenue Appointments — The Case of Commissioner Rollins —Transportation Regulations.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, September 3, 1868.

REVENUE APPOINTMENTS.

The following Internal Revenue officials were appointed to-day:

Storekeepers—David O. Lee, Third District, Ohio; Peter L. Downing, St. Louis; T. L. P. Defrees, St. Marys, Ohio; Harvey Compton, First District, Ohio; Jesse Byrket, Urbana, Ohio; Jules Martagnier, Cincinnati; James S. Mallory, Brooklyn, New York; Wm. A. Martin, First District, Ohio; Chester F. Schiely, Lockport, New York; John W. Redman, Fifth District, Illinois; C. E. Paddock, Louisville, Kentucky; Wm. W. Peterson, Fourth District, Ohio; Jesse F. Madden, Brooklyn, New York, and the following for Chicago: Edward Mann, Otto Schost, E. A. Harker, John W. Connell, T. A. Towner.

Gaugers—John Barker, Seventh District, Ohio; Frank Koehle, Fifth District, Ohio; T. O. Ebaugh, Third District, Ohio; James Hunter, First District, California.

The President to-day appointed Rev. C. J. Faugherey Assessor for the Fourth District, Pennsylvania, *vice* Thomas W. Forsythe.

COMMISSIONER ROLLINS

Remains in Washington engaged in the duties of his office, and has no intention whatever of leaving the city on any business connected with the charges against him in New York. His opinion is that the United States District Attorney at New York has entire charge of the matter, and that there is nothing whatever pertaining to it which can require his attention either personally or otherwise. Secretary McCulloch, in response to a telegram this morning from the District Attorney, inquiring whether the latter should appear, replied: "It seems to me that under the law of 1789 you should appear." Information has been received here that the Deputy Marshal, who has the warrants, has been instructed by Solicitor Binckley to make no more arrests at present. It is understood that the response of Secretary McCulloch to the District Attorney at New York takes the matter of the prosecution out of the hands of Mr. Binckley.

TRANSPORTATION REGULATIONS.

The Treasury Department has issued regulations to govern the transportation of merchandize coastwise between Atlantic and Pacific ports.

INDIANA COUNTY.

Large Republican Mass Meeting.

[Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BAIRDSTOWN, Sept. 3, 1869.

A large Republican mass meeting was held at this place last evening. It was organized by calling Mr. Joseph Torrance to the Chair. Messrs. Samuel Barr and Montgomery Baird were elected Vice Presidents. S. S. Gilson was chosen Secretary. The Chairman introduced Mr. Fulton, of Greensburg, as one of the speakers of the evening. Mr. Atkinson was next called for, and spoke in a very forcible manner, discussing the leading issues of the campaign in a speech of considerable length.

On motion of Dr. Speer, a vote of thanks was tendered the speakers. A vote of thanks was also given the "Blairsville Band" for their excellent music. It was announced that Senator Sherman, of Ohio, and Hon. John Covode would speak in Blairsville next Tuesday afternoon. The meeting adjourned, giving three cheers for the Presidential ticket of the Union party, and, also, three cheers for "Honest John" Covode and the Assembly ticket.

SOUTH AMERICA.

Puerto Cabello Surrendered---Death of Gen. Bruzual--A Speedy Peace Probable.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, September 3.—The *Herald's* Havana special says: Puerto Cabelio surrendered August 15th to General Monagas. General Bruzual, commander of the beseiged place, was wounded, but managed to escape to Curacoa where he died on the 18th.

The schooner Josephine arrived at Taguagra laden with arms captured at the evacuation of Puerto Cabello. The steamer Purache arrived at Curacoa with seventy wounded officers and men who escaped from Puerto Cabello.

Marshal Valcon, ex-President of Venezuela, now contemplates going to Europe. Troops have been sent to Maracaibo, where several Provinces had declared in favor of Monagas. A speedy peace is probable.

Exciting Boat Race.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, Sept. 3.—An exciting race occurred on the Niagara river this afternoon. Alexander Tolsman and Dod Marvin, two expert oarsmen, rowed for a wager five miles up the Niagara river against a seven mile current, through the rapids, and around Bird Island reef, and three and a half miles on the return, in forty-eight minutes and fifty-seven seconds. Heavy clinker boats were used. Tolsman was beaten by five seconds. For a half mile over the reef the current is fuliy ten miles an hour.

Homicide in Exeter, New Hampshire.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

EXETER, September 3.—Enrich Fogg killed Wm. Quillan on Monday, in a quarrel, beating him with a fowling piece. The gun exploded in the fracas, badly wounding Fogg in the foot. The latter was arrested.

Eleventh Pennsylvania Congressional District.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ALLENTOWN, September 3.—Hon. John D. Stiles has been unanimously nominated by the Democratic Convention of the Eleventh District for Congress.

Munificent Bequests.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HARTFORT, Conn., September 3.—George Hall, who died yesterday, bequeathed $30,000 to charitable associations in this city, and a like sum to the same objects in Savannah, Georgia, where he once resided.

Vermont State Fair.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RUTLAND, VT., September 3.—Great preparations are making at Burlington, Vt., for the State Fair next week. Hon. George G. Edmunds will deliver the annual address.

FROM EUROPE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—An unsuccessful attempt was made yesterday to launch the steamer Bermuda from the dry dock on the Thames. She, with the single exception of the Great Eastern, will be the largest vessel in the world.

The ships Spendthrift and Launcelot, of the Clipper Fleet, arrived from China today.

AUSTRIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 3.—Bishop Plattsek some time since received an order to send a delegate to the Catholic Synod, then about to convene under the direction of the Emperor. The Bishop refused to comply, and has been banished to Siberia for his refusal.

FRANCE

PARIS, Sept. 3.—The Emperor has gone to Chalons.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, September 3—*Evening*—Consols 94; U. S. bonds, 72; Erie, 31¼.

FRANKFORT, September 3—U. S. Bonds firm at 75¼@75½.

PARIS, September 3.—Bourse closed firm; Rentes 70f.

LIVERPOOL, September 3—*Evening.*—Cotton closed quiet at ¼d. decline; Uplands 10¾d; Orleans 11¼d. Lard active at 7s.

ANTWERP, September 3—*Evening.*—Petroleum closed at 49f. for refined.

LONDON, September 3. Increase of bullion in the Bank of England for the past week, £73,000.

MEXICO.

General Patoni Assassinated—Sensation Over the Reported Purchase of Sinaloa by the United States—Lasoda Issues a Pronunciamento Against the Government.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, September 3.—Mazatlan advices, August 25th, say: Patoni was assassinated on August 18th, in the city of Durango, by the officers and staff of General Canto, commanding the garrison. Patoni had been ordered by Canto to report to the military headquarters, and not complying immediately, he was shot dead in the house of his friends. This caused a strong feeling against Gen. Canto. On receipt of the news, Gen. Carona dispatched a courier with official instructions to the authorities, ordering Gen. Querar to take command of Durango, and arrest and imprison the officers connected with the assassination, including Canto. It is feared the latter will pronounce against Corona and the supreme government, rather than submit to arrest.

The reported purchase of Sinaloa by Mr. Seward created a sensation among the office holders. They oppose the sale, but owners of the property and the great mass of the people would welcome the Americans.

The Press of the country is alarmed about reports of fillibustering movements from Cuba, New Orleans, Rio Grande, and the Pacific Coast.

Santa Anna, Lasoda and Marquez are said to understand each others movements, and are determinad to destroy the Juarez government. Lasoda is reported to have issued a strong pronunciamento against the general government, declaring himself free and independent. He has immense stores of war material, and it is believed the government dare not attack him.

WASHINGTON TOPICS AND GOSSIP

It is true that Mr. Binckley has taken affidavits in New York which show that Commissioner Rollins is guilty of collusion with Collector Smythe in regard to preventing the collection of Internal Revenue taxes in the Eighth District, but no warrants have yet been issued for either Mr. Rollins or Mr. Harlan, his Assistant. It is believed that the matter will be referred first to the Attorney General, and he will issue the warrants of arrest if he thinks proper. Mr. Rollins treats the affair with indifference.

Major Magrue has been appointed Assessor for the Second District of Ohio. The trouble between McCulloch and Rollins, relative to the appointment of Supervisors, will never be settled; every conference puts them farther apart.

The case of O'Neill, who was appointed United S ates District Attorney at Philadelphia, presents some knotty questions, and the Attorney General is not yet able to give a decision in the matter.

The Attorney General decides that compromise cases arising under the new tax law must be settled by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, but he may ask advice of the Secretary of the Treasury, the Solicitor of his Bureau, or of the Attorney General.

There no longer remains any doubt as to the position of Secretary McCulloch on the Presidential question. In conversation with a prominent official a few days ago, he said he could no longer hesitate as to what course to pursue, but should give his support, and whatever official patronage he could control, to elect Seymour and Blair. At the same time he expressed regrets that he was forced to this position and compelled to unite with the party that had brought so much trouble to the country. He denounced, in strong terms, the financial plank of the Democratic platform, and said if it was carried out it would certainly bring financial ruin to the country. The only objectionable plank in the Republican platform was that relating to reconstruction, but as this was paramount at the present time to everything else, he preferred uniting himself with the Democratic party, with its ruinous financial policy, to giving his support to a party which imposed such conditions on the Southern States as was done by the Republicans in their reconstruction measures. These are briefly Mr. McCulloch's views as expressed to the gentleman who informs your correspondent. It seems clear that if Mr. McCulloch was uninfluenced by the President, he would be found among the supporters of Grant, but under Johnson's dictation he has succumbed, and thrown his influence and vast official patronage of the Treasury Department to make the Seymour ticket a success.

Recent information from Nashville, Tennessee, to the effect that Senator Fowler has come out openly for Grant and Colfax, excites no little comment among the friends of President Johnson. They assert that the President had the most positive assurance from Fowler that he would support Seymour and Blair, and why he has changed cannot be accounted for.

The last French mail brings most unqualified assurances from General John A. Dix, our Minister to France, that he is earnestly in favor of the election of Grant and Colfax. Hon. Henry M. Watts, the recently appointed Minister to Austria, has also declared himself unequivocally for the Republican ticket. Similar declarations have been received from other foreign Ministers whose position has hitherto been disputed.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

POLITICAL.

The Vermont Election.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RUTLAND, September 3.—The Republican vote in one hundred and seventeen towns, about one-half of the State, give Page, Republican, 23,631. Edwards, Democrat, received 8,351; majority, 14,980. The towns to be heard from will undoubtedly bring the majority in the State up to 30,000. The net gain in 147 counties is 4,843.

MONTPELIER, VT., September 3.—Returns of the Governor's vote have been received from two hundred and eight towns with the following results: Page, Republican, 39,693; Edwards, Democrat; 13,725. Page's majority, 25,973. Thirty-three towns remain to be heard from.

Reports from one hundred and ninety-three towns show elections to the Legislature as follows: Republican, 185; Democrats, 7; no choice, 4.

New York Democratic Convention.

ALBANY, September 3.—The Democratic Convention met this morning. Resolutions were adopted reaffirming and endorsing the platform and nominees of the National Democratic Convention, and urging that the registration and excise law be applied to the whole State. General W. H. Slocum and De Wolf were chosen presidential electors, together with one from each Congressional District. Following nominations were also made: Canal Commissioner, O. Bacon; Prison Inspector, D. O. McNeil; Clerk of Court of Appeals, E. O. Perrin. Resolution offered deploring the death of Peter Cagger, and passed by the Convention, after which it adjourned *sine dic*, with cheers for the candidates. The State Committee were announced prior to adjournment, Samuel J. Tilden being the Chairman.

Congressional Nominations.

SANDUSKY, O., September 3.—Hon. P. Noble, regular Democratic nominee for Congress from this district, has withdrawn in consequence of the refusal of part of the Democracy of the district to support him. Another convention is called, to meet at Clyde, September 9th, to select a new candidate. Hon. Robert Lee, the candidate of that portion of the party who refused to support Mr. Noble, will probably withdraw in favor of the nominee of the new convention.

ST. LOUIS, September 3.—The Republicans of the Second Congressional District, in convention at Washington, Mo., nominated G. A. Tindleburg for Congress.

BOSCOBEL, Wisconsin, September 3.—The Third District Republican Convention nominated General Cobb for Congress.

GREEN BAY, Wisconsin, September 3.—Philotus Lawyer was nominated for Congress here to-day by the Republicans.

NEW YORK, September 3.—The Republicans of the Twenty-first (Utica) district have nominated Alexander H. Bailey for Congress.

CHICAGO, September 3.—The Republican Congressional Convention for the Third district of Iowa nominated Wm. B. Allison yes erday.

NEW YORK CITY.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, September 3—The investigation before United States Commissioner Gutman, relative to the alleged frauds in the Internal Revenue Department, was today, after some argument postponed until to-morrow. Of the accused, Thos. C. Smith and Daniel Murray were present.

At a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce, Dr. Noyes, of New Orleans, gave a description of the projected canal below that city to connect the Mississippi river with Lake Borgne. The subject was referred to the Executive Committee.

The Twelfth annual games of the Caledonia Club came off to-day at Jones' wood.

Two men were seriously injured, one fatally, by the fall of a scaffold on a new building in Canal street, Brooklyn, last evening.

An undertaker in Hudson City has been arrested for opening a grave and breaking off a piece of a coffin to show its quality. The punishment is two years' imprisonment and a fine of $2,000. A disputed bill was the cause.

The members of the Morrisana Trade Union, convicted of conspiracy in refusing to work for a master mason who employed a journeyman not belonging to their union, have been sentenced, the principal to pay a fine of thirty dollars, and the others five dollars each.

A resident of Minnesota was swindled out of one hundred dollars by the confidence game at the Union depot, Albany, by two sharpers.

It is reported that on Saturday last a Prussian, named Jean Zudginski, employed in the service of the brick manufactory at French Landing, South River, Middlesex county, Wis., was murdered by four men. The names of two of his assailants are Henry Bootgar and Carl Hopp, one of whom fractured the skull of Zudginski with a club. The assailants escaped to this city.

The Chinese Embassy have returned to New-York.

The second day's play in the cricket match, New York vs. St. George Club, resulted in a draw, the scores standing for the second innings at six o'clock, when the wikets were drawn New York 93, St. George 86, with the loss of six wickets. It is pretty certain that Messrs. Cosman and Mortimer, of the New York Club, will be chosen to play in the twenty-two against the All-England eleven, and it is equally certain Messrs. Gibbs, Bowman, Wait, Butterfield and Cross, and the professionals Wooley, Harty and Wright will be chosen from the St. George.

Georgia Legislature—Colored Representatives Voted Ineligible.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ATLANTA, September 3.—In the House of Representatives yesterday, a resolution was passed to hold two sessions a day while the discussion of the question of eligibility continued. This morning Mr. Turner, colored, occupied the entire session. In conclusion he said: "This thing means revolution. Look out carpet-baggers. When we go they will turn you out, impeach Governor Bullock and upset the Constitution."

In the afternoon session several members participated in the debate. On a vote being taken, the negroes were declared ineligible by a vote of 80 to 28. Thus twenty-five negroes are unseated and four remain who claim to be white men. Their case is to be investigated. Turner, as he walked out, brushed the dust from his feet. The other negroes bowed to the speaker and waved their hats to members.

NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

Annual Conference of the Methodist Church

WEDNESDAY, September 2, 1868.—Afternoon session opened with prayer by Rev. G. G. Westfall, after which Dr. Reeves proceeded with his sermon of the Deaconship, noticing as the next important item of evidence that the office of Deacon is a ministerial office and order in the Church. *Their solemn ordination*, which is quite similar to the *ordination of Elder* He proved that ordination is necessary in order to fitness for the administration of Baptism and the Lord's Supper. Deacons administered the sacraments, therefore they were ordained ministers. The Dr. also argued that the qualifications of Deacons is evidence that their's was a ministerial office. They mu be "grave, sincere, temperate, with pure conscience, full of the Holy Ghost and wisdom, soundness in the faith." The Dr. quoted largely from the Greek Scriptures, as well as from the Church fathers. It was certainly a masterly effort, occupying about two hours and a half. His final conclusion was that the order of Deacon is *divine, ministerial*, and to be *perpetual* in the Church. The Conference gave the Dr. a vote of thanks for the sermon and requested its publication in book form.

List of the roll of members as far as reported on Wednesday afternoon. Others are expected:

George Brown, D.D., William Reeves, D.D., John Cowl, James Robinson, John Scott, D D., Henry Palmer, G. B. McElroy, Henry Lucas, J. J. Wo d, Val. Lucas (deceased,) R. H. Sutton, William Collier, D.D., J. H. Hull, J. M. Mason, G. G. Westfall, J. W. Rutledge, F. H. Stockton, D.D., C. P. Jordan, J. D. Herr, David Jones, D. J. K. Rine, J. B. Lucas, E. A. Briddley, A. Hutton, William Wallace, Alex. Clark. Alex. Patton, C. K. Stillwagon, W. T. Wilson, T. H. Colhouer, S. T. Crowther, B. Edmiston, A.B., Michael Lee, William H. Phipps, James Clary, Geo. Chappell, J. R. Tygard, Samuel Young, P. T. Conway, J. B. Graham, A.M., H. B. Knight, A.M., Zachariah Ragan, D.D.

Each church is represented at Conference by a Layman, who has equal rights on the Conference floor with his ministerial brethren. We will not ask room for their names in your columns. This statement will suffice.

The various standing Committees were appointed, to-wit: on Itinerancy and Orders, on Supplying Pulpits, on Boundaries and Necessities, on Sabbath Schools, Temperance, Home Missions, on Statistics, Obituaries, Uniformity of Public Worship.

Revs. Dr. Mahon, President of Adrian College, Michigan; Dr. Waters of the Baptist Church; Mills, of the M. E. Church; Wallace, of the U. P. Church; Wilson, of the U. B. Church; Goodrich, Luty, Grant, Gregory, of the Methodist Church; J. L. Simpson, of West Virginia Conference, Methodist Church, to communicate with this body in regard to ecclesiastical relations. His message is looked for with interest, however, as it is well known that our brethren in West Virginia have had peculiar troubles during the last few years, growing out of the political condition of that region, into loyal and disloyal. Brother Simpson represents the loyal part of the Virginia Conference of the M. P. Church, which portion of said Conference has become a part of the Methodist Church by the adoption of our Constitution and Discipline.

President Dr. Reeves read his annual message recounting his official acts during the past year.

The Pastors of the different churches submitted brief reports of their work during the year just closed.

Adjourned on time.

Prayer by Rev. John Cowl.

EVENING.—Wm. Collier, D.D., preached an excellent sermon on the Divinity of Christ.

THURSDAY MORNING.—Conference opened with prayer by Rev. J. B. Graham. Roll called—minutes of yesterday were read. Dr. P. T. Laishley and D. R. Helmick, Commissioners from West Virginia Conference Methodist Church, were introduced and voted to honorary seats. Also G. W. Burns, A. M., of Muskingum Conference Methodist Church, and Rev. Wm. Young, of Painesville, Ohio, reported that the Pittston, Luzerne county, Pa., Wesleyan Methodist Connexion has adopted the Constitution and Discipline of the Methodist Church, and wish to unite with the Pittsburgh Annual Conference. On motion, their request was granted and the delegates admitted to seats in the Conference.

Reports from the preachers were resumed. George Browne, D. D., stated that during the past year he traveled 4,413 miles, and preached sixty-three sermons. Pretty well done for a superannuated man seventy-seven years old.

At ten o'clock Dr. Laishley, in behalf of the Committee from West Virginia Conference Methodist Church, on invitation of the Conference, delivered his message, asking that the body they represent may be incorporated into the Pittsburgh Conference of the Methodist Church. They are loyal to the Methodist Church, and to the country.

This addition will greatly enlarge Pittsburgh Conference.

Referred to a Committee.

Adjourned with prayer by Rev. H. Lucas.

ALLEGHENY COUNCILS.

Special Meeting.

A special meeting of Allegheny City Councils was held Thursday evening, September 3d.

Select Council.

Members Present—Messrs. Brown, English, Faulkner, Gang, Gwinner, Hall, Hartman, Krebs, Motheral, Myler, J. C. Patterson; Riddle, Wm. Smith, Weise, Wettach, and President McBrier.

The President, on taking the Chair, stated that the meeting had been called for the purpose of fixing the manner of paying for the construction of sewers.

Mr. Myler, from the Committee on Streets and Sewers, submitted an ordinance, providing that eighty per cent. of the contract price should be paid to the contractors for the construction of the Montgomery avenue, Sedgwick and Federal street sewers, every thirty days, as the work progressed.

The ordinance passed to a third reading and was adopted under a suspension of the rules.

Mr. Myler moved to suspend the rules in order that new business might be transacted.

Mr. Hall objected, and asked the gentleman to state the nature of the business.

Mr. Myler replied that it was business from the Street Committee.

The question was then put and the Chair being unable to decide, a division was called for, when the motion was decided in the negative.

Mr. Myler stated that as some of the business required the immediate attention of Councils, he hoped that the vote would be reconsidered.

Mr. Brown moved a reconsideration. The motion prevailed, and on motion of Mr. Myler the rules were suspended.

REPORT OF THE STREET COMMITTEE.

Mr. Myler, from the Street Committee, submitted the report of that Committee, accompanied by sundry resolutions and ordinances.

The report was accepted.

The following resolutions and ordinances from the Street Committee were then taken up:

A resolution providing for the opening of Rebecca street, from its present western terminus.

Mr. Patterson objected and on motion it was laid over until next meeting.

The following ordinances were then taken up and passed finally: For the grading and paving of Beech street; grading and paving of St. Clair street; grading Race alley, Chestnut street, Frazier's alley, Divine alley, and Nelson alley.

A resolution providing for the widening of Webster street was then taken up.

Mr. Riddle presented a remonstrance against the widening of the street and moved that the matter be laid over.

The resolution to lay over was adopted.

The following resolutions were then taken up:

A resolution to open Fleming street from Fairmount street to Belle avenue. Adopted.

Resolution to open Taylor street. Adopted.

Resolution changing the name of Anna street to Gallaher street. Adopted.

None of foregoing business was reached in Common Council, except the ordinance relating to the manner of paying for the construction of services, which was concurred in.

Councils adjourned.

Common Council.

Council came to order at half-past seven o'clock, when the roll was called, and the following members answered to their names.

Messrs: Fleming, Hanna, Hastings, Kennedy, Lindsay, McDonald, McNeill, Ober, Reynolds, Reed, Richardson, Saints, Voegtly, White, and President Slagle.

The reading of the minutes of last meeting was dispensed with.

Mr. Tate presented the returns of the election held in the Second ward, certifying the election of Alfred Slack to the position of Common Councilman. The report was accepted and Mr. Slack sworn in by the Mayor.

Mr. Megraw presented the report of the Committee on Engines, setting forth the agreement with Gamewell and Kennard, for the extension of the Fire Alarm Telegraph for $1,850. Accepted and approved.

Mr. Voegtly presented the certificate of the election of Henry C. Reineman to Common Council from the Seventh ward. Mr. Reineman was sworn in by the Mayor.

Mr. Tate presented a resolution instructing the Park Commission to report at next meeting respecting the amount of money expended on the improvement of the public grounds and other matters under their cognizance. Adopted.

Mr. McNeill presented a resolution authorizing the erection of twenty posts on the Allegheny wharf. Adopted.

Mr. Reed presented a petition for the grading and paving of Union avenue. Referred to the Street Committee. Select Council entertained no Common Council business.

Adjourned.

THE COUNTY WORK HOUSE.

Visit to the New Building—Its Present and Future Prospects.

Yesterday morning the Board of Managers of the new County Work House, together with the Prison Inspectors and a number of other citizens, left Allegheny on the nine o'clock train on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad, for the purpose of visiting the new Work House, located on the line of the road, in Indiana township, nine miles above this city.

The foundation of the east wing of the building has been completed, and four hundred thousand bricks already laid. That portion of the edifice which is under contract, is 270 feet in length by 53 feet in width, with an extension 80 by 50 feet. The walls are built of brick, and ornamented with cut-stone dressings. The front will be thirty six feet high, and on the first story will be four double tiers of cells, each containing fifteen apartments, seven by four feet two inches. The tiers open on halls fifteen feet wide, which runs through the centre. The doors of the cells are of iron, and are grated, for the purpose of ventilation in summer, and for admitting heated air from the halls in winter. On the same floor are four large rooms, to be used for prison reformatory purposes, the store room, wash room, clothing room, and directly above these is the workshop, 76 by 50 feet. The first story of the extension will contain the kitchen, 44 by 30 feet; dining room, 25 by 30 feet; bakeroom, laundry, ice house, cooling room, etc. In the second story will be the guard room, physician's room, male and female hospitals, sewing and ironing rooms, closets, etc. Above these will be the school room, 21 by 42 feet; chapel, 44 by 56 feet, and the library. The inside doors are of iron, and the joists rest on the iron girders. In the front windows iron gratings are placed inside the sash.

A meeting was held, at which addresses were mrde by Messrs. Geo. R. White, Col. H. S. Fleming, George Albree, James L. Graham, Russell Errett, A. M. Watson, after which Robert H. Davis, Esq., offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That we approve of the action taken by the managers of the Work House, and recommend to them the completion of the work at the earliest possible moment.

Mr. Watson also submitted a resolution of thanks to the managers, architects and builders, which was adopted.

The railway train being about due at this time, the meeting adjourned, and the company returned to the city much pleased with their visit.

BRIEF NEWS ITEMS.

—The ball worm has appeared in cotton fields in North Mississippi, causing considerable alarm among planters.

—Ex-Gov. Thomas H. Seymour died at his residence in Hartford, Conn., on Thursday evening, of typhoid fever, aged sixty-one years.

—A billiard match of fifteen hundred points, for two hundred dollars and the championship of Illinois, between Henry Rhives and Joseph Vermuelon, came off at Music Hall, Chicago, Wednesday night, and was won by the former, beating Vermuelon one hundred and twenty-three points.

—Accounts from Greece say: The Cretan insurrection is flourishing; the Turks are nearly worn out and discouraged. It will be with great difficulty they can continue the contest, while the Cretans are flushed with success and infuriated by recent massacres to desperate enterprises. Through the intervention of Gen. Ignatiff, the Porte has been obliged to dismiss Perter Basha, commanding in Candia, and other officials there.

POLITICAL ITEMS.

HON. A. P. EDGERTON, Democratic candidate for Lieutenant Governor of Indiana, owns $198,000 in five-twenties, and *admits that he has paid no income tax upon them.* Give us equal taxation, by all means.

A VOTE was taken on board the steamer carrying passengers from Washington and Baltimore to the scene of the late fight between Sam Collyer and Billy Edwards, resulting as follows: For Seymour and Blair, 98; for Grant and Colfax, 4.

GEN. CHARLES W. ROBERTS, of Bangor, who is speaking in the Democratic interest in Penobscot county, Maine, said in a recent speech: "Take out the churches and the temperance societies, and there will be nothing left of the Republican party."

THE Seymour and Blair Club of Washington had a thoughtful time the other night over a letter from a negro in North Carolina asking whether negro votes for the Democratic candidate would really be received. There was some reluctance manifested about opening a correspondence with negroes.

THE Boston *Daily Advertiser* has the following letter from a literary gentleman of this State who voted for Douglas and McClellan: "You pay small compliment to my sense of patriotism in your assumption that I am for Seymour. No; I am a square out-and-out 'Hiram Simpson' man, and work and talk for him every chance I get. * * * I'm a Grant Democrat, and believe that there are enough just such in this country to elect the staunch little man to the position I know he will adorn as he has all others in which he has been placed, from the tanyard upwards."

AT a Seymour and Blair barbecue held a few days since, at Forsythe, Georgia, Benjamin H. Hill, the great Democratic champion of that State, made a speech. In the course of his remarks he referred to the Union men of the Commonwealth in these words; "The Bible speaks of them. The wicked abound on every hand, and the vilest rule.' These men are false to their own race. They will deceive and demoralize your society. They are false to all. But there is one remark I wish the people to ponder well, '*I hate them. It is a Christian duty to hate them. No man will ever get to heaven unless he hates them.*"

JUDGE ALEXANDER RIVES, of Virginia, has come out earnestly for Grant and Colfax. He has long been a Conservative. The letter from Hon. J. S. Carlisle, of Virginia, giving his reasons for abandoning the Democracy, is a strong document. Regarding the work of the Democratic Convention, it says: It is my opinion that Hendricks was defeated because he was not a believer in the right of secession. The war record of Hancock defeated him. Mr. Vallandigham's patriotism nominated Seymour and crushed the aspirations of the Chief Justice. The friends of the lost cause triumphed over the Unionism of the Convention, and the strife of the battlefield is to be renewed and to be fought out at the ballot box.

THE Philadelphia *Ledger*, an independent journal of strong Democratic proclivities, says:

Mr. S. S. Cox, in a recent speech at Poughkeepsie, spoke at some length on financial questions, and declared that he would never consent to issue for any purpose "this miserable, debauched currency," and said further: "I like the chink of the old Bentonian legal-tender. If we are to have paper let us make it worth as much as its face in gold sterling coin, and we shall be out of our trouble about the bond question." This is as forcible as true, and if every aspirant to Congressional honors will adopt the same tone and sentiment, the bond question, which now threatens national disgrace, will adjust itself as honorably as easily.

The German Republicans.

The Philadelphia *Post* says: The National Republican Club, of which we spoke yesterday, is doing even more good than we had thought. It has quietly perfected the best organization the Germans of Philadelphia have ever had. Under its direction German clubs have been established in every ward of the city, with a membership of from fifty to two hundred each. Next Saturday night these clubs will hold a grand meeting at the National Guards' Hall, and will be addressed by Gen. Carl. Schurz, one of their ablest leaders. On Monday they will have a Republican pic-nic. This is what they are doing in the city, and we know that such systematic and energetic work must add thousands to our Republican vote.

The war made Republicans of thousands of German Democrats, who abandoned a party which betrayed the Government. In every State these men will wield vast influence. The German Grant and Colfax Campaign Club of New York have just issued an eloquent address to their countrymen who served in the Union army. The address declares that the choice is between Grant and Blair, and asks if veteran soldiers will support the man who has renounced their standard: "Are the veterans going to vote to have themselves and their sons once more beat their plowshares into swords, and shed their blood in a new civil war, and to have the nation barter away its honor by acting the part of a thief toward its creditors, thus leaving an inheritance of want and wretchedness to our children and children's children? Veterans, are these the fruits which you want to reap from your victories? The old battle-flag waves high again, and the hero who led you to victory, he it is, who bears again before you to the front. Once more, rally around him. Rise up once more as one man and follow him, for victory follows in his path!" These are noble words, and will have countless echoes from the brave Germans who fought for their adopted country.

New Orleans Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 3.—Cotton in fair demand, with middlings at 27c; sales—702 bales; receipts—154 bales. Sterling 156½a158, New York sight. Exchange at ¼a½ per cent. premium. Gold at 143. Flour quiet, with superfine at $7a7,25. Corn firm at $1,07a1,10. Oats firm at 64a65c. Bran scarce at 13c. Hay at $25a26. Pork steady at $30,50. Bacon quiet; shoulders at 14c; clear sides at 18c. Lard inactive at 17½c, tierce, and 22c per keg.

Buffalo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, Sept. 3.—Flour inactive. Wheat dull; sales 10,000 bush No 2 Chicago at $1,83, and 6,800 bush amber Michigan at $2,10a2,12; also 8000 bush red Ohio at $2; also 3000 bush red at $2,05; also 14,000 bush do at $2,07. Corn dull but firm; car lots of No 1 sold at $1,13. Oats dull; car lots sold at 64a65c. Rye dull and unchanged. Barley dull and unchanged. Mess Pork firm at $31 for heavy. Lard dull and unchanged. Highwines in light demand.