Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIII. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1868. NUMBER 212.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK M.

THE CAPITAL.

Charges Preferred Against Commissioner Rollins—Revenue Appointments—Naval Changes—Postoffice Frauds.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 9, 1868.

ARREST OF COMMISSIONER ROLLINS ORDERED.

Information received here to-day from New York states that warrants issued by United States Commissioner Gutman at the instance of Solicitor Binckley, of the Internal Revenue Bureau, include the arrest of Commissioner Rollins. The understanding in the Internal Revenue Department is that he has been charged with dishonest transactions with ex-Collector Smythe and others. The Commissioner regards the proceedings against him as founded altogether on false premises, inasmuch as Collector Smythe was removed on his recommendation, and that Haggerty's distillery was held under his instructions. Of the remaining two persons, one was dismissed from service as Inspector for cause, and the other denied reappointment after a trial of sixty days.

NAVAL CHANGES.

Captain W. H. Macomb will be detailed from duty at the Philadelphia Navy Yard, October first, and placed on waiting orders; Captain Alexander Murray relieves him. Commander Homer E. Blake will be detailed from the Portsmouth Navy Yard on the 30th inst. and placed on waiting orders; Commander E. McCauley succeeds him. Lieutenant Commander Charles S. Norton is relieved from duty at the Portsmouth Navy Yard from the 1st inst., and Lieutenant Commander C. C. Carponter relieves him. Paymaster Judson Post is detached from the naval station at Mound City and will be succeeded by Paymaster Elisha W. Dunn.

APPOINTMENT OF INTERNAL REVENUE OFFICERS.

The following Internal Revenue officers were appointed to-day: *Storekeepers*—Allen M. Burdic, Milwaukee, Wisconsin; Gaurt M. Lasse, New York City; John R. Warneck, Covington, Kentucky; Bradford Napp, Brooklyn, New York; Michael Kerwin, Philadelphia; Clayton Middletown, New York City. *Gaugers*—Richard Ellis, Third District, Pennsylvania; Jas. P. Morrison, Second District, Pennsylvania; H. A. Otto Hertzog, Thirty-second District, New York; John W. O'Brien, Ninth District, New York; Wm. Merrifield, Fifth District, New York.

Gen. Orlando Brown, Assistant Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau, has been honorably discharged, but he will be retained in the service as a civil agent.

THE CONSPIRACY AGAINST COMMISSIONER ROLLINS.

There has been considerable stir to-day over the notice received by telegraph last night by Commissioner Rollins, that a warrant had been been issued for his arrest on a charge of conspiracy to defraud the Revenue. As [illegible] when he is charged with [illegible] bring, are men whose [illegible] closed by Mr. Rollins' orders, or disgraced officers, who have been turned out on his recommendation, the charge looks upon its face like one trumped up to serve a purpose. The President and Secretary McCulloch seem to be really annoyed at the occurrence, and the President sent his private Secretary this afternoon to Mr. Rollins to explain that the affair was not of his (the President's) instigation, and that he regretted its occurrence. It appears that the Assessor went to the President, with statements about certain frauds on the revenue, and was told by him to take the information to Solicitor Binckley as the proper officer to investigate the subject. Binckley went to New York for that purpose, and, it appears, has brought himself into discredit with those he wished to serve.

THE BUFFALO POST OFFICE FRAUDS.

Three persons connected with the Postoffice Department, Treasury Department and Public Printing Office, were arrested here yesterday, and examined before Judge Wylie, of the District Court, charged with complicity in the Buffalo frauds up on the Postoffice Department. As no evidence appeared implicating them, they were discharged.

THE INDIANS.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, September 2.—A Denver dispatch of yesterday says: Fifty Indians appeared on Monument Creek, eight miles above Colorado City, this morning, and drove off one hundred horses, retreating toward Bayou Basin, and followed by a small force of volunteers, sent out to intercept them.

Intelligence was received last night that a large force of Indians struck Cache la Poudre Valley, killed one man and drove off a lot of stock. General Augur's forces are now moving to intercept the Indians going north. General Sherman, who is at Fort Sanders, thinks they are going for Ash Hollow. General Sheridan has sent an active force of cavalry to the head of Fleure Creek and the Republican river, under Colonel Forsyth. There are about one hundred Colorado volunteers in the field.

A dispatch from Cheyenne, dated September 1st, says: A large force of Indians are coming toward North Platte, from Cache la Poudre, with a large herd of stolen stock. Two companies of cavalry left Fort Russell this morning to cut them off. The United States mail coach for Fort Laramie, which left here this morning, was attacked at noon and the ranche burned while the passengers were dining. One man was killed. A company of the Twenty-seventh infantry, Gen. Bradley in command, have gone thither.

A dispatch from Denver, dated September 1st, says: Fifty Indians made their appearance eight miles above Colorado City, this morning, and drove off about one hundred horses. They moved towards Bayou Basin with their plunder. A small force of volunteers was immediately sent to intercept them.

Base Ball Match.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, September 2.—The great base ball match between the Cincinnati and the Buckeyes of this city came off at the Union grounds this afternoon and was witnessed by five thousand people. Great interest was manifested throughout and at times the excitement was intense. At the end of the seventh inning the score stood twelve each. On the eighth inning the Cincinnatis made six runs and the Buckeyes none. On the ninth and last inning the score stood: Cincinnatis, 20; Buckeyes, 12. A large amount of money changed hands on the result of this game.

NEW YORK CITY.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, September 2, 1868.

A correspondence took place recently between Mr. Seward and Lord Stanley, through the medium of Mr. Moran, American Charge d'Affaires at London, and Mr. Thornton, the British Envoy at Washington, on the subject of the Fenian prisoners, Warren and Costello, who are naturalized citizens of the United States. The correspondence has been published in full in the London journals, but the main points are simply these: Mr. Seward writes to Mr. Moran a request to read the letter to Lord Stanley, to the effect that the House of Representatives of the United States had passed a resolution requesting the President to take such measures as shall appear proper to secure the release from imprisonment of Messrs. Warren and Costello, convicted and sentenced in Great Britain for words and acts spoken and done in this country, by ignoring our naturalization laws, and to take such other measures as will secure their return to our flag, with such ceremonies as are appropriate to the occasion; and he, therefore, urges the unconditional release of these prisoners. Lord Stanley, in his reply, through Mr Thompson, says:

"As regards the imprisonment of Messrs. Warren and Costello, I have to point to you that the allegation on which Mr. Seward's request for their release is founded, viz: that they were convicted and sentenced for words spoken and acts committed in the United States, rests on a total misconception of the facts in the case. These prisoners were convicted of treason and felony at the Commission Court for the county of Dublin, held in October last. The most prominent overt act insisted upon and proved against them being, that they come to Ireland and cruised along the coast with intent to effect a landing of men and arms in Ireland, and in order to raise an insurrection against the Queen. The evidence adduced against these prisoners in the course of the trial of words spoken and acts committed by them in the United States, was given in strict accordance with the rules of war, as part of the testimony connecting them with a Fenian conspiracy which had existed in the county of Dublin, in which county the Commission Court sat, and which conspiracy had for its object the subversion of Her Majesty's authority and the establishment of a republic in Ireland."

A letter from Syria in the *Post* says the Turks have lately committed another act of vandalism in Crete, which should not escape the notice of civilized Europe and America. The olive trees, heavy with the crop which promised to sustain the half-starved Christians of the heroic Isle, have been entirely destroyed, that the women and children may be forced by famine to yield to the Ottoman power. The Commander-in-Chief has also issued an order for the heads of families to bring back to Crete all refugees under penalty of confiscation of their lands and effects.

There is apparently no truth in the statements that the dry goods merchants generally agreed not to sell goods to the South except for cash.

A contestant of the will of Matthew Vassar, of Poughkeepsie, said to be a nephew and hailing from Minnesota, has failed in his claim.

The steamer Shamrock was sold at the Philadelphia Navy Yard, on Tuesday, for $19,700, and the Boxer for $9,900. Several others were withdrawn.

Gen. Rosecrans will remain here a day or two longer.

The Harlem and Camden and Amboy Companies are replacing their old rails with steel.

A German at Newark has tested the merits of a new patent coffin by allowing himself to be buried alive. He was resurrected two hours afterwards without perceptible exhaustion.

A serious accident occurred at Orange, N. J., last Thursday, caused by the inefficiency of a driver. A span of horses attached to a carriage belonging to Mr. Coyne's livery stable ran away and dashed into a light carriage belonging to Mr. Lord, containing Mrs. Lord, two children, Mrs. Walter Brown, of Newburg, N. Y., and Mrs. Miller McKenna, of Lewellyn Park, all of whom were severely injured. A thigh of one of the children was broken. Mrs. Brown had her teeth knocked out and her jaw bone fractured. The carriage was completely demolished.

The Webster Guards, Co. 12, New York regiment, have declined the invitation of the Montgomery Guards, Boston, to a contest for the champion flag.

The steamer Germania, from Hamburg, arrived to-day. Bayard Taylor and family were among the passengers.

The investigation into the charges against Commissioner Rollins and others will be resumed to-morrow.

The British Corvette Juno arrived to-day from England via Bermuda.

Geo. C. Houghton, recently clerk in a shoe store in Brooklyn, was arrested in Philadelphia for implication in the recent abortion case in this city.

By the capsizing of a boat in North River last evening three ladies and two gentlemen narrowly escaped drowning.

The Cattle Commissioners from this State held a session this morning. All the acts of the Assistant Commissioners with reference to guaranteeing cattle for inspection were approved. There are no new cases of the disease reported.

Since the organization of the Board of Audit, in April, 1867, claims against the city to the amount of seven millions of dollars have been presented, of which only $200,000 have been allowed, $4,000,000 rejected, and the remainder await action.

Quite a riot occurred in the Seventh ward, Jersey City, last night. A policeman was assaulted and bricks and stones thrown furiously, to which he replied with pistol shots. Several arrests were made.

The Connecticut State Fair.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW HAVEN, September 2.—The Fair opened to-day, and a larger number of people were present than ever before at any New England Fair. More than twelve hundred entries are now made, and the stock is still coming in. There were two races to-day, the first for double teams and the second for the fastest stallions. In the first race there were three entries, mile heats, for a purse of $350. India Rubber and Mate won the race in three straight heats; time, 2:38, 2:36½, and 2:38. In the second race for the fastest stallions, two entries were made. The first premium was $1,000 and the second, $500. Rhode Island won the first prize; time, 2:35½, 2:35¾, and 2:49. Patchen was second.

Tennessee Legislature.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NASHVILLE, September 2.—The House to-day withdrew its assent to the Senate resolution to send a Committee to Washington to wait on President Johnson, objection being made by one of its Committee appointed.

The Cotton Crop.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, September 2.—The heavy rains the past two days and the coolness of the weather, it is feared will seriously injure the cotton crop, which in Arkansas, North Mississippi and West Tennessee is now very fine.

POLITICAL.

The Vermont Election.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, September 2.—The first gun of the campaign creates considerable excitement here. The Democrats are surprised, and the Republicans are rejoiced at the increased majority in Vermont.

A dispatch from Rutland to-day gives returns from eighty-two towns, some of which are not full, but indicate Governor Page's majority at over 30,000. The vote was the heaviest ever cast in the State.

Republican Mass Convention at Indianapolis, Ind—A Monster Demonstration.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

INDIANAPOLIS, September 2.—The speaking at the Republican Mass Convention took place in the State House Square. Three stands were erected, at each of which immense crowds were gathered. Not half of the large assembly could get within hearing distance. The number present is variously estimated at from 40,000 to 50,000. The prominent speakers were Gov. Oglesby, Gen. Hurlburt, of Illinois; Gen. Gibson, Gen. Willick, J. J. Wood and Hon. Samuel Galloway of Ohio; Hon. Henry S. Lane and Gen. Lew Wallace, of Indiana. Letters were read from General Thomas, Governor Fenton and others who were invited but could not be present. The display to-night, illumination and torchlight procession, was the grand feature of the Republican demonstration, and exceeded anything ever witnessed in this city. The procession, composed of fighting Boys in Blue, Grant Guards and Tanners in uniform, was fully two miles in length and occupied almost one hour in passing a given point. Not less than 60,000 people were on the streets during the march.

New York Democratic State Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ALBANY, N. Y., September 2.—The Democratic State Convention was called to order at noon by Samuel J. Tilden, Chairman of the State Committee, who made some remarks expressive of his belief in the election of Seymour and Blair, and nominated for temporary Chairman Hon. H. O. Cheesbrough, of Ontario, who made a brief speech of similar tenor to that of Mr. Tilden's. A Committee on permanent organization was appointed. Only one seat was found contested, and it was referred to a select committee. Resolutions were offered protesting against any excise laws not uniform in operation throughout the State, and that such laws should only be enforced through the local authorities of each county. Referred to Platform Committee, which was subsequently appointed. Convention took a recess until afternoon.

The Convention reassembled this afternoon. A Committee on Resolutions was appointed. A permanent organization was perfected by selecting Robert Earl as President, and sixteen Vice Presidents and Secretaries. On taking the Chair Mr. Earl made a congratulatory speech upon the favorable prospects of the Democracy. A Committee was appointed to nominate a Presidential Electoral Ticket.

The Convention then proceeded to nominate a candidate for Governor. The letter of Hon. Henry C. Murphy declining the use of his name was read. Hon. John T. Hoffman was then nominated for Governor by acclamation.

Upon proceeding to nominate for Lieut. Governor, Hon. Samuel Morris, of Brooklyn, made some sharp remarks relative to the grasping propensities of the Tammany ring, which created considerable sensation. A. C. Beach, of Erie, was then nominated for Lieut. Governor by acclamation, and the Convention adjourned till to-morrow morning.

Massachusetts Democratic Nominations.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, September 2.—The following nominations for State officers were made by the Democratic Convention: For Governor, John Q. Adams, of Quincy; for Lieutenant Governor, Reuben Noble, of Westfield; for Secretary of State, Charles Bumblecomb; for Treasurer, Henry Arnold, of Adams; for Auditor, A. F. Devereaux, of Salem; for Attorney General, Wm. C. Endicott, of Salem.

J. G. Abbott, of Boston, and John R. Briggs, of Sheffield, were chosen Presidential Electors.

Loud calls were made for a speech from Mr. Adams, but he not being present Judge Abbott briefly addressed the Convention, eulogizing Seymour and Blair and charging the Republicans with gross extravagance in managing the financial department of the government.

The Indiana Boys in Blue.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 2.—There is an immense crowd in attendance at the Mass Convention of the Boys in Blue here to-day. The morning trains brought over two hundred cars of excursionists, and many more are expected to arrive this afternoon. Among the distinguished speakers present are General Hurlburt and Gov. Oglesby, of Illinois; General Gibson, of Ohio; Col. Woodford, of New York, and many others.

Maryland Democratic Electorial Ticket.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, September 2.—The Democratic State Convention, to-day nominated the following Presidential Electoral ticket: At large, Judge Carmichaels, John Thompson Mason; First Congressional district, Albert Constable; Second district, Walter T. Allinger; Third district, H. Chaltam; Fourth district, Chas. G. Roberts; Fifth district, Geo. Feters.

New Jersey Democratic Nomination.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TRENTON, September 2.—Gen. Charles Haight was renominated to-day by the Democratic Convention of the Second Congressional District for Congress.

Wisconsin Democratic Nominations.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LA CROSSE, Wis., September 2.—The Democrats have nominated Gen. A. G. Ellis for Congress, to run against General Washburne.

Disorderly Proceedings in Virginia.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

FORTRESS MONROE, Sept. 2.—A riot, growing out of the free use of whisky, occurred on Saturday night at Hampton, during which a large number of negroes attacked houses during the night. On Sunday a company of soldiers was sent down from here and quelled the disturbance, after firing into the mob. It is not stated whether any were killed or wounded. A guard was left to preserve order.

A drunken quarrel at Mill Creek, also on Saturday night, between four negroes and soldiers, resulted in one of the soldiers being shot and wounded. Subsequently three of the negroes were arrested, the fourth being shot on the leg while endeavoring to escape, necessitating amputation.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

FROM EUROPE.

England and the Chinese Treaty with United States—Indications of the Preservation of Peace in Europe.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, September 2.—The *Times* to-day devotes its leading column to a long analysis of the treaty recently concluded by the United States Government with the Emperor of China, through the Embassy now visiting America with Mr. Burlingame at its head. The *Times* says England is more interested in China than any other power. Her commerce with that country is larger, and since the treaty of Pekin her relations with its Government have been more friendly. She assisted the Imperial authorities in putting down the Taeping rebellion. England is the proper power for China to employ as a medium for revising her treaties with other nations; but this treaty with the United States, aiming to restore the old exclusive policy, has been rightly entrusted to the manipulation of foreign counselors, who advise what is impossible, the restoration of a retrograde system. The writer then proceeds to dissect one by one the articles of the new treaty. He calls attention to the fact that China obtains no concession from the United States. On the other hand, the latter gains a monopoly of railway and telegraph improvements. This is of itself a sufficient objection to the treaty. Yet the question may be asked, is it wise for England to multiply her differences with America on such grounds as these? The article concludes as follows: We are bound to say, with conviction, that there is more underneath these negotiations than appears on their surface. They bear distinct traces of foreign inspiration. It is our belief that this mission did not originate with the Chinese government. The idea of enlisting Mr. Burlingame as a recruit for the furthering of Chinese ends, so far from being spontaneous, emanated from a foreign brain and was suggested by the departure from China of the American Minister, which was drawing near at the time the plan was formed. No doubt the proposition was joyfully welcomed by the Ministers of the Chinese Emperor, who, having one object at heart, gave one instruction to their Ambassadors, viz.: Stop all progress. As for the rest, *carte blanche*. Say and do what you please, this treaty, concerted by the Embassy on their passage from China to San Francisco, is the result now before us.

FRANCE.

PARIS, September 2.—The *Moniteur*, the official organ of the Government, in its last issue, has an article on the state of Europe. As an indication of peace, the writer points to the significant fact that the number of men on leave of absence from the French army was never greater than at present.

PARIS, Sept. 2.—The Commission appointed to settle the claims of holders of the French-Mexican bonds have decided to pay over to them thirty per cent. of their share of the grant made by the Senate and Corps Legislatif as the first installment of the amount due them.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, September 2.—Korsakoff, Governor of Eastern Siberia, will soon hold conference with a representative sent especially by the Chinese government to settle the disputed boundaries between Siberia and China.

GERMANY.

HAMBURG, September 2.—Prince Napoleon, who arrived here some time ago in his yacht, sailed again last evening for Havre.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, September 2—*Evening.*—Consols 94. United States bonds, 71¾; Illinois Central, 91¼.

FRANKFORT, September 1—*Evening.*—U. S. bonds quiet and steady at 75¼.

LIVERPOOL, September 2—*Evening.*—Cotton closed steady, with prices unchanged. Breadstuffs dull and nominally unchanged. Petroleum firm; refined 1s. 5½. Linseed Oil declined to £31 10s.

ANTWERP, September 2—*Evening.*—Petroleum closed quiet and unchanged.

BOSTON.

Reunion of the Army of the James.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburg Gazette.]

BOSTON, Sept. 2.—About one hundred officers of the late Army of the James assembled to-day at Minot Hall for the purpose of forming a fraternal organization. The meeting was called to order by Dr. Saml. Green, of Boston, Chairman of the Committee on Arrangements.

A Committee on Organization was appointed, consisting of Colonel P. H. Davis, of Virginia; General J. W. Turner, United States Army; General H. M. Plaister, of Maine; General E. W. Smith, United States Army, and Major W. E. Furness, of Illinois.

The Committee reported a Constitution and by laws, which were adopted, the name to be "The Society of the Army of the James," to include in its membership all officers and enlisted men of the Army of the James, to perpetuate the bonds of comradeship among its surviving members, to cherish the memory of those who have fallen, and by every means to cultivate and foster a pure and patriotic devotion to the service of the country.

Generals James Steakert, of New Jersey, Michael Donohoe, of Massachusetts, Col. C. H. Graves, U. S. A., and Major J. S. Gibbs, of Illinois, who were delegated to report a list of officers of the Association, reported as follows: President—General Jas. Devins, of Massachusetts; Vice Presidents—Gen. R. L. Foster, of Indiana, Gen. John W. Turner, United States Army, Gen. Joseph R. Hawley, of Connecticut, Gen. Alonzo Alden, of New York, and Gen. E. W. Hincks, of Massachusetts. Recording Secretary—Col. Geo. A. Bruce, of Massachusetts. Corresponding Secretary—Col. J. A. Davis, of Virginia. Treasurer—Gen. Charles A. Carlton, of Massachusetts. Chaplain—H. C. Clay Trumbull, of Connecticut.

They were unanimously elected and Gen. Devins took the Chair, receiving rapturous cheers. He responded to his reception as President in a brief and pleasant speech. The Chaplain offered a prayer.

A Committee, consisting of Major Bell, of Massachusetts, General R. T. Foster, of Indiana, General Hawley, of Connecticut, General Plaister and General Alden, of New York, Major Diller, of Pennsylvania, and Gen. Carlton, of New York, were appointed to select a time and place for holding the next triennal meeting. They reported the city of New York as the place, and the third Wednesday in July, 1871, as the time, which report was adopted.

Maj. Gen. Alfred H. Terry, amid much applause, accepted the appointment to deliver the triennial address on that occasion. A recess was then declared until evening, when a banquet took place at the St. James.

CHICAGO.

The Cattle Disease—Arrest of an Alleged Thief—Railroad Extension—Collision.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 2.—Out of 1,628 head of cattle inspected at the Union Stock Yards last week only seven were found to be diseased.

John B. Davidson, arrested in New York, has been brought to this city, charged with running off with sixteen thousand dollars worth of goods from the store of Charles B. Ervis, of this city, his former employer.

The work of extending the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad is to be continued during the winter. The contractors advertise at Des Moins, Iowa, to-day, for three hundred teams and one thousand men for that purpose.

Two freight trains on the Rock Island and Pacific Railroad collided last night near Minooka station, disabling the engine and several cars. The debris took fire and three cars were consumed.

Suffolk Park Races.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, September 1.—The Suffolk Park races were inaugurated to-day. The first race, mile heats, best three in five, was won by Goldsmith's Maid in three straight heats—time, 2:26¼, 2:24 and 2,26¼. The contestants were George Wilkes' American Girl and Mary.

Pennsylvania Republican Congressional Nomination.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BEDFORD, PA., September 2.—Hon. John Cessna was to-day unanimously nominated as the Republican candidate for Congress by the Conferees of the Sixteenth District.

BRIEF NEWS ITEMS.

—Gales' carriage manufactory, at Lawrence, Mass., was destroyed by fire on Tuesday night.

—The floor of a vestry in Boston, occupied by the Methodists, began to sink Sunday evening during service. The congregation started in great fright for the windows and doors and two ladies were hurt badly.

—Augustus Baker, from Chicago, a passenger from Montana, recently fell overboard near York, Va., and was drowned with $10,000 in drafts and a check for $50,003 in gold on his body, which were not recovered.

—A mob of fifty men a few days ago surrounded the jailor of Columbia county, Georgia, at Appling, took from him the keys of the jail, and proceeding to the prison took one of the colored inmates out and hung him.

—The Alexandria (Va.) *Journal* says it has the best authority for stating that Judge Underwood has not appealed to the Secretary of War to interfere in any way with the Judiciary of the State, and that he does not contemplate such a thing.

—Gen. Rosecrans, in a conversation at the Astor House, New York, on Tuesday, said he did not believe the Southern leaders would issue an address, as has been reported. In regard to the Mexican mission, he says his policy will be one of kindness and conciliation, and that fillibustering or annexation movements will not be favored.

—Late Arizona advices state that heavy rains prevailed in the latter part of July. A water spout occurred in the Yuma country deluging the country and doing great damage. Two freight trains were destroyed, and the mail carrier between Lupas and Prescott lost his way-mail in the flood. The Indians are committing depredations in the neighborhood of Wyckenburg.

Spiritualism in the White House.

The Washington correspondent of the Boston *Post*, under date of Thursday, says:

A strange scene was presented at the Executive Mansion to-day. Mrs. Daniels, a great Boston medium, was in waiting with a spiritual communication from Abraham Lincoln, which she was directed to deliver to President Johnson. In the crowded ante-room was a female with pale and haggard features who, approaching Mrs. Daniels, asked for a card. Mrs. Daniels: "Have you lost a son, Madam, named William?" The astonished woman answered in the affirmative. "He is now present with you, and requests me to say that you must not worry yourself, as your business matters will all come out right." The woman was paralyzed with astonishment. "Your husband, also," continued the medium, "who was lately killed on the railroad, is here in company with your son." The poor stupefied woman was borne half unconscious to a sofa, whispering, "Yes, he was killed five months ago on a railroad,"—while the audience looked on, wondering and speculating. What the communication to President Johnson was, remains to be divulged.

Aquatic.

A three mile race has been arranged between the Ihmson and McKee boat clubs, for one hundred dollars a side, to take place on Saturday, the 5th inst., between three and four o'clock, P. M., on the upper Monongahela course. The Ihmsen crew will be composed of Harvy Moore, stroke, Harry Best, bow, Isaac Keefer and Lee Tar. The McKee boat will also be propelled by four oars, with Christ. Minehart in the bow, George Long, stroke, assisted by J. Ebberts and F. Espy. There is considerable excitement on the South Side in regard to the race and the betting is spirited, with the odds slightly in favor of Ihmson.

New Orleans Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, September 2.—Cotton easier; middling, at 27c; sales, 488 bales; receipts, 70 bales. Sterling, 166a158. New York Sight Exchange ⅜ per cent. premium. Gold, 144¼. Flour dull; superfine, $7; double extra, $8,50. Corn quiet; prime white, $1,10. Oats quiet at 64a65c. Bran unchanged. Hay, $24a26. Pork steady at $30,50. Bacon firm: shoulders, 14c; clear sides, 18c. Lard quiet and unchanged.

Buffalo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, September 2.—Flour inactive. Wheat quiet; 20,000 bush Chicago by sample at $1,75; 14,550 do at $1,60, and 1,500 do Green Bay Clubs at $2,30; 3,000 red amber and white western at $2,12. Corn dull, asking ¼c adv. Oats at the close 24,000 bush No. 1 Mixed Western at $1,13. Oats dull: 4,000 bush western at 65c; 17,000 do at 64c. Rye quiet at $1,39½. Other articles unchanged.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Shooting Affray in Robinson Township—Probable Homicide—The Perpetrators Surrenders.

A shooting affray occurred in Robinson township yesterday morning, resulting in the serious if not fatal injury of a farmer named David Ross, one of the oldest residents of the township. It seems that the injured man had been in town during Monday, and came home in the evening in an intoxicated condition. Shortly after his arrival he became engaged in an altercation with an employe, a young man named David Tease, beating him in an unmerciful manner. The affair was finally settled and the disturbance quieted down for the evening. The next morning, Ross meeting his victim, again commenced the quarrel, when Tease drew a revolver and fired, the shot taking effect in the breast of his assailant, producing injuries which will probably prove fatal. Soon after being shot Ross was conveyed to his residence and a physician summoned, Tease in the meantime surrendering himself to the authorities to await the result. Dr. Dickson, from this city, aided by the resident physician in Mansfield, made an examination of the wound and pronounced the case hopeless. Tease was brought to the city yesterday and committed to jail by Alderman McMasters in default of $1,000 bail, on a charge of felonious assault and battery with intent to kill. He is about nineteen years of age, and states that he acted only in self defence, after every other method had failed. The injured man at last accounts was living, but no hopes of his recovery were entertained.

Methodist Annual Conference at New Brighton, Pa.

The members of the Pittsburgh Annual Conference met in the First Methodist Church, New Brighton, Pa., on Wednesday, September 2d, 1858, to hold their Thirty-fifth session. After the usual opening services, conducted by Rev. J. W. Rutlege, Dr. Wm. Reeves, President of the Conference, delivered a sermon on the *Deaconship*, from the I Tim. 3. 8, 13, making the following points:

I. The Order of deacon in the primitive Church was not merely financial but also spiritual. After noticing some opinions on the subject, and showing their errors, &c., he proceeded to define the office, as the *lowest ecclesiastical office in the Church*, quoting Bible texts and statements of the early fathers and lexicon definitions, both ancient and modern. Next the Doctor noticed the *origin and object* of the order of deacon, claiming that it was brought from the Jewish Church, and proving it from the Bible and theological writers, and as having existed from the beginning of the Christian Church, and that its object was the spiritual service and edification of the Church.

The Doctor insisted that there were *two orders of Ministers* in the apostolic church, viz: *Deacons and Elders*, and that the bible and church history clearly prove it.

To be concluded at the opening of the afternoon session.

At 11:30 o'clock Conference opened and proceeded to business. Most of the Ministers were present and responded to their names when the roll was called. Delegates then presented their credentials and took their seats.

The morning session closed with prayer by Rev. J. M. Mason. S. F. C.

U. S. District Court—Judge M'Candless.

The case of the United States vs. the distillery and rectifying house of Manuel Green was concluded. The jury is out.

The following cases on the Civil Docket were continued: U. S. vs. Theodore Gould et al.; U. S. vs. Mary Jane Osborne et al.; U. S. vs. Griffin Brown et al.; U. S. vs. Geo. P. White et al.; U. S. vs. Ezekiel N. Crabbe et al.

In the following cases the defendants confessed judgments for costs: U. S. vs. Ezekiel W. Crabbe et al., two suits; U. S. vs Griffin Brown et al.

The District Attorney entered a discontinuance in three cases of the United States vs. Martin Day et al.

In the cases of the United States vs. John Lee, and United States vs. Frederick Miller, R. E. Wenjor was decreed first informer. An order was made directing one moiety of the fine imposed to be paid to him, and the other to the Collector of the Twentieth District, for the benefit of the United States.

The case of the United States vs. Cone, Huckley and others was continued.

A decree of forfeiture was issued in the case of the United States vs. five barrels of whisky, et. al., owned by Walter & Hilbert.

The next case taken up was that of the United States vs. sixty-five bushels of malt and other property owned by M. Zimmerman. On trial.

In the bankruptcy branch of the Court a final discharge was granted and a certificate awarded to Thomas Goodwin, of Titusville, Fayette county, Pa.

A petition for final discharge was filed by Nelson C. Martin, of Wyoming county. The usual orders were made.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were filed of record before H. Snively, Esq., Recorder, September 1, 1868.

Samuel M'Clean, Jr., et ux. to Michael Krebbs, August 21, 1868: lot of ground on the northern side of Pennsylvania avenue, in the Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh, 60 by 160 feet.....$5

Mary O. Phillips to John Glon, August 15, 1868; lot on Ormsby street Lower St. Clair township, 24 by 222 feet.....$435

Robert Watson to Catharine Clar, August 28, 1868; lots Nos. 1 and 2 in Scott's plan, Lawrenceville, 42 by 100 feet, with buildings.....$3,000

Paul H. Hacke, trustee, to Thomas J. Reed, June 20, 1853; lot No. 130 in Hoboken, Indiana township, 25 by 100 feet.....$150

Paul H. Hacke to George W. Reed, June 20, 1863; lot No. 131 in Hoboken.....$155

Thomas Mellon et ux to William K. Lang, July 1, 1863; several lots in Collins township.....$350

Joseph Briderbaugh to William M. Thompson, December 1, 1863; lot on Franklin street, Manchester, 21 by 96 feet.....$300

Paul H. Hacke, trustee, to Hugh Morrison, August 14, 1863; lots Nos. 65 and 66 in Hoboken.....$670

William Mazer et ux to John Ripp, February 1, 1863; two lots in Jos. Patterson's plan, Bloomfield, 25 by 40 feet.....$600

John Ripp et ux to William Gray, September 1, 1863; same lots.....$1,000

R. C. Miller et ux to Western Pennsylvania Railroad, August 31, 1863; all that strip of ground on the northeast corner of East Lane and Canal street, Sixteenth ward, 8 feet 8 inches by 63 feet.....$614

John J. Shutterly et ux to David Richey, August 4, 1863; lots Nos. 7, 8, 9 and 10 in Hoboken.....$1,700

August 21, 1863; lot on Franklin street, Birmingham, 20 by 60 feet, with buildings.....$1,800

NOT GAGES FILED.

Same day eleven mortgages were filed of record.

The following deeds were filed of record before H. Snively, Esq., Recorder, September 2, 1868:

Charles Stewart et ux to John Davis, January 8, 1863; lot on the east side of Boyle street, Third ward, Allegheny, 22 by 200 feet.....$5,000

George Davis to Louis A. Hoffman, June 2, 1863; lot in Duquesne borough, 227 by 290 feet with buildings.....$3,000

Joseph Allen et ux to Wm. Leslie, July 30, 1863; lot on North alley, Allegheny, 22 by 51 feet.....$400

Elizabeth D. Stevenson et al. to Wilkins to William Barker, Sr., August 3, 1863; lot No. 300 in Lowrie's plan of Pittsburgh; on Fourth street.....$750

James A. McKean to Fanny Barker, November 1863; three fourths of lot No. 313, on Fourth street, 63 by 89 feet.....

Theopolis Krotzenberger to Charles Call, May 22, 1863; lot No. 9 in Vandergrift's plan, Liberty township, 15 by 30 feet, with building.....$1,250

S. W. Allender to Thomas Tate and Crawford Robinson, November 4, 1863; lot on Locust street, Allegheny, 23 by 65 feet, with buildings.....$1,000

John H. Goff to J. W. Alexander, December 4, 1863; same lot.....$50