

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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GAZETTE BUILDING, NOS. 84 AND 86 FIFTH ST.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1868.

National Union Republican Ticket.

NATIONAL President—ULYSSES S. GRANT. Vice President—SCHUYLER COLFAX.

AT LARGE G. MORRISON, of Philadelphia. THOS. M. MARSHALL, of Pittsburgh.

Dist. 1. W. B. BARNES, of Allegheny. Dist. 2. W. J. POLLOCK, of Allegheny.

Dist. 3. J. H. BRIDGES, of Allegheny. Dist. 4. J. H. BRIDGES, of Allegheny.

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THE XXth DISTRICT RIGHT.

A dispatch from a friend at Franklin, last evening, assures us that the difference which threatened the loss of that Congressional district to the Union party have been happily reconciled.

VERMONT strikes the key-note of the campaign.

THE OCTOBER ELECTION.

We beg our friends everywhere to bear in mind that the vote of Pennsylvania in October will powerfully affect the November election in every State of the Union, our own included.

VERMONT starts the ground-swell.

CITY POLITICS.

More than usual stir was visible among the Democratic leaders, yesterday, consequent upon a conference with their "left wing," the "Labor Reform" section, in the matter of nominations for city officers.

Headquarters Republican City Committee, City Hall, Market Street.

Open every day. County Committee meets every Wednesday, at 9 P. M.

WE PRINT on the inside pages of this morning's GAZETTE—Second page: Ephemeris, The Blind, Powerful Ship, Third and Sixth pages: Finance and Trade, Produce and Petroleum Markets, Telegraph Markets, River News, Seventh page: Letter from Omaha, The Oregon Band at Saratoga, Fearful Scene, An Intrepid Fireman.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 144@145.

HAVE you heard from Vermont?

EX-GOV. CURTIN speaks for GRANT and COLFAX, at Doylestown, Bucks county, on Thursday next.

VERMONT has been heard from.

A PROPOSITION is pending in our City Councils for the submission of the City Park question to the voters at a future election. No decisive action has yet been had.

WHAT says Vermont?

THE REPUBLICANS of HARRISBURG, invited, on Saturday last, the example of their friends here, by adopting the system of direct popular nominations for their municipal officers. The result was in the highest degree satisfactory to all.

VERMONT says 30,000 for GRANT and COLFAX.

THE SOUTHERN DEMOCRATS have the correct view of the Democratic ticket. They rarely or never mention SEYMOUR at all. Everything is Blair. Their organizations are called "Blair Knights," "Blair Sentinels," "Blair Guards" &c. But none of them bear SEYMOUR's name.

VERMONT has spoken for GRANT, COLFAX and the Union!

OF THIRTEEN HUNDRED MILLIONS OF DOLLARS, which the Internal Revenue has supplied to the Treasury in six years from 1863 to 1868, both inclusive, nearly nine hundred millions have been applied to the payment of the debt, and over five hundred millions more have been paid for interest.

VERMONT has spoken in thundering tones against the inauguration of a new rebellion. She has rolled up a majority approximating thirty thousand for the principles of the Republican party, a clear Union gain of ten thousand over the election of 1867. This is joy enough for one day. All hail, Vermont! Her work has been faithfully performed. She has spoken for Grant and Colfax as Pennsylvania will do in October. Keep the ball rolling. The people can yet be trusted.

THE "WHISKEY RING," emboldened by their success in previous struggles at Washington, are now at work to carry Pennsylvania in October, hoping thereby to influence New York and secure both States for the Democracy and a perpetuation of their infamous influence over the Treasury. Their effort to crush Commissioner ROBINSON is but one move in the same game. It is a naked whisky and the systematic violation of the law, and not "fat mule contracts," which furnishes the money with which the Democracy are so lavish. The thieves of the "ring" can well afford to spend hundreds of thousands of dollars, if it should result, through the appropriation of votes, in prolonging their whisky fevers and enormous profits for another year.

The fourteen thousand dollars which the Democracy are now expending to this county were never honestly come by, and from no source but that above stated.

HISTORY OF THE NATIONAL BONDS.

In the dark days of the war of the Great Rebellion, when the nation was struggling for its life against millions of rebels, the expenditures necessary to maintain the terrible contest rose to over two millions of dollars a day. To raise this vast sum as fast as it was needed taxed to the utmost the wisdom and the energy of our statesmen.

THE ALLEGHENY SCHOOLS.

Meeting of the Board of Control—Opening of the Schools—Reports from Local Boards—The Geography Question—Warren's Series Adopted, &c., &c.

REPORT OF LOCAL BOARDS.

The First Ward School Board made no report.

Mr. Lusk, from the Second Ward Board, reported the election of teachers, which was as follows:

Mr. Barr, from the Third Ward Board, reported that owing to the unfinished condition of the addition to the building, they were unable to open the schools as usual, but expected to open them about September 7th. They also reported the election of teachers.

Mr. Kollock, from the Fourth ward, reported the resignation of Miss Matilda Chesapeake in Sandusky street school, and the promotion of Miss Mary Duncan to fill her place. Miss Mary Hamill was elected to fill the vacant position in the primary department. The report was accepted and the action of the Board confirmed.

Mr. Lee, from the Fifth ward, reported the opening of the schools with a large attendance.

Mr. Chadwick, from the Sixth ward, reported a difficulty in that ward, caused by the refusal of the Second ward schools to receive scholars from their ward. This attendance of scholars from the Sixth ward board, made an explanation of the matter which was satisfactory.

Mr. Francis read the report of the Committee on rules and regulations, which, on motion of Mr. Eaton, was adopted.

The report of the Committee on School Inspectors, which has been published, was then taken up.

Mr. Eaton suggested that the report be taken up and acted upon *separatim*, which was agreed to.

Recommendations 1 and 2 were adopted. Recommendation 3, relating to a change in the method of giving permits to scholars, was lost.

Recommendation 4, changing the length of the vacations at the holidays and in April, was also lost.

The remainder of the report with the preamble was then adopted.

A communication from the Eighth ward School Board was read by the Secretary relating to the difficulty in regard to the taxes in that ward. Appended to the communication was the following resolution:

Resolved, That we desire to remain and conduct our school affairs for the present year as formerly, at the expiration of which we will cheerfully unite with the Board of Control.

On motion, the paper was laid on the table.

Mr. Francis moved that the money now in the hands of the Controller be returned to the eighth ward School Board. The motion was lost.

Mr. Francis then moved that the Secretary be instructed to invite the members of the eighth ward Board to meet in the Board of Control. Motion carried.

The Board then took up the question on the adoption of a series of text books in geography for the use of the schools.

Mr. Crowther moved that Guyot's series of geographies be adopted, as recommended by the Committee.

Mr. Eaton moved to amend by substituting Warren's instead of Guyot's.

The motion was carried on this motion, resulting as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Barr, Jno. K. Brown, Dunlap, Eaton, Francis, Kollock, Lee, McDonnell, McClintock, Morrison, Swift, Alex. Young and President Clark.—12.

The amendment did not prevail, nineteen affirmative votes being requisite.

Mr. Pitzer moved to adopt Mitchell's series of Geography, which was subsequently withdrawn.

Mr. Alex. Young moved that Guyot's Primary and Warren's Intermediate be adopted.

Mr. Francis rose to a point of order, stating that the action of the board in adopting a series at the present meeting was illegal.

Mr. Alex. Young called for the gentleman's authority.

Mr. Francis read a letter from the State Superintendent, in which he took the ground that text-books should be adopted previous to the opening of the Schools of each year.

After considerable discussion, Mr. Francis read another letter from the State Superintendent, in reply to one addressed to him on the point at issue, viz: Whether the Board can adopt a series of text-books after the schools had been opened, or whether they should be adopted before the opening of the schools, when the matter had been taken up at a former meeting and not decided upon. The writer gave his opinion that, under the circumstances, he considered it legal to adopt a series of text-books after the schools had been opened, if less than a week thereafter.

Considerable discussion here ensued, which finally terminated by the Chairman deciding that action in the matter, according to the printed law, was illegal.

Mr. Eaton moved that a night school be opened for the use of the colored children.

Mr. Barr moved to amend by referring the matter to the Committee on Colored Schools, to report at the next meeting.

Mr. Park moved to call the yeas and nays on the adoption of all the books, including Warren's Geography, adopted by a *vote* vote at the last meeting. Carried.

Members by Mr. Alex. Young voting in the affirmative.

Mr. Kollock moved to accept the proposition to purchase the "GEOGRAPHY OF THE WORLD," by J. C. Tilton, &c., for a new primary, for an old primary. The motion was carried, thus adopting Warren's series of Geographies for the ensuing year.

Mr. Barker offered a resolution to change the term of the janitor of the colored schools from ten months to twelve. Referred to the Committee on Colored Schools, on motion.

On motion adjourned.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

Court met at the usual hour yesterday morning.

In the case of the United States vs. the gallery of Charles Lecher et al., the jury found a verdict for the United States as to the distillery and the barrel of whiskey. As to the wagon and harness involved in the case they found a verdict in favor of the defendant.

In the case of the United States vs. seven barrels of whiskey owned by the same parties, a verdict in favor of the United States was rendered.

Frederick Miller and John Lee, of Crawford county, pleaded guilty to a charge of illicit distilling, and were each sentenced to pay a fine of twenty dollars and costs.

The next case taken was that of the United States vs. the distillery and rectifying house et al., of Samuel Greene, of Luzerne county. The case is still on trial.

In the case of the bankruptcy of the bank of the City of New York, a final discharge was granted and certificate awarded to Louis Mayer, of Titusville, Crawford county.

A petition for adjudication in bankruptcy was filed by John Baker, of Tioga county.

An Omaha dispatch states the Indians drove off the wood choppers on the South side of the Platte river on Saturday, and set fire to five hundred cords of wood. Superintendent Denham says the hostilities are entirely confined to the Cheyennes. A Denver dispatch states that a family of nine persons, residing at K. Wood's, were found murdered on Saturday.

Among several acts just signed by Gov. Fenton of New York is one entitled "An Act to Amend the Charter of the City of New York," which provides for the election of Aldermen and Assistant Aldermen and abolishes the Board of Councilmen.

IS YOUR DISEASE RHEUMATISM?

Many persons, supposing they are suffering from the disease, have applied Liniments, Plasters and Remedies, without obtaining any relief, when in fact the cause of pain is a derangement of the Kidneys. These are small organs, but very important, and any obstruction or interference with their functions are indicated by pain in the back and loins, languor and weakness, difficulty in voiding, and unnatural color of the urine. A Diuretic should be used to remove the obstruction.

DR. SARGENT'S Luridic or Backache Pills

Can be relied on for these purposes; they have a direct influence on the cells of the kidneys, assist nature in relieving them of any foreign particles, and maintain them to a healthy and vigorous action.

Dr. Sargent's Backache Pills

Contains nothing injurious, being composed of entirely vegetable remedies; they do not sicken nor grip, on the contrary they act as a gentle tonic and restores tone to the system. They are recommended by all who have tried them.

Price 50 Cents Per Box.

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS. Sole proprietor, GEORGE A. KELLY, Wholesale Druggist, 37 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.

PHYSICAL EXHAUSTION.

Worn out with the burning heats of Summer, the human system requires to be reinforced and regenerated out of this season. Strength has literally been sapped out of it under a temperature that necessitates prostration. Fall is the season of repletion and intermittent fevers, and the weak and enervated are always their first victims. Now, therefore, is the time for investigation. Those who have neglected to tone and regulate the digestive and assimilating organs, and who have allowed the system to become deranged, will find in the use of the following strength-restoring preparation, which is the most wholesome and the most potent. It does not unduly excite the most sensitive organization, but it is calculated to preserve, regulate and restore. The tonic, anti-bilious and aperient vegetable elements which it contains are associated in the exact proportions necessary to put the whole physique into perfect working order. The purity of all its ingredients is guaranteed. It restores the languid appetite, gives unwonted energy to the digestion, calms and soothes the nerves, and replaces latitude and depression with energy and cheerfulness; besides being agreeable to the palate and free from all the objections urged against the adulterated stimulants and tonics, of which it is designed to supply the place.

CHRONIC DISEASES OF THE EAR.

In observations and notes taken by Dr. KEYSER, of this city, on the various diseases of the ear, he says that nine out of ten cases could be cured in their infancy if application were made to some responsible and competent nasal surgeon. The Doctor quotes from the opinion of Wilde, a well known nasal surgeon, who says: "I fear not to refer the attention which I make on several occasions, that of the disease of the ear was as yet little understood or as early attended to as those of the eye. It would be found that they were less than within the pale of scientific treatment."

Deafness is so common and so distressing an infirmity, when of long standing, as to incur the just reproaches of the world, and to excite the pity of those who cannot too strongly urge all medical practitioners to make themselves familiar with the treatment of the disease of the ear."

The Doctor says that nearly all annoying Discharges, Blisters and Morbid Growths peculiar to the organ of the hearing, some of which had hitherto proved a sore or two of years, can be cured or ameliorated by proper treatment.

DR. KEYSER'S RECEIPT FOR CURE OF THE CHRONIC DISEASES OF THE EAR, AND THE TREATMENT OF OTITIS MEDIA, OTITIS EXTERNA, &c., FROM PAIN TO A M. UNTIL, &c., &c. August 10th, 1868.

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