

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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TUESDAY, AUGUST 25, 1868.

National Union Republican Ticket.

NATIONAL PRESIDENT—LYNDES S. GRANT. Vice President—SCHUYLER COLFAX.

HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE, City Hall, Market Street.

WE PRINT on the inside pages of this morning's GAZETTE—Second Page: Epigrams.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 145.

THE CATTLE disease increases among the cows belonging to dairymen near Cincinnati.

TUESDAY EVENING, the Republicans of the four wards, Nineteenth to the Twenty-second, both inclusive, are to dedicate their new Wigwam.

SAYS a Southern journal before us: "The negroes are somewhat tired of politics, and with starvation staring them in the face, are more disposed to consider their pecuniary condition than their political."

WE TRUST that the Commissioner of Revenue, in the discharge of his official duties, will enter into no collateral and extra-official compromises.

WHEN GOV. SEYMOUR'S "friends" followed the sentiments of his speech in their logical issue, by the breaking out of the draft-fuel, burning an orphan asylum, hanging Federal officers to lamp posts &c.

THE REBEL DEMOCRATS, who attended the New York Convention, as delegates were delighted with the cordial reception they received at the hands of their Copperhead brethren of the north.

But have these poor foolish rebels forgotten that these same doughfaces, who now talk so bravely and promise so largely, are the very same fellows who covered like whipped spaniels before the wrath of an aroused nation in 1861?

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A BRILLIANT OVATION.

THE importance of Technical and Scientific instruction has not been altogether overlooked in the American States.

The success of the few institutions which have within twenty years been established for the cultivation of an enlightened practical knowledge, is such as to strengthen the desire for a more extended recognition of their usefulness and for the enlargement of the avenues by which American youth may be conducted to the mastery of Operative Science.

The Polytechnical College of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, founded in 1851, had last year 136 attendants.

The Rensselaer Institute, at Troy, New York, founded in 1823, had 160 pupils.

The Sheffield School, at New Haven, founded in 1847, had 57 attendants.

The Lawrence School, at Cambridge, founded in 1848, had 75 students.

The Chandler School, at Hanover, N. H., founded in 1852, had 48 students.

The Cooper Union, at New York, founded in 1859, had nearly 1,500 attendants in its various departments.

New York has also an Engineering Institute founded in 1862, a School of Mines, at Columbia College, established in 1864, with 33 pupils, and a Scientific Department in the New York University with 31 pupils.

There are also Scientific Departments attached to the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor, the University of Wisconsin at St. Louis, Brown University at Providence, and the New York Free Academy.

There are also institutions of this character at Boston and Worcester, Mass.; Brooklyn, Franklin and Ithaca, N. Y., and Sawance, Tenn. Chairs for the same sort of instruction have been endowed in the University of Pennsylvania and in Lehigh University.

We see here the beginnings of what may, within another generation, prove to be a leading branch of popular instruction.

The important influence which Technical and Scientific knowledge are destined to exercise, in relation to the material interests of the American people, we have heretofore endeavored to speak of.

The statistics given above show that this importance has been, and is increasingly, appreciated by thoughtful men.

"A WHITE MAN'S GOVERNMENT."

FOR an example of the mode in which the Southern Democracy occasionally vary their occupation in shooting "radical niggers," by trying to coax them to become "colored Democrats," we submit the annexed catechism, which has been prepared for the use of the Virginia freedmen by the Richmond *White*, one of the leading Democratic rebel journals of the South.

It covers the whole ground, with more than usual fidelity to the truth, and makes very fair reading for the Democrats hereabouts, who believe in "a white man's government."

Who gave the negroes the right of suffrage in New York? The Democratic party.

Who presided over the Convention which gave this privilege to negroes? Martin Van Buren, a Democrat.

Who afterwards elected Martin Van Buren President of the United States? The Democratic party.

Who married a negro woman and by her had mulatto children? Richard M. Johnson, a good Democrat.

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THE BOND AND WHAT WE GOT FOR THEM.

WE quote the annexed paragraph from the eloquent and powerful speech made by Hon. R. B. Carnahan, at Steubenville, on Saturday last.

It is said that full value was not paid for these bonds? What was given was accepted as full value, and in fact those sold in 1862, and in 1863 were purchased with coin or its equivalent.

From July 1861 to January 1863, the average premium was 29 per cent, but prices had not yet become inflated, and the paper currency was practically the equivalent of gold.

During these twenty-one months of the war a large portion of the bonds were sold, including the \$200,000,000 authorized by the act of 1862, and the \$200,000,000 of February 25th, 1862.

All of these were paid for in gold or its practical equivalent. In 1863 the average premium of gold was 49 per cent, and in 1864-1865, of the act of 1862, and the \$200,000,000 of February 25th, 1862.

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IS YOUR DISEASE RHEUMATISM?

Many persons, supposing they are suffering from this disease, have applied Liniments, Plasters and other Remedies without obtaining any relief.