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SATURDAY, AUGUST 22, 1868.


## National Union Republican Ticket.

NATIONAL.

*President*—ULYSSES S. GRANT.
*Vice President*—SCHUYLER COLFAX.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

AT LARGE.

G. MORRISON COATES, of Philadelphia.
THOS. M. MARSHALL, of Pittsburgh.

| District. | District. |
|---|---|
| 1. W. H. BARNES, | 13. SAMUEL SNOW, |
| 2. W. J. POLLOCK, | 14. B. F. WAGONSELLER, |
| 3. RICHARD WILDEY, | 15. CHAS. H. MILLER, |
| 4. G. W. HILL, | 16. JOHN STEWART, |
| 5. WATSON P. MCGILL, | 17. GEORGE W. ELSER, |
| 6. J. H. BRINGHURST, | 18. A. G. OLMSTEAD, |
| 7. FRANK C. HEATON, | 19. JAMES SILL, |
| 8. ISAAC ECKERT, | 20. H. C. JOHNSON, |
| 9. MORRIS HOOPES, | 21. J. K. EWING, |
| 10. DAVID M. KANE, | 22. WM. FREW, |
| 11. WM. DAVIS, | 23. A. W. CRAWFORD, |
| 12. W. W. KETCHUM, | 24. J. S. RUTAN. |

STATE.

*Auditor General*—J. F. HARTRANFT.
*Surveyor General*—J. M. CAMPBELL.

DISTRICT.

*Congress, 22d Dist.*—JAS. S. NEGLEY.
" *23d Dist.*—DARWIN PHELPS.

COUNTY.

*State Senate*—JAMES L. GRAHAM.

ASSEMBLY.

GEORGE WILSON, M. S. HUMPHREYS,
GEO. F. MORGAN, VINCENT MILLER,
JAMES TAYLOR, SAMUEL KERR.

*District Attorney*—A. L. PEARSON.
*Ass't District Attorney*—J. B. FLACK.
*Controller*—HENRY LAMBERT.
*Commissioner*—JONATHAN NEELY.
*Surveyor*—H. L. MCCULLY.
*County Home Director*—J. G. MURRAY.

CITY.

*Mayor*—JARED M. BRUSH.
*Controller*—ROBT. J. McGOWAN.
*Treasurer*—A. J. COCHRAN.

**Headquarters Republican County Committee, City Hall, Market Street. Open every day. County Committee meets every Wednesday, at 2 P. M.**

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second Page: Poetry, "Gushing Girls," a Selection, Educational. Third page: Home and Foreign Markets, Imports by Railroad, Financial Matters in New York, River News. Sixth page: Finance and Trade, Central Live Stock Market, Petroleum Affairs. Seventh page: Religious Intelligence, edited by Rev. W. H. Kincaid. Miscellaneous.*

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 143¾.

THE Democratic candidate for Congress declines to say whether he is, or is not, in favor of making eight-hours a legal day's work without any reduction in wages. This was precisely what was expected.

THE failing health of QUEEN VICTORIA, who is now in Switzerland, causes a revival of the rumors of her intention to abdicate her throne. It is even predicted that this event is to occur speedily after her return to her dominions.

THE Democratic newspapers hereabouts are parading in the largest type, the card of a "leading colored member of the Mississippi Convention", (the Democracy would have styled him, last year, a "Mississippi nigger,") who has just joined the Democratic party. Is this, or is it not, a "white man's government?"

IT IS gratifying to observe the unanimity with which the German voters in all quarters are uniting in opposition to BLAIR and SEYMOUR. In Missouri, they are against the Democratic ticket, almost to a man. In Ohio, in the interior of New York and in New England, the German vote will be more decidedly Republican than ever, and similar reports come to us from nearly every Northern State. This class of our adopted citizens are ever friends of peace, and they detest the shameful dishonesty of Repudiation.

THE ADDRESS to the voters of Pennsylvania, from the Republican Committee, which we print in another column, deserves the thoughtful perusal of every voter. It presents in a concise form the only substantial issues of the canvass. The real question is one of Peace and War; all other considerations are secondary to this. The people are not to be amused by the electioneering trick, which aims to divert them from its contemplation, by fictitious allegations against the financial integrity of the Government. Were *that* the issue, the facts and figures would soon dispose of it forever. The real issue is this—are we to have any Government at all? Aim for the bull's eye, boys! Don't waste your powder upon anything else!

WE DESIRE to return hearty thanks to Mr. WALLACE, the Head-Centre of Pennsylvania Democracy, for the very handsome manner in which he sent one of his hired men to entertain us last night. A gentleman who went to Cleveland in '64 to help nominate FREMONT, because ABRAHAM LINCOLN was not Radical enough in his abolitionism, but who is now supposed to have accepted a moderate stipend from the Democratic funds to abuse his old Radical friends this year, interested us exceedingly. In acquitting, as he did, the Republican party of any desire to introduce negro suffrage in Ohio and Pennsylvania, he was so candid and truthful as to excite some suspicions of his fidelity to his present employers. But we are free to say that his numerous misstatements of fact completely efficed the transient favorable impression created by this admission. Our impression of his effort, taken as a whole, was that he was exactly the politician to champion any description of Repudiation, or any amount of Clearfield ballot-box stuffings, naturalization swindles, or other Democratic outrages and murders.

### THE SOUTHERN SITUATION.

Evidently, our Republican friends must soon address themselves to the duty of organization in the Southern States, and adopt some more effective measures to counteract the efforts, made by the rebel Democracy to control, very little by persuasion and very much by coercion, the colored vote, or the results of their elections in November will be far from satisfactory. It may be that a strong reliance is justly to be placed upon the Radical prepossessions of the freedmen, but we are convinced that this will be largely overbalanced by the thoroughly organized system of compulsion and terrorism with which the Ku-Klux-Democracy are already counting upon securing their majority, in every reconstructed State.

Reports from all sections of the South multiply daily, and all concur in representing the Democratic tactics, for driving the colored vote into their support, as prevailing universally, and justifying the suspicion that a much greater success will attend them than our friends would be glad to admit.

The objects of this system of terrorism are not to be gained by any premature manifestations of the submission of the freedmen. HAMPTON, FORREST and other leaders care little for mass meetings of Democratic negroes now; it is their policy to avert suspicion and to conduct their canvass through the quieter and more effective agencies of Ku-Klux-Klans, and by the proscription of laborers who refuse to accept the politics of their employers. This is a policy which will tell its story for the first time at the polls, and the time for a remedy will then have gone by.

There is danger that these men will attempt to run an Electoral ticket in Virginia, Texas and Mississippi, but the danger from their universal but secret system of intimidation and proscription in the restored States is still greater, and it is that which requires the close and immediate attention of our friends. Any attempt to force an equal participation by the populations of the former States, in that election to which they are not legally parties, can and will be met and frustrated in due course of law, but the other scheme, which proposes to bribe or dragoon the dependent freedmen into an unwilling vote for SEYMOUR and BLAIR, by cajoling them with pledges never to be redeemed, or menacing them with the loss of employment and consequent starvation, is, at this moment, without doubt, completely inaugurated in every State between the loyal North and the Gulf.

If that programme is to encounter no resistance except such as the freedmen themselves, aided by the limited white Union sentiment of the South, may be able to organize; if the canvass of those States for Grant and Colfax and Peace is to be wholly neglected by the friends of the Union at the North, we may rely upon it that some the electoral votes of the reconstructed States will be needlessly lost to us. This result must inevitably follow, if the elections are suffered to go by default. Let some one tell us what efforts are making to avert this? We are curious to know.

The remedy for this state of things may be applied by the legislatures of those States, or, if need be, by Congress. We do not indicate the precise direction this legislation should take; it is enough to insist that the exercise of such improper influences over the voter in Pennsylvania, or any of the Northern States, would be found to be capable of prompt and effective correction by our law-making authority, and that the same authority can be appealed to in the restored States as well, to prevent or punish the subornation or intimidation of voters. If the legislation of Georgia, or the Carolinas, as it now stands, shows a failure to provide against this class of outrages upon the freedom and purity of the ballot, the local laws should be amended forthwith. In this way, and by other legislation such as the case may demand, each of these States may, practically, and with the utmost propriety, defeat the rebel Democratic programme.

In Tennessee, alone of all the former slave-holding States, the authorities seem resolute to deal promptly and vigorously with the rebel spirit of intimidation, and the loyal Governor and Legislature are plainly entitled to the sympathy and approbation of loyal men everywhere. The storm which has been aroused, by the proposition in that State to put down the illegal rebel organizations by the strong hand, proves the indispensable necessity for precisely such measures. We hope that our friends there will neither be wheedled nor frightened into giving up the policy which they have proposed. And we should be glad to chronicle the adoption of the same sort of legislation by the loyal authorities of the restored States. The remedy for an imminent danger is with them, rather than with Congress. Time flies, and the sooner the situation is grappled with, the better for them, for us, and for the Union.

### STATE POLITICS.

The Republican nominations for Congress in the twenty-four districts of Pennsylvania are very nearly complete. We append the list, showing but few vacancies, which will be filled very soon:

| Dist. | Dist. |
|---|---|
| 1. B. L. Berry. | 13. *Ulysses Mercur. |
| 2. *Charles O'Neill. | 14. John B. Packer. |
| 3. *Leonard Myers. | 15. ——— |
| 4. *William D. Kelley. | 16. John Cessna. |
| 5. *Caleb N. Taylor. | 17. *D. J. Morrell. |
| 6. ——— | 18. W. H. Armstrong. |
| 7. Wash'n Townsend. | 19. *G. W. Schofield. |
| 8. ——— | 20. ——— |
| 9. O. J. Dickey. | 21. *John Covode. |
| 10. *H. L. Cake. | 22. J. S. Negley. |
| 11. Daniel Kalbfus. | 23. Darwin Phelps. |
| 12. ——— | 24. J. B. Donley. |

*Re-nominations of present members.

We are not positive that Mr. KALBFUS has been nominated in the first district, but it is understood that he has no Republican competitors. In the XXth or Meadville district, Hon. H. C. JOHNSON was nominated by the conferees, but as his name had not been considered in the primary meetings, his selection being the result of a failure of conferees to make a choice among the candidates regularly before them, there seems to be a quite general dissatisfaction among Republicans, and a new conference is likely to be held. The county committees of Crawford, Venango and Mercer, three of the four counties composing the district, have appointed the new conferees, but Clarion refuses to concur in the movement, and unites with the friends of Mr. JOHNSON in denouncing the later action of the other county committee, as unauthorized. The objections to Mr. JOHNSON, if we correctly understand them, rest rather upon the fact that he was not known as a candidate before the primary meetings in the several counties, than upon any decided exceptions to his ability and Republican fidelity. Moreover, having accepted the first nomination and not now withdrawing, he remains regularly in the field as the candidate of record. We aim only to allude to the prominent facts, without taking any part in a very unpleasant controversy which has sprung up, engrossing the attention of local Republican journals and seriously threatening, if the difficulty is not soon adjusted, the loss of the district. It gave FINNEY 1,884 majority in '66, but, with two Republicans running this year, the election of BOLE, the Democratic nominee, would be assured. As long as Clarion refuses to accede to a new Conference, Mr. JOHNSON will seem to be entitled by right to retain his place. His withdrawal voluntarily is a matter purely within his own discretion, and dependent upon his views of duty to his party and to his friends.

### WORDS OF TRUTH AND SOBERNESS.

Two years ago the writer of the following letter, Hon. GEORGE M. WESTON, of Bangor, Maine, was the Democratic candidate for Congress in the fourth district of that State. The writer has been and still is opposed to the reconstruction policy of Congress, nevertheless he is evidently an honest and sensible man, as are many of the members of that party, notwithstanding the treason and madness of the leaders. The letter was written to a friend in North Carolina, and the extract below was very properly published for the consideration of the people down there. We commend it to the calm consideration of honest, reflecting Democrats up here. It is just such a document as Republicans can use with good effect in their friendly discussion of the great issue now pending with their Democratic friends and neighbors:

"This reconstruction policy of Congress, strenously as I resisted it, and obnoxious as it is to you, is an accomplished fact. The effects of it may be modified by events, and the policy itself may be softened, with the gradual subsidence of the passions connected with the late struggle, but overthrown it cannot be, except by revolution and another civil war, and the issues of the pending Presidential canvass are so made up as to present the question, necessarily overshadowing all others, whether the country is ready for so desperate an attempt as that, for any grievances which exist."

Mr. WESTON then quotes from BLAIR's Broadtop letter and WADE HAMPTON's explanations, of the manner in which the resolutions at New York were made to declare the reconstruction acts "revolutionary, unconstitutional, *nulland void*," and adds:

"The assumption of the Democratic platform, that the reconstruction acts are '*null and void*,' has no shadow of fact or law to rest upon.

"Congress may not have exercised power wisely, but their rightful authority in the premises is clear and unquestionable, and those who denounce their acts as 'null and void,' and counsel revolutionary resistance to them, are either thoughtless persons who know not what they do, or bold and bad men, fatally bent on mischief. It is not in this second civil war, into which Mr. Blair and the Democratic platform seek to entice them, that the Southern States will find a remedy for the evils which they suffer. White immigration from Europe and the North which peace and quiet will invite, the higher ratio of natural increase of whites as compared with blacks, the dimunition of the number of the disfranchised resulting slowly but surely from deaths, and the early removal of disfranchisements which is assured by such movements as we have just had reported from the Legislature of Georgia will before long change the whole face of affairs. The antagonism of races will itself cease, when political contests cease to turn upon issues connected with the relative rights of races. The policy of Mr. Blair, on the other hand, tends directly and inevitably to band and consolidate the blacks into a phalanx impenetrable upon every front. I see unredeemed mischief in it, in all its aspects. The flag with which he marches at the head of the Democratic column is the black flag of discord and civil war for the country, and of a war of races for the South. The mass of his misguided followers are honest and well-intentioned, but it is none the less true that he is leading them in a broad and straight road to ruin.

"My hope is that the sober and discreet men of the South, whose counsels, like yours, would have saved it from the late war, will now avail to save it from this infinitely worse war, at once internal and external, portended by a new revolution, not so much originating in your section where the justifying grievances are alleged to exist, as instigated by political calculation elsewhere—a strange revolution, indeed, in behalf of Southern rights, in which the warmest men are the men of the North, who are seeking, not the redress of wrongs, but the gratification of their lust of power, at the hazard of the ruin of the country."

This gentleman's views of the issue as presented in the New York platform, in the letters of BLAIR and the speeches of HAMPTON and other leading members of that Convention, coincide precisely with our own as repeatedly expressed in these columns. Well and truly does Mr. WESTON say—speaking of FRANK BLAIR, who is the nominee and representative of the rebel wing of the party, and the most potential—"*The flag with which he marches at the head of the Democratic column is the black flag of discord and civil war for the country, and a war of races for the South. The mass of his misguided followers are honest and well-intentioned; but it is none the less true that he is leading them in a broad and straight road to ruin.*"

CHICAGO has an access of stirring excitement in recent developments of the "cattle disease." As long as it was confined to their railway drove-yards and exported thence Eastward, it gave them but little concern. But the citizens have just discovered that the milch cows of the city and vicinity have taken the contagion and that a considerable number of the dying and dead animals have been butchered for beef and retailed in every part of the city. They have less to say about New York now, and every citizen looks into his own soup-kettle.

SAID a leading Democrat in a speech in Washington City on Thursday night: "If the votes of the excluded States are not counted at the Presidential election, I and those who agree with me, will wade in blood to see them counted." Those who agree with him are the SEYMOUR and BLAIR Democracy. If that were the whole of their programme, it might be frustrated without great difficulty, but it is not the whole. Their scheme includes the most elaborately comprehensive plans for a reign of terror throughout the South, the intimidation or murder of Union men, white and black, and the nullification by armed force of Federal and State Laws, in the restored as well as the unreconstructed States. For example, from Alabama, a friend of the Union, but who served with distinction in the rebel army, writes that the Democracy mean to carry that State in that way "if it costs a thousand lives." That's what SEYMOUR, BLAIR and the Democratic platform means!

THE Chicago *Journal* appears in new and very neat type, with decided improvements in its "make up." Expressing its appreciation of the cordial support which it has achieved from the public, it reminds us to say of that great city that, with all the magnificent praises which have been claimed for it, one of its most conspicuous merits has never yet been properly alluded to; we refer to the liberality and discriminating taste with which its citizens know how to support good newspapers.

IT IS within the range of possibility that the Pacific railway may be so far completed, as to admit the transit of trains throughout its entire length, within six months from this time. Extraordinary efforts are made, by each of the companies, to outstrip the other in reaching Salt Lake, and the junction is likely to be effected at a date much earlier than has generally been anticipated.

THE Waynesburg *Republican* changes hands, JAMES E. SAYERS, Esq., retiring from its control, and being succeeded by Mr. JAMES N. MILLER. The *Republican* has been faithfully conducted in the interests of the good cause, and its new editor evinces the capacity to maintain the high reputation of the journal.

## NEW CASTLE, PA.

**Republican Meeting—Speeches from Messrs. Grow and Donley.**

[Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW CASTLE, August 20, 1868.

Shenango Hall was crowded last night to hear Galusha A. Grow and the Republican candidate for Congress in the Twenty-fourth District, Captain J. B. Donley. Mr. Donley kept the audience interested for two hours in a lively speech on many topics relating to the issue at stake, at the close of which the Glee Club sang a patriotic air suited to the times.

Mr. Grow followed, and was received throughout with loud and lengthy cheers. He dwelt mainly upon the financial questions, which was an admirable effort. The suffrage question was also alluded to, in which Mr. Grow warmested the Democracy. The gentleman kept his hearers in a good humor until a late hour. After the close of his speech the Glee Club made the welkin ring with the "Camptown Races," a well arranged campaign song.

### Johnson and the Democracy.

Notwithstanding the attempt to conceal the negotiations which the New York Democrats have been carrying on with the President since Mr. Seymour's nomination, some of their adventures at the White House have come to light. To the first gentlemen who called on him shortly after the Convention adjourned, he was very curt telling them he had set their party on its feet, and in return they had thrown him overboard, and he could have nothing more to do with them further. In his own choice language, he asked them to say "to Mr. Seymour and the whole 'World' set, that he had been informed they had been from the first secretly in favor of impeachment, and now they might one and all go to hell, as far as he cared." And with this the first interview ended. There have been several others, and finally, during last week, these gentlemen reported here and in New York that the President had been brought around, and would now help in the coming campaign. They made some grand promises as they tell their friends, but their nature has not been ascertained.

MONTGOMERY BLAIR addressed an assemblage of ex-Confederates at Alexandria on Thursday night. As reported in the Alexandria *Advertiser* (Democratic,) he said, "he had differed with them in believing that their rights were to be sought in the Union, but in looking at the present posture of affairs he was *almost inclined to think that he had been wrong and the people of Virginia had been right.* But he did not believe the people of the North would permit this Radical rule to continue. The people of the North knew that in the liberty of the South was bound up their liberty, and thus would rid themselves of Radical rule. He had been a Union man, but he had never been of those who abused Lee and Johnson and the other Generals of the Confederacy. The people of the North knew that the people of the South were patriotic. There had been *cause for the resistance of the South; if the people of the North had not seen it before, they begin to see it now; and it was for the future, in its developments, to say which side was right.*

THE true position of the Democracy is clearly demonstrated in the following little incident which occurred at Grafton, West Va., last week, at the Democratic State Convention. Mr. George H. Pendleton, the great embodiment of Democracy, made a lengthy and vigorous speech, setting forth the principles of the party, its objects, etc., and concluded in his best style. After leaving the platform, he was accosted by a one-armed man, who stepped up to him and said: "Mr. Pendleton, allow me to congratulate you on the excellence of your speech. I can well appreciate it, as I lost this arm in defense of the principles you advocate," at the same time holding up to view the stump of his arm. "Ah," said Mr. Pendleton with a bland smile. "Yes, sir," said the ex-soldier, "I lost that arm while fighting in the Southern army against the abolition Government." Mr. Pendleton walked off rather confused, but the soldier reflected his sentiments truly.

THE Democracy propose to get rid of the debt and taxation by repudiation and war—the latter remedy the very cause of our burden. General Grant, in his letter, lays down the following rule to effect the same end: "*Peace and universal prosperity—its sequence—with economy of administration, will lighten the burden of taxation while it constantly reduces the national debt.*"

## ADDRESS,

**From the National Union Republican Committee.**

ROOMS OF THE REPUBLICAN
STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE,
PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 18, 1868.

*To the Voters of Pennsylvania:*

Within sixty days you are to decide at the polls upon the principles and general policy that are to control the administration of public affairs for the next four years. On the result hang the grave questions of the peace and good order of society, the prosperity of the industrial interests, the development of the resources of the country, the integrity of the Union, and the guarantees of liberty.

In the outset of the contest the party that for four years paralyzed the arm of industry, by loading it with a burden of twenty-five hundred millions of debt, involved the country in civil war, and threatened the destruction of the Union and the overthrow of Liberty, solicits your suffrages declaring that it has no principles to advocate or measures to support, and calls upon its followers everywhere to defend nothing. With nothing in its history for years worthy to be defended, it is the part of wisdom not to make the attempt; for it has manacled the freedom of the press, crushed out liberty of speech and brutalized the public conscience in fifteen States. It ostracised every man who had the courage to declare human bondage a sin against God and a flagrant violation of the spirit and genius of the Republic. It waged a cruel war against the pioneer settlers of the Territories and covered the prairies of Kansas with murdered heroes, because they preferred freedom to slavery. It established a reign of terror, and made the residence of men faithful to the principles of the Declaration of Independence impossible on more than half of the territory covered by the flag of a common country. Defeated in its efforts to elect a President of its choice, it appealed to arms to nullify the decision of the ballot-box. In the struggle it laid a million of brave men in untimely graves, shrouded the nation in mourning, and flooded it with tears. Such are the ghastly testimonials of what the Democracy has done in years past.

No thanks to that party that to-day we have a country to love or a Constitution to revere! It did all in its power to destroy both.

And now it again seeks power, through discord and civil strife. For four years, during the height of the nation's peril, the only hope of the party for success was in disaster to our arms. Hence it rejoiced at every Union defeat, and mourned over every Union victory.

Its candidate for Vice President declared to the convention that nominated him, that "we must have a President who will execute the will of the people by *trampling into dust the usurpations of Congress known as the reconstruction acts.* * * I repeat, this is the real and only question which we should allow to control us. It is idle to talk of bonds, greenbacks, gold, and the public credit, * * * I wish to stand before the convention upon this issue." Thus was he nominated, and Wade Hampton advocating the ticket, before an audience in South Carolina, declares "*that* the cause for which they fought, and for which Stonewall Jackson died, will yet be gained in the election of Seymour and Blair."

If this party can succeed at the ballot-box, the work of reconciliation for four years will be undone, and the priceless sacrifices of four others will have been made in vain.

The issue is marked and well defined: *Grant, Colfax, and Peace; or, Seymour, Blair, and War.* GALUSHA A. GROW,
Chairman State Central Committee.


### IS YOUR DISEASE RHEUMATISM?

Many persons, supposing they are suffering from this disease, have applied Linaments, Plasters and other Rheumatic Remedies without obtaining any relief, when in fact the cause of pain is a derangement of the Kidneys. These are small organs, but very important, and any obstruction or interference with its functions are indicated by pain in the back and loins, languor and weakness, difficulty in avoiding and unnatural color of the urine. A Diuretic should at once be resorted to.

DR. SARGENT'S

*Diuretic or Backache Pills*

Can be relied on for these purposes; they have a direct influence on the cells of the kidneys, assists nature in relieving them of any foreign particles, and mulates them to a healthy and vigorous action

*Dr. Sargent's Backache Pills*

Contain nothing injurious, being composed of entirely vegetable remedies; they do not sicken nor gripe—on the contrary they act as a gentle tonic and restores tone to the system. They are recommended by all who who have tried them.

**Price 50 Cents Per Box.**

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS. Sole proprietor,

GEORGE A. KELLY, Wholesale Druggist,

37 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.

### THE BODY RENEWED.

According to Physiologists, the human body is renewed once in seven years. Every day, every hour, every moment, the flesh, the cartilage, bone and muscle of the frame are wasting away, and being imperceptibly replaced by new material. Health depends upon the nature of that material, and whether it shall be pure or diseased, full of vitality and elasticity, or feeble and flaccid, depends mainly upon the action of the stomach. In warm weather the waste of the system is very rapid, and if it is not as rapidly repaired by the great sustaining organ, the consequence is debility, emaciation and decay. It is, therefore, of paramount importance that the stomach be kept in a vigorous condition at this trying season, and the safest, surest and best tonic that can be employed for that purpose is HOSTETTER'S BITTERS. This incomparable vegetable stomachic gives unwonted energy to the digestive powers, promotes the conversion of the food into healthful blood, (which is, so to speak, the raw material of all the solid portions of the body,) and thereby puts the system in the best possible state of defence against epidemic or other diseases. The strong require it to keep up their strength; the weak, to re-invigorate them. It consists of the purest of all diffusive stimulants, charged with the juices and extracts of the most genial roots and herbs, and is a permanent restorative—not a mere temporary excitant. It acts simultaneously upon the stomach, the bowels and the liver, and is the best known remedy for dyspepsia, biliousness, costiveness and general debility.

### CHRONIC DISEASES OF THE EAR.

In observations and notes taken by DR. KEYSER, of this city, on the various diseases of the ear, he says that nine out of ten cases could be cured in their incipiency if application were made to some responsible and competent aural surgeon. The Doctor quotes from the opinion of Wilde, a well known aural surgeon, who says: "I fear not to reiterate the assertion which I made on several former occasions, that if the disease of the ear were as well studied or understood by the generality of practitioners, and as early attended to as those of the eye, it would be found that they were just as much within the pale of scientific treatment. * * Deafness is so common and so distressing an infirmity, and when of long standing so incurable, that we cannot too strongly urge all medical practitioners to make themselves familiar with the treatment of the diseases of the ear."

The Doctor says that nearly all annoying Discharges, Buzzings and Morbid Growths peculiar to the organ of the hearing, some of which had lingered through a score or two of years, can be cured or ameliorated by proper treatment.

DR. KEYSER'S RESIDENT OFFICE for LUNG EXAMINATIONS AND THE TREATMENT OF OBSTINATE CHRONIC DISEASES, 120 PENN STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. Office hours from 9 A. M. UNTIL 3 P. M.

August 15th, 1868.

*NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

### WANTED---SITUATIONS.

WANTED—SITUATION—By a young man as Porter or Watchman in a hotel or store, who can come well recommended. Address T. S. McCUE, this office.

WANTED—SITUATION.—A young man who has had several years' experience in the dry goods business would like to obtain a situation where he can make himself useful. Can give good reference. Address BOX D, GAZETTE OFFICE.

### WANTED---HELP.

WANTED—BLACKSMITHS.—Two good Blacksmiths, to go to Chicago, to work on Tools. Inquire at No. 264 JACKSON STREET, Allegheny.

WANTED—GIRL.—A good, reliable girl, to do general housework, in a small family, where they keep but one girl. Protestant preferred. Inquire at 53 WEBSTER ST., Allegheny City.

WANTED—MOULDERS.—Immediately, at Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works, three good MACHINE MOULDERS.

WANTED—HONESTLY-To hire ten men at a salary of $150 per month, to sell the HOLLOW DASH ATMOSPHERIC CHURN, and transact an agency business for men, but will employ no man unless he is willing to work a few days on a commission, or can otherwise furnish satisfactory evidence of ability and integrity. Employment steady. J. C. TILTON, 10½ St. Clair street.

WANTED—HELP—At Employment Office, No. 3 St. Clair Street, BOYS, GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

### WANTED---BOARDERS.

WANTED—BOARDERS—Pleasant furnished rooms to let, with boarding, at 167 THIRD STREET.

WANTED—BOARDERS.—Gentlemen boarders can be accommodated with good board and lodging at No. 25 FERRY ST.

WANTED—BOARDERS.—A gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen, can be accommodated with first class boarding at No. 18 WYLIE STREET. Room is a front one, on second floor, and opens out on balcony.

### WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED—20,000 AGENTS.—A sample sent free, with terms, for any one to clear $25 daily, in three hours. Business entirely new, light and desirable. Can be one at home or travelling, by both male and female. No gift enterprise or humbug. Address W. H. CHIDESTER, 256 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—AGENTS—For NATIONAL CAMPAIGN GOODS.—8x10 Steel Engravings of GRANT and COLFAX, with or without frames. One agent took 60 orders in one day. Also, National Campaign Biographies of both, 25 cents. Pins, Badges, Medals and Photos for Democrats and Republicans. Agents make 100 per ct. Sample packages sent post-paid for $1. Send at once and get the start. Address GOODSPEED & CO., 37 Park Row, N. Y., or Chicago, Ill. d&F

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY—Two live and energetic men, to solicit for a first-class Life Insurance Company. Apply at the office of the ATLANTIC MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 108 Smithfield street, second floor.

WANTED—AGENT.—As TRAVELING AGENT, a man well acquainted with the Queensware and Glass business. None other need apply. Address P. O. Lock Box 197. Communications confidential.

### WANTS.

WANTED—LAND AND REAL ESTATE—in exchange for LIQUORS IN BOND. Address IMPORTER, Box 4196 P. O., Philadelphia.

WANTED—BUSINESS AGENT.—By a first class New York Life Insurance Company, with the most liberal features to policy holders, a General Agent for Western Pennsylvania. Address, enclosing references, P. O. Box 1839, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, all who are looking for business to call and examine the HYDRAULIC COW-MILKER, patented June 30, 1868—"a sure cure for aching hands and kicking cows." It milks the four teats of a cow at once; it imitates the calf, draws and stops drawing to swallow; it will milk any cow perfectly dry in three minutes: it is operated by hand, dog, horse or other power. One man can attend several machines, milking as many cows at once. It is simple, durable and self-adjusting; will fit any cow; milks three-teat cows as well as any; easily worked; not liable to get out of order, and has proven by practical use to be more agreeable to the cow than hand-milking. A rare opportunity is now offered to enterprising men, either to travel or locate in city or country. Call and examine for yourselves. HYDRAULIC COW-MILKER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, No. 10 St. Clair Street.

WANTED—INFORMATION—Of FRANCIS M. WEBB. When last heard from was stopping at "Gottman's Exchange," in the Diamond, (in May, 1866,) in the City of Pittsburgh. Any person who may chance to read this notice, and know of the whereabouts of the said FRANCIS M. WEBB, will confer a great favor on his mother, Mrs. H. FRANKLIN, by addressing a letter to J. C. FRANKLIN, Meadowville, Umatilla County, Oregon.

WANTED—PARTNER.—A Partner that will devote his time to sales and collections, and who can invest Fifteen to Twenty-five Thousand Dollars, in an old established manufactory. Address K, with full name, at GAZETTE OFFICE. None need apply except an active business man, capable to attend to business generally.

WANTED—MEN seeking business to see the HOLLOW DASH ATMOSPHERIC CHURN. It will churn in three minutes, make a fourth more butter, and of a better quality, than by the old process. Live men, having $20 to invest, can make a good arrangement or calling soon. J. C. TILTON, No. 10½ ST. CLAIR ST.

WANTED—All who are friendly to the Medical Treatment of A. FALCONER, to call at once at the old Medical Office, Lawrenceville Drug Store, established 13 years.

WANTED—PURCHASER—For an interest in an established business on Fifth street. Terms—$500 cash, $500 in four and $500 in six months. Address BOX H, this office.

### FOR RENT.

TO LET—TWO FRAME DWELLINGS, of five rooms each, hall and finished attic, situate on the corner of Manhattan and Fayette streets, 5th Ward, Allegheny City. Enquire of S. D. ROTHERMEL, Attorney-at-Law, No. 114 Fifth street, Pittsburgh. Office hours 10 to 12 A. M. and 2 to 4 P. M.

TO LET—DWELLING.—A very desirable Dwelling, nearly new, containing seven rooms and finished attic, with all modern improvements. Rent reasonable. Apply to WM. WALKER, 86 Boyle street, Allegheny.

TO LET—ROOM.—A very desirable FRONT ROOM, for gentlemen's sleeping room, with or without boarding, at No. 34 HAND STREET, first door from Marole Works. Terms moderate.

TO LET—DWELLING—Containing hall and nine rooms, at low rent of $350 per annum. Located on Second street, near Grant. Enquire of A. C. PATTERSON, 73 Grant street. TST

### FOR SALE

FOR SALE—BUSINESS.—A well established and paying business, on one of the best business streets of Pittsburgh. Easily managed, with a moderate capital. Good reasons for selling. Address BOX 253, Pittsburgh P. O.

FOR SALE—AT HOBOKEN STATION.—Lots for sale at this very desirable location. Persons desiring to secure a home for themselves would do well to examine this property before purchasing any place else. You can do so by calling at the office of R. ROBINSON, 75 Federal street, Allegheny City, who will take any person to examine the property free of charge.

FOR SALE—RARE CHANCE.—PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING ESTABLISHMENT.—A good stand and store, together with fixtures, good will, &c., of a PLUMBING and GAS FITTING ESTABLISHMENT, doing a good business, is offered for sale. The above is situated in a good place for business. Having engaged in other business, the proprietor offers this establishment at a bargain. For particulars, &c., call at No. 165 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—A Beautiful BUILDING LOT, containing 4 acres, with the privilege of 6 acres, situated on Mount Hope, at Woods Run station, P. Ft. W. & C. R., adjoining property of Alex. Taylor, Wm. Nelson, Wm. Richardson and others. This is one of the most commanding views in the vicinity of the two cities, and within 3 minutes' walk of the station. Enquire at 351 Liberty street, or at the residence of Mr. ALEX. TAYLOR, near the premises.

FOR SALE.—HORSES.—At HOWARDS LIVERY AND SALE STABLE, one fine FAMILY HORSE (BAY); three DAPPLE GREY HORSES; one LARGE DRAUGHT HORSE; three BLACK MARES; two GREY MARES. FIRST STREET, near Monongahela House.
Horses bought and sold on commission.

FOR SALE—WAGONS.—One Express Wagon; one 2 horse Peddler Wagon, covered; one 1-horse Rough Wagon, with barred rack. Apply to JOHN DYER, Jr., corner Hidge street and Allegheny avenue, Allegheny.

### MONEY.

TO LOAN.—$5,000 to Loan on Bond and Mortgage. Apply to or address W. P. M., No. 93 Fifth street.