The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors.

F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED.
Editors and Proprietors.

OFFICE:
GAZETTE BUILDING, NOS. 84 AND 86 FIFTH ST.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

Terms—Daily.		Semi-Weekly.		Weekly.	
One year	$8 00	One year	$2 50	Single copy	$1.50
One month	75	Six mos	1.50	5 copies, each	1.25
By the week (from carrier.)		Three mos	75	10 " "	1.15
				and one to Agent.	

SATURDAY, AUGUST 8, 1868.

National Union Republican Ticket.

NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:

ULYSSES S. GRANT.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

SCHUYLER COLFAX.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

AT LARGE.

G. MORRISON COATES, of Philadelphia.
THOS. M. MARSHALL, of Pittsburgh.

District.		District.	
1.	W. H. BARNES,	13.	SAMUEL SNOW,
2.	W. J. POLLOCK,	14.	B. F. WHOONSELLE,
3.	RICHARD WILDEY,	15.	CHAS. H. MILLER,
4.	G. W. HILL,	16.	GEORGE W. ELDER,
5.	WATSON P. MCGILL,	17.	JOHN STEWART,
6.	J. H. BRINGHURST,	18.	A. G. OLMSTEAD,
7.	FRANK G. HEATON,	19.	JAMES GILL,
8.	ISAAC ECKERT,	20.	H. C. JOHNSON,
9.	MORRIS HOOVER,	21.	J. K. EWING,
10.	DAVID M. RAND,	22.	WM. FREW,
11.	WM. DAVIS,	23.	A. W. CRAWFORD,
12.	W. W. KETCHUM,	24.	J. S. RUTAN.

STATE TICKET.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL OF PENN'A.
JOHN F. HARTRANFT.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL OF PENN'A.
JACOB M. CAMPBELL.

COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESS, 22D DISTRICT.
JAMES S. NEGLEY.

CONGRESS, 23D DISTRICT.
THOMAS WILLIAMS.

[Subject to the decision of the Conferees of the District.]

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
A. L. PEARSON.

ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
J. B. FLACK.

STATE SENATE.
JAMES L. GRAHAM.

ASSEMBLY.
GEORGE WILSON,
GEO. F. MORGAN,
JAMES TAYLOR,
E. S. HUMPHREYS,
VINCENT MILLER,
SAMUEL KEER.

CONTROLLER.
HENRY LAMBERT.

COMMISSIONER.
JONATHAN NEELY.

SURVEYOR.
H. L. MCCULLY.

COUNTY HOME DIRECTOR.
J. G. MURRAY.

Headquarters Republican County Committee, City Hall, Market Street. Open every day. County Committee meets every Wednesday, at 2 P. M.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Poetry, Ephemeris, Notice from Mark Twain, Meeting Quelled by an Elephant, A Grumble, Japanese Hero. Third and Sixth pages: Commercial and River News. Seventh page: Book Notices.*

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 147¼@147⅜.

HON. LEWIS W. HALL and COL. FRANCIS JORDAN have formed a law partnership at Harrisburg, where both of them will henceforward permanently reside.

THE telegraphic reports are positive in stating the occurrence of several cases of cholera in New York yesterday. It is not, however, believed that there exists any substantial ground for apprehending the appearance of the disease as an epidemic.

ANOTHER submerged railway train, happily without fatal results, at the same sadly historic Norwalk draw-bridge, proves that no sufficient precautions have yet been devised by these corporations, for the protection of the lives and property of citizens.

THE Republicans of Franklin county have instructed Conferees to support CAPT. JOHN WALKER for Assembly, COL. W. P. DIXON for Senate, and HON. JOHN CESSNA for Congress. The Democrats have instructed for C. B. F. WINGER for Assembly, HON. C. F. DUNCAN for Senate, and HON. F. M. KIMMEL for Congress.

IT IS SAID that BLAIR attached himself, like a leech, to the party with Gen. GRANT, at Fort Laramie two weeks since, adhering to his old commander at all the stations down the road and back to Omaha. He was shrewd enough to see that in that way he could secure some share of the popular notice—and he had the cheek to do it.

THE HON. E. M. STANTON is entering earnestly into the canvass. In addition to his engagements to speak which we have heretofore chronicled, he is announced to address a GRANT and COLFAX meeting at Chicago on the 12th inst. Why don't our City or County Committee invite him to address his old friends and neighbors of this vicinage?

COMMISSIONER ROLLINS, of the Revenue Bureau, still retains his place, his resignation being conditioned upon the designation of a "suitable" name for the succession. It is to be regretted that he has found it needful to retire. It is also much and generally regretted that ex-Gov. Cox declined to accept the succession. Doubts have been expressed as to the legality of the conditional resignation, but, in view of the peculiar reasons impelling the President to secure a more perfect control of the office and its patronage, and of his natural anxiety to solve the present imbroglio, it must be conceded that Mr. ROLLINS is fortified in a very strong *prima facie* case, to be able to hold Mr. JOHNSON so long at bay. No reliance is to be placed upon the sensational rumors which alternately quote the Attorney General on each side of the legal question. His opinion will speak for itself when public.

GEN. CARL SCHURZ.

MR. GALUSHA A. GROW, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, sends word that Gen. SCHURZ will speak in this city on the 24th of the present month, and not on the 25th, as heretofore announced.

THE TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

Yesterday the Republican Conferees for the Twenty-Fourth district of this State unanimously nominated Capt. Jos. BENTON DONLY as the successor of Mr. GEO. V. LAWRENCE.

Mr. DONLY was born in Mount Morris, Greene county, and is about thirty years old. He comes of an old Democratic family. His father served two years in the Legislature, elected by Democrats.

Young DONLY graduated at Washington College in 1859. Shortly afterward he took up his residence in Illinois. In 1860 he deposited his first vote, and it was for ABRAHAM LINCOLN for President. In 1863 he entered as a private in the Eighty-third Regiment of Illinois Infantry, and served for three years in the Army of the Cumberland, rising to the rank of Captian. After being mustered out of service, he entered the Albany Law School, graduating in 1866, when he returned to Mount Morris and commenced the practice of the legal profession. He was soon appointed Register in Bankruptcy, which office he now holds.

He is a man of excellent natural capacities, of more than ordinary executive abilities, and is withal a good speaker. The Republicans of the Twenty-fourth District have made a fortunate selection. They now owe it to him, to themselves, and to the cause, to go earnestly to work and secure his triumphant election.

NATURALIZATION—CAUTION.

Republican Vigilance Committees are reminded that, while past experience teaches us that our opponents clearly intend to rely in October, in a great degree, upon their old game of forged natnralization papers, with which, by the aid of wholesale bribery and a murder or two, they contrived to figure up a small majority for SHARSWOOD last year, they are not expected to abandon entirely their previous mode of operations, in the fraudulent evasion of the laws of Congress. These old frauds were perpetrated under two defective provisions of the statutes, the first of which authorizes the declaration of intention to be made before the *Clerk*, instead of in the Court itself, and the second authorizes the final papers to be issued without that previous declaration, if the applicant came in before the end of his eighteenth year, and remained for five years consecutively, intending three years of these five to become a citizen. Under this clause, no witnesses are required except as to this last intention, and that the applicant is a moral and well disposed citizen. It is on these points that our friends will do well to watch the opposition. Look out sharp for forged certificates from Clerks, and for all cases of applicants claiming to have arrived before their majority, and when you see one or two men constantly relied upon as standing witnesses to the identity of a large number of applicants, you will be very apt, on investigation, to find something wrong. Let our friends bear this caution in mind!

THE CATTLE DISEASE.

The Chicago papers print a "report of progress" from a Commission appointed some time since to investigate the "cattle-disease," then and since prevailing among the native stock of Illinois. The *Republican* summarizes the report as follows:

1. The malady follows the track of Texan cattle, and is not found elsewhere—is not a plague or epizootic.
2. The Texan cattle which communicate the disease are themselves healthy.
3. Native cattle affected with this disease do not communicate it to other native cattle.
4. There is not the slightest danger of evil from drinking the milk of a diseased cow, and Prof. Gamgee says he should have no scruples in eating the flesh. These animals are not, he says, poisoned by any specific virus calculated to do injury to man or animals.
5. The disease is classed in Europe as among the forms of fevers which originate spontaneously where there is sufficient heat or ill-drained retentive soils.
6. Texas cattle imported here from the 15th of September to the 15th of April induce no disease.

We do not learn much that is new from this verbal report and these opinions of Prof. Gamgee. True, it is a report of progress. The Commission has again returned to its researches. Prof. Gamgee now goes as the agent of the Department of Agriculture of the United States, having received a special commission from Hon. Horace Capron, Commissioner of Agriculture, to investigate this disease. The Illinois State Agricultural Society has also appointed a Commission with the same object. So if light is to be had concerning the origin and nature of the disease, we are likely to get it.

Mr. Richardson, another member of the Commission, believes the disease to be of such a character that when a complete knowledge of it is had, this class of (Texas) stock can be handled with perfect safety under proper management and regulations. But he advises the adoption of measures to keep these Texan cattle isolated from all other stock, and to cease moving them for the present, though he has little doubt that all the injury that can be done by the most of them has already been done.

The Chicago journals unite in hesitating to accept the assurances of the perfect safety with which the milk or flesh of the affected stock may be partaken of. They also renew their demand for the enforcement of the State law against dealing in the Texas or the native infected stock. As the stock which has died in our East Liberty yards was of the latter description, and brought from Illinois, an inquiry is suggested as to the liability under the statute of the dealers who have shipped it from that State hither.

THE telegraph and mails multiply daily, and with daily increasing minuteness, the reports of outrage and murder which attest the fructification of the rebel Democratic plots to overawe and, if need be, to exterminate all Union sentiment among the Southern people. The principles of SEYMOUR and BLAIR, interpreted by the rebel delegates who framed them into the Democratic platform, are bearing their natural fruit all over the South. From Kentucky, Tennessee, Missouri, Arkansas, Texas, Louisiana and the entire Gulf border, we have the same story of violence. The Democracy have entered with fire and sword upon another secession crusade. Already, the Governor of one State has appealed for Federal aid to enforce the laws, and the authorities of other States are about to follow his example. The President hesitates. His heart is not in his plain duty, however his wholesome fears of official responsibility may direct him. Mr. BUCHANAN temporized, and perilled all by his timidity, but the present Executive seems inclined to challenge the obligations of the plain letter of the law. The crisis which must decide his action, is not far off.

REHABILITATION OF AUSTRIA.

At the close of the recent campaign conducted by Prussia against Austria, it was apparent to all careful observers of national growth and decay that the latter power had in fact ceased to be Germanic, and would soon betray consciousness of the change that had come over its condition by adapting its policy to its altered fortunes. In the true sense, no longer Germanic, the only hopeful course open to it was to become Slavonic, and strive to build up a homogeneous and powerful monarchy by consolidating what might ultimately remain of the old provinces, and seeking compensations for past and prospective losses of territory and population by acquisitions extending in the easterly direction.

The lapse of a few months sufficed to show that the Austrian Emperor and Cabinet comprehended the situation and were determined to make the best of it that they could. Then came that series of measures, dictated by the exigencies of the case, which aroused the displeasure of the Pope and received his formal condemnation. That Austria should fall under Papal malediction was in itself suggestive of great changes in the condition and sentiments of the monarchy; but that the censures of Rome should produce no backward movement, but rather quicken the changes previously begun, afforded conclusive evidence that Catholicism was not the religion of the bulk of the people remaining under the Austrian sceptre, nor of the people whom it was resolved to bring under its sway.

In consequence of these general considerations the announcement, made a few days ago, that Austria had disappeared from the map of Europe, and that a new Austro-Hungarian Empire had appeared thereon, created no surprise. The shadow of the event ran so far before it as to prepare public expectation for its coming.

During the present week a public meeting was held in Vienna, at which speeches were made and resolutions passed, deploring the practical exclusion of the German provinces of the Austrian Empire from their hereditary relations with the Fatherland. But to arrive at the real meaning of this demonstration it is requisite to understand that those who participated in the proceedings were avowed Democrats, and necessarily confined their declarations within the limits prescribed by a sound discretion. What they had to be mindful of was the necessity of not exposing themselves to prosecution for incivism.

No student of history has for a moment entertained the thought that the German provinces of Austria could be permanently sundered from their natural connection, and incorporated into a nationality pre-eminently Slavonic. An effort to that end may succeed for a brief period, until circumstances arise favorable to a change of political relations; when the change will be sure to occur.

The public meeting already mentioned may, therefore, be regarded as symptomatic of the feeling generally prevailing throughout the German provinces of Austria. The masses of the population of these provinces do not mean to be absorbed by a Slavonic nationality, having principles, instincts and tendencies in which they do not partake, and having a destiny to run, if it shall run at all, which is alien to their ambition.

Nor do we regard this, or any like manifestations of discontent among the German subjects of Austria, as prejudicial to that monarchy. As it has in reality ceased to be a German power, the sooner it relinquishes all semblance thereto the better for itself, and for the peace and progress of Europe.

—It may as well be stated in this connection that the Pope seems to recede from his position on the Austrian question. BARON VON BUEST's prompt reply that he was going beyond his sphere in meddling with Austrian affairs, met with applause all over the world. PIUS IX, it is now affirmed by the *Memorial Diplomatique*, is preparing a memorandum to the effect that he only meant that the recent laws in violation of the Concordat were oppugnant to the Catholic dogmas, and not at all to arrogate the right to interfere in the affairs of that State. This would be a great stride in the right direction. Nobody objects to the Pope giving his opinion as to what does or does not comport with the dogmas of his church. His meddling in the political affairs of nations is a very different matter. If the Pope shall indeed issue such a memorandum it may well be taken as the most substantial triumph yet achieved by "reason" over "authority."

THE Charleston *Mercury* says:

Private advices from our most strenous friends at the North, request that we should protest against the imprudent expressions that have escaped some Southern speakers since the adjournment of the National Democratic convention. It is represented to us that great injury is accruing to the cause from such imprudence. We, therefore, shall make no apologies for asking the attention of our public speakers to the fact. What we want just now is to win. Let us keep our powder for that purpose. Too much is at stake to waste it now in *feux de joie*. Let us have our pyrotechnics next March.

This warning reached the South too late. The leading men and journals, before the admonition arrived, had let off all they felt and proposed.

But, mark! it is not said that Northern Democratic leaders are, in point of fact, opposed to the opinions they would abate; only that they think the promulgation of them, just now, to be injudicious.

This caution, sent Southward, doubtless explains why Mr. SEYMOUR's letter of acceptance was keyed on a much more moderate note than Mr. BLAIR's. The people had taken alarm; and it was resolved, as a piece of strategy, not to shock them further until after the election.

THE New York *Journal of Commerce* foreshadows what many conservative Democrats intend to do, as follows:

We suggested a platform upon which every thoughtful man, every good citizen of whatever party, could have planted himself without reproach. Had the July Convention adopted this in its main features, and passing by all party hacks and ultra demagogues, nominated on its issue thus presented two sound conservative Democrats, whose names brought up no bitter memories and suggested no allusion to former party feuds, the ticket would have been elected by a tremendous overwhelming majority. To this end we contributed what we could, but not being in the councils of either party, we had no control of the petty machinery by which the wires are usually manipulated, and our efforts were unsuccessful.

We shall not be surprised if the proportion of those who actually refrain from voting should be of itself beyond all former precedent. * * * * It might have been far otherwise if there had been virtue and decision enough among those who are directly responsible for the action of the Convention.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

The National Camp Meeting at Manheim, near Lancaster, Pa., was a remarkable one in many respects. We group a few items taken from a communication of nearly three columns in the Pittsburgh *Christian Advocate*, describing this meeting. The regular congregation numbered from three to five thousand, and on Sabbath morning, when Bishop Simpson preached, there were not less than twenty thousand people present. Over three hundred and fifty Methodist ministers were on the ground at different times during the meeting—thirty-one belonging to a sister denomination. Presbyterians, Lutherans and Quakers bore testimony to the higher life of faith. There were also many eminent female laborers from different parts of the country. Several of these "elect ladies" spoke at the Experience meetings with thrilling effect. At the Experience meeting Sunday morning four hundred and eighty spoke in *eighty* minutes. These testimonies were laconic, sharp and pointed. Some of them in the following words: "I am wholly and sweetly saved." "My way is clear." "I stand complete in Christ." "I live by faith in the Son of God." "Jesus is my all sufficient Saviour." "I have confessed, and he does cleanse." "My hallowed Lord hath wrought a perfect cure." "I have been in the pool." "I have full redemption." "I enjoy a clear witness that I am fully saved." "I have unutterably glory in my heart." These are but a tithe of the testimonies. We give one more, One soul, with great beauty and sweetness, said: "A party of ladies agreed to be photographed in a group, and I was the center figure; when the picture was completed my image was blurred, and the reason assigned was that I did not stand still. Paul says, 'Be not moved away from the hope of the Gospel.' That hope is 'the blood of Jesus cleanses from all sin.' There I stand, I dare not move."

It has been ascertained that the total number of locations in the ministry of the Methodist Episcopal Church, the past year, was seventy, and of deaths eighty-three; total loss from these sources, one hundred and fifty-three. The number of Ministers admitted on trial in the same time was six-hundred and seventy-six, making a net gain of five hundred and forty-three.

The venerable Senior Bishop Morris, in a brief address at the Erie Conference, held last month at Warren, Ohio, in behalf of the Freedmen, narrated the following anecdote. A colored local preacher, in speaking in speaking of the Temptation, said: "Had Satan made me such offers, I should have said, 'Sah, I can't see it,' as our lubbed Savior did. I should have said, 'Now, Mr. Satan, ef you pleathe, advance free paces to de rear, and take yourself off. Forward, march!'"

The *Universe* (Catholic,) of Philadelphia, after announcing the confirmation of General Rosencrans as United States Minister to Mexico, jubilantly says: After a short time we shall have Catholics enough both to send to the high places abroad and to place in the stately places at home.

Rev. Rowland [illegible], who resigned his place as colleague pastor with Dr. Miner, in School street, Boston, in consequence of the senior pastor's disapproval of his sentiments, and organized "The Fraternal Association of Universalists," is in trouble again. The more religion part of the flock desired to continue the communion service, which he complied in so far as to continue the custom once a year in a novel way. The conservatives have just withdrawn, including twenty-five of the thirty-two Sunday School teachers, and organized what they call the "Goddard Society," in honor of Thomas A. Goddard, lately deceased.

Open air preaching, under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association, at the Washington parade-ground, New York, was inaugurated some weeks ago. From the absence of any clerical titles, to the names of those who officiated, we presume the matter is wholly in the hands of laymen. At the fourth Sunday of the series, Mr. Richard Morse, Chairman of the Committee, opened the meeting with a discourse upon the text, "As the heart panteth after the water brooks, so panteth my soul after God." Two other laymen followed with brief discourses. Praying and singing alternated with the discourses.

The Board of Directors of the Congregationalist Church Educational Society made appropriations last year to two hundred and forty-four young men connected with twenty-nine colleges and Theological schools. The question of assisting hereafter young students in Presbyterian seminaries was discussed. During the financial year the Society assisted thirty-eight Congregationalists in Union Theological Seminary, New York city. It is expected a change of policy will be made at no distant date.

Our Southern brethren, even in religious movements, show their "cloven-feet," to persons whom they denominate Northern Radicals. At the late Missouri State Sunday School Convention, held at Palmyra, about the locality where Gens. Grant and Sherman were shabbily treated recently, a Southern Methodist minister called upon a prominent member of the Convention to know who was to be the President of the Convention, as the action of all the Southern people of Palmyra would be governed by the choice of the person to fill that office. Mr. Stanard was named, a prominent Northern Methodist layman of St. Louis, and was chosen President. The Southern people refused to enter the house, and the Chairman on Entertainment was flooded with notes from persons who had promised to entertain delegates informing him that the delegates from St. Louis, being Radicals and Abolitionists, there company would be offensive. He must *not pollute their houses with such creatures.* The Convention was held and was a decided success.

The Old School Presbytery of Baltimore, have appointed a Committee to give "temporary license" to laymen, to exercise their gifts as preachers; and the Fifth Baptist Church in Philadelphia have voted to approve such of its brethren "as may, under the advice of the pastor, publicly proclaim and enforce the gospel," as they may have opportunity.

One of the Representatives from South Carolina, Rev. Mr. Wittemore, was formerly a New England minister. He is one of the truest men and happily united Massachusetts and Carolina in his blood and station.

The National Conference of Unitarians and Liberal Christians will be held in New York city on the 6th, 7th and 8th of October.

Rev. John Marsh, D, D., the distinguished temperance advocate and editor of works of this character, died at Brooklyn, on Tuesday, the 4th inst. He was an earnest and devoted Christian minister.

The *Northwestern Christian Advocate* in speaking of the grand reception tendered to Speaker Colfax at Chicago, *en route* for his home at South Bend, Indiana, says it was an ovation of which all Mr. Colfax's friends may well be proud. But the chief animus, and the chiefest charm of the reception was the personal, live, deep respect and enduring confidence evinced for the man who has been, in the fear of God, true to his race and country. We heartily wish, says the *Advocate*, that all public servants were as worthy as Mr. Colfax. Aside from all party questions, we believe him worthy of any position within the people's gift.

The Death of Father Spalding.

Our dispatches have already mentioned the fearful death of Father B. J. Spalding at Louisville. The *Courier* of that city gives the following additional particulars:

It has been the custom of Father Spalding to keep a gas-light, with a sliding tube, burning in his bed-room over night. It seems that at about one o'clock yesterday morning the tube slipped down and came in contact with the musquito bar. In a few moments the bed clothing caught, and when Father Spalding awoke his night clothes were in flames. He managed to extinguish the fire on his person, but not till his flesh was shockingly burned. In his terrible agony, he rushed into his bath-room adjoining, and bathed in cold water, which had the effect of intensifying his sufferings. Father Bonchet, hearing his groans, hastened to the room and found the bed clothing burning rapidly. He at once threw them out of the window and checked the fire. Father Spalding's night clothes were burnt nearly off him, and he was writhing in agony. He was wrapped in a sheet and medical aid promptly summoned, but before the arrival of the doctors he became frantic with pain, and a second time immersed himself in the bath tub. On the arrival of the physicians the proper remedies were applied for his relief, but to no purpose. He lingered in great agony until six o'clock last evening, when death relieved him of his suffering. His resort to water no doubt caused the fatal result.

THE New York *Tribune* says: Assuming that the ten States recently unrepresented in Congress have a population of eight millions, that population is politically divided very nearly as follows:

White Rep	1,000,000	White Dem	3,500,000
Colored do	3,250,000	Colored do	250,000
Total	4,250,000	Total	3,750,000

THE Elmira *Gazette*, the only Democratic daily paper in Chemung county, New York, declares that Horatio Seymour cannot and should not be elected, and accordingly runs up the Republican nominees.

IS YOUR DISEASE RHEUMATISM?

Many persons, supposing they are suffering from this disease, have applied Linaments, Plasters and other Rheumatic Remedies without obtaining any relief, when in fact the cause of pain is a derangement of the Kidneys. These are small organs, but very important, and any obstruction or interference with its functions are indicated by pain in the back and loins, languor and weakness, difficulty in avoiding and unnatural color of the urine. A Diuretic should at once be resorted to.

DR. SARGENT'S

Diuretic or Backache Pills

Can be relied on for these purposes; they have a direct influence on the cells of the kidneys, assists nature in relieving them of any foreign particles, and mulates them to a healthy and vigorous action

Dr. Sargent's Backache Pills

Contain nothing injurious, being composed of entirely vegetable remedies; they do not sicken nor gripe—on the contrary they act as a gentle tonic and restores tone to the system. They are recommended by all who who have tried them.

Price 50 Cents Per Box.

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS. Sole proprietor,

GEORGE A. KELLY, Wholesale Druggist,

37 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.

THE BILIOUS SEASON.

Seventy-five per cent. of the population of the United States are more or less bilious at this season. The midsummer sun stirs up the bile as certainly as it evolves miasma from the stagnant pools. It is of the u most importance, therefore, to check the tendency of the liver to diseased action with that incomparable anti-bilious specific—HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. Neglect the early symptoms, and the chances are that they will result in remittent fever, fever and ague, or jaundice. It is presumed that nobody deliberately desires to risk an attack from any one of these. But carelessness may be as disastrous as temerity. Do not procrastinate. As health is the greatest of earthly blessings, it should be every rational being's first care. Whoever chooses to use HOSTETTER'S BITTERS as a preventive *now* may escape the bilious epidemic and endemics which so generally prevail toward the close of the heated term and in the fall months. Is it not worth while to be forearmed when the means of defence are within the reach of all? The BITTERS are a NATIONAL REMEDY, everywhere procurable, and endorsed by the intelligent of every class. Read what leading members of the community, clergymen, physicians, authors, statesmen, men of science, artists, travelers and disabled soldiers, say about them. On the strength of these credentials give them a trial. They will be found the very best anti-bilious medicine that modern pharmacy has introduced.

CURE OF FISTULA.

DR. KEYSER: I write to thank you for your kindness and scientific management of my disease, for which I called to consult you some time in January last. You will remember that I had a complication of diseases, which finally ended in a terrible fistula, which I had been advised to "let alone," on account of a harassing cough, which it was feared might fasten it on my lungs. I knew that the peculiar mode of treating diseases like mine was by a cutting operation, which, if successful at all, would naturally throw the disease upon the lungs or some other vital organ, on account of the suddenness of the cure and the immediate check to the discharge, which I believed was a salutary provision of nature to get rid of some morbid condition of the system. I feel perfectly satisfied that your method of treatment, purifying the system, and local applications to the fistulous part, must cure, if anything could, without cutting, which I find it did, and I am happy to report myself well in every particular, with sounder and better health than I have had for years. I would also add that the applications you made were almost painless, and have left me a new man, with all the energies and vigor of restored health.

Yours, gratefully,

DR. KEYSER'S CONSULTATION ROOMS FOR CHRONIC DISEASES, No. 135 PENN STREET, from 9 A. M. UNTIL 8 P. M. and 6 until 8 P. M. June 17th, 1868.

☞ *NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTED---SITUATIONS.

WANTED—SITUATION.—A young man who has had several years' experience in the dry goods business would like to obtain a situation where he can make himself useful. Can give good reference. Address BOX D, GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED—BOY.—An intelligent Boy, between 14 and 16 years of age, to act as Assistant and Pupil to a Mechanical Engineer, in an office where he will learn Mechanical Drawing. Premium required. Address P. BECKETT, Allegheny City, Pa.

WANTED—HONESTLY-To hire ten men at a salary of $150 per month, to sell the HOLLOW DASH ATMOSPHERIC CHURN, and transact an agency business for men, but will employ no man unless he is willing to work a few days on a commission, or can otherwise furnish satisfactory evidence of ability and integrity. Employment steady. J. C. TILTON, 10½ St. Clair street.

WANTED—BOY.—A young man of steady habits, to learn the Grocery business, in a good store. One that will board with the family, and can give the best of reference. Address GROCER, Allegheny City.

WANTED—SALESMEN.—Four or five good Salesmen. Article sells everywhere, in country and city. Can make good wages. Apply at 10½ ST. CLAIR STREET, Room 4.

WANTED—HELP—At Employment Office, No. 3 St. Clair Street, BOYS, GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED---BOARDERS.

WANTED—BOARDERS—Pleasant furnished rooms to let, with boarding, at 167 THIRD STREET.

WANTED—BOARDERS.—A gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen, can be accommodated with first class boarding at No. 18 WYLIE STREET. Room is a front one, on second floor, and opens out on balcony.

WANTED—BOARDERS.—Gentlemen boarders can be accommodated with good board and lodging at No. 25 FERRY ST.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—For NATIONAL CAMPAIGN GOODS.—8x10 Steel Engravings of GRANT and COLFAX, with or without frames. One agent took 60 orders in one day. Also, National Campaign Biographies of both, 25 cents. Pins, Badges, Medals and Photos for Democrats and Republicans. Agents make 100 per ct. Sample packages sent post-paid for $1. Send at once and get the start. Address GOODSPEED & CO., 37 Park Row, N. Y., or Chicago, Ill. d&F

WANTED—AGENTS—Who can command a capital of $15 to $20—who really want to make money—to sell by sample the HOLLOW DASH ATMOSPHERIC CHURN. Nothing like it in use. J. C. TILTON, No. 10½ ST. CLAIR St.

WANTED—AGENT.—As TRAVELING AGENT, a man well acquainted with the Queensware and Glass business. None other need apply. Address F. O. Lock Box 197. Communications confidential.

WANTS.

WANTED—TO MARRY.—A respectable gentleman wants to marry a wealthy young lady. Must positively be good looking and active. Address A. B., Allegheny, Pa.

WANTED—PARTNER.—A Partner that will devote his time to sales and collections, and who can invest Fifteen to Twenty-five Thousand Dollars, in an old established manufactory. Address E., with full name, at GAZETTE OFFICE. None need apply except an active business man, capable to attend to business generally.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE—A few ACRES OF LAND, improved or unimproved, within seven miles of the city. Price, from two to five thousand dollars. Address W. B., DISPATCH OFFICE, giving location.

WANTED—BOARD.—A Young Lady, whose work will keep her about during the day, desires board with a respectable private family, (an old couple preferred,) where there are no men, or other boarders, if possible. State terms and address A. C. B., Pittsburgh Post Office.

WANTED—OFFICE.—Wanted to rent, a small OFFICE, on the first floor, in a business part of the city. Address J. A. H., GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED—OWNERS.—Parties having left work to be done at the Furniture Repair Rooms of G. A. TAYLOR, No. 13 Smithfield street, since the 10th of April, are requested to call for the same, or it will be disposed of according to law.

WANTED—PURCHASER—For an interest in an established business on Fifth street. Terms $500 cash, $500 in four and $500 in six months. Address BOX H, this office.

FOR RENT.

TO LET—HOUSE of 6 rooms, on Chatham street, by S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 85 Smithfield street.

TO LET—LAFAYETTE HALL— Will be to rent on SUNDAYS, after middle of August.

TO LET—DWELLING—Containing hall and nine rooms, at low rent of $350 per annum. Located on Second street, near Grant. Enquire of A. C. PATTERSON, 73 Grant street. TST

TO LET—HOUSE.—A three-story BRICK HOUSE, situated in a desirable street in Allegheny City, together with furniture, will be rented on moderate terms. For particulars address B. P., Box B, GAZETTE OFFICE.

TO LET—RESIDENCE.—On the Commons, in the cleanliest, healthiest and most desirable part of Allegheny City, a three-story Brick House, with all modern improvements, in first class order; large lot, with stable in rear. A part or the entire furnishment of the house, which is new, will be sold if desired. Address, with full name, LOCK BOX 368, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—A Beautiful Building LOT, containing 4 acres, with the privilege of 6 acres, situated on Mount Hope, at Woods Run Station, P. Ft. W. & C. R., adjoining property of Alex. Taylor, Wm. Nelson, Wm. Richardson and others. This is one of the most commanding views in the vicinity of the two cities, and within 3 minutes' walk of the station. Enquire at 254 Liberty street, or at the residence of Mr. ALEX. TAYLOR, near the premises.

FOR SALE—GRIST MILL.—A first class Mill in New Brighton, Beaver Co., Pa. Four story Stone Mill, five run of burrs, splendid water power. Will sell part or whole, on easy terms. For further particulars apply to or address CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, 139 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—MARE.—One Dark BROWN MARE, 15¼ hands high, gentle, and can be drove by a child any place. Warranted to trot in 3:10 or less. To be seen at 153 WYLIE STREET.

FOR SALE—WAGONS.—One Express Wagon; one 2 horse Peddler Wagon, covered; one 1 horse Rough Wagon, with barrel back. Apply to JOHN DYER, Jr., corner Ridge street and Allegheny avenue, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—HOUSES.—A convenient BRICK HOUSE, of four rooms, stone cellar and lot, on Peach alley, near Pride street. House is new, and price only $1,100. Also, a HOUSE on Forbes street, for sale. Apply to WM. WILTON, corner of Pride and Forbes street.

FOR SALE—HOUSE.—A double Frame House, suitable for two families, with lot 40 by 135 feet, situated in Bradducksfield, can be bought for $2,000—on half cash, balance in 2 and 3 years, with interest. Inquire at W. M. WARD'S, 110 Grant street, or of NORMAN TUSTON, at Fort Perry.

FOR SALE.—HORSES.—At HOWARD'S LIVERY AND SALE STABLE one fine FAMILY HORSE; Bay; three DAPPLE GREY HORSES; one LARGE DRAUGHT HORSE; three BLACK MARES; two GREY MARES. FIRST STREET, near Monongahela House.

Horses bought and sold on commission.

FOR SALE—LOT IN McKEESPORT.—The half or whole of a lot 60 feet front by 140 feet deep, situate on Market, near Second street. For particulars enquire of W. O. HULL, Hull's Store, Fifth, near the depot, McKeesport, or address JOSEPH FORSYTHE 116 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

LOST.

LOST—DOG—$5.00 REWARD.—Lost, on Wednesday morning, August 5th, a small white BULL DOG, 15 inches high; has a dark spot on the bottom of his left ear, and answers to the name of "Willard." A FIVE DOLLAR GREENBACK will be paid for his return to JAMES S. FLEMING, Drayman, No. 1 Union Alley, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh.

LOST.—SACK AND SASH.—ON TUESDAY, afternoon, a silk sack and sash was lost between the Fifth street Exchange and Chatham street. A liberal reward will be paid to the finder if left at the GAZETTE OFFICE.

REMOVALS.

C. WATTLEY & CO. have removed to the house formerly occupied by Spencer & Co., No. 123 FEDERAL STREET, a few doors below the Market, Allegheny.

MONEY.

MONEY TO LOAN.—$100,000 to loan on Real Estate Mortgage. Apply to or address CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth street.