Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIII. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, JULY 28, 1868. NUMBER 179.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK M.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

Closing Up Business for Recess—Attempt to Pass the Copper Tariff Bill—Funding Bill Passed—Bill for Provisional Government for Mississippi, Virginia and Texas Fails.

[By telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 27, 1868.

SENATE.

Mr. RAMSEY called up the House bill for the more economical administration of the Government in the several Territories of the United States and for other purposes, providing for biennial sessions of the Territorial Legislatures, &c., which after discussion was tabled.

Mr. RAMSEY offered a resolution directing the Committee on Foreign Relations to inquire into the expediency of making a treaty between Canada and the United States.

Mr. SUMNER suggested Canada is not a sovereign power, and that the resolution be modified by inserting Great Britain instead of Canada.

Mr. RAMSEY accepted the amendment and the resolution was adopted.

Mr. WILSON called up the House bill to provide for a more efficient government for Mississippi, Texas and Virginia.

Mr. DAVIS said this was too important a bill to be passed in the expiring hours of the session without examination, and moved to lay it on the table.

The motion was rejected, Messrs. Cameron, Buckalew, Davis, Doolittle, McCreery, Patterson, (Tenn.,) and White voting aye.

Mr. BUCKALEW called attention to the extraordinary provisions of the second section—that ordinances passed hereafter by Conventions in those States shall be enforced by the provisional authorities until the pleasure of Congress shall be known, establishing an entirely new precedent. The result aimed at was that the Constitutional Conventions should regulate and control elections in those States.

Mr. WILSON said the bill prohibited States from voting for President.

Mr. BUCKALEW was continuing, when he yielded to

Mr. DOOLITTLE, who presented a report from the Conference Committee on the bill making an appropriation for the purchase of Alaska. Concurred in.

Mr. BUCKALEW resumed his argument. Referring again to the power conferred on conventions, he asked which, in case of a conflict between them and the military commanders, was to be obeyed by the people. The only semblance of a fair election in Arkansas had been the result of the interference of the military authorities, who overruled a passionate and ill-advised ordinance of the Convention prohibiting a large number of people from voting in the new constitution.

Mr. CONKLING asked Mr. Buckalew to yield to a motion for an executive session, saying it was evidently impossible to pass this bill now.

But at this point Mr. FOWLER rose to a personal explanation. He would not now occupy the time, but that the whole power of the Government had been put in the hands of one bad man to be used against him.

Mr. FOWLER was proceeding to read a prepared address, when, at 10:30, Mr. CONKLING and others approached him, and after a moment's conference Mr. CONKLING asked the Senator to yield to a motion to go into executive session, saying hardly time remained to transact the necessary business, and the Senator could print his remarks.

Mr. FOWLER assented and the Senate went into Executive session.

The doors opened at twelve o'clock, when the President *pro tem* announced that in accordance with the concurrent resolution of both Houses of Congress the Senate would take recess until the 3d Monday of September next.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House met at nine, with a very thin attendance.

Mr. WASHBURNE asked to have taken from the Speaker's table the Senate joint resolution to cancel the stationery contract of the Interior Department with Dempsey and Cicole.

Mr. VAN TRUMP objected.

Mr. SCHENCK, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported the Senate bill relating to contracts payable in coin and asked that it be laid on the table.

Mr. GARFIELD suggested that that course should not be taken, but the bill should be retained within the power of the House.

Mr. SCHENCK, assenting, withdrew the bill, and it remains with the Committee of Ways and Means.

Mr. SCHENCK reported a bill regarding the duties on imported copper and copper ore, and asked to have it considered in the House.

Mr. ROSS objected, unless he should first be allowed to offer a resolution for the benefit of an employe of the House. That privilege having been granted,

Mr. ROSS withdrew his objection, but on condition that nothing else should be added to the bill.

The SPEAKER declared objection being withdrawn, the bill was before the House.

It imposes duties, viz: On copper imported, three cents on each pound of fine copper; on regulas of copper and black and coarse copper, four cents; on old copper, fit only for running, four cents; and iron all in plates, bars, ingots, pigs, and other forms, not manufactured or named in the bill, five per cent. per pound.

Mr. BANKS made the point of order that the bill must be first considered in Committee of the Whole.

The SPEAKER overruled the point of order, on the ground that it was made too late.

Mr. BANKS asserted he had not lost his right to object, as he could not do so until he had heard the bill read.

The SPEAKER stated the bill had been read by its title, and this having been the third or fourth attempt to pass it, its contents must have been known.

Mr. SCHENCK proceeded to explain why the bill was reported. Under existing laws the prostration of the interest was so great that the operatives at the mines were starving or going to the poorhouse by hundreds, or receiving aid by charity to get away, while steamboats on the lakes were being reduced from daily to weekly trips. Appeals were made by several members in behalf of the nickel, book, lead and hair-cloth interests.

Mr. BANKS demanded the yeas and nays on ordering the main question.

The question was ordered—87 to 24.

Mr. BOUTWELL asked Mr. Schenck whether he was not ready to report on the funding bill, and whether he was not endangering the passage of that important measure by insisting on this copper bill, which was of no general interest or importance.

Mr. SCHENCK was understood to say the Conference report had not yet come from the Senate.

Mr. BANKS objected to debate.

Mr. THOMAS moved to lay the bill on the table.

The SPEAKER intimated to Mr. Schenck, if he desired to make the conference report on the Funding bill, it should be done at once.

Mr. SCHENCK made no response.

The proceedings on the Copper bill were interrupted in order to concur with an amendment of the Senate to a bill for the relief of Brigadier General Bidwell, and adding to it the name of the widow of General Hackelman; also to place on the Speaker's table the Senate bill to regulate the foreign and coasting trade on the northern or northwestern frontiers of the United States, and to adopt a new rule creating a standing committee on revisal of laws, and abolishing the Committee on Revisal and Unfinished Business.

On a conflict of opinion between the the Speaker and Mr. Banks, relative to a count in ordering the yeas and nays, Mr. BANKS appealed from the decision of the Chair and the decision was sustained—121 to 1.

The motion to table was rejected.

Mr. SCHENCK, at a quarter past ten, moved to make the conference report on the funding bill, remarking that the faction against the copper bill was so manifest he would not press it this session. The conference report was read, as was the bill, at Mr. RANDALL'S request.

Messrs. Ross, Eldridge, Randall and other Democrats commenced fillibustering to defeat the funding bill by submitting various motions for recess.

Finally the Speaker declined to entertain further motions for recess, stating he doubted whether he should have entertained more than the one.

Mr. SCHENCK insisted on the previous question on the Conference report. It was seconded and the main question was ordered—yeas 96, nays 26.

Mr. BUTLER obtained leave to have his remarks printed in reply to the attack made on him last night in the Senate by Mr. Henderson.

A vote was taken on the conference report, and it was agreed to—yeas, one hundred and two; nays, thirty-two.

The bill goes to the President for approval.

Mr. DAWES, from the Committee on Elections, reported a bill to relieve Nelson Tift, of Georgia, from disabilities. Passed by the requisite two-thirds vote.

He also reported back the credentials of Simon Corley, member elect from South Carolina, and P. M. B. Young, member elect from Georgia, and moved the oath prescribed for persons whose disabilities had been removed be administered. Agreed to and Messrs. Corley and Young were sworn in as members.

The bill to increase the duties on copper again came up, and dilitary motions were resorted to by its opponents to defeat its passage.

The SPEAKER appointed as Directors of the Columbia Deaf and Dumb Institute Messrs. Schenck, of Ohio, and Boyden, of North Carolina.

The SPEAKER appointed on the Committee on Elections Mr. Heaton, of North Carolina, instead of Mr. Poland, of Vermont, on account of service on two other Committees.

Mr. GARFIELD asked leave to introduce a joint resolution requiring the Secretary of War to amend his order of Saturday last for the removal of clerks in the Quartermaster's Department, by giving preference to efficient clerks who had been disabled in the military service.

Mr. DEWEES asked that Mr. Nelson Tiff, member elect from Georgia, be sworn in under the oath prescribed for persons whose political disabilities have been removed.

Mr. Tift was accordingly sworn in.

Mr. JOHNS, of Ky., made an effort to introduce a resolution requesting the President to grant a general amnesty for all political offenses, but objection was made.

The bill to increase the duties on copper was again taken up, the question being on its passage.

Mr. BANKS demanded the yeas and nays.

They were ordered. It was now within a minute or two of twelve o'clock.

Mr. SCHENCK rose and said as there was no time for taking the yeas and nays, he was willing the copper bill should be considered as lost.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, insisted the yeas and nays be called.

Mr. BANKS said he had yielded to the passage of the funding bill only on the solemn assurance given him by Mr. Scofield that the copper bill would not be pressed.

The Clerk proceeded to call the yeas and nays on the passage of the bill, but had not made much progress when the SPEAKER, knocking with his gavel, announced that the hour of twelve having arrived, at which both Houses of Congress had agreed to take recess, the House now took a recess until the third Monday in September till twelve o'clock noon.

There was much clapping of hands at the announcement, and when the Speaker left the Chair and mingled with the members on the floor, very friendly leave takings and mutual expressions of good wishes were exchanged between him and members on both sides. Before half an hour the hall was emptied of its usual occupants, the members having hurried off to make preparations for their departure.

NEW YORK CITY.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 27, 1868.

CHOLERA CASES.

Several cases of cholera, including three deaths, have occurred in what is known as the Spouty district, a portion of the city bounded by 62d and 70th streets, and 8th and 10th avenues, occupied by squatters. The condition of the neighberhood is wretched, and the foul air arising from stagnant water and the filthy habits of the residents have been the cause of the disease. The Board of Health have already abated the nuisance and thoroughly purified the district by disinfectants. The cases which have occurred are not numerous enough to cause any fears of epidemic cholera.

ROCK ISLAND RAILROAD CASE.

In the case, in the Supreme Court, of Gates versus the Chicago and Rock Island Railroad Company and others, the defendants made a motion to have the judgment in the Iowa cases admitted as part of the papers in this. No substantial opposition being made, the motion was granted.

JEFF. DAVIS GOING TO EUROPE.

A dispatch from Savannah, Georgia, says Jefferson Davis will soon sail for Europe, to be gone several months, and will be represented in the coming trial by counsel.

REVOLUTIONER DEAD.

John Thompson, a Revolutionary soldier, died at Smithtown, Long Island, Thursday last, aged 104.

Victims of the Flood.

BALTIMORE, July 27.—Four more bodies, two men, one woman and a child, were recovered to-day at Long Bridge.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

Closing Hours of Congress—The President and Cabinet at the Capital—No Extra Session of the Senate—Appointments Confirmed and Rejected—Gen. Butler's Reply to Senator Henderson.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 27, 1868.

CLOSING HOURS OF CONGRESS.

The President and members of the Cabinet came to the Capitol this morning, and in the President's room transacted business in connection with Congressional matters and nominations to office.

There were several hundred persons gathered at the Senate main door while that body was in Executive session this morning, anxiously awaiting the action of the Senate affecting nominations of themselves or friends.

The nomination of Alex. Cummings, to be Commissioner of Internal Revenue, was not reached on the calendar for want of time.

Secretary Seward informed a Senate Committee there would be no called executive session.

All bills which had passed both Houses and were presented to the President received his signature, except the funding bill. It is held, however, that he can sign it at any time during to-day.

BILLS NOT REACHED.

The following are the bills on the Speaker's table not reached, and therefore go over till September: Relating to the Ocean Mail Steamship service between the United States and China, in relation to bridges across the Ohio river, in relation to coast defence, for relief of Miss Emma Wilson of Indiana, respecting provisional governments of Virginia and Texas, granting the right of way over public lands to the Denver Pacific Railroad Company, to regulate the carriage of passengers in steamships and other vessels, extending the Agricultural College bill to the States lately in rebellion, to regulate foreign and coasting trade on the Northern, Northwestern and Northeastern frontiers of the United States.

GEN. BUTLER DEFENDS HIMSELF.

The speech which Gen. Butler obtained leave to print to-day in reply to Senator Henderson charges the Senator with choosing the Sabbath for his speech, for the reason that he (Mr. Butler) had gone home, and there would be no reply. He (Mr. Butler) had, however, been detained by an accident. The Committee had made no charge against the Senator. They only carefully detailed the evidence before them. This evidence Mr. Butler summarizes, and says it is the inference from these facts which seems to so enrage the Senator. When a Fowler shoots at a black bird, or other winged vermin in a thicket, (says Butler,) he can always tell by the fluttering in the bushes whether the shot has told. The Senator flops. He (Mr. Butler) should treat the Senator as Uncle Toby did the fly which he caught buzzing about his ear. Carrying it to the window, as he let it out of his hand he pityingly said: "Go, poor devil, there is room enough in the world for both thee and me."

FRAUDS IN PAY DEPARTMENT.

The following is the conclusion of the report of the Select Committee appointed by the House to investigate the subject of the alleged frauds in the Pay Department:

"While irregularities are found, your Committee have found no evidence of fraud against any individual in either Department named, or against any agent doing business with the same."

NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED.

The following nominations were confirmed this morning: Wm. S. Rosecrans, Minister to Mexico; T. L. Dickey, Assistant Attorney General; Chas. N. Felton, Treasurer of Branch Mint, San Francisco; Enos D. Hoge, Associate Judge of the Supreme Court of Utah; Chas P. Heywood, Collector of Internal Revenue for Third District of Missouri; Lewis Wolf, Assessor of Internal Revenue for the First District Louisiana; Chas. T. Shelby, Indian Agent, New Mexico; C. M. Alexander, Postmaster at Washington; D. F. P. Cuppy, Register Deeds, Washington, D. C.

NOMINATIONS REJECTED.

The Senate rejected Solomon P. McCurdy for Chief Justice of Supreme Court of Utah; Simon M. Johnson for Assistant Secretary of Treasury; James F. Roberts, of Indiana, for Secretary of Wyoming.

NOMINATIONS SENT IN.

The following nominations were sent in; William Aiken, Collector of Customs at Charleston; George A. Potter, Iowa, Minister Resident to Ecuador.

ALABAMA.

Legislative Proceedings—Removal of Disabilities—Severe on Editors.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MONTGOMERY, July 27.—Both Houses of the State Legislature have passed an act ratifying the code of Alabama, except where it conflicts with the new Constitution.

A debate in the Senate this morning shows that a large number of Senators are in favor of removing all political disabilities.

In the House Mr. McGraw, the Speaker, offered a resolution in favor of removing disabilities, which was made the special order for Monday.

Mr. Harrison, of Mobile, offered an act in relation to newspapers, which provides for publishing of slanderous articles editors and proprietors shall be fined not less than $1,000, imprisoned not less than six months and the press and materials can be sold as soon as judgment is entered to pay the fine. The act applies to copied as well as to original matter, and the Judge is to decide what is slanderous.

Governor Smith has vetoed the bill fixing the pay of members and officers of this Legislature. He takes ground it is an increase over the rates fixed by the old law, and further, that the pay of eight dollars per day and forty cents a mile mileage is exhorbitant and not in proportion to the amount in the Treasury.

Steamboat Dexter Sunk in the Ohio.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, July 27.—The steamer Dexter was sunk in the Ohio river this afternoon, near South Point, during a heavy storm which prevailed along the river above here. It is reported that three lives were lost. The amount of loss on the boat is not ascertained.

FROM EUROPE.

Portuguese Port in Africa Seized by the British—Gunpowder Plot in Rome—The Civil War in Japan—Political Disturbances in Turkey.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LISBON, July 27.—A report received by the Government states the British gunboat Pandora landed some men at one of the Portugese Colonial stations on the coast of Guinea, and took possession of the place by force of arms. Few particulars are known, but it is asserted that the Portugese guard was disarmed and made prisoners, that the flag of Portugal was hauled down and the British colors hoisted in its place. The Portugese Government dispatched two men-of-war from Tagus to the scene of the outrage.

LONDON, July 26.—Lord Cranworth, the eminent Liberal Peer, died to-day.

LONDON, July 27—*Midnight.*—In the House of Lords this evening Lord Napier took the customary oath and his seat.

JAPAN.

LONDON, July 27.—Further advices from Japan to the 30th of June are received. All the Ministers of foreign powers in Japan had united in a protest against the revival by the Mikado of decrees against the native Christians. The war continued to rage with much violence. The troops of the Mikado are in possession of all the ports opened to foreigners by treaty. The brother of Stots Bashi, the ex-Tycoon, was at the head of a revolt against the spiritual Emperor, and had a large army under his command, with which he was gradually advancing on Yeddo, in which city the party of the Tycoon is very strong. There had been some fighting between the hostile forces in the vicinity of Yeddo, but no decisive successes are reported on either side. It was thought the war between the two parties, whose respective strength and resources appeared to be so evenly balanced, would result in a division of the country into two independent Empires, governed by the Mikado and Tycoon.

ITALY.

LONDON, July 26.—The following has been received from Rome: The police have discovered a mine to blow up the fortifications on Mount Aventine. Two sentinels were recently attacked in the night and wounded. The police seized a quantity of red and black Garibaldian shirts. Licenses have been withdrawn from all the wine shops in the Roman Campagna.

PARIS.

PARIS, July 27.—An important statement was made in the Corps Legislatif to-day. M. Pelliten put the interrogatory to Ministers, to which M. Ronte replied that the government does not intend to alter the election laws of France in any particular. The budget has been finally adopted.

TURKEY.

LONDON, July 27.—Political disturbances are reported again in Bulgaria. A dispatch from Constantinople states the Turkish Government has ordered troops there to restore tranquility.

MARINE NEWS.

QUEBEC, July 27.—The steamer Moravian, from Liverpool, has arrived.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, July 27—*Evening.*—Consols, 94⅝@94¾; American Securities, 72¾; Illinois Central, 90; Erie, 43¾.

PARIS, July 27.—Bourse firmer. Rentes 70 francs 2c.

LIVERPOOL, July 27.—Cotton is still declining; sales of 8,000 bales uplands at 9⅞@10d, and Orleans at 10¼@10⅜d.

LONDON, July 27.—*Evening.*—Tallow advanced to 44s. 6d. Spirits of Petroleum 11½d. Linseed oil £30 10s. on spot and £30 15s. to arrive. Others unchanged.

ANTWERP, July 27.—Petroleum, 51 francs for standard.

TENNESSEE.

Assembling of the Legislature—Card from Gov. Brownlow.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NASHVILLE, July 27.—The Legislature of Tennessee convened at the capital today. The Senate was without a quorum. Gov. Brownlow's message will be delivered to morrow. He will remain at Knoxville during the session.

Governor Brownlow publishes a card, stating that he has never owned, bought nor sold a State bond, nor received commission for signing them, as reported in New York.

A Mr. White was shot and killed to-day in a political dispute at Nickenzie, on the Nashville and Northwestern Railroad.

MEMPHIS, July 17.—The Merchants' National Bank, of Memphis, which was closed about a month since for alleged violation of the National Baking Act, after examination by a special agent of the Treasury Department has been turned over to its officers and reopened this morning.

Georgia Legislature—Difficulty Between Citizens and Police.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ATLANTA, Ga., July 27.—The Democratic caucus to-day made the following nominations for United States Senator: Gen. Wolford, for long term, and H. S. Miller, for short term. The House to-day adopted a resolution requesting the Governor to proclaim military law at an end and civil law restored.

Bills were introduced to organize the militia, re-enact the stay law, and abolish District Courts.

A resolution has passed both Houses suspending levy and sale except for debts contracted since the war.

AUGUSTA, Ga., July 27.—A difficulty originated between the police and a few citizens this evening. The latter were talking loudly on a street corner. The police ordered them to desist when shooting commenced. Alexander Phillips, who attempted to prevent the difficulty, was shot in the breast and seriously but not dangerously injured. Cornelius Reed was seriously wounded, Wm. Dillon, Chief of Police, was shot in the abdomen, and Chas. Evans, Lieutenant of Police, slightly wounded.

Municipal Subscription to Railroad Bridge—Gen. Grant and Party.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Iowa, July 27.—The question of issuing bonds to the amount of two hundred thousand dollars, to aid in building the Union Pacific Railroad Bridge at this point, was voted on in this city to-day, and resulted in eleven hundred and fourteen for to twelve against.

Gen. Grant and party arrive here to-morrow forenoon from the West, and leave at noon for St. Joseph.

BRIEF NEWS ITEMS.

—The Editorial excursionists arrived at St. Paul yesterday.

—Michael Slattery, one of the Coroners of Brooklyn, died on Sunday.

—The Morrissianna (N. Y.) Base Ball Club have started on an excursion.

—"Our Lady of Victory" Roman Catholic Church, at Brooklyn, was dedicated on Sunday.

—A fire in Montecello, Iowa, on Sunday night destroyed property to the value of $10,000.

—Jefferson Davis and family sailed from Quebec on Saturday for Europe by the steamship Austrian.

—Two young ladies from Cuba were drowned at Carthage Landing, on the Hudson river, on Monday.

—Nearly two million gallons of petroleum were shipped to Europe from Philadelphia during the week ending Saturday.

—Henry Bertrore, a German, of New York, and Charles Buckner, of Hoboken, committed suicide by hanging on Sunday.

—Patrick Boyle, publisher of the *Irish Canadian*, who was recently arrested under the *habeas corpus* act, has been released from custody.

—Henry Conovan and Patrick Maden were killed on Sunday night by Michael Roach, while attempting to force an entrance to his saloon in West Hoboken, N. Y.

—The contest for for the Democratic nomination for Governor of New York, to-day, will be between Mayor Hoffman and Senator Murphy. The former will likely be successful.

—Private letters from Paris speak of a war between France and Prussia as being almost certain. Matters will be precipitated as soon as Bismarck returns to Berlin next month.

—The counsel for General Cole, under indictment at Albany, N. Y., for the murder of Hiscox, yesterday obtained a writ of *habeas corpus*, returnable before the Supreme Court to-day. The object is to procure Cole's release on bail.

—At Montreal, yesterday, the young America Eleven, of Philadelphia, were defeated in a cricket match by the Garrison Eleven, in one inning. The score was Philadelphians: First innings, 33; second inning, 88; Garrison: First innings, 200.

—It is estimated that the fire in the woods in Canada, this season, has destroyed in the Ottawa district standing pine lumber to the value of four millions of dollars, and the woods are still burning. Boats on the Montreal route are greatly detained by the smoke on the river.

—At a meeting of the Philadelphia Passenger Railway conductors and drivers, on Saturday, an address to the Board of Presidents was adopted, asking that twelve hours, instead of eighteen, be adopted as the period for a day's labor, and that two dollars a day be allowed as wages.

—Rev. Reuben J. Herndon, who was in jail at Orange Court House, Virginia, charged with the seduction and murder of Miss Mary Lumsend, escaped last night. He left a confession of the seduction but denied the murder. A reward of five hundred dollars has been offered by the Governor for his capture.

—Advices from Mexico state the insurrectionists Searazeca and Silva were routed by General Escobedo in the Sierra and at Queretaro. The campaign against the revolutionists was active, and the Juarists occupied all important points. The Juarez Government is nevertheless reported to be in a precarious state.

—At Buffalo, on Saturday, three men fell through seven stories to the cellar of the Oxford Sugar Refinery. Two, Michael Donovan and Antoine Taylor, were killed instantly, and the other, Fritz Kosting, lived but a few moments. They were descending upon an elevator, and the accident was caused by the breaking of an iron shaft.

—Gen. Hancock, in reply to a letter from S. T. Glover, Esq., on the subject, contradicts the report that he does not acquiese in the judgment of the Democratic National Convention in nominating Seymour and Blair. On the contrary, he says that to do otherwise than act with the Democratic party in the coming contest would be to falsify his own record.

—The annual horse fair opens at Buffalo on Tuesday next and closes late on the following Saturday. Seventy entries have been made for the different trots. The following nine horses are entered for the ten thousand dollar race, viz: Lady Hamilton, Colonel Maynard, Myron Perry, Victor Hugo, George Palmer, Fearnaught, Mollie, American Girl and Johnny Bradley. For the double team race on Friday eighteen entries are made. Besides animals which have arrived to participate in the races, there will be on exhibition many stables of blooded stock.

Desperate Affray at Warwick, R. I.—A Sheriff and His Posse Resisted.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PROVIDENCE, July 27.—A desperate affray occurred at Warwick, R. I., yesterday afternoon, arising out of the resistance of the attempt of Sheriff Holden, of Kent county, assisted by four or five deputies, to arrest Capt. Betts, of the steamer Ella, and Edward Johnson, the clerk, on a charge of running their boat on Sunday and bringing crowds of disorderly persons to disturb the peace of the town of Warwick. During the fight the Sheriff was struck a terrible blow on the head with a heavy club and frightfully wounded. Finally the officers were overpowered, but subsequently, on the arrival of the boat at Providence, a strong force of policemen arrested the Captain, clerk, engineer, firemen and three of the deck hands.

New Orleans Market.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, July 27.—Cotton dull and declining; middlings 29c; sales of 242 bales; receipts, 76 bales. Sterling Exchange 157½a160. New York Sight Exchange ½ premium. Sugar and Molasses unchanged. Flour—superfine $7,75a8,00; treble $9a10; choice $10,50a14,00. Corn easy at 90ca$1. Oats firmer at 75a80c. Pork dull at $29,50. Bacon dull; Shoulders 13¼c; clear Sides 17½c. Lard quiet; tierce 18½c; keg 19½a20c.

Memphis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, July 27.—Cotton is dull and nominal. The receipts to-day amounted to 9, and the exports to 5 bales. Flour nominal. Corn is selling at 92½c. Oats, 70a75c. Hay is held at $18. Bran, $23a24. Corn Meal sold at $4.50a4,80. Pork; sales were made at $29,50. Lard it held at 18½a19½c. Bacon is dull, and sales were made of shoulders at 13½c, and clear sides at 17c.

Buffalo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, July 25.—Flour quiet; sales No. 4 Spring at $9,25. Wheat firm: sales 10,000 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee at $1,95; 10,000 bushels White Michigan at $2,25, good No. 2 Chicago $1,80. Corn steady, sales 68,000 bushels sound shipping western at 93. Oats quiet; sales 42,000 bushels at 74¼, generally asking 75. Mess Pork quiet at $28,75a29,00. Lard 17½a18.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were filed of record before H. Snively, Esq., Recorder, July 27th, 1868:

Jacob Morelock's widow and heirs to Ludwig Schomberg, July 23, 1868; lot 49 in Morelock's plan, in Stewartstown, 40 by 110 feet, on Walnut street; also, lot No. 47 in same plan, 115 by 155 ft.....$250

Richard Cowan to John C. Stevens, July 1, 1868, irregular lot of ground in Borough of Mount Washington, Lower St. Clair township, being No. 26 in said plan.....$1,200

W. M. Caney to J. Scott Ferguson, June 15, 1868; lot of ground in Bellevue, containing two acres.....$2,800

Sharpley M. Packer to Louis Nunamaker, June 16, 1868 lot of ground in Peebles township, containing ten acres.....$2 233 25

Joseph J. Bender to Joseph Platte, June 29, 1868; lot in Lawrenceville, on Charlotte street, 21 by 100 feet.....$1

Richard Kienzle to John Brown, July 6, 1868; lots Nos. 31, 32 and one-half of lot 22 in Brown's plan of lots in the Borough of East Birmingham, 50 by 99 feet.....$1,650

Wm. M. Darlington to Jacob Gleaber, July 25, 1868; lot on Third street, Third ward, Allegheny, 40 ft. front to a line parallel with Third street, and equidistant between said street and Long alley.....$1,600

John H. Sawyer to Citizens Oil Refining Co., July 15, 1868; lot on the Lawrenceville and Sharpsburg plank road, Pittsburgh, 100 by 80 feet; also, lot on Reed street, Pittsburgh, 80 by 123 feet.....$3,300

John Brown to Richard Kienzle, July 6, 1868; lot No. 23 in Brown's plan of lots in Union township; irregular.....$1,200

Andrew Schirrer to Richard Kienzle, June 26, 1868; northerly part of lot 32 in Brown's plan of lots in Lower St. Clair township, 40 by 40 feet.....$125

Marianna Herdweck et al. to Conrad Keller, lot of ground in Fourth ward, Allegheny, on East Lane, 25 by 18¼ feet.....$700

Mary Davis to James Freel, July 5, 1868; lots Nos. 1, 2 and 3, near Applegate's plan, Temperanceville, each 25 by 100 feet, on Walnut street.....$800

John M. Hoch to Amelia Ann Kelley, July 22, 1868; two lots on Pennsylvania avenue, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh 48 by 220 feet.....$9,250

Chas. Knoblock to Gasper Fechlin, May 20, 1868; tract of land in Millin township, containing 8 acres and 85 perches.....$1,300

John Derr to Frank Heun, July 27, 1868; lot of ground in Millin township, containing 75 56-100 perches.....$700

John C. Stevens to John Andrews, July 27, 1868; irregular lot of ground in Cowan's plan of lots on Mount Washington, being lot No. 26 in said plan.....$4,500

MORTGAGES.

Fourteen mortgages were left for record same day.

Bold Robbery.

On Sunday afternoon the Duquesne Hotel, in the Eighth ward, Allegheny, was entered by a thief who gained admittance to one of the upper chambers, and was ransacking the apartment, going through bureau drawers, &c., when he was interrupted by Mrs. Myers, wife of the proprietor, who immediately raised the alarm, but the fellow succeeded in making his escape. Officers Gabby and Kingan, of the Allegheny police, were furnished with a description of the man, and in the evening they arrested him in the vicinity of Troy Hill. He gave his name as Allen, and says that he lives in a small boat moored on the bank of the river near the hotel. Mr. Myers at first supposed he had lost nothing, but on making an examination he missed a pocket book containing about sixty dollars, and as it was in the bureau ransacked by the thief it is supposed that he took it. Allen had a hearing yesterday, and in default of $500 bail he was committed.

A Courageous Woman.

Yesterday morning Mrs. Annie Slaybough, residing on Carson street, Birmingham, was awakened between two and three o'clock by a noise as if some one was prowling through the house. Getting up and going into the entry she met a man with his arm full of provisions coming from the kitchen. Seizing him she called for her brother, who slept in an upper chamber. The burglar at first tried to break loose from her grasp, but failing in this he dropped his load and dealt her a terrible blow with his first, which at once felled her to the floor. Recovering immediately she took hold of him once more, but twice the fellow, exasperated by her bravery and determination, struck her above the temple with some instrument, inflicting a very painful but not serious wound, and thus succeeded in making his escape before her brother could arrive.

Watch Stolen.

About twelve o'clock yesterday two men went into a confectionary store on McKee street, Birmingham, kept by Mrs. Samuel Evans, and called for mineral water. Mrs. Evans went to the cellar to get it for them and when she returned they had departed. She paid no attention to the matter until her husband came in. He went to look at a watch which was usually kept hanging in the store, to see what time it was, but the watch was not there. He asked his wife what she had done with it, which brought to her recollection the customers who had disappeared during her visit to the cellar. It appears they knew that the mineral water was kept in the cellar and called for it merely as a ruse to get the lady out of the room to assist them in their pilfering operations. No clue as to who the thieves are has yet been obtained.

Serious Railroad Accident.

An accident occurred on the Pennsylvania Railroad at Wilmore station about eight o'clock yesterday morning, resulting in the wreck of five freight cars and an engine, and seriously injuring the engineer. The fireman was but slightly injured. It appears that engine No. 219 while coming down the grade at Wilmore station collided with engine No. 141, which was attached to the fast freight going east. Five freight cars were demolished, and engine No. 141 was a total wreck. The engineer, Mr. Randolph, jumped off the engine and was so seriously injured that his recovery is dispaired of. The fireman was not so seriously injured, and will probably recover. The passenger trains on the road both east and west were delayed at that point about two hours.

Incendiarism.

Yesterday morning a fire broke out in a small building occupied as a tobacco and notion store by J. M. Faber, and situated near the junction of the Greensburg pike and Butler street, in the Sixteenth ward. The fire was fortunately discovered before it had made much headway and the flames promptly extinguished. The investigation of the case by the Fire Marshal, Maj. Murphy, developed the fact that the store had been forcibly entered and the money drawer relieved of its contents previous to the breaking out of the fire, which leads to the well-grounded supposition that it was the work of an incendiary. No clue as yet has been obtained which would lead to the apprehension of the guilty party.

Watch Recovered.

Officer Gumbert yesterday arrested Jno. Showalter, who is charged with stealing a watch valued at fifty dollars, a coat and two dollars in money from Wm. M'Kinley. It appears that William was tired and laid down Sunday evening on the bank of the river in East Birmingham to rest. He took his watch out of his pocket, put it in his coat pocket, and then put his coat under his head for a pillow. When he awoke his his coat, watch and all were missing. He made the matter known to the officer, who found where the watch had been sold, and getting a description of the man who sold it, arrested him shortly afterward. He is in the lockup and will have a hearing this morning.