The Pittsburgh Gazette.

The Suez Canal.

Fifteen years ago a Frenchman was dining at the houses of official personages about Paris and London, and ingeniously unfolding a gigantic scheme, which his hosts politely but generally laughed at—for the man was an enthusiast, a monomaniac. He at last, however, secured an attentive hearing, and indefinite but elementary promises of encouragement—not from a minister or a banker, who were all too wise, but from the sovereign of the French. The latter, when a young man, twenty years gone, had published a book upon the feasibility of connecting, through the Isthmus of Darien, the Atlantic and Pacific oceans. Our Frenchman plodded, financiered and fought a powerful antagonism at home, in Egypt and elsewhere, and the other day, I went to see his panorama. It was rather the panorama of his works, which, on this occasion, he explained himself, and what I heard and saw gave me some idea of the work's genius and perseverance, and a conception of his magnificent achievement.

The man is an old acquaintance, M. Ferdinand de Lesseps, a quiet, unassuming person, with a brain and energy rarely encountered in the world, and the scheme and panorama are the Suez Canal.

Nearly fifteen years have been required to reach a point M. de Lesseps expected to have attained by 1863-4, but, through all his delays and disappointments, one good friend stood by him; a friend worth having, the Emperor. At a meeting of the shareholders in the Suez Canal Company, held the first of June, in Paris, M. de Lesseps announced the termination of the project for the month of October, 1869. He added that the Company had fifty-eight millions of francs on hand, and that a loan, by means of bonds, of one hundred millions would suffice for expenses to the end of the undertaking. The Company had received, up to the present time, 346 millions of francs, of which all, but the above mentioned fifty-eight millions, have been spent upon the Canal. From the first of June, 1867, to the fifteenth of April, 1868, one thousand ships, measuring 382,000 tons, had entered Port Said against 140,000 tons the previous year.

The termination of this monstrous enterprise, now so near at hand, will be a great scientific and peaceful victory for France, the Emperor and M. de Lesseps. Palmerston, sustained by the first amongst English engineers, Robert Stephenson, pronounced the project absurd and even impracticable. He should have lived to see the great service rendered to the Abyssinian expedition by the Canal that he denounced, already three-quarters done. In the East, France will become more than ever the rival of England; and with Russia and America there, the old British monopoly will be a thing of history.

The Isthmus of Suez changes in aspect daily. He who saw it six months since could hardly recognize it to-day. Port Said, the Mediterranean entrance to the Canal, in 1862 was a bank of sand. It contains at present 10,000 souls, with hotels, bazaars, cafes, etc., and has one of the best harbors on the coast, two years from now when the Canal will be in operation, the city of Port Said will have become a noted seaport. The water transit is already open from Port Said to Ismaila, about sixty miles. The latter, another town which owes its being to the cutting of the Isthmus, is situated upon the border of Lake Timsah, about half way from Port Said to the city of Suez, the Red Sea termination of the Canal. It has 4,000 inhabitants; the Arabs on one side, the Greeks on another, and the employés of the Canal Company between them.

Suez is an old Arab place which for years has striven to grow up an European city, and, thanks also to the Canal, is now fast being transformed into one. It is a real tower of Babel to-day, with its mixture of populations, travellers, sojourners, and those employed upon the mammoth work. French, Italians, Greeks, Maltese, Dalmatians, Montenegrians, etc., throng the streets and bazaars, and English, Germans and Americans the hotels. Then the pilgrims or the natives, who are Arabs or Turks, Fellahs or Nubians, comprise all shades and types of the Asiatic, and they are seen piled up against the house sides on the public way, or jumbled into the railway wagons like bags of flour or swarming like ants amongst their little pointed tents out on the desert plain.—*Boston Post.*

Brave Act of an Archbishop.

Victor Hugo has in his study at Hauteville, on the Isle of Guernsey, a crayon sketch of a bishop with a cross, which he has drawn himself, and under which he has written the following words: "Wooden cross, golden bishop; golden cross, wooden bishop." He would doubtless consider the noble Archbishop of Auch a "golden" bishop. The other day there was a destructive conflagration at Auch. From one of the burning houses burst forth cries: "Save us, save us!" Heart-rending were the screams of a mother, "Save my child!" The Archbishop, who had hitherto assisted the firemen at the engines, stepped forth and shouted out, "I will give twenty five gold pieces to him who saves the mother and her child!". Several men hastened into the flames, but darted back again. The Archbishop repeated his offer, but to no purpose. He then took a blanket, plunged it into a pail of water, wrapped it around his body, and climbed the ladder leading to the burning room. The bystanders fell on their knees, their eyes steadily fixed on the Archbishop. He succeeded in reaching the window, and soon after re-appeared, carrying the mother and her child. Upon reaching the ground below, he tore the half-burned blanket from his shoulders, and thanked God on his knees for the success of his efforts. He then stepped to the poor mother and said: "My good woman, to have offered twenty five gold pieces to him who would save you; I have earned that sum myself and will give it to you."

The Mexican authorities are marrying matters with a pretty high hand, if we may believe the story of a correspondent in the New York *Herald*. He says that the daughter of an American gentleman recently fell in love with an obscure Mexican official, who is represented to be ignorant, and without the means of supporting a wife. These circumstances, together with the extreme youth of the girl (sixteen years), seemed to justify the father in breaking up the intimacy. The Mexican made a formal demand for the surrender of the young lady, which was peremptorily refused. He then invoked the aid of the Government, and accompanied by a file of soldiers he returned to the house and forcibly took away from the father his only daughter. The ill-assorted marriage was consummated, and the parent is left without redress! Such is Mexican justice.

The Manchester *Mirror* states that the "snake town," as many farmers call it, is more abundant this year than the oldest inhabitant in New Hampshire ever knew it to be. The snake town, so the points of compass in it is concealed something so terrifying state, that is considered the young grasshoppers. The microscope reveals its outlines, and shows that the general idea about it is correct. If so, in a short time the fields will literally swarm with grasshoppers.

The Prosecuting Attorney in the celebrated Chorinsky trial at Munich was no other than Dr. Wulfert, who, in 1848, played quite a conspicuous part in the Lola Montez affair, and at that time was gallant enough to box the ears of the mistress of King Louis the First. Wulfert was at that time a student at the University of Munich, and one day had a difficulty with a member of the Alemania, a society of students who had been shameless enough to place themselves under the protection of the so-called Countess of Landsfeldt. Wulfert grasped the arm of Lola's friend, who drew a pondard against him. Lola, who was present, raised her riding whip and threatened to strike him in the face. Wulfert, perfectly beside himself, rushed at Lola and boxed her ears, and shouted to the policeman who hastened to the scene of difficulty, "Arrest that Spanish harlot!" They did not do so, but informed Wulfert that he would be arrested if he did not leave Munich. He immediately fled the city, and his friends thereupon serenaded Lola with the most horrible charivari that ever was heard at Munich. This charivari opened the revolution which terminated in the abdication of King Louis the First. King Maximilian afterwards appointed Wulfert Prosecuting Attorney.

Napoleon I. excited the sharpest censure from his enemies in England, on account of the system of wholesale plunder by which the galleries of the Louvre were filled with the works of art taken from the private collections in Italy. There may be a difference in the principle involved when the sufferer belongs to a semi-civilized nation; at all events no comments are made in the English papers upon the way in which Napier's army stripped Magdala. A writer upon the subject says: "Not only was every visible ornament of the King's person and throne snatched by a plundering soldiery, but the chalices and censers were taken from the church altars; crosses were torn away, to be exposed for sale in order to swell the volume of prize money; mule loads of books, manuscripts of course, were carried off—all of them objects of peculiar reverence among the people to whose history and religion they severally belong; and, pictures were seized and borne away, with no more respect than if they were the silver and golden cups that had just gone after a like fashion. The scene is described as one of really barbaric spoliation."

The solar eclipse that is to take place on the 18th proximo will be total. Special expeditions of astronomers and photographers are to be sent out by the Governments of Great Britain, France, Austria, Germany and Italy, to observe and record the important phenomenon, which is to be of nearly seven minutes' duration. As it will be visible in its totality only from the portions of the surface of our globe adjacent to the equator, the various expeditions will have to undergo the hard ships of a summer journey to tropical regions. Most of them are already under way. At Aden, at the mouth of the Red Sea, where the eclipse will be observable at sunrise, as the most convenient point from Europe, the greater number of these special scientific enjoys will congregate. In the course of the day the total eclipse will be visible in India, on the islands of Borneo and Celebes, the Spice Islands, and toward sunset in New Guiana. In all of these localities careful observations are expected to be made.

Management of Gold Fish.—Gold fish may be kept ten or twelve years in vessels (their average period of existence) by the following precautions: 1. Allow not more than one fish to a quart of water, whether spring or river water, and change it daily in summer, every other day in winter. 2. Use deep rather than shallow vessels with small pebbles at the bottom (to be kept clean), and keep them in the shade, and in a cool part of the room. 3. Use a small net rather than the hand while changing the water. 4. Feed them with cracker, yolk of egg, lettuce, flies, etc., rather than with bread, and then only every third or fourth day, and but little at a time. 5. Do not feed them at all from November to the end of February, and but little during the three following months.

Among the most interesting and useful objects exhibited at the late Exposition in Paris, was a netting machine of Jounnin, by means of which a net of any dimension, and of any size of mesh and thread, can be made at much less cost than by hand. Two threads are used in the netting, one forming a simple loop around and through which the other thread passes. The machine is said to work very well, and is driven by steam, attended by one woman, and with a mesh of one and three-quarter inch diameter, and a web of four feet in width, it will furnish a length of eighty feet per hour. For manufacturing very cheaply large seines, suit for protecting fruit from birds, etc., this apparatus is very well adapted. The cost of a machine is about $250.

The Maryland fruit crop is pronounced almost an entire failure by the Baltimore *Gazette*. The peach crop will not be one-twentieth part so large as it was last year, and in Dorchester, Talbot and Caroline counties, the soils of which are peculiarly adapted to the production of that fruit, and whose orchards have usually yielded immense crops, there will not be enough for home consumption. The apple crop will also be very far short of the average. The small fruits, also, such as cherries, plums and damsons, are a failure.

"Important to Photographers.—The Hon. A. M. Stout, Acting Commissioner of Patents, has had pending before him an application for the extension of letters patent, granted to the late James A. Cutting, July 11th, 1854, for the use of bromide in combination with collodion for photographic purposes. The case was argued by counsel before the Commissioner last week, and after a careful and thorough examination by him, he announced his decision on Wednesday last, against granting the extension.

SPECIAL NOTICES

PHALON'S

"PAPHIAN LOTION,"

OR BEAUTIFYING THE SKIN AND COMPLEXION, removes all Eruptions, Freckles, Pimples, Moth Blotches, Tan, etc., and renders the Skin soft, fair and blooming. For Ladies in the nursery, it has no equal. After shaving, it has no equal. PHALON'S PAPHIAN LOTION is the only reliable remedy for Blotches and Sunburns of the skin.

PHALON'S "PAPHIAN SOAP"

For the Toilet, Nursery and Bath, will retain the skin. Price, 25 cents per cake.

"FLOR DE MAYO,"

A new Perfume for the Handkerchief. Exquisite, delicate, lasting. For sale by all Druggists.

PHALON & SON, New York.

"HATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE."

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only harmless, reliable, instantaneous, perfect Dye known; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the hair soft and beautiful, producing a beautiful brown or black, as may be desired. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers, and properly applied at No. 16 Astor House, New York.

GUIDE TO MARRIAGE.

A Young Man's Guide to Happy Marriage and Courtship Secrets. The humane views of benevolent physicians, on the Errors and Abuses incident to Youth and Early Manhood, sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOUND.

That after repeated trials of other remedies, Roback's Stomach Bitters, Blood Purifier and Blood Pills are the best medicines extant to cure the diseases for which they are recommended.

Sold by all Druggists Everywhere.

PILES.

There is no medicine in use so efficacous as Dr. Roback's Blood Purifier and Blood Pills for the permanent cure of Blind or Bleeding Piles; they strike at the root of disease, thereby removing the cause.

Sold by all Druggists Everywhere.

TEMPERANCE.

There is, perhaps, no one thing that has done so much to promote the cause of temperance as that gentle stimulating tonic, Roback's Stomach Bitters: they strengthen and invigorate without producing the ill effects of alcoholic stimulants.

Sold by all Druggists Everywhere.

LIVER PILLS

Are Pills that have a direct and powerful action o the liver, and relieve any inactivity or congestate state of that all important organ upon which depends the whole process of digestion. The importance, then, of procuring a Pill that shall have such direct action without the ill effects of mercury, is manifest to every one; such Pills are Roback's Blood Pills; they are warranted purely vegetable, and can with certainty be relied upon, and are safe at all times.

Sold by all Druggists Everywhere.

INDIGESTION

Is but another name for Dyspepsia, and the parent of many ills. Roback's Stomach Bitters taken in wine-glass-full doses, directly after each meal, will surely effect a permanent cure. Do not take our word for it, but try them.

Sold by all Druggists Everywhere.

NIGHT MARE

Is one of the many diseases of which Dyspepsia is the parent. Therefore aware persons should avoid hearty food at night, and take a wine glass-full of Roback's Stomach Bitters on retiring to bed.

Sold by all Druggists Everywhere.

RENOVATE.

During the Spring months it is one of the regular household duties to renovate, and, in the multiplicity of other duties one's own self is, in a great measure, overlooked; thousands of valuable lives might be prolonged, and many doubtless saved from premature graves by thoroughly renovating the system with Dr. Roback's Blood Pills, Stomach Bitters and Blood Purifier.

Sold by all Druggists Everywhere.

MELANCHOLY

Is one of the many disorders of the nervous system, arising from a low state of the constitutional health or severe prostration after long continued sickness, and requires invigorating remedies like, Roback's Stomach Bitters to restore the nerves to their natural vitality.

Sold by all Druggists Everywhere.

WHO SELLS THEM?

The Agents for the sale of ROBACK'S BLOOD PILLS, STOMACH BITTERS and BLOOD PURIFIER are all Druggists everywhere.

U. S. PROPRIETARY MEDICINE CO.,

PROPRIETORS,

CINCINNATI, O.

Jel7:MWF-y

SECURITY AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELING COMMUNITY.

J. B. HARRIS' SAFETY FIRE JACKET,

Car Heater and Moderator,

For SMOKE AND HOT AIR FLUES, dispensing with the use of Stoves and Fires in or about the Passenger or Baggage Cars, with the attachment to graduate the heat to any temperature that may be desired without the possibility of firing the car, or cars to which the Jacket may be attached.

Having obtained of the United States Letters Patent for a Safety Jacket which is warranted to resist the most intense heat that may be applied to it in the position and purpose for which it is intended, it is a sure protection from accidents by fire, originating from defective flues, or where iron pipes are used as conductors for smoke or heat. It is applicable to all piping that may become overheated, and is warranted to give perfect satisfaction where coal or other combustible material may be placed in close proximity thereto. I am now ready to supply my invention to stated dwellings, factories, ships, steamboats, railroad cars, &c., wherever pipes or conductors are made dangerous by being overheated and security desired. I will sell on application, rights to manufacture or to use the above invention, also territorial rights, solicit as many wish to engage in selling patterns, either by State or county.

J. B. HARRIS,

Office at the "ONE PLUS ULTRA PAINT WORKS," corner of Morris street and the Allegheny Valley Railroad, North Side, Pittsburgh, Pa.

fe22:mwf

SLATE.

THE TWENTY-CITY SLATE CO.,

manufacturers and dealers in

ROOFING SLATE,

Office, 48, Seventh St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

P. S. NEW MINE OPENED.

my23:y

PLATE GLASS MANUFACTURERS.—The undersigned having secured the sole Agency for the sale of the celebrated

CRIPPLE CREEK

Are now prepared to furnish it in any quantity to those wishing to procure this superior article. During the past three years the demand for it has increased at such proportions as to enable us to secure a better article for sale than any in the market. We further secure an average thickness of 26 OUNCES AND TWO MONTHS. We will furnish references for the proportion of the mixture of the Clay to persons purchasing. The Clay is ground and moulded in lumps for delivery.

DITTENHOFER & SON,

Fort Pitt Glass Works,

Washington and Second, Pittsburgh, Pa.

COLGATE & CO'S

FRAGRANT

TOILET SOAPS.

(The genuine by Jan. 1st, 1868, will have the name of the firm stamped on each cake, and are for sale by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers throughout the United States.)

COLGATE & CO., NEW YORK.

WASHINGTON MILLS,

WASHINGTON STREET,

Near Pittsburgh Grain Elevator.

W. W. ANDERSON,

Manufacturer of CORN MEAL, RYE FLOUR and CRUSHED FEED. Orders delivered in other city free of charge. Grain or flour ground and delivered at shortest notice.

JOHN FECK, Ornamental Hair Dresser and Perfumer, No. 122 Wood street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh.

Always on hand, a select assortment of Ladies' HAIR WORK. Gentlemen's WIGS, TOUPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c., &c., of good styles and cheap. All orders given to me will be executed in the shortest notice.

Combings obtained in exchange for Hair Work.

NOTICE.—All persons having claims against and indebted to the STEAMBOAT ARABIA HULL, will please call at the office of the undersigned, on Water street, Pittsburgh, and settle the same without delay.

JOHN HOLMES.

jy21:3t

S. H. Brown, Philip Freday, Rachel Freday, A. H. Teckler, A. H. Carroll, E. W. Llewendorfer, Wm. Schaible, Michael Harris, Dr. A. Pfeifling, C. L. Swytzberg, Susan Lemmas, Lizzi Hodd, Wm. Rathson, Fritz Lievendorfer, T. L. Young, C. Zwyssorfer, J. F. Mitchel, A. M. Llevendorfer, Adolphus, C. Hedenburg, Jos. Morrison, A. M. Morrison, Robert Mellon, Christiana Mahead, Isabella Dobbs, N. Funkhouser, D. Fisher, G. Fisher, (their brother.)

Lizzie Mahead, Tillie Mahead, T. M. Mahead, Thos. Mahead, Lean Allison, Mary J. Brown, Jane A. Morton, J. C. Weller, Mrs. J. Weller, Jr., Mr. Hamm, Nancy M. Hagen, Mary H. Morton, Wm. H. Morton, Kate Hagen, Jennie Wilson, Chris. M. Wilson, Mary E. Wilson, Mary Patten, Jennie Patten, Sophie Patten, Jennie Patten, Agnes E. Dobbs, Agnes E. Dobbs, W. W. Dobbs, L. Dobbs, Wm. H. Pence, J. C. Fisher, Williamina Fisher, (her mother.)

DR. KEYSER'S CONSULTATION ROOMS, No. 120 PENN STREET, corner of EVANS ALLEY. OFFICE HOURS FROM 9 A. M. TO 8 P. M.

PULMONARY CONSUMPTION, RESULTING FROM DISEASES CURED.

Statement of GEORGE FORD, carpenter, of No. 16 Sandusky street, Allegheny City.

I took a violent cold in the month of May, 1864, which left me with a cough lasting all summer, wearing away my strength and gradually undermining my health. During this attack of pleurisy I had several physicians of the highest reputation in Allegheny. After I had partially recovered from the pleurisy, I was advised to go into the country, which I did, and when there I called in a doctor who told me my lungs were affected, and that if something were not done soon, I would die of CONSUMPTION. I returned to Penn. this time, and about the middle of June, my cough and lung difficulty were growing worse, and I was, every day, getting weaker, despairing of ever getting well in this life of pain once more, and kneeling at the great feet of the Incarnated of Constitution, and having read for some hundreds of DR. KEYSER, and seeing his name in the newspapers, I was induced to call on the Doctor at his office, 120 Penn street, and had him examine my lungs with his LUNG SOUNDER. He said the diseased portion of my left lung was very much diseased, but he thought with great care and the proper remedies in the use of his medicine, I would get well. At the time I called on Dr. Keyser, my pulse was over one hundred and thirty beats in a minute, and I was generally prostrated and had to cough night and day. I consigned the Doctor's treatment in October, with a feeble, broken constitution, and continued it until only until the present time. The Doctor's medicines helped me from the very start, and I came gradually from my sick setting strength, and recovery and expectoration ceasing. I have gained greatly in flesh, and consider myself well in the raising of my lung has ceased, and my general health is in every way good. All my relatives and friends know of the advanced stage of my disease and my extraordinary recovery. One of the medicines recommended by DR. KEYSER was a medicine called LUNG GLOBE, which I took in connection with the other treatment.

GEORGE FORD.

Witness, Allegheny, March 30, 1868.

ANOTHER CURE OF CONSUMPTION.

Statement of John G. Wickens, of Turtle Creek, Pa.

I was discharged from the United States army in January, 1866, on account of a wound in the head, and a shell and fragment within the body, which pronounced CONSUMPTION. I was a cripple in the army, and only was in strength and flesh, and was unable to do anything. After my return home, I used faithfully for five months, without any benefit whatever, but rather grew worse, and wasted in flesh and strength every day, in August, 1866, my mother spoke to DR. KEYSER, of 120 Penn street, about my case. He informed her that he had eighty blocks of ashes and brush under his treatment. She (mother) examining the lungs very carefully with his LUNG SOUND, and told my wife that her lung was badly diseased at the upper part, and that I was careful he thought he could cure me by following his directions closely, which I did from the first day to the last. I gradually improved under DR. KEYSER'S medicines from the first week I commenced to take them, and my general health is much improved, and my chest, where it was sunken away, and severe pains, has become full and strong and free from pain. I can now do a full day's work, and take great pleasure in giving my testimony in favor of DR. KEYSER'S treatment and medicines.

JOHN G. WICKENS, Turtle Creek.

Witness, April 11th, 1868.

DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP

Can be had at his GREAT MEDICINE STORE, No. 120 WOOD STREET, or No. 120 PENN STREET. Jy20:d&w

MEDICAL.

A GREAT CURE OF ASTHMA.

PITTSBURGH, PA., Dec. 9, 1867.

I feel myself under obligations to you, as well as a duty I owe to others who have been like sufferers with myself, in order that they may know where they can get cured. I had been subject to violent continued attacks of ASTHMA for more than six years, and had been to great expense and to various medical men of experience without obtaining any permanent relief, or relieved at all. I was so bad that I never knew what it was to be free from the disease. I had to sit up in bed every night for weeks and weeks, without any prospect or hope of cure. My condition was such that I felt life a burthen, and when I got an attack I felt in danger of suffocating every moment. So terrible had been my suffering that my mother says that she has seen me so near suffocation that I was nearly black in the face from the desperate efforts made to get breath. In the cold winter nights, many a night with the doors and windows of the house thrown wide, open, in order to hunger the apparent danger of strangulation. In this condition, on the 13th of October, 1866, having heard of DR. KEYSER'S skill in curing this disease, I called on him, in company with my husband, Joseph Meyers, but I must confess with a great deal of doubt as to effecting a permanent cure. DR. KEYSER examined me carefully, and my lungs all over, with his LUNG SOUND, and told me that with care I would get well. I persevered with his medicines for over a year, and am to-day in vigorous health, and totally FREE FROM THE ASTHMA, and its terribly disagreeable attendants. I have had, once in a while, a slight attack of the disease, but I regard my health as entirely re-established, and if I do have any attack, a few doses of the Doctor's medicine immediately relieves. I cannot feel too thankful for the exemption from a disease which used to cost me whole weeks and months of loss of sleep, besides suffering which none but those who are subject to this disease can fully appreciate or describe.

NANCY MEYERS,
MARY MOUNT JOY, (her mother.)
GEORGIANA FISHER.

Birmingham, Dec. 9, 1867.

The case of Mrs. Meyers, recited above, is one of more than ordinary importance, because of the violence of the attacks, their continued length, and the great prostration of all the vital powers attending the disease. Any one who knew her during the time she was a sufferer from the disease of which she was cured, and will look at her now, the very picture of robust health, cannot but admit that the cure is one of more than ordinary character, inasmuch as we hear of Asthma every day of our lives, being a disease of an incurable nature. Let those who doubt investigate for themselves.

DR. KEYSER'S RESIDENT CONSULTING OFFICE FOR LUNG EXAMINATIONS AND THE TREATMENT OF OBSTINATE CHRONIC DISEASES, No. 120 PENN STREET, from 9 A. M. until 4 P. M.

Deafness, Hard Hearing, Discharges from the Ear, Polypus of the Ear, Catarrh, Ozena, Blind Eyes, Inflamed Eyes, and every species of Sore Eyes and Ears successfully Treated by Dr. Keyser, No. 120 Penn Street.

SIGHT RESTORED.

The case to which we alluded some weeks ago, of Christiana Fisher, of Beaver county, is now entirely confirmed by the appearance of Miss Fisher herself, who to-day called on DR. KEYSER in person, to thank him for his kindness and skill in restoring her to ENTIRE AND PERFECT SIGHT. Miss Fisher has been nearly blind for four months. She was so blind that she could not distinguish any object so as to make out what it was. The case is remarkable. In hundreds of cases where others are dosing and nursing darkness, on the flimsy pretext that there is no cure, did not in one instance, this was under DR. KEYSER'S treatment, for two months, and before she applied to him, through her brother, Simon P. Fisher, solicitous hopes were entertained of her ever seeing her sight. Her case is well known in the neighborhood where she resides, and has been regarded as one of extraordinary recovery. We, the undersigned, know of the cure of Miss Fisher, and her willing testimony to the fact above stated.

CHRISTIAN FISHER,
SIMON P. FISHER, (brother.)
ANNIE BRADLEY,
Taylor Avenue, Allegheny.
EUGENE McCASKEY,
LOUISA FISHER, (her niece.)

September 18th, 1867.

The case above referred to was entirely cured by medicines to purify the blood, and it is witnessed by scores of persons who have known Miss Fisher, and have a knowledge of her total restoration to health and the recovery of her sight, as the accompanying letter of her brother sets forth:

DR. KEYSER: This is the list of names that I have to your advertisement of the cure of my sister, Christiana Fisher. They were all willing to put their names down, and were very much pleased to see that you brought her sight so soon. My mother sends her respects to you; she says "you are one of the greatest men in the world." She says if we had not come across you she believes her child would not be living at this time. We all join in sending our love and respects to you.

C. P. F. FISHER, North Sewickley.

WINES, LIQUORS, &c

PITTSBURGH IMPORTING HOUSE.

ESTABLISHED 1830.

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,

IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN

WINES AND LIQUORS,

No. 409 Penn Street, Pittsburgh,

Would direct the attention of the public to the fact that, by ceasing upon our facilities through several large Wine and Liquor Houses in Europe, and making their importation direct, they are enabled to offer for various grades of choice WINES AND LIQUORS at prices less than heretofore rates. Examinations of qualities and comparison of prices respectfully solicited.

A choice assortment of pure OLD RYE WHISKEY constantly on hand.

WINES.

CLARET, WHITE AND SPARKLING.

CLARET.

Chateau Lafitte, Chateau Margaux, Chateau La Rose, Ste. Julien, Medoc, St. Emilion, St. Estephe, Pauillac.

WHITE WINES.

Ht. Sauternes, Chateau Sauternes, Chateau Latour Blanche, Chateau Yquem.

HOCK WINES.

Laubepheimer, Nierstein, Hochheim.

SPARKLING WINES.

Moselle Muscatel, Hochheimer's superior quality, Scharsburg.

CHAMPAGNE.

Moet & Chandon, Imperial, Verzenay, Chandon, Chambertine, Epernay, Heidsieck, —and other brands.

Also, a large assortment of BRANDIES, WHISKIES and WINES, of all descriptions, constantly on hand, at

WM. MILLER'S,

(LATE MILLER & RICKETSON,)

221 and 223 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.

jy20:d&w2

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,

Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,

FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.

Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS, HOPS, &c. mh28:n57

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.

100 WOOD STREET.

100 WOOD STREET. CHINA, GLASS AND QUEENSWARE, 100 WOOD STREET.

SILVER PLATED WARE,

PARIAN STATUETTES,

BOHEMIAN GLASS,

And other STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS, a great variety.

100 WOOD STREET.

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BANKRUPT NOTICES.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

In the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania. In the matter of JAMES BAXTER, Bankrupt.

IN BANKRUPTCY, No 991.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of JAMES BAXTER, of Allegheny City, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Dated at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, the 14th day of July, A. D. 1868.

J. A. KIRKER, Assignee,

Attorney-at-Law, No. 97 Fifth street,

jy15:d3w Pittsburgh, Pa.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.—In Bankruptcy.

West-ern District of Pennsylvania, ss.

A Warrant in Bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the estate of JAMES DUNCAN, of the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been duly adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition; and that the first meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Pittsburgh, in said District, on the 6th day of August, A.D. 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the office of SAMUEL IAMS, Esq., No. 93 Diamond street, one of the Registers in bankruptcy of said district.

THOMAS A. HOWLEY,
U. S. Marshal for said district.

jy16:d3t

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

In the matter of ALBERT CONKLE, a bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2, 1867, having filed a petition for a discharge from his debts and other claims provable against said bankrupt, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all persons who have proved their claims, and other persons interested, to appear on the 31st day of August, 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M., before SAMUEL IAMS, Esq., Register, at his office, No. 93 Diamond street, Pittsburgh, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted to the said bankrupt. And further notice is hereby given that the second and third meetings of creditors of the said bankrupt, as provided by the 27th and 28th sections of said act, will be held at the same time and place.

C. McMASTER DUFF,
Clerk of said Court.

jy16:d3t

LEGAL.

NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary having been granted me on the 25th day of March, 1868, on the estate of MARY ANN HOUSTON, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and all persons owning claims against said estate are required to present the same, duly authenticated, for settlement.

JOHN W. HOUSTON, Executor,
No. 32 Grant street.
CHRISTOPHER ENGLEMAN,
No. 98 Pennsylvania avenue, opposite High street, Pittsburgh, Pa., Residence, No. 143 Grant street.

All kinds of repairing and alterations promptly attended to, and satisfaction warranted. my23:d6:mwf

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mh25:n34

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mh25:w15

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