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THE WEEKLY GAZETTE, issued on Wednesdays and Saturdays, is the best and cheapest family newspaper in Pennsylvania. It presents each week forty-eight columns of solid reading matter. It gives the fullest as well as the most reliable market reports of any paper in the State. Its files are used exclusively by the Civil Courts of Allegheny county for reference in important issues to determine the ruling prices in the markets at the time of the business transaction in dispute. Terms: Single copy, one year, $1.50; in clubs of five, $1,25; in clubs of ten, $1,15, and one free to the getter up of the club. Specimen copies sent free to any address.

WE PRINT on the inside pages of this morning's GAZETTE: *Second page: Ephemeris, American Girls in Paris. Third page: Petroleum, New York Financial and Produce Markets, Imports by Railroad, River Matters. Sixth page: Pittsburgh Finance and Trade, Live Stock Market, Telegraph Markets, Seventh page: Thrilling Balloon Ascension, Old Folks, Ritualistic Mistake, Extraordinary Accident, Clippings.*

GOLD closed yesterday in New York at 142½@142¾.

"Let us Have Peace"—*Grant.*
"Let us Have War"—*Blair.*

"Seymour and Blair will give us all the Confederacy fought for."—*Ex-rebel Gov. Vance's speech at the Democratic ratification meeting in Richmond.*

THE Democrats profess great indignation at the cost of the War and Navy Departments from 1861 to the closing out of the rebellion. They are much more indignant that people were found to furnish the money needful to equip and pay the forces that conquered the Rebellion.

THE new Attorney General, Mr. EVARTS, will meet his first official responsibility, of a grave nature, in advising the President concerning the latter's intended veto of the Electoral College bill. There are people who are curious to know how Mr. EVARTS will make complaisant advice square with his pronounced Republican opinions.

THE Chicago *Evening Post* says that since the nomination of General COBB to the Collectorship of Interal Revenue in Chicago, and the probability that he would be confirmed, every distillery in that city has stopped. This shows how easy it would be for the President to stop the whisky frauds throughout the country if he would only nominate the right men to collect the taxes.

THE five-twenties are payable at the end of twenty years. A good while before that long period shall elapse, specie payments will be resumed, and that will settle the whole dispute as to whether those bonds shall be paid in money or currency. It is hardly worth while, in this hot weather, to get excited over an issue that few voters now living will survive long enough to see actually met.

THE *Post* complains that from the very outset of the Presidential canvass the Republicans have put the Democrats on the defensive, and are clearly resolved to persist in that policy. Well; the course of the Republicans is open to that criticism, but we do not see how their following it can be prevented. The Democrats, during the war and since, have made a record for themselves, out of which they cannot shirk, and they will be held to it.

MR. WILKES, of the *Spirit of the Times*, though he does not bet on horses, offers to bet on men. He says he will start with five thousand dollars that GRANT will beat SEYMOUR, and go higher if pressed. Some of the Democrats profess to be greatly shocked by this banter. They have a knack of being easily shocked when the tuck is taken out of them by the course of events, though eager enough to bet when they see a fair chance to win.

THE release, under the new internal tax-bill, of petroleum and its products from a specific excise, accomplishes an end for which the highly important interests concerned have been anxiously striving for many months. When Congress remitted this branch of manufacturing industry to a simple equality—of subjection to the public burthens, in common with other departments of production, it was barely an act of justice, and tardily performed at that. The merits of this question have been long since elucidated, and it remains only, therefore, to congratulate the trade upon this happy result of their organized and persistent agitation. The American producers and refiners of petroleum can now compete upon fairer terms with the foreign competition.

THE two Houses of Congress are rapidly closing up the public business. The new tax bill is in the President's hands and no Executive objections are anticipated. The funding bill will pass this week. The Electoral College bill, now in Mr. JOHNSON's hands, will be vetoed and repassed by Saturday or Monday. The regular appropriation bills have been nearly completed. It is believed that the only important matter still requiring legislative action is the formal declaration of the XIVth Amendment as a part of the Constitution. This will be proclaimed as soon as the official advices of ratification from the Southern States shall be received, and, until then, Congress will not adjourn. The session is, however, expected to close with the coming week.

THE MAYORALTY.

The card in another column, calling upon JARED M. BRUSH, Esq., of the Sixth ward, to permit the use of his name, for the Mayoralty, by the City Republican Convention soon to assemble, meets the wishes, as we understand them, of a very large number of citizens. Mr. BRUSH is very widely and favorably known as possessed of those personal qualities which ensure, not only his great popularity as a candidate, but the most efficient and faithful execution of the duties which pertain to the very responsible office of Mayor in this city. It is with more than ordinary pleasure, therefore, that we note this call from his Republican friends, and concur in their hope that he will assent to become a candidate.

GEN. GRANT'S RETICENCE.

The Democratic leaders are vexed because Gen. GRANT sticks to what he knows how to do well, and will not attempt that which neither his natural turn nor his training fit him for; in plain terms, that he will not try to make political speeches. There is no help for them; they will have to stay vexed.

An orator of the highest type does not appear in any nation oftener than once in a generation. He is ordinarily charming to hear, delightful to read, but good for no practical purpose under the sun.

The United States abounds in talkers; in men who "have the gift of the gab," and can seem to say a great deal more than they know. Most of them are altogether more ornamental than useful; but the ornament is so cheap it could more worthily be dispensed with than employed. The fact is there is too much public talking in all departments of activity among us; in Church and State, in the forum and at the bar; everywhere and on all occasions. A reduction of the amount, by at least one-half, would be an incalculable blessing.

What a man can *do* that needs to be done, is coming, however slowly, to be the test of genuine manhood. The men who to-day have chief control among the nations are not pre-eminent as speech-makers, but for their knowledge of practical affairs; for their capacity to classify facts so as to generalize the laws by which they are governed; and for the readiness with which they comprehend the characters and capabilities of different men, so as to drop them into the places in which they are adapted to be useful.

Not but some public speech-making is necessary, but there are so many talkers that a public man who will not din the ears of multitudes with gab is welcomed as a cordial to intellectual susceptibilities.

GRANT'S LAST CAMPAIGN.

That Gen. GRANT lost many men in the campaign by which he crushed the Rebellion is known of all men. Neither he nor his supporters have deemed a concealment of those losses wise or necessary. The figures are accurately given in the official reports.

The Democratic journals are endeavoring to prove from these figures either that Gen. GRANT was lacking in ability for the post he occupied or else was indifferent to human suffering. They are welcome, so far as we are concerned, to make all they can on either of these points.

Gen. GRANT grandly accomplished the mission on which he was sent. The government and the loyal people, while deploring the inevitable slaughter, were satisfied with the results achieved. War necessarily involves the destruction of life and property. The highest leadership consists in attaining proper results with the least possible loss. This Gen. GRANT did, and the award of his own country and the whole civilized world, is already on his head.

If Gen. MCCLELLAN had taken Richmond during the first year he commanded the army of the Potomac, incurring double the losses sustained afterwards under General GRANT, he would have wrought a marvellous saving of life and property. This he could have done, as well as not. But he was lacking both in the nerve and genius essential to the mighty undertaking. He protracted the war, year after year, entailing constant and long-continued losses, which amounted to vastly more in the aggregate than those endured in taking the rebel capital

If General GRANT, in the Wilderness, had fallen back upon the Potomac, as Gen. LEE and the Northern Democratic leaders desired, he would either have ensured the triumph of the rebellion or would have made the ultimate crushing of it vastly more costly of lives than it proved under his admirable system of tactics.

DEMOCRATIC DUPLICITY.

When the recent Democratic National Convention embedded in the opening paragraph of its Platform the promise to treat Slavery and Secession as settled and disposed of for all time by the course of events during the war, we felt an absolute consciousness that there was no sincerity in the profession, but that it was fraudulently made in the hope and expectation of so deceiving Conservative Republicans as to secure their votes. This may seem uncharitable, but we cannot resist the impression we express. The virus of hostility to Liberty and Equality has been so long in the veins of the Democratic party, and has been so effectually demonstrated, in times and ways without number, to be congenial there, that it would take much more than an artful pretense to convince us that it had been ejected, and that wholesomer sentiments and principles had taken its place.

If this declaration of the abandonment of mischievous ideas and purposes had been followed by the nomination of Mr. CHASE for President, the intended game of deception would have been continued; but the nomination of SEYMOUR and BLAIR has been received with so many incontestible tokens of repugnance and disgust by all men who were undoubtedly loyal during the war, or had previously espoused the doctrine that Liberty is a natural and inalienable right, that it has already been decided, by the leaders of Democratic opinion, to be useless to endeavor to maintain an appearance of concurrence in the promise given.

Hence, the Philadelphia *Age* leads off with the declaration that

"Every act by which the present Congress has sought to Africanize the Southern States is in impudent and avowed violation of the Constitution of the United States.

"These Radical malefactors are now for trial, before the people. The day is fixed. Each honest citizen, Democrat and Republican, will, by his vote, give his verdict. Shall it be to vindicate the Constitution and the laws, now and for all time, or to make them the safe jest and scoff of Thad. Stevens and his Radical crew, and all who may share their scorn of laws, and oaths, and pledges? This is the question that is now before the American people. It concerns their interest, for it involves the very existence of a constitutional government founded on law."

That does not sound at all like abiding by the settlement that has been made of the questions of Slavery and Secession. Be sure, the expressions employed are somewhat vague and indefinite; but every person who is familiar with the current of political discussions in this country for the last eight years, knows precisely what is meant. The Republicans are arraigned as malefactors for abolishing Slavery, and reorganizing the Southern States in accordance with that great fact; and for daring, in various other matters of prime importance, to coerce the seceding States. Take out these essential considerations, and the strong declarations of the *Age* become the idlest froth, and foam conceivable.

So, too, the New York *World* declares that

"The Democratic party asserts, in its platform, and asks the country to pronounce, that the Reconstruction policy of Congress is in flagrant violation of the Constitution. We may be unable to replace the country in the same condition in which it would have been if this policy had not been carried into execution," &c.

The controlling idea here is to get the Southern States back into the Union in the precise condition they occupied before the rebellion. The nominal point of objection is the Reconstruction plan of Congress. But press the inquiry firmly, Why is that plan objected to? and the underlying feeling will speedily be brought to the surface; which is, that the Southern States violated no obligations by making war upon the Government, and are, therefore, liable to no penalties, but remain with all their original rights and powers intact, though held under military duress. This does not comport, in the least degree, with the declaration of the Platform that Slavery and Secession have been determined against the Southern leaders, and so determined as not to admit of readjustment.

The fact is, that Democrats like the enslavement of the black race, and would be glad to restore it if they could see their way clear to do so. They believe fully in the doctrine that the Union is nothing more than a partnership, from which each of the States has a right to withdraw unmolested at pleasure. The recantation of these heresies, made in the Platform, was induced by motives of policy operating upon the leaders of the Convention. It is not in harmony with the feeling prevalent among the masses of the party; and as there is no longer a probability of making it useful in decoying Republican recruits, it is abandoned and ignored.

STATE POLITICS.

The Republicans of Erie, McKean, Cameron, Clearfield, Forest, Jefferson and Warren counties have unanimously declared for the renomination of Mr. SCHOFIELD to Congress. Elk, the only other county in the district, has expressed a preference for Mr. HENRY SOUTHER.

Junius R. Clark of Warren county, Allender P. Duncan of Venango, Joseph Robison of Blair, H. G. Vankirk and A. G. Buffington of Washington; S. M. Jackson of Butler, George P. Res and John D. Stranahan of Erie and J. Murray of Cambria are Republican candidates for Assembly.

The Democracy of Somerset county have made the following nominations: Congress, Hon. A. H. Coffroth (subject to the decision of the district conference.) Additional Law Judge, W. J. Baer, Esq. Assembly, Adam Wilson.

The Democratic nominees in Clarion county are: Congress, Col. James B. Knox; Senator, Hon. Wm. A. Wallace; Assembly, R. B. Brown, editor *Democrat*.

The Democratic nominee of Cambria for Assembly, is John Porter.

THE MAYORALTY.

MESSRS. EDITORS: The primary meetings for the nomination of a candidate for Mayor are announced for next month. We want a reliable and efficient man for the position. Such a man is JARED M. BRUSH, Esq., of the Sixth ward. If Mr. BRUSH will permit the use of his name it will be very acceptable to

MANY REPUBLICANS.

MESSRS. EDITORS: It is due to Thomas J. Keenan, chairman of the Democratic County Committee, that I should admit the truthfulness of his assertion that he called upon me and solicited me to attend a Democratic ratification meeting to be held at the "Battery." But I am somewhat astonished that he should presume to seriously use my name in ratification of either the nominees or principles of the so called Democratic party, and I can only excuse this blunder on the charitable supposition that the chairman of the Democratic Executive County Committee had been dining at the "Battery," and tarried long at the table.

I shall give my earnest support to Grant and Colfax, and this public declaration of the fact is demanded by the improper use of my name.

JOSIAH COHEN.

VALLANDIGHAM says in his Dayton *Ledger*: "It is quite evident that there is a well founded indignation manifesting itself throughout Ohio against members of the Western delegation at New York, who faltered in their support of Pendleton in the face of the most positive instructions from their constituency. Both Indiana and Illinois coquetted in the start and finally proved false to their most honorable pledges. The Southern representatives, too, were not proof against our Eastern autocrats, though in times past they have ever been found wedded to principle. The defeat of Mr. Pendleton occasions great disappointment."

The Constitutional Amendment.

The Constitutional Amendment is now adopted by more than the requisite vote. We therefore print the amendment in full, as a matter of special interest at this time:

ARTICLE XIV.—SECTION 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

SEC. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for the President and Vice President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

SEC. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States or under any State, who having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

SEC. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection and rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations or claims shall be held illegal and void.

SEC. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

The Democratic Nomination.

There is much speculation regarding the attitude of the President and his Cabinet on the New York Democratic nominations, and numerous reports are in circulation (none of them well founded, however,) that a serious disaffection exists among Mr. Johnson's advisers toward the democratic candidates. There is no doubt, however, of the position of Mr. Seward and Gen. Schofield. They both support Gen. Grant. Secretary Seward will probably take no prominent part in the campaign, but his sympathies and countenance will be given to the Republican candidate. The same may be said only in a more positive degree of Mr. Evarts, the probable Attorney General. As to Mr. McCulloch's position, nothing further is positively known than that he utterly repudiates the financial part of the Democratic platform, and that he dislikes Seymour. Postmaster General Randall is reported to have declared for Grant and Colfax, but authorizes a denial of the report, and adds that he has not made up his mind to support either ticket. He states further, very significantly, that he cannot conscientiously support a repudiation platform, or any candidate with repudiation principles. Regarding the much-talked-of third party movement, he says that it would fail, inasmuch as it would result in throwing the election of President into the House, where there is no third party, and where Grant and Colfax are the unanimous choice. Other members of the Cabinet are understood to entertain similar views.—*Wash. Cor. N. Y. Times.*

THE Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette* telegraphed on the 10th: "The New York nominations continue to be the general theme of conversation, and Democratic Congressmen are just as free as they were yesterday in expressing their disgust at the selections made. They see that Seymour's copperhead record and Blair's bloody letter cannot be sustained, and the feeling about the latter is so strong that Senators Davis and Buckalew both publicly disavowed it in the debate in the Senate today, and declared that the Democratic party cannot be charged with its indorsement, even if it has nominated its writer for Vice President. One Democratic member of the House from Pennsylvania speaks of Blair as a d——d fool for writing it, and a greater d——d fool for printing it. Mr. Barnes, Democrat, from Brooklyn, telegraphed to a leading delegate in the Convention, yesterday, after the news of the nomination of Seymour was received, that the Republicans were jubilant and the Democrats depressed; that the matter ought to be reconsidered and Seymour made to decline. The leading Democrat in the Indiana delegation, when asked what he thought of the nominations, held up his hands in a deprecating manner and answered, "Hush, my friend, you are treading on a newly made grave." One of the Ohio Democrats, when asked a similar question, replied that the ticket could not carry a single State west of the Alleghenies, Mr. Seward remarked to a gentleman this morning that 'Gov. Seymour always had a good faculty for running behind his ticket.' The only thing with which the Democrats seemed pleased, is the slaughter of the Chief Justice. They chuckle over that a great deal, and make all sorts of pleasant remarks about his innocence and sympathy. Republicans speak of him as the deadest man, politically, now living, and Democrats suggest that the Republicans might give them a vote of thanks for laying him out."

HENRY WARD BEECHER having been charged by the New York *World* with preaching a political sermon in which he came out for Chase for the Presidency and against Grant, Mr. Beecher has published a letter denying the statement and stating that he has never been a Chase man. He says: "I have liked Grant from the first. Solid, unpretentious, straightforward, apt to succeed and not spoiled by success, wise in discerning men, skillful in using them, with the rare gift (which Washington had in an eminent degree) of wisdom in getting wisdom from other men's counsels. I confidently anticipate that, great as his military success has been, he will hereafter be known even more favorably for the wisdom of his civil administration.

"The seven-fold humiliations and recantations through which Chase was required to go for a democratic nomination, only to see the smiling Seymour looking benignly down upon his best estate, has no parallel except in the immortal history of *Reineke Fuchs*. There will be no third candidate between Grant and Seymour. It will be a fair fight between rugged honesty and plausible craft."

POLITICAL ITEMS.

"Wax-Works" Sloanaker is out for Grant and Colfax.

Anagram.—Ho! a Riot! O yes, Rum! "Horatio Seymour."

Gov. SEYMOUR is fifty-seven years of age. Frank Blair is forty-eight years of age.

Colonel Lester, an ex-Confederate officer of Georgia, has come out strong for Grant and Colfax.

Wm. G. Cockrill, a leading Democrat of Madison county, Tenn., has come out for Grant and Colfax.

A CINCINNATI paper suggests that the Republicans appoint a day of thanksgiving for a happy riddance of the Blair family.

GEN. JEFFERIS, the new Register of the Treasury, a great Johnson politician, announced himself for Grant a few days ago.

It is said that Hon. H. G. Stebbins, formerly M. C. from New York, and Judge Pierrepont, one of the Sachems of Tammany, will soon declare for Grant.

CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE'S friends now declare that he never pledged himself to support the nominee of the Democratic Convention at New York, and that he will vote for Grant and Colfax.

THE New York Electoral ticket for Grant and Colfax includes the names of George W. Curtis, Moses H. Grinnell, Alexander T. Stewart, and George W. Demers, editor Albany *Evening Journal*.

R. J. WALKER is disgusted at the New York nomination and declares he will not support it. He sent over a printed draft of a platform which was ignored to an extent indicated by the above statement.

HON. JAS. HUGHES, of Indiana, one of the most eloquent of the Democratic orators, now practising law in Washington, will return to his State as soon as Congress adjourns, and take the stump for Grant and Colfax.

THE Boston *Journal* says: "A prominent member of the Democratic party said, last night: 'I have talked to over a hundred Democrats this afternoon and evening, and they all think as I do—that no honest man can vote for Seymour, and no white man for Frank Blair.'"

A COLUMBUS (Ohio) dispatch of the 14th says: "The old saying that rats leave a sinking ship was to-day verified by the stoteme made by Gen. Joe Geiger that he had been invited to address a meeting at Philadelphia to ratify the New York nomination, but had promptly declined the supposed honor for the reason that he was desirous of being on the winning side."

The Jonesborough (Tenn.) *Flag* says that Mr, Ezra Mather, Mr, Isaac N. Babb, and Mr. John S. Mather, and many other citizens of that place, who have heretofore been acting with the Conservatives (so called) from honest and conscientious motives, have come out boldly and emphatically for Gen. Grant. So it is all over the country. The Forrest ticket is a pill that can never be swallowed by men who love their country as they should love it.

THE New York *Journal of Commerce*, a Democratic sheet, thus pitches into both the platform and Gov. Seymour:

"This is out-and-out repudiation of a solemn obligation, as we understand it, to pay all of the bonded debt in gold. On the question of repudiation the Democrats are boldly committed to the baser alternative, and will reach the main advantage where this heresy is foully cherished. There is no excuse for such a proposition. It is both wicked and disgraceful. The authors know very well that the money was borrowed with the express understanding that it was to be repaid in coin, and that anything short of this is repudiation of a solemn covenant. Gov. Seymour has always warmly insisted on the obligation to pay the bonds in gold. The platform is the very opposite of his well-known views. How the two are to be reconciled it is not for us to decide."

DO NOT BE DECEIVED.

When the system is once affected it will not rally of its own accord; it needs help—it must be strengthened and invigorated; this is especially the case when the

KIDNEYS, BLADDER OR URINARY ORGANS

Are affected. For immediate relief and permanent cure,

DR. SARGENT'S

Diuretic or Backache Pills

Are a perfectly safe and reliable specific. This well known remedy has effected a large number of speedy and remarkable cures, and have never failed to give relief when taken according to directions.

Dr. Sargent's Backache Pills

Are purely vegetable, and contain no mercury or calomel. They do not exhaust the system, but on the contrary they act as a tonic, imparting new tone and vigor to the organs and strengthening the whole body. These Pills have stood the test of thirty-five years, and are still gaining in popularity.

☞ FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE EVERYWHERE.

Price 50 Cents Per Box

STRENGTHEN THE DEFENCES.

Malaria, the most deadly enemy of health, is everywhere active in July and August. The blazing sun is decomposing and fermenting every species of vegetable and animal abomination, and poisonous gases that depress and infect the system are universally present. On the prairies, in the swamps, in the woods, and in the midst of crowded cities, this development of the elements of disease is now going on. In short the human body is in a state of siege, and reason and common sense suggest that its DEFENCES BE STRENGTHENED. A stimulant, a tonic, a corrective, and an alterative are required to put it in perfect trim, and these four grand requisites are combined in HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. A man must be made of steel not to be affected by the morbid matter set afloat in the atmosphere by the rays of an almost vertical sun. Nine-tenths of the community are premonished at this season by debility, indisposition for exertion, nervousness, &c., that they need something to build them up and regulate their animal machinery. Do they want to "fight it out on that line all summer," or to achieve an immediate victory over their unpleasant symptoms, and secure that first of Heaven's blessings—"a sound mind in a sound body?" If the latter is their desire let them resort to the BITTERS without delay. That agreeable and potent vegetable regenerative will soon restore the system to its balance—regulating the liver, strengthening the stomach, gently relieving the bowels, and giving vigor, elasticity and energy to the whole frame. These are proven facts. No man who reads the testimony on which they are founded can for a moment doubt them.

CURE OF FISTULA.

DR. KEYSER: I write to thank you for your kindness and scientific management of my disease, for which I called to consult you some time in January last. You will remember that I had a complication of diseases, which finally ended in a terrible fistula, which I had been advised to "let alone," on account of a harassing cough, which it was feared might fasten it on my lungs. I knew that the peculiar mode of treating diseases like mine was by a cutting operation, which, if successful at all, would naturally throw the disease upon the lungs or some other vital organ, on account of the suddenness of the cure and the immediate check to the discharge, which I believed was a salutary provision of nature to get rid of some morbid condition of the system. I feel perfectly satisfied that your method of treatment, purifying the system, and local applications to the fistulous part, must cure, if anything could, without cutting, which I find it did, and I am happy to report myself well in every particular, with sounder and better health than I have had for years. I would also add that the applications you made were almost painless, and have left me a new man, with all the energies and vigor of restored health.

Yours, gratefully,

DR. KEYSER'S CONSULTATION ROOMS FOR CHRONIC DISEASES, No. 130 PENN STREET, from 9 A. M. until 3 P. M.

June 17th, 1868.

Colfax and Hereditary Loyalty.

Down at the old Virginia city of Alexandria I saw, not long ago, a faded flag of white silk, fringed, well worn with mold and rain, bearing an old-fashioned device of a soldier holding in one hand a fiery horse and with the other receiving from the genius of liberty, who sits besides the American eagle, a streamer bearing the motto, "Conquer or die!"

This was the original standard of the Life-Guard of General George Washington, commanded by Captain, afterward General, William Colfax, the grandfather of Schuyler Colfax, candidate for the Vice Presidency of the United States. The old man died in 1838, when the present Speaker of the House of Representatives was fifteen years old, and the latter's recollection of his distinguished ancester is vivid and enthusiastic.—*G. A. T. Cleveland Leader.*

CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS, who has been talked about as likely hereafter to act with the Democratic party, openly and freely expresses his disgust with the platform of the New York Convention.

☞ *NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—A SITUATION.—TO MILL OWNERS.—A good, competent Miller wants a place as Boss Miller; or to take charge of a Flouring Mill, by share or cash. Speaks English and German. Well recommended. Inquire of CARL PASSEHL, 56 Fulton St., Pittsburgh.

WANTED—SITUATION.—A situation as CLERK, or Assistant, in a store, by a young man who is not afraid to make himself useful. Address B, GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—HELP—At Employment Office, No. 3 St. Clair Street. BOYS, GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED—ROLLING MILL MEN.—At the GLOBE ROLLING MILL, Cincinnati, Ohio, one first-class ROLL TURNER, one good SMALL MILL HEATER & ROUGHER, for small iron.

WANTED—SALESMAN.—To solicit orders for a celebrated PICTURE, that is selling rapidly. Address B. R., Box G, this office, giving reference and salary wanted.

WANTED—BLACKSMITH.—A good BLACKSMITH that understands his business, will receive good wages and steady employment. None but a good workman need apply to JOHN GRAHAM, Temperanceville, Pa.

WANTED—BOARDERS.

WANTED—BOARDERS.—A gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen, can be accommodated with first class boarding at No. 18 WYLIE STREET. Room is a front one, on second floor, and opens out on balcony.

WANTED—BOARD.—Desirable board for a small family without children, in a pleasant location on Penn street, may be had by addressing M. W. W., Postoffice Box 870.

WANTED—BOARDERS.—Good board, fine front rooms, with gas, can be secured at $5.00 per week. Day boarding, $3.50. For single gentleman. At 46 LIBERTY STREET.

WANTED—BOARDERS.—Gentlemen boarders can be accommodated with good board and lodging at No. 25 FERRY ST.

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—For NATIONAL CAMPAIGN GOODS.—8x10 Steel Engravings of GRANT and COLFAX, with or without frames. One agent took 60 orders in one day. Also, National Campaign Biographies of both, 25 cents. Pins, Badges, Medals and Photos. for Democrats and Republicans. Agents make 100 per ct. Sample packages sent post-paid for $1. Send at once and get the start. Address GOODSPEED & CO., 37 Park Row, N. Y., or Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—AGENT.—As TRAVELING AGENT, a man well acquainted with the Crockeryware and Glass business. None other need apply. Address P. O. Lock Box 197. Communications confidential.

WANTS.

WANTED—PURCHASER—For an interest in an established business on Fifth street. Terms $500 cash, $500 in four and $500 in six months. Address BOX H, this office.

WANTED—ROOMS.—On second floor, two unfurnished lodging ROOMS, for a small family, within three squares of the Post Office. Address L. J. L., Box A, GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED—COLLECTING.—Having employed several experienced men, we want parties who wish to have their July bills collected and settled in a business way to call on us. All accounts left with us will receive prompt attention. We can give the best of references as to ability, character and business habits. REED & TUSTIN, 187 Grant street.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE, several hundred acres good Iowa land, for city property. Address F, GAZETTE OFFICE.

LOST.

LOST—WATCH—$25 REWARD.—On Friday, July 3d, between McKeesport and Pittsburgh, on the Morning Express Train of the Connellsville Railroad, due in Pittsburgh at 10 o'clock A. M., a LADY'S GOLD HUNTING CASE WATCH, for which the above reward will be paid at THIS OFFICE.

LOST—On the 18th of June, in Allegheny, a pair of GOLD SPECTACLES. The finder will confer a great favor and receive the thanks of the owner by leaving them at the DISPATCH or GAZETTE OFFICE. jy2

FOR RENT.

TO LET—ROOMS.—Two communicating ROOMS, No. 4 Hancock street. Call at No. 4 ST. CLAIR STREET.

TO LET—HOUSE.—A new two-story brick dwelling HOUSE, just finished, six rooms, cellar and yard. No. 77 Chatham St. S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 85 Smithfield street.

TO LET—RESIDENCE.—On the Commons, in the cleanliest, healthiest and most desirable part of Allegheny City, a three-story Brick House, with all modern improvements, in first-class order; large lot, with stable in rear. A part of the entire furnishment of the house, which is new, will be sold if desired. Address, with full name, LOCK BOX 368, Pittsburgh.

TO LET—HOUSE.—A three-story BRICK HOUSE, situated in a desirable street in Allegheny City, together with furniture, will be rented on moderate terms. For particulars address B. B., Box B, GAZETTE OFFICE.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—HOUSE.—A double Frame House, suitable for two families, with lot 40 by 135 feet, situated in Braddock's field, can be bought for $1,000—on—half cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, with interest. Inquire at W. M. WARD'S, 110 Grant street, or of NORMAN TUSTON, at Fort Perry.

FOR SALE—HOUSE.—A comfortable SUBURBAN RESIDENCE, with 2 acres of ground, beautifully situated, is offered for sale. Inquire of GEORGE S. SWARTZ, No. 104 Wylie street, or 63 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—STEAMBOATS.—The Allegheny River Navigation Company offer for sale steamer ECHO No. 2—155 feet on deck, 30 feet beam, 16 inch cylinder, 5½ feet stroke. The steamer ELIA REES No. 3—156 feet on deck, 30 feet beam, 15 inch cylinder, 8 feet stroke, with all their tackle and outfit, in good running order. Inquire of JAS. REES, Engine Builder, Duquesne Way.

FOR SALE—HOUSES.—A convenient BRICK HOUSE, of four rooms, stone cellar and lot, on Peach alley, near Pride street. House is new, and price only $1,100. Also, a HOUSE on Forbes street, for sale. Apply to WM. WILTON, corner of Pride and Forbes street.

FOR SALE LOT IN McKEESPORT.—The half or whole of a lot 60 feet front by 140 feet deep, situate on Market, near Second street. For particulars enquire of W. O. HULL, Hull's Store, Fifth, near the Depot, McKeesport; or address JOSEPH FORSYTHE, 116 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE.—HORSES.—At HOWARD'S LIVERY AND SALE STABLE, one fine FAMILY HORSE; Bay; three DAPPLE GREY HORSES; one LARGE DRAUGHT HORSE; three BLACK MARES; two GREY MARES. FIFTH STREET, near Monongahela House.

Horses bought and sold on commission.

FOR SALE—HOUSE.—A NICE BRICK HOUSE, of eight rooms, on Montgomery avenue, near Federal street. Enquire of Mr. DRUITT, corner Montgomery avenue and Federal street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—POSTS.—LOCUST POSTS, of any size required, by JOHN DYER, Jr., corner of Ridge street and Allegheny avenue, Allegheny City.