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WEDNESDAY, JULY, 15 1868.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE, *issued on Wednesdays and Saturdays, is the best and cheapest family newspaper in Pennsylvania. It presents each week forty-eight columns of solid reading matter. It gives the fullest as well as the most reliable market reports of any paper in the State. Its files are used exclusively by the Civil Courts of Allegheny county for reference in important issues to determine the ruling prices in the markets at the time of the business transaction in dispute. Terms: Single copy, one year,* $1.50; *in clubs of five,* $1,25; *in clubs of ten,* $1,15, *and one free to the getter up of the club. Specimen copies sent free to any address.*

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE: *Second page: Poetry, Table Talk, Miscellaneous. Third page: Financial Matters in New York, Markets by Telegraph, River News, Imports. Sixth page: Home Markets, Petroleum Affairs, Finance and Trade. Seventh page: "Byron," "Mark Twain on the Accordeon," "The Dome of the Capitol," "Jenkins Abroad," "She Works for a Living," &c.*

GOLD closed yesterday in New York at 141¼.

THE third party Convention is announced to be held at Cincinnati in September, and Conservative Democrats are already looking to it for their deliverance from the unutterable shame of SEYMOUR, BLAIR and Revolution.

ALABAMA ratifies the Constitutional Amendment. Georgia and South Carolina will make up the number of ratifying States to twenty-eight before the week closes, and the XIVth Article will become a part of the Federal Constitution.

WHO did the colored Democratic delegate from Tennessee vote for? The official report of the Convention sheds no light upon that dark subject. Can some Democratic journal or delegate from Pennsylvania answer this civil request for information?

THE Republican local ticket of Allegheny county is one of the best put forward for many years. It develops new strength daily and the large majority it is sure to receive in October, will prove but the forerunner of the glorious victory to be achieved in November.

IT IS SAID, and no doubt truly, that, during the session of the Democratic Convention, two loyal soldiers, who had experienced the horrors of captivity in Richmond, during the war, met the keeper of the Libby Prison wearing a delegate's badge! They fell upon him and gave him a dreadful beating, which was not unnatural.

SEYMOUR, BLAIR and Revolution will have a poor show in the canvass against GRANT, COLFAX and the Union. But it is probable that S. S. MARSHALL, of Illinois, explained it all, when, acknowledging the other day that his ticket would be easily beaten, he said: "We did not want to put on our best man this time; we reserve them for the next heat.

THE Woodward Democrats in '63 declared that, if they carried New York and Pennsylvania, no Union troops should pass to the front through either of these States; that WOODWARD and SEYMOUR would soon bring the war to an end, choking the loyal efforts by the throat. Of course, the WOODWARD school of politicians are all for SEYMOUR now.

DEMOCRATS, who cherish a vague notion that the rebel States, such as may remain unreconstructed when Congress adjourns, will still have a claim to take part in the Presidential election, will hear what a Democratic Senator said on that point, in debate last Thursday. Mr. BUCKALEW said:

"As things now stand in this country, I am of opinion that the Presidential election of 1868 must be decided by those States which are now represented in Congress."

BEFORE the nominations of SEYMOUR and BLAIR, the Democratic papers commented significantly upon the quietness with which the Republicans were conducting the campaign; but, since then, the quietness has all departed, and now they are complaining of the ferocity with which the Republicans, all along the line, have plunged into the fight. There is no such thing as pleasing these fellows.

THE Republican City Executive Committee yesterday made a very sensible move in returning to the Crawford county system for nominating municipal officers, but the time appointed for the holding of primary meetings seems much too early for practical purposes. It would be well to reconsider that part of the resolution which fixes August 15th for the holding of the primary meetings, as there is no necessity for placing candidates in the field previous to September. Such a delay will bring out candidates not likely to be thought of during the brief space of time between now and the date designated by the Committee, and it is the object of the party to present the best material at its disposal in the important forthcoming October elections. Potent reasons, unnecessary to be mentioned here, might be brought to bear to favor the postponement of the time for holding the primary elections, and we hope the Committee will take the matter into consideration.

THE SITUATION AND ITS DUTIES.

There has never been a period, within our remembrance of politics, when large sections of any party have been so thoroughly disgusted and demoralized by official representative action, as are the Democracy of the West and Northwest at the present time. Not only in Western Pennsylvania are their bitter disappointment and chagrin palpably manifest, but in Ohio the entire party is disheartened, and reluctant to embark in a canvass which they feel to be hopelessly and justly desperate. They say that the wishes, the preferences of Western Democrats have been most insultingly spurned, by the adroit managers who moulded the recent Convention exactly to their purposes. It is of no use for the leaders, in whom they have habitually confided, to tell them that the platform meets their demands, if not the candidates. It is the fact that Western greenback Democrats view the platform with a degree of suspicion which they do not even attempt to disguise. They say that the platform pleases the bond-holding Democrats of Wall street quite too well to be exactly the thing for the masses who supported PENDLETON. They say it is a Wall street dodge, facing both ways, but capable of interpretation in the interests of the candidate whom Wall street has foisted upon them. It is a flimsy device to carry water upon both shoulders, capable of so many interpretations that any phase of Democratic sentiment can find official endorsement in it, or be excluded from its practical application at the pleasure of the President who may be chosen by its supporters. Show one of these justly suspicious Democrats a resolution which talks of greenback redemption, and he is very prompt to put his fingers upon another part of the same resolution, which defers that redemption for fifteen years, except to the extent of occasional applications of the surplus income resulting from taxation. This is not what the PENDLETON men bargained for, and the empty declaration with which the resolution concludes, they regard equally as an insult to their understandings and to their just demands upon the party.

They are equally disgusted with the nomination of BLAIR, the revolutionary violence of whose bid for the place ought, they say, to have been fatal to his claims in any assemblage of honest and patriotic citizens. How much deeper and more general that disgust will be when they read the shameful and dangerous avowals in his Saturday's speech of acceptance, it is easy to imagine. A very large proportion of the Democratic masses are honest in their political faith. We cannot say that their opinions are the result of reflection and observation. A taking name for their organization carries with it a vague, indefinite but most powerful charm, and they accept without question the more abstruse politics which their leaders propound, making their confidence a personal matter of which the Republican party has no experience whatever. The Democratic masses are Democratic from faith and on trust, some for the name of Democracy, others because their fathers were Democrats before them, and nearly all of them because they obstinately shut their ears and eyes to arguments, oral or in print, from the other side. But they are none the less honest in their prejudices, and patriotic and loyal in their instincts. Four-fifths of the party are free from the slightest taint of Copperheadism, because their intentions are thoroughly patriotic and such as become good citizens. It is the disloyal, malignant Copperheadism of the leaders whom they have trusted which has brought, year after year, defeat and ruinous disaster upon the party. It is this personal confidence, the most powerful tie which has hitherto held the Democracy together, which the New York nominations and platform have shaken more rudely, and, as things now look, more fatally than anything before known in the history of that or any other party in this country. The tenderest and most vital point has been touched, and so offensively and deeply that we doubt if Democratic sentiment from the Alleghenies to Cheyenne can ever recover from its effects.

All this will have an excellent result. These citizens are now ready to read Republican journals and to hear Republican speeches. They are still Democrats in avowal, but they have all at once become willing to hear both sides, now that they have found their own side so unfaithfully and unjustly controlled. The once glorious, incorruptible, unchangeable prestige of Democracy is gone forever in their eyes. Thousands of them would listen to a speech for GRANT to-morrow, who never before went near a meeting of their political opponents. And, of those thousands, not a few would soon cease to be Democrats.

The application is palpable. Republican reader, talk to your Democratic neighbor! Sit up with the sick men. If they are Pendletonians, show them the first half of the third Democratic resolution. If they believe that the public faith should be preserved inviolate, ask them if the last clause of the same resolution, recognizing only the letter and spirit of the contract, is any better than the oft-quoted rule of the plausibly dishonest, which is to be no more honest than the law absolutely requires. If they believe in Federal supremacy, and that rebellion should be punished, dwell on the first and second resolutions, and on BLAIR'S revolutionary letter and speech, and show them that these things mean the giving back to the South of all that it has lost. If they want a "white man's government," show them the New York *World* which, quoting Judge TANEY'S decision in the DORR case, proved, a few days since, beyond any question, that the present Southern State Governments with equal suffrage could never be disturbed. If they believe in the equal rights of a common humanity, show them the manifest intent in the second resolution, to recognize in the reconstructed States, the right, law or no law, to undo all that has been done, and to restrict the suffrage once more to those rebels who so nearly brought the Republic to ruin. If your Democratic neighbor is a farmer, ask him how his farm is to escape from assessment and taxation at its full cash value, under the fourth resolution. If he claims that slavery and secession are declared to be dead issues, show him the Democratic speeches at Richmond the other night, which claimed that the "lost cause" was about to be regained under SEYMOUR and BLAIR, and then read to him BLAIR'S declarations for an armed restoration of "Southern rights." In short, the Republican citizen can find something in the platform of Democracy which shall so well suit the case of his Democratic neighbor, as to clinch upon his mind the conviction that the confidence which he has heretofore reposed in his political leaders has been shamefully betrayed. That confidence once uprooted, nine-tenths of these Democrats would be ripe for Republican conviction, and that conviction would speedily follow.

SHALL RECONSTRUCTION BE POSTPONED.

The work of Reconstruction goes on well in the Southern States. In a few days more the job will be finished in all but two or three of the States, and it will be through no fault of Congress that it will remain unfinished in any.

As fast as Reconstruction progresses, the supreme control is turned over to the civil authorities, the military sinking into its proper subordination. If the whites of that section listen to such counsellors as Gov. ORR, there will be no need of farther military repression, and the last positive trace of subjugation will have disappeared. Both business and politics will resume their natural condition.

At this point Mr. BLAIR puts himself at the head of a new crusade, and is warmly seconded by many Democratic leaders. He demands that the settlement now so nearly completed shall be broken up; that the whole matter shall be gone over again, and on a different basis; and that the country shall be subject to fresh turmoil, which will derange business, create additional alienations, and postpone Reconstruction, if not indefinitely, at least for some years.

Business men will be slow to countenance this movement, even though they were not pre-possessed in favor of the Congressional plan. It is much easier to go through in accordance with that plan, thereby attaining a certainty of repose and prosperity to the whole country, than to go back and begin a new settlement, that may end, nobody can tell how.

But the Congressional plan is not harsh and oppressive. So lenient a settlement of a great rebellion was never before made in the history of governments. What the Democrats actually complain of is not that severities are visited upon the whites, but that ameliorations and recompenses are offered to the blacks. Acknowledging in their platform that slavery has so effectually ceased that all thought of restoring it must be forever abandoned, they nevertheless insist on maintaining many political distinctions that had their origin in that institution, and are utterly repugnant where universal freedom is recognized.

What they want is to give the former slaveholders and rebels control of the Southern States, to the exclusion of the only powerful loyal element existing there. To say that plainly would not help that bad enterprise. So they resort to circumlocutions, denouncing a fiction of their own creation, which they call "negro supremacy," and protest glibly that this is a "white man's government," with much other nonsense of kindred import. All this is sham. Everybody understands that if the Democrats could add a million to the number of their voters, in any decent way, they would not be slow to embrace the opportunity. Indeed, they are not particular whether they make voters decently or evenly legally, or not. Look at the stupendous frauds proved upon them in this State, before the late Legislature! Look at their persistent opposition to honest voting manifested through their hostility to a fair Registry Law! It would be difficult to make any sensible man believe that leaders so greedy to get votes, honestly or dishonestly, would not gladly accept a million votes for SEYMOUR and BLAIR from black men, if they could get them. That is the rub. They do not find it so easy to wheedle the blacks as to hoodwink certain classes of whites; and hence they prefer that the men who made the rebellion should do all the voting at the South.

Even this appeal to inveterate prejudice and blind passion against negro suffrage will not avail. The great bulk of the people, in all parts of the country, are anxious to have the rebellion finally closed out by the restoration of the States that embarked in it. That result is nearly consummated; and no considerations the Democratic leaders can urge will be permitted to frustrate it.

ASHAMED OF BLAIR.

BLAIR'S revolutionary declarations, before and after his nomination, are making serious troubles for the Democratic managers, who concur in his sentiments but regret their premature revelation. Even our Democratic Senator, Mr. BUCKALEW, was forced to say, in the Senate, the other day, that such sentiments must be disowned: that, for his own part, he was utterly opposed to any overthrow of the reconstructed State governments, as proposed by BLAIR. Mr. BUCKALEW insisted that the Democratic party is not responsible for BLAIR'S rebellious and incendiary threats. But it must be borne in mind, that this very letter from BLAIR procured for him the nomination. Upon the precise issue which BLAIR proposed, WADE HAMPTON put him in nomination, FORREST seconded it, and every rebel delegate joined instantly in the clamorous chorus, and BLAIR got every vote, North and South, on the first ballot. More than this, BLAIR accepted the nomination in a subsequent speech reiterating the same violent assertions.

Mr. BUCKALEW'S protest comes too late. It gives the measure of the apprehensions which a sober second thought has inspired in the leaders of his party, but it can never explain away, palliate or justify a nomination which was not fit to be made. And the protesting Senator will no doubt go on speaking and voting for this candidate whom he has apparently repudiated. His protest is all for effect, and means only that the people are to be humbugged in the orthodox Democratic fashion once more.

The N. Y. *World* of the 13th attempts to pooh-pooh BLAIR'S utterances, as of no real consequence, since he could only be Vice President at any rate, and would have no administrative duties. It disposes of another obvious objection with a remark which leaves it to be inferred that Democratic Presidents never die in office, and so BLAIR could never reach the succession. Nevertheless, the *World* is conscious that this grave matter is not to be thus whistled away, and finds itself compelled to "acknowledge the corn," as follows:

As to the letter itself, it is too outspoken to need much comment. "*There is but one way,*" it says, to get rid of the negro governments, and that is, to disperse them by military force. This is a point on which Democrats differ. For ourselves, we have repeatedly expressed the opinion that there is no other remedy within the next four years than the one which General Blair indicates; but a considerable portion of the Democratic party differ from us, and believe that when we have elected a President we shall discover a peaceful mode of dispersing the obnoxious governments. We do not think it wise to renew the discussion of this question until after the election.

The Democratic party has doubtless made itself responsible, to some extent, for the recent utterances of its candidates. It is responsible for those of Governor Seymour as well as for those of General Blair. Governor Seymour, in his Cooper Institute speech, made the financial question the grand pivot of his policy, and put forth views which must command the approval of all honest and enlightened men. General Blair, in his letter, makes the overthrow of negro reconstruction the all important thing, and belittles the financial question. With candidates thus publicly differing, what did the Democratic Convention decide? By nominating Governor Seymour for the position of real authority it gave its practical indorsement to his views; by nominating General Blair for an office without any power, it affirmed indeed its detestation of the negro governments, but reserved the question how they were to be dealt with for future decision. Had the candidates changed places, the Convention would doubtless have made a mistake. The next Democratic President can make no civil or military appointments without the consent of the Republican Senate; and while Mr. Blair would have been unable to get his nominations confirmed, Mr. Seymour will probably find no difficulty. If Mr. Seymour should die in office, the Senate would compel Mr. Blair to keep all his predecessor's civil appointees, including the Cabinet, and would allow him to give no new officers to the army. The pretended alarm at his letter is ridiculous.

IT IS astonishing with what gravity the Democratic leaders keep on making predictions, destined never to be realized, apparently unconscious that their reputation for prophecy was bankrupted long ago. With what solemnity they announced that a State could not be coerced, that the rebellion could not be repressed, that slavery could not be abolished, that the Southern States could not be restored on the basis proposed by Congress, that the establishment of black suffrage in the rebel States, by federal laws, would lead to a war of races, and many other things of cognate import. Indeed, though they kept up a deluge of prophecies for eight years, not one of them has been fulfilled. Yet they go on apparently under the full conviction that they are producing profound impressions upon the country. Here is Mr. BLAIR predicting and inciting to a fresh appeal to arms, to try over again an issue that has already been submitted to that arbitrament, and been so decided that the judgment cannot be revoked. The thing will not, and cannot be done. The people of this country have had enough of civil war to last for a century, and are intent, with Gen. GRANT, upon having Peace.

THE DEMOCRACY entirely mistook their man when they undertook to use JOSIAH COHEN'S name as a supporter of their nominations and platform. That gentleman's card, appended hereto, very effectively disposes of this bit of Democratic brag, and will be read with much pleasure by his acquaintances and Republican friends. His powerful influence with his people will be cast, as ever, into the scales with the highest intelligence and patriotism. Read:

MESSRS. EDITORS:—It is due to the Republican voters of Allegheny county, as well as to the Allegheny County Republican Executive Committee, of which I have the honor to be a member, and of whose principles I am an adherent, to state that the announcement of my name among the list of Vice Presidents at the Democratic meeting held on Monday evening last was entirely unauthorized by and unknown to me, and against my wishes.

JOSIAH COHEN.

THE Democratic platform distinctly "recognizes the questions of slavery and secession as having been settled for all time." Was that position taken candidly or deceitfully? Was it intended as an honest expression of the mature judgment of the Democratic party, or was it designed as a fraudulent lure to beguile hesitating Republicans into the Democratic fold? Evidences abundantly exist in the platform itself to show that the admission was not sincerely made, and that the legitimate inferences from it were not intended to be carried out. Outside of the platform, in Mr. SEYMOUR'S record, and in Mr. BLAIR'S late letter and speech, and in the applause wherewith they were received by Democrats of various grades, the proof is conclusive that the leaders intended a deception; to give tokens which they did not mean to redeem.

THE DEMOCRATIC SOLDIERS at New York asked for the warrior, HANCOCK, and got SEYMOUR, who opposed the war, and called the New York rioters against the draft his "friends." The man who fought at Gettysburg was discarded for the other man, who would have shouldered a musket with the rebel side if he had dared. And the Pennsylvania politicians, WOODWARD, CLYMER & Co., who might have secured HANCOCK'S nomination if they would, but who frittered away the old Keystone's vote in foolishly backing ASA PACKER, thereby making the State simply contemptible, are responsible for the failure. Will the Democratic soldiers never find out that, in the Copperhead view, it is an unpardonable sin ever to have fought for the old flag?

THE Pittsburgh *Chronicle* is assured, by an Ohio delegate, that the nomination of SEYMOUR was effected by the PENDLETON men, to prevent the selection of CHASE. This version of the affair would prove that Tammany was fairly beaten at its own game of intrigue. Our neighbor's informant makes a very plausible story of it, but we prefer rather to credit the testimony of CAGGER, with the other evidence which circumstantially but conclusively proves that SEYMOUR was the choice of Tammany and Wall street from the first, and that the PENDLETON men only at last played the part which had been intended for them. Are they so simple as not to perceive it?

WHEN a delegate from this district took the floor in the Chicago Convention and promised a majority of ten thousand for GRANT and COLFAX, there were many who took no stock in the prediction, feeling that the pledge was of an extravagant order and could not be kept. Since then, however, the ranks have been closing up, and to-day the Republican party of Allegheny county presents a solid front to the enemy, and promises a majority even larger than that originally pledged. The issue is a clearly defined one. There is no hesitation, no pausing in doubt, no uncertainty, no wavering. The Union banner again floats inviting loyal legions to confront the same army of revolutionists that planted the standard of treason in sight of the National Capitol, and Patriotism is not slow in prompting the acceptance of the invitation. Republicans throughout Pennsylvania are expected to do their full duty; the pledge of Allegheny county for ten thousand majority will be more than faithfully kept, and if other districts do their share of work the State may be relied upon as sure to give an overwhelming majority for GRANT and COLFAX.

THEY say that ASA PACKER and his friends don't feel pretty well, in view of the discreditable and contemptuous manner in which that distinguished citizen was used as the cover for a SEYMOUR intrigue.

Political Items.

HORATIO SEYMOUR has been three times defeated as a gubernatorial candidate.

GEN. GRANT hopes for peace and prosperity. Gen. Blair desires war and discord.

IT is said that the Democrats have adopted the apple blossom as a campaign badge. It will be worn on the nose.

PENDLETON and Vallandigham wrecked the Democratic party in 1864. They will do the same thing in 1868.

THE bondholders' candidate—Horatio Seymour.

THE rulers of the Democratic party—"that pestilent Blair family."

IF you want to make a Democrat mad, say Blair to him. It is worse than a red rag to a turkey rooster.

JOB had the boils, but he was spared the Blairs. If he had them, his wife need not have urged him to curse himself to death. He would have done it without her advice.

THE Democracy have the Blairs, bad. The seven years' itch would be a mild affliction in comparison. A combination of all the diseases curable by Helmbold's specifics would be preferable to the Blairs.

A FIRE EATING candidate for office down South was asked his opinion on negro suffrage. "Oh, d—n the niggers. They should not be allowed to vote at all." "Yes, Colonel, but about five hundred of them in your district want to vote the Democratic ticket." "Oh, ah! Yes—yes—very well. That makes all the difference in the world."

LIEUT. GEN. SHERMAN, according to the Chicago (Democratic) *Times*, replied to a crowd in St. Louis on Friday evening when asked what he thought of the nomination of Seymour. "It is a bad nomination and will be beaten all to pieces. Grant will be elected." Sherman evidently understands himself, as well as Grant and Seymour.

DIALOGUE ON A CAMDEN AND AMBOY TRAIN.—*Chase man*—"Say, Pendletonian, didn't Belmont and Barlow, Tilden and Sweeney euchre your crowd nicely?"

Pendletonian—(Profanely and gruffly)—"Yes; why shouldn't they? They commenced the game with the four knaves in their boots."

DO NOT BE DECEIVED.

When the system is once affected it will not rally of its own accord; it needs help—it must be strengthened and invigorated; this is especially the case when the

KIDNEYS, BLADDER OR URINARY ORGANS

Are affected. For immediate relief and permanent cure,

DR. SARGENT'S

Diuretic or Backache Pills

Are a perfectly safe and reliable specific. This well known remedy has effected a large number of speedy and remarkable cures, and have never failed to give relief when taken according to directions.

Dr. Sargent's Backache Pills

Are purely vegetable, and contain no mercury or calomel. They do not exhaust the system, but on the contrary they act as a tonic, imparting new tone and vigor to the organs and strengthening the whole body. These Pills have stood the test of thirty-five years, and are still gaining in popularity.

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Price 50 Cents Per Box

STRENGTHEN THE DEFENCES.

Malaria, the most deadly enemy of health, is everywhere active in July and August. The blazing sun is decomposing and fermenting every species of vegetable and animal abomination, and poisonous gases that depress and infect the system are universally present. On the prairies, in the swamps, in the woods, and in the midst of crowded cities, this development of the elements of disease is now going on. In short the human body is in a state of siege, and reason and common sense suggest that its DEFENCES BE STRENGTHENED. A stimulant, a tonic, a corrective, and an alterative are required to put it in perfect trim, and these four grand requisites are combined in HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. A man must be made of steel not to be affected by the morbid matter set afloat in the atmosphere by the rays of an almost vertical sun. Nine-tenths of the community are premonished at this season by debility, indisposition for exertion, nervousness, &c., that they need something to build them up and regulate their animal machinery. Do they want to "fight it out on that line all summer," or to achieve an immediate victory over their unpleasant symptoms, and secure that first of Heaven's blessings—"a sound mind in a sound body?" If the latter is their desire let them resort to the BITTERS without delay. That agreeable and potent vegetable regenerative will soon restore the system to its balance—regulating the liver, strengthening the stomach, gently relieving the bowels, and giving vigor, elasticity and energy to the whole frame. These are proven facts. No man who reads the testimony on which they are founded can for a moment doubt them.

CURE OF FISTULA.

DR. KEYSER: I write to thank you for your kindness and scientific management of my disease, for which I called to consult you some time in January last. You will remember that I had a complication of diseases, which finally ended in a terrible fistula, which I had been advised to "let alone," on account of a harassing cough, which it was feared might fasten it on my lungs. I knew that the peculiar mode of treating diseases like mine was by a cutting operation, which, if successful at all, would naturally throw the disease upon the lungs or some other vital organ, on account of the suddenness of the cure and the immediate check to the discharge, which I believed was a salutary provision of nature to get rid of some morbid condition of the system. I feel perfectly satisfied that your method of treatment, purifying the system, and local applications to the fistulous part, must cure, if anything could, without cutting, which I find it did, and I am happy to report myself well in every particular, with sounder and better health than I have had for years. I would also add that the applications you made were almost painless, and have left me a new man, with all the energies and vigor of restored health.

Yours, gratefully, I——C——.

DR. KEYSER'S CONSULTATION ROOMS FOR CHRONIC DISEASES, No. 120 PENN STREET, from 9 A. M. UNTIL 3 P. M.

June 17th, 1868.

☞ *NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTED---SITUATIONS.

WANTED—A SITUATION.—TO MILL OWNERS.—A good, competent Miller wants a place as Boss Miller, or to take charge of a Flouring Mill, by share or cash. Speaks English and German. Well recommended. Inquire of CARL PASSEHL, 55 Fulton St., Pittsburgh.

WANTED—SITUATION.—A situation as CLERK, or Assistant, in store, by a young man who is not afraid to make himself useful. Address B. GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED—HELP—At Employment Office, No. 3 St. Clair Street, BOYS, GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED—ROLLING MILL MEN.—At the GLOBE ROLLING MILL, Cincinnati, Ohio, one first-class ROLL TURNER, one good SMALL MILL HEATER & ROUGHER, for small iron.

WANTED—SALESMAN.—To solicit orders for a celebrated PICTURE, that is selling rapidly. Address B. H., Box G, this office, giving reference and salary wanted.

WANTED—BLACKSMITH.—A good BLACKSMITH, that understands his business, will receive good wages and steady employment. None but a good workman need apply, to JOHN GRAHAM, Temperanceville, Pa.

WANTED---BOARDERS.

WANTED—BOARDERS.—A gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen, can be accommodated with first class boarding at No. 18 WYLIE STREET. Room is front one, on second floor, and opens out on balcony.

WANTED—BOARD.—Desirable board for a small family without children, in a pleasant location on Penn street, may be had by addressing M. W. W., Postoffice Box 570.

WANTED—BOARDERS.—Good board, fine front rooms, with gas, can be secured at $5.00 per week. Day boarding, $3.50. For single gentleman. At 46 LIBERTY STREET.

WANTED—BOARDERS. Gentlemen boarders can be accommodated with good board and lodging at No. 25 FERRY ST.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—For NATIONAL CAMPAIGN GOODS.—8x10 steel Engravings of GRANT and COLFAX, with or without frames. One agent took 60 orders in one day. Also, National Campaign Biographies of both. 35 cents. Pins, Badges, Medals and Photos for Democrats and Republicans. Agents make 100 per ct. Sample packages sent post-paid for $1. Send at once and get the start. Address GOODSPEED & CO., 37 Park Row, N. Y., or Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—AGENT.—As TRAVELING AGENT, a man well acquainted with the Queensware and Glass business. None other need apply. Address P. O. Lock Box 197. Communications confidential.

WANTS.

WANTED—PURCHASER—For an interest in an established business on Fifth street. Terms—$500 cash, $500 in four and $500 in six months. Address BOX H, this office.

WANTED—ROOMS.—On second floor, two unfurnished lodging ROOMS, for a small family, within three squares of the Post Office. Address L. J. L., Box A, GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED—COLLECTING.—Having employed several experienced men, we want parties who wish to have their July bills collected and settled in a business way to call on us. All accounts left with us will receive prompt attention. We can give the best of references as to ability, character and business habits. REED & TUSTIN, 87 Grant street.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE, several hundred acres good Iowa land, for city property. Address F, GAZETTE OFFICE.

LOST.

LOST—WATCH—$25 REWARD.—On Friday, July 3d between McKeesport and Pittsburgh, on the Morning Express Train of the Connellsville Railroad, due in Pittsburgh at 10 o'clock A. M., a LADY'S GOLD HUNTING CASE WATCH, for which the above reward will be paid at THIS OFFICE.

LOST—On the 18th of June, in Allegheny, a pair of GOLD SPECTACLES. The finder will confer a great favor and receive the thanks of the owner by leaving them at the DISPATCH or GAZETTE OFFICE. jy3

FOR RENT.

TO LET—ROOMS.—Two communicating ROOMS, No. 4 Hancock street. Call at No. 4 ST. CLAIR STREET.

TO LET—HOUSE.—A new two-story brick dwelling HOUSE, just finished, six rooms, cellar and yard, No. 77 Chat'am St. S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 85 Smithfield street.

TO LET—RESIDENCE.—On the Commons, in the cleanliest, healthiest and most desirable part of Allegheny City, a three-story Brick House, with all modern improvements, in first class order; large lot, with stable in rear. A part or the entire furnishment of the house, which is new, will be sold if de ired. Address, with full name, LOCK BOX 368, Pittsburgh.

TO LET—STORE ROOM AND DWELLING.—RARE CHANCE.—The Store Room (60 feet deep) and Dwelling House at present occupied by T. H. Klages, Jeweler, located at No. 89 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny, will be rented on favorable terms. There are nine large and well arranged rooms—three on each of second, third and fourth floors. Gas and water throughout the house. Plate glass in store windows. Possession will be given on August 1st. Apply to C. WATTLY, two doors below.

TO LET—HOUSE.—A new house, with iron front, situated at No. 151 Beaver street, Allegheny. The house is a good dwelling of 7 rooms, and has a splendid store Room 55 feet deep. Is well situated for any kind of business. Inquire of NEAHOUSE & HESPENHEID, next door above, or at No. 168 OHIO STREET.

TO LET—THE STORE ROOM, No. 160 Ohio avenue, with dwelling above of 5 rooms, with water, gas and bath. Store room fitted up in the best manner, with plated glass show windows and iron front. Inquire at office of FRAZIER BROS., Ohio avenue and Sedgwick street, Allegheny.

TO LET—HOUSE.—A three-story BRICK HOUSE, situated in a desirable street in Allegheny City, together with furniture, will be rented on moderate terms. For particulars address B. B., Box B, GAZETTE OFFICE.

TO LET—STORE-ROOM—No. 72 WYLIE STREET. Is now ready for occupation. Is forty-five feet in depth, sky-light back. French plate glass front, flag pavement, and everything elegant and convenient.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—HOUSE.—A double Frame House, suitable for two families, with lot 40 by 135 feet, situated in Braddocksfield, can be bought for $1,000—one-half cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, with interest. Inquire at W. M. WARDS, 110 Grant street, or of NORMAN TUSTON, at Port Perry.

FOR SALE—HOUSE.—A comfortable SUBURBAN RESIDENCE, with 2 acres of ground, beautifully situated, is offered for sale. Inquire of GEORGE S. SWARTZ, No. 104 Wylie street, or 63 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—STEAMBOATS.—The Allegheny River Navigation Company offer for sale steamer ECHO No. 3—155 feet on deck, 30 feet beam, 16 inch cylinder, 5½ feet stroke. The steamer IDA REES No. 4—155 feet on deck, 30 feet beam, 15 inch cylinder, 5 feet stroke, with all their tackle and outfit, in good running order. Inquire of JAS. REES, Engine Builder, Duquesne Way.

FOR SALE—HOUSES.—A convenient BRICK HOUSE, of four rooms, stone cellar and lot, on Peach alley, near Pride street. House is new, and price only $1,100. Also, a HOUSE on Forbes street, for sale. Apply to WM. WILTON, corner of Pride and Forbes street.

FOR SALE—LOT IN McKEESPORT.—The half or whole of a lot 60 feet front by 140 feet deep, situate on Market, near Second street. For particulars enquire of W. C. HULL, Hull's Store, Fifth, near the depot, McKeesport; or address JOSEPH FORSYTHE 116 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT.—One house and lot of two acres of ground in Phillipsburg, Beaver county, Pa. The house is a two-story frame, with seven rooms. The lot has a number of fruit trees, and all in good order. There is a cistern on the premises, and stable and other outbuildings. Will be sold at a bargain by RAMSEY & HALL, Real Estate Agents, No. 91 Beaver street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE.—HORSES.—At HOWARD'S LIVERY AND SALE STABLE, one fine FAMILY HORSE (lady); three DAPPLE GREY HORSES; one LARGE DRAUGHT HORSE; three BLACK MARES; two GREY MARES. FIRST STREET, near Monongahela House.

Horses bought and sold on commission.

FOR SALE—HOUSE.—A NICE BRICK HOUSE, of eight rooms, on Montgomery avenue, near Federal street. Enquire of Mr. DRUITT, corner Montgomery avenue and Federal street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—POSTS.—LOCUST POSTS, of any size required, by JOHN DYER, Jr., corner of Ridge street and Allegheny avenue, Allegheny City.