nave had a great many interviews—as often as several times a day he would either ome to my house or I would go down to als office. We talked about it when riding out together to the country, and in Mr. Finney's office, and on the streets, over and ver again. I cannot give you word for word any particular conversation except hat at the origin of it—this first time down here at Mr. Finney's office, he said what I have already told you—to protect my interest as in the same boat that he was in.

Q. What is that?
A. That he would protect my interest and Mr. Finney's interest, and that we must place implicit confidence in him—that he knew all about it, and his interests were our interests, and we were to pay him \$3,000 or doing this business. Q. That was the first interview?

A. Yes, sir. Q. He assured you that they were in the

A. Yes, sir. Q. That your interests were their interest? A. Yes, sir. Q. Will you please find that first contract,

(handing witness papers.)
A. They are all dated on the same dayhese six of Mr. Schalk's.
Q. Six thousand barrels?

A. Yes, sir. Q. Were these the ones he made or those ou substituted?

A. He made three, then substituted three for them, and then afterwards he made them in this shape and here they are, six of hem, (handing them to District Attorney.) These contracts were made as between Mr. Schalk as the buyer and Messrs. Tack Brothers as the sellers.

Mr. Cassidy; They will speak for them-Mr. Mann offers coutract in evidence. Q. These contracts are made as between Mr. Schalk as buyer and Tack Brothers as sellers, and are transferred? Mr. Cassidy. Never mind—they will speak for themselves. Q. These contracts were made with

Mr. Cassidy. They speak for themselves. Mr. Mann read the contracts—one dated Pittsburgh, June 12th, 1867, for one thous-This is a printed form, you will observe, and on the margin is printed "Tack Both-ors & Company," &c. On the back the

Q. The Tack Brothers & Co. on the margin these are the defendant A. Yes, sir.
Q. On account of the Fairview Company—

was there such a company?

A. Yes, sir—Mr. Schalk—that is Mr. Schalk's refinery; and Mr. Schalk's accepance is on the face of it.

Mr. Cassidy. It is a refinery?

Mr. Mann. I had not come to that.

IMr. Mann read the contract.

[Mr. Mann read the contract.]
Q. This is Emil Schalk, the defendant?

Yes, sir. Mr. O'Brien. Suppose you give one of e to the Court. Judge Brewster. I don't profess to unlerstand these oil contracts.

Mr. Mann. I presume there is English in hese, and I want to get it out; my friends

on't want it.
Mr. Cassidy. You will get it out in the way pointed out by law.

[Mr. Mann read the entire contract.]

Mr. Mann. The next is of the same char-

Another is June 12th, the same parties, the Another is June 1211, the same parties, the same way, 1,000 barrets.

Mr. Hagert. Don't it state when that oil is deliverable on any of these contracts?

Mr. Mann. This is one for November, an-

other is the month of September, another is the month of October, and one in Decem-Q. These were the transactions of June 12th?

A. These were transactions with Mr. Q. What was the next transaction?

A. The next in point of fact was the sale me in Pittsburgh in regard to it. A. The next in point of lact was the sale to Wightman & Anderson, but in point of late it appears subsequent. In point of fact, the next was the contract made by Tack Bros. to Wightman & Anderson.

Q. When was the contract made by A. Well, the latter part of June Mr. Theo-Q. When was that?

A. The sale is arranged the same day, and it may be drawn up that day or the Succeeding day.
Q. What is the date?
A. 15th of June for 500 barrels, at 261/2

Q. Deliverable when?

A. Cash on delivery; delivery to be made at buver's option, during the present year.
Q. What is buyer's option?
A. It means that the buyer has the option of calling for it at any time during that year—that is from June 15th. At any time Wightman & Anderson would give me fifteen days notice they could call for it.
Q. What is the next one?
A. The next one is the same date. Tune A. The next one is the same date—June 5th, Wightman & Anderson buyers, James

O'Connor sellers: twenty-six cents, deliverable buyer's option, during the present year, 1867, Richard T. Leech, broker.

Q. Who made this contract for you? A. Mr. Tack. Q. What is the next?

A. The next is a contract that was made by wire—that is, by telegraph. It was effected by Augustus Tack, through the order of Theodore. It is dated Philadelphia, June 14, 1867, for 500 barrels.

Q. Who were the parties.
A. Simmens & Gueldermeister were the buyers, James O'Connor of Pittsburgh, through Tack Brothers the sellers. What is the price?

A. The price twenty-three cents, buyer's option, during the month of August, signed Rose, Ambühl & Co., brokers.

Q. What is next.

A. Philadelphia, Lynn 14, 1007

Q. What is next.
A. Philadelphia, June 14, 1807, two contracts for 1,000 barrels divided into 500 each, for account of Simmons & Guildermeister of New York. *Twenty-four cents, deliverable buyers' option during the month of September; Rose, Ambühl & Co., brokers. The next is on the 15th of June, 1867, J. C. Kirkpatrick buyer; deliverable October, 1867, at buyer's option, they giving the seller ten days notice; price, twenty-four cents; made by Tack Brothers for me. for me.

Q. What is the next?

A. What is the next?
A. June 15, 1867, James O'Connor sel. lers, J. C. Kirkpatrick buyers, 500 barrels, month of July at buyer's option, giving ten days notice; sold for me by Tack Brothers. The next is the same date, 15th; James O'Connor seller, J. C. Kirkpatrick buyer, 500 barrels, twenty-four cents, deliverable during the title. Also, by Tack Brothers. Next, June 15, 1867, buyer's option, ten days notice, at subject by the fine the city of September, buyer's option, ten days notice, at subject by the subject by the fine the city of September, buyer's option, ten days notice, at wenty-four cents; made by Tack Brothers. Next, June 18, 1867, twenty-three and a half cents, deliverable during the month buyer's option, 1000 barrels, National Refinery and Storing Company; by Tack Brothers, brokers, Next, June 18, 1867, ing Company, twenty-three cents, deliverable during the month of August, buyer's option; Tack Brothers & Co. The next; deliverable during the month of August, buyer's option; Tack Brothers & Co. The next; deliverable during the month of July, 1867, half cents, to the Philadelphia firm, Tack ceptors. The next is a duplicate of that Brothers, Bunker Brothers & Co. the acone, the same date.

Mr. Cassidy The contract shows it was Made with Brewer, Burke & Co., Mr. Cassidy The contract shows it was made with Brewer, Burke & Co., Mr. Cassidy The contract shows it was made with Brewer, Burke & Co., Mr. Cassidy The paper will show it, Mr. Cassidy The paper will show it, Mr. Cassidy The paper will show it, Mr. Mann. I suppose it is part of a lot which was brothers of all upon them for the device of the lot which was brothers. A. June 15, 1867, James O'Connor sel.

Q. Who were the purchasers of that contract?

Mr. Cassidy. Wait a moment. The paper will speak for itself.

Mr. Mann. The other side has alleged that it is a mistake. [To witness:] Is there any mistake in that paper?

than that; that I must not believe every thing I was sold; and that he did not believe would would vanced, but not that much; that they had no such advices, but he would immediately telegraph to Philadelphia to see what was the matter.

contract?

than that; that I must not believe every would would cussed that it is a mistake in that paper? there any mistake in that paper?

A. Not in regard to Bunker Brothers being the buyers.

Q. Is there any mistake about any other

A. There is one or the other, or both. Mr. Hagart. Never mind.
Mr. Mann. We offer to prove that he made a contract with Mr. Tuck and these four papers were the subdivisions of a con-tract, and what he said and what they said.

Mr. Cassidy objects.

Judge Brewster. The question is, what
Tack said about these particular contracts. Q. What was said about these contracts?
A. I went to Tack's office by appointment. Mr. Finney was to be there. He got there before I did a few minutes, and when I went in Mr. Finney told me what they had one while I was walking down, and asked my approval. Mr. Tack said he could sell 1,500 barrels of oil, deliverable 250 in July, 250 in August, 250 in September, 250 in October, 250 in November and 250 in December, 250 in November and 250 in December and October, 250 in November and 250 in December, at a specified price. I agreed to it. He didn't tell me who they were—it was part of his contract that he was to get good buyers. He told me Brewer, Burke & Co. had sold 1,500 in the same way—"short." Several days elapsed, and in the interim Theodore Tack came to Philadelphia, and when finally it came to be put into paper it eventuated in Bunker Brothers becoming the buyers.

Mr. Cassiday. That is all they said?

Mr. Cassiday. That is all they said?
A. Mr. Frank Tack went with me in person to Brewer, Burke & Co.'s office, and I accepted these identical contracts. There are six of them.

Mr. Mann. These are all dated June 19th.

Mr. Mann. These are all dated June 19th.
A. They were not accepted on that day.
Across the face is written "Accepted—Bunker & Bros." Across the bottom is written "Bunker Bros. & Co., Brokers. 250 barrets each, deliverable one lot in September, one lot in October, one lot in August, one lot in November, one lot in July, one lot in December."

What was the next operation? A. The next was June 25; James C. Kirk-A. The next was June 25; James C. Kirk-patrick, buyers.
Mr. Mann. These are dated June 25th, 1867. Signed by Tack Brothers & Co., Brokers. Accepted—J. C. Kirkpatrick & James Lyons. James O'Connor is the seller, and the buyers Kirkpatrick & Lyons.—three contracts of 500 barrels each.
Q. When was it you made the first contract?

Q. The last one? [Last one read in evidence Q. This is 1000 barrels at 27? Yes, sir.
What was the amount of these alto-

A. June 12th.

getnerr
A. 16,000 barrels,
Q. Did these Tack Bros. negotiate the
whole of these for you? Yes, sir. Q. What was the amount you were to pay

hem as commission?
Mr. Cassidy—When you say "Tack Bros." please tell us who you mean? Q. At this time you had intercourse with Theodore and Augustus Tack—you have said nothing yet about Frank?

Mr. Hagert—But he will now that you

call his attention to it. Q. How much were you to pay them? A. It was to be 1½ per cent.
Q. What would that have amounted to

n these sales?
A. About \$3,000. A. About \$3,000.
Q. That contract dated July 2d, was it made then or before?
A. That contract was dated July 2d; it was not closed until about July 7th or 8th; it was made in Philadelphia by "wire," and Mr. Frank Tack was the party who advised me in Pittsburgh in regard to it.

there?

A. Well, the latter part of June Mr. Theodore Tack told me it was necessary to come to Philadelphia; that he was coming on here to do what is called settle—in the oil business they call it, at the close of the month, "settling" time for that particular month; and he stated that one of his reasons for coming on was that he had business. sons for coming on was that he had business in Philadelphia; that he wanted to be present here with his brother Augustus at ness in Philadelphia; that he wanted to be present here with his brother Augustus at settling time. The second reason was that he was coming on to Philadelphia to give his own personal attention, in addition to his broihers', to this whole matter of his own contracts and my contracts and all the contracts he was interested in. He told me this, that he purposed bringing with him \$20,000 of United States bonds, which he said he had then lodged (belonging to his firm) in the Exchange National Bank at Pittsburgh. His object in bringing that \$20,000 in United States bonds with him was that, if necessary, when he got here—in going still further "short" of oil sometimes they require a margin of a dollar a barrel, or whatever the special agreement may be—he required it for that purpose, as well as to protect his own interests and the interests of myself and all his customers, and that he would fully report to and advise me precisely how every thing worked in Philadelphia and let me know about it. He started and came to Philadelphia for that express purpose—now I didn't see him get into the cars to come here.

Q. But you missed him from Pittsburgh?

Q. But you missed him from Pittsburgh? A. Yes, sir; and I received letters from Q. He told you he was going, and you saw no more of him?

A. Yes, sir.
Q. Did he write to you? A. Yes, sir. Q. How soon? A. Well, I think the letter is dated July

Witness produces letter.] It is postmarked July 3d.
Q. When did you get it?
A. I believe I got this letter on the mornng of July 5th.

ing of July ath.
Q. Will you read it?
A. It is dated July 3d, and posted July 3d, and I believe I got on the 5th.
Q. The 4th was a holiday?

cause of it-to see what was the matter. | you? Theodore was the natter.

Theodore was there at that time, and so was Augustus. He told me not to feel uneasy about it—not to feel worried; that what oil brokers said was as a rule not very reliable, and that I must not believe everything I leard. He told me to go home and keep cool and quiet, and he would let me know as soon as he received his dispatches. That

was about the conversation.

Q. When did you next see him? A. Well, either that day or the next day he came up to my house in person. I was in my bath-room.

A. [Mr. Cassidy.] Who did?
A. Mr. Frank Tack. I opened the bathroom door and Frank Tack was there, and he poked at me a telegram, and as I was wet and undressed and every thing of that kind, I told him to tell me what he had to say. He told me that that day, as far as I was the say that had a say a say the told me that that day, as far as I was the told me that that day as far as I was the told me that that day as far as I was the told me that that day as far as I was the told me that the told me the told me that the told me that the told me the told recollect, the fuss that had occurred at Philadelphia, owing to the seizure of a very large quantity of refined petroleum here; that General Cummings, the collec-tor of the district, had made a raid upon the refined petroleum of the city.

Mr. Cassidy. This is what he told you?

A. Well, I can't tell his exact words; it is an impossibility for me to recite every man's exact words, for the last nine or ten months.

Q. That General Cummings had made a

A. Well, I don't know that he made use of the words, but he stated that the excitement was owing to the fact that General Cummings, the collector of this port, had seized very large quantities or immense quantities of refined oil, and that that had produced great excitement in the trade. And I asked him what was the cause of it, and he said he did not know; but that Gus. Tack, his brother, would go to Washington, and see U. S. Commissioner Rollins, and have the thing rectified, and that he would go after General Cummings, and get him removed from his office; it was that serious a matter. I then would be the serious a matter. serious a matter. I then went and told my partner, Mr. Finney all about it, what he had told me.

had told me.
Q. What was the next advice you had?
A. I think the next advice after that was that Mr. Frank Tack told me that Gus. had that Mr. Frank Tack told me that Gus. had been to Washington city, and got the matter straightened out there.

Mr. Cassidy. This conversation with Mr. Tack you speak of was on the 5th of July?

A. No. I don't know that it was on the 5th of July.

Q. I understood you to say so.

A. Oh, the conversation about Mr. Guthrie was on the 5th of July, and this, I think, was the next day.

was the next day.

Judge Brewster. That would be the 6th. A. The 6th; that is my impression; there has been so much said about this thing that

I can't possibly state exactly

Mr. Cassidy. It is marvellous you re ember so much. A. I will try to give you all I know. [Letter of July 3, 1867, to Mr. O Connor read to the jury.]

Q, You got that letter on the 5th of July, you said?

A. To the best of my recollection, I get that on the morning of the 5th.

Q. Whai did you do then, after you got that letter? A. Well, oil did not go down.
Q. Did you remain in Pit(sburgh?

Q. Did Theodore return? A. He returned a few days subsequent to Q. Did you see him?
A. Yes, sir. In the first place he came home on Saturday or Sunday: the first person I saw after that was Frank Tack:

he met me at the door going into church, and showed me a letter that he had got from the firm. I think it was in Gus's handwriting, giving me a message. It read thus: "Tell O'Connor that his contracts." Mr. Cassidy. Where is the letter?
A. It was his own letter. He has it. Whose letter?

A. Gus. Tack's letter to Tack Bros. & Co., Pittsburgh. And he read me the letter, and gave me the letter, and I showed it to Mr. Finney and after that I returned it to Mr. Cassidy. What was the date of this

interview?

interview?

A. Probably along the 8th or 9th or 10th of July, It was subsequent to the 5th.

Q. What did he state?

A. The letter stated: "Tell O'Connor his contracts are all right; that he will make money; after the delivery of all they were bound to deliver, they would have a surplus of several thousand barrels of oil which they could loan to their friends. I don't say these were the exact words, but that is the substance of the letter. And he then stated that same day that Theodore had got home, but was very tired and would then stated that same day that Theodore had got home, but was very tired and would not see me on Sunday unless I insisted upon it. Frank brought me this letter and showed me it—it was from the Philadelphia house—giving me the latest news. He then stated about Theodore's arrival and that he was very tired and that it being Sunday, that he preferred not seeing me unless I insisted upon it; that he was tired and had been hard at work in Philadelphia, and would meet me next morning at Mr. Finney's office.

Q. [By Mr. Cassidy.] That is the conversation with Mr. Frank? A. As far as I had conversation with Frank Tack.
Q. [Mr. Mann.] You did see Theodore the next day?

A. I saw him by appointment the next day at Mr. Finney's office.

WEDNESDAY. COMMONWEALTH vs. TACK BROS.

MORNING SESSION. imonwealth's case resumed. James O'Conner, a witness, was recalled by the prosecution and examined by Dis-trict Attorney Mann. Question. You stated yesterday that you saw Theo. Tack at his office; that was in July was it not?

July. was it not?

Answer, That was on Monday, July 9, after his return from the city of Philadelphia; Mr. Frank Tack had arranged on the preceeding Sunday that Theodore would meet me at Mr. Finney's office on Monday morning, July 9, and he did so.

Q. What did you say to him?

A: Well, he told me that this temporary advance in oil was caused by a "corner," a combination, which had "called" about 70,000 barrels of oil simultaneously, and that a man by the name of Logan, Wm. P. Logan, had been the instrument of doing it; that the price of oil would soon decline; it was merely temporary; that his interests it; that the price of oil would soon decline; it was merely temporary; that his interests were then, on that day, just the same as they had been, my interests. They were largely short of oil yet; for me to feel easy about it, because all the oil that could be toollad! from him on my agent was during about it, because all the oil that could be "called" from him as my agent was during the month of July, and would not amount to but very little money; and that this little temporary thing would pass away and that I would be all right. He also told me that Mr. Crucy's circulars, stating that there were a very large number of vessels loading for Europe; an immense demand, and every thing of that kind, had also added to the stimulation of the market. He went on and discussed this whole matter He went on and discussed this whole matter fully for an hour and a half or two hours

over again; and he said there would be no trouble, my losses would be only temporary, and we discussed that a little and went home a great deal better pleased.

Q. Have you the circulars he showed

Yes, sir. Where are thev? A. In that case, (referring to a package from which he took several papers,) one of these is the circular I received, or is addressed to Mr. Tack, and handed to me at the time; I had it at least. The others are issued by Crucy to the public, and those are the

(Witness is stopped by Mr. Cassidy.) That must be the one, I presume, from the fact of its being addressed to me. (Repeated.) I say I presume that is the one, for the reason that it is addressed to Tack Q. You have no doubt about its

A. No more than that I know Mr. Cassidy is Mr. Cassidy.
Q. We want no ambiguous terms presume"—that is the one? [Objected to.]
Q. [By the Court.] What have you to say about that, Mr. O'Connor? A. That is a circular of Jules Crucy & Co., oil brokers. That circular is dated June 22d.

Mr. Cassidy. Never mind that.
A. (Continued.) I got that paper from
Mr. Tack, Mr. Theo. Tack.
Q. [By Mr. Cassidy.] On the occasion
you refer to? A. Well, on or about that time.
Q. What do you mean by that—the next lay or the day before?

day or the day before?
A. I told you yesterday, and I tell you again, it is impossible for me to go back nine or ten months in an immense matter like this and say that I did a particular thing on a particular day.
Q. I am not inviting you for a speech, I want to know what you mean by "on or about?"

A. Well, about these conversations—that circular was brought and handed to me about the time he was explaining to me in corroboration of this statement about the large amount of oil. Cross-examined. Q. Do you mean by "on or about" the day before or the day after? Yes or no about that?

A. I cannot say positively as to dates.
Q. [By the Court.] It was about the date of the other conversation you have spoken of?

A. On or about that time.
Q. That he brought that circular up?
Yes, sir. Yes, sir.
[Circular withdrawn for the present.] Q. What did he [Theo. Tack] say to you about the circular? A. He said, either at the time when he In the latter part of June, before he came last, he had told me who Jules Crucy & Co. were.

Q. What did he say?
A. He told me that they were a Greek Q. [By the Court.] What is the name of he Greek house. A. Jules Crucy & Co. And he told me they were a reliable house, a respectable Q. Did he show you anything else besides that circular?—anything in regard to the seizure of oil? A. About the seizure of oil—that was

with Frank Tack, as I stated fully yesterday, in Mr. Theo,'s absence.
What took place after that interview?
Q. [Mr. Cassidy.] To what interview do A. The last interview (of which we are now speaking) occurred at Mr. Tack's office, about the 10th or 11th of July, about

his losing money, the reports on the street about him, and about my being broken up. Q. You described that fully? A. Yes, sir. Then about one week after that, finding that oil did not go up, and feeling—. [Witness again interrupted by

[Mr. O'Connor—Do you want to know exactly the very time I saw him?]
[District Attorney—O no.] What next onversation? Well, the most important matter was A. Well, the most important matter was that I sent for him to come to my house on the 27th of July, and he came to my house in Pittsburgh about three o'clock in the afternoon, and I told him it was asserted that he had betrayed my confidence. I told him that I was advised that he and others had gotten up this "corner" by which I would lose a large sum of money, and I told him I wanted to know what he had to say about it. Mr. Theo. Tack said that those statements that had been made that their firm or he or other parties had gotten up this

ments that had been made that their firm or he or other parties had gotten up this "corner," or were instrumental in all this thing, he said those statements were not true. I told him that I would come on to Philadelphia and investigate it fully, that I would trace it up, and if it was not true I would be very glad of it, because I had thought up to that moment a great deal of him. Q. [By Mr. Cassidy.] This is what you said to him?

A. Yes sir, this is what I told him, ex-

A. Yes sir, this is what I told him, exactly word for word. He then said I would have hard work to prove it, I replied to that, "Theodore that is not the answer of an honest man; if it is true I will prove it, and if it is true and I prove it, you had better be in some unmentionable place than be where you are."

Q. [By Mr. Cassidy.] Was that what you said? State all you said, and that only.

A. I would rather not do so here, but if you insist I will state it. ou insist I will state it. Mr. Cassidy. You said you remembered t accurately. Let us have it all.

Witness asked: Shall I state exactly what Mr. Mann. Certainly.

A. I said to him, word for word, "that if I was true and I found it out to be so, and that he had betrayed my confidence and gone after and robbed me, that he had better be in hell." That was my language, sir.

Q. What did he say to this?

A. He did not reply at all. He got up and left the room. I got in the carriage, went to the depot, and came to Philadelphia that afternoon. phia that afternoon.

Q. Who did you see when you got to Philadelphia? A. I went with Mr. Finney to see Mr. Augustus Tack, the partner of Theodore, (who has an office here on Walnut street,) on Monday morning.
Q. What occurred?

Q. What occurred?

A. Mr. Finney came with me from Pittsburgh on this particular business. The first thing Mr. Augustus Tack told me was to say that I had been on the streets here in Philadelphia reporting that they had acted dishenestly and that I ought not to have done it. I told him I had seen no oil man, or oil broker, or anything of the kind, but had come right down from the "Continental Hotel," where I was stopping, with Mr. Finney, to his (Tack's) office, and he was the first I had talked to on that subject. That was the first remark that was made when we went into the office. Then Mr. Augustus Tack said they were not in this "corney" and compiled. Mr. Augustus Tack said they were not in this "corner" and combination; that they had not acted in the manner in which it had not acted in the manner in which it was alleged that they had.

Mr. Cassidy. Do you mean to say he used the words "corner" and "combination?" A. Yes, sir. It was well known there Q. Did he use that word?
A. Corner? Yes ""

A. Corner? Yes, "corner;" he used it.
That he was not in that "corner."
Q. What next?
A. He then went on to say that I had al-

A. "Brewer, Burke & Co."

Mr. Cassidy. The contract shows it was made with Brewer, Burke & Co.?

Mr. Mann. I asked who the buyers were?

Mr. Cassidy. The paper will show it.

Mr. Mann. I suppose it is part of a lot which was broken up and sold in lots.

Mr. Mann. I suppose it is part of a lot with was but you can't contradict the paper; be made for 1,000 barrels, and when they split it up in this Judge Brewster. The witness cannot contradict or vary the paper; he may explain it.

A. Was very much excited anout 1c—ane there.

Q. That was July 2ft.

A. Yes, sir.

Q. What next?

A. Yes, sir.

A. The next interview I had Mr. Theo are goed deal of business, befriended them in great hurry; he was hunting around for certain parties to call upon them for the deliveres of their oil, and he wanted to know with the paper; he may explain it.

Mr. Mann. I suppose the contract was a seller of oil on his own individual account, as a seller of oil on his own individual account, the toput it into writing they split it up in this Judge Brewster. The witness cannot contradict or vary the paper; he may explain it.

MARRIED: KALER-HALL On Thursday evening, April 16 1868, at St. James Church, Pittsburgh, by the Rev. George Slattery, Mr. E. P. KALER and Miss SARAH L. HALL, both of Pittsburgh, Pa.

DIED;

BARKER. -On Saturday. April 18th, 1868, Mrs. FANNY, wife of William Barker, Sr., in the 75th year of her age. Funeral from the residence of her husband, No. 70 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, 21st inst., at 20'clock P. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

LET NOT YOUR PREJUDICE USURP YOUR REASON.

It is a fact that, in the minds of many persons, prejudice exists against what are called patent medicines; but why should this prevent you resorting to an article that has such an array of testimony to support it as HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BIT-

to support it as HOSTETTER'S BTOMACH BITTERS? Physicians prescribe it; why should you discard it? Judges, usually considered men of talent, have used and desert it in their families; why should you reject it? Lee it in their families; why should you reject it? Lee it in their families; why your reason to the everlastine fuller of your health. If you are slek, and require a medicine, try these litters.

When the bodily energies are worn out by anxiety and need a stimulant, this is the best that can be taken. It is tempered and modified by hygienic health and roots, which prevent it from fevering the blood, and hence it does not produce a mere temporary excitement, to be followed by injurious reaction, but communicates a permanent potency to the entire vital organization. Some of its herbal consiteurits are slightly soporific, so that in cases where sleeplessness is one of the accompaniments of nervous disease, a dose of it taken towards bedtime will tend to produce quiet and refreshing slumber. For paiplitation of heart, tremors, bysteries, fainting its, general reatiessness and the causeless fears and distressing fancies to which ladies are especially subject, under certain morbid conditions of mind anabedy peculiar to their sex, the Bitters will be found the most agreeable and certain of all counteriritants.

The constitutionally nervous may readily keep their infirmity in constant cheek by the daily use of this healthful vegetable: tonic; and those who have shattered their nerves, "as the phrase is, either by imprudent indulgence or undue physical or intellectual labor, will find in this vitalizing clixir a prompt restorative. NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ELECTION NOTICE.—THE MONONGAHELA WATER CO. Will be held at the First National Bank of Birming-ham, on TUESDAY, May 5th. 1868, between the hours of 4 and 6 o'clock it. M. ap21:088 EDWARD MOYE, Secretary. WANTED.-A SITUATION.-A

ANTEIN.—A SETUALISM who has a sober, steady and trustworthy man who has had affect years experience in the peddling and general omnission business, and who can present unquestionable references, is desirous of processing a situation. Address,

Washingstowille, ap21:

Columbiana county, Ohio. WANTED,

A SMART, INTELLIGENT BOY, For a pupil, and to act as assistant to a Mechanical Engineer. Premium required. Address Box 50, P. O., Allegheny City, Pa. ap16:062

TO LET, TWO GOOD DWELLINGS,

On 47 Ohio street, two doors west of Diamond each containing two rooms and two porches.

Enquire at 46 Ohio street.

apri:083

W. CARSON. TRAY HORSE.—A LIGHT BAY HORSE was taken up by the Police, on Tucsday, the 14th inst. 15½ hands high; two bind feet white; dark mane and tall; about eight years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, bay charges and take it away, or it will be sooned to the 25th inst. to pay expenses.

AATTHEW J. GREENE. DISSOLUTION.—The firm of

GREGG & CLENDINING. Was dissolved on the 15th inst., by mutual consent. Either partner will sign the name of the firm in settlement. JAMES GREEG, No. 4 Hand street. WM.-CLENDINING, No. 50 Hand st. Pittsburgh, April 15th, 1868.

JAMES GREGG will continue the old business at to. 4 Hand street. All orders will be promptly at-The business will also be continued at the old stand, No. 50 Hand street, by WM. OLENDIN-ING.

A. BRADLEY. W. VANKIRK. J. S. BRADLEY

ÆTNA STOVE WORKS. A. BRADLEY & CO... Manufacture every variety of Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

GRATES, GRATE FRONTS, &c.

Office and Warehouse, corner of Second and Wood treets, Pittsburgh. Entrance on Second street, ap21:79 ORPHANS' COURT SALE. ON THURSDAY, APRIL 23d, 1868,

AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M.,

ung, deceased. Terms will be made known on day of sale. By order of the Orphans' Court. JOHN GASS, Jr., Administrator. J. LUDEWIG KOETHEN, Attorney, 71 Grant

CITY OF PITTSBURGH WATER LOAN. Proposals for Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars,

oction where extension Loan Bonds," will be restreet at the office of the City Controller, Fourth Street. Bonds will bear SEVEN PER CENT. INTERS The Bonds will bear SEVEN PER CENT. INTERS The Street with Coupons attached. The Coupons are payable senit-antually, at the office of the City Treasury, and antually at the office of the City Treasury, and antually the payable in Twenty-five years. A SINKING FUND DE THEIR ULTI-KOUPONS ARE BY LAW MADE RECEIVABLE FOR WATELIGHERS, LAW MADE RECEIVABLE THE BONDS ARE BY ACT OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY, FREED FROM STATE, COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL TAXATION.

It is a well known fact that Bonds issued for water purposes, in all large cities, have proved safe and very desirable investments.

All blag under par will be acted upon. The Bonds are to be issued in denominations of 1,000, \$300 and \$200.

By order of the Finance Committee.

ap21:094 THOMAS STEEL. Controller. NEW GOODS!

WHITE AND BLACK LAMA LACE MANTLES.

DRESS SHAWLS.

EVENING

PIQUES AND CHINTZES. THE LATEST NOVELTIES IN

์ เมเด็กได้เกิด (ก็ได้ ตับ 25)

SILK MANTLES. A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

COUNTERPANES AND PUBNITURE COVERING. BATES & BELL.

DRESS GOODS

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS L'IGHTH LIST OF APPLICA-TIONS TO SELL LIQUORS, filed in the Clerk's ice, for the months of March and April, 1868.

Pittsburgh.

John Rowley, tavern, 1st ward.
Mordicht Johns, tavern, 1st ward.
Fred. Vierheiler, tavern, 1st ward.
Fred. Vierheiler, tavern, 1st ward.
Schaum & Roessing, tavern, 1st ward.
John F. Morgan, tavern, 1st ward.
John F. Morgan, tavern, 1st ward.
Morgan Thomas, tavern, 1st ward.
Morgan Thomas, tavern, 1st ward.
John Ryland, tavern, 1st ward.
John Ryland, tavern, 1st ward.
John M. Keller, tavern, 1st ward.
John M. Keller, tavern, 1st ward.
John M. Keller, tavern, 1st ward.
James McColl, tavern, 1st ward.
James McColl, tavern, 1st ward.
F. C. Weigant, eating house, 1st ward.
F. C. Weigant, eating house, 1st ward.
Wm. Haslage & Co., other goods, 1st ward.
Wm. Haslage & Co., other goods, 1st ward.
John Sheaffer, tavern, 2d ward.
John Sheaffer, tavern, 2d ward.
John Andregg, tavern, 2d ward.
Ross Laverty, tavern, 2d ward.
Ross Laverty, tavern, 2d ward. Pittsburgh. avid Reich, tavern, 2d ward.

oba Laverty, tavern, 2d ward.

ohn Brown, tavern, 2d ward.

ohn Smith, tavern, 2d ward.

orist, Gotthold, eating house, 2d ward.

N. Miller, other goods, 2d ward.

erker & Speck, other goods, 2d ward.

ohn Mulherron, tavern, 3d ward.

ohn Mulherron, tavern, 3d ward.

wen Corcoran, tavern, 3d ward.

wen Corcoran, tavern, 3d ward.

me Gazzola, tavern, 3d ward.

ard. ern. 3d ward. house. 3d ward. rancis McLaughlin, tavern. 3d ward.
ohanna McGraw, eating house. 3d ward.
J. Speck, other goods, 3d ward.
leGraw & McCann, other goods, 3d ward.
vm. Lowry, tavern, 4th ward.
os. Rhinehart, tavern, 4th ward.
os. Rhinehart, tavern, 4th ward.
ohn McGrady, tavern, 4th ward.
ohn McGrady, tavern, 4th ward.
unhail & McGrady, other goods, 4th ward.
lunhail & McGraw, other goods, 4th ward.
ledry McGwiggen.

y. N. Chessman, tavern. 4th ward.
John McGrady, tavern. 4th ward.
Wm. McCoy, eating houte. 4th ward.
Wm. McCoy, eating houte. 4th ward.
Munhail & McGraw, other goods, 4th ward.
Hedry McSwiggen, other goods, 4th ward.
M. McGullough & Co, other goods, 4th ward.
M. McGullough & Co, other goods, 4th ward.
Jacob Fuchs, tavern, 5th ward.
Jacob Fuchs, tavern, 5th ward.
Jacob Fuchs, tavern, 5th ward.
Wm. Buerge, tavern, 5th ward.
Wm. Buerge, tavern, 5th ward.
J. K. Lanahan, tavern, 5th ward.
J. K. Lanahan, tavern, 5th ward.
J. K. Lanahan, tavern, 5th ward.
David Boyd.
J. Morgan, tavern, 5th ward.
Laward Harker, tavern, 5th ward.
Edward Harker, tavern, 5th ward.
Host. Lindsay, tavern, 5th ward.
Host. Lindsay, tavern, 5th ward.
Thos. Duggan, tavern, 5th ward.
F. Detcel, eating house, 5th ward.
F. Detcel, eating house, 5th ward.
P. & M. Kane, other goods, 5th ward.
Jas. Williams, eating house, 6th ward.
Jas. Williams, eating house, 6th ward.
John Watson, other goods, 6th ward.
John Watson, other goods, 6th ward.
Alex. Haughey, tavern, 7th ward.
Menry Allen, other goods, 8th ward.
Menry Allen, other goods, 8th ward.
Mary Fleming, other yoods, 8th ward.
Mary Fleming, other yoods, 8th ward.

Jos. Ludewig, eating house, 10th ward.
Jas. S. Pancost, eating house, 10th ward.
Xavier Walz, eating house, 10th ward.
Neb. Young, eating house, 10th ward.
David Haworth, other goods, 10th ward.
Wm. Clayton & Son. other goods, 10th ward.
J. Adam Weber & Co., other goods, 10th ward.
Acob Keller, other goods, 10th ward.
Nich. Young, other goods, 10th ward. Allegheny.

Boroughs.

Townships. Christ. Drenhauser, tavern, Baldwin. Christ. Fromm, tavern, Baldwin. Chas. Hambet, tavern, Collins. Jos. Gansten, tavern, Collins. Jonas Smith, tavern, Collins. Jacob Weigel, tavern, Fitt.

Jacob Weigel, tavern, Phili.

John W. Chark, tavern, Collins.

Mahala Gardiner, tavern, Chartiers.

John W. Chark, tavern, Chartiers.

Jos. Wright, tavern, South Fayette.

Mich. Mansdeld, tavern, South Fayette.

Mich. Mansdeld, tavern, South Fayette.

Geo. Hegela, eating house, Harrison.

Robt. Euwer, tavern, Harrison.

Robt. Euwer, tavern, Mifflin.

Chas. Engel, tavern, Mifflin.

Adam Bolt, tavern, McClure.

velt. Kaltenheiser, tavern, Oakland.

Leopoid Klee, tavern, Oakland.

John O'Donnell, tavern, Oakland.

John O'Donnell, tavern, Oakland.

John Chonnell, tavern, Oakland.

John Chonnell, tavern, Allan.

Thos. Carroli, other goods, Penn.

Richald Turner, tavern, Richland.

Cath. Leonard, tavern, Hohland.

Cath. Leonard, tavern, Hohland.

Cath. Leonard, tavern, Soutt.

Samuel J. Heath, tavern, Soutt.

Samuel J. Heath, tavern, Lower St. Clair.

Macy Beltzhoover, tavern, Lower St. Clair.

Mary Maguire, tavern, Lower St. Clair.

John Leonard, tavern, Lower St. Clair.

Fred. Hampe, tavern, Lower St. Clair.

John Leonard, tavern, Lower St. Clair.

Fred. Hampe, tavern, Lower St. Clair.

John Leonard, tavern, Lower St. Clair.

Fred. Hampe, tavern, Lower St. Clair.

John Leonard, tavern, Lower St. Clair.

Fred. Hampe, tavern, Lower St. Clair.

John Leonard, tavern, Lower St. Clair.

The License Board will sit on MONDAY, the 37th day of April; 1868, at 9 o'clock A; M. for

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF THREE HOUSES AND LOTS.

JOHN G. BROWN, Clerk.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny County, dated April 18th, 1868, the Executor of Peter Creahan, deceased, will sell at the County House, in the County House, in the City of Pitteburgh, on Wednesday, May 13, 1868.

AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.,

All that certain LOT OF GROUND situate in the village of Noblestown, Allegheny county, Penna, fronting on the State road, leading to Pittsburgh, and being the second lot from the corner of the rownship road and the State road. Beginning at a post, 31 feet from the east corner of F. Marshall and said free than to a post, said post being 8 feet from the corner of a house owned by the said Greahan; thence along the line of said of the said Greahan; thence along the line of said of the said Greahan; thence along the line of said of the said Greahan; thence along the line of said of the said Greahan; the corner of a house owned by the said Greahan; thence along the line of property of David Crouch to the State road; and thence along the state road to the place of beginning—on which is created a two-story frame dwelling house.

Also, All that other LOT OF GROUND situate as aforesaid, bounded as follows, to wit: Beginning at a stone on the northeast side of Mill street, near the tavern house; thence by a lot of ground belonging at a stone on the northeast side of Mill street, near the solouse; thence north 36½ degrees east 12 -10 perches to a stone in the run; thence by a lot of ground belonging to the heirs of Joseph McMurry, south 33½ degrees west 7 and 9-10 perches to a post; thence by a lot of ground belonging to the heirs of Joseph McMurry, south 33½ degrees west 7 and 9-10 perches to a post; thence by a lot of ground belonging to the heirs of Joseph McMurry, south 33½ degrees west 7 and 9-10 perches to a post; thence by a lot of ground belonging to the heirs of Joseph McMurry, south 33½ degrees west 7 and 9-10 perches to a post; thence by the lot of ground belonging to the heirs of Joseph McMurry, south 33½ degrees west 64 feet, to the place of beginning, containing Mondel and the place of beginning, containin AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M., to a post; thence by Mills treet north 86% degrees was 66 feet, to the place of beginning, containing 80 perches.

Also, That other icertain LOT OR PIECE OF GROUND, situate as noresaid, bounded as follows, to wit: Reginning at a point on Mill street, (formerly the State road,) at the corner of land of Glenn's heirs; thence along said Mill street 60 feet more or fees, to property now or formerly belonging to B. A. Mevey; thence southwardly along the line of the same 140 feet, more or less, to a point where the above mentioned line of Mevey property corners with a line of other property belonging to B. A. Mevey; thence along said inst mentioned line 60 ft. more or less, to the place of beginning—on which is creeted a two-story frame store house.

For further information inquire of A. M. BROWN, Esq., Attorney-at-law, No. 114 fifth St., Pittsburgh, or of WILLIAM CREAHAN, applied-det.

0.734

FURNITURE, MATTRESSES, GROCERIES, CARPETS, PIANOS, MIRRORS, EXTENSION TABLES.

And Household Goods at Auction, THURSDAY, April 33d, at MASS OIC HALL, AUCTION HOUSE, 55 and 57 Fig. a street, at 10 O'clock A. M., will be sold an are fig. a street, at 10 O'clock A. M., will be sold an are fig. a street, at 10 O'clock A. M., will be sold an are fig. a street, at 10 O'clock A. M., will be sold an are fig. a street, at 10 O'clock Tables, Bedsteads and Lounges, Botas, and Yans, Tete-a-Tetes, Soft Lounges, Botas, and Chairs, Extension, Card, Side, Dining and Kitchen Hedding of all kinds. Desks, Wardrobes and Book Tables, new Halr, Husk and Cotton Mattrasses and Hearing, Hope, &c. Teas, Mackeral, Shad and At 30 Clock P. M. new Carpets will be sold in plain Window Blinds and Shades.

Planos.

SMITHSON, VANHOOK & MCCLELLAND. Auctioneers. DOTY CLOTHES WASHER, the October 1 Sole agents for this county. Seorge Pine Grove, to arrive for sale by BAIAH DIGREY & CO.