TWELVE O'CLOCK M.

IMPEACHMENT. Re-assembling of the Court-Replication of the Impeachment Managers—The Application for

Retires for Consultation—Trial to Proceed Monday Next-Proceedings in the House-Discussion of the Replication.

[By Telegraph to the Inttsburgh Gazette.] WASHINGTON, March 24, 1868. SENATE.

Mr. MORGAN, from the Committee on Finance, reported a bill to abolish the office of Superintendent of Exports and Draw-

The bill to regulate the presentation of bills to the President and return thereof

Mr. DAVIS moved to strike out the section providing that a bill presented to the President and not returned by him with his objections within the ten days specified, shall become a law, and making it his duty to return it to the Secretary of State, who is to certify that it has become a law. The amendment was lost after some delays and the bill passed, twenty-nine against ten.
Nays-Messrs. Buckalew, Bayard, Davis, ient was lost after some debate and Nays—Messrs. Buckalew, Bayard, Davis, Doolittle, Dixon, McCreery, Morton, Norton, Saulsbury and Williams.

Mr. WILSON, from the Committee on

Military Affairs, reported favorably the joint resolution to place at the disposal of the Lincoln Monument Association certain

captured ordinance.
Mr. CRAGIN, from the Committee to Audit the Contingent Expenses of the Senate, reported favorably on the bill making an appropriation for the expenses for the trial of impeachment of Andrew Johnson and other contingent expenses for the year ending June 30th, 1868. Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

THE IMPEACHMENT TRIAL. Mr. SHERMAN offered an order that the Mr. SHERMAN oliered an order that the order in regard to the admission to the galleries be suspended until further order, and that the Sorgeant-at-Arms shall take care that order be observed in the galleries during the trial of impeachment, and authorizing him to arrest and bring before the Senate any person violating order, and to take care that no person enter the diplo-

matic, ladies' and reporters' galleries but those entitled to admission. Laid over. The Clerk of the House appeared and an-nounced that the House had adopted a repli-cation to the answer of the President of the United States One o'clock having arrived, the President pro tem vacated the chair for the Chief Justice, who took his seat ordering tice, who took his seat, ordering proclama-mation, which was made accordingly by the

the counsei for the President, Messrs. Stanbery, Curtis, Evarts, Nelson and Groesbeck entered and took their seats. At five minutes past one the Managers were announced and took their seats, with the exception of Mr. Stevens, who was ab-

The House was announced immediately and the members disposed themseves out-The minutes of the session of yesterday

The minutes of the session of yesterday amounted to indemurrer. He thought there were read by the Secretary, who also read the amouncement of the adoption of a replication by the House.

Mr. BOUTWELL, of the Managers, then said Mr. President: I am charged by the Managers with the duty of presenting the replication offered by the House of Representatives as follows:

The minutes of the session of yesterday amounted to indemurrer. He thought there should be a special replication to that part of the answer, or a joining of demurrer. This general replication to that part of the answer, or a joining of demurrer. This general replication to that part of the answer, or a joining of demurrer. This general replication to that part of the answer, or a joining of demurrer. This general replication to that part of the answer, or a joining of demurrer. This general replication to that part of the answer, or a joining of demurrer. This general replication to that part of the answer, or a joining of demurrer. This general replication did not join any save in that article at all, and was what might be called a departure in pleading.

Mr. BINGHAM said the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. Woodward) would find the eleventh article like many other articles.

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Replication by the House of Representatives of the United States to the answer of Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, to the Articles of Impeachment exhibited against him by the House of Representations

The House of Representatives of the United States have considered the several answers of Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, to the several articles of the United States, to the several articles of impeachment against him, by them exhibited in the name of themselves and of all the people of the United States, and reserving to themselves the advantage of exception to the insufficiency of his answer to each and all of the several articles of impeachment exhibited against said Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, do deny each and every averment in said several answers, or either of them, which denies or traverses the acts, intents, crimes, or misdemeanors charged against said Andrew Johnson, in said articles of impeachment, or either of them, and for replication to the said answer do say that the said Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, is guilty of the high crimes and misdemeanors mentioned in the crimes and misdemeanors mentioned in the said articles, and that the said House of Representatives are ready to prove the

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Time Again Considered—Court

decision.

Mr. BUTLER, one of the Managers, said:
If the Chair will allow me, I will give notice
to the witnesses to appear here on Monday,
the 30th instant, at half past twelve o'clock.
On motion of Senator WILSON, the Court
they adjourned until the date remed at half On motion of Senator WILSON, the Court then adjourned until the date named at half past twelve o'clock, and the Chief Justice vacated the Chair, which was immediately resumed by the President protem, Senator WADE, who called the Senate to order.

Mr. GRIMES moved to go into Executive Session, which, after a vain attempt by Senator ANTHONY to call up the report of the Committee on Rules, prevailed, and the Senate went into Executive session.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. The Committee on Elections reported against both Mr. Kerr and Mr. Young, from Kentucky, and that the Governor of that State be notified of the vacancy. Laid

over.
The Postoffice appropriation bill was verbally amended and goes to the President.
Similar action was taken with the post The Senate bill amending the act of March

3d, 1837, providing for the prompt settlement of public accounts, was passed. REPLY TO THE PRESIDENT'S ANSWER. Mr. BOUTWELL reported a replication to the President's answer, which was read.
[The replication appears in Senate pro-

ceedings.]
Mr. SPALDING inquired from Mr. Boutwell whether the President had denied he was guilty under the articles?
Mr. FARNSWORTH said the President admits facts and denies the guilt.
Mr. SPALDING added, the Managers would be met by legal critics in the Senate.

would be met by legal critics in the Senate, and they had better be careful how they drew up their replication.

Mr. BOUTWELL said the attention of

Mr. BOUTWELL said the attention of the Managers had been drawn to the peculiar form, "filed on behalf of the President," but that the answer was in substance that he was not guilty. Therefore, the form of the replication was different from that usually used in similar cases. The answer to some of the articles amounted to a demurrer merely, but on the whole the Managers had chosen to treat the answer as a plen of not guilty. The Managers were of the opinion that no advantage could be taken as against the House of Representatives to the form of replication now reported. He was form of replication now reported. He was willing to allow an hour for criticism as to form of replication.

Mr. WOODWARD wished to call the attention of the Managers to the fact that the answer of the President to the eleventh article abnounted to a demurrer. His own opinion was the denurrer was very conclusive. Ho did not think! there was very conclusive. peachable offenses charged in the eleventh article. As the answer put that point in issue, which was a legal question, and amounted to a demurrer. He thought there

the eleventh article, like many other articles exhibited against the President, charged him with misdemeanor or high crime in office, so there was no departure whatever in the replication. He desired to whatever in the replication. He desired to call the attention of the gentleman and the House to the fact, that while the answer does contain much that is argumentative, and much that might be called a demurrer, and much that might be called a demurrer, such a thing was never allowed at all in an impeachment. There never had been at demurrer entertained in the Senate or in the peers of England. There was nothing on record. A demurrer did not lie in such cases. Special pleading

did not lie in such cases. Special pleading was unknown in the whole proceeding. The President's answer to the eleventh article expressly denied that he committed a crime, and was therefore a ples of not Here was the clause which conained the general denial:

"And this respondent, further answering the said eleventh article, denies that by means or reason of anything in said article alleged this respondent, as President of the United States, did, on the 21st day of February, 1868, or at any other day or time, commit, or that he was guilty of, a high misdemeanor in office? misdemeanor in office "
He claimed that by parliamentary law that amounted to the same thing as if he had said he was not guilty of the crimes alleged against him in manner and form as

After a momentary pause the Chief Justice asked: Have the counsel for the respondent anything to proposes.

The counsel bowed in acquiescence to the decision.

Mr. BUTLER, one of the Managers, said:

After a momentary pause the Chief Justice asked: Have the counsel for the part of the Managers to declare to the Sensent this replication, and I find in the Baltimore papers of to-day this replication. Sir, are we nobody? Do the gentlemen who have been selected by this replication. aro we nobody? Do the gentlemen who have been selected by this House to represent it in the Senate constitute themselves

the House of Representatives?

Mr. BOUTWELL said he had understood Mr. BOUTWELLsaid he had understood the opinion of the gentleman from New York to be that the replication professes to reply "in the name of all the people of the United States," and that as that gentleman does not agree to it, therefore it is not a good replication. If that were so, that would be an end of the whole prosecution. Mr. WOOD said he had stated that no portion of the people of the United States had authorized this action, and that therefore it did not represent "all the people of the United States," and, indeed, did not represent any of the people.

United States," and, indeed, did not represent any of the people.

Mr. BUTLER replied the Representatives of the people usually represent them; but the gentleman has not even the merit of originality in his objection. The form is one that has been used five hundred years, lacking eight. The objection was made to it once before, and only once, when the people of England, smarting under the usurpation and tyranny of Charles the first, not having any provision in their Constitution, as we have, by which that tyrant could be brought to justice, went outside of their Constitution, and in a perfectly legal manner, as I understand and believe, brought Charles to justice. When proclamation was made that they were proceeding "in the name of all the receiver the search of the control o believe, brought Charles to justice. When proclamation was made that they were proceeding "in the name of all the people of England," one of the King's adherents got up and said, "no: all the people do not consent to it." So the gentleman has at least precedent for what he has done, and I wish we could follow out the precedent in this Court, because the Court inquired who made the objection and tried to find the offender for the purpose of punishing him. (Laughter.) But he could not be found, and afterwards turned out to be a woman. (laughter) the wife of Gen. Fairfax, who rattled on that occasion from the rest of the Commons. It is said by the gentleman from New York! Gen. Fairfax, who rattled on that occasion from the rest of the Commons. It is said by the gentleman from New York that this replication is in a Baltimore paper. I take issue with this fact. This replication was corrected in form at fifteen minutes past eleven o'clock this day. It is copied in part from the great procedents, so far as they apply, and therefore any paper could publish something like it.

Mr. WOOD intimated the Managers had probably altered it after they had sent it to the papers; but he had it here in the Baltimore American, with the names of the Managers attached.

Mr. BUTLER—And as the names of the Managers are not attached to the replication in the rest of the managers are not attached to the replication was against him, and that the same will be presented to the Senate by the Managers of this House.

Mr. SCHENCK, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported the bill to refund duties paid under protest on the importation from France of a bell, donated to St. Mary's Institute at Notre Dame; incorporated by the State of Indiana for philosophical and literary purposes. The bill passed.

MANUFACTURERS' INTERNAL TAX.

The House,

MANUFACTURERS' INTERNAL TAX.

The House, at the instance of Mr. SCHENCK, ordered to be printed the bill to exempt certain manufacturers from internal tax as returned from the Senate with amendments, together with the report

Managers are not attached to the replica-tion, that ends the matter. When we make a replication we do not attach our names to

papers.
Mr. BUTLER said: We never altered it at all. This is a mere formal proceeding. There can be no demurrer, can be no side issues, and all that the President's answer can amount to is a plea of not guilty, with a stump speech in the belly. (Laughter.) That is all. I trust the House will not receive any lectures or any suggestion as to the propriety of language or conduct from the gentleman who stands as yet under its censure for a violation of all parliamentary

rules.
Mr. WOOD—The highest compliment of my life.
Twelve o'clock having arrived, the session of Monday closed, and the session of Tuesday commenced. Mr. ELDRIDGE said it would seem from

the remarks of the gentleman from Massa-chusetts (Mr. Butler) that this matter is chusetts (Mr. Butler) that this matter is never to cease being the subject of levity. The impeachment of the President, from the beginning of the proceedings, has been treated, not only as mere matter of form, but as subject for trifling. The gentleman from Massachusetts tells us, when the question was raised in England, whether impeachment was in the name of the people. some one exclaimed it was not whether impeaclment was in the name of the people, some one exclaimed it was not, and he said that person was understood to be a ranting old woman. Well; sir, it is not necessary for old women to come here and rant; for we have plenty of ranters in the House of Representatives.

Mr. BLAINE—On which side of the BRIEF TELEGRA

Agreement and that the said House of Representatives are ready to prove the same ready to prove the sa Mr. ELDRIDGE—I suppose the gentle man knows. He is a very fair speciment himself. The gentleman from Massachi setts I understand to say this replication is a

(County of Sovering Pages)

on the floor the seats saved to Senators were invaded by knots of members and others in conversation.

At 3:25 the Senate re-appeared.
Order: having been restored, the Chief Justice said: T-am directed to inform the counsel the Senate have agreed to an order in response to their application, which will be read:

Ordered—That the Senate will commence the trial of the President upon the articles of impeachment exhibited against him on Monday, the 30th day of March, and proceed thereon with all dispatch, under the rules of the Senate sitting upon the trial of impeachment.

The Analysis of Pa, would like the generative sent at the senate sitting upon the trial of the President Line of the House, desire to enter my protest against any conduct on this House, with equal frankness and sincerity, admit of the record whatever is the part of these Managers that is not sufficiently decorous and commensurate with the President has stated? Why cannot we consider the dignity and gravity of such occasion. Who, for instance, authorized the Managers to say yesterday they would present their in our replication? Why send out to the clare of the Senate sitting upon the trial of in the absence of any action out that question by the House of the Senate sitting upon the trial of the President has said in our replication, a replication of House of Representatives? I contend that in the absence of any action out that question by the House of the Senate have a senate with the president has said in our replication? Why send out to the country a false replication of House of Representatives? I contend that in the absence of any action of the Senate sitting upon the trial of the President has said in our replication? Why send out to the country at the sent in the absence of any action of the Senate with the President has said in our replication? Why send out to the country at the sent in our replication of entire the country at the sent is not sufficiently and gravity of such occasion. Who, for instance, authorized the Managers to desire th

gentleman to state, as a lawyer, whether he could point to any case of impeachment tried, except on the general issue of not guilty? Whether any other issue could be made, any other replication could be filed, than substantially that which had been prepared to-day. pured to-day.

Mr. ELDRIDGE repeated those pertions

Afr. ELDRIDGE repeated those pertions of the President's answer which were true, and which as they could not be denied by witnesses, should be admitted. By this means they would narrow down the issue and save expense and time.

Mr. WILLIAMS, adverting to the President's answer said there were a difference. dent's answer, said there was a difference of opinion among the Managers whether they should not have demanded that the of opinion among the Managers they should not have demanded that the President, in presenting his answer, should specifically plead guilty or not guilty; but the majority held the answer might be considered a general plea of not guilty. Replying to Mr. Eldridge, he said: The gentleman from Wisconsin asseverates here that all the facts stated in the answer of the President are true or to use his identical language, are true, or, to use his identical language, "are God's truth." I do not think God ever recognized truths of that sort: (Laughter.)

Does the gentleman say the speeches charged to have been made by the President at St. Louis and Cleveland and Washington were not made?
Mr. ELDRIDGE—The President says he they are charged.

Mr. WITALIAMS—The gentleman affirms the denial is true, and therefore the President never made such speeches. I put it to the gentleman whether he believes that himself? [Laughter on the Republican side.]

aide.]
After further discussion the replication ind resolution were adopted—yeas 116, nays 36, a strict party vote.
Mr. BOUTWELL offered the following

resolution, which was agreed to:

Resoluted, That a message be sent to the Senate by the Clerk of the House informing the Schate that the House of Representa-tives have adopted a replication to the an-swer of the President of the United States on the articles of impeachment exhibited against him, and that the same will be presented to the Senate by the Managers of this

with amendments, together with the report of the Committee. He said he would call

a replication we do not attach our names to it, but expect the Speaker of the House and Clerk of the House, by order of the House of the House to attach the manner of the Mr. WOOD again intinhited the replication was altered after it was given to the tion was altered after it was given to the proceeded to the Sonate chamber. The members returned at twentytour of one arrived and the House The members returned at twenty-five minutes to four, when the Speaker, having resumed the chair, Mr. WASHBURNE, of the days in a locality where the market value Illinois, as Chairman of Committee of the Whole, reported the House had attended the Senate, sitting as a Court of Impeachment of the President of the United States, and the replication of the Managers to the answer of the President was read in their REGULAR BUSINESS.

The SPEAKER laid before the House 2 communication from the Secretary of the Treasury relative to regulations for the design. tection of counterfeit fractional postal cur-Mr. GARFIELD, from the Committee on

Military Affairs, asked leave to report a bill providing for the sale of lands, tenements and water privileges at Harper's Ferry, West Virginia, belonging to the United States, the sale to be at public auction, on a Sintes, the sale to be at public auction, on a credit of from one to ten years.

Objection was made to the reporting of the bill, but it was ordered to be printed.

On motion of Mr. GARFIELD, the Committee of Judiciary was directed to inquire into the expediency of providing by law for the settlement of contested elections for elections of President and Vice-President of the United States, and that the Commit-

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

-At Cincin ti, Ohio, the Democratic Convention, for the nomination of city of-

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

Supreme Court Decision-Ohio Contested Congressional Seat— Nominations Considered-Manufacturers Tax-Stringent Regulations for Collection of Whisky Tax-Private Session of Inpeachment Court.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette. 1 WASHINGTON, March 24, 1868. SUPREME COURT DECISION. In the Supreme Court Judge Clifford dedecision of the Supreme Court of Connecticut in the case of Society for Savings vs. G2briel W. Coates. The question was whether deposits invested in government securities were liable to State tax. It was held that the tax on deposits should be paid by the Savings bank, and that the tax on which they had been invested for deposits accrues whether they are invested or not. Judge Miller dissented, on the ground that this was only tax on Government securities in another form.

OHIO COTESTED SEAT. A report in circulation to-day that the Committee on Elections voted to retain Gen. Morgan of the Thirteenth Ohio Distriet in his seat was an error. The Com-nittee by a strict party vote of Republi-cans, Mr. Shallenberger being absent, voted against him. Two Democrats resolved to report in favor of giving the seat to Colum-bus Delayor the contents. bus Delano, the contestant. They say he was elected by eighty-seven of a majority. It is not probable a report will be made till next week.

NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED. The Senate to-day comfirmed the following nominations: Mr. R. Drabell, Assessor Internal Revenue, of the twenty-third District, West Virginia; Samuel D. Evans, Collector of Internal Revenue, of the Fourth District, Texas: Charles Robinson of Ver-Collector of Internal Revenue, of the Fourth District, Texas; Charles Robinson, of Verment, Consel at Quebec; also about one hundred officers of the Navy for promotion.

The Senate rejected Augustus Bradley for Assessor of Internal Revenue, Second district, Indiana; David M. Mills, Assessor of Internal Revenue for Dakotah, and John W. Taylor, Assessor, Twonty-Joneth Districts of Internal Revenue for Dakotah, and John W. Taylor, Assessor, Twonty-Joneth Districts of Internal Revenue for Dakotah, and John W. Taylor, Assessor, Twonty-Joneth Districts of Internal Revenue for Dakotah, and John W. Taylor, Assessor, Twonty-Joneth Districts of Internal Revenue for Dakotah, and John W. Taylor, Assessor, Twonty-Joneth Districts of Internal Revenue for Dakotah, and John W. Taylor, Assessor, Twonty-Joneth Districts of Internal Revenue, Science for Dakotah, and John W. Taylor, Assessor, Twonty-Joneth Districts of Internal Revenue, Science for Dakotah, and John W. Taylor, Assessor, Twonty-Line for Dakotah, and John W. Taylor, Assessor, Asse

trict, New York. MANUFACTURERS' TAX. The Committee of Ways and Means will commend a non-concurrence in the first d second Senate amendments to the and second Senate amendments to the House bill exempting certain manufactures from internal tax, and concurrence in the third, with an amendment providing that no drawback shall be allowed, after July 1st, upon exportation on account of internal tax. They recommend concurrence in the fourth

Taylor, Assessor Twenty-fourth Dis-

recommend concurrence in the fourth, with amendments providing the manufactures exempt from taxation under this act shall pay two dollars per thousand in excess of \$5.000 annied agree the same of \$5.000 annied agree through the same of \$5.000 ann of \$5,000 annual sales, such sales, to be returned to the Assessor monthly and the tax
in excess shall be assessed and paid monthline of \$500 to \$5,000 or improvement

of \$5,000 annual sales, such sales, to be rein excess shall be assessed and paid monthline of \$500 to \$5,000 or improvement

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of \$5,000 to \$5,000 to \$5,000 or improvement

of \$5,000 to \$

days in a locality where the market value of spirits is ten per cent. less than the tax and cost of producing shall be prima facial evidence that the business is being carried on with intent to defraud. It is also provided that the market value of whisky being below the tax in any locality shall be prima facial evidence that the Assessors and Collectors of Internal Revenue in that locality are neglecting their business, and they shall at once be superceded, and all pay and compensation shall be withheld from them till they shall show that the tax on such spirits

hey shall show that the tax on such spirits has been paid, or failure to pay has not been on account of negligence or want of due vigilance on the part of the suspended officers. They reccommend concurrence in the fifth amendment. PRIVATE SESSION OF IMPEACHMENT COURT.

the fifth amendment.

PRIVATE SESSION OF IMPEACHMENT COURT.

When to-day the Senate had retired for consultation on Mr. Johnson's modified respondent in the chamber, providing that the trial of the President shall commence on Thursday, the 2d of April, Mr. Williams moved the further consideration of the respondent's application for time be postponed until the Managers have opened their case and submitted their evidence. Disagreed—yeas nine, nays forty-we. Yeas, Messrs Anthony, Chandler, Dixon, Grimes, Hurlan, Howard, Morgan, Patterson, (Tennessee) Williams—nine. Nays—of. Cattell, Conkling, Conness, Cragin, Davis, Doolittle, Drake, Edmunds, Farry, Fessenden, Fowler, Frelinghuysen, Hendricks, McCreery, Morrill, the Cyt.), Morrill (Me.), Morton, Norton, Neternet, Patterson, (N. H.), Pomeroy, Ramsey, Ross, Saulsbury, Sherman, Sprague, Summer, Stewart, Thaver, Tipton, Trumbull, or Winkle, Vickers, Willey and Wilson, American Presbyterians.

The Rennion of American Presbyterians.

The Bennion of American Presbyterians.

The Bennion of American Presbyterians.

The Joint committee of the two schools of Presbyterians at their recent meeting in Philadelphia unanimously adopted the following plan of union. It will be submitted to the two General Assemblies this year for final ratification:

"1. The Philadelphia unanimously adopted the following plan of union. It will be submitted to the two General Assemblies this year for final ratification:

"1. The Philadelphia basis as to doctrine, with the addition of a brief explanatory clause.

"2. The two Boards of Publication shall continue their separate catalogues of publication, when of a president presbyterians.

The Bennion of American Presbyterians.

The Benni Van Winkle, Vickers, Willey and Wilson—42.

Mr. Sumner had offered the following annutment, which he subsequently withdrew: Now that replication had been filed, the Senate, adhering to its rule already adopted, will proceed with the trial from day to day, Sundays excepted, unless otherwise ordered, or reasons shown, Mr. Conkling moved an amendment to Mr. Johnson's resolusion, by 'striking' out 'mr. Johnson's resolusion to be 'mr. Johnson's resolusion to be 'mr. Johns

to—Yeas twenty-eight, nays twenty-four, as follows.

Yeas—Messrs: Cameron, Cattell, Chandler, Cole, Conkling, Conness, Cragin, Drake, Ferry, Harlan, Howard, Howe, Morgan, Morrill, Me.), Morrill, Motton, Nye, Patterson, (N. H.), Pomeroy, Ramsay, Ross, Stewart, Sumner, Thayer, Tipton, Williams and Wilson—28.

Yays—Messrs. Anthony, Bayard, Buckalew, Corbett, Davis, Dixon, Doolittie, Edmunds, Fessenden, Fowler, Frellinghuysen, Grimes, Henderson, Hendricks, Johnson, McCreery, Norton, Patterson, (Tennessee), Saulsbury, Sherman, Sprague, Trumbull, Saulsbury, Sherman, Sprague, Trumbull, Van Winkle and Vickers—24. Other modifications were made to the original resolution, when it was adopted in the form reported to the Senate.

-At a meeting of the Eric Railway Directors, at New York, yesterday, a resolution was unanimously adopted making a reduction in fares to Buffalo of thirty-three reduction in fares to Buffalo of thirty-three per cent., and a corresponding reduction in fares to all points west. The Directors express confidence that with the sympathy and support of the people, the road will realize larger profits at the reduced than at the former rates. There is no change in the situation at Jersey City. George At Legood still avades the service of the injunction restraining him from acting as Receiver.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

ecial Dispatch t the Pittsburgh Gazette. 1 HARRISBURG, March 24, 1868.

SENATE. THE APPROPRIATION BILL. The Appropriation bill went through the Committee of the Whole with many additions to the House bill. The salaries of Supreme Judges were increased to \$7,500; salaries of the several officers of the Legislature increased; a large number of new and additional charitable insti-

tutions were admitted to appropriations; agricultural experiments, \$1,000; Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Association \$3,000; Polytechnic College, \$5,000; for hospital bathing room and chapel, Western Penitentiary, \$43,000; Soldiers Home, Pittsburgh, \$4,000; St. Paul's Orphan Asylum, livered an important decision, affirming the Pittsburgh, \$5,000, to be disbursed by order of Bishop Domenec; Military Claims, \$80,-000; expenses of Railroad Investigating Committee last year, \$600, besides many additions.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. BILLS PASSED FINALLY.

Senate bill incorporating the Board of-Missions to Freedmen of General Assembly of United Presbyterian Church of North America.

Anerica.

Senate bill consolidating the Warren and Franklin, Farmers and Oil Creek Railways, to be known as the Oil Creek and Allegheny River Railway Company.

Senate bill exempting Allegheny county from the provisions of the act compelling Railroad and other corporations to pay counsel fees of plaintiffs in certain cases.

The Senate bill enabling the Union Canal Company of Pennsylvania to consolidate

The Senate bill enabling the Union Canal Company of Pennsylvania to consolidate bonds and stock and borrow money.

Senate bill allowing Notaries Public in Allegheny county the same fees for taking acknowledgments as are allowed Aldermen and Justices of the Peace.

The Senate bill creating a sinking fund for the extinguishment of the railroad compromise bonded indebtedness of Pittsburgh, and appointing a Board of Commissioners to take charge thereof, and for other purposes connected therewith.

Authorizing the Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Manchester Passenger Railway Company to sell part of its road. Legalizing assessments to repay bounties n Allegheny township, Westmoreland

county.

Authorizing the school directors of East Deer township, Allegheny County, to borrow money and levy a tax.

Authorizing the school board of St. Clair township, Westmoreland County, to borrow money for building purposes. row money for building purposes.

FROM EUROPE

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.] FRANCE. London, March 24-Evening. -An emeute

is reported to have occurred at Bordeau, and seditious placards have made their s signed as the cause of this disturbance

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL. London, March 24—Evening.—Consols, 93 1-8; 5-20's, 72 1-8; Erie, 47; Ill. Central, 93.4. FRANKFORT, March 24—Evening.—Bonds

FRANKFORT, March 24—Evening.—Bonds are firm at 75 1-4a78.

Liverpoot, March 24—Evening.—Cotton is quiet and unchanged; sales 10,000 bales. Marchester mixed is dull and drooping. Breadstuffs closed steady. Corn, 41s. 9d. Flour, steady; western, 37s. Wheat, 15s. 10d. for California; do. white, 14s. 10d. for No. 2 red western. Barley, 5s. 6d. Oats, 4s. 6d. Peas, 46s. 6d. Provisions—Pork, 19s. Beef, 120s. Lard 62s. Cheese, 57s. Bacon, 42s. 6d. Cumberland cut. Produce—Sugar, 25s. 6d. per cyt. Tallow advanced to 45s. Refined Petroleum, 1s. 3d. Spirits, 1s. 1d. per gallon. 18. 1d. per gallon.

ANTWERP, March 24.—Petroleum closed better, standard white 44 francs.

All the indications point to the approval of this plan by the Assemblies and the speedy consolidation of the Presbyterian Church?

New Orleans Market. New Orleans Market.

[By Telegraph to he Pittsburgh Gazeite.]

New Orleans, March 24.—Cotton quiet, with sales of 1,800 bales middling at 24.1-2c; receipts, 405, hales; exports, 4,603 bales. Flour less active, superfine 39,85, double extra, \$11,50. 1 Corn steady at 97ca\$1,021, Oats 76a77a. Pork dull; offered at \$26,50. Bacon dull; shoulders 12a121/2c, clear sides 16c. Land advanced; prime tierce 16.1-3a. Sterling Bank Exchange 62/2653. N. Y. Exchange 3 promium.

Buffalo marace.

(By Telegraph to the Pittaburgh Gazette. 1

Buffalo, March 24.—Flourquiet. Wheat

Corn steady: sales of 2,500 bush nominal Corn steady; sales of 2,500 bush old, at \$1,12 in store; also two car loads of new on track at \$1,10. Quis; western offered at 76c. Mess. Pork firm. Lard firm.

Jeff Davis arrived in Baltimore on Tuesday from Haavns. It is reported that he left for Washington.