The Pittsburgh Gazette

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Any of our readers having a copy of the WEEKLY GAZETTE of the 4th of December will confer a favor upon us by mailing it to our address.

RAILROAD DISASTER.

Accident on the Pennsylvania Railroad—Five Cars Thrown From the Track and Two Burned—One Person Killed and Several Wounded.

A most frightful accident, which came near being a repetition of the terrible Angola affair, on the Lake Shore road recently, occurred on the Pennsylvania Central Railroad yesterday morning, near Mill Creek Station, about forty miles east of Altoona. The Fast Line passenger train bound east, which left this city at 7:30 Thursday evening, in passing the point named ran on a broken rail, throwing five rear cars from the track and down an embankment several feet in height. Three of the cars capsized were sleeping cars and the other two common passenger coaches. Almost immediately after the accident one of the sleeping cars caught fire, which, with the two passenger coaches and a Silver Palace car, was entirely consumed by the flames. So far as can be ascertained there was but one person killed, and five wounded, none of them seriously, however. There were but few passengers on the train, which to some extent accounts for the almost miraculous escape from a disaster too terrible to contemplate. Among the passengers were Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Duggan, lately residing at No. 167 Pennsylvania avenue, in this city. They were on their way to California at the time of the accident. Mrs. Duggan was instantly killed. She is said to have been sitting by the stove in one of the cars at the time of the occurrence, but the precise manner of her death we have not been able to ascertain. Her brother was with her, and says that when he first saw her in the car after the accident she was dead, with both legs cut off. She was subsequently partially burned with the burning car. Her remains, we are informed, will be brought to this city for interment.

Patrick Duggan, the husband of the unfortunate woman whose death we have mentioned, was sitting beside her at the time of the wreck, and was badly injured about the head and face. His injuries, though serious, are not, we believe, considered dangerous.

Mrs. George Adams, residing at No. 13 Woodland Terrace, West Philadelphia, was slightly burned.

J. Mansus, of Indianapolis, was slightly injured in the spine, but received no serious hurts.

Mrs. Mary Crouse, Crawfordsville, Kansas, was slightly injured in the breast and back.

W. Weikel, residing on Cortlandt street, New York, received injuries in the back. He will recover.

The above is a complete list of the casualties as reported to the officers of the company. The trains both east and west were detained about four hours on account of the accident. The wounded were provided with medical attention and properly cared for by the officials of the road.

—After writing the above, we received the following by telegraph:

HARRISBURG, January 31.—An accident occurred this morning near Mill Creek, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, to the Fast Passenger train bound eastward, caused by a broken rail. The four rear cars were thrown off the track, and three went down an embankment, when they took fire and were burned. All the passengers got out, excepting a woman named Anna Duggan, of Pittsburgh. It is believed she was killed in the upsetting of the car. Her body was afterwards partially burned.

The following were injured, none dangerously—principally painful bruises, but no bones broken:

Mrs. Georgia Adams, Philadelphia; J. Mansen, Indianapolis; Mrs. Mary Crouse, Kansas; W. Nyckle, New York; Herbert Noonson, Jr., Philadelphia; W. W. Powell, New Jersey; L. Chase, Michigan; Mrs. Gen. Rodman and daughter, Illinois; J. Busser, Lancaster.

Correct the Record.

In the published record of pardons by Governor Geary last year it appears that that of David E. Hall, convicted of assault and battery in the Quarter Sessions of Allegheny county, and sentenced to six months imprisonment in the county jail, was granted on the recommendation of "Hon. Jas. P. Sterrett, President Judge of the Court that tried the case," among others. Notwithstanding the "record," we feel authorized to contradict the statement that Judge Sterrett recommended this pardon. Last summer, while on a visit to the eastern part of the State, Judge Sterrett was solicited by a prominent citizen of this county to write to the Governor recommending the pardon of Hall. The Judge stated that upon his return home he would prepare and send to the Governor a full statement of the case; but previous to his return Hall had been pardoned, rendering it unnecessary to comply with his promise, and he did not communicate with the Governor on the subject of the pardon. How then can the "record" of the recommendation of Judge Sterrett be accounted for? An examination of the papers in the case at Harrisburg will fail to reveal any letter or writing from him in the matter. It is possible that misrepresentations were made to the Governor, causing the "record" to be made up as published. Our object in writing this is simply to make known the fact that Judge Sterrett did not recommend the pardon referred to, and that the record to the contrary is not correct. Since the Governor has published the "record" to justify his action, we suggest that the correction indicated be made in order that Judge Sterrett may not be placed in a false position, or made bear a responsibility which does not belong to him.

Attempted Robbery at the Monongahela House.

On Saturday morning between five and six o'clock, J. L. Linton, a special detective in the employ of the United States Revenue Department, a resident of Philadelphia, who was stopping at the Monongahela House, heard some one in his room and upon rising up, discovered a man working with the lock of the door. Mr. Linton alarmed the house, and officers were sent for, who upon their arrival arrested Thomas Patterson and George Curtis, two young men who occupied a room immediately across the hall from that occupied by Linton. Patterson was identified by Linton as the man who had been in his room. He made information against them for felonious assault and battery and attempt larceny. After a hearing the accused were in default of bail committed for trial.

Counterfeit Bank Note Detecting.

We are pleased to know, forms a specialty in connection with the system of practical banking so successfully taught at the Iron City College, Heath's Government Counterfeit Bank Note Detector, published by authority of the United States Treasury Department, having been used in the classes of the College ever since its first publication. This is a standard work on the Art of Counterfeit Bank Note Detecting, among all bankers, the designs illustrating the different parts of our currency and Treasury notes having been printed directly from the Government plates. All students of the College receive gratuitous instruction in this important branch of a business education. All desired information concerning the College can be obtained by addressing the Principals, Smith & Cowley, Pittsburgh, Pa.

City Mortality.

A. G. McCandless, Physician of the Board of Health reports the following interments in the city from January 19 to January 28, 1868:

Suffocation 1; puerperal fever 1; nervous fever; gastro enteritis 1; cancer 1; syphilis 1; old age 2; anaemia 1; accident 1; consumption 2; erysipelas 1; burned 2; mesenteric affection 1; convulsions 2; disease of spine 1; pneumonia 4; hydrocephalus 2; still born 1.

Of the above there were: Under one year, 8; from five to ten, 1; ten to fifteen, 1; fifteen to twenty, 3; twenty to thirty, 4; thirty to forty, 2; forty to fifty, 1; sixty to seventy, 3; seventy to eighty, 1; eighty to ninety 1; ninety one hundred, 1.

Of the above number there were 17 males and 9 females, making a total of 26.

Don't Buy an Organ

Until you have heard that wonderful musical triumph, the Burdett Organ. The performance of even a child upon that perfect instrument is more touching and musically entrancing than the flourishes of practiced players upon most other organs. The effects of the *vox humana* (human voice) and celestial stop—a late invention and found in perfection only in the Burdett organ—are touching and sympathetic in the extreme, and comparable only to the heart-searching and tremulous tones drawn from their violins by an Ole Bull or a Vieux Temps. The Messrs. Kleber & Bro., 122 Wood street, have the sole agency, and will be glad, no doubt, to show those organ gems to all who may desire them.

Coal Cars Capsized.

An accident occurred on the Allegheny Valley railroad on Thursday night to a coal train from Armstrong's coal works, caused by the breaking of an axle, near Haight's Run. Four of the loaded cars were thrown from the track, and rolled down the embankment, at that place, about forty feet high. The wreck is described as terrific. The cars were piled on top of each other, and fragments thereof, consisting of brakes, axles, pieces of timber and broken wheels, were scattered in all directions. Fortunately no person was injured.

DISASTROUS CONFLAGRATION.

Destruction of St. Xavier's Academy at Latrobe—Loss Estimated at $200,000.

Saturday afternoon a fire, terribly destructive in its consequences, occurred at St. Xavier's Academy, near Latrobe, of which we have obtained the following particulars: The fire was first discovered about half-past three o'clock in the afternoon, in the center attic above the dormitories, by one of the Sisters, whose attention was attracted thither by the sound of something heavy falling. The fire burst through the roof of the main building over which it spread with fearful rapidity, and was communicated to the Chapel, and in a short time the entire building was in ruins. At the time the fire was discovered there were but three men, the Gardiner, Janitor and Groom, about the premises, but a number of the neighbors soon came to the scene of conflagration, and did all in their power to assist the Sisters. Nothing could be done, however, to save the building, and their whole efforts were turned toward the contents.

The Sisters, after taking all necessary care of the pupils—numbering about one hundred—performed wonders in saving musical instruments, valuable furniture, the marble altar of the chapel and ornaments. Through the efforts of the Sister in charge of the trunks of the the scholars, although an invalid, they were removed from the burning building in safety. The Sisters lost their own wardrobe in their eager desire to care for and protect the young ladies from all possible injury or loss.

The Academy of St. Xavier's was in charge of the Sisters of Mercy. It was established, we believe, in 1848, at Mt. St. Vincent, near Latrobe, but in 1852 was removed to Mount St. Xavier, three and a half miles southwest from Latrobe, and one mile and a half from the Pennsylvania Railroad. On this location a large Convent and school building three stories high had been erected. The beautiful chapel adjoining it, and forming part of the general plan, had only been completed last fall. The school building was one of the most complete in the country; it had been fitted up in modern style, and was a model establishment in all its details. The Sisters have been adding to its educational advantages for the past twelve years. There were in the school building ten or twelve pianos, three or four harps, a library, valuable paintings, scientific apparatus, etc.

The chapel, completed last fall, was a beautiful edifice. It had stained glass windows, and contained valuable works of painting and statuary. The marble altar was saved, but the organ and other accessories were destroyed. The loss on the chapel, we are informed, will amount to over forty thousand dollars.

The Pittsburgh pupils, about twenty in number, arrived in the city Saturday evening, on the Altoona accommodation train. Those of them who were unable to reach their homes, were provided with accommodations at the Convent on Webster street, and several sisters and a number of pupils arrived in the city yesterday.

The hour at which the fire took place alone accounts for the safety of both sisters and the children under their charge. This, amidst the general gloom, is a matter for joy and thankfulness.

The labor of years has thus been wiped out and a material loss of nearly two hundred thousand dollars, less an inconsiderable insurance, is the result. The open purses of devoted hearts will be ready to meet the sad emergency, and contributions will be made with willing hands by the thousands of graduates who have long since parted from their *alma mater* to enter into the struggles of life.

The Pennsylvania Railroad was represented here in all its gushing kindness by Superintendent J. M'Creighton, who, after telegraphing to various points to prevent parental alarm, had the pupils and Sisters placed on the eastern and western trains for their proper destination, free of charge, as soon after their arrival at Latrobe, in the sleighs and sleds of the neighborhood, as practicable.

Bishop Domenec telegraphed the Sisters last night to take the scholars to Loretto, where the academy will be continued without intermission. He left the city yesterday to visit the ruins.

Register's Business for January.

The following is a list of Letters of Administration granted and Wills admitted to probate, in the County Register's office, during the month of January, 1868, by Joseph H. Gray, Esq., Register:

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION GRANTED.

Decedent.	Administrator.	Estate.
Edward O'Neil	Winef'd Sweeny	$7,500
Jacob B. McDonald	Mary McDonald	800
John B. Fox	Wm. A. Paine	750
Harriet Wiltebiddle	Dr. A. H. Gross Evaline Gross.	25,000
Andrew Nolte	Anna M. Walter	700
Audley M. Rankin	David Rankin	6,000
A. J. Foster	J. C. Foster Eliz. Meredith	3,000
Henry M. Koch	Rosa Koch	150
Christian Kuhlman	Wm. Kuhlman	4,000
Godfrey Magnes	John Grandmontague	1,500
Peter Redenbaugh	M. Redenbaugh	100
David Heidler	Susan'h Heidler	300
Elizabeth McFadden	Elizabeth Culp	1,000
Catharine Hollo	Adam Hollo	100
Ann Hendrick	Bridget Giles	100
John Menis	Andrew Miller	4,500
Marg't J. McDonald	P. H. Miller	400
Debold Hankey	Elizab'h Hipner	50
Mary Humes	R. D. Humes	5,000
James Skees	H. Donaldson	2,500
Susan Loughry	T. N. Loughry	2,700
Ephraim Powell	Cath'n Powell	900
Samuel Edgar	Wm. Edgar	500
Wm. Hess	Adam Hess	100
Wm. T. Robinson	Rachel Robinson	400
Henry Selmon	Anna Selmon	500
Elizabeth Baird	H. R. McLain	6,000
Leona A. Burnell	Henry Sale	200
John McCargo	David McCargo	500
John Donovan	Mary Porter	700
Wm. B. Phillips	Sam'l Phillips	500
Geo. Lovell	Jane Mitchell	150
Philip Cyphus	John Cyphus	400

WILLS ADMITTED TO PROBATE.

Testator.	Executors.
Jas. Steadeford	Thos. and Jas. Steadeford.
Joseph Steiher	Fred Seckert and P. Loeffler.
Corrain O'Neil	John Magee.
Jno. Fred Wolff	Mathias Manzer.
Jno. McCune	Thos. Penny and J. B. Kelly.
John Dyer, Jr.	H. Stewart and S. Dyer.
John McCrea	J. McCrea and J. Crawford.
Abigal S. Higby	Jos. Phillip and P. Boyer.
James Kirk	Samuel A. Sell
Wm. L. Miller	Geo. and Albert Miller.
Elizabeth Baird	Henry B. McLean.
Benj. Patton	G. M. Potter and R. Havely.
Samuel Woods	James Means and Wm. Woods.
Ruth Frazier	Campbell B. Herron.
Mary Clark	
Richard Bradley	J. Carothers and M. Brinton.
Catharine Kearney	E. F. Gurland and J. McCune.
Wm. Finley Noble	Wm. Noble.
John Montgomery	R. Fending & J. H. Montgomery.
Jacob Schulz	Margaret Schulz.

Fell Dead on the Street.

About two o'clock yesterday afternoon Fritz Black, a German, fell at the corner of Third and Ferry streets, and expired almost instantly. Several persons, who were standing a short distance off, observed him fall and hastened to his assistance, but he was quite dead when they reached him. There was a slight bruise on the side of his head, near the temple, where it had came in contact with a stone step, which, at first, was thought to have been the cause of his death; but Dr. Murdoch, who examined the body, thinks he died of apoplexy. The corpse was removed to the Mayor's office, and Coroner Clawson being notified impannelled a jury, who, after viewing the body, adjourned to meet this morning at ten o'clock, when the inquest will be concluded. The remains were taken charge of by Mr. Aiken, undertaker, and will be properly interred by him to-day. The deceased was about thirty-five years of age, and leaves a wife and family in Cairo, Illinois. He has been employed on the tow boat "Jacob Painter" for several months, and boarded at Mrs. Gardiner's, on Water street, during the winter.

Served Him Right.

At Dunbar, Fayette county, a very amusing and somewhat serious occurrence took place a day or two ago. A gay and festive married chap made himself sweet to the wife of a cripple, and thinking he had matters set up to suit his purposes proposed an elopement. She was insulted with the dishonorable proposition, but quick as thought fixed on a plan to get square with the fellow. She arranged a meeting for Monday night at a dark and lonely spot, which the deceiver readily agreed to. The hour approached, and the rash lover ventured to the place. All was still. He gave the signal, and suddenly there sprang upon him not the object of his love and desires but her big brother, to whom she had communicated the plot. The deceiver was deceived and beaten so badly into the bargain, that his life is despaired of. He will try no more elopements for several months to come, and should he ever do so again he will be sure to make inquiries relative to the muscle of the lady's friends.

Explosion on the Allegheny Valley Railroad.

About half-past five o'clock Thursday evening an explosion occurred on the Allegheny Valley Railroad, by which, fortunately, no one was injured. At the time mentioned an accommodation train was passing the Allegheny Arsenal, when one of the cylinder heads of the locomotive blew out, wrecking the engine pretty effectually. The engineer and fireman escaped injury. A man was standing on the foot-board of the locomotive, and both ends of the board were blown off and the portion he was left standing, uninjured, on the middle portion. His escape was certainly little less than a miracle. The driving beams and wheels of the locomotive were shattered and the locomotive badly wrecked.

Accident on the Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Day Express train East on the Pennsylvania Railroad, which left the Union Depot at three o'clock Thursday morning, met with an accident at "Pack Saddle," beyond the Blairsville intersection, by which the sleeping car, No. 75, of the Silver Palace Line, was thrown from the track and badly wrecked; but, notwithstanding it contained a number of occupants at the time, no one was injured. At the point named the train ran upon a broken rail. The forward part of the train passed over the rail safely, but the palace car was thrown from the track and both trucks hauled from under it.

Economy Society.

We publish below a circular addressed by this Society to their correspondents and friends. It announces the new arrangement made necessary by the death of the venerable patriarch and head of the Society, than whom no man in this part of the State was more esteemed for intelligence and purity of character. It will be seen that Mr. Jacob Henrici, for many years well known as the associate Trustee and active business man of the Society, is now the senior Trustee and presiding Elder, and that Mr. Jonathan Lenz takes the place heretofore so honorably and ably occupied by Mr. Henrici. We have had many years' acquaintance with these gentlemen personally and with other members of the Council of Elders, and think the Society has displayed its customary sound judgment in the arrangement now made public. Mr. Lenz is a gentleman of more than ordinary intelligence, and possesses the entire confidence of the outside community, as well as of his associates. He is a man of fine presence, agreeable manners, and much experience in and aptness for business:

DIED IN THE LORD,

On the morning of the 11th of January, 1868, in his 75th year, Brother Romelius L. Baker, in full trust in the all-sufficient merits of his dear Saviour, Jesus Christ, whom he loved unswervingly with his whole heart, and whom, in the person of his brethren, ever since the founding of the Society in 1805, he served unto death with unspotted fidelity. Since the lamented departure of George Rapp, the highly beloved Founder of the Harmony Society, in 1847, he was Presiding Elder, the Principal Trustee, and the Religious Leader and Speaker of the said Community.

He is now succeeded by Brother Jacob Henrici, who is about 10 years his junior, and who, since 1832, has been closely associated with him in similar offices, and who, under Father Rapp's and his guidance, was initiated into the business of the Society.

As his fellow Trustee, there was this day elected Brother Jonathan Lenz, who was born in the Society in 1807, was raised by the same, and which he always served most faithfully, and by which he was elected in 1847 a member of the Council of Elders, in which capacity he has served ever since with fidelity.

The general business of the Society will therefore henceforward be done in the name of Henrici and Lenz, Trustees; and all Deeds and similar documents will be executed and signed in the names of Jacob Henrici and Jonathan Lenz, Trustees, in conformity to the Articles of Association, duly recorded in Beaver county, Penna.

JACOB HENRICI,
JONATHAN LENZ,
Economy, Jan. 13, 1868. *Trustees.*

Meeting of the Board of Prison Inspectors—An Assistant Warden Appointed.

The Board of Prison Inspectors, composed of the Judges of the County Courts, the Mayors of the two cities and the County Controller, met at 10 o'clock a. m., Saturday, for the purpose of taking action on the bond of the newly appointed Warden, Mr. Scandrett, and attending to such other business as might be brought before them.

The bail offered by Mr. Scandrett being satisfactory, the bond was approved, and the first day of April next fixed as the time for him to take charge of the prison. Mr. S. then nominated Mr. A. W. Smith as Assistant Warden, which was confirmed by the Board. We are pleased to know that "Billy" will be retained, as he is a most excellent, accommodating and efficient officer, and having occupied the position for almost ten years, during which time he has rendered general satisfaction and made a host of friends. He has become almost a "fixture" to the institution, from which his presence would be greatly missed. The new Warden, Mr. S., is highly spoken of by those who know him, and will doubtless make an efficient and popular officer.

A very pleasant piece of courtesy was extended the passengers on board a train of cars delayed by the snow a few days since by the officials on the Buffalo, Corry and Pittsburgh Railroad, connecting with the Allegheny Valley road. While thus detained, Daniel Williams, Esq., one of the directors of the road, came up with a number of sleighs and conveyed the passengers to Brocton, where a sumptuous dinner was served up at the Company's expense. In the afternoon the passengers were conveyed to the establishments of the Lake Shore Wine Company, where they were shown through the extensive works and handsomely entertained by G. E. Ryckman of that Company.

After full justice had been done to the hospitalities extended, a meeting of the passengers was organized. O. W. Johnson, of Fredonia was President, and A. H. Judson, of Dunkirk, Secretary. Numerous complimentary speeches were made and a committee of three, consisting of J. Cook, Esq., of Buffalo, Mr. Whitford, of ——, and J. T. Ely, Esq., of Mayville, were appointed a committee to draft resolutions. The passengers were so agreeably entertained during their detention that neither the ladies nor gentlemen regretted the time lost.

SHEEP STOLEN.—Mr. Thomas Beilstein yesterday morning placed a sheep in the stable of Mr. Geib, Third ward, Allegheny, and about ten o'clock, some "evil disposed person" with the love of mutton strong upon him, wilfully and feloniously did take, steal and carry away said sheep. The police officers were notified of the transaction, but as yet have failed to discover any traces of the "lost sheep."

CORONER'S INQUEST.—The jury impannelled by Coroner Clawson to inquire into the manner and cause of the death of Fritz Black, a notice of which was published yesterday, met at ten a. m. yesterday and rendered a verdict of death from apoplexy.

ARIZONA.

Indian Depredations—Lost in the Wilderness—Arrival of Territorial Civil Officers.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—Late advices from Arizona state that the Indians made a descent on Beale Springs Station and Camp Willows. They shot or carried off all the stock.

The mail carrier and escort of military, and four men belonging to the railroad survey, were lost in the Wilderness seven days and came near starving.

The civil officers of the Territory arrived at Tuscan, Dec. 17th. The citizens escorted them to the town and gave them a grand supper. The population of Tuscon and vicinity is rapidly increasing.

DIED.

FLOOD—At her residence, corner of Grant street and Virgin alley, Pittsburgh, Mrs. CATHARINE FLOOD, relict of the late Thos. Flood, and mother-in-law of John A. Strain, Esq., at 10 o'clock P. M., on Friday, January 31st, 1868, aged 64 years.

DORRINGTON—On Thursday, at 8 o'clock P. M., THOMAS DORRINGTON, in the 77th year of his age.

CROMLISH—December 31st, 1867, at 4½ P. M., JOHN CROMLISH, aged 76 years.

WOODWELL—On Sunday morning, February 2d, at half-past six o'clock, Mrs. REBECCA WOODWELL, in the 80th year of her age.

CARSON—On Sabbath, the 2d inst., at twelve o'clock A. M., ELIZA JANE, wife of John Carson.

Pennsylvania Legislature.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, Jan 31, 1868.

SENATE.

DOG REGISTRATION.

Mr. TAYLOR, of Beaver, read in place an act extending the act for registering dogs in Allegheny county to Beaver county.

Mr. ERRETT, of Allegheny, offered a resolution that the Auditor General be requested to transmit to the Senate a statement of the amount of State tax due the Commonwealth by each county, for what year said tax is due, at what time the present triennial revision of the valuation of the several counties was made, when a statement of the same was communicated to the Commissioners of the several counties, and for what years said revision was made.

The resolution was adopted.

NEW COUNTY BILL.

Mr. LOWRY'S bill creating a new county out of Crawford, Forrest, Venango and Warren counties, to be called Petroleum county, was considered, Mr. LOWRY making a long speech in favor of it.

Mr. BROWN, of Mercer, and Mr. WALLACE, of Clearfield, spoke against it. Finally the bill was postponed.

NEW WARD IN JOHNSTOWN.

The act creating a new ward, to be called the Sixth, in Johnstown, Cambria county, was passed finally.

Adjourned till Monday evening.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

PAY FOR HOLDING ELECTIONS.

Mr. JACKSON, of Armstrong, presented a remonstrance from citizens of Armstrong county against any law granting additional compensation to owners of houses in which elections are held in that county.

PROHIBITORY LIQUOR LAW.

Mr. NICHOLSON, of Beaver, presented a petition from Industry township, Beaver county, for a prohibitory liquor law.

Mr. RIDDLE, of Allegheny, one from Bellvue, Allegheny county, for an act authorizing the School Directors to borrow money.

FEDERAL RELATIONS.

Mr. HICKMAN, from Committee on Federal Relations, reported back the House joint resolutions urging Secretary Seward to instruct the United States Minister in England to demand the release of American prisoners held for alleged political offences, and to insist upon some fixed policy by which the rights of American citizens shall be respected, with amendments amounting to a substitute.

CARS ON SUNDAY.

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary, (general,) with a negative recommendation, an act to repeal so much of the act of April 22, 1794, as makes it unlawful for cars to run on Sunday.

NEGROES IN CARS.

Messrs. DEISE and LINTON each reported from the Committee on Judiciary, (general,) as committed, acts repealing the act of last session compelling the admission of negroes into railway cars.

Mr. MANN alleged that the bills were never considered in the Committee.

Mr. DEISE explained that they had been decided upon at a meeting of the Committee when the Republican members were absent.

The matter was debated at considerable length, and the bills were finally recommitted, under the operation of the previous question, by a vote of forty-three to forty-one—the Democrats voting "No."

BILLS IN PLACE.

The following bills were read in place: By Mr. WILSON, of Allegheny, authorizing the School Board of the Second ward, Lawrenceville, to borrow money and sell certain real estate.

By Mr. HICKMAN, of Beaver, prohibiting the sale of intoxicating drinks in Industry township, Beaver county; also, reducing the number of School Directors in Ohio township, Beaver county; also, incorporating the Beaver county Banking and Safe Deposit Association.

By Mr. BEATTY, of Crawford, authorizing the Auditor General to deliver to the Receiver of the Petroleum Bank the United States bonds originally deposited as security for the currency of the bank.

FREE RAILROAD LAW.

The Free Railroad Law was considered on second reading, pending which the House adjourned till Monday evening.

THE CONNELLSVILLE BILL APPROVED.

The Connellsville bill has been approved by Gov. Geary.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 3, 1868.

SENATE.

PETITIONS PRESENTED.

Mr. SEARIGHT presented a petition from Fayette county for submitting to the people the question of license.

Mr. ERRETT, one from the merchants of Pittsburgh for a change of the law regulating the sealing of weights and measures in Allegheny county.

Also, one for the creation of the borough of Millvale.

Also, a remonstrance against a passenger railway on Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

Mr. TAYLOR, a petition for an act preventing the selling of merchandise in Beaver county without a license.

Also, one for the repeal of the act extending the limits of the borough of Beaver.

BILLS IN PLACE.

Mr. TAYLOR, of Beaver, one extending an act relating to hawkers and peddlers in Lebanon and Wyoming counties, approved March 29th, 1867, to Beaver county.

Mr. ERRETT, of Allegheny, one incorporating the borough of Millvale.

Also, one incorporating the Fiscal Agency and Improvement Company of Pennsylvania.

Mr. SEARIGHT, of Fayette, one for the relief of certain soldiers of 1812, in Fayette county, and of the widows of others.

Mr. LOWRY, of Erie, one for incorporating the Conneautville Savings Institution.

Also, one relative to reclaiming the Conneaut marsh, in Crawford county.

PASSED FINALLY.

An act incorporating the Beaver Falls Gas Company was passed finally.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

PETITIONS.

Mr. RIDDLE, of Allegheny, presented a petition from Duquesne borough, asking that the upper portion of that borough, together with the Allegheny Poor House farm and Wm. Sample's farm, be incorporated into a borough under the name of Millvale.

Mr. FORD, of Allegheny, a petition of George W. Cass and others for compensation for damages by loss of water privileges.

Mr. PLAYFORD, of Fayette, a petition from numerous men and women of Connellsville for a change in the present liquor law.

CIVIL CODE REVISION.

A message from the Governor was received transmitting the report of the Commissioners to revise the Civil Code, with bills recommended by the Commissioners on the following subjects: Corporations, general pleading, evidence, interest, landlord and tenant, statute of limitations, highways and bridges and poor laws.

BRIDGE COMPANY.

Mr. FORD, of Allegheny, read in place a bill incorporating the company to erect a bridge over the Ohio from West Pittsburgh and Temperanceville to Allegheny City.

TO ANNEX DUQUESNE BOROUGH TO ALLEGHENY CITY.

Mr. BECKERT, of Allegheny, one annexing the borough of Duquesne to Allegheny City.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT.

Mr. NICHOLSON, of Beaver, one creating an independent school district out of Allegheny, Beaver and Washington counties.

STOVES ON RAILROAD CARS.

Mr. MANN, of Potter, a bill prohibiting the use of wood or coal in stoves on cars, and fixing the conductor, engineer, president and secretary of the company using the same thirty days after the passage of this act one thousand dollars for each day using the same.

THE RAILROAD LAW.

The Free Railroad law was discussed till nearly eleven o'clock at night. Several sections passed second reading, and the bill was then made the special order for to-morrow evening.

FROM EUROPE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TURKEY.

ANOTHER BATTLE REPORTED—THE CRETANS SUCCESSFUL.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—Late dispatches have been received here from Athens giving an account of another battle between the Turks and Cretans, in which the latter were successful. The Spakiotean Mountaineers were the attacking party. The Turks stood their ground and the battle lasted all day. The Turks acknowledge the loss of two hundred and fifty killed. Cretan loss not stated.

FRANCE.

THE NEW PRESS BILL.

PARIS, Feb. 1.—The debate in the Corps Legislatif on the new project of a law for the government of the press was continued to-day. M. Favre, in a speech generally in opposition to the details of the bill, expressed approval of a few of its clauses. M. Cariquie also spoke against the bill, denouncing on all its parts as leading to license.

The debate on the proposed bill for the government of the press was closed late last evening. No vote was reached. The success of the bill was regarded extremely problematical.

PARIS, February 2.—It is reported the Government is likely to withdraw the new bill for the regulation of the press, in consequence of the opposition to the measure shown by the Liberal party.

SOUTH AMERICA.

REVOLUTION IN THE ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.

LONDON, Feb. 1—*Evening.*—The mail steamer from Rio Janeiro has arrived with later news from South America. The advices are important. The inhabitants of Rosario, a town of considerable size on the Parana river, in the Argentine Republic, have rebelled against the authority of President Mitre, and declared for Gen. Urquiza, formerly Chief Executive or Dictator of the Confederation.

THE CHOLERA RAVAGES.

The cholera, which has made sad ravages in Buenos Ayres, has subsided to a great degree. The disease, however, still prevails to an alarming extent in the allied army on the Paraguay. There had been no fighting since the departure of the last mail. President Lopez, of Paraguay remained at Humita, and his forces were well supplied with provisions and munitions of war.

GREAT BRITAIN.

NO PRAYERS—NO MONEY.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—*Evening.*—Letters from Killarney say the clergy of that town who refused to say masses for the souls of Allan, Larkin and Gould, who were executed at Manchester, have ceased to receive any money for their support or that of the church.

CABMEN ON A STRIKE.

LIVERPOOL, February 1.—The cabmen of this city are on a strike, causing much inconvenience to the inhabitants.

A TERRIFIC GALE.

LONDON, February 1.—A terrific gale prevails throughout England to-night, and disaster both to life and property on sea and land is apprehended. The telegraph lines to Liverpool are down.

ITALY.

OBJECT OF FARRAGUT AT NAPLES.

PARIS, February 2.—The *Courier Francais* of last evening says the presence of Admiral Farragut at Naples is designed as a counterpoise to the French forces in Rome, and to sustain the Liberals of Italy, with whom Farragut holds intimate relations. The *Courier* says the Admiral has sent to Caprera a promise of his support and only awaits the reply of Garibaldi.

ROYAL BETROTHAL.

FLORENCE, February 2.—The announcement was made in both Houses of Parliament yesterday that Crown Prince Humbert had been formally betrothed to Princess Marguerita, of Genoa.

AN EXPEDITION ON THE TAPIS.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—Dispatches received from Florence last night allege the Italian Government is about to send out a naval expedition to Rio de La Platte. Nothing is known as to the cause of this movement. Prime Minister Menabrea, when interrogated on the subject, declined to give any explanation. It is further reported an Italian fleet is now lying in the Bay of Naples preparing to sail for South America.

FLEET ORDERED TO SAIL.

NAPLES, January 31.—The Italian fleet now in this harbor, which has been getting ready for sea, has received orders to sail forthwith for Rio Paana, Paraguay. All information in regard to the expedition is rigorously withheld by the Government and naval officials. The destination only is known.

PRUSSIA.

EFFECTUAL THREAT OF BISMARCK.

BERLIN, Feb. 2.—Bills introduced by the Government granting large indemnities to the King of Hanover and the Duke of Nassau have been passed in the Diet. Much opposition was shown to granting these appropriations, and at one time their passage seemed doubtful, but toward the close of the debate Count Bismarck declared if not adopted he would be compelled to dissolve Parliament. This threat was effectual.

ABYSSINIA.

EGYPTIAN AUXILIARIES RECALLED.

LONDON, February 2.—In accordance with a request from Lord Stanley, the Pasha of Egypt has recalled his auxiliary troops of Egyptians sent to join the British expedition in Abyssinia.

CHINA.

HOSTILE MOVEMENT UNFOUNDED.

LONDON, January 31.—Dr. Arminus Vambrov, a well known traveller in Central Asia, has written a letter to the London *Times*, in which he proves the absurdity of the reports that the Chinese Government is preparing a hostile movement against the Russians on the borders of the Empire.

ASIA.

FAMINE IN MOROCCO.

CADIZ, February 2.—Reports received from Morocco state that a severe famine prevails in Tangiers and Tecuan.

SOUTH AMERICA

The Revolution in Peru—Overthrow of President Prado, Dictator.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, February 1.—A Lima letter of January 14th, says that the troops sent by Prado to attack the revolutionary forces under Colonel Segara were defeated, and their commander, Colonel Correjo, severely wounded. On receiving news of this reverse, the Dictator, without consultation with any of his officers, determined on his final attack. On the 23d the water was cut off from the city, and on the 26th the bombardment commenced. This was carried on for thirty-six hours. More than 2,000 balls and shells were thrown into Ariqupa. Seven companies of infantry attacked the barracks which the insurrectionists had formed in the streets, took possession of five and occupied one of the enemy's barracks, possessions which, after a well contested combat, they were forced to abandon, as they were not supported by the reserve. General Bustamento having informed Prado the whole army was in revolt and clamorous for his life, the latter, though the story was false, immediately sought safety in flight, leaving on the field of battle his army, all his wounded, his money, arms, munitions, everything. Their chief gone, the troops became demoralized, and many large bodies passed over to the enemy. About fifteen hundred men succeeded in reaching Quelitas. Meantime Prado arrived at Isally, immediately embarked on the corvette Union and arrived at Callao January 4th, whence he proceeded to Lima. The indignation against him was great at both places. Hisses and groans were heard in every direction. On the night of the 6th the troops in Castle Callao were turned over to the Canzco Government without bloodshed, and advices of the movement having reached this city, it was seconded by the Canzcos, aided by some troops. After a combat of five hours, resulting in one hundred and twenty killed and wounded, Prado, seeing he was deserted by his troops, offered to resign the Presidency and retire from the country. Field Marshal La Fuente was named President of the Council of Ministers and took supreme command until the will of the second Vice President, General Canzco, is known. A squadron at Callao passed over on the 6th. Prado took refuge in the house of the United States Minister, from whence he passed on board of the United States steamer Nitick, which sailed on the 10th for Chile, where he enjoys the rank and pay of a General. On the 12th a squadron sailed for Isaly to bring General Canzco to the Capital. Preparations were making for a general election.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, January 31, 1868.

UNITED STATES ARSENAL IN DAKOTA.

The House Military Committee this morning decided to report a bill authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to establish a United States Arsenal at Fort David Russell, Dakota, near Cheyenne City, at a cost of $50,000.

THE M'ARDLE CASE.

The M'Ardle case was called up in the Supreme Court this afternoon. Judge Hughes appeared and entered a motion to have the Court dismiss the case on the ground of a want of jurisdiction. The Court signified its willingness to hear the argument in support of the motion, and Judge Hughes proceeded to state the position of the case, as he said, for the information of the Court. He said the jurisdiction of this Court extends only to cases coming up in the regular form of appeal from the District Courts of the United States and from the regularly constituted State Courts, under the act of Congress of Feb. 5, 1867, under which this case is brought up. He maintained that the Supreme Court has no jurisdiction because the statute does not confer it. If it has no jurisdiction the only thing to be done is to dismiss the case. Judge Hughes then proceeded to inquire whether the terms of the act of Feb. 5th, 1867, had any application to the case; and also whether the late rebel States were in such a condition with regard to their Courts as to warrant an appeal being taken from them to the Supreme Court. The appeal in the case was founded by said Court upon the assumption that the reconstruction acts of Congress were unconstitutional. That, he said, was the pivot upon which the case turned. In support of this, Judge Hughes read from the petition of M'Ardle. He claimed that the purport of the reconstruction acts excludes the idea that the question of reconstruction was to be a football between the United States Courts and Congress.

At three o'clock Chief Justice Chase announced that the case would go over until next Friday, when further argument will be heard. Court then adjourned.

WASHINGTON, February 1, 1868.

BILLS APPROVED.

The President has approved the bill providing for distribution among the people of the South of accumulated vegetables and preserved meats which are not required for the use of the army.

The President has also approved the bill providing that contracts for stationery for the Executive Department shall not be made for more than one year at a time.

TREATY RATIFIED.

The following dispatch was received at the State Department at half-past three o'clock yesterday afternoon:

Copenhagen, January 31.—William H. Seward, Secretary of State, Washington.—The treaty in regard to the sale of the Danish West India Islands has been sent to Washington. It was ratified by the Rigsdad and signed by the King.

FINANCIAL.

Fractional currency issued for the week from the Treasury, $550,000; forwarded $502,186, including $200,000 to the depository at Cincinnati. National Bank currency issued, $66,040; amount in circulation, $299,542,936. Fractional currency destroyed during the week, $330,000. Receipts internal revenue for the week, $14,918,847; fiscal year to date $114,754,315.

REVENUE FRAUDS IN SOUTH CAROLINA—A COLLECTOR WOUNDED.

Information has been received at the Internal Revenue office of frauds on the revenue and outrages on Government officials in the third district of South Carolina. It seems that accounts from Mr. Bingham, formerly in the Postoffice at Abbeyville, S. C., of heavy distillery frauds in the Abbeyville district, and Hart and Elbert counties, induced the Bureau to dispatch an agent thither, and after some investigation Mr. Bingham was appointed Deputy Collector. The result of the operations of the Government officials was the seizure of over eighty illicit distilleries in three counties and the arrest of several distillers. Subsequently the Deputy Collector was met by a party, who it is ascertained had been hired by those engaged in unlawful distilling, and shot through the shoulder. The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has directed a reward to be paid for the arrest of the party who committed the outrage.

THE ALABAMA CLAIMS.

There is a report that the President has determined (though Secretary Seward has not acquiesced) upon an imperative demand on Great Britain for the settlement of the Alabama claims.

—The law just passed by the Legislature of Tennessee permitting negroes to hold offices and sit on juries gives much satisfaction to negroes generally and the ultra Radicals. There are already negro candidates for important offices and and there will be in the majority of the counties in Middle and West Tennessee. Able lawyers say this law conflicts with the amendment to the constitution and will prove to the negroes a delusion and snare, entailing upon them law suits instead of increasing their rights. The Courts will determine the question.

—George Francis Train's letter to the New York *World*, dated aboard the Scotia, says T. C. Durant took out to England $5,000,000 in gold, the proceeds of the sale of new stock of the Rock Island Railroad to purchase twenty thousand tons of iron for the extension of the road to Omaha.

COMMERCIAL.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
MONDAY, February 3, 1868.

There are no new features to note in regard our general markets. Dullness and depression appear to be the order of the day, and so far as we can see, there is but little prospect for any immediate improvement. It was thought some weeks ago that if money matters would get easy, that business would improve; money is now easier, and there is no obstacle to any one in good standing getting all the accommodations they want, but as there seems to be an entire absence of anything like a speculative feeling, there is no pressing demand for money.

GRAIN—Winter Wheat is scarce and in steady demand but unchanged; we continue to quote at $2,40@2,42 for Red, and $2,50@2,52 for White. Corn is plenty and dull, and, on track, cannot be quoted above 95c to $1. Oats steady, with a fair demand, but the supply is fully up to it; sales on track, at 65@66c, and in store, at 68@70c. Barley is scarce and in demand at $1,85@1,90 for Spring. Rye is quiet and unchanged at $1,35@1,40.

FLOUR—The Flour market continues exceedingly dull and neglected, though prices are well maintained, ranging from $10,75@11,50 for Spring Wheat; $12@13,50 for Winter Wheat, and $14@15 for fancy brands. Rye Flour is steady at $8,50, while Buckwheat is in good supply and dull but unchanged at $4,50 per cwt.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is quiet and steady but unchanged at 10@10½c for Shoulders; 12@12½c for Ribbed Sides, and 16@16½c for Breakfast Bacon and Sugar Cured Hams. Lard is steady, with sales of country at 13c, and kettle rendered in tierces 13½c, and 14½c, in kegs. Mess Pork is nominal at $22.

BUTTER—There is an increased supply, and while the market is a little easier, prices are unchanged at 35@40c.

EGGS—Unchanged at 38c.

APPLES—In steady demand but unchanged; regular sales in store at $3,50 to $5,50 per bbl, for common to choice.

POTATOES—Dull and unchanged; small sales in store at $1@1,10 per bushel, and $3,25@3,50 per bbl, as to quality.

SEEDS—Clover seed is steady at $7,50, with regular sales in a retail way at $8. Flaxseed is in good demand at $2,35. Nothing doing in Timothy.

DRIED FRUIT—Is in good supply and dull but unchanged. Peaches are still quoted at 7@8c for quarters, and 10@12c for halves, and Apples at 7@8c.

HAY—Is steady but unchanged, with regular sales from country wagons at $18@22, as to quality.

LARD OIL—Is still quoted at $1c for No. 2, and $1,10 for No. 1, notwithstanding Lard has advanced ¼ a cent.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 141¼@141⅜.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 3, 1868.

MONEY AND GOLD.

Money is very easy at 4@6 per cent. on call. There is but a small amount of prime paper offering, which is readily taken at 6@7 per cent. Sterling quiet and firm at 9½@10 for prime bankers bills. Gold firmer, opening at 141 and closing at 141¼@141⅜.

GOVERNMENTS.

Governments opened strong and higher and in good demand generally, under realization, and the market fell off once but closed higher. Coupons of '81, 111¾@111⅞; do of '62, 111¼@111⅜; do of '64, 109¼@109⅜; do of '65, 110@110¼; do new, 108@108⅛; do of '67, 108@108⅛. Ten-Forties, 104¼@104⅜. Seven-Thirties, 107¼@108⅛.

RAILWAY MARKET.

There is an active investment demand for all railway mortgages and the prices are advancing steadily. The railway shares market opened firm and higher prices were made throughout the list. Rock Island took the lead and rose to 103⅛. Later there was less buoyancy and the advance was lost afterwards. The market continued strong and advancing, Old Southern being the feature and rising to 91⅜. At the close prices were all lower, though the business is large. Pacific and Rock Island railroads were the heaviest on the list.

STOCKS.

Canton, 59@59¼; Water Power, 21@23¼; Cumberland, 37¼@38; Adams Express, 75@75½; Merchants, 36@36¼; United States, 74½@75; American, 71@72; Wells, 45¼@44; Quicksilver, 25@25¼; Mariposa, 7⅞@8¼; Pacific Mail, 111½@112; Atlantic, 97@97½; Hartford and Erie, 16¼@16½; Western Union, 36¾@37; New York Central, 129@129⅛; Erie, 74@74½; Hudson, 146¼@147; Harlem, 130; Reading, 94¼@94½; Ohio Certificates, 32¼@32¾; St. Paul, 45@48¼; do. preferred, 63@63½; Michigan Central, 111¾; Michigan Southern, 91¼@91⅜; Illinois Central, 134¼@134¼; Pittsburgh, 97¼@97½; Toledo, 111½@111¾; Rock Island, 99⅜@99½; North Western, 60¼@60; do. preferred, 73⅜@73½; Ft. Wayne, 101¼@101½; Missouri, 10..; old Tennessees, 63½; new do., 60¼.

MINING SHARES

Dull and heavy; Gregory, 325; Quartz Hill, 110; Smith and Parmelee, 280; Corydon, 40; Wallkill, 45; Davidson, 31.

SUB-TREASURY.

Receipts at the Sub-Treasury, $2,131,382; payments, $2,251,030, balance, $104,814,712.

New York Produce Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, February 3.—Cotton less active and lower with sales of 2,800 bales at 19½@19¾c for middling uplands. Flour, receipts of 3,327 bbls; quiet and without decided change; sales of 5,100 bbls at $9,50@9,10 for superfine State; $9,00@10,80 for extra State; $9,80@12,00 for extra western; $12,70@13,00 for white wheat extra; $9,00@13,80 for Round Hoop Ohio; $10,50@12,00 for common to good St. Louis; $12@16,00 for good to choice extra do.; closing quiet. California flour in fair request with sales of 1,100 sacks at $12,30@13,75. Rye flour quiet; sales of 250 bbls at $7,50@9,25. Whisky nominal. Wheat, receipts of 1,250 bus; quiet and without decided change; 15,000 bus at $2,45 for No. 2 Milwaukee and some amber Pennsylvania on private terms. Rye quiet. Barley quiet and firm. Malt in fair request with sales of 1,800 bus at $1,50@1,55. Corn, receipts of 38,363 bus; more active and 2@3c better; sales of 56,000 bus at $1,27@1,30 for mixed western afloat, $1,31 for old do in store, $1,25@1,30 for new white Southern, $1,19@1,21 for mixed Tennessee, and $1,28@1,26¼ for new yellow Jersey. Oats, receipts of 3,033 bus; quiet, with sales of 25,000 bushels at 84c for western in store, and 85c for Ohio afloat. Stock of grain in warehouse—wheat, 156,003 bus; corn, 164,506 bus; oats, 2,167,082 bus; rye, 159,225 bus; barley, 110,963 bus; peas, 3,425 bus. Rice quiet and steady. Coffee firm. Sugar ½c higher and in fair demand, with sales of 800 hhds Cuba at 12¼c, and 500 boxes Havana at 12¼@14c. Molasses quiet and steady. Petroleum scarce and firm at 10½c for crude and 24@24½c for refined bonded. Hops quiet at 30@60c for American. Pork dull, with sales of 800 bbls at $21,50@21,62 for old mess, closing at $21,62 regular; $22,50@22,75 for new do, closing at $22,62 regular; $17@18 for prime mess; also, 500 bbls new mess at $22,75, seller, March. Beef firm, with sales of 785 bbls at previous prices, and 300 tierces at $22,00@34,50 for prime mess, $27,50@38,50 for India mess. Beef Hams quiet, with sales of 120 bbls at $29,00@31,10. Bacon quiet, with sales of 450 boxes at 10⅜@10½c for Cumberland Cut, 11⅛@11½c for long ribbed, 11½@11¾c for short ribbed, 12@12¼c for long clear, and 13@13½c for short clear. Cut Meats steady, with sales of 340 pkgs at 8@9½c for Shoulders, 12@13½c for Hams. Dressed Hogs firmer at 9⅛@9¼c for western, and 10¼@10½c for city. Lard firmer, with sales of 790 bbls at 13¼@14¼c, also, 300 bbls, seller, March, at 14¼c. Butter firm at 40@50c for State. Cheese dull at 11@15c. Freights to Liverpool heavy and decidedly lower, with engagements of 1,500 bus corn, per steamer, at 10½d.

Chicago Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—Flour is quiet but firm, and prices are unchanged; sales at $12,75 for white winter extras; $9@11 for spring extras. Wheat moderately active but irregular; No 1 in good demand at $2,08¼@2,09¼, closing at $2,09; No. 2 sold early at $2,05¼, declining to $2,04¼@2,04⅜ at the close of the market for new. Corn fairly active and firmer at 81¼@82c, closing at 82¼@83c for new; old corn was quiet at 85@85½c for No 1. Oats quiet at 54½@55¼c, closing at inside price. Rye quiet but firmer with small sales at $1,51@1,55. Barley nominal. Provisions are firm and buoyant. Mess Pork at $21,25; first class brands were held at $21,50; 200 bbls of old mess sold at $20. Sweet Pickled Hams are moderately active at 12½c. English Meats ¼c higher: sales reported at 10¼@11¼c loose, for Cumberland short rib and short clear middles. Bulk Meats are higher with sales of dry salted shoulders at 8¼@8¾c, and loose green hams firm at 11@11¼c. Lard ¼c higher at 13¼@13½c. Grease firm; choice white sold at 11¼c. Dressed Hogs firm, closing at $7,85@8,85, dividing on 200 lbs. Live Hogs nominally 10@25c higher and very little business doing. Receipts—flour 4,300 bbls; wheat 17,000; corn 53,000; oats 14,000 bush; dressed hogs 4,400; live do 1,200. Shipments—flour 5,700 bbls; corn 2,500 bush; dressed hogs 800.

Cincinnati Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, February 3.—Flour firm and in fair demand; family $11,25@11,50; fancy $11,75@12,75; extra $10@10,50. Wheat unchanged and quiet; nothing done. Corn opened dull but closed firmer, with ear at 82@83c; no demand for shelled. Oats firm at 69@70c, but the demand is not large. Rye firm, at $1,56@1,70. Barley is firm at $2,30@2,35 for fall, and in some cases holders ask higher rates. Cotton very dull and prices nominal at 17½c for middling. Provisions firmer but quiet. Mess Pork offered at $21,25@22,00 for old and new. Lard in demand at 13¼c, but is held at 13¼c. Bulk Meats quiet at 8½@10¼c for shoulders and sides. Bacon firm and in moderate demand at 9½c for shoulders, and 11½@12@12½c for sides, clear rib and clear sides. Sugar Cured Hams 15@16c. Butter quiet at 33@37c. Eggs 25c. Seeds unchanged; clover $13; timothy $2,50@2,60. Linseed Oil dull at $1,16@1,18. Hay dull at $13@15 per ton on arrival. Gold 140½ buying. Exchange plenty and dull. Money market easy at 8@10 per cent.

St. Louis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, February 3.—Tobacco in active demand; offerings small and prices unchanged. Cotton held firmly, with small sales at 17c. Flour; moderate demand for low grades at unchanged prices; superfine, $7,25@7,50; extra, $8,25@9,00; double extra, $9,50@11,00; treble do., $12,00@13,25. Wheat firm and without quotable change; prime to choice red and white range from $2 50 to $2.70. Corn dull and lower at 84@85c for shelled, and 75c for ear. Oats dull at 68@70c. Barley unchanged at $2 25@2.50 for fair to prime. Rye lower at $1.65@1.70. Provisions quiet, but firm; small sales Pork at $21.50. Bacon; clear sides, 13c; clear rib, 11¼@12c; canvassed hams, 15c. Lard held firmly and above buyers' views. Receipts—Flour, 300 bbls; wheat, 300 sacks; corn, 1,900 bus; oats, 450 bus; barley, 600 bus. Weather clear and milder.

New Orleans Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, February 3.—Cotton in demand; middlings 18½c. The receipts since Saturday were 6,337 bales. The exports were 2,267 bales. Sales of 6,000 bales. Sugar active; common 10@11c; fair 12¼@12¾c; prime to choice 13¼@14¼c. Molasses tending upward; prime to choice 80@85c. Flour firmer with sales of superfine at $10,25@10,50; double extra $11,00. Corn easier with sales at $1@1,05. Oats 78@80c. Pork $22,25@22,50. Bacon active; shoulders 11¼c; clear sides 14c. Lard 15c; keg 16c. Sterling 53½@54½c. New York exchange ⅜ per cent discount. Gold 39¼.

San Francisco Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, February 3.—Flour advanced; extra $8,25; super $7,50. Wheat firm, at $2,75 for choice shipping. Legal Tenders 72.

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
MONDAY, February 3, 1868.

CATTLE.

The supply of cattle was light this week, not exceeding, if reaching, 700 head, and with an average local demand and some inquiry for shipment, the market was remarkably stiff, and if anything, taking the quality of the cattle into consideration, prices ruled a shade higher than last week. Butchers complain bitterly and with good reason, too, of the present extreme prices, but there seems to be no help for it; drovers are not to blame, as they are obliged to pay big prices, too, and we feel satisfied that they would rather sell cattle at 5@6c than 8@9c, as their profit would be fully as large, and there is not so much money invested. There is no scarcity of cattle in the country, but farmers and stock-growers, as a general thing, are so situated that if they cannot get their price, they can keep their stock, not being obliged to sell, as is the case with operators in many other departments of trade. It is not a little remarkable that while many commodities have depreciated in value from 50 to 100 per cent., cattle are now almost as high as they were during the rebellion, and the only reason we can assign is the one above noted. As will be seen by reference to the report of sales, prime to extra retailing cattle sold at from 8@9c, gross; common to medium at 6@7c, and stockers at 5@5¼. The following is a pretty full report of the sales:

E. Katz sold 17 head of mixed Ohio stock for Roenbaugh at 3½@8—one car load of fresh cows and springers unsold.

Stakely & Bro. sold 10 head of cows and bulls at 3 to 6, for the former, and 4 for the latter.

Greenwald & Kahn sold 15 head of extra fat cattle to Fred Beilsteine (butcher) at 9; retailed 90 head at 6@9.

Henderson wholesaled 17 head of fairish cattle to Greenwald & Kahn at 7.

Kraus & Haas report having retailed 72 head Ohio and Illinois cattle at 6 to 8½.

M. Verner retailed 19 head of Indiana stock for Ross at 5½ to 7½; also, 10 head stockers at 5¼.

Myers & Needy report having retailed 60 head of Ohio cattle at 6½ to 8½; and 18 head of Penna. stock at 5 to 6¼.

L. Rothchilds sold 28 head of Chicago cattle at 6¼@7½.

Jas. McAllister reports having sold 41 head of commission cattle at 6 to 8¼.

Lafferty, Glass & Co. sold 50 head for Blue at 5 to 9; and 57 head for other parties at 4½ to 8,60.

Paxton sold 12 head of common to medium Washington county steers and cows at 5¼@7.

Hedges & Taylor sold 25 head for W. T. Lamb at 6 to 6¾; and 16 head for D. Yost at 6¼@7.

Hazlewood & Blackstock sold 35 head Penna. cattle at 5¼ to 8¼; and 17 head on commission, for Crawford, at 6 to 8¼.

John Kerwin, assisted by John McAllister, bought 27 head of bulls, in small lots, at 4@5¼, which were afterwards sold to Wm. Hines at a profit of something like one dollar per head.

There were some other dealers whose sales we did not get, including Marks & Traurman, L. Shamberg, and Hartman & Shamberg. Our good natured old friend Nicholas Carr, and who, by the way, is an excellent salesman, did not have a single bullock on sale to-day.

We were pleased to meet Mr. H. A. Merrick at the yards to-day. Mr. Merrick was for many years a regular dealer at the Allegheny Yards, and is well known to all engaged in the trade; he is at present operating and residing in Chicago.

SHEEP.

The supply of Sheep to-day was much larger than for several weeks past, but with a very fair demand, the market was steady and fairly active, and notwithstanding the increased supply, there were but few left over unsold, and prices were fully maintained. It is possible that the extreme prices of cattle may have caused the butchers to buy more Sheep than usual, and if consumers would buy more mutton and less beef it might exert some influence in bringing cattle down to a reasonable price; besides, mutton is generally regarded as being more wholesome than either beef or pork. The following sales were reported:

Adam Eckert sold 27 head—part at $3 per head, and the balance at 6½ per lb.

Wm. Garvin reports having sold 134 head of mixed Sheep at $1.70 to $5,50.

Young & Bro. report 150 head at $1,25 to $1,50 head—must have been pretty hard stock, a grade below "scalawags."

Wolfe & Lenz report having sold 74 head, at an average of 5c.

We also heard of a bunch of 100 head of prime fat Sheep having been wholesaled to a butcher at 6¼.

Emerick & Co. sold 49 head at $4 per head, and 33 at 5¾c per lb, gross.

HOGS.

The market has ruled firm during the past week, with a continued fair retail demand, and compared with last week, prices are a shade higher. Like Cattle, the price of Hogs is getting out of reasonable bounds, and there is no doubt but what the top has been reached. We look for these big prices to draw in heavy receipts, and just as soon as this occurs there will be a break; but it is not likely to occur before.

Rothchilds & Byers report having sold 150 head during the past week at 7¼ to 8¼.

Emerick & Co. sold about their usual number, but we failed to get their prices.

PITTSBURGH METAL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
FRIDAY, January 31, 1868.

The metal market has again been quite active during the past week, the sales, in the aggregate, being large, and while the general tone of the trade is toward greater ease, compared with last week, prices have undergone no natural change. Standard Forge Irons are in demand, and, as a consequence, prices are pretty well sustained, but inferior grades are dull and neglected, and in order to effect sales concessions have to be made. Foundry Irons are in good supply and dull, with a drooping tendency. The following sales are reported:

BITUMINOUS COAL SMELTED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR ORE.

100 tons	Medium Grey Forge	$35 00—4 mos
100 "		37 00 "
240 "	Mottled Grey Forge	36 00 6 "
200 "	Close Grey Forge	36 00 5 "
200 "	Close Grey Forge	37 00 "
200 "	Open Grey Forge	31 50 5 "
40 "	No. 2 Foundry	42 50—4 mos
221 "	No. 1 Foundry	45 00—4 mos
470 "	Mahoning	p. t.
1000 "	Medium Grey Forge, deliverable at furnace—equal to	37 00—4 mos
500 "	White Mottled, at furnace—cash at furnace	35 50— cash
250 "	White and Mottled, at furnace—fav. brand—for another market	35 00— cash

ANTHRACITE.

20 tons	No. 1 Foundry	$45 00—4 mos
100 "	White Forge	29 50 "
100 "	Marietta	30 00 7 "
35 "	White Red Short	32 00 4 "
250 "	Grey Anthracite	35 50 5 "
240 "	Mottled and Grey	35 00 6 "
300 "	Western Grey	37 00 4 "
100 "	Western Grey—fav. brand	37 00 "
200 "	Forge	39 50 5 "
40 "	No. 2 Foundry	42 50 4 "
35 "	No. 1 Foundry	45 00 "

CHARCOAL.

100 tons	Grey Forge	$48 00—4 mos
70 "	Grey Forge	48 25—6 mos
50 "	Empire Forge	37 00—6 mos
50 "	low grade—H. Rock	38 00—6 mos
64 "	Hanging Rock	p. t.

BLOOMS.

50 tons	Juniata	$93 00—6 mos
40 "	Juniata	p. t.

IRON AND NAILS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
FRIDAY, January 31, 1868.

The market for manufactured iron and nails is reported dull beyond precedent for this season of the year; some of the mills are only running half time, while others are stopped entirely. It is confidently predicted, however, that there will be a good spring trade, and as both metal and labor are now cheaper than during any time since the breaking out of the rebellion, it is thought that Pittsburgh can successfully compete with other points both east and west; and if so, we are of the opinion that she will reclaim a large proportion of former customers both west and south, who for a year or so past, have given this place the "cold shoulder." The following are the card rates corrected up to date:

Common Bar sizes	3½@ 4½		
Horse Shoe	5½		
Heavy Band	4½@ 6¼		
Hoop and Light Band	5 @ 8½		
Round and Square	3¾@ 7½		
Oval	4 @ 8½		
Half Oval and half Round	4½@ 6¼		
Boiler Iron	5½@ 8		
Tank Iron			5
Nail Rods			9
Sheet Iron, 10 to 17	5¼	6¼	9
" " 18 to 24	5½	7¼	9½
" " 25 to 26	6	7½	9¾
" " 27	6¼	7¾	10

All sheets over 28 in. wide ½c extra.

NAILS.

10d to 60d Nails Fencing and Brads	$5 25	3d	7 50
8d and 9d	5 50	3d fine	7 50
6d and 7d	5 75	2d fine	8 50
4d and 5d	6 00	⅞ in lining	9 00
3d	6 50	Clinch	6 75
		Cut Spikes	5 50

Barrel Nails—¾ inch, $8,00; 1 inch, $7,25; 1⅛ inch, $6,50; 1¼ inch, $6,50; 1½ inch, $6,00.

TERMS—Note or acceptance at 60 days, with current rate of Exchange on New York; or a discount of 2 per cent. for cash, if remitted on receipt of invoice. Payments to be made in New York Exchange, U. S. Treasury Notes, or their equivalent. Nails in lots of 100 kegs and upwards, 12½c per keg off. No discount on bills of less than fifty dollars.

Baltimore Cattle Market.

BALTIMORE, January 30.—Cattle—The offerings at the scales during the past week amounted to 1054 head, against 1028 last week. Prices to-day ranged as follows: Old cows and scalawags at $3@5 50; ordinary thin steers, oxen and cows $5,60@6; fair to good stock cattle $5@6,75; fair quality beeves $6@7, and the very best beeves $8@10 per 100 lbs, the average price being about $6,75. Prices of the best grades of cattle are apparently higher, owing entirely to the superior quality of the offerings while common and inferior grades are 25 cts per 100 lbs lower.

Sheep—The receipts have increased during the past week, but with a good demand the market was active at improved rates, especially for good fat sheep. Prices ranged as follows: Common to good 4@6c, and good to extra 6@7c per lb, gross.

Hogs—The supply has diminished the past week, and prices have advanced 25c per 100 lbs on the rates of last week, ranging at the close to-day from $9,75@10,75 per 100 lbs net for fair to good fat hogs, and market firm.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Cotton goods are fairly active and strong, while Calicoes are rampantly active and higher. The Merrimack Company have advanced their prints to 13½c for the D, and 14½c for W. Some of the jobbers have put up the former to 13½c for fancy and the latter to 14½c for pinks and purples, and all of them will advance to-morrow, to per yard. Sprague's prints are up to 12½c, and are likely to go higher. Richmonds and Dunnels are bringing 12½c and prices are tending upward. Allens are withdrawn for higher prices, and the same is true of all others. The American are still selling at 12c and Wamsutta at 9c. Alamance plaids command 15½c. For other goods there is no particular change, but the indications are that prices will be higher before they are lower. Print cloths are at 7¼c; Delaines, 17c, which is, relatively, very cheap.

New York Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Receipts for the week—beeves 4,951, sheep and lambs 20,869, hogs 10,910. Beef to-day, with moderate supply, viz: 1,750, and a fair demand, was somewhat firmer; extra 17½@18c; prime 17¼@17½c; first quality 16¼@16¾c; fair to good 15@16c; ordinary 14¼@15½c; inferior 16@13c. Sheep and Lambs ¼@½c higher on the week, with a fair demand, closing firm; extras 7¾@8c; prime 7@7½c; ordinary and common 5@6¼c; inferior 5@5½c. Hogs fully ¼c higher, under slight offerings; heavy corn fed $8@8,10; fair to good, $7,85@8; light to common $7,75; only seven car loads on sale to-day.

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3.—The Cattle market is active and firmer; sales of 1,200 head at 10@10½c for extra western steers; 8@9½c for fair to good; 5@7½c for common. Sheep are in fair demand at an advance; sales of 6,000 head at 5@7c. Hogs are in good demand at an advance; sales of 3,500 head; net weight 150 lbs. each.

Cincinnati Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, February 3.—Beef Cattle unchanged with a fair demand, at $4@7,50, gross—the latter rate for extra. Sheep scarce and firm at full prices; fair to choice $3,50@4,75 per cental, gross. The butchers are paying $7,50@8,00, gross for hogs.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

UNION REPUBLICAN County Executive Committee.

The members of the Union Republican County Executive Committee are requested to meet at the office of C. C. Taylor, No. 68 Grant street,

On Wednesday Evening, Feb. 5th,

AT 7½ O'CLOCK.

JACOB H. MILLER, Chairman.

C. C. TAYLOR, Secretary. fe4:131

MONONGAHELA VALLEY

RAILROAD.—There will be a meeting of the friends of the different proposed routes of the Monongahela Valley Railroad, at the office of G. W. Biggs, Water street, Pittsburgh, on SATURDAY, the 8th of February, at 10 o'clock A. M. The maps are ready for distribution.

By order of the
COMMITTEE ON LITHOGRAPHING.

fe1:h53:c&T

LEGAL.

NOTICE.—All persons interested will take notice that Letters of Administration have been granted to the undersigned on the Estate of JAMES SKEES, late of Snowden township, deceased. Persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY DONALDSON, Adm'r.
Library, Allegheny Co. Pa.

ja18:1:T

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that CAROLINE WILLIAMS has taken out Letters of Administration on the estate of JOHN G. WILLIAMS, late of the er township, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate will make payment, and all having claims against said estate will present them to said Administratrix. CAROLINE WILLIAMS, Adm'x,

de23:T haler Township, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—All persons interested will take notice that letters of administration have been granted to the undersigned on the estate of EDWARD O'NEIL, late of Ohio township, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate, or persons having claims against the same, will make payment or present the same to

WINIFRED SWEENY, Adm'x,
Allegheny City,

Or her Attorney, ROBERT ROBB,
ja4:d&T No. 10 Fourth st., Pittsburgh.

FARM FOR SALE.—We will sell 278 *Acres of Land,* which are situated on the line between Allegheny and Washington counties. The portion lying in Allegheny county is in South Fayette township, and that in Washington county is in Cecil township. This farm is about sixteen miles from Pittsburgh, being about two miles from the Panhandle Railroad. One hundred and fifty acres are cleared and in a high state of cultivation, having an abundance of water in every field, and on which there is a good orchard. The remainder is covered with the best of oak timber, and the whole is underlaid with coal. The improvements consist of two houses and other necessary buildings, and is convenient to roads, schools and churches.

For further particulars apply to HUGH SPROUL, of South Fayette Tp., two miles south of Noblestown. fe1:h1:T

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale his

Flouring Mill with about Fifteen Acres of Land,

Situate in Burrell township, Westmoreland county, twenty-two miles above Pittsburgh, and one mile from Chartiers Station, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad. The mill is in good order, has two run of burrs, good steam and water power, metal gearing, of the first class. The land is nearly all bottom, and under good fence, Frame house, stable, &c. Also, half acre lot of coal, near the river.

Inquire of PETER SNIVELY,
de4:117:d&T On the premises.

NOTICE.—An application will be made for the pardon of RICHARD SNAIDEN, who was convicted of Murder in the Second Degree, at December Term, 1865, of the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Allegheny County. ja31:d&T