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Pittsburgh Gazette

VOLUME LXXXIII. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1868.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

THE people will be glad to know that the House Committee on Appropriations at Washington are resolved to cut down expenses. The further they go in that direction, while keeping the wheels of government properly moving, the better they will suit all thoughtful citizens. Whatever expenses can be abridged, ought to be.

THE House of Representatives at Washington saw proper to express sympathy with the Irish in the movement they are making against the power of Great Britain. The London journals are indignant at this action, and profess to regard it as monstrous and unprecedented. The British Government went much farther when it accorded belligerent rights to the Confederates. It is now reaping only what it sowed, and ought not to complain of the quality of the crop.

THE report of the House Committee on Foreign Relations admits the point we have heretofore urged, that our courts enforce the same rule as those of England and other European countries, in respect to the right of citizens to expatriate themselves—that is, that citizens have no right to throw off their allegiance. The Committee do not recommend any change in our own laws in this regard, but insist that the naturalized citizen shall be entitled to and shall receive the same protection as the native born, and that upon the arrest or detention of any naturalized citizen by any foreign government, upon the allegation that naturalization in the United States does not operate to dissolve his former allegiance, or the arrest of any native citizen without charge of crime committed within the jurisdiction of such foreign power, the President is empowered to order the arrest of any subject of such foreign power who may be found within the jurisdiction of the United States.

This seems to us very much like an addicted charlatanism. If a citizen has a right to repudiate his allegiance, at his option, the United States ought to recognize that right at once, and unmistakably. If he had no such right, then the United States ought not to endeavor to compel European governments to accept a rule which it refuses to adopt.

THERE is no concealing the fact that great indignation is felt among Republicans in the eastern tier of counties at the manner in which Senator Landon was overzealous in his formation of the Senate standing committees. One of the oldest, ablest, and most experienced Senators, as well as one of the most powerful and eloquent Republican leaders, to be thus act aside, without an apparent cause, is sufficient to make those sensitive who love and honor him, and in whose lead they have marched to so many Republican victories. "Are we a band of prisoners?—*ask Guard.*

To this the Scranton *Republican* responds as follows:

"There are several people here about who think that Senator Landon's course last winter was quite sufficient to account for his being left off the Railroad Committee."

NEW YORK LETTER

More Words on Board the Emigrant Ship Leibnitz—The Opera—Banana in Orange.

(Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, January 24, 1868.

Congress monopolizes the attention of the public to such an extent that all minor questions are comparatively thrown in the back ground. Still there is no lack of excitement in the different branches of society which our large city is composed of. Thus the investigation on the part of the Emigrant Commission into the affair of the Hamburg ship *Leibnitz* creates considerable sensation, and the details of the affair which have come to light are of a shocking character. It had for some time been the habit of ship owners generally to overcrowd emigrant vessels with twice as many passengers as the size of the boat would allow, and besides the great inconvenience for the poor emigrant and the harsh and brutal treatment of the officers to which they were exposed, no adequate safety was offered in case of an accident, and such a thing as medical assistance could not be had, or were the freighters compelled by the authorities of the port from which they sailed to employ a physician even for large wages. The probability is, however, that the reports of the commissaries of emigration, and the facts which have thus come to light, will find due consideration in Europe and that we will be spared a repetition of such scenes as took place on board the *Leibnitz*, where, for the want of necessary precautions, twenty to thirty persons were found their death from the dreadful disease, cholera, and had to be surreptitiously committed to a watery grave, after days of suffering, excruciating pain and agony. The probability is that not many years will go by before sailing vessels will be altogether substituted by steamers for the transportation of emigrants. The latter class of crafts are improving with astonishing rapidity, and it is not much more than ten years since the steamship "Persia," of the Cunard line, came to this port as a new boat and was then considered the fastest steamboat on the Atlantic. Other crafts have, however, got far ahead of her since then, and she is now making her last trip to Liverpool as a vessel of the said line. She has been sold and will be replaced by one of the new vessels which have been built in Glasgow. The river obstructions within the immediate vicinity of our ports are a source of much vexation to those who are the immediate sufferers and to the traveling public generally.

The steamer "Glaucus," which had struck against "Hallgate," the place which has already been the ruin of so many vessels, has been set afloat again, but will have to undergo considerable repair before she can resume her regular trips. The ice, which continues to obstruct navigation on the river, has a fair chance of becoming reduced in consequence of the moderate weather which has prevailed to-day and yesterday. For out-door occupation and for promenading our streets the weather is, however, not very favorable, and places of amusement are consequently not as much visited as they probably otherwise would be. The fact is, that with the exception of Pike's Opera House, the public appreciating good music does not find many attractions at the present time. Your readers are aware that Max Strakosch has engaged Mme. La Grange and the well-known tenor, Mr. Brignoli, with a troupe of well picked artists for the season. His choice in selecting the services of such eminent artists could not have been a more lucky one, for Madame La Grange, besides being the favorite of the New York public, is an artist such as we have not often an opportunity of hear in America. We all know very well that it is the habit of the New York public to exalt the talents of a moderate native artist, and patriotism thus expressed is both laudable and natural. Still we must acknowledge that not any of our American prima donnas, indeed but few of them on the first stages of Europe, can be compared to Mme La Grange, as far as flexibility of voice and expression is concerned. In such operas as "La Traviata" or "Norma" she seems indeed perfect, and what alteration in the strength of her voice time may have caused is hardly perceptible, for she in an eminent degree appears to have the happy faculty of saving her voice for the passages where she requires its full strength, and is perfectly master of her vocal powers, besides being an excellent actress. It is a sort of regret that Brignoli has not been able to appear on the stage lately, owing to an accident which he has met with, but it is understood that he will in a day or two make his appearance and sound Mad. La Grange in her performances. It appears astonishing, and gives evidence of the energy of the manager, that within the short period which has elapsed since the inauguration of the opera season, not less than eight different operas have been performed, which gives ample opportunity to every amateur to gratify his personal taste for whichever opera he may happen to have a preference.

The ball season is in full blaze, and parties as well as masquerades are the order of the day, but, as they have a particular tendency of resembling each other strikingly, your correspondent refrains from giving a minute description of those which he has happened to visit.

Banana in Orange.—Yesterday afternoon, about five o'clock, a shooting affair of serious character took place in Geyer's drinking saloon, corner of West and Second streets, in the Third ward, Allegheny. A party of negroes, four in number, were drinking at the bar, when Alfred and John Gabby entered the saloon. The former had been one of the night police of the city, and some time ago had arrested one of the negroes named Dan Gordon, and on his appearance, the fellow walked up to him, and with an oath, swore that he was going to get square with him for that act. Before Gabby had any time to reply, the negroes made an assault on himself and brother. One of the assailants drew a razor and another a revolver. Two shots were fired, one lodging in the arm of Alfred Gabby, and the other inflicting a dangerous, though not necessarily fatal wound in the side of John Gabby. The negroes then fled. The firing brought together a crowd of men who gave chase to the fugitives and succeeded in arresting two of them, John Clark and Joseph Fisher, in a house of ill fame on North avenue, where they had taken refuge, and locked the doors. The men also arrested Melinda Lucas, a colored prostitute, and a vagabond white woman who interfered in the arrest. All the party were conveyed to the tombs and locked up. Subsequently the efficient and zealous new Chief of Police, Capt. Bowden, succeeded in arresting the principal of the affair, Dan. Gordon, a black desperado well known in police circles. The entire party will have a hearing this morning. The injured man were immediately placed under medical care, and no danger is anticipated in either case.

After the arrest the boys took occasion to break the windows, tear out the doors and furniture with stones the tenement occupied by the frail Melinda, and had not the authorities interfered not a stick would have been left to mark the spot where stood the vile den of iniquity.

Arrest of a Colored Thief.—A young man of color, named Ben. Johnson, was arrested yesterday morning on a charge of larceny, by the Allegheny police. Johnson has been in the employ of Mr. Teager, who resides on Stockton avenue, Allegheny, for a number of years. He had been detected in petty larceny at different times and forgiven. Forbearance and charity does not seem to be the proper treatment for the unfortunate fellow, and articles have been missing lately, and on Saturday he was interrogated, but denied the theft. The missing article consisted of a furnace, valued at one hundred dollars, gold cross, watch chain and a pocket knife. He was found secreted at his father's house, in Butcher's Run. The stolen articles have been recovered. The furnace, not being in use, was stored in the stable. He was committed to answer the charge at Court.

New American House.—We are pleased to announce that our friends Messrs. Palmer & Phillips, late of the firm of Smithson, Palmer & Co., have entered into a co-partnership for the purpose of carrying on, in the literal sense of the word, the American hotel business. They have secured the lease of the building and furniture formerly occupied by Gardner's shoe store, Fifth House building, and are now engaged in refitting it in the modern style. They will open to business some day during the present week. Both these gentlemen have had large business experience, and carry with them the esteem, confidence and best wishes of the mercantile community. We trust they may be as successful in their new enterprise as their energy and integrity warrants.

A Warning.—Mrs. Ogden's REST warning to cautious skaters:—"The Ohio State Journal relates the death of a young girl, in Columbus, from the effects, as is supposed, of becoming over-heated while skating. A few days since she was on Scioto, enjoying herself skating, but on her return home was attacked with pleurisy, of which she died, and death came to her relief. Several cases of the kind, says the *Journal*, have been reported in this city, but this one is the first that has terminated fatally. Skaters cannot be too careful about sitting down in the open air when heated from over-exercise."

Held for Trial.—Officers Campbell and Nixon arrested a man named Wm. Delaney, on a charge of being implicated in an assault upon a man named Beaumont and his son, on Saturday night. It appears that the latter parties were standing on the pavement, in front of the place of resort on Ohio avenue, Allegheny, engaged in conversation, when McCleary and Delaney came along, all more or less intoxicated, came along, Mr. Beaumont, senior, was knocked down and abused by the latter, who threatened to "fix" anyone interfered with the prostrate man. The parties were taken to the station-house, and in default of bail in the sum of $500 for trial.

Rheumatic Contest.—This afternoon at three o'clock (the grandest rheumatic event of the season) a contest between rheumatic patients, for a silver cup, offered by the Proprietor of the Pittsburgh Skating Park, old Fair Grounds, on the line of the Citizens' Passenger Railway. It will be a contest for the championship of the rheumatics between those two well and widely-known monarchs of the ice, Frank Swift, of Allegheny, and Mike Farm, of Chicago. A magnificent treat may safely be anticipated. A brass band will be in attendance, and in short, everything and everybody is invited to attend. The best police regulations have been adopted to secure order.

Accident on the Allentown Route.—Sunday morning about one o'clock, as the New York Express train West, on the Allentown route, had arrived within twenty-five miles of Reading, the rear truck of the baggage car became heated and struck the first passenger car, throwing it down a steep embankment. Fire was communicated to the car from the stove, and it was entirely destroyed. A number of passengers had been in the car a short time before, but when the accident occurred it was fortunately empty. The baggage car was wrecked, and another of the passenger cars was badly smashed. The train was delayed six hours.

Second Ward Election.—The election for a successor to Thomas Steele, in Common Council, in the Second ward, yesterday, was conducted quietly, and a large vote was brought out. Mr. D. W. C. Carroll, the independent Republican candidate, held the advantage from noon up till the close of the polls, although the regular nominee, Mr. Thomas Bailey, made decided show of strength. At the close the vote stood as follows: Thomas Bailey, 201; D. W. C. Carroll, 203. Mr. Carroll was therefore elected. He will take his seat next Tuesday.

The Police Appointments.—A very lively time may be anticipated at the meeting of the Police Committee this evening at Wilkins Hall. There are at least six applicants for every appointment. The unusual number of applicants on the present occasion is partly owing to the fact that a large number of men are idle in Pittsburgh, and also to the fact that the increased proportions of the city warrants the belief that a great many changes will be made in the police department.

Amusements.—Lecture.—An intellectual treat is promised our lecture going community on Thursday evening next, at the Academy of Music, in the way of a lecture by Theodore Tilton. Subject, "American Women." He is one of the most pleasing lecturers of the country, and no doubt will be greeted by a very large audience. Tickets may be procured at the Library rooms, corner of St. Clair and John streets.

A Fine Residence.—Our readers who may be seeking a residence with all needful appurtenances to possess and enjoy, in a stipulation unrivalled for its multiplied attractions, and which we unhesitatingly can be purchased at a surprisingly low price, are referred to the advertisement in another place of an Orphan's Court sale of the residence of the late Charles Stone, Esq., adjoining the town of Beaver.

Attempted Suicide.—Saturday night last a young married woman named Johnson, living in Manchester with her parents, and in distress of mind concerning her husband, who is addicted to intemperance, attempted to end her existence by taking arsenic. The fact was discovered in time, and her life saved.

The Beningnhoff Sensation—Prominent Men Accused of the Robbery—"Joseph" Mistaken—Indignation of Citizens, etc.—A correspondent of the Erie *Dispatch* thus writes from Titusville: Our citizens were yesterday much excited in regard to the reported arrest of several of our most prominent citizens, as the perpetrators of the late robbery. However, none for a moment entertained the opinion as to their guilt, and yet the matter was of too serious a nature for a sell entirely. But to the fact. Early yesterday morning an officer called on Major Mills, of the American, and asked if one Cady boarded there. He also inquired for Mr. Harley. Being answered that both gentlemen boarded there, but Harley was in New York and Cady in his room, he proceeded to arrest the latter, at the time searching the room. Soon the officer and his charge, together with a few friends of Cady, were on their way to Esquire Donahue, at Petroleum Centre, to answer.

As soon as the identifying witnesses saw Mr. Cady, the prosecutor (Joe Benningnhoff) withdrew the charge, and offered to pay the cost. F. M. Cady, however, insisted upon proving he was at Pleasantville during the entire evening of the robbery. The only circumstance causing the arrest is about as follows: An anonymous letter was received by the Benninghoffs, stating that if they would offer in the *Herald* a reward of $3,000, the writer would reveal to them the lost treasure. Information just about as reliable, was also furnished, that four men were seen to leave Titusville early on the eve of the robbery, and the same party were seen to return at a later hour, giving proper time to drive to the place and return, and that one of the party was Cady and another Harley, whereupon Jos Benninghoff swore out a warrant against them. The information as to the party of four was true, said party consisting of Messrs. Cady, Harley, Major Mills and Captain Pitcher, who indulged in a sleigh ride to Pleasantville on the evening in question. In regard to the feeling here about the above arrest, our citizens are truly indignant, the suspicion was so trifling. The characters of the parties implicated are above reproach. They are men engaged, perhaps, in the largest transactions in oil in the entire region. Messrs. Cady and Gen. Avery are the proprietors of the Pithole and Miller Farm oil pipe line, and our acquaintance with Mr. Cady dates back to childhood, and his honesty and business qualifications are unquestioned.

Mr. Harley escaped the odium of an arrest, as he was absent. He is the proprietor of the Harley oil pipe line, and enjoys the confidence of all business men, and in reputation stands unquestioned. In conclusion, we wonder if our readers will wind such ridiculous lies quietly? If so, it will be well for every citizen to have the proof of an alibi at hand.

The total amount realized by the robbers is generally supposed to be, as we can learn the total loss will not fall short of $50,000, although Joe only swears to about one-fourth that amount. Information from a source that is perhaps the most reliable, says it is entirely too much to make public. In the meantime, there does not seem to be any active measures taken to ferret out the perpetrators, and the impression is "it don't pay to work for this firm."

Temperance Meeting.—The Allegheny Temperance League meets this evening in the North Presbyterian, Rev. E. R. Snyder's) Church. The address of the evening will be delivered by Rev. John Moore, of Philadelphia. The choir will furnish chorus music.

Painful Wound.—Mr. Benjamin Babcock, while felling a tree about three miles from Centreville, received a wound which we accepted, by which his arm was in nearly half off, severing the main artery. We have no further news of the injured man, the wound being of a serious character, and the patient is now doing well.

Arrested and Discharged.—William Henderson was committed to the Mayor's office yesterday morning, on a charge of disturbance of the peace, and discharged on the payment of the costs.

Stream to run the Lumber Into the River.—Table Linens, most astonishing bargains, closing out at Barker's.

Good Goods at Gold Prices.—Having marked down my goods to gold prices I will sell my entire stock of boots and shoes of all kinds for gents, ladies, misses, and boys, at lower prices than they have been sold since the war. I warrant all my goods, having been selected with care, to be what they are represented. Parties purchasing can depend on getting a good article. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. Pleased to show goods. JAMES ROSS, 59 Market street.

Table Linens, most astonishing bargains, closing out at Barker's.

Good Groceries.—Our Allegheny readers will remember the store of Mr. Arthur Kirk, Nos. 172 and 174 Federal street, Allegheny, still continues to sell his groceries at the old stand, and at very low rates. Mr. K.'s store being one of the largest in the two cities he is prepared to sell large quantities of goods at small trade. His groceries are of such a quality as suit the most particular housekeeper, and his prices are to suit the economical purchaser. Call at Nos. 172 and 174 Federal street, and see the stock as well as his prices last.

See the beautiful Shirting Long Cloth, at Barker's closing sale.

To Wholesale Buyers of Dry Goods we are offering special inducements—job lots from the Eastern Auction Sales—Shawls, Scarfs, Cloaks, Ready-making Goods, Mens' Wear, Sheetings, Shirtings, Prints, &c.

J. W. BARKER & CO., 59 Market street.

Table Linens, most astonishing bargains, closing out at Barker's.

Art Exhibition.—The third annual exhibition of the School of Design will open on Tuesday, February 4th, at ten o'clock A. M., and continue day and evening throughout the week. The public are invited to attend.

See the beautiful Shirting Long Cloth, at Barker's closing sale.

Call and Examine the large and complete stock of Furs, at William Fleming's, No. 139 Wood street.

Fresh Shell Oysters are received daily and served up in the very best manner and in all styles, at the popular Continental Dining Rooms, Fifth street, next door to the Postoffice.

Towels—All kinds, bargains, at Barker's closing sale.

The most tempting oysters and rarest of games kept constantly on hand at the popular and first class dining rooms of Holtzhelmer, Fifth street, next door to the Postoffice. Call in and try a meal at Holtzhelmer's.

Bargains in Ladies' Furs, at William Fleming's, No. 139 Wood street.

French Merinos 50c. per yard, at Barker's closing sale.

For the Opera buy your party fans and light colored kid gloves at W. W. Moorhead's fashionable retail trimming and notion house, No. 81 Market street.

Dress Goods closing out very cheap at Barker's sale.

Napkins, large size, 12½c, at Barker's final sale.

Fur Victorines, collars, cuffs, muffs, &c., at prices regardless of cost, at the wholesale and retail store of Snodgrass & Ross, No. 24 St. Clair street.

Go to Barker's closing sale.

MARRIED:

SMITH—TOWNLEY.—On Thursday evening, September 5th, 1867, at the residence of the officiating clergyman, Kittanning, Armstrong Co., Pa., by the Rev. James Dick, ALBERT K. SMITH, of Pittsburgh, Pa., and Miss MARY A. TOWNLEY, of Richmond, Crawford Co., Pa.

DIED:

LYON.—In Allegheny City, Saturday, 26th January, 1868, JOHN LYON, of Lyon, Shorb & Co., in the 35th year of his age.

The funeral from the residence of his son, J. Fetton Lyon, Western Avenue, TUESDAY, the 28th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M.

CRIDGE.—On Monday, January 27th, 1868, of measles, MOLLIE, daughter of Joseph and Maria Cridge, aged 3 years and 10 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her parents, No. 6 Craig street, Allegheny, this (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, at 4 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

STEEN.—On Monday night, the 27th inst., at 10½ o'clock, MARY LUELLA, daughter of Peter and Kate Steen, aged 1 year, 1 month and 23 days.

Funeral from the residence of her grandfather, Joseph Marshall, No. 45, Sampson street, Allegheny, on TUESDAY, the 28th. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

ALEXANDER.—On the evening of the 26th inst., at his residence, No. 64 Sampson street, Allegheny, JOHN ALEXANDER, father of Alderman Anderson, in the 82d year of his age.

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UNDERTAKERS

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa., keeps constantly on hand a full assortment of all kinds of Burial Goods, including every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods, Coffins, of all kinds; CRAPES, GLOVES, &c., furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearses and Carriages furnished. REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D. D., Rev. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, Undertakers and Livery Stables, corner Sandusky street and Church avenue, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $15 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Morning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

ROBERT T. RODNEY, Undertaker and Embalmer, No. 64 Ohio St., Allegheny, and No. 89 Diamond Square, (Old Man Wilson & Bros.,) keeps always on hand the best Metal, Rosewood, Walnut and Imitation Rosewood Coffins. Walnut Coffins from $35 upwards. Rosewood Coffins $30 upwards; all other goods in proportion. Carriages and Hearses furnished at low rates. Crape, Gloves, Plate & Engraving furnished gratis. Office open day and night.

EDWARD CEABNECKI, Undertaker, Office, No. 84 Ohio Street, Allegheny. Metallic, Rosewood and other Coffins, with a complete stock of Funeral Furnishing Goods, on hand and furnished at shortest notice, lowest prices. Sale and Livery Stables, corner of First and Middle Streets. Carriages, Coaches, Buggies, Saddle Horses, &c., &c., for hire.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two Large Story BRICK DWELLING HOUSES, No. 31 Ohio Street, Allegheny City, containing nine rooms, with a room; finished attic, bath house, hot and cold water, water closets, wash bowls and gas fixtures. Inquire at No. 163 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—A very desirable three-story BRICK HOUSE, handsomely finished brick front, marble mantles; gas and water throughout; house contains seven rooms and finished garret, No. 85 Fifth street, near Allegheny, Sixth ward. Possession from April 1st, 1868. Enquire at the house.

FOR SALE—FLORIDA LANDS.—We offer for sale 10,000 acres of Land in Putnam county, about 20 miles above the city of Apalachicola. The land is improved and under cultivation, and is unsurpassed for cotton, sugar, and all productiveness of Southern staples, such as sugar cane, cotton, rice, sweet potatoes and orange trees, with superior grazing for cattle and living hogs, on the pine ranges. The best of pine timber in the country, within a few miles of a steam saw mill, with depth of water enough for steamboats to run lumber into the river, where it can be loaded into large steamers and shipped North. There are ten good frame houses on the premises. The waters abound with fish, geese, ducks, and the woods with all kinds of game—bear, deer, turkeys, quail, etc. The country is entirely free from those diseases rendered by miasmatic influences so prevalent in the Gulf States. Steamers can run the lumber into the river. This tract lies near the first season. Price 50 cents per acre.

Also, 100,000 acres in Georgia, at prices from 50 cents to $10 per acre.

For further information send or call for our Southern Land Circular. ELLIOTT & HUTCHINSON, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, Pittsburgh, (formerly Lawrenceville.)

FOR SALE—Three very desirable DWELLING AND LOTS, situated on the field street, Fifth ward, Allegheny, one-half square from street cars. Each house contains eight rooms and a finished attic, and are finished throughout in the best manner, with hot and cold water, bath room, water closet, mantles, etc., etc. The above property is only offered until the 1st of February. For further particulars apply at office of GEO. A. BERRY, Ohio avenue and Sedgwick street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—House and Lot on the corner of Manhattan and Adams streets, new. Square Building Lot, No. 1 Ward, with House Frame, containing 7 rooms and good hall, well improved. House and Lot on Shetland, near Bidwell street. Elegant Building Lot, No. 1 Ward; house frame, contains hall, five rooms and good cellar; water and gas. Also, several small Houses and Lots in good locations. Inquire of J. RUSH & CO., Beaver street, near Chestnut, Manchester.

FOR SALE—HORSES—AT HOWARD'S Livery and Sale Stable, one fine FAMILY HORSE (Bay); three DAPPLE GREY HORSES, one LARGE DRAFT HORSE; three BLACK MARES; two GREY MARES. FIRST STREET, near the Monongahela House.

Horses bought and sold on commission.

FOR SALE—One CARRIAGE, suitable for one or two horses; one TWO-HORSE WAGON, and a table saw to cut MEN, nearly new. Enquire at the PENITENTIARY.

THE U. S. WATCH

IS PROVING A PERFECT SUCCESS.

For sale by the Agents,

DUNKEATH & HASLETT,

56 FIFTH STREET.

SPECTACLES, OF ALL KINDS, AT DUNKEATH & HASLETT'S, 56 FIFTH STREET.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO THOSE WANTING CLOTHING.

We now offer our stock of WINTER CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, And OVERCOATINGS, Which will be made to order in the latest style, only $5 PER CENT. LESS THAN OFFERED THIS SEASON. Call and examine stock, & of prices.

H. SMITH, Merchant Tailor, No. 90 WYLIE ST., corner of Federal.

HENRY G. HALE, Merchant Tailor, Cor. Penn and St. Clair Streets, PITTSBURGH, PA.

GRAND EXHIBITION BY

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

FROM EUROPE.

The New French Loan.

Letter from Fenian Burke.

Destructive Storm in Scotland.

Financial Condition of France.

Sir Curling Early Convicted of Bigamy.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ENGLAND.

THE NEW FRENCH LOAN.

LONDON, January 27.—It is now asserted that the new French loan of seven hundred and fifty millions of francs will be placed in the market to-day.

LETTER FROM FENIAN BURKE.

LONDON, January 27.—The papers this morning publish a letter from the Fenian prisoner Burke, who was confined in the House of Detention in Clerkenwell at the time of the explosion. Burke denies in positive terms that he had any previous knowledge of the conspiracy and declares if the attempt was made to afford him an opportunity of making his escape, no information of such purpose was ever conveyed to him.

TRIAL AND CONVICTION FOR BIGAMY.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—The trial of Sir Charling Early, for bigamy, was concluded to-day. The testimony showed that the accused married Miss Emily Florence McGee in New York, in 1859; that he in the year 1867 married Miss Elizabeth Allan, in London; and that the second marriage took place while the first wife was living. The Court was called upon to decide the legitimacy of the marriage in New York, and declared it a

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27, 1868.

SENATE.

The CHAIR submitted the petition of the Constitutional Convention of Georgia relative to the organization of State Governments in the South; also, from the Constitutional Convention of Mississippi, praying for the extension of the Freedmen's Bureau. Both were referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Also, a communication from General Howard in reply to a resolution of inquiry setting forth the facts in regard to the discontinuance of the Freedmen's Bureau in Kentucky, Tennessee and Maryland.

Mr. TERRY introduced a bill to allow the importation of dye stuffs free of duty. Referred.

Mr. WILSON introduced a bill to relieve the disabilities of certain persons in Virginia. Referred to Judiciary Committee.

Also, a bill to permit officers and soldiers to wear corps badges for services during the war. Referred to Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. SUMNER offered a resolution asking the President for information relative to the trial of Rev. Mr. McMahon, Robt. Lynch and others, by the British Government. Adopted.

Mr. TRUMBULL offered a resolution calling for information relative to the disposition of captured and abandoned property.

Mr. BAWES offered a resolution that Congress ought to cease its war upon the Constitution in view of the enormous public debt weighing upon the industrial resources of the people, that the Freedmen's Bureau should be at once abolished, the army reduced to twenty thousand men, the cotton tax repealed, and the United States bonds taxed. The resolution was laid over.

The Senate then took up the bill for the removal of the disabilities of Robert M. Patton, of Alabama.

Messrs. STEWART, POMEROY, JOHNSON and HOWARD supported it, and Messrs. DRAKE and BUCKALEW opposed it, the latter on the ground that he was opposed to special legislation in individual cases.

The morning hour expired, when the special order—the resolution for detailing one or more naval officers to attend the International Maritime Exposition at Havre—came up, was debated and laid on the table.

The Supplementary Reconstruction bill was taken up.

The question was on Mr. DOOLITTLE's motion to instruct the Judiciary Committee to report his amendment.

Mr. WILSON took the floor. He had not been aware, when Mr. Doolittle insisted upon occupying the morning hour on Thursday, that it had been authoritatively announced that the Senator was to deliver a long, premeditated and carefully prepared speech, laying down a platform for the Conservative party in the coming election. He had never heard a more unpatriotic, inhuman and wicked speech. After alluding to the President and others as men who abandoned their friends and assailed them, and misrepresented their purposes, he said that the Senator's purpose was to overthrow the nearly completed policy of Reconstruction. He rewited and praised the Andersonville prison pen, which was organizing under the reconstruction acts, saying the people now enjoyed more liberty, law and order than before during a century.

Mr. WILSON continued Mr. Doolittle's views at some length and avended that the Northern Radicals were champions of liberty everywhere, and that the human race could not afford to be could almost say without irreverence that God could not afford to have their almost completed policy stricken down by such efforts as that of the Senator from Wisconsin. He recited the opinion that before the fourth of July next the Southern States would be represented here by loyal men, and he would be glad, then, to see the Senator and his friends shake hands with those men who would return to their country. They were not barbarians, as the Senator claimed, but fighting men who had rebelled against their old rebel masters and for the cause of Christian civilization. He concluded by asking the ayes and noes on the amendment.

Mr. JOHNSON spoke in support of the Judiciary Committee's proposition, and for the calling in and cancelling of National Bank currency and of the United States legal tenders; also, for the issue of bonds drawing three per cent. interest; all outstanding bonds, except those payable in gold, to be paid when due or redeemable in Treasury certificates of three per cent. convertible into bonds at the pleasure of the holder, the Treasury certificates to be convertible into bonds, and *vice versa*.

Mr. LOGAN: Requiring the Secretary of the Treasury to appoint a commission to establish a marine hospital at Cairo.

To revise section two of the act of April 5th, 1866, constituting the Hannibal, Mo., and Peoria, Ill., ports of delivery.

For the relief of the Winona and St. Paul Railroad Company.

By Mr. COOK: To amend the national currency act. Referred to the Committee on Banking.

It provides that whenever national bank bills shall be issued by the United States in payment of taxes, &c., they shall not be reissued, but United States notes not bearing interest shall be issued in their stead; that whenever a sufficient amount of notes of any nationa bank shall be received to pay any of the bonds deposited with the Treasurer for the circulation of the bank, if the bond shall be then redeemable, or if the banks shall agree thereto, the bond and no less shall be cancelled, if not, the notes are to be held until the bond becomes due, and then the notes and bond shall be cancelled and no other circulating notes shall be issued in lieu there of; and when any bank shall be wound up under the provisions of the bill, no new national bank shall be established, but the amount of its circulating notes shall be deducted from the total amount of national bank circulation and a corresponding amount of greenbacks shall be issued.

Mr. MALOY offered a resolution instructing the Committee of Ways and Means to inquire into the expediency of authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury, first, to employ all legal tender notes that may come into his possession in excess of the amount necessary to pay the current expenses of the Government, purchasing at their market value such interest bearing securities of the United States as he may be able to obtain; second, to employ all gold in the treasury in excess of thirty millions of dollars in the same way; third, to authorize a loan equal to the whole amount of present interest bearing debt of the United States, and to issue bonds running fifty years at four per cent. interest and principal payable in gold, the loan to be offered only as gold may be required to pay the current expenses of the government and purchase the present interest bearing bonds; fourth, to require the national banks to replace the bonds now on deposit in the Treasury with such four per cent. bonds. Adopted.

Mr. CLARK, of Kansas, offered a preamble and resolution reciting that the act of January 24th, 1867, provides that there shall be no denial of the elective franchise in any of the territories on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude, and that it is reported the Legislature of Montana has passed a bill, which has been approved by the Governor of Montana Territory, restricting the franchise to white male citizens, and instructing the Judiciary Committee to inquire into the matter and report such measures as may be necessary to secure obedience to the act of Congress, in Montana and Governor of Montana to the laws of Congress.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, suggested the Committee be instructed to report a bill repealing the act organizing the territory.

Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, suggested the subject be sent to the Committee on Territories.

Mr. CLARK so modified the resolution.

Mr. CAVANAUGH tried to make a speech, but was cut off by the previous question. He then moved to lay the resolution on the table—negatived, thirty-six ayes, one hundred and twenty-three nays.

The resolution was adopted—yeas one hundred and twenty-six, nays twenty-seven.

The SPEAKER presented a number of Executive communications of no general interest.

Also, resolutions of the Georgia Constitutional Convention, in relation to the reorganization of State governments, the removal of disabilities, and modification of the test oath.

Also, a petition from members of the Constitutional Convention of Louisiana, asking the removal of General Sheridan. Both were referred to the Reconstruction Committee.

Also, a resolution of the Mississippi Constitutional Convention relative to the Freedmen's Bureau, referred to the Committee on Freedmen's Affairs.

The House proceeded to the consideration of the resolution of the Committee on Appropriations to prevent the payment of claims arising out of the rebellion.

After half a dozen votes on as many different amendments the bill passed without amendment—yeas eighty-six, nays sixty-three.

On motion of Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, a Conference Committee was appointed on the Deficiency bill.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, relative to the rights of American citizens in foreign states. Ordered to be printed. Committed, it being understood that it will be reported back for action this morning. Mr. Jeffries from the bill as published in the following particulars: In the first section, in lieu of empowering the President to use the influence and authority of the Government to secure the recognition of the rights of naturalized citizens, it empowers him to use all the resources of the Government in just and proper cases, and in the same section all who shall establish a continuous residence beyond the limits of the United States for a period of five years. The third section exempts from the provisions of the act naturalized citizens who shall fail to make an annual return of his property in the United States to the American Consul, or who reside for the district in which he last resided.

Mr. INGERSOLL, on leave, introduced a bill authorizing an additional issue of legal tender notes to the amount of $400,000,000 to be apportioned by the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. DONNELLY, on leave, to offer a resolution instructing the Committee of Ways and Means to inquire into the inoleiness of the Treasury, all more or less tows: For notice by the Secretary of the Treasury when the United States could pay the five-twenty bonds of 1862 billions, that he will anticipate payment of interest first falling due on bonds, such payment to be subject to a rebate of interest at the rate specified in bonds; for a new loan of $500,000,000 at six per cent. principal and interest payable in coin, the loan to be confined to citizens of the United States and not to be transferable or payable to any other, and bonds to be liable to State and local taxation, bonds to be payable, fifty millions on the first of January, 1868, and fifty millions on each succeeding 1st of January, for a new loan of one hundred millions at 4½ per cent. principal and interest payable in coin, which may be made payable either in the city of London, bonds payable, fifty millions on the 1st of January, 1869, and to be payable either by the United States or any State or municipality; that the Secretary of the Treasury be empowered to pay the per diem, which was referred to the Committee to confer with General Canby.

ALABAMA.

MONTGOMERY, January 27.—An order was issued today by General Hayden, commanding the District of Alabama, pursuant to orders from Gen. Meade, that the elections to be held on the 4th of February for delegates to a State Convention, shall be opened at three precincts in each county, and remain open four days in succession, and all public bar rooms at the voting precincts be closed from six on the evening of the 3d of February until the morning of the