THE DAILY GAZETTE,
PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING,
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)
PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
Proprietors,
F. B. PENNIMAN,..................JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, ...N. P. REED,
Editors. Business Managers.
OFFICE, GAZETTE BUILDING,
Nos. 84 and 86 FIFTH STREET.
Leading Republican Paper of Western Pennsylvania.
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The Pittsburgh Gazette

THE nomination of General Irwin for State Treasurer, by the Republican caucus, is a fitting compliment to a very worthy gentleman, who has many warm and devoted friends in this neighborhood.

THE municipal election in Allegheny, held yesterday, resulted in the election of the Union Republican nominees for Mayor and Director of the Poor. Both branches of the City Council will be largely Republican.

INASMUCH as the Senate refused to concur in the action of the President, suspending Mr. Stanton from office, that gentleman yesterday took peaceable possession, General Grant very generously retiring and surrendering the portfolio to the rightful occupant. The noble, disinterested course of the soldier hero will commend itself to the thinking public. It is not probable that Mr. Stanton, after receiving endorsement from the Senate, will resign, nor is it likely that the President will continue the war urged on him, as he will be shrewd enough to discover that that course only serves to render the Secretary more popular in the estimation of the people.

—A history of the London Tailor's strike, is given, or at least the financial part, in a paper read just before Christmas, before the London Operative Tailor's Association. It appears that during the strike from April to the end of October, the money raised for the benefit of the tailors amounted to $85,500. Of the amount received, $78,405 had been paid to the men on strike, while the remainder, with the exception of $40 in hand and $750 advanced to the defence fund, was expended in delegations, public meetings, committees, printing, advertising and the other necessary incidents connected with a protracted strike. Two thousand men were on strike for six months, and they were paid at the rate of a little over six shillings, per head per week. $5,000 were expended in defending the President and others tried a few months ago for conspiring against the employing tailors.

VIRGINIA,

The Reconstruction Convention—Gen. Butler Makes a Speech.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, January 14.—In the Convention to-day an article of the Constitution was adopted declaring that Virginia shall forever remain in the Union and pledging her to resist all efforts to dissolve it.

An article was adopted declaring slavery in the State forever abolished.

A resolution from the Republican side inviting General Butler to address the Convention was adopted. Another from the Conservative members, inviting General Wise to address the Convention, was offered at this point. A Republican member moved to reconsider the vote, inviting General Butler. Pending the discussion, and amid motions to adjourn, when General Butler entered the door, and shortly after the Conservative members left the hall in a body, with one or two Republicans who had opposed the motion.

General Butler, in his speech, said there should be as few changes in the Constitution as possible, as few disfranchisements, and as few test oaths. With reference to disfranchisement, he thought it should apply to controlling officers of corporations, railroads, &c., the Legislature to have the power to remove these disabilities, on the proof of loyalty.

A tax for education should be laid on persons, and other taxes borne by persons and property alike. He urged the convention to be diligent and get through work soon. Suffrage, he said, could not be taken from a man after granted, but the Legislature might hereafter, as an incentive to education confer it only upon those who could read and write.

After returning a vote of thanks to the Speaker the Convention adjourned.

It has been snowing all day.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, January 14.—The British bark Oliver Cutts, was wrecked last night on Paul Pry Rock near Alcotrose Island, while coming up the harbor laden with coal, from Navimo, Vancouver's Island. There are no hopes of saving the cargo or vessel.

General Frederick Steele, late Commander of the Department of Columbia, died yesterday, at San Mateo, of apoplexy.

The snow storm of Saturday night covered the roofs of the houses and the street, and was the heaviest fall in the city since 1847.

Weather Report.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA—Cloudy and cold.

NEW YORK CITY—Hazy, cold; wind southwest.

CRESTLINE—Cold and snowing.

COLUMBUS—Cold and snowing.

CINCINNATI—Mild and snowing hard; indications of rain.

CHICAGO—Cold and snowing.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND—Cloudy and mild; three inches of snow fell last night.

LOUISVILLE, KY.—Cloudy; two inches of snow; now raining.

ST. LOUIS—Cloudy and mild, with three inches of snow.

OIL REGIONS—Cloudy and cold.

MEMPHIS—Weather warm and cloudy.

South Carolina Reconstruction Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHARLESTON, January 14.—The Reconstruction Convention, composed of fifty-three whites and sixty-three colored delegates, met in pursuance of Gen. Canby's order, at noon, ninety-two delegates, constituting a quorum, present. L. J. Robertson, of Columbia, was chosen temporary Chairman. The day was consumed in the examination of credentials of delegates. Permanent organization will probably be effected to-morrow. The choice of permanent President lies between Collector Mackey, of Charleston, and B. F. Wittemore, of Massachusetts, hailing from Darlington district. The proceedings were quite orderly.

Maryland Legislature—Voting for United States Senator.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, January 14.—The Maryland Legislature voted for United States Senator to-day, to succeed Reverdy Johnson. In the Senate the vote stood: Governor Swann, eight; W. T. Hamilton, seven; ex-Governor Pratt, four; Joshua Van Zandt, three; Archer, two; Reverdy Johnson, one. In the House: Swann, thirty-three; Hamilton, 20; Pratt, thirteen; B. Jarris, three; Reverdy Johnson, one; scattering sixteen.

Fires at Chicago.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, January 14.—The buildings at 175 and 177 Fourth avenue, occupied as dwellings, were destroyed by fire last night. Loss on buildings and contents, $9,000. At an early hour this morning the buildings at No. 116 and 118 South Water street, occupied by H. H. Marble and Walker & Watts, commission merchants, were destroyed by fire. Loss, $16,000; insured for $11,000.

Boiler Explosion in Michigan.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, Jan. 14.—The boiler in Crisber & Bros. flouring mill at Onivey, Michigan, exploded at five o'clock this afternoon. The building is a perfect wreck. Samuel Hawthorn, engineer, was killed. Loss $8,000.

Hon. C. A. King was chosen President of the Toledo Board of Trade for the ensuing year at the Board of Annual Electors to-day.

New Jersey Legislature.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TRENTON, Jan. 14.—Both Houses of the Legislature organized this afternoon. In the House resolutions were introduced to repeal the Constitutional Amendment in regard to reconstruction which was passed by the extra session in 1866. Referred to a Committee.

Massachusetts Legislature.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, Jan. 14.—In the Legislature to-day the Committee on the subject made a report to the House recommending the repeal of the law establishing a State constabulary. A bill was introduced to regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors.

Maine Temperance Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

AUGUSTA, ME., January 14.—The State Temperance Convention organized by electing Hon. N. G. Hitchborn President. It will be in session two days.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1786

Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIII. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 14, 1868. NUMBER 12.

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VOLUME LXXXIII. PIT

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

HARRISBURG.

The State Treasurership—General Irwin Nominated in Republican Caucus—McGrath, of Philadelphia, the Democratic Candidate.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, Jan. 14, 1868.

The Republican Caucus met at ten o'clock this morning. The first vote for State Treasurer stood: Irwin, fifty-three; Mason, nine.

Mr. Connell moved to make the nomination unanimous, and paid a handsome tribute to Gen. Irwin.

The Democrats have nominated Wm V. McGrath, of Philadelphia.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 14, 1868.

SENATE

The *Legislative Record* resolution was indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Errett, of Allegheny, presented a supplement to the Monongahela Valley Railroad Company, increasing the capital stock and changing the route.

Also, reducing the *per diem* of Jury Commissioners.

Also, a Free Railroad Law.

Also, relative to the Pittsburgh and Connellsville road.

Also, authorizing the administration of oaths to officers of primary meetings.

Also, incorporating the Savings Bank of Pittsburgh.

Also, giving Courts power to establish election districts in Allegheny county.

Also, incorporating the Germania Fire Insurance Company.

Mr. Browne, incorporating the Columbia College at Kittanning.

Also, incorporating the Nesshannock Railroad, Coal and Ore Company, intended to supply New Castle with coal.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Ford, of Allegheny, presented a bill for the relief of Jacob Grubb, an old soldier.

Also, increasing the fees of Surveyors in Allegheny county attending Court.

Mr. Wilson, of Allegheny, incorporating the Lawrenceville Gas Company.

Incorporating the Federal Street and Pleasant Valley Railway Company, Allegheny City.

Incorporating the Savings and Building Association of Pittsburgh.

Authorizing the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company to loan money in Pennsylvania.

Granting a pension to John McAnley, of Allegheny.

Mr. Jackson, of Armstrong, vacating part of North street, in Apollo.

Mr. Jones, of Berks, repealing the liquor law of 1867.

Mr. Nicholson, of Beaver, establishing a ferry over the Ohio at Vanport.

Authorizing an additional Notary Public at Smith's Ferry.

Mr. Gallagher, of Westmoreland, a supplement for Greensburg.

Mr. Clark, of Warren, a joint resolution against the acquisition of additional territory.

Mr. Phelan, of Greene, repealing the act of 1867 assessing National bank stocks.

Fixing fees of Sheriff for transferring prisoners.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, January 14, 1868.

SENATE.

The report of the Commissioner of Patents was received and ordered to be printed.

Mr. WILSON presented a petition from citizens of Alabama for the removal of certain disabilities. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. MORGAN presented a petition from citizens of New York for an appropriation to charter a ship for the starving people in Sweden. Referred to the Foreign Committee.

Mr. STEWART, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a bill for the relief of Governor Patton, of Alabama, which was laid over, as present consideration was objected to.

Mr. COLE introduced a bill for the better security of the lives of passengers in steam vessels. Referred to Committee on Commerce.

Also, a bill to reduce the number of Major and Brigadier Generals in the Army. Referred to Military Committee.

Mr. WILLIAMS offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Finance to inquire into the expediency of providing for the funding and consolidation of the debt of the United States into obligations whose principal shall never become due, bearing interest at four per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually in coin, and exempt from all taxation; and further to provide for the purchase of such bonds from time to time by the Secretary of the Treasury as the pecuniary ability of the Government may justify; the Committee also to consider the propriety of imposing high discriminating duties upon costly fabrics and luxuries, with a view to checking the excessive importation and consequent exportation of gold, and reducing the amount on such duties collected to the sum necessary for paying the interest on the debt and removing the taxes from productions.

Also, to amend the National Bank act, so as to permit their establishment without limit as to number, to prohibit all other systems of banking, and provide for the substitution of National Bank notes in place of Treasury notes now in circulation, with further provisions promoting the return to specie payments by requiring said banks to hold reserves in coin, and offering special inducements to existing banks for the same purpose. Laid on the table.

Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN introduced a bill to restore possession of land confiscated by the authorities of the States lately in rebellion. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

On motion of Mr. DAVIS, his resolution to constitute a constitutional tribunal composed of one member from each State, to decide the questions of jurisdiction between the United States and the several States was taken up.

Mr. NYE replied to the portion of Mr. Davis' speech assailing Judges Chase and Swayne, and defended those gentlemen, paying a high tribute to their ability and integrity.

Mr. RAMSAY asked leave to introduce a bill authorizing the several Executive Departments to purchase paper and envelopes of the Treasury Department, provided it can be done thirty per cent. lower than in open market.

THE SPECIAL ORDER.

After some discussion, Mr. SHERMAN called for the special order, the anti-Contraction bill.

Mr. BUCKALEW'S amendment, fixing the first of July next as the period of suspension of the proposed bill was rejected.

Mr. DRAKE moved to amend by providing for the repeal of the law allowing contraction.

Mr. SHERMAN suggested the amendment was not in order, the proposition having already been voted down.

The Chair sustained the point.

Mr. CORBETT moved to amend by adding a proviso that nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent the Secretary of the Treasury from substituting notes payable in gold on demand in place of an equal amount of legal tender notes, in such manner and at such times as he may deem best for the public interest. Lost—forty against one.

Mr. MORRILL, of Vermont, offered an amendment that the suspension of the contraction law shall cease when the current price of gold coin shall reach one hundred dollars in United States notes for one hundred dollars in coin. Lost—yeas six, nays thirty-seven.

SUPREME COURT QUORUM.

During the debate the bill relative to the quorum of the Supreme Court, &c., with the House amendments, came over and was referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Mr. SHERMAN said the amendments were important. He thought it unreasonable that a bare majority of any Court should declare an act of Congress unconstitutional. It was contrary to reason and common sense. He hoped the Committee would consider whether a three-fourths or four-fifths vote, or even a unanimous vote, should not be required. On that he would express no opinion.

The discussion of the anti-Contraction bill being discussed, the SPEAKER moved to amend by inserting the following:

"And, that the amount of such notes now existing shall not be further reduces until Congress otherwise provides."

Mr. EDWARDS claimed the amendment was not in order.

The CHAIR so held it.

Mr. SHERMAN said he would offer an amendment when the bill came before the Senate, it being now in Committee.

Mr. SHERMAN moved to adjourn, and called for a division.

The motion was lost—fifteen to twenty-five.

Mr. SPRAGUE opposed the bill as accomplishing nothing. He favored neither contraction nor expansion, and his course was not dictated by regard for manufacturing interests, but for the interests of the whole country. The interests of money should be subordinated to all other interests of the country. It must be so for its own good. The Treasury of the United States was now a gigantic corporation, tending to establish a monopoly of banking interest, to which the people's interests were subordinate. He explained the national banking system to support this view, and said the country was now in a condition similar to that of Great Britain prior to the establishment of the Bank of England; and after alluding to the enormous interest required to be paid by business men here, as compared with the rate in England, he said the country could only be saved by the establishment of such a bank.

He yielded to a motion to adjourn—lost by sixteen to seventeen, whereupon he resumed the floor, and was proceeding to give his reasons for holding views contrary to those generally held by his section, when, at the suggestion of Mr. TRUMBULL, he yielded to a motion to adjourn, which was carried.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

RIGHTS OF ADOPTED CITIZENS.

Mr. McCARTHY asked leave to offer a resolution that Congress will sustain the Executive in a strong and speedy assertion of the rights of all native born and adopted citizens.

Mr. DAWES objected, remarking that the House had enough of the Fenian business.

WOULD HAVE VOTED NAY.

Mr. CAREY said if he had been present yesterday when the vote was taken on the passage of the Judiciary bill he would have voted in the negative.

THE COTTON TAX.

Mr. SCHENCK, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported back the Senate amendments to the bill providing for the exemption of cotton from Internal Revenue tax, with a recommendation that it be non-concurred in. He said the Committee thought the bill as amended was worse than no repeal at all.

Mr. STEVENS, of Pennsylvania, opposed the motion and Mr. PILE supported it.

The amendments were non-concurred in.

DRAWBACK ON COPPER.

Mr. PHELPS offered a resolution instructing the Committee of Ways and Means to inquire into the expediency of so amending the revenue laws as to authorize a drawback for export on copper smelted by the infusion of foreign ores to the extent of the duties paid on such imported ores.

Adopted.

BOUNTY TAX.

Mr. HILL offered a resolution for the relief of cities, counties and townships from the direct tax consequent upon the debt incurred by payment of bounties in the late war. Referred to Committee of Ways and Means.

A BIG THING PROPOSED.

Mr. EGGLESTON offered a resolution instructing the Committee of Ways and Means to inquire into the expediency of selling to the highest bidder the exclusive right of manufacturing spirits in the United States for the term of ten years, or more. Such privilege to be sold at not less than $75,000,000 per annum. Adopted.

CURRENCY EXPENSES.

Mr. ROSS offered a resolution instructing the Secretary of the Treasury to furnish a statement of the expenses incurred by the government in printing and furnishing currency to the National Banks. Adopted.

BILL REPORTED BACK.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported back the bill providing that no money shall be paid on account of seizure or imprisonment of, or for damages or detention of land or water conveyance in the insurrectionary States, or for transportation service, tolls, ferryage, &c., beyond the tariff of prices fixed by the Quartermaster General, or for the use and occupation of land in the insurrectionary States for fortification purpurposes.

On suggestion of Mr. HOLMAN, the consideration was postponed until Friday.

SALE OF PUBLIC LANDS.

Mr. JULIAN, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported a bill to prevent the further sale of public lands, except under pre-emption and homestead laws and laws for disposing of town sites and mineral lands. Postponed for two weeks.

Mr. JULIAN reported a bill authorizing the Commissioner General of the Land Office to cause proceedings to be adopted necessary for the entry and sales of the islands of the Great Miami River, in Ohio, with adjacent lands not heretofore entered, the entry to be made at the minimum price of two dollars and fifty cents per acre to the present possessor. After considerable discussion by Messrs. JULIAN, LAWRENCE, of Ohio, SPALDING, MUNGEN, WASHBURNE, of Illinois, WASHBURNE, of Indiana, ROSS and others, the bill passed without division.

MISSOURI TROOPS.

A bill was introduced (and referred) by Mr. McCLURG, placing certain troops of Missouri on an equal footing with others as to bounty.

BILLS PRESENTED.

By Mr. PRICE: Confirming the title to Little Rock Island, in the Mississippi River.

By Mr. CLARK, Kansas: Authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Missouri River, on the military reservation of Fort Leavenworth, and to provide for the reduction of said reservation.

Also, authorizing the North Western Railroad Company and the Leavenworth and Desmoines Railroad Company to construct their roads through Fort Leavenworth to the military reservation.

Also, a joint resolution for the relief of settlers on the Osage Indian lands.

By Mr. CLEAVER: To extend the right of citizenship to certain Mexican citizens residing in New Mexico.

Also, to cheapen the transportation of military supplies in Kansas, Colorado and New Mexico.

By Mr. HOLBROOK, Idaho: Granting aid for the construction of a railroad and telegraph line from the Union Pacific Railroad to Idaho, Portland, Oregon and Puget Sound.

By Mr. WELKER: To fix the compensation of the First Comptroller of the Treasury.

By Mr. LAWRENCE, Ohio: In reference to a contract with the United States by Koontz.

Also, amendatory of the act for the relief of certain drafted men.

By Mr. TRIMBLE: To authorize the building of a railroad bridge across the Ohio river, at Paducah.

By Mr. TRIMBLE, Tennessee: To appropriate money for rebuilding the Tennessee Blind School Building.

By Mr. JUDD: To fix compensation of employees of the United States depository at Chicago.

Also, to amend the act of February 20, 1845, extending the jurisdiction of District Courts in certain cases over lakes and navigable waters connected therewith.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM GEN. GRANT.

The SPEAKER presented communications from the Secretary of War *ad interim* as follows:

Transmitting communication from the Commissioner of Freedmen, recommending that authority be given by Congress for the transfer to that bureau of a quantity of dessicated and mixed vegetables now on hand. Referred to Committee on Freedmen's Affairs.

Transmitting a communication from the Chief of Ordnance with a suggestion for the removal of the St. Louis Arsenal to Jefferson Barracks reservation. Referred to Committee on Military Affairs.

Also transmitting a petition of certain members of the late militia of Memphis, Tennessee. Referred to the Committee on Military.

OTHER COMMUNICATIONS.

The SPEAKER also presented a communication from the Commissioner of Agriculture in reply to a resolution of the 19th ult. Referred.

Mr. BANKS presented a communication from the Department of State, stating that, pursuant to the stipulations of the treaty with Japan, of October 22, '64, this government's share of indemnity stipulated by that treaty is six hundred thousand dollars in gold, which amount had been invested in United States registered bonds, and now awaited such disposition as Congress might direct. Referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

NEW RECONSTRUCTION BILL—ITS CONSIDERATION RESUMED.

The morning hour having expired, the House resumed the consideration of the bill reported yesterday from the Committee on Reconstruction.

Mr. BROOKS, on behalf of himself and Mr. Beck, presented a minority report. In doing so he stated the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. Stevens) was also opposed to the bill, though on different grounds, they being opposed to it on principle, and he (Mr. Stevens) being opposed to it because he did not deem it effective enough, but was rather a bill to make a President of the United States than to carry out the objects stated in the bill.

Mr. BROOKS thereupon read the minority report as follows:

The undersigned, a minority of the Committee on Reconstruction, so-called, submit, among others, the following as some of their reasons in opposition to the bill:

First—That a Congress *ex parte* is asked in the first section to abrogate and destroy all civil government in ten States, four, viz: Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia, being of the original thirteen that started the government and created the constitution, while four others of that thirteen, making eight in all, have just been demonstrating through their popular elections that they recognize those civil governments and guarantee, as far as the popular voice can, their preservation, not destruction, as legal governments. Self government and representation are cardinal principles of a republic and solemnly ordained in our Federal Constitution, but this section ignores both, and robs ten States of the Union and their twelve millions of inhabitants of all protection from the judiciary or executive branches of the Government, while dooming them to a military despotism.

Second—That a Congress thus representing but a part of the people, and that part now in a minority, even if a full Congress, in the parliamentary sense of that word, would be but one of the three great branches of the government, with no right, no power to invalidate or deny the recognition of the Judiciary or Executive power, as asserted in the bill. The Executive or Judiciary have as much right to proclaim or adjudicate that Congress shall not be recognized, as that Congress has thus to enact, for the Executive and Judiciary both are as much the government and the creation of the Constitution as the House of Representatives or Senate, and the Executive, elected by the whole people, better represents the principle of popular government than a Senate, the mere arbitrary creation of the States.

Third—That the invalidation or nullification of the Executive and Judicial powers in ten States is not only an abolition of the Federal Constitution, but, without a direct repeal, in direct conflict with the great military acts of 1792-1795 and March 3d, 1807, putting the army and navy and militia of the United States in certain cases at the disposal of the President; also in conflict with the fundamental judiciary act of 1789; also, in conflict with article fourth section 5th of the Constitution, which, while guaranteeing to every State a republican form of government, also guarantees, on application to the civil authorities of the States, protection against domestic violation or invasion, such as is contemplated in the bill.

Fourth—That the Second and Third sections are in utter violation of the Constitution, article Second section Second, which declares the President to be Commander-in-Chief of the Armies of the United States, inasmuch as the General of the Army is there authorized to be Commander-in-Chief, and to remove by his order alone any and all officers of the United States Army independent of the Constitution and people elected Commander-in Chief, and this investure of a General of the Army with this supreme dictatorship is, as in solemn mockery set forth to be to reorganize civil Government, a republican in form.

Fifth.—That the whole act is revolutionary and incendiary in arraying Congress, but one branch of the Government, against the co-ordinate branches, in all respects the constitutional equals of Congress, and in some respects the constitutional superior of that Congress, and thereby calculated, if not intended, to involve the whole country in commotion and civil strife, the end of which no human eye can foresee.

JAMES BROOKS, of New York
JAMES BECK, of Kentucky.

Mr. BOUTWELL called attention to the fact that in the minority report reference was made to the Reconstruction Committee, "so called." He regarded that expression as indecorous to the House.

Mr. BROOKS said he had used the expression because the civil Governments in some of the Southern States were in the bill reported by the Committee spoken of as "so-called civil Governments." He would, however, strike that word out of the report.

Mr. BROOKS continued his remarks in opposition to the bill.

Mr. BINGHAM explained and advocated the bill as clearly constitutional as any act passed by Congress.

During his remarks, Mr. ELDRIDGE asked whether the bill did not detract from the powers of the Executive?

Mr. BINGHAM replied that the President, as Commander-in-Chief, was subject to such laws as Congress might pass for the government of the army and navy.

Mr. LOAN spoke in favor of the bill.

Mr. WOOD obtained the floor, but yielded to a motion to adjourn.

COMMUNICATION FROM PENNSYLVANIA.

Mr. MILLER presented a joint resolution of the Pennsylvania Legislature in reference to the communication between Lake Erie and the Ohio river. Referred to Committee on Commerce.

MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT.

The SPEAKER presented a message from the President, transmitting a communication from the Secretary of War *ad interim*, with a report in reference to contracts for ordnance, &c. Referred to Committee on Ordnance.

Also, a message from the President transmitting the report of the Commissioners to make treaties with Indians. Referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

THE TEST OATH IN THE THIRD DISTRICT.

Also, a communication from the General of the Army, with a telegram from Major General Meade, commanding the Third District, as follows: "Unless the pending bill in Congress, directing the military commanders to fill the offices in the State under their command, rescinds the test oath in the provision to select qualified voters, I am informed its execution in this district will be entirely impracticable."

Mr. BROOKS characterized it as a novelty in legislation for the head of the army to transmit a dispatch for the purpose of influencing the action of the House.

The communication was referred to the Committee on Reconstruction.

NOTICE OF AN AMENDMENT.

Mr. ASHLEY, of Ohio, gave notice of an amendment to the reconstruction bill, authorizing State Conventions to enfranchise citizens now disfranchised who may co-operate with loyal men in restoring their States to their constitutional relations to the government.

Adjourned.

Suit for Heavy Damages.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, January 14.—A suit for very heavy damages will shortly come before one of the Circuit Courts of this city, brought by George Pomeroy of New York, against W. H. Benton, of St. Louis. From the deposition of the case it appears Pomeroy & Benton entered into copartnership in May, 1859, to carry on the wholesale dry goods business in St. Louis for four years, each party to share equally in all profits and losses, and no speculation to be entered into without mutual consent and mutual benefit. Plaintiff further states defendant went to New York, January, 1865, to purchase plaintiff's interest in business, which the latter sold on representations made by defendant under oath of the condition of the affairs of the firm. Plaintiff now avers all Benton's representations were false; that he (Benton) had dealt largely in Government vouchers, using money and credit of the firm of Pomeroy & Benton for that purpose, from which he realized a profit of half a million dollars, for no portion of which has defendant ever accounted. It is further stated that the defendant also bought and sold whisky and other articles of merchandise, and a large amount of negotiable paper, from which he realized a net profit of six hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars, only crediting the plaintiff with a small portion of the profits accruing from the sale of the paper. The plaintiff claims damages in the sum of one million dollars.

Wm. H. Benton is a very heavy dry goods merchant here, and the suit will excite a good deal of interest.

North Carolina State Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RALEIGH, January 14.—The State Conven met, agreeably to Gen. Canby's order, to-day, at Commons Hall. Eighty-five delegates answered to their names. A temporary organization was effected by calling R. W. King, of Lewis, to the chair, and appointing J. P. Andrews, of Raleigh, Secretary.

SECOND EDITION.

THREE O'CLOCK A. M.

FROM EUROPE.

Russ'an Intrigues Against Turkey.

Austrian Army Reduction.

Roman Question Negotiation.

Mexico Recognized by Italy.

Alleged Fenian Telegraphers.

Discharged After a Hearing.

Ship Foundered at Sea.

The French Army Bill Passed.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ABYSSINIA.

THE BRITISH EXPEDITION.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—A special from Suez, Egypt, dated Jan. 13th, says: Dispatches received here from the British expeditionary force in Abyssinia contain advices of a more cheerful character. The native chief of Tigre, who had mustered a large force, the movements of which produced an alarm in the English camp at Senate, and caused a forward movement along the line of march, is now reported to be friendly and hospitable to the invaders, and offers to feed the English troops as an evidence of his good faith. He has alreaey sent in two thousand head of cattle for the use of the army, and it is stated the troops are now in better health and spirits. Fresh water has also been found in plenty around the landing place at Annesly Bay.

RUSSIA.

THE ALLEGED INTRIGUES AGAINST TURKEY.

ST. PETERSBURG, January 14.—The *Journal De St. Petersburg*, official organ of the Imperial Government, denies that there is any truth in the statement that Lord Stanley, British Secretary of Foreign Affairs, has sent a note to the Cabinet here protesting against the alleged intrigues of Russian agents in Romania.

AUSTRIA.

CHANGES IN THE ARMY.

VIENNA, Jan. 14.—The Government is making preparations to reduce the number and expenses of the standing army. The position of Commander-in-Chief is to be abolished, and the employment of Pension officers in the service will be discontinued.

ROMAN QUESTION NEGOTIATION.

VIENNA, January 14.—The *Debatte*, a journal of a semi-official character, asserts that the negotiations between France and Italy for a new treaty in regard to Rome to displace the September Convention, have been rapidly progressing and are now nearly concluded.

ITALY.

THE REPUBLIC OF MEXICO RECOGNIZED.

FLORENCE, January 14.—Italy is the first of the European powers to recognize the restoration of the Mexican Republic by diplomatic appointment. Senor Socavasso, now Colonel General at Belgrade, has been appointed Minister to the Republic of Mexico, and will leave at an early day for the Mexican Capital.

GREAT BRITAIN.

TELEGRAPH OPERATORS DISCHARGED.

LONDON, January 14.—The employes of the Magnetic Telegraph office at Belfast, Ireland, recently arrested for alleged Fenianism, were brought up in that city yesterday for examination. Nothing whatever was elicited to sustain the charges against them, and they were accordingly set at liberty.

FOUNDERED AT SEA.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 14.—The ship Northern Belle, which started from Liverpool November 16th, for New York, foundered at sea January 1st. All on board were saved.

FRANCE.

THE ARMY BILL PASSED.

PARIS, Jan. 14.—In the Corps Legislatif to-day, the bill for the re-organization of the army was finally passed by a vote of 199 to 6.

WAR PREPARATIONS IN SERVIA.

PARIS, January 14.—The *La Liberti* says France and Austria have sent a joint note to Servia, censuring that Government for its warlike policy, and for the extraordinary military preparations which are being carried on in that country. Lord Stanley, on the part of Great Britian, has also addressed a communication of a similar nature to the Servian Government.

ARRIVED OUT.

GLASGOW, January 14.—The steamship St. Andrew, from Boston, arrived to-day.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, January 14—*Evening.*—Consols closed steady at 92¾@92⅞ for money and account. Five-Twenties, 71¼. Illinois Central, 87¾. Erie, 48½.

FRANKFORT, January 14—*Evening.*—United States bonds, 75½.

ANTWERP, January 14—*Evening.*—Petroleum is heavy and declining with sales of standard white at 44 francs 25c.

LIVERPOOL, Jan 14.—*Evening.*—Cotton has been quiet throughout the day and ocised weaker. Middling uplands, 7⅛@7¼; do Orleans, 7¼@7½. Sales of 10,000 bales. Manchester market good and yarns are firm. Provisions—Beef advanced to 117s 69d; pork 78s; lard advanced to 50s 3d; cheese 52s; bacon 40s, produce unchanged; corn steady 35s 8d; wheat; 15s 3d, for California white; 14s 3d for No. 2 Milwaukee red; Peas advanced to 47s 3d; oats 3s 10d; flour 37s7d for western; barley 5s 6d.

GEORGIA.

The New Governor and Treasurer—State Funds—Collection of Taxes Suspended.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ATLANTA, Ga., Jan. 14.—The army officers detailed by Gen. Mead, as Governor and Treasurer of Georgia, left this morning for Milledgeville.

It is reliably stated there are no funds in the State Treasury, all having been removed in view of the probability of such a seizure as the present one.

An order dated the 10th inst. appears from Governor Jenkins, suspending the collection of all State taxes up to the first of May next. The old law authorized such suspension, and the Convention, by a resolution adopted last December, requested him to use his power for that purpose. The effect of this suspension will be to forbid any collection of tax imposed by the Convention for the payment of its expenses.

NEW YORK.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, January 14, 1868.

THE EXPRESS CONSOLIDATION.

The Board of Control of the Associated Express Companies organized to-day by electing Alfred Gaither, of Cincinnati President of the Board. Mr. Gaither for many years has been a member of the Board of Managers of the Adams Express Company, and Superintendent of that Company's business at the West. This virtually completes the negotiations so long pending between the four companies.

THE JUMEL WILL CASE.

The will case of Madame Jumel, wife of Aaron Burr, has assumed a new phase. Parties in Rhode Island have claimed to be real heirs at law. A commission has been asked for to take testimony in that State.

THE WAR OFFICE.

General Grant Retires and Mr. Stanton Takes Possession—Congratulations, &c., &c.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, January 14.—The excitement caused last night by the announcement that the Senate had refused to concur in the President's reasons for the suspension of Secretary Stanton, was renewed again this morning, and much curiosity was manifested to know what action would be taken by General Grant and Mr. Stanton regarding it. At the usual office hour this morning General Grant appeared at the War Department, and after arranging his papers, locked the door of the Secretary's office, and taking the key with him, proceeded to the building opposite the War Department, used as the headquarters of the army. At half-past ten o'clock Secretary Stanton, accompanied by his son, appeared at the Department, and proceeded immediately to the office of the Secretary, but finding the door locked, took a seat in the ante-room, where he was the recipient of congratulations from many Senators and members of Congress, who had assembled to see what would take place. Mr. Stanton appeared in unusually fine spirits, and conversed freely with those about him. Upon the arrival of Mr. Stanton, General Dent proceeded to the headquarters of the army to inform General Grant of the fact, and to obtain the key to the Secretary's office. In a few minutes he returned and placed the key in the hands of Adjutant General Townsend, who, with military-present-arms fashion, placed it in the hands of Secretary Stanton. As soon as the latter was safely ensconsed in his office, the Radical members of Congress of the Tennessee delegation waited upon him in a body to present their congratulations at his restoration, and to ask him to use his influence to continue the operations of the Freedmen's Bureau in the States of Kentucky and Tennessee after the fifteenth of next February, at which time, by order of the President, it ceases in these States. Mr. Stanton replied that so long as he had any power he should use it to protect the weak, and would do his best to have the suggestions made carried out. He added that it would probably be a few days before matters would commence to run right in his office. As the Tennessee delegation were withdrawing, they met Gen. Grant in the hall in citizen's dress. After exchanging salutations with them and General Howard, who was present, and expressing satisfaction at Mr. Stanton's restoration by the Senate, he immediately proceeded toward Mr. Stanton's office, where the latter appeared at the door and the two exchanged hearty congratulations, and passed in. Many members and Senators who witnessed the affair, expressed themselves highly pleased at the conduct of both General Grant and Secretary Stanton.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

Certified copies of the Senate resolution, non-concurring in the President's suspension of Mr. Stanton from the office of Secretary of War, were last night furnished severally to the President, Gen. Grant and Mr. Stanton, by the Secretary of the Senate. Gen. Grant and Mr. Stanton had a conference a short time afterward. This morning, about ten o'clock, the latter appeared at the War Department and immediately after resumed his functions as Chief of that Department. General Grant was not present at the time, being at his headquarters just opposite, but shortly afterwards went to the Department. Some time was passed in conversation with Secretary Stanton, after which General Grant retired, without any particular form, and the records and papers of the Department were taken charge of by Secretary Stanton.

Gen. Dent, belonging to the staff of the General-in-Chief, then transferred the office which he had occupied as aid to the Secretary *ad interim* to General Poepousee, who, before the suspension of Mr. Stanton, had acted in that capacity, and General Hardee, who had been in charge of the bureau or office of the Department having supervision of claims presented before it, transferred the records and documents of that branch to General Schriver. Subsequently General Grant went to the Executive Mansion, where an interview with Mr. Johnson resulted.

As soon as Mr. Stanton was esconced in his office, the radical members of Congress from Tennessee waited upon him in a body to present their congratulations on his restoration, and asked him to use his influence to continue the operations of the Freedmen's Bureau in Tennessee and Kentucky, after the 15th day of February.

CABINET MEETING.

Secretary Stanton did not attend the Cabinet meeting to-day. By special invitation from the President, Gen. Grant was present and remained for an hour. It is supposed that Mr. Stanton's case was under discussion.

LATER DETAILS.

The return of Mr. Stanton this morning to his duties as Secretary of War has been throughout the day the theme of conversation in all circles, and much speculation is indulged in concerning the future conduct of the President in the premises. Various rumors are current, but it is safe to say nothing whatever has been determined upon by the President relative to the subject. It is true, as reported, that the return of Stanton to the War Department was talked of in Cabinet meeting to-day, but not formally discussed by the members, and beyond this all assertions are mere conjectures.

The certified copies of the Senate resolution were severally delivered to Stanton and Grant last night, but the President did not receive a copy until nine or ten o'clock this morning, although it was left at the Executive Mansion about the same time Secretary Stanton's was received at the War department by Gen. Grant, about half-past ten, and soon after the meeting the former resumed his duties, but it was not until an hour after the occurrence that the President received a note from Gen. Grant, dated today, informing him he had received a copy of the Senate resolution, and that in consequence of its action, under the Tenure of Office act, he had ceased to be Secretary of War *ad interim*.

The report that the President sent for Gen. Grant to attend a meeting of the Cabinet to-day is not true. The first intimation that Gen. Grant intended to do so was through Col. Comstock, who verbally communicated the fact at the time he delivered a note from that officer. Gen. Grant subsequently visited the Executive Mansion, and during the afternoon had a conversation with the President about his retiring from office as Secretary of War *ad interim*. According to the reports of those who have opportunities to be informed, the President's former understanding was that Gen. Grant, before retiring from the Department, would give him notice to that effect, or ask to be relieved from the duties of Secretary. The reason, however, for Gen Grant acting as he did to-day is probably explained by the note to which reference is above made.

The President in conversation with some friends to-night, said the Senate resolution did not deny his right to suspend him, but merely declared the evidence and reasons given by him were not sufficient in that case to justify him in the suspension of Stanton. And the President himself remarked that there was no authority for statement that he will refuse to recognize Secretary Stanton, but will transact all army business through the Headquarters of the army. Much interest is expressed as to what steps the President will take with reference to Stanton.

A personal friend of Secretary Stanton's stated yesterday that it is the intention of Mr. Stanton to send to the President his resignation in a very few days.

STANTON PETITIONED NOT TO RESIGN.

Republican members of the Senate and House, this afternoon, are circulating and signing a paper requesting Mr. Stanton to remain in the War Office and not tender his resignation at this time. The impression now is that President Johnson will not recognize Mr. Stanton in any official capacity, but transact all business pertaining to the War Department through the headquarters of the armies and the officer in command, and in no event will any order issued by Mr. Stanton be recognized as official. It does not appear that Gen. Grant had any consultation with the President relative to what action should be taken in case the Senate should refuse to sustain Mr. Stanton's suspension.

NOMINATIONS BY THE PRESIDENT.

The President to-day sent the following nominations to the Senate: Bion Bradbury, Collector of Customs at Portland and Falmouth, Me., vice Israel Washburne, Jr., whose commission expires on the 19th inst.; John G. Clarke, Iowa, receiver of public moneys at Des Moines, Iowa, vice Thomas Seely, resigned; Joseph M. Nibbling, Postmaster, Findley, Ohio, to fill vacancy.

Secretary of State of Ohio.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

COLUMBUS, O., January 14.—Mr. Wm. Henry Smith has resigned the office of Secretary of State, and Governor Hayes has appointed Mr. John Russell for the unexpired term of one year. Mr. Russell has been chief clerk for several years.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

ALLEGHENY ELECTION.

Simon Drum Elected Mayor—William Murdock City Poor Director.—Councils Largely Republican.

The municipal election held yesterday in our sister city, Allegheny, proceeded very quietly, and as the figures show drew out a very light vote. Mr. Simon Drum, the Republican candidate for Mayor, and Mr. William Murdock, candidate of the same party, for Director of Poor, were both elected by handsome majorities. The Councils will be largely Republican. Here are the returns:

	MAYOR.		POOR DIR.	
	Simon Drum, R.....	H. Schreber, D.....	Wm. Murdock, R....	Jacob Stuckrath, R.
First ward............	309	70	306	69
Second ward..........	467	193	449	130
Third ward, 1st prec't	294	100	290	103
Do. 2d do	158	278	154	275
Fourth ward, 1st prec't	315	153	301	148
Do. 2d do.	106	90		
Fifth ward............	231	90	186	91
Sixth ward............	207	201	142	202
Seventh ward.........	153	297	9	314
	2247	1465	1837	1397

Mr. Drum's majority............... 782
Mr. Murdock's majority............ 440

FIRST WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL.	
O.O Phillips, 3 yrs*	300
S H Hartman, 2 yrs*	310
W. H. Lowrie, D..	60
COMMON COUNCIL.	
Jos. Fleming, R*.	304
Alex. Hanna, R*..	286
Chas. Cutler, R* .	292
W. H. Brown, R*.	301
M. Fisher, Ind....	64
Jas Carson, D....	26
Sam'l Bradley, D.	64
Adam Beplar, D...	51
W. Wolfendale, D.	55
SCHOOL DIRECTORS.	
R. A. Young, R*..	312
Moses Borland, R*	315
Jas. O'Hanlon, D.	54
ASSESSOR.	
W. Thompson, R*	307
T. R. Johnston, D.	59
ALDERMAN.	
A. Baillie, R*....	143
Samuel Dyer, R...	125
Jos. Justice, R....	53
James Brown, R.	20
Robt. Pitcairn, R.	23
CONSTABLE.	
Sam'l Irwin, R*...	310
JUDGE OF ELECTIONS.	
R. Thompson, R*.	307
T. R. Johnston, D.	50
INSPECTORS.	
John Morrow, R*.	166
Thos. Hanna, R*..	112
Wm. Schoyer, D...	58
RETURN INSPECTORS.	
J. T Johnston, R*	176
J. Sellinbury, R*..	91
Wm. Bradley, D..	50

SECOND WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL.	
Geo. D. Riddle*....	451
J. T. Stockdale....	175
COMMON COUNCIL.	
Wm. Dunham.....	470
Wm. Tate, Jr......	458
James Reed.......	470
Joe McDonald....	450

THIRD WARD.

		1st p	2d p	Tot'l
Select Council—	Jas. McBrier, R*	288	257	545
	L. Stern, D......	104	163	266
Com'n Council—	S. Hastings R..	270	129	409
	G. F. Comly R*	295	182	477
	R J Grier R....	249	104	353
	N. Voeghtley jr R*	270	201	471
	Wm. Miller D...	94	284	378
	C. P. Whiston D*	117	318	423
	J. Hockuly D*...	113	335	448
	Jos. Zulkland D.	80	231	321
School Direct'rs—	Jas. Thorn R*...	296	181	477
	C. C. Boyle R*...	289	168	457
	Jno. Swan D....	104	219	323
	Jos. Kopp D....	93	232	315
Assessor—	R. R. Ray R*....	269		
	P. F. McNally D.	124		
Constable—	Peter Bolster R*	296		
	Mich. Puhl D...	68		
Judge of Elec'ns—	Wm. Boyd R*	292		
	Jos. H. Davis D.	81		

FOURTH WARD—FIRST PRECINCT.

SELECT COUNCIL.	
J. C. Patterson, R*	315
T. A Armstrong W	113
COMMON COUNCIL.	
Jno. S. Slagle, R*	312
Jno. Megraw, R*..	344
Robt. M. Blair, R*..	433
Hugh M'Neill, R*.	315
A. Donnelly, O......	151
Jno. Stokes, O......	148
C. Kopp, O.........	127
SCHOOL DIRECTORS.	
Th. M'Cance, R*..	312
R. C. Loomis, R*..	313
Robt. Means, O.....	114
Benj. Lutton, O.....	114
ASSESSOR.	
Jas. T. Sample, R..	181
Jas. Graham, O*..	277
J. R. Sankey, D....	16
CONSTABLE.	
Wm. Hobson, R*...	358
J. J. Poland, O...	60

FIFTH WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL.	
George Reiter, R*	238
A Patterson R*..	260
George Black, R*	225
Guy Friebern, I..	55
John Mussler, I...	39
G. W. Motherel, I	139
COMMON COUNCILS.	
M. G. Clark, R*..	241
J. P. Kennedy, R*	223
J. R. Lindsay, R*	272
R. T. White, R*...	208
Wm. Hall, I.......	104
Alex. McGilvery, I	41
W. W. Alexander, I	93
James Howard, I.	97
SCHOOL DIRECTORS.	
John E. Park, R*.	231
Jos. Walton, R*..	336
N. McClinton, R*.	298
C. B. Shea, R*....	222
Jon. Gallaher, R.	100
S. F. Crouther, R*	244
R. Lee, R*........	203
Sam'l McCune, I.	165
Ed. Johnston, I...	98
Fred. Braun, I....	47
JUDGE OF ELECTIONS.	
W. J Caughey, R*.	231
Robert Bailey, I...	98
INSPECTOR.	
E. J. Wilkins, R*.	233
Wm. A Campbell, I.	91
RETURN INSPECTOR.	
G. W. Reynolds, R*	223
Saml Reynolds, I..	90
[illegible]	
Henry Paulus, R*.	219
John Pace, I......	112
ALDERMEN.	
Sim. Bulford, R*.	203
Isaac Stewart, R*.	226
Peter Bates, I......	48
CONSTABLE.	
John Irwin, R*...	328

SIXTH WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL.	
F Gwinner, 3 yrs*	374
H. Faulkner, 2 yrs*	135
W. Motheral, 1 yr*	208
Jos. Kirkpatrick.	195
Chas. Hotchkiss..	174
COMMON COUNCIL.	
John Mayer, I*....	229
Wm. Logan, I....	190
Wm. Kunkle, I*..	199
W. Richardson, I*	208
H. Warner, R*....	206
Jno. C. Harper, R.	178
M. A. Barnes, R..	197
R. H. Knox, R.....	146
W. W. Brown, I...	79
CONSTABLE.	
John Cotter, I....	174
S. J. Christ, R*...	220
ASSESSOR.	
Chas. Pugh, I*....	213
W. Cunningham, R	192
SCHOOL DIRECTORS.	
John Shaner, I..	198
Jos. Chadwick, I*	229
J. H. Gronard, I*	202
Wm. Mussler, I*..	212
J. B Chambers, I.	195
J. P. Knox, R.....	175
T. H. Wilson, R....	185
J. P. Richey, R*...	205
W. F. Trimble, R*	203
Jno. McCallen, R	200
W. Cunningham, R	195
JUDGE OF ELECTIONS.	
H. J. Hollar, I.....	198
C. A. Hall, R*....	250
INSPECTOR.	
Peter Gilg, I......	193
J. H. Trimble, R*	220
RETURN INSPECTOR.	
A. Dill, R.......	188
B. Christian, I*..	218

SEVENTH WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL.	
G. Wettich R 3 y*	220
W. A. Reed R 2 y*	324
A. Weise, R 1 y*	315
Fred. Hanny I....	178
Jas. M'Cormick, I.	175
Rich'rd Danver, I	172
COMMON COUNCIL.	
Henry Geyer, R*	308
J. R. Eyster, R*..	321
Geo. Ober, R*...	322
Martin Ley, R*...	330
H. C. Reineman, I	183
J. F. Scharnke, I.	176
Joseph Dierstin, I	188
Sam. Ashworth, I	174
SCHOOL DIRECTORS.	
H. Reineman, 1y*	430
S. Ashworth, 1y*	434
E. Feurster, 3y R*	433
Wm. Hillrich 3y*	433
S. Brahm, 2 y R*	433
F. Hardtyer, 2y*	312
Fred. Hanny, I...	179
ASSESSOR.	
Jos. Lodnk, R*..	319
J. Meyerhoffer, I.	177
ASSISTANT ASSESSOR.	
John Metz, R*....	318
J. Baldinger, R*.	316
Christ. Kellner, I.	178
Adam Mangold, I	180
JUDGE OF ELECTIONS.	
V. Stier, R*......	313
John Gast, I.......	178
INSPECTOR.	
Aug. Freund, R*	318
Christ. Anton, I....	177
RETURN INSPECTOR.	
Casper Rahn, R*	319
V. Guendling, I.	179
ALDERMAN.	
B. Reuter, R*....	323
H. Zoller, sen. I..	170
CONSTABLE.	
John Schuler, R*	324
Sam. Wickline, I.	171

Allegheny Councils for 1868.

Following are the members of Allegheny Councils for 1868. In the Third ward, two Democrats are elected to Common Council. In the Sixth ward only two Republicans (on the regular ticket) were elected, the remainder being "independent" or "citizens." In the Fourth ward "anti-consolidation" triumphed.

SELECT COUNCIL.

FIRST WARD.
A. D. Smith, 1 yr.
S. H. Hartman, 2 yrs.
O. O. Phillips, 3 yrs.

SECOND WARD.
John Brown, Jr., 1 y.
J. W. Hall, 2 yrs.
G. D. Riddle, 3 yrs.

THIRD WARD.
Casper Gang, 1 yr.
A. H. English, 2 yrs.
Jas. McBrier, 3 yrs.

FOURTH WARD.
Wm. Smith, 1 yr.
John A. Myler, 2 yrs.
J. C. Patterson, 3 yrs.

FIFTH WARD.
Geo. Black, 1 yr.
Alex. Patterson, 2 yrs
Geo. Reiter, 3 yrs.

SIXTH WARD.
Wm. Motheral, 1 y.
Henry Faulkner, 2 y.
Fred. Gwinner, 3 yrs.

SEVENTH WARD.
A. Weise, 1 yr.
W. O. Reed, 2 yrs.
G. Wettach, 3 yrs.

COMMON COUNCIL.

FIRST WARD.
Joseph Fleming,
Alex. Hanna,
Charles Cutler,
Wm. H. Brown.

SECOND WARD.
W. H. Dunham,
Wm. Tate, Jr.
James Reed,
Joe. McDonald.

THIRD WARD.
Samuel Hastings,
Jacob Hockuly,
C. P. Whiston,
N. Voeghtley, Jr.

FOURTH WARD.
John S. Slagle,
John Megraw,
Robt. M. Blair,
Hugh McNeil.

FIFTH WARD.
M. G. Clark,
J. P. Kennedy,
J. R. Lindsay,
R. T. White.

SIXTH WARD.
Henry Warner,
John Mayer,
W. Richardson,
Wm. Kunkle.

SEVENTH WARD.
Henry Geyer,
John R. Eyster,
George Ober,
Martin Ley.

Obituary.

Mr. H. L. Baker, the much beloved and respected spiritual leader, instructor and trustee of the Society of Economites, died at that settlement on Saturday. The deceased had attained the ripe old age of seventy-five years. After the death of George Rapp, in 1847, (the founder of the sect at Economy,) the Society selected seven elders for the management of their social concerns, from whom they chose two trustees to conduct their outside business. Mr. Baker was selected as one of the trustees, and was always reverenced by the people of the Society for the admirable manner in which he filled his offices of trustee and spiritual instructor. Outside of his particular society, in all his dealings with the people of the world, Mr. Baker enjoyed a most enviable reputation for honesty, purity and kindness of heart. Mr. Henrici is the surviving trustee.

Death of H. O'Connor, Esq.—A private telegram from Gen. Frank Herron, of New Orleans, announces the passing away of Mr. Hercules O'Connor, a former resident of this city, and brother of James O'Connor, Esq. The deceased was a gentleman of large education and culture, and was universally beloved and respected in this community. His remains are daily expected.

Personal.—We had the pleasure yesterday of a call from our highly esteemed friend Mr. John M. Burke, of the Chicago Crosby Opera House. He is back among his old friends to participate in the great theatrical event of next week at the Academy of Music, the production of the great Undine ballet.

CITY COUNCILS.

Adjourned Meeting—Election of City Officers, &c., &c.

Both branches of the new City Council held their first regular meeting in their respective chambers, yesterday afternoon at two o'clock.

Select Council.

President Jas. M'Auley presiding.

There were present W. R. Brown, Cochran, Coyle, Dickson, Dunn, Gallaher, Gross, Jones, Kehow, Morrow, M'Clelland, M'Clintock, M'Ewen, M'Kibbon, Ogden, Rafferty, Rees, Shipton, Tanner, Wainwright, White, and E. S. Morrow, Clerk.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

TRANSFERS.

Mr. W. R. Brown offered a resolution authorizing the Controller to transfer $139.50 from salary appropriation to printing, and $400 from salary appropriation to Fifth ward market. Resolution adopted.

THREE CITY PAPERS.

The clerk of the Common Council brought from that branch an ordinance providing for the election of a third English newspaper to do the city printing. Read three times and passed, thus concurring in action of Common branch.

On the report of the Committee appointed at the last meeting to take into consideration the remodeling of the Council Committees, Mr. Morrow offered an amendment providing for the appointment of six members on the Committee on roads and nine on sewers.

This subject excited considerable debate, in which the members from the new districts participated, as it is of special importance that the new Committees should be fully and satisfactorily represented.

Mr Brown moved that the report be referred back to the Committee.

Mr. Gallaher amended that the words "Sewerage Committee" should be stricken from the report.

As amended Mr. Brown's resolution was adopted.

Mr. Ogden presented a petition from Geo. H. Thurston, President of the Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Company, asking for the right to erect three poles on Second street in order to bring their wires from Cincinnati into the city. Read and referred to Street Committee, with instructions to report an ordinance on the subject.

Mr. Ogden gave notice that he would introduce into Council at the next regular meeting an ordinance providing for the election of a Meat Inspector.

On motion adjourned.

Common Council.

Present—Messrs. Ahlborn, Barnhill, Barton, Bachelor, Beales, Berger, Boggs, Caskey, Daub, Davis, Fitzsimmons, Friday, Herron, Hillerman, Jeremy, Mawhinney, Meyer, Moorhead, Rebman, Reed, Reynolds, Robb, Rosewell, Scott, Sims, Torley, Torrence, Verner, Vick, Weldon, Welsh, Zern, and President Tomlinson.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

THE CITY PRINTING.

Mr. Robb offered an ordinance providing that four papers shall do the city printing in future instead of three, as heretofore. Read three times and passed.

ADDITIONAL COMMITTEES.

Mr. Robb, from the special committee appointed last meeting, offered a report recommending the appointment of the following additional committees: A Committee on Surveys; one on Sewerage and one on streets for the new districts. Read, accepted and approved.

MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS.

Mr. Barnhill presented a bill of $525.25 from Mr. Moore, the City Engineer, for making a survey of the new city. Referred to Finance Committee with power to act. In Select Council "power to act" stricken out.

Mr. Rebman presented a petition from J. C. Cummins relative to the assessment of damages on a lot on Bedford street. Referred to Street Committee. Select Council occurred.

CONTESTED SEATS—NEW ELECTION.

Mr. Hare presented the report of the Committee on Contested Seats, for Oakland township, sustaining the decision of the Judge of Elections. Accepted and Committee discharged.

Mr. Reynolds offered a resolution authorizing the Mayor to issue a proclamation for an election in Oakland township of a Common Councilman, inasmuch as there was a tie vote between two candidates at that which was held in December last. Adopted. Select Council concurred.

Mr. Robb moved that when the Council adjourns it shall be to meet again at two P. M., on the last Monday of January. Agreed to.

Mr. Torley offered the report of the committee on the enlargement of the Council Chamber, recommending that warrants be issued in favor of the contractors. Accepted and recommendation acted on.

Adjourned.

JOINT SESSION.

Both branches met in joint session, President McAuley presiding, for the purpose of selecting city officers to serve the ensuing year with the following result:

City Engineer.—Henry J. Moore.

Assessor—J. R. Newman.

City Gauger—J. H. Nobbs.

Superintendent Markets—Sam. Kilgore.

Clerk of Markets—James D. Owens.

Monongahela Wharf Master—John Rippey.

Allegheny Wharf Master—Robert A. Hill.

Salt Inspector—John Beatty.

Inspector of Ashes—John McM. King.

Tobacco Inspector—Wm. Rinehart.

City Printers—English—*Gazette*, *Commercial* and *Dispatch*; German—*Friheits Freund.*

Job Printers—Errett, Anderson & Co.

Street Commissioners—1st District—John F. Hunter; 2d District—John McFaden.

Superintendent Water Works—Joseph French.

Water Assessor—E. S. Wright.

Board Measurers.—First ward, John Owens; Second ward, Joseph Wilson; Third ward, James McMasters; Fourth ward, Wm. Bunting; Fifth ward, David Beck; Sixth ward, E. McKnight; Seventh ward, R. L. Donaldson; Eighth ward, Jacob Keebler; Ninth ward, Samuel Mitchell; Tenth ward, Jno. T. Brown; Lawrenceville, Thomas Rodgers.

Bark Measurer—Joseph Pollock.

Messenger to Committees—Captain Cooper.

On motion adjourned.

Female Diseases.

At the present day it is extremely rare to find a female who is entirely free from some one or other of the diseases peculiar to her sex. Go where you will, on the mountain top or in the valley, in the hamlet or in the city, among the rich or the lowly, there will be found but very few females who are not laboring under physical affliction peculiar to womanhood.

The cause of this we will not undertake to explain here. The numerous applications made to us for relief during our twenty years' practice, has long since induced us to make especial study and investigation of these diseases, and their best method of cure. They are maladies of a peculiar character, and as a general thing they require a method of treatment entirely unlike that adopted for those common to both sexes. In fact the very frequency and extent of female diseases in our midst, is good evidence that the "common treatment" has not met with success, and shows that some more efficient course *should* be adopted.

We were long since convinced that local remedies and external appliances, bandages, &c., were mere palliatives for the time, and of no permanent value whatever, but ofttimes injurious; and that an efficient course of medication was the only hope of cure.

For the benefit of those who may be afflicted with any disease peculiar to the sex, whether from a slight cold, followed by a *derangement* and *irregularity* of the general system, which many times produces cough, expectoration, tightness of chest, difficult breathing, palpitation, &c., with all the symptoms of "going into a decline," or from any of the very many other causes which produce such terrible suffering among women, as to make life a burden to them, we would say, that our remedies are selected and prepared with a special view towards these ends, and will give relief in all these kinds of cases without needless exposure to indelicate examinations, or the wearing of disagreeable instruments or cumbersome appliances.

That we have *cured* hundreds, yea, thousands of cases, by medical treatment alone, cannot admit of a doubt; hundreds of whom we have never seen, but who only obtained their medicines after having *sent* to us their cases for examination.

Our remedies in these diseases are *mild* but *effectual*, and are such as we have found out to act in conformity with the laws of nature in regulating health; and from the success which has almost invariably crowned our efforts in these cases, we can promise, and do promise a speedy *cure* in every case where a reasonable hope can be entertained.

Especial attention is directed to the above. L. OLDSHUE, M. D.,
132 Grant Street, Pittsburgh.

Corporation Elections.

Following are the boards of directors and officers chosen at the different elections held in the city yesterday by bank, insurance and other stockholders:

CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH—Directors: Geo. A. Berry, Wm. S. Bissell, John S. Dilworth, B. L. Fahnestock, George S. Head, Springer Harbaugh, Wm. McCreery, Alex. Reynolds, Frank Rahm.

BANK OF COMMERCE.—Alfred Patterson, William Reed, William S. Haven, Charles Lockhart, George W. Cass, Jas. McCandless, William H. Brown, Allen Kirkpatrick, William Douglass.

MERCHANTS' AND MECHANICS'.—H. L. Bollman, Benj. Rush Bradford, Wilson Cunningham, E. M. Fulton, R. H. Hartley, Henry Lloyd, Wm. Rea, R. B. Sterling, Charles A. Wood.

IRON CITY NATIONAL.—Jas. M'Auley, Jacob L. Schwartz, John Watt, William Frew, Andrew D. Smith, David Hostetter, Henry Irwin, David Fitzsimmons, Charles J. Clarke, Daniel Euwer, Richard Hays, James Herdman, William Phillips.

THIRD NATIONAL.—Wm. E. Schmertz, Samuel H. Hartman, Louis Morganstern, Bateman Goe, Aug't. Hartje, Henry W. Oliver, Jr., Chas. Meyran, Andrew Carnegie, Chas. Burchfield.

FARMERS' DEPOSIT NATIONAL.—James Marshall, John Scott, Samuel George, John McDevitt, William Walker, S. B. Robinson, Charles Arbuckle.

FOURTH NATIONAL.—Thomas Donnelly, N. J. Bigley, R. F. King, James M. Bailey, D. M. Smith, Thomas Smith, T. J. Brereton, John M. Horner, John Mellon.

UNION NATIONAL.—John R. McCune, Jared M. Brush, Addison Lysle, John Wilson, A. Guckenheimer, Joseph Kirkpatrick, A. G. Cubbage, Wm. Barker, Jr., J. C. Lappe.

EXCHANGE NATIONAL.—James B. Murray, Alexander Nimick, John H. Shoenberger, Harvey Childs, John D. McCord, Mark W. Watson, John Sampson, Thomas M. Howe, David McCandless, Alex. Chambers, Benj. Bakewell, Jr., Thomas J. Hoskinson, William Means.

GERMAN NATIONAL.—A. Groetzinger, Thomas C. Dickson, William Haslage, Joseph Lang, Paul Hugus, Anthony Meyer, Christian Siebert, E. H. Myers, Joseph Keeling.

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK—J. W. Cook, D. R. Galway, C. G. Hussey, T. S. Blair, R. F. Smith, Joshua Rhodes, C. W. Batchelor, Reese Owens, Wm. Coleman.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK.—Jas. Laughlin, Francis G. Bailey, Wm. K. Nimick, John H. Ralston, Robert S. Hays, John Wilson, Thomas Wightman, Wm. H. Ewing, Alexander Speer.

MECHANICS' NATIONAL.—William B. Holmes, William Carr, Alex. Gordon, John Holmes, Henry Hays, Edward House, A. U. Howard, H. S. McKee, John Orr, Philip Reymer, C. Yeager, W. H. Smith, B. A. Wolf.

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL.—Alexander Bradley, Wm. M. Faber, John F. Dravo, John Dunlap, William Vankirk, Sam'l M. Kier, William F. McKee, S. R. McElroy, C. B. Shea, J. C. Risher, J. V. McDonald.

PEOPLE'S NATIONAL.—Samuel Rea, Benjamin Jones, Byron H. Painter, Geo. W. Hallman, Barclay Preston, John W. Chalfant, George Black, James I. Bennett, David Richey, Richard C. Gray, J. Meesley McCullough.

FIRST NATIONAL, ALLEGHENY.—T. H. Nevin, C. Boyle, R. H. Davis, Arthur Hobson, John Thompson (Allegheny) Wm. Harbaugh, Henry Gerwig, John Dean, R. D. Cochran.

GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—C. Hoevler, Ed. De Barenne, C. Bachfeld, P. Haberman, L. Merganstern, A. Groetzinger, H. E. Weith, Jos. Lang, H. Voegele, Geo. Seybold, John Beckfeld, Anthony Meyer.

PITTSBURGH SAVINGS BANK.—A. Ackley, Jonathan Gallagher, W. S. Evans, A. Jackson, C. Bernyer, H. Metzgar, D. McDonald, F. A. Dilworth, W. M. Clancy.

MANUFACTURERS AND MERCHANTS INSURANCE COMPANY.—James I. Bennett, John W. Chalfant, A. R. W. Palmer, Henry A. Weaver, Robert Lea, Isaiah Dickey, W. A. Reed, I. C. Pershing, Wm. Walker, Mark W. Watson, John Wilson, John Walton, Robert Jamison.

BOATMEN'S FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.—Captain R. C. Gray, D. E. Park, James Rees, H. W. Oliver, Jr., Captain Jake Hill, Henry Lloyd, James H. Wright, John Graff, Captain John P. Smith, F. M. Gordon, N. J. Bigley, David Crawford.

PEOPLE'S INSURANCE COMPANY.—Wm. Phillipps, John Watt, John E. Parke, Captain John S. Rhoads, Wm. Vankirk, Jared M. Brush, Samuel P. Shriver, John D. Verner, Charles Arbuckle, Wm. F. Lang, Captain James Miller, Samuel McCrickart.

ALLEGHENY FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.—John Irwin, Jr., John D. McCord, C. G. Hussey, Francis Sellers, Charles Hays, Robt. H. Davis, B. L. Fahnestock, W. H. Everson, Capt. J. T. Stockdale.

ARTISANS' INSURANCE COMPANY.—William H. Smith, John Moorhead, Jas. H. Parker, Thos. Moore, John Dunlap, William H. M'Gee, William Haslage, Joshua Rhodes, Charles B. Leech, Geo. W. Cass, James A. Lowrie, James P. Barr.

CASH INSURANCE COMPANY.—R. H. King, John F. Jennings, N. J. Bigley, Daniel Wallace, Jake Hill, Thomas Donnelly, H. W. Oliver, Jr., S. H. Hartman, Samuel McClurkan, John S. Willock, Capt. Madison Bailey, James M. Bailey, Alex. Chambers.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, OF ALLEGHENY.—Directors: W. W. Martin, A. H. English, John Brown, Jr., Robert Lea, Joseph Meyers, John A. Myler, O. H. P. Williams, George Gerst, C. C. Boyle, James L. Graham, James Lockhart, John Thompson, Jacob Kepp.

JONES & NIMICK MANUFACTURING COMPANY.—President, Alex. Nimick; Board of Directors: Alexander Nimick, W. W. Patrick, A. H. Miller, W. K. Nimick, R. H. Hartley; General Manager, J. H. Jones; Secretary and Treasurer, Samuel B. Jacobus.

Gored by a Steer.—A little girl named Everhardt, whose parents reside on Butcher's Run, while on her way to school (in the Third ward, Allegheny, on Monday, was attacked by one of a drove of cattle being driven along North avenue. She was taken upon the horns of the animal and tossed over its head, but fortunately before she was trampled upon assistance came and she was rescued. She was quite severely injured on the forehead and shoulders by the animal's horns.

Meeting of Return Judges.—The Return Judges of the municipal election held in Allegheny City yesterday, are required by law to meet and make their return within twenty-four hours after closing the polls, in compliance with which they will meet to-day at two o'clock, at the Treasurer's office, City Building, for that purpose.

Trains Interrupted.—The passenger and freight trains on the Panhandle Railroad were delayed yesterday by the obstruction of the road caused by a train of coal "dumps" being thrown from the track at Cross Creek Station, a few miles from the city. The obstruction was removed during the day.

Fire—The alarm of fire between twelve and one o'clock this morning from box 63 was occasioned by the burning of a shed on the grounds of the Soldires' Home. The fire department turned out promptly, but before they arrived, the shed was entirely consumed. The loss is trifling.

Allegheny Councils.—An adjourned meeting of the Allegheny City Councils will be held Thursday evening, the 15th inst., at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of transacting unfinished business and receiving the report of the city officers.

False Alarm.—The fire department were unnecessarily called out yesterday, about three o'clock, by an alarm from box five, which was occasioned by the burning of a chimney in a house on Diamond alley, near Liberty street.

Accident.—A woman named Nichols, from Ohio, while crossing Penn street, in the Fifth ward, after getting out of a street car, fell in attempting to reach the sidewalk, fracturing her left arm.

The Board of Managers of Dixmont Insane Asylum will hold their annual meeting at the Hospital to-day.

FOURTH PAGE.—The Courts; Young Men's Mercantile Library; Public Catholic Library Annual Meeting; A Revolution in Scales; Sabbath School Teachers' Union; Amusements; City Items, &c., &c.

☞ORPHANS'

FAIR,

IN BASEMENT OF THE CATHEDRAL.

OPEN EVERY EVENING.

NOTICE.—Any person having any claims against the Steamer LE CLAIRE No. 2, contracted since March 1st, 1867, will present them for settlement at the office of JOHN HEATH, corner Marbury street and Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh. J. G. SAINT.

Address. [illegible]
PITTSBURGH, PENN'A

DIED:

CARSON.—On Monday morning, January 13th, 1868, at 10 o'clock, MARGARET, wife of John Carson, in the 41st year of her age.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her husband, No. 73 Sheffield street, Allegheny, (late Manchester,) on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

O'CONNOR.—On Sunday morning, January 12th, at New Orleans, HERCULES O'CONNOR.

Notice of funeral will be given on arrival of remains.

SCHMUCKER.—On Monday evening, January 13th, E. A. SCHMUCKER, in the 29th year of his age.

Funeral at 2½ o'clock THIS AFTERNOON, from his late residence, No. 27 Sandusky street, Allegheny. The friends of the family are invited to attend.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS, of all kinds; CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D. D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

ROBERT T. RODNEY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER, No. 45 Ohio St., Allegheny, and No. 10 Diamond Square, (by John Wilson & Bros.,) keeps always on hand the best Metal, Rosewood, Walnut and Imitation Rosewood Coffins. Walnut Coffins from [illegible] upwards; Rosewood Coffins $25 upwards; all other Coffins in proportion. Carriages and Hearses furnished at low rates. Crape, Gloves, Plate and Engraving furnished gratis. Office open day and night.

EDWARD CZARNIECKI, UNDERTAKER. Office, No. 244 Ohio Street, Allegheny. Metallic, Rosewood and other Coffins, with a complete stock of funeral Furnishing Goods, on hand and furnished at shortest notice, at lowest prices. Sale and Livery Stables, corner of First and Middle Streets. Carriages, Barouches, Buggies, Saddle Horses, &c., for hire.

WANTS.

WANTED—One or more parties to take an interest in the business of manufacturing a leading article in the Iron line in the city of Pittsburgh. Manufactory in complete running order and only needing capital to make a very profitable business. Apply soon to B. McLAIN & CO., 123 Fourth street.

WANTED.—A RARE CHANCE FOR GOOD AGENTS, BOTH MALE and FEMALE.—The Popular Edition of Dickens, now publishing by the Appletons, is selling fast. Nothing has been published which is so cheap, well printed and legible. Five volumes are out: "American Notes," 15 cents; "Christmas Stories," 25 cents; "Oliver Twist," 25 cents; "Nicholas Nickleby," 35 cents; "Pickwick Papers," 35 cents. To be completed in 17 vols. The entire works of Dickens, at $5. Send for Circular of Special Terms to Agents. Good Agents wanted. Address D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers, 443 and 445 Broadway, New York. WFM

WANTED—BOOK AGENTS.—A splendid chance for good Agents, Male and Female. The most elegant subscription book published, WORLD-NOTED WOMEN; or, TYPES OF WOMANLY ATTRIBUTES OF ALL LANDS AND AGES. Illustrated with seventeen large and elegant steel engravings. Agents wanted in all parts of the country to sell this valuable and elegant work. It is peculiarly suitable for lady agents, who could make large profits in canvassing for this, or other of our publications. Address D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers, 443 & 445 Broadway, N. Y. WFM

FOR RENT.

TO LET.—The Fourth and half OF THIRD STORIES of the new building, No. 196 Liberty Street. Enquire of T. & J. T. McCANCE.

FOR RENT.—Several fine, large ROOMS in the GAZETTE BUILDING, with good light, can be had. Apply at once at the GAZETTE COUNTING ROOM.

TO LET—A large and substantial WAREHOUSE, on Water street, near Market. Rent moderate. Possession given on April 1st. Enquire of GEO. A. BERRY, Citizens National Bank.

TO LET—STORE ROOM, with Dwelling attached, situated on Ferry street, near Diamond alley. The dwelling has 6 rooms. Will be rented together. Enquire of HAYS & STEWART, No. 112 Liberty street.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—The well known TOBACCO and CIGAR STORE of DANIEL HAGGERTY, No. 87 Fifth street, now doing a profitable and paying trade, is offered for sale. Best of reasons given for the sale, to parties wishing to purchase. Apply at THE STORE, for particulars.

FOR SALE—One TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE and LOT, on Webster street, near the Common ground, in the Second ward, with eight rooms, finished attic, good cellar, gas and hot and cold water. Will be sold cheap. Call soon, at RAMSEY & HALL'S Real Estate Office, No. 91 Beaver street, near the premises.

FOR SALE—Two fine BAY HORSES, well matched and trained; one CARRIAGE, suitable for one or two horses; one TWO-HORSE WAGON, and a double set of HARNESS, nearly new. Enquire at the PENITENTIARY.

FOR SALE—HORSES.—AT HOWARD'S Livery and Sale Stable, one fine FAMILY HORSE (Bay); three DAPPLE GREY HORSES, one LARGE DRAUGHT HORSE; three BLACK MARES; two GREY MARES. FIRST STREET, near the Monongahela House.

☞Horses bought and sold on commission.

FOR SALE.—House and Lot on corner of Manhattan and Adams streets, near Passenger Railway. Lot 44 by 127 feet. House frame, containing 7 rooms and good hall, well improved. House and Lot on Sheffield, near Bidwell street, Allegheny City. Lot 22 by [illegible] feet; house frame, contains hall, five rooms and good cellar; water and gas. Also, several small Houses and Lots in good location. Inquire of J. RUSH & CO., Beaver street, near Chestnut, Manchester.

FOR SALE—That well known TAVERN STAND, situate in the Fifth Ward, known as "Anderson Hall," adjoining the Market House, on Penn street. The building is three stories high, and most substantially built, containing ten large, commodious rooms, besides a large Concert Hall, a good stable on the back end of the lot, which is 25 by 100 feet deep. From the convenience of the locality, this house has established a permanent business, and in extent equal if not larger than any other house in the ward. No better paying property is now offering in the market. SILL & SHUTTERLY, Real Estate Agents, Butler street, Lawrenceville.

LOOK, AS YOU PASS BY, AT

THE LARGE AND ELEGANT DISPLAY

DUNSEATH & HASLETT,

56 FIFTH STREET,

Are making of goods in their line. They have just received a new stock of

Watches, Jewelry, Silver Ware,

SPECTACLES AND

Musical Boxes,

Which they are determined to sell at

VERY LOW PRICES.

HENRY G. HALE,

Merchant Tailor,

Cor. Penn and St. Clair Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

THE BEST HOLIDAY Gift is one of these Celebrated Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines, on Exhibition and for sale by WM. SUMNER & CO., 27 Fifth Street. de7

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OVERCOATINGS!

An immense and choice assortment at

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TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 98 WYLIE ST., corner of Federal,

(NEW BUILDING.)