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The Pittsburgh Gazette

CITY REPUBLICAN TICKET.

ELECTION, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 10.

FOR MAYOR:
JOHN W. RIDDELL.
FOR CITY TREASURER:
WILLIAM C. McCARTHY.
FOR CONTROLLER:
JOHN McCARGO.
FOR CITY ATTORNEY:
JACOB F. SLAGLE.

GEN. GRANT was nominated for the Presidency by an immense mass meeting of loyal Union citizens held last night at Cooper Institute, New York, at which A. T. Stewart, the dry goods millionaire, presided.

BUT three more working days intervene between this and the municipal election. Let every Republican work while there is time, and thus contribute his share towards electing the entire ticket placed at the head of our columns. The Democrats are active, but can triumph only through Republican inertness. Our candidates are worthy of support, and will be elected by overwhelming majorities, provided Republicans work to accomplish that end.

ACCORDING to the decision of City Attorney Slagle, the election of Alderman, Constables, School Directors, Inspectors, Return Inspectors, and Judges of Election, will take place on Tuesday next, under the proclamation of the Mayor, ordering the election of municipal officers. Let this fact be made generally known, as many persons are under the impression that they are not to vote, on Tuesday next, for any other officers than those cited in Mr. McCarthy's proclamation.

THE disastrous cyclone, which swept with such terrible wrath down upon British India, was even more terrible than at first reported. At Calcutta, the metropolis, the loss of life and property was fearful, one thousand persons having perished, and some thirty thousand huts and habitations being swept away. The violence of the cyclone cannot well be estimated from the latter fact, as the natives houses are formed of mud, bamboo and mats, and rudely put together. The term cyclone is synonomous to hurricane or tornado, but applies more especially to atmospheric commotions, which whirlingly sweep onward from the sea in a direct course, carrying with them death and destruction. A cyclone is generally nearly a thousand miles in circumference, oftentimes as many in diameter, and moves forward with considerable velocity.

A NATIONAL MANUFACTURERS' CONVENTION will be held at Cleveland, Ohio, on the 18th inst., in pursuance to the folowing call, which was adopted at the late meeting of Manufacturers held at Detroit:

Believing the time has come when the Internal Revenue taxes on *all manufactures and productions* (luxuries excepted) should be removed, request manufacturers and producers of commodities now taxed to call meetings in their respective towns, cities and communities, and appoint delegates to meet in convention at Cleveland, Ohio, December 18th, 1867.

This step is taken with a view of urging on Congress, early in its present session at Washington, the necessity of simplifying and changing the tax list in such a manner as to remove burdens wholly unnecessary, and thus relieve and stimulate the productive industry of the country.

It is urged that measures be taken at once for full and large delegations from all parts of the United States to be present at the Convention, as the depressed condition of trade and business throughout the country demand prompt and decisive action.

At a meeting of Cleveland manufacturers a Committee of seventy-three was appointed to represent in the Convention the various interests of that city. We have not learned of any movement on the part of our manufacturers to appoint delegates to represent their several interests in the Convention, but presume they will not loze sight of the importance attached to the meeting.

THE State Pomological Society of Ohio will hold its annual meeting at Sandusky to-day.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

—The Episcopal Church at Ravenswood, Long Island, was destroyed by fire at an early hour Wednesday morning.

—Canal navigation in New York is entirely suspended. No boats have passed Utica since Sunday.

—One hundred barrels of whisky, from some point above, were seized on the levee at St. Louis, yesterday, by the United States Marshal.

—The Savannah National Bank, of Savannah, Ga., has voluntarily resigned its privilege as a depository of government funds, and applied to withdraw its securities as such.

—At a meeting of manufacturers of Portland, Me., Tuesday evening, on the subject of repealing the Internal Revenue laws, delegates were appointed to the Cleveland Convention of the 8th of December.

—The Kansas Pacific Railway Company have received bonds from the government for the section of the road accepted by Commissioners on the 29th ult., and yesterday applied for Commissioners to inspect another section of twenty miles, extending to 825th mile post.

—It is understood that the excise duties on spirits will not be altered by the Canadian Parliament. A slight reduction will be made on tea, sugar, molasses and coffee. Manufactured goods, such as cotton fabrics, will not be subject to any change.

—Mr. Waddington, a resident of Vancouver's Island, is in Canada to promote the schemes of opening up a communication overland with British Columbia. It is proposed to open a line of land and water carriage from the head of Lake Superior to the Pacific Ocean.

—The number of deaths in New York last week was three hundred and sixty-three, in Brooklyn thirteen, or about twenty in one thousand in the former and nineteen in one thousand in the latter. The number of deaths among those who had exceeded the octogenarian age was twelve. The so-called zymotic diseases as a class still keep at a minimum ratio in the list of the causes of death but the amount of infant mortality is not much reduced.

—Dispatches received at New York, on Tuesday, announce that the mails from China and Japan, which left Yokohoma by the steamship Great Republic, Oct. 25th, and San Francisco, Nov. 20th, via Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, arrived in Cheyenne City on the morning of the 30th ult., and were thence forwarded by the Union Pacific Railroad Company, who delivered them in New York yesterday. This will be but forty-one days from Japan, and only fifteen days between San Francisco and New York.

—The whole vote polled at the municipal election in New York, on Tuesday, was 101,132, a reduction of about 8,000 from the election last month, and 31,000 less than the registered vote of the city. All of the Aldermen elected are Democrats, and all but three were the nominees of Tammany Hall. The councilmen elected were all Tammany nominees. Of seven School Commissioners three are Republicans. For Civil Justice, Thaddeus Lane, Tammany, was elected by a large majority. The election was one of the quietest ever held in the city. But few arrests for illegal voting were made. Meetings were held at various political headquarters in the evening, and speeches were made by Isaiah Rynders and others.

VOLUME LXXX

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Seward-Motley Correspondence.

Internal Revenue Report.

Bill to Issue Coupon Bonds.

Dinner by the French Minister.

Debate on Impeachment.

Military Examining Boards.

Homestead Law in the South.

Republican Caucus on the Southern Campaign.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, December 4, 1867.

THE MOTLEY CORRESPONDENCE.

The President sent to the Senate to-day the correspondence between Secretary Seward and Mr. Motley, late Minister to Vienna. Mr. Motley's last letter, under date of June 15th, closes as follows:

"As you chose to arraign me in November last, officially and peremptorily, upon charges supplied to you by an unknown informer, I had naturally expected some notice from you of the reply in which I denounced those charges as false calumnies and contemptible. This not having been the case, I think proper to place upon the records of this legation and the State Department the fact that the author of the infamous libel upon my character, whence you derived your charges, is absolutely unknown to me; that to the best of my knowledge, memory and belief, he never saw me nor heard the sound of my voice, and that until the publication of his letter I never heard of his name. That the charges by whomsoever invented or uttered are false and vile, I have already told you in my letter of the 11th of December last."

INTERNAL REVENUE REPORT.

The report of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue states the receipts of 1867 at $265,920,474, of which about fifty-seven millions were from incomes. Of the balance $23,769,078 was from raw cotton, $4,094,761 from refined petroleum and coal oil, $3,661,914 from cigars, &c., $15,245,497 from chewing and smoking tobacco, $5,871,345 from fermented liquors, $28,296,264 from distilled spirits, and $868,145 from brandy. The expense of collecting revenue was $7,712,089. The receipts for July, August, September and October, 1867, were $70,253,549, against about one hundred and twenty five millions in the corresponding months respectively of 1865 and '66. The Commissioner opposes the removal of the tax on distilled spirits.

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS.

A caucus of Republican members of both Houses was held this evening, to hear the report of the Executive Committee on the present condition of the Southern campaign, and to consult on measures necessary to complete the organization of the party in the unreconstructed States.

Senator Morgan presided, and Mr. Caton, of Illinois, was Secretary. The report shows that from April 1st to December 4th $40,673 were collected, of which seven members of Congress and employees at the Capitol contributed $15,000, the entire amount being expended, the greater part in printing documents for Southern circulation and the employment of orators. The elections of delegates in favor of conventions had been successful in all the States, excepting South Carolina, where there was want of time and places for voting. The Committee think that if another election should be held the result would be favorable for a convention in that State. From advices from Texas it is believed that State will give a decided vote for a Convention. A resolution was passed continuing the raising of additional funds for carrying on the work at the coming elections.

COUPONS FOR REGISTERED BONDS.

An act is to be introduced into Congress, on the recommendation of Treasurer Spinner, providing for the issue by the Secretary of the Treasury of coupon bonds for registered bonds, as registered bonds cannot be exchanged for coupon bonds.

DIPLOMATIC DINNER.

The French Minister gave a grand diplomatic dinner, last evening, at which Secretary Seward, all the European Ministers, and the Chairmen of the Senate and House Committees on Foreign Affairs were present.

DEBATE ON IMPEACHMENT.

The debate in the House on the Impeachment Reports will commence with a legal argument by Mr. Boutwell, sustaining the view of the majority, and probably be followed by Mr. Wilson in a motion to table the whole subject. It is expected that the motion to table will be carried by a majority of fifteen to twenty.

MILITARY ACADEMY.

Gen. Grant sent to the House to-day a letter recommending the passage of a law that the Superintendent of the Military Academy take the rank of Major General; that a board of visitors be organized to report on the actual state of discipline there; and that no candidate for admission who was rejected on his examination shall be reappointed within two years.

QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT.

The Quartermaster General asks an appropriation of thirteen and one-half millions to supply the deficiency in the current fiscal year.

LIST OF PARDONS.

The list of pardons sent to the House to-day numbers three or four thousand, embracing those who took part in the rebellion worth over $20,000, postmasters, agents, contractors, &c.

MILITARY EXAMINING BOARDS.

General Grant has ordered the Examining Boards of newly appointed officers to be broken up on the 31st of December, and Carlisle barracks for cavalry, Fortress Monroe for artillery, and Governor's Island for infantry examinations, the three senior officers at each place to constitute the Board.

HOMESTEAD IN SOUTHERN STATES.

Three hundred and ninety-five farms, embracing 19,698 acres of land, have been added to the productive area of the States of Arkansas, Florida and Mississippi during October under the homestead act.

APPOINTMENTS.

The President sent in to-day a number of appointments, mainly in the Treasury Department and under the tenure of office bill, including the cases of Collector Callicot of the 3d New York District, and Collector Jones, of Richmond.

AGRICULTURAL COMMISSIONER.

Col. Capron entered upon his duties as Commissioner of Agriculture to-day. J. W. Stokes, Chief Clerk, and latterly acting as Commissioner, has resigned.

NEW ORLEANS.

Order Revoked by Gen. Hancock—Reconstruction Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 4.—Gen. Hancock has revoked Gen. Mower's order removing O'Rorke, clerk of the Second District Court, for malfeasance in office, and appointing A. L. Shelley instead, and has reinstated O'Rorke. The General says if any charges are made against the latter, the Judicial Department of the Government is sufficient to take whatever action may be necessary. Gen. Hancock has also revoked the order for Gen. Mower to join his regiment. He will remain here awaiting further orders.

The Constitutional Convention passed a resolution fixing the pay of members at ten dollars a day, and mileage twenty cents each way, and elected a colored warrant clerk.

General Hancock has ordered the adjudication of making levees on certain plantations in the parishes of St. Charles and Jefferson to the lowest bidder, by Lieut. Col. McGonnigle, on the 10th inst., the lands to be subject to special lien for the cost of the work.

Weather Report.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE.—Cloudy and cold.
PHILADELPHIA.—Cloudy and cool.
NEW YORK.—Cloudy and cool.
CINCINNATI.—Cloudy and Cool.
CHICAGO.—Cloudy and cold.
ST. LOUIS.—Cloudy and cold.
INDIANAPOLIS.—Clear and mild.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1786

Pittsburgh Gazette.

II. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1867. NUMBER 281.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

Resolution in the Senate Charging the President With Breach of Official Obligations, in His Message—Debate on Resolution to Print the Message—Bill Repealing Tax on Cotton Passed in the House.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4, 1867.

SENATE.

Mr. HOWE, of Wisconsin, appeared in his seat for the first time.

NOTICE OF RATIFICATION.

The CHAIR laid before the Senate a communication from the Legislature of Nebraska, transmitting a joint resolution ratifying the amendment proposed by Congress to the Constitution.

Also, a resolution from the Convention of Federal Soldiers of Kentucky, requesting that certain property in the hands of the Governor of Kentucky shall not be allowed to pass into the hands of disloyal persons.

CORRESPONDENCE CALLED FOR.

On motion of Mr. SUMNER, it was

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to communicate to the Senate, if not incompatible with the public interest, copies of any correspondence between the United States and Great Britain relative to existing claims of these governments on each other.

BREACH OF OFFICIAL OBLIGATIONS BY THE PRESIDENT.

Mr. DRAKE offered the following concurrent resolution:

Resolved, By the Senate and House of Representatives concurring, that the President of the United States, in declaring in his annual message to the two Houses of Congress at the present session that the acts heretofore passed by these Houses relative to the reconstruction of the insurrectionary States are not only objectionable for assumption of ungranted power, but many of their provisions are in conflict with the direct prohibitions of the Constitution, and that those acts are as plainly unconstitutional as any that can be imagined, has transcended the just limits of his constitutional prerogative, to give to Congress information of the state of the Union and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; that the use of such language by him in his official character is, in our judgment, calculated to derogate from the rightful authority of the law making power of the nation, and incite insubordination, if not violent resistance to the laws which it is his duty, as President, to take care shall be faithfully executed; that as between the Congress and the President the former is the exclusive judge in the first instance of the conformity of its acts to the Constitution, and that when any act has been passed by two-thirds of both Houses over the President's objections any subsequent official denouncement of it by him as unconstitutional, in the absence of any adjudication to that effect by the Supreme Judiciary of the nation, is a departure from official propriety and a breach of official obligations, justifying and calling for distinct reprehension on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives. Laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

DEBATE ON PRINTING THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

Mr. ANTHONY, from the Committee on Printing, reported a resolution to print the President's Message and Reports.

Mr. HOWARD hoped the resolution would be laid over. Under present circumstances he could not vote for printing the President's Message. He did not think it worthy of that attention. He considered it a wanton libel on Congress so far as it alluded to the reconstruction policy of Congress, and those who voted for it, and he would not vote to circulate what was an insidious indication to the rebel States to use violence in resistance to that policy. It was unconstitutional and revolutionary.

Considerable debate followed, participated in by Messrs. Sumner, Anthony, Wilson, Buckalew, Dixon and others—the two latter in defense of the message.

OTHER BUSINESS.

Pending the discussion, a bill was introduced by Mr. TRUMBULL to make five Judges of the Supreme Court a quorum. Passed.

Also a bill, by Mr. WILSON, amending the bill for the government of the Southern States, by allowing a majority of those voting instead of those registered to call a Convention. Referred.

A communication was received from the President, enclosing the correspondence in the case of Mr. Motley.

Mr. EDMUNDS' bill, pledging payment in coin, was taken up and debated until half-past two, when the Senate went into Executive Session.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The galleries were crowded in expectation of the impeachment question coming before the House.

NATIONAL BANKS.

On motion of Mr. KELLY, the Secretary of the Treasury was directed to report the amount of funds in each National Bank on the first of each month, from the 30th of July, 1866, to the 31st of Oct., 1867.

AMERICAN CITIZENS ABROAD.

Mr. CULLOM offered a resolution, that whereas, the British Government claims exclusive authority to determine the question of the validity of American citizenship; that the United States Government recognizes gradation among American citizens, whether native or naturalized, to receive protection from the United States Government, and no claim made by any foreign Government over American citizens shall be recognized as destroying or weakening the right of such citizens to the protection of the United States; that the United States Government will, at all hazards, protect the rights of all citizens, whether at home or abroad, and it is the duty of the President to see to it that American citizens, native-born or naturalized, who may be in other lands on lawful pursuits, shall not be unlawfully deprived of their liberties, or subjected to military service, or otherwise deprived of their rights as American citizens. Referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

TAX ON COTTON.

The House took up as the regular order of business, the bill to repeal the tax on cotton.

In the course of the debate Mr. COVODE gave notice of an amendment to reduce the tax on cotton to one cent per pound.

Mr. MUNN gave notice of an amendment to the substitute, by making the repeal of tax apply to all cotton on the farms where it grows, and which is the property of the producer at the time of the passage of the act.

Mr. MILLER gave notice of a motion to recommit the bill, in order that the question may be incorporated in the regular tax bill.

Mr. PILE gave notice of an amendment to the original bill, removing the tax from all cotton that shall at the time of its passage continue to be the property and in possession of the producer thereof.

Mr. LAWRENCE, of Ohio, moved to recommit the bill, with instruction to report back an additional section that the Court of Claims shall not have or entertain jurisdiction to recover back any tax on cotton paid.

The motion to recommit was withdrawn, and Mr. SCHENCK moved the previous question, under which Mr. Covode's and Mr. Munn's amendments were rejected without division.

Mr. LAWRENCE offered his amendment as a new section to the bill.

Mr. HOOPER, of Utah, asked Mr. Schenck to let him offer an amendment for the exemption from tax of cotton raised in Nevada, Utah and Arizona, being for home consumption.

Mr. SCHENCK declined.

Mr. MILLER renewed his motion to recommit the bill. Negatived.

Mr. LAWRENCE'S amendment was rejected by sixty nine against ninety-three, and the bill passed.

COMMUNICATIONS.

The SPEAKER presented a communication from the President, with a list of pardons for rebellion. Referred to the Judiciary.

Also, from the Secretary of War, transmitting the estimate of the Quartermaster General of the funds required by his Department. Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also, from the Inspector of Military Academy, proposing certain legislation relative to the institute. Referred to the Military Committee.

Also, a statement of buildings rented in St. Louis for Military purposes. Same reference.

The SPEAKER presented a communication from the special correspondents of the Press, in reference to the premature publication of the President's Message, asking an investigation as to the responsibility for the breach of good faith and honor. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Also, a concurrent resolution for the appointment of a Joint Committee on retrenchment. Tabled, as the proposed action was taken in March last.

A like resolution for a Committee on Ordnance. The question was ordered thereon, but without a vote the House adjourned.

SECOND EDITION.

THREE O'CLOCK A. M.

FROM EUROPE.

Alabama Claims Correspondence.

Belligerent Rights Allowed by English Law.

Italian Affairs in French Chambers.

Political Arrests in Italy.

The London Cabmen Strike.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

ALABAMA CLAIMS CORRESPONDENCE.

LONDON, Dec. 4.—A second installment of the correspondence between the British and American Governments in regard to the Alabama claims has been laid before the Commons. Lord Stanley, in a dispatch to Mr. Ford, present Charge de Affairs at Washington, says England will never consent to arbitration of a foreign power, the claims involving her right to recognize belligerents. This right he insists is purely a right of English law. He repeats his offer to submit to arbitration the Alabama claims, and to refer all other demands for indemnity to the decision of a mixed commission.

CABMEN STRIKE.

LONDON, December 4.—The Cabmen continue to work during the day until four in the afternoon, when all leave their stands and not a cab can be had after that hour.

LONDON, Dec. 4—*Evening.*—The strike of the cabmen has ended. The Government has yielded and the operation of the obnoxious law has been suspended.

ARRIVAL FROM SOUTH AMERICA.

Edward Thornton, late Minister to Brazil, and recently appointed Ambassador to the United States, arrived today from Rio. The steamer by which he came brings a report that a formidable revolt had broken out in Paysandra.

A RUMOR FROM ABYSSINIA.

LONDON, December 4.—A telegram from Bombay gives a rumor that King Theodore of Abyssinia has ordered the English prisoners in his custody to be executed. Happily, however, the rumor needs confirmation.

COMMUNICATION RESTORED.

LONDON, Dec. 4—*Evening.*—Telegraph communication in India, which was interrupted by the Cyclone, has been restored.

FEARFUL LOSS OF LIFE.

LONDON, December 4.—Further particulars of the disastrous cyclone which recently occurred have been received. At Calcutta the loss of life and property was fearful. It is estimated that in the city and neighborhood one thousand persons perished and thirty thousand huts and habitations utterly destroyed.

FRANCE.

DEBATE ON ITALIAN AFFAIRS.

LONDON, December 4.—The debate on the Italian Expedition in the French Legislative body was continued yesterday. On the Liberal side Simon and Gueraulte made speeches, in which they attacked the Italian policy of the Government, and condemned intervention.

THE ROMAN CONFERENCE.

PARIS, December 4.—The *Etendard* asserts that the European powers have agreed to the General Conference proposed by France, with the exception of Holland and Belgium.

PARIS, Dec. 4.—*Evening.*—In the Corps Legislatif to-day, Marquis de Moustier, Minister of Foreign Affairs, said that the meeting of the general conference which France had invited, was uncertain. Should it not take place the Government of France would be compelled to exact from Italy a literal observance of the obligation of the September Convention.

AUSTRIA.

THE CONCORDAT.

VIENNA, Dec. 4.—Count Crevelli, Envoy of Austria to Rome, has notified the Pope that the legislation of the Reichsrath must proceed on its course, even in antagonism to the Concordat, should the Holy Father refuse to release the Emperor Francis Joseph from the obligations of a treaty made before he became constitutional monarch.

Baron Von Beust, in recent dispatches, says the meeting of the European Conference will take place without a programme, so that each power may be free to act.

GERMANY.

RESIGNATION OF A MINISTER.

BERLIN, December 4.—The Prussian Minister of Justice, Count Von Lippe, has resigned. It is said that Leonhardt will be appointed his successor.

ITALY.

ARMS ORDERED—POLITICAL ARRESTS.

FLORENCE, Decemper 4.—The Italian War Office has ordered 300,000 Chassepot rifles. Many arrests for political reasons were recently made by order of the Government in different parts of the Kingdom.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—*Evening.*—Consols, 93¼; ex-dividend 5-20s, 71¾; Illinois Central, 80¼; Erie, 47¼.

FRANKFORT, Dec. 4.—*Evening.*—Bonds, 76½.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 4.—*Evening.*—Cotton firm with more doing; sales to-day of 12,000 bales Middling Uplands at 7¾, Orleans 7⅞. Breadstuffs unchanged. Provisions—Beef and Pork unchanged. Lard 48s 6d. Bacon 43s. Petroleum unchanged.

ANTWERP, Dec. 4.—*Evening.*—Petroleum 43½f.

VIRGINIA.

The Reconstruction Convention.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

RICHMOND, December 4.—The Convention this morning elected Judge Underwood President, George Nye, of Shenandoah, Secretary, Wm. R. Fall, Richmond, Sergeant-at-Arms, and one white and two colored door keepers. Rev. Mr. Mitchell, of Richmond, chaplain. The vote on President was sixty-five for Underwood and thirty-two for Nelson, the candidate of the Conservatives.

Judge Underwood, on taking the chair, said he hoped the deliberations would be characterized with Christian charity for all, and as much forgiveness and forgetfulness of past injuries as is consistent with future safety. He hoped the Constitution to be framed would be humane and equal to all, preventing crimes, promoting education, removing unequal taxation, and compel every citizen to contribute to the necessities of the State in proportion to the value of his property. He also hoped a homestead exemption law would be passed.

Chaplain Mitchell, in his opening prayer, prayed for ex-Confederates as well as loyal men.

General Schofield transmitted a communication to the Convention, sending them all appeals which have been made to him in cases of contested seats, including those of the Richmond delegation, all of which were submitted to the Convention for action.

The galleries and aisles were densely crowded with blacks and a slight sprinkling of whites.

In the afternoon the Convention appointed a Committee on Rules, and elected W. H. Samples, of Baltimore, stenographer.

A rule was adopted to draw for seats, which the Conservatives, who were all sitting together, ineffectually opposed.

The committee which waited on Gen. Schofield reported he had given them some advice, and he would be glad to see members who wished to consult with him. The Convention adjourned until to-morrow.

THE PRESIDENCY.

Immense Grant Meeting in New York.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—An immense mass meeting was held this evening, at Cooper Institute, of citizens favoring the nomination of General Grant for President. Wm. E. Dodge called the meeting to order, and nominated A. T. Stewart to the Chair. A list of Vice Presidents included some of the most wealthy and influential citizens of New York.

Judge Hilton offered a resolution, which was unanimously adopted amid great enthusiasm, that the brilliant services rendered by Gen. Grant have shed imperishable renown on the American name and character, and relying with perfect confidence on the sagacity, judgment, energy and unfaltering patriotism so strikingly displayed throughout his whole civil and military career, we present Gen. U. S. Grant as the candidate of the loyal Union people of New York for the office of President of the United States.

The President of the meeting was given authority to appoint Standing Committees, with power to take measures to effectuate its objects and purposes. Speeches were made by Francis B. Cutting, General Sickles, Lyman Tremain and Simeon B. Chittenden.

MEXICO.

Meeting of Congress—Romero Attacked by the Press, &c.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

HAVANA, December 3.—Dates from the City of Mexico to November 20th, are received. The Congress assembled that day. A bare quorum was present. The Mexican newspapers attack Romero for making a ruinous contract with the United States. Escobedo has gone to his camp. Diaz is quiet and has arrived at the Capital. It is expected Ortego will be elected to Congress. President Juarez and his Cabinet were attending quietly to the business of the Government. A duty was laid on flour to raise money to carry the Puebla election.

The American legion is in arrears of pay. There were rumors of Mexican enlistments, and their destination variously surmised.

It is mysteriously rumored that a messenger had arrived with a special communication from Napoleon to Juarez.

Senor Romero, Col. Babcock, General Sturm and others from the United States arrived in the city of Mexico.

President Juarez and wife, the United States Charge, Mr. Plumb, and others were on a railroad train which met with an accident, but were not injured.

ALABAMA.

The Reconstruction Convention.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MONTGOMERY, December 4.—In the Reconstruction Convention the Committee on Constitution reported it to the Convention, when it was considered article by article and various amendments proposed, consuming the whole day. There will be at least fifteen or twenty votes against the Constitution on the final vote.

MONTGOMERY, Dec. 4.—Alarming excesses have been committed by blacks in Bullock county. In the neighborhood of Perate the colored loyal leagues had organized and resisted the processes of the civil authorities. Under instructions from colored emissaries they formed a code of laws, opened a Court, officered and organized it, arrested by night all blacks who opposed their unlawful proceedings and carried punishment so far that their victims applied to the civil authorities for protection. The blacks sheriff and his deputy were finally arrested, but other insurrectionary leaders organized the negroes, and made an armed resistance. Aid from other leagues was summoned, and the blacks flocked to Union Springs, threatening a general rising, the extermination of the whites, and taking possession of the country. The black leaders went to plantations and forced the laborers to join them for vengeance, showing pretended orders from General Swayne, that they had a right to kill all resisting their authority. During the excitement the negro church at Perate was burned by unknown parties, it is alleged by black leaguers to inflame the negroes. The whites universally regret it. The white citizens organized for protection. General Swayne was appealed to and sent a detachment of troops promptly to the scene of troubles to restore order. Fifteen black insurrectionists have been arrested and lodged in jail, to be tried by the civil authorities. At last accounts order was restored and all was quiet.

TENNESSEE.

Repeal of the Disqualifying Laws.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NASHVILLE, Dec. 4.—A Bill was introduced into the House to-day, and passed a second reading, repealing all laws disqualifying colored persons from sitting on juries or holding office. The vote stood fifty to twenty-five.

River Items.

(By Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

GREENSBORO, Dec. 4.—River three feet in the channel and rising slowly. Weather cool and pleasant. C.

MORGANTOWN, Dec. 4.—River unchanged. Weather cloudy and the snow melting. W.

BROWNSVILLE, Dec. 4.—The river has about five feet of water in the channel, and rising slowly. Weather clear and cold. P.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 4.—River stationary, with two feet nine inches in the canal. A snow storm is now prevailing.

MEMPHIS, Dec. 4.—River falling and weather cloudy.

California News.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 4.—The Great Republic, for Hong Kong and Yokohama, sailed to-day with a large number of passengers, and thirteen hundred and sixty thousand dollars in treasure. Her freight is valued at three hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

The Assembly granted the use of the Chamber for a meeting of Fenians to express indignation and sorrow at the Manchester executions.

—Gen. Grant is said to be preparing a new order, which will still further reduce expenditures on the army account. The movement made some time since to dispense with the services of civilians employed in the army will constitute an important feature of the new order, and will make a reduction, it is stated, of 8,000 men. The abolition of the brevet system, which meets with great favor, is now under the consideration of the Committee on Military Affairs, and some changes are looked for which will avoid the confusion and jealousies which have arisen from promotions of this character. The proposition of Mr. Washburne, of Indiana, to pay the army weekly, is not likely to meet with success in the Committee, as they consider the scheme impracticable.

—A gentleman living near New Orleans, has a cherry tree under which, every day, there falls a rain between 2 and 6 p. m. Strange to say, there are no clouds or signs thereof, but the rain comes every day, and has done so for two weeks. A lady who lives near by, who lately lost her husband, discovered it soon after his death, and it was never known to be the case before. The spot is visited daily by people to whom this singular and miraculous rain, without clouds, is an inexplicable wonder.

—The bonds of the City of Boston sell higher in the London market than those of the great United States. And why? Boston pays her interest in gold cheerfully, as a matter of justice and honor, and never talks of liquidating the principal in depreciated currency, or in any other evasive manner. Hence she has *credit*; and that credit is worth, as the broker's tables show, just twenty cents on the dollar in favor of Boston's five per cent. bonds against the National six per cents.

—There are over seven hundred dwellings vacant and to-let in Chicago, so that owners of houses have, consequently, shown a disposition to make some concessions in the rates. Most of these are new, built for sale during the past season, but left over, and now held for rent instead. The fact of their having no tenants seems to be sufficient proof that the supply has exceeded the demand.

—The color of lightning is orange, white and blue, verging to violet, according to the intensity of the electricity and its altitude. The more electricity there is in the air, the whiter and more dazzling is the light. Violet and blue colored lightning is discharged from storm clouds high in the rarified air.

—A Mr. Boyd, of Ironton, aged one hundred and seven years, quarreled with his wife the other day about sewing on a button, and inquired if he was to live in this way all his life. The good wife, who is but one hundred and two, replied no, for she should have a divorce.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

POLITICAL.

A Card from the Republican City Executive Committee in Relation to the Manner of Voting.

As several questions have arisen as to officers to be voted for, and the mode of voting at the coming election on December 10th, and it is desirable that the action of the citizens throughout the city should be uniform, and as there is no one authorized to decide the question definitely, the Republican City Executive Committee have deemed it proper to publish their views for the direction of those interested. Having taken legal advice on the subject they have come to the following conclusion:

Under the Consolidation act there is no question as to the duty of electing the Mayor, City Controller, City Treasurer, City Attorney, and Members of Select and Common Council, in accordance with the proclamation of the Mayor of the city.

We are also of the opinion that the several wards and townships should elect at the same time all local officers whose terms of office will expire during the coming winter, including election officers, constables, assessors, aldermen, school directors, &c. The third section of the act does not in express terms provide for their election at this time, but that they are intended to be included under the description of other city officers, would appear from the fourth section, which provides for the election of all city officers, including ward officers, on the second Tuesday of October in each year, and declares that the first election of such Councils and officers after that of December next, as directed in the third section, shall be held on the second Tuesday of October, 1868. It is hereby clearly implied that officers shall be elected on the second Tuesday of December. Besides, if they are not elected at that time, this section would prevent any election until October, 1868, which certainly was not the intention of the act.

Though the election of officers is to be held on the second Tuesday of December, the terms are not changed by this act, and the present incumbents will, therefore, hold their offices until the end of their respective terms.

The officers should each be voted for upon separate tickets.

The tenth section of the act of May 16th, 1857, which provides for voting for all city officers on one ticket, and Councils upon another ticket, and ward officers upon a third, was repealed by the act of April 22d, 1858, P. L. 471, which directs that the laws in relation to voting in force, previous to the passage of said act, should be restored.

The act of March 13th, 1860, P. L., p. 92, does not apply to cities. It would, in terms, apply to the districts lately annexed, but as they are now a part of the city, it is presumed that the same rule would apply to all the officers to be voted for by them. It certainly would as to city officers, and there is no reason why it should not to the township and borough officers.

All persons qualified to vote for State and county officers are entitled to vote at the election.

The Committee will furnish tickets for city officers. The several districts will be expected to furnish tickets for the local offices.

By order of the Committee.
JOSEPH A. BUTLER, Chairman.
A. L. PEARSON, Secretary.

Peebles Township Nominations.

The Republicans of Peebles township have nominated the following candidates to be voted for on Tuesday next:

SELECT COUNCIL—James McKibben.

COMMON COUNCIL—James B. Palmer, Joseph G. Beales.

ALDERMEN—Andrew B. Stevenson, Charles D. Ebely.

SCHOOL DIRECTORS—George H. Anderson, James McKibben.

JUDGE OF ELECTION—James McKibben.

INSPECTOR—Charles D. Ebely.

ASSESSOR—William Wiley.

CONSTABLE—Thomas D. Andrews.

"Murder Will Out."

Our readers will remember that during the past summer we published accounts, at various times, of valuable cattle having been stolen from farmers, in different parts of this and adjoining counties, and that in several instances the loser traced his cattle towards this city, but in no instance, was any discovery made sufficient to lead to the detection of the thief; in fact, so well did the perpetrator or perpetrators of the larcenies cover up their tracks that not the slightest clue as to who the guilty parties were could be obtained. But like all other crimes the discovery of the criminal was only a question of time, and a few days since, several months after the thefts had been committed, discoveries were made which led to the arrest of certain parties under circumstances which scarcely admit of a doubt of their guilt. We published yesterday an account of the arrest of John Mowray, on oath of William Boyd, of Indiana township, charging him with the larceny of a cow. The cow, it appears, was found in the stable of John Flinn, of this city, by officer Bell, and identified by Mr. Boyd as his property. Mr. Flinn stated that he had purchased the cow from John Mowray. An information for larceny was made against both Flinn and Mowray, and they were arrested. Mowray, at the hearing, admitted that he sold the cow to Flinn and stated that he had purchased her from a man at Mahoning, but was unable to find the man or tell who he was

It appears that shortly after the cow was stolen from Mr. Boyd, three hogs were taken, one of which was found in the pen of H. J. Weaver, of the Ninth ward, who stated that he had purchased it and two others from Mowray. The hog was identified by Mr. Boyd, and the others, which Mr. Mowray said had been butchered, answered the description of those taken.

Mr. F. W. Shaver also lost a cow, and one answering the description appears to have been sold to a butcher in Allegheny city, by Mowraw, and butchered about the time it was taken.

Pressly McDowell, of Tarentum, lost two hogs a short time since, which he alleges were taken by Mowray, but they have not as yet been found.

Mowray, after a hearing in the first case mentioned, was committed for trial, and information having been made in the other cases, commitments were lodged against him in each of them. It is altogether probable, if he is the guilty man, as the circumstances would seem to indicate, that he has some accomplices, and every effort should be made to ferret them out.

A New Dodge.

It is really remarkable to what success those contemptible "land sharks," the hackmen, will resort to swindle the traveling public. We have, on several occasions heretofore, referred to the manner in which they fleeced strangers, and yesterday we heard of another case in which a stranger was "taken in and done for" to the amount of two dollars. The gentleman in question arrived at the city yesterday morning, from the east, en route for Cleveland, and being unacquainted in the city inquired of the first man he met where the depot was from which the Cleveland train started. Unfortunately for him the fellow to whom he addressed the inquiry was a hackman, who, seeing a chance to swindle the stranger, replied at once that he would take him to the place, and that he had better take a carriage, as the train would start before he could reach the station on foot. The man desiring to make the train, readily assented to the arrangement, and was conducted to a carriage, into which he got. "Hacky" closed the doors, and after driving him around two or three squares, pulled up at the depot of the Allegheny Valley Railroad, where he landed his passenger, charged him two dollars and drove off. The gentleman did not find out the "sell" for some minutes after, when he went to the window to purchase a ticket, and was informed by the agent that the Cleveland trains started from the Union Depot, the one he had just left. He returned but was unable to find the fellow who had victimized him.

Coroner's Inquest.—The Coroner's jury impannelled to investigate the matter of the death of Mrs. Sarah McMunn and Ann Eliza Weiser, her granddaughter, who were killed at Swissvale Tuesday morning, met at the Mayor's office, in this city, yesterday, and after examining several witnesses, among whom were the fireman and engineer of the train, they rendered a verdict of accidental death, relieving the engineer of the train and the Railroad Company from all blame in the matter.

The Rev. F. A. Noble, of St. Paul, Minnesota, has accepted the call of the Third Presbyterian Church, in Pittsburgh, to become their pastor, and will enter upon the duties on the first Sabbath in January next.

Petroleum Association.—There will be an important meeting of the Petroleum Association to-day, and it is earnestly desired that there be a good attendance. See advertisement.

THE COOKSTOWN HOMICIDE.

Trial of John Shaw, John Britton and William J. Fleming for the Murder of John Evans, at Cookstown, Fayette County.

The trial of John Shaw, John Britton and William J. Fleming, for the murder of John Evans, at Cookstown, on the second of August last, the proceedings of which up to 12 o'clock Tuesday we published yesterday, was resumed at two o'clock on Tuesday. At half-past three o'clock a jury had been impannelled and sworn, and T. B. Schnatterly, Esq., District Attorney, proceeded to open the case on the part of the Commonwealth with an able address to the jury, after which the following testimony was taken:

Dr. Gordon, sworn—Am a surgeon; made an examination of the body of John Evans—don't recollect the day of the month in August, 1867—at Evans' house, in Troytown, two miles above Cookstown, in Fayette county. There were bruises on Evans' back and on the right side of his head, as if he had been struck with a fist or something soft; the skin was not broken; made a *post mortem* examination to ascertain if he had been drowned; concluded he had been from the amount of water found on his stomach and the froth in the windpipe and mouth; was a member of the Coroner's inquest; held an examination in Cookstown on the bank of the river on Saturday morning, about an hour after the body had been taken from the water; the body was then taken to the former residence of Evans, and I there made the *post mortem* examination; was satisfied that he came to his death from drowning; formed no opinion as to how the bruises were produced; death did not ensue from the wounds.

Cross-examined—I was not present when the body was taken out; saw it a moment afterwards.

James Carr, sworn—I caught the body of Evans on Saturday between the hours of one and two o'clock P. M. with a grab hook; couldn't say how deep the water was; ten feet, more or less. The body was taken out about fifty yards from shore; didn't take it out of the water until the jury came.

Cross-examined—Rafts were lying below the wharf; wharf extended past the rafts when they were laying in shore; the rafts were up close to the wharf; there was eddy water below the wharf, but a current where the body was found.

James Rees, sworn—Live in Cookstown, Fayette county, in the third house below the wharf, on Water street, on the bank of the river. On the evening of the 2d day of August, (Friday) about twelve o'clock, P. M., I was disturbed by a noise in front of my house; I arose from my bed, went to the window and told the parties making the noise to retire. Mr. Evans then remarked that there was three as good men as there was in that town stood on that bank. They were quarreling at the time among themselves; one of them said let us make this up and treat; another said I can get the whisky, and they went away. It was John Evans, John Britton and Wm. Fleming; they all had something to say to me at the time; I recognized them by their voices; in about an hour from the time they left, I was awoke again with the shout of murder; I arose and went to the window again, and I heard Evans cry, "for God's sake don't take my life; you have all I have—what more do you want;" he (Evans) said he was drunk, and would make it all right when he got sober. Then I hallowed, boys go away and let the man alone. I saw two persons run down the shore and up into the street and down the street as hard as they could run. I then heard Mr. Evans struggling as if in the water; I called him two or three times, but he made no answer; I think I called him by his given name; he endeavored to answer me but I could'nt understand what he said; he then made three or four more efforts, and, as I supposed, got up on the raft. All then was quiet for a short time. I then laid down leaving my wife in the window, and hearing a noise some distance above she asked me what it was? I told her it seemed like the breaking loose of a skiff. I then went to a window, and saw a skiff floating down the river, and run on to three rafts; did not know who was in the skiff, or how many, but the oars were quietly at work. They were there for some time; I don't know how long. After a few moments heard the skiff moving again. I got up and saw the skiff moving towards the other shore. It was between one and two o'clock.

No questions asked by the defence.

John Bell, sworn—Saw Fleming Friday evening at eight o'clock; he came to my house and asked for ale; didn't see him any more that night; Fleming and Evans came to my door about twelve o'clock that night and asked for whisky; my wife got up and told them they couldn't have any; they then left; Fleming came to my house next morning and asked for ale; he denied being at my door the night before, and said he could prove by Aaron Hisanbaugh that he was in the house until ten o'clock at night; I knew Fleming by his voice; he answered to his name; was well acquainted with Evans, and knew his voice.

Cross-examined—Didn't get out of bed when the man rapped; they came to the house door; I spoke very sharply to Fleming next morning, when I told him that I didn't want him to come about the house any more.

The Commonwealth here offered the Coroner's inquest, to which the defence objected, and after arguments on both sides the Court ruled it out.

Court adjourned till 9 o'clock Wednesday morning.

A First Class Family Grocery Establishment.

There has recently been opened in Allegheny city a new first class family grocery store by Messrs. McKnight & Smith, at No. 150 Federal street. The proprietors have had long experience in the business, and know how to manage their affairs as to render their establishment highly popular with housekeepers. We paid a visit to their storeroom yesterday, and were surprised to find it equal in every respect, if not superior, to our first class establishments of the character. The stock is very large, and has been purchased with a view of supplying every want in the way of groceries, teas, coffees, spices, dried and canned fruits, Worcestershire sauce, table condiments, shaker herbs, mince meat, cranberries, buckwheat flour, &c., &c. The goods have been selected with rare judgment and care, and cannot but prove all that is desired to the shipping community. We have enjoyed long acquaintance with the gentlemen composing this firm, and, from a knowledge of their large experience, careful business training, and strict integrity and honor, we can commend them to the patronage of our readers who may need anything in the way of choice family groceries.

Correction.—We are requested by Professor Neale, Principal of the Allegheny colored school, to say that the "confusion" referred to at that school, in our report of the Board of Controllers, was occasioned by shifting classes from one room to another. The error we believe, occurred in the remarks of the County Superintendent, Mr. Douthett, who visited the school, and at the request of the Board stated in what condition he found it. He, therefore, is responsible if there is anything wrong in the remarks. But if Professor Neale's school is conducted without confusion, except in removing classes from one room to another, it is certainly a model school.

Malicious Mischief.—Annie Olmstead, who resides at the corner of Second and Arthur street, in the Second ward, yesterday made information against Hugh Madison, for malicious mischief and surety of the peace. She alleges that Madison came to her house on Tuesday afternoon while she was sick in bed, and demanded admittance which was refused him, whereupon he kicked the door open, entered the house and pulled her out of bed, threatened to shoot her and burn the house down. He was arrested and held to bail in the sum of one thousand dollars for a hearing.

Fair and Festival.—For the benefit of the North Church, in Excelsior Hall, Federal street, Allegheny, the ladies of the North Presbyterian Church will hold a Fair and Festival, commencing Thursday evening, December 12th, and continuing the 13th and 14th, for the purpose of furnishing their new Church. A choice lot of articles will be for sale; also dinners, lunch and refreshments served. All friends of the cause are invited to aid in this enterprise.

Barrett, Bell and Brawdy.—Debora Barrett yesterday made information before Alderman Strain against John Bell, Thomas Brawdy and Martin Brawdy, for surety of the peace, alleging that they threatened to shoot her. The parties reside on Liberty street. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the accused.

Arrested on a Bail Piece.—George Green, who was some time since held to bail for his appearance at Court to answer a charge of selling liquor on Sunday, was yesterday arrested by officer Rivers on a bail piece, and committed for trial.

An Opportunity for Safe Investment.

Few municipal corporations in this country have been more cleverly managed financially and otherwise than our wealthy neighbor across the water, Allegheny. Its affairs have never suffered from any blundering on the part of incompetent officers, but, on the contrary, have been managed with more than ordinary tact and ability. In the style and character of its market places, city and school buildings, water works, streets and avenues, it is vastly superior to any contemporary city of similar population, while few municipal corporations in the country can boast of more public breathing spots in the way of beautiful commons and parks. The total debt of Allegheny will not exceed four hundred thousand dollars, and by modest appreciation of its effects they will swell up to several million dollars. Financially our sister city is sound as a silver dollar, and yearly grows more solid and substantial. In view of these facts the loan of $20,000 advertised for in another column by City Controller R. B. Francis, should not long go begging for takers. As the interest will be paid with promptness every six months, and the limitation for payment will not reach through many years, we can imagine no more safe or profitable investment. There are but few stocks absolutely safe, as capitalists know full well from experience, and yet they are eagerly sought for as safe investments. Loaning to a great city like Allegheny on well paying rates of interest is a rare chance, and we feel that every dollar will be taken up before the close of the week. Parties wishing to learn further particulars will call on Mr. Francis, at the Controller's office, adjoining the Allegheny City Postoffice, who will be pleased to give all the information required.

Homoeopathic Hospital Fair.

At the Fair in City Hall an entirely new feature was added last night. "*The Gallery of Fine Arts*," comprising sixty pieces, never elsewhere exhibited, all of them improvized by the several artists during the day, and in character and variety quite unique. The collection is numbered and catalogued to facilitate the investigation and to explain the many mysteries which the curious visitor is eager to solve. We predict that for the coming days of the Fair the "Gallery" will be among the things that will *draw*. There were many fancy articles added to the collections on the various stands. We noticed especially that the "Strangers' Bazaar" had been largely and richly replenished by liberal contributions of fancy goods, many of them of rare beauty, from the family of Hon. Henry D. Foster, of Greensburg, from Mrs. W. H. Williams, formerly of this city, now of Philadelphia, and from Mrs. Dr. Hughes, of Wheeling. We think there have been no additions to the corps of young ladies kindly officiating at the various stands, simply because the number is already sufficient, and any improvement in efficiency, beauty or grace is impossible.

Special Sale at Joseph Horne & Co's, Nos. 77 and 79 Market Street

Readers will remember that the entire stock of trimmings, embroideries, lace goods, ribbons, furnishing goods, hosiery, gloves and millinery goods in the extensive notion house of Messrs. Joseph Horne & Co., Nos. 77 and 79 Market street, is offered to the wholesale and retail trade at greatly reduced prices. Wishing to enter the coming new year with a light stock, the firm have resolved to close out at prices regardless of cost, giving patrons bargains seldom before offered in this market. The stock is fresh and new and purchasers cannot fail to make judicious selections. The high standing of this firm, who transact a yearly business approaching a million dollars per year, is sufficient guarantee that the special sale is no humbug to draw patrons to their doors. Dealers who buy to sell again will find it to their advantage to pay this establishment a purchasing visit.

Art and Nature—The Hungarian Dwarfs.

Lovers of the beautiful in art and nature should not forget the advent tomorrow evening at the Old Theatre of the three celebrated Hungarian Dwarfs, Jean Piccolo, Jean Petit and Kiss Joszy, in three dramatic pieces written expressly for these Lilliputian artists. Nothing can surpass the novelty of their charming acting and the beauty of their diminutive and perfect physical proportions. There will doubtless be a rush to see them, and those who desire good seats had better secure them at once at Kleber & Bros.' music store.

Congress Street.—The attention of the Street Commissioner is directed to the sidewalk on the right hand side of Congress street, between Wylie and Franklin. In several places waste water is run out on the sidewalk where there is no gutter to carry it off, and, as a consequence, it floods the sidewalk for several yards, and renders it impassable during this freezing weather.

Assault.—Albert Benoit appeared before Alderman Thomas yesterday, and made information charging one John Hall with assault. The prosecutor alleges that the defendant used bad language towards him, calling him a beggar, and threatened to strike him. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the accused. The parties reside in Oakland township.

Surety of the Peace.—James Connelly yesterday made information before Alderman McMasters against Michael McDowell, for surety of the peace, alleging that Michael threatened to shoot his son. The parties reside on Etna street, in the Fifth ward. A warrant was issued.

CITY ITEMS.

Buy Your Hats and Caps at J. D. Ramaley's emporium, No. 334 Liberty street. You will save money by so doing, as the prices have been specially reduced to suit the tightness of the times. All the latest styles will be found for men and boys' wear. Call in and see for yourselves, as there is no charge for showing goods.

At J. D. Ramaley's clothing house, No. 336 Liberty street, will be found an immense stock of men and boys clothing, made specially to his order to supply the retail trade of this neighborhood. The goods are equal to the finest custom work in point of fashion, neatness and workmanship. Prices are much cheaper than eastern ratern rates.

This Day at 3 o'clock, p. m., at Auction, the valuable business property, 96 First street. Also Lots and Buildings, Nos. 168 and 170 Second street, together with nearly all necessary Machinery for a Brewery and Distillery. Our readers are referred to the advertisement of Smithson Palmer & Co., Auctioneers.

At Moorhead's fashionable retail trimming store, 81 Market street, will be found, at greatly reduced rates, a superb selection of elegantly wrought slipper patterns on canvas, cloth and velvet. Ladies desiring to make their gentlemen friends holiday presents can make no wiser selection.

It will pay Pittsburgh ladies to cross the bridge and purchase their supplies of groceries, teas and produce at J. Kohen & Brothers, No. 69 Federal street, Allegheny city. The stock is fresh, pure and good, and is offered either at wholesale or retail rates at very reasonable prices.

Prepare for cold weather and purchase a suit of heavy clothing at the popular emporium of J. D. Ramaley, No. 336 Liberty street. The entire stock is offered at retail at prices much lower than those prevailing in the wholesale eastern market.

Prepare for the holidays and lay in your family supply of groceries and produce, which can be obtained at the most reasonable prices at the wholesale and retail grocery establishment of J. Kohen & Brothers, No. 69 Federal street, Allegheny.

At Moorhead's fashionable retail trimming and notion house, No. 81 Market street, will be found a very elegant selection of rich lace goods, suitable for Christmas presents. The prices are greatly reduced.

Pure coffees, pure teas, fresh groceries and produce of all kinds, at lowest prices, at the extensive wholesale and retail grocery establishment of J. Kohen & Bros., No. 69 Federal street, Allegheny.

The Best Places in the city to buy your clothing and hats and caps are at the stores of J. D. Ramaley, Nos. 332, 334 and 336 Liberty street. The stock is large and the prices very inducing.

All wool French Merinoes for 75 and 80 cents, worth $1,25 and $1,50, at Bates & Bell's.

CITY ITEMS.

Hazard's Powder,

So justly celebrated for its strength and cleanliness, can now be bought in large or small quantities of his agent, Arthur Kirk, 172 and 174 Federal street, Allegheny.

This powder as now sold is the result of forty years experimenting, and is pronounced by the best judges the best in market—either for mining or sporting purposes, and is put up in either metal or wooden kegs, as the customer may wish. The blasting powder is marked *Mining F, FF, and FFF*, is a very superior article and when put in wooden kegs is much safer, and retains its strength longer than any powder in metal kegs. When we add to all this that Mr. Kirk, as soon as he was appointed agent, at once put down the price two dollars per keg, and is now selling it at $4.50 per keg, with a liberal discount to dealers and consumers by the car load.

In view of all this it will be useless for us to urge our readers to send their orders to him when they will receive prompt attention.

Ladies Furs.—The only place in this city to buy a good Set of Furs, is at Wm. Fleming's, No. 139 Wood street.

Plaids—Fine dress goods, silks, linens and mourning goods, at Bates & Bell's.

For the Holidays.—Messrs. Wray & Brothers, proprietors of the old established and favorably known steam cracker bakery, Nos. 29 and 31 Irwin street, have in store a very large stock of their very superior crackers, biscuits, &c., &c. Special inducements in prices are offered to the wholesale and retail trade. Orders by mail are faithfully attended to, and shipments made to all points. Packages are delivered, free of charge, any place within the neighborhood of Pittsburgh.

Everybody now knows that Snodgrass & Ross, No. 24 St. Clair street, keep constantly on hand the finest assortment of men, boys and women, misses and children's shoes, to be found west of the mountains, and will sell at the cheapest prices. Their goods are not purchased at auctions, but from reliable manufacturers, and will prove desirable and comfortable. New goods are being constantly received. Special inducements to the wholesale trade.

Dandyism.—Schiller says: Every morning does this fellow put himself upon the Park, with fashionable apparel. With all his care he often omits the one thing needful in his teeth. A bottle of Ward's Toothwash on his toilet would go farther in making a fine man of him than all his efforts. Sold wholesale and retail by Joseph Fleming, No. 84 Market street, and all druggists.

Call and Examine the large and complete Stock of Ladies' Furs, at Wm. Fleming's, No. 139 Wood street.

Cloaks and Shawls, the very best goods at the lowest prices, at Bates & Bell's.

At Moorhead's fashionable retail trimming store, No. 81 Market street, gentlemen will find at greatly reduced prices a splendid stock of gloves, hosiery, suspenders, dress and overcoats, traveling shirts, linen and paper collars and cuffs, neckties, scarfs, cuff buttons, and a general assortment of gent's furnishing goods. No where else in the city is a better assortment offered at as low prices.

At the old established and ever popular cracker bakery of Wray & Brothers, Nos. 29 and 31 Irwin street, will be found an immense stock of water, sugar, butter and cream crackers, biscuits, ginger snaps, &c., which are fresh and superior and offered to the wholesale and retail trade at very reasonable prices. Give them a call and be convinced of the superiority of their crackers.

Ladies' Furs, muffs, collars, victorines, cuffs and capes, men and boys' hats and caps, boots, shoes and gaiters, traveling bags, satchels and trunks, and umbrellas, at wholesale and retail, at the popular Twin City store, of Snodgrass & Ross, No 24 St. Clair street. Prices very reasonable. Orders by mail from wholesale or retail customers promptly attended to.

Christmas is coming, and the well-known and enterprising wholesale and retail grocery and produce firm of J. Kohen & Brothers, No. 69 Federal street, Allegheny, have made special purchases from leading eastern houses to supply their patrons with choice fresh groceries, teas, coffees and condiments. Give them a call and inquire their prices.

Cheap.—Ladies' Furs, cheap, at Wm. Fleming's, No. 139 Wood street.

Blankets.—Cradle blankets, crib blankets, a full assortment, from $4 up, at Bates & Bell's.

The Best Place in the city to buy your hats and caps, is at the Twin City store of Snodgrass & Ross, No. 24 St. Clair street. The stock embraces all the latest styles, and is offered at prices much cheaper than those which prevailed before the war. Call in and inquire the prices. Special inducements to the wholesale buyers.

Buy Your Furs at the popular Twin City store of Snodgrass & Ross, No. 24 St. Clair street. The stock is large and admirably assorted, while the prices are much lower than can be found elsewhere in the city. Dealers who buy to sell again will be supplied at very reasonable prices.

All wool poplins for $1,00, worth $1,50 at Bates & Bell's.

Bargains in Ladies' Furs, at William Fleming's, No. 139 Wood street. tf

At Moorhead's, 81 Market street, ladies will find a magnificent display of embroideries, new style ribbons, lace goods, velvet hats, and trimming goods in endless variety. The goods have been reduced in prices, small profits and quick sales being the motto of the house.

Dry Goods at Wholesale.—We invite the particular attention of buyers at wholesale to our complete stock of silks, dress goods, and all kinds of fancy and staple goods, and to the fact that we sell at the lowest eastern prices, and cut goods to suit purchasers.

J. W. Barker & Co.,
59 Market street.

Something Good.—The boots, shoes, gaiters, &c., for men, ladies and children, kept at 89 Market street, are made of the very best material, and sold as low as the lowest. All goods are warranted to give satisfaction. If you want something good, and at gold prices, call at Robb's Shoe House, 89 market street.

Wray & Brothers, Nos. 29 and 31 Irwin street, manufacture the very best crackers, biscuits and ginger snaps to be found in the market. Their prices are very reasonable.

Eye, Ear, Throat, Lung, Chest Diseases and **Catarrh**, successfully treated by Dr. Aborn, 134 Smithfield street. A book by mail 50 cents.
TTF

Call and Examine the large and complete stock of Ladies' Furs, at William Fleming's, No. 139 Wood street. tf

Bargains—at Wm. Fleming's, No. 139 Wood street, in Ladies' Furs.

Waterproof from $1,00, Bates & Bell's.

MARRIED.

SIEBERT—SANKEY.—In Birmingham, Tuesday, December 3d, 1867, by the Rev. G. G. Westlake, Mr. GEORGE D. SIEBERT and Miss MARY SANKEY.

IRWIN—GUFFEY—December 3d, at Blairsville, by the Rev. J. D. Linskea, THOMAS H. IRWIN, Esq., of Irwin Station, to Miss ALLIE GUFFEY, of Guffey's Station, both of Westmoreland county.

DIED:

MUNHALL.—On Tuesday, December 3d, at 11 o'clock, MARY LUELLA MUNHALL, only daughter of Captain Michael Munhall.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her father, 61 Marion street, Eighth ward, THIS (Thursday,) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

McKENNA.—In Buffalo, N. Y., on Tuesday morning, the 3d instant, ELLEN COLLINS McKENNA, wife of James McKenna, of this city.

Funeral will take place from the residence of her husband, No. 231 Penn street, at 9½ o'clock THURSDAY MORNING. Funeral services will be at St. Patrick's Church, at 10 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend

EVANS—Tuesday morning, at 8 o'clock, WILLIAM GALBRAITH EVANS, infant son of E. and A. L. Evans, aged 7 months and 11 days.

The funeral will take place THURSDAY, the 5th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., from the residence of his parents, St. Mary's avenue, Lawrenceville. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

BOYLE—On Tuesday evening, December 3d, 1867, Mrs. EMMA, wife of C. C. Boyle.

Funeral from her late residence, No. 22 Linden street, Allegheny City, on THURSDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock.

FORREST—On Wednesday morning, December 4th, at 10 o'clock, ELLA J. FORREST, 18 months old, only daughter of Wm. and Nancy Forrest.

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REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D. D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

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WANTS.

WANTED—CANVASSERS—"THE BOYS IN BLUE," for the Holidays. We are in want of active Agents in every township, for the above work. Send for circular, with full description. Address A. GILKESON & CO., 60 Market street, Pittsburgh.

WANTED—ARMY GUNS—ARMY REVOLVERS.—$10 cash for Spencer Rifles or Carbines; $5 to $7 cash for Sharp's Rifles or Carbines; $5 to $6 cash for Colt's Army or Navy Revolvers. Cash paid for every description of fire-arms. Persons having any of above arms can send them by Express c. o. d. to J. H. JOHNSTON, Great Western Gun Works, 234 Penn street, corner Wayne, Pittsburgh.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Warehouse No. 211 LIBERTY STREET. Possession given immediately.

TO LET—Four small and convenient HOUSES, in the Borough of Lawrenceville, two of which have four rooms. Inquire of D. P. HATCH, corner of Borough and Washington streets, Lawrenceville.

FOR RENT—A small Frame House, with Fifteen Acres of Land, on the line of the Perrysville plank road, one mile from the line of said city. The house is new and the land good for gardening purposes. Enquire of RAMSEY & HALL, Real Estate Agents, No. 24 Beaver street, or DR. THEODORE SIMPSON, New Brighton, Beaver county, Pa.

FOR RENT—OFFICES.—The rooms now occupied by the Secretary of the Union Railroad and Transportation Company, No. 23 Fifth street, over O. McClintock & Co.'s Carpet Store. These rooms are very desirable for offices, being located in the centre of business, and on Fifth street, now being laid with the Nicolson pavement, rendering them free from noise, etc. Front room contains large fire-proof vault. Possession can be had on the 1st proximo. Inquire of OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO., 23 Fifth street.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—HOTEL—A first-class Country Hotel doing a good business, with good will, &c., will be sold with or without furniture and fixtures. For particulars enquire of Col. J. D. EGAN, Sixth street, near Smithfield.

FOR SALE—320 ACRES GOOD FARMING LAND, in Iowa. Terms easy. Good title. Taxes all paid. Will trade for city property. For particulars inquire of D. W. SOUTH, No. 83 Market street.

FOR SALE—THREE BUILDING LOTS IN BELLFIELD, near Oakland Station, two squares from the horse car track. Each lot 42x142, beautifully situated, and will be sold cheap. Enquire of WILLIAM HOLMES, 209 Liberty Street.

FOR SALE—HORSES,—AT HOWARD'S Livery and Sale Stable, one fine FAMILY HORSE (Bay); three DAPPLE GREY HORSES, one LARGE DRAUGHT HORSE; three BLACK MARES; two GREY MARES. FIRST STREET, near the Monongahela House.

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FOR SALE.—House and Lot on corner of Manhattan and Adams streets, near Passenger Railway. Lot 44 by 127 feet. House frame, containing 7 rooms and good hall, well improved. House and Lot on Sheffield, near Bidwell street, Allegheny City. Lot 23 by 1[illegible] feet; house frame, contains hall, five rooms and good cellar; water and gas. Also, several small Houses and Lots in good location. Inquire of J. RUSH & CO., Beaver street, near Chestnut, Manchester.

FOR SALE—SHARPSBURG LOTS.—We now offer on exceedingly easy terms a new plan of large and desirable lots, being part of that valuable property belonging to the heirs of L. C. I. Noble, situate at the upper end of Sharpsburg, and near Guyasuta Station, on the West Penna. Railroad. A portion of these lots front the railroad on the west, and Main street on the south. The lots are 40 by 150 feet, with wide streets running through the entire property. The soil for gardening purposes cannot be excelled, and for beauty of location and access have no equal. For descriptive plan and further information call at SILL & SHUTTERLY'S, Real Estate Agents, Butler street, Lawrenceville.

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