The Pittsburgh Gazette

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

RELIGIOUS.

Formal Reception of Right Rev. Bishop Kerfoot by the Churches of Pittsburgh and Vicinity—Interesting Exercises—The Synodical Letter.

The return of Right Rev. Bishop John B. Kerfoot, from England, where he had been attending the Pan-Anglican Council at Lambeth, was celebrated by extending to him a formal welcome, which took place at Trinity Church, Sixth street, yesterday. The occasion was one of more than ordinary interest on account of the importance attributed to the action of the Council he had been attending. It was the first of its character since the Reformation, and in fact the only convention of the Episcopal Church ever held in England, untrammelled by the Government. The services were of a very impressive character.

At an early hour in the afternoon the congregation began to assemble, and long before the hour appointed for commencing the services the house was filled to its utmost capacity. Among the congregation we noticed Rev. Dr. Preston, rector of St. Andrew's, and Rev. Mr. Miller, rector of All Saints Church. At half past three o'clock the Bishop, in Episcopal robes, preceded by Revs. John Scarborough, rector of Trinity; S. G. Fuller, of St. Peter's; Dr. D. C. Page; Crumpton St. Paul's, Lacrville; Slattery, St. James; W. F. Tenbrook, St. John's, Lawrenceville; S. G. Fuller, missionary ——Costar, rector Bishop Bowman Institute; the venerable Bishop Smith, Meadville, and Abel Kerfoot, in surplice, entered the church, and were arranged five on either side, with the Bishop at the altar.

The services were commenced by Rev. Mr. Slattery, who read the prefaces and psalms for the first day of the month, after which Rev. Mr. Costar, read the lessons, which were followed with the "Gloria in Excelsis," by the choir. The creed and prayers, with thanksgiving for safe return from sea, were then read by Rev. W. F. Tenbrook, rector of St. John's, Lawrenceville.

The choir then sang the 100th selection of Psalms, commencing:

"Oh, with due reverence let us all
To God's abode repair,
And prostrate at his footstool fall,
For our humble prayer."

ADDRESS OF WELCOME.

Rev. Dr. Page then delivered an address of welcome, which was one of his ablest efforts, and delivered in his usual eloquent and impressive style. After extending a welcome to the Bishop he referred to the great importance of the work in which he, in connection with the other members of the Pan-Anglican Council, had been engaged. It was the first council of the kind held since the reformation, and could not fail to be productive of great and lasting good. After speaking of the action of the Council, and referring to the resolutions passed by it, the hearty reception of the American Bishops by their English brethren, and to the special honor conferred upon Bishop Kerfoot, he closed by invoking a fervent blessing of Almighty God upon the Bishop and the congregation.

THE BISHOP'S REPLY.

Bishop Kerfoot made a lengthy and able reply to the above address, which, notwithstanding its length, was listened to with marked attention by the entire audience. After thanking the clergy and laity for their kindness manifested in the welcome extended to him, he referred at length to the importance of the Council he had been attending, of what had been done, and what would be effected by it.

THE SYNODICAL LETTER.

At the close of his address the Bishop read the Synodical Letter, issued by the Council of Lambeth and signed by the seventy-six Bishops who composed the Council. Following is the letter:

To the Faithful in Christ Jesus, the Priests and Deacons, and the Lay Members, of the Church of Christ in Communion with the Anglican Branch of the Church Catholic,—

We, the undersigned Bishops, gathered under the good providence of God for prayer and conference at Lambeth, pray for you that ye may obtain grace, mercy, and peace from God our Father, and from the Lord Jesus Christ our Savior.

We give thanks to God, brethren beloved, for the faith you have in our Lord Jesus Christ, and the love towards the Saints, which hath abounded among you; and for the knowledge of Christ which through you hath been spread abroad among the most vigorous races of the earth. And with one mouth we make our supplications to God, even the Father, that by the power of the Holy Ghost He would strengthen us with His might, to stand among us the things which are amiss, to supply the things which are lacking, and to reach forth much higher remedies of love and zeal in worshipping Him, and in making known His Name; and we pray that in His good time He may give back unto his whole Church the blessed gift of Unity in Truth.

And now we exhort you, in love, that ye keep whole and undefiled the Faith once delivered to the Saints, as ye have received it of the Lord Jesus. We entreat you to watch and pray, and to strive heartily with us against the frauds and subtleties wherewith the Evil hath been aforetime, and now is, assailed.

We beseech you to hold fast as the sure Word of God all the canonical Scriptures of the Old and New Testament; and that by diligent study of these oracles of God, praying in the Holy Ghost, ye seek to know more of the Lord Jesus Christ our Savior, Whom they reveal unto us, and of the will of God, which they declare.

Furthermore, we entreat you to guard yourselves and yours against the growing superstitions and additions, with which in these latter days the truth of God hath been overlaid, and otherwise, as especially by the pretension to universal sovereignty over God's Heritage asserted for the See of Rome; and by the practical exaltation of the blessed Virgin Mary as Mediator in the place of her Divine Son, and by the addresses, or prayers to her as an intercessor between God and man. Of such heresy, we beseech you, knowing that the jealous God giveth not His honor to another.

Build yourselves up, therefore, in your most holy faith; grow in grace, and in the knowledge and love of Jesus Christ our Lord. Show forth holiness to you your faith, self-denial, purity, and godly conversation, as well as by your labors for the perishing among whom God hath so widely spread you, and by the setting forth of His Gospel to the unbelievers and the heathen, that ye indeed the servants of Him who died for us to reconcile His Father to us, and to be a sacrifice for the sins of the whole world.

Brethren beloved, with one voice we warn you the time is short; the Lord cometh; watch and pray; be stedfast; stand fast in the Communion of Saints, wherein God hath granted you a place. Seek in faith for oneness with Christ in the blessed Sacrament of His Body and Blood. Hold fast the Creeds, and the pure worship and order, which of God's grace, ye have inherited from the Primitive Church. Beware of causing divisions contrary to the doctrine ye have received. Pray and seek for unity among yourselves, and among all the faithful in Christ Jesus; and the good Lord make you perfect, and keep your bodies, souls, and spirits, until the coming of the Lord Jesus Christ.

Rev. Mr. Scarborough then recommended the collection to be taken up, the proceeds of which should be given to the Bishop, to be by him distributed among the poor, from whom, in consequence of his station, he had daily calls.

The Bishop remarked that the proposition was entirely unexpected by him, but he most heartily endorsed it; that he would doubtless have more calls for alms than he could supply from his individual means.

The collection was then taken up, after which the choir sung the 522 Hymn, commencing:

"How beauteous are their feet,
Who stand on Zion's hill!
Who bring salvation on their tongues,
And words of peace reveal."

The exercises were then closed with prayer and benediction by the Bishop, after which the audience dispersed.

Dedication of the North Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, Allegheny.

Yesterday the congregation of the North Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church worshipped, for the first time, in their new building, corner of North Avenue and Beaver street, Allegheny.

This society is comparatively a new one, having been organized less than two years, and yet in that time they have commenced, and already nearly completed, one of the finest church edifices in this vicinity. The services yesterday were held in their beautiful and commodious lecture and Sabbath School room, which has just been finished, and where they purpose holding service until the completion of the main part of the Church, which is progressing rapidly.

It seems to have been the design of the Superintendent of the Sunday School (Mr. Thomas Bakewell,) under whose direction, and through whose liberality this room was fitted up, to make it perfect in all its parts, and if we are able to judge he has certainly succeeded. The handsome carpet covering the entire floor, the cane seat chairs ranging in semi-circular order around it, the beautiful fountain occupying the center of the altar place, and throwing its silvery jets out on all sides, which descending fall into a basin where gold fishes and other species of the finny tribe are sporting; the neat stands on each side of the fountain, for the preacher's place; the Scripture mottoes, symperitically arranged, with gilded glass letters, on the wall back of the stands, and reading, "All thy children shall be taught of the Lord." "Thou God seest me," "Blessed are the pure in heart, for they shall see God," and those running from top to bottom of the door posts of the main entrance, commanding all to "Remember the Sabbath Day," and "Swear not at all;" the sweetly-toned cabinet organ; the modest clock ticking the hours away, and reminding all to redeem the time, and the various other mottoes neatly framed, hanging around the walls—all combine to make this room a model of elegance, taste and attractiveness.

There is also in connection with this large room two smaller ones communicating with it by folding doors. One of these is appropriated for the use of the infant department of the school and contains a fountain similar to the one in the large room, though on a smaller scale. The seats in this are placed on steps which rise gradually backward to the wall, and range in a semi-circle around the fountain, presenting a neat and attractive appearance. The remaining room has been fitted up and is intended for the use of the Young Men's Bible Class, and as a church parlor.

The services throughout the day, with the exception of the Sunday School prayer meeting in the morning, led by Senator Graham, were conducted by the pastor, Rev. E. B. Snyder, who preached an appropriate and impressive sermon at the opening public service, from the 27th Psalm, 4th and 5th verses.

At its close the occasion was solemnized by the admission to church fellowship of over forty persons, most of whom are the fruits of Rev. Snyder's labors among this people during the present year.

In the afternoon the Sunday School convened, and a highly interesting programme of dedicatory exercises was gone through with, consisting of readings from scripture, prayers, address of Bro. Snyder, catechisings, &c., &c., interspersed with the singing of some very beautiful and appropriate hymns, in all of which the children joined with an earnestness and apparent understanding which speaks well for their instruction.

A practical and eloquent discourse from the words "Redeeming the time," closed the evening services, when the congregation dispersed, all highly pleased with the evidence of the success of their undertaking, and bearing pleasant memories of the day's experiences.

THE COURTS.

United States Court—Judge McCandless.

The evidence in the ejectment case—on trial for eighteen days—was concluded on Saturday. The arguments of counsel will be made to-day.

District Court—Judge Williams.

SATURDAY, November 30.—In the case of A. W. Foster & Co. vs. the Pittsburgh Coal Company, the jury found a verdict for plaintiffs for $3,375.

On motion of H. Bispham, Esq., Ormsby Phillips was duly admitted and qualified to practice in this Court.

Following is the list for this day:

41. Allegheny Savings Bank vs. Robt. Scott.
45. Same vs. same.
46. Same vs. same.
75. Oliver Adams vs. Penna. Ins. Co.
77. J. B. Warden's admr. vs. W. J. Watters.
79. Eliz. F. Denny vs. Buffum, Kehew & Co.
81. F. A. Shoriff & Co. vs. Hackett & Co.
85. W. J. Graham vs. M. E. Centenary Church.

Common Pleas—Full Bench.

SATURDAY, November 30.—The following business was transacted:

DIVORCE CASES.

John C. Pierce, of Indiana township, petitions for a divorce from his wife, Hannah S. Pierce, on the ground of adultery. Filed and subpoena awarded.

Joanna Altenberger vs. Jacob B. Altenberger. Petition for divorce on the ground of desertion. Decree granted.

The argument list was taken up, and cases in the Orphans Court disposed of.

Following is the list for this day:

77. James Marshall & Co. vs. H. W. C. Tweddle.
85. Marg't McNeill vs. Jno. Caldwell.
90. H. E. Towle vs. L. R. McAboy.
93. Bernard Grimes vs. Lycoming Mut. Ins. Co.
70. Same vs. Same.
119. Steamboat Dolphin vs. Thomas Briggs.
85. (May) Greenvold & Kahn vs. Adam Beyer.
1. (Oct.) J. M. Lindsay vs. Lippencott, Fry & Co.
2. (Oct.) Lyons et. al. vs. "Little Jim Recse."
100. September list. William Dilworth vs. Baum & Co., fixed for Tuesday, Dec. 3.

Quarter Sessions—Full Bench.

SATURDAY, Nov. 30.—The argument list was taken up.

NEW TRIAL GRANTED.

Com'th. vs. John B. Sarber; indictment extortion. New trial granted.

NEW TRIAL REFUSED.

Com'th. vs. Wm. Ward, Sr.; indictment forcible entry and detainer. New trial refused.

MOFFITT-THOMPSON CONSPIRACY CASE.

Com'th. vs. Alex. Moffitt; indictment conspiracy with Wm. Dawson to charge and indict Isaac Thompson for passing counterfeit national currency. Motion for new trial and in arrest of judgment. This case, it will be remembered, was tried twice, on both occasions occupying considerable time. Mr. Swartzwelder, counsel for the defense, filed a number of reasons in support of the motion, but the principal one was, that the testimony (in arrest of judgment) were "that in no one of the several six counts of the indictment is it charged that Dawson and Moffitt conspired to charge Thompson with having in his possession counterfeit United States notes with intent to pass or utter the same, knowing them to be counterfeit, or with having passed or uttered U. S. counterfeit notes, knowing them to be counterfeit, and therefore judgment must be arrested,"—and "that the third and fourth counts charge no conspiracy to charge an offense indictable or known to the laws of the United States." After Mr. S. had proceeded with his argument, and it became necessary to refer to the indictment in the case, it appeared that that document could not be found, having been mislaid in the Clerk's office. In consequence of this the argument did not proceed.

The indictment being found, Mr. Swartzwelder resumed at about one o'clock, other cases having been engaged in the meantime. He said he had very little to say, the reasons filed presenting the question raised fully and as fairly as possible. He, however, made a very clear and lucid argument. The defendant had not, according to the indictment, conspired to charge and indict Thompson for any offense known to the laws of the United States. The indictment charged that Moffitt had conspired to charge and indict Thompson simply for *having in his possession* counterfeit United States notes. He would not argue to the Court that the prosecution of all offenses was the *intent* or guilty knowledge, and the omission in the indictment to state that the conspiracy was to charge and indict Thompson for passing counterfeit United States notes, knowing them to be such, with intent to defraud, was fatal, for manifestly no offense cognizable in the United States Court had the defendants conspired to bring against Thompson.

J. H. Miller, Esq., of counsel for the prosecution, replied briefly, contending the argument of Mr. Swartzwelder by referring to the section in the Penal Code under which the indictment was drawn, by which it is made a misdemeanor in any two or more persons to conspire or agree falsely or maliciously to charge or indict any other person in any court of criminal jurisdiction.

Judge Sterrett thought the section referred to should be construed to mean that the parties must be indicted for a criminal offense, properly set out, in a court of competent jurisdiction.

At the conclusion of the argument Mr. Swartzwelder said that in the event of another trial being granted, a change of venue would be asked. The first trial in this case might be tried in Fayette county, where it really properly belonged.

The Court took the papers and will shortly render a decision.

THE STEWART LIBEL CASE—IMPORTANT QUESTION RAISED.

Com'th vs. John Stewart; indictment libel. Motion in arrest of judgment, by R. S. Morrison, Esq., for defendant. The wife of the defendant was the party libeled, but was not called as a witness, nor was she the prosecutrix, her daughter occupying that relation in the case. She lived apart from her husband (in Birmingham), was a *feme sole* trader, and at the time of trial an application for divorce was pending—since granted by verdict of a jury. The question raised was whether the same reason which excluded a wife from testifying against her husband would prevent the indictment of the husband, injury to the person not being alleged as committed or threatened in other words, whether the husband might be indicted for an assault upon the person of his wife, but not held accountable for an assault upon her character. The Court thought in case the husband and bed undoubted for stealing the property of the wife, she being a *feme sole* trader, a conviction would have been proper. Judge Sterrett said the Commonwealth—the public—were interested in the question raised, which was, nothing more nor less, whether a husband might libel a wife in the grossest manner possible and not be held answerable. If such was the case, it was time it should be known, and amended. Judge Mellon intimated that the Court would not arrest the judgment unless an authority directly in point was shown.

KATE WALDRON CASE.

Application was made for a reduction in the bail of Alex M. Hyatt, steamboat mate, indicted for rape, on oath of Kate Waldron. The statement was made that the report circulated that Hyatt had absented himself with a view to avoid trial was incorrect, but, on the contrary, had been on a visit to his wife in Kentucky, had returned, and was present in this city during three weeks before the close of the term, demanding a trial. Col. Duff, the District Attorney, said such was the fact, and he said further that the prosecutrix, Miss Waldron, had left the city, giving out that she was going to Philadelphia, but it had since been ascertained that she was in New York, without the jurisdiction of the Court. The Court consented to the reduction of the amount of bail from $5,000 to $2,000, in which latter sum recognizance was taken for the appearance of Hyatt at the December term for trial.

RECOGNIZANCES FORFEITED.

Being the last day of the term, the recognizances of a number of parties indicted when called to appear were forfeited. The defendants and their sureties were called in the usual formal manner.

THE DECEMBER TERM.

Commences on Monday, at ten o'clock. The calender will be about as heavy as usual.

PH. R. MERTZ,
BANKER AND BROKER,
118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.
Government Securities,
Gold, Silver,
And Coupons,
Sought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

CONVERSION OF 7-30'S.
We are now prepared to convert the
SECOND AND THIRD SERIES 7-30's
INTO THE
New 1867 5-20 Gold Coupon Bonds.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
Dealers in Government Securities,
Corner Fourth & Wood Streets.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,
Bankers.
AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
Cor. Fourth and Smithfield Streets.
We will give holders of JUNE AND JULY SIXES-FIFTIES (in interest at 7 3-10 per cent. to January 1st, and give them in exchange
5-20 BONDS OF 1867,
Interest IN GOLD at 6 per cent. from that date.
IRA B. McVAY & CO.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, November 30, 1867.

—The currency and the banks continue to attract some discussion, and the probable action of Congress is anxiously canvassed. As to the greenback currency, the report prevails that no legislation will be consummated before Christmas, and that until some adequate measure is agreed upon and passed, the leading members of both houses will urge Mr. McCulloch to put a stop, temporarily, to the contraction authorized under the existing law. As to the banks, the proposition is strongly and respectably urged to provide a supply of currency for such banks as need it in the South and elsewhere, by curtailing the excessive amount issued to the banks in the East. Two plans under which the curtailment and redistribution may be made: The first is that of Mr. Hooper's bill which was rejected last summer. The second plan which is received with favor because less partial and less spasmodic in its operation, is to require securities to the extent of 50 per cent. margin from the banking corporations in the east, and it is claimed that the latter proposition would take some thirty-five millions of notes from such existing banks as have obtained more than their fair share of the currency-issuing privilege, and could permit the surplus to be more equitably apportioned where it is wanted. The advocates of this plan claim also that no chance could be made without any disturbance of the money market, and with the great industrial interests of the South and West.

—The St. Louis *Republican* says: In an experience of some thirty years in Western trade, an intelligent merchant says it has rarely seen a period of more depression, except during panics, nor has it had more difficulty in collecting satisfactorily the extraordinary condition in which not merely the leading but all business men of the West, are now involved. It is embarrassed. It originated, perhaps, in the overstocking of the last few years, and has been strengthened not more by the general unsettled sentiment of political affairs, the uncertainty of the action of Congress upon several leading questions of vital importance, the by the repeated failure of firms, both at home and abroad, which had heretofore enjoyed public confidence, and the indication, at some time before any considerable improvement can be brought about. On the instant those whose means are unimpaired will commence a new and vigorous system of business proper facility extended for reanalizing trade and commerce setting the wheels of commerce in motion.

—A case of some interest to commercial men, has recently been decided at Meadville, Pa. The Bank of Crawford county was one of the institutions chartered by the State of Pennsylvania with which Mr. Culver was concerned and which changed character as a National Bank, with a capital of $200,000, at the time of obtaining its charter as a National Bank. It had been a State Bank of Deposit, issuing of some $300,000, which Mr. Culver professed to redeem at his office in the city of United States bonds with the house of Culver, Penn & Co., in New York, which were never made available to the bank, whence it came to appear that Culver was not the representation of Culver, Penn & Co. Owing to the fact of the bankers circumstances of the old bank it had never been supplied with National currency. During the past year the bank borrowed and exchanged this for circulation. Subsequent to the period when the bank commenced to redeem its issues, the defendants became debtors in the sum of $14,000, in payment for which (after its suspension) they tender to the amount in debt in the notes of the bank issued to them, which the plaintiff State, which the plaintiff refused to receive and institutions sued for the balance. Instructions from the Court the jury rendered a verdict against the plaintiff on the claim for the balance, and against the defendants for interest the tender made not proving to have been equal to the amount due. The case is of more consequence from the fact of several cases pending of like nature.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, November 30, 1867.

CRUDE—Our market has been relatively dull all week, and to-day has been the exception to those which preceded it. It is true, the stock is very light, indeed, we will safely asserted; but the demand is insignificant, and even at the reduction, buyers are few and far between. There was but a single sale reported to-day, and that was for cash, and it may be regarded as the ruling price for spot oil. For future delivery, there is little or no inquiry, and little or none offering; the last sales were at 17c, but it is impossible to give correct quotations now, as there have been no sales for a day or two. An Oil City telegram quoted at 21¼@22c per bbl.

REFINED—The market for bonded oil has also been very dull and panicky all week, and prices have declined materially, say from two cents per gallon, to one cent, and even at the decline, the trade is devoid of life and buoyancy, and what is worse still, there are no indications at present of any material immediate improvement in the situation. The reports from the east were conflicting; one dispatch quoted spot oil at 32@32½c, while we have a sale of one hole reported at 30c, and the general tone of the belief that there will be a reaction before many days elapse, as, at the present exceedingly low prices, oil is certainly a good and safe investment, and it is probable that consumers will try their hand at it. This being the last day of the month, the majority of the operators, both here and in the east, were engaged in settling Stock Exchange accounts, and it is said to state that no additional failures were reported, and so far as we could learn, everything passed off quietly and satisfactorily.

ARRIVALS—As will be seen below, the arrivals of oil were considerably larger during the past week than for some weeks previous, which is owing to the fact that several shipments have been made from Scrub Grass, some twenty miles below Oil City, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad. It is probable that within the next two weeks shipments will be made regularly from Oil City. The following are the arrivals of oil for the week:

C. H. Rynd ..... 1,000 bbls. Wilkins..... 453
Waring & King..... 848 Rynd & Fisherton..... 240
J. C. Dalzell..... 165 Dalzell & Co..... 425
Eureka Oil Co..... 100 W. A. Scaife..... 85
Tower & Co..... 100 Jas. Gallagher..... 100
W. Wilson..... 50
Total 3,816
Total receipts last week..... 2272
Total receipts previous week..... 4,088

OIL SHIPPED DAILY BY A. V. R. R.

Fawcett, Logan & Stockdale, 280 bbls ref. to Nat. Sel. Co.
Nat. Sel. Co., 550 do do to D. L. Miller, Jr., Philadelphia.
Lockhart & Frew, 543 do do to E. Schalk, Philadelphia.
Forsyth, Bro. & Co., 66 do do to F. A. Dilworth & Co., Philadelphia.
Forsyth, Bro. & Co., 115 do do to Warden & Frew, Philadelphia.
Low consignment from SUQUEHNA DEPOT.
Hutchinson Oil Co., 173 bbls ref. to L. Wilson Philadelphia.
Kirkpatrick, Lyon & Co., 471 do do to Tack, Bro. & Co., Philadelphia.
Lyon, Ks., Pitty, 13 do do to Warden & Frew, Philadelphia.
Kirkpatrick, Lyon & Co., 64 do do to Emil Schalk, Philadelphia.

Cincinnati Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, November 30.—Flour firm family $10@10.50. Wheat in better demand with sales of 10,000 bushels at $2.40 for No. 1 winter and $2.35 for No. 2; millers from the interior were buying. Corn unchanged; sales and 15,000 bushels at 80c. Oats in light supply and firmer; No. 2 Ohio, closing at the outside rate. Rye unchanged; Barley in good demand at $2.30@2.40 for fair to fine. Provisions in fair request and prices somewhat firmer; Mess Pork, $21.50@22. Lard, 12½@13c. Bulk Meats—shoulders, 7½c; clear rib, 9½@10c. Bacon firm; shoulders 7½c, clear rib 9½@10c. Butter active and firm at 30@35c for fancy brands. Rye Flour is still quoted at $6.50@8.75 per bbl, and Buckwheat at $3@3.25 per cwt.

POTATOES—Continue exceedingly dull, and the supply is largely in excess of the demand; small sales of Pesach Blows at 95@$1 per bush. New Jersey Sweets are being sold at $6 per barrel.

APPLES—There is no improvement to note in the demand, and no change in prices; regular sales in store at $1.50@2.50 per bbl, for fair to prime.

DRIED FRUIT—Quiet and unchanged; small sales in store at 7½ to 8c for Apples, and 13@14c for Peaches.

CHEESE—Sales of factory still asking 22.23 per bushel for prime White, but 22@22.25 may be regarded as the ruling quotations.

BUTTER—Is steady, especially for prime to choice fresh Roll, which sell readily at 35@40c. Common packed is dull.

EGGS—A shade firmer, in consequence of diminished receipts, and we now quote fresh packed at 31@32c.

HAY—Is selling from country wagons at $18 @24 per ton, for common to strictly prime Timothy.

CRANBERRIES—Sales of common at $9 @10 per barrel, and cultivated at $13.00@ $14.00.

OIL—Sales of Lard Oil at $1.10 for No. 1, and 85c for No. 2.

New York Produce Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, November 30.—Cotton lower; sales 2500 bales at 15¾@16c for middling uplands. Flour—receipts 6,878 bbls; dull and low grades Western 10c lower; sales of 7,900 bbls at $7.75@8.25 for superfine State and Western; $7.90@8.60 for Extra State; $8.50@9.00 for Extra Ohio; $8.75@9.00 for Round Hoop Ohio; $8.90@10.00 for common St. Louis; $10.00@11.50 for good do; $11.50 @13.00 for fair to good do; $8.75@9.50 for California quite; sales of 700 sacks at $11.00 @13.25; sales of 100 bbls. Rye Flour at $7.00. Whiskey quiet and unchanged. Wheat—receipts of 17,700 bushels; very dull and nominally lower; small sales of white Western, at $2.60@2.70; amber Western, nominally at $2.65@2.70; amber Western in bond at $1.67. Barley scarce and nominally quiet; sales of 2,000 bushels Canada on private terms. Corn—receipts 81,250 bushels; about 10 lower; sales 94,000 bus at $1.22 for mixed Western in store, $1.23@1.24 for do. afloat; $1.30 for new do, and $1.24@1.25 for new yellow Western. Oats—receipts 2,000 but closed dull; receipts 137,560 bushels; 20,000 sold at 73@74c for Western, and 75c for Ohio; 41 for Canadian. Coffee, quiet and steady; sales of 1,500 bags Havana at 15¼c. Molasses—Foreign quiet and unchanged. Petroleum—Crude quiet; sales 200 bbls at 17c; refined, bonded. Coal quiet and unchanged. Freights—Cotton to Liverpool, 5-16d. Flour to Buenos Ayres light weights. Wool is in good demand and unchanged. Pork closed at 22@23c for domestic fleece. Pork—special mess, but closed heavy; sales of 250 bbls at $20.50@21.00 for Mess, closing at $20.75 regular; $19.00@19.50 for prime; $19.50@20.00 for Prime Mess; also, 500 bbls New Mess, at $22.00@22.50; 200 bbls Extra Mess; 250 bbls at $13.00@19.00 for new Extra Mess; $18.00@21.00 for new extra Mess; 130 bbls Western and Prime Mess, mixed with Extra Mess steady; 300 bbls at $20.00@22.50. Cut Meats steady and very firm; sales of 400 pieces for Shoulders; 12¾@12c for Hams. Lard—Steam quiet; sales of 300 tierces at $11.00, and 100 boxes Short Ribbed for December, at 12c; 500 tierces City Lard quiet and firmer, at 12¾@12¾c. City Lard dull and nominally; sales 300 bbls at 10¾@12c. Butter steady and firm; sales of 1,000 pkgs Western at 28@35c. Freights to Liverpool—Cotton, 5-16d. Flour, 2s 6d. Corn, 6d. Beef, Graf & Dull; 1 do paper, is coils rope. Gibbey & Co.

November 30—40,000 feet lumber, W W Rigdon & Co; 8000 do do, E Allen; 8000 do do, E A Rhett; 8 hhds tobacco, Rhett & Gaillard; 1 do Rhett; 8 bu butter, W H Ramsey; 1 bbl meat, J Fotterall; 4 bbl bale yarns, Fotterall & Co; 1 do wine; 13 do do, J M Seibert & Co; 1 car lumber, Jas Gallagher; 1 do do, Jas Gallagher; 1 do do, Campbell; 60 do shingles, A A Barker; 1 car lime stone, Jas Gallagher; 1 do do, Jas Gallagher; 1 car oats, Dodson & Bing; 8 pks feathers, Burchfield & Co; 1 do do, Burchfield & Co; 1 bale hides, Peter & Arnstrong; 10 do do, 1 do sheep, Arnstrong & Co; 1 car oats, Hussey & Riddle; 1 do do, Hussey & Riddle; 1 do do, Hussey & Riddle; 1 car oats, Hussey & Riddle; 1 do do beans, Voigt & Co; 1 bg seed, 1 do dry apples, 1 do beans, J C Dravo; 1 do do, 1 do beans, 1 do seed, 7 do dry apples, Dravo, Lawrence & Co; 1 do do, Dravo, Lawrence & Co; 1 bbl oil, Dravo, Lawrence & Co; 1 bbl oil, Dravo, Lawrence & Co; 1 bbl meat, J Rea; 1 do do, Adams, McKee & Co; 1 car lumber, Jas Gallagher; 1 do do, Jas Gallagher; 1 do do, Jones & Laughlin; 1 do do, J Painter & Sons; 1 do do, Park, Bro & Co; 1 do do, Dilworth, Porter & Co; 1 do do, Dilworth, Porter & Co; 1 do do, Dilworth, Porter & Co; 1 bbl sheeting, Peter & Arnstrong; 1 do do, 1 do sewing, Arnstrong & Co; 1 do apples, 1 do beans, H Riddle; 1 do cider, 1 do beans, H Riddle; 1 do do, H