1786. PROSPECTUS. 1868.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

The largest daily paper in the State of Pennsylvania, enters the 82nd year of its existence with increased facilities for disseminating the current news of the day, and for rendering good political service in the important Presidential Canvass of 1868. The forthcoming session of Congress promises to prove one of the most important held since the formation of the Government, and the proceedings will be anxiously watched by the intelligent masses. In view of the deep interest centered in the proceedings, the proprietors of the GAZETTE have made arrangements for daily dispatches and letters during the session, from a highly intelligent correspondent, who enjoys the confidence and friendship of the leading members of the Senate and House, the heads of the various Departments, and the leading politicians who frequent Washington, so that readers can depend on receiving the first, fullest and most reliable intelligence from the seat of Government.

The proceedings of the State Legislature, at its forthcoming session, will also prove interesting, inasmuch as many questions of importance will come up for legislation. The GAZETTE will keep at the State Capital, during the entire session, an intelligent and faithful correspondent, who will promptly report the proceedings by mail and telegraph.

It is the only political journal of Pittsburgh which faithfully reflects and steadily advocates the principles held by the Union Republican Party, and interpreted by a loyal Congress.

It goes at much reading matter as any paper sold at twelve dollars per annum, while its price is but eight, being the cheapest as well as the largest newspaper in the Commonwealth.

With the enlargement, every department has been strengthened. The high character of its editorial columns will be maintained, and all matters of public importance will be fearlessly discussed.

The news department will be kept up to the requirements of the day, and its condensed items will faithfully mirror all the transactions worthy of note of the City, State, Country and world at large, and maintain for the GAZETTE the reputation of a live, enterprising and first class family and commercial newspaper.

Ample space has been reserved for market reports, which can at all times be relied upon as correct, as the current quotations for manufactures, farm products, cattle, &c., &c., are daily gathered from actual sales, by faithful and efficient reporters.

The river news is collected with care, and will prove a very interesting feature of the GAZETTE.

The financial news department has been placed in charge of an able and experienced hand, who will render it quite an attractive and useful specialty to bankers, brokers and business men generally.

The religious department will receive the attention due its importance, and will be conducted so as to please and edify the members of all religious denominations.

The agricultural, art, science, literary, personal and other departments of the paper will be conducted in a manner which will prove satisfactory to the reader.

TERMS OF THE DAILY GAZETTE.

Three Months	$2.00.
Six Months	4.00.
One Year	8.00.

Delivered in Pittsburgh, Allegheny and all the adjacent boroughs for 15 cents per week, payable by carriers.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE has been enlarged to the same size as the Daily, and is now the largest, cheapest and best weekly family newspaper in the State. It should be in the house of every farmer, mechanic and business man. It gives twelve forty inch editorial columns of current news by telegraph and mail, the leading editorials of the daily, and a choice selection of literary and scientific items, together with everything important pertaining to the world of politics. Its editorial columns will be edited in such a manner as to find favor with the former and partisans. The market reports of the WEEKLY GAZETTE are by common consent acknowledged to be the standard authority for both buyers and sellers, and in commercial circles in Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and Western Virginia are without equal. The size of the GAZETTE are used uniformly by the Civil Courts of Allegheny county, as reference in important trusts, to determine the selling price in the markets at the time of the business transaction in dispute.

Our friends will favor us by getting up their clubs at once, and will oblige their countrymen by so doing, as we are cautious that none of our readers should be deprived of a weekly visit. Additions to clubs can be made at any time, at proportionate rates. Postmasters and Merchants are respectfully asked as agents.

TERMS FOR THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Single Subscriber	$1 50.
Clubs of Five	1 25.
Clubs of Ten	1 15.

and one in the letter up the club.

☞ The specimen copies of either Daily or Weekly, address the proprietors,

PENDIMAN, REED & CO.,
GAZETTE BUILDING.

Pittsburgh.

☞ Country papers in Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and Western Virginia publishing the above, and sending marked paper, will be entitled to one year's exchange with the DAILY GAZETTE.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1867.

THE Philadelphia *News* quotes our neighbor "the only paper in Pittsburgh which uses the telegraph freely, as inclined to take the back track." What says our contemporary to the charge?

SUMNER and the *Evening Post* are engaged in a controversy over his late speech in the Cooper Institute. He desires to be "judged according to what I did say, and not according to what I did not." Few speakers or writers are accorded this privilege.

THE Doylestown *Democrat* says: "The third session of Rump number two began in the city of Washington on Thursday, the 21st. We would remind the Rump, and all the Rumpites, that they meet together, now, under circumstances much changed since last July," and proceeds to inquire if it will dare persist in forcing negro suffrage on the South, and so on and so forth. If Congress fails to obey the orders of the Democracy after such an elegant and credible an edition as this from Doylestown shall be furnished them, it must, indeed, be irreclamable, and may await, in fear and trembling, the frightful mill stone which is to be tied around its neck, preparatory to the more frightful plunge into the sea of wrath which the *Democrat* has in preparation.

THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT, which has been lecturing us on magnanimity to shield the political criminals who bathed our land in blood, has given a striking example of forbearance in the late judicial murder of five men engaged in a rescue in which a policeman was shot. There was no evidence that any of the men had lifted a hand or fired a shot, but some one in the crowd fired into the lock of a prison van, which was conveying two Fenians to prison. The shot was fired to open the lock, and a policeman, inside the van, was killed by it. The prisoners were rescued, these men were in the crowd and were Fenians, and her blessed majesty's merciful government has hanged them. How long shall the oppressed peoples of the earth groan under the iron heel of its oppressors?

MISDEMEANOR.

The crowning advantage of a representative government is, that the representatives are amenable to the people; that their acts can readily be condemned or approved by those in whose service they have been performed; but there is a tendency, in such government, to hesitancy in cases of doubt; and, not unfrequently the representatives leave questions to be decided by the people which the people have appointed them to decide. Instances have occurred in which legislative bodies, in this country, have voted back to the people legislative powers which the people, in their constitutions, have placed in the hands of their representatives. The practice of legislation by the whole people, in conventions assembled, is one which has been tried extensively, and has been superceded by the better way of legislating by representatives; and, the representative while seeking to conform his action to the will of his constituents, should never make the mistake of shirking the duty assigned him in the constitution under which he acts. When a new case arises representatives are but too apt to "avoid the responsibility" and refer back to their constituents.

It may gravely be questioned whether Congress has not done this in the matter of impeachment. Nothing can be plainer than the fact that the people, by their Constitution, have referred the whole question to Congress, and it has no right to hesitate and refer it back to the people. They have already said that a public officer "guilty of high crimes or misdemeanors" shall be impeached; and the only question to be determined, in Mr. JOHNSON's case, is this: Has he been guilty of crimes or misdemeanors? To answer this we must ask, What is a crime or misdemeanor? In answer, WEBSTER says:

MISDEMEANOR—Ill behavior, evil conduct, fault, mismanagement.

In *law*, an offense of a less atrocious nature than a crime. It applies to all offenses of a less nature than a felony; and also to all offenses for which the law has not provided a particular remedy.

Crimes and *misdemeanors* are more synonymous terms; but, in common usage, the word *crime* is made to denote offenses of a deeper and more atrocious dye, while small faults and omissions of less consequence are comprised under the scanter name of *misdemeanors*.

Messrs. WILSON and WOODBRIDGE in reporting against impeachment say:

"The President has disappointed the hopes and expectations of those who placed him in power; he has betrayed their confidence and joined hands with their enemies; he has proved false to the express and implicit condition which underlies his elevation to power, and in our view of the case deserves the censure and condemnation of every well disposed citizen of the Republic."

How did he "disappoint the expectations of those who placed him in power?" By being openly and unquestionably false to the most solemn written and spoken pledges. Are not falsehood and breach of trust crimes? If a man obtain possession of five dollars worth of goods, by false pretenses, he is liable to imprisonment as for felony. This man obtains possession of one of the most important trusts in the gift of a great nation, by pretenses false as the father of falsehoods; and it is not even a misdemeanor. Did ever before, any christian nation set up such a standard of morality? What possible assurance, or hope of honesty in our public officers, can we have in the future, if we say deliberately, now, through our representatives, that obtaining office under false pretenses is not a crime or even misdemeanor. What can any party, and the whole people, expect if they hold out such bribes for falsehood, perjury and fraud? If this principle be fairly established, what has any cunning demagogue to do, in the future, but to adopt the will of the known majority, out Herod Herod, outstrip all the friends of the popular policy, in his advocacy of it, get himself elected, throw off the mask, and make the minority triumphant? No lover of his country, even though he might endorse, conscientiously, the views now expressed by ANDREW JOHNSON, should countenance, by any shadow of approval, the course he adopted to give them efficacy. No higher reward for treason can be offered, by this nation, than a failure to punish the treachery of the President to the party and principles which elected him, and of which he sought election by the most fervent and frequent protestations of friendship and championship, while seeking their destruction.

If his course, in seeking and obtaining the position of Vice President, is not a crime, the ninth commandment is not law. If we, by our representatives, vote that it is not a misdemeanor, we vote to strike that command from the decalogue, and to make falsehood and treachery forever honorable and safe. If he is sustained no party can have any assurance that the man for whom it casts its vote is not an enemy to its organization and policy; and that in electing him it will not defeat both.

Another phase of the WILSON and WOODBRIDGE report is a bold announcement of a different and infinitely lower standard of morals in political than in business or private life.

"We are not now dealing with political offences. Crimes and misdemeanors are now demanding our attention."

Both are probably lawyers and fully aware of the fact that false pretenses in private business are crimes; but, politically, they are what? "Deponent sayeth not." Our politicians assume to exclude religion from politics. Are we now to go a step further and shut out morality? If so, are false pretenses the espousal of principles and coalescing with parties for the sake of betraying them, to be set down as political virtues? Or are we to seek out some middle ground, as suggested by these minority reporters, and locate them as midway between right and wrong? Sad will be the record of that day when this nation recognizes treason to any party or principle as less than a crime.

But these dissenters from the Majority report propose to avoid the responsibility devolving on them as legislators, and throw back upon the people the duty which the people have already assigned to them. They say, "Political unfitness and incapacity must be tried at the ballot box, not in the high court of impeachment."

The high court of impeachment was established by the ballot box, for the express purpose of trying political unfitness and incapacity, and without it there is no safeguard against treason to the ballot box. In that general system of checks and balances, by which our liberties are guarded, in the Constitution, impeachment is designed to protect the ballot box from the fraud of those who may win election through it by deceiving the people as to their true character and purposes.

A man who should obtain employment of another, or of a firm or corporation, upon condition of performing certain services in a prescribed manner, and should, after election to the post, do the very opposite of what he had engaged to do would be liable to impeachment and dismissal before any court of justice, could be summarily dismissed not only without wages, but be held for the damages accruing to his employers for any loss incurred by his breach of contract.

ANDREW JOHNSON sought and obtained employment of the majority of the people, of this country, upon condition that, in his position, he would make treason odious, and in the work of reconstruction, make rebels take back seats. Has he, to the best of his ability, fulfilled his contract? If not, why should he not be dismissed as an unfaithful servant? Have the whole people less power to ensure good faith on the part of employees, than they have conferred on the humblest individual? No man is so poor but he may use the power of the whole people to compel his servant to fulfill his contract, or ignominiously dismiss him. Is the whole less than the smallest part? Is the service of the Commonwealth of so little moment that its servant is released from the safeguards by which the interests of the humblest employer are protected.

The party in power, the majority, represent the Commonwealth, choose its servants and prescribe the terms of service. He who accepts service on its terms is bound by them, and whenever his conscience interferes with the discharge of what he assumed as a duty, his remedy lies in resignation. Every public servant who violates his contract with the party that elected him should be impeached, dismissed and repudiated by every party. Only on this ground can the people know what public measure will be secured by the election of this man or that. If disappointing the expectations, betraying the confidence, or, in other words, violating his contract with those who placed him in power, is not a misdemeanor in public life, let us introduce the principle into private business transactions and watch its operation.

THE Philadelphia *News* says:

"Seventeen thousand "Republicans" in Pennsylvania came out from their party last month and declared their "faith in the firmness, wisdom and integrity of Andrew Johnson."

Will the *News* please state at what place said declaration was made, and who were the witnesses present?

THE Charleston (S. C.) correspondent of the *Times* says the radicals will carry the State because white conservatives have resolved to remain passive, and adds:

"Of course the effect of the recent Democratic success at the North has been to intensify this determination of the whites to hold aloof from all participation in the reconstruction proceedings, and the popular disfavor with which the Northern States have received the proposition of negro suffrage has here infused a slender element of hope into a policy which was the offspring of a kind of grim despair. It may now, therefore, be regarded as a foregone conclusion that the Convention election which is to take place in this State during the present week will be carried, almost without opposition, and in every district, by the blacks; that is, by the Radicals; for the events of the last few months have effectually dispelled the hope that any considerable portion of the freedmen would vote in the conservative interest. The whites will keep altogether away from the polls, content to rest their case upon the action of their recent Convention in Columbia, in publishing a formal protest to the world against the evils of a negro supremacy, which they consider themselves, under present circumstances, powerless to avert."

Who is under obligation to interfere, to avert the calamity of negro rule, in the South, if the Southern whites thus court it by inaction? It has ever been held that those who do not value the right of suffrage sufficiently to exercise it, are unworthy of it. As the stay-at-home Republicans, of the North, are responsible for "the recent Democratic success," it is but a fair exchange that the stay-at-home Democrats of the South should reap the reward of their course in radical success, and their consequences whatever these may be. We shall not call on Congress to arrest the consequences of our mistake nor acknowledge their right to do so.

THE Florence correspondence of *La Lilutie* advocates the release of Garibaldi to insure the safety of Victor Emanuel's throne, and says, "Garibaldi is the true King of Italy," that the poor King dare not show his face abroad, because the people will no longer salute him, and adds:

"A stringe prisoner indeed is this Garibaldi! When he arrived at Spezzia, an excited, enthusiastic crowd thronged about him, and cheered him to the echo; women threw flowers under his feet, and struggled to kiss the hem of his garment. The populace unharnessed the horses of his carriage to draw it themselves, and he entered the Varignano in triumph, the air of a conqueror. The soldiers sent to guard him followed his triumphal car with humbled and sorrowful faces. When, it ever, he is brought before judges, they will tremble in his presence, and the name of the public prosecutor will be devoted to execration. The only law under which he could possibly be condemned, is an old Tuscan statute which enacts that "Any Tuscan or inhabitant of Tuscany who commits on the territory of another State acts of hostility not approved of by Government, or who exposes the Grand Duchy to the danger of war, shall be liable to the penalty of ten years' imprisonment with hard labor." Fancy Garibaldi sentenced to hard labor by an Italian Court! The present Chamber will never authorise the prosecution. Suppose Menabrea has recourse to a dissolution. The consequence would be Garibaldi's re-election by twenty different constituencies, and then there would be no choice but to release him. How often have we seen Piedmontese under parallel cases of deals for political offences leave their prison to take their seats in the sub-alpine Parliament. In spite of all the Ministry can do, it is condemned to see Garibaldi within a few days enter the Florence Parliament House amid thunders of applause, which will be echoed by dense crowds outside."

THE Jewish Soldiers' Monument Association of Tennessee is the name of a society formed by the Jews of Chattanooga, whose object is to gather up all of the unclaimed Hebrews who fell during the late war, and to bury them in the Chattanooga cemetery. They have issued the following special call and request, all papers North and South to copy it:

ASSEMBLY ROOMS OF THE JEWISH SOLDIERS' MONUMENT ASSOCIATION, OF CHATTANOOGA, TENN., NOV. 14, '67.

SPECIAL CALL.

WHEREAS, The Jewish Soldiers' Monument Association, of Chattanooga, Tennessee, have undertaken, and are now ready to exhume the bodies of all soldiers of the Jewish faith, for the purpose of burying them in the Jewish cemetery of Chattanooga, according to *Jewish writes*, and purpose to erect a suitable monument in honor and to the memory of our fallen brethren, who fell on the various battle-fields in this vicinity, or died in the various hospitals of the United States or Confederate armies, during the late war:

Therefore the following call is issued by the above named association, to the Israelites throughout the United States, to give timely information to the Board of Directors of the Jewish Soldiers' Monument Association of Chattanooga, of any of their friends or relatives who fell on the battle fields, or died in hospitals of *either army*, during the late war, giving their names in full, birthplace, age and the corps, regiment or company they formerly belonged to; in order to enable said association to carry out the undertaking above set forth to a successful end.

All communications must be directed to Morris Bradt, Chattanooga, Tenn.

MORRIS BRADT, *President.*

C. B. FIDELMAN, *Sec'y.*

"Hurricanes careering madly through the tropical latitudes, earthquakes rolling and rumbling under water, volcanoes that have long slumbered vomiting forth their wrath in hot lava streams, tornadoes sweeping up and down continental coasts, and meteors dancing and gyrating in the heavens—these are the "signs and wonders" of the latter days, all fit tokens of the reign of fanaticism in politics.—*Boston Post.*

Are we to infer from this that canes are to be discontinued, or taught to go softly; earthquakes be held under injunction to stop that rumbling and move along on Nicolson pavements; volcanoes to put mustard plasters on their breasts, and take hot toast water to prevent the effect of the emetic which old Dame Nature has administered; cyclones retire to island coasts, and leave continental coasts clear, and meteors join church and give up that wicked habit of dancing when the Democracy come into power? Did the hurricanes, earthquakes, etc., keep still and go to school, like good boys, in the good old days when James Buchanan and his predecessors held the helm, and the opposition were unable to get up a disturbance on board the old Ship of State? We breathlessly await an answer.

TWO MEDIUMS, in Rochester, N. Y., assembled an audience in a public hall to witness a spiritual performance. They were securely tied, in sight of the audience, and placed in a cupboard-like box, where the spirits were to enter said box by the only opening, a small hole, covered with dark cloth, release their chosen means of communication with mortals, and proceed to tell what they knew. The gentleman appointed by the people in clay tenements, who were waiting to hear from the folks who have got rid of the clay, did up his lying on such scientific principles that the spirits, who must have forgotten their scissors and pocket knives somewhere in the land of hades, were unable either to untie or cut the gordian knots. After the time had expired the mediums remained bound. The audience had a laugh in lieu of manifestations, and went home without any startling revelations from that bourne from whence all the travelers who return appear to very poor advantage compared to what they were in their old days on earth, and would force one to the unpleasant conclusion that the progress of eternity is like the advance of Senator Poole and Col. Benton in the Senate melee, viz: an advance backward.

A number of colored boys in Chicago indulged in a row in a dark alley on Sunday evening, and two of them were seriously injured, one being wounded near the right collar bone, and the other is stabbed in the abdomen. When the police reached the battle field the contending armies had retired, and it was not until after prolonged search that the wounded parties were discovered.

Thanksgiving Proclamation.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA:

BY JOHN W. GEARY, GOVERNOR.

From the creation of the world, in all ages and climes, it has been customary to set apart certain days for special religious observance. This has not always been influenced by the light of Christian knowledge, nor by any proper conception of the character of that Great Being "who rules the earth in righteousness," and "who daily loadeth with his benefits;" but by an innate sense of the existence of an over-ruling Power, by which the world and all it contains are governed and controlled. Aided by the dictates of cultivated reason, and the teachings of Divine revelation, we, however, are taught to recognize in that Supreme Ruler a Heavenly Father, to whom we are indebted for existence and all the blessings we enjoy, and to whom we owe constant and fervent thanksgiving and praise. It is He who "visiteth the earth and waterseth it;" who "settleth the furrows and bleseeth the springings thereof;" who crowneth the year with his goodness, and whose paths drop fatness;" who "clothest the pastures with flocks, and coverest the valleys with corn; who maketh the out-goings of the morning and the evening to rejoice;" who is "our refuge and strength;" who "maketh war to cease," and "saveth us from our enimies;" whose "throne is forever and ever," and who "blesseth the nations whose God is the Lord."

On all sides we have increased assurances of the "loving kindness" of an all-wise Parent of Good, who has conducted our nation through a long and terrible war, and permitted our people to once more repose in safety, "without any to molest them or make them afraid." The monstrous sentiment of disunion is no longer tolerated. The Flag, the Union, and the Constitution are esteemed as the safeguards of the rights and liberties of the people, and are revered and defended as the ark of their political safety.

A kind Providence has not grown weary of supplying our continuous wants. A bounteous harvest has rewarded the labors of the husbandman. Flocks and herds are scattered in countless numbers over our valleys and hills. Commerce is uninterrupted, and vessels laden with the products of nature and art, speed, unmolested, over the trackless deeps. Neither pestilence, famine, political or social evils, financial embarrassments or commercial distress, have been permitted to stay the progress and happiness of the people of this great Commonwealth; but peace, health, education, morality, religion, social improvement and refinement with their attendant blessings, have filled the cup of comfort and enjoyment to overflowing.

Recognizing our responsibility to Him who controls the destiny of nations as well as of individuals, and "from whom cometh down every good and perfect gift," and to whom we are deeply indebted for all these and for all blessings of our common Christianity, let us unitedly give our most grateful and hearty thanksgiving.

I, therefore, do hereby recommend that THURSDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, be set apart as a day of prayer and thanksgiving, that all secular and worldly business be suspended, and the people assemble in their various places of worship to acknowledge their gratitude and offer prayers for a continuance of Divine favor.

GIVEN under my Hand and the Great Seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this thirty-first day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and of the Commonwealth the ninety-second.

JNO. W. GEARY.

By the Governor:

F. JORDAN, Secretary of State.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE regulates stomach and bowels.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure is a sovereign remedy for all diseases of the stomach and bowels.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure never fails to cure Ague. Let those afflicted with this malady try it.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure cures instantaneously, Diarrhœa. Persons have to wait a week to see its effect.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure is the greatest appetizer ever known; it only sharpens the appetite, but enables you to easily digest your food.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure is recommended by all the leading physicians.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure is an invaluable friend to all who are weak, debilitated and in a low state or nervous health.

☞ Sole Agent for Pittsburgh and vicinity.

JOSEPH FLEMING, Druggist,

No. 84 Market Street,

Corner of the Diamond, near Fourth.

A Card to Sensible People.

Rational reader, if the sap of the weather has unnerved you you would not be foolish enough to venture out without an overcoat or an umbrella. Have the fortitude, then, to protect yourself at the table against causes of a kindred character. Strengthen your stomach and nervous system; regulate your liver and your bowels; keep all your organs and clogs your animal spirits with that invigorating medicine, the celebrated HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. To which the entire scope the disease with which you are afflicted, and detailed. "Suffer and be silent," says the proverb; but "Be strong!" you may not suffer" is the wiser maxim. Proof of all this exhaustive proposition lies in the market, the street, the mail, and in the newspapers, as an addition. Get Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and all diseases, save in a nominal, a mere formal way, will be driven from your system. Sold by all Druggists.

ABSTINENCE IS MANNY. The elements of health are in the air we breathe, in the cool camp, in the mountain winter air. Will you avail yourself of this? Will you, in your weakness, be the victim of a lottery? Some of the great medicinal properties of the celebrated HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, are the most powerful, yet mild, invigorators of a feeble system. The morning matter which was taken in preparation being of a nature which no man or woman can see or know. A powerful counteractive against fever and ague, and for a cure in the NATURAL BITTERS. Very much alike in their early stages, the two diseases originate, and we state all the more into the public ear the fact that the Bitters is the only medicine on record to effectually cure the fever and ague, and that in a general debility, as this wonderful medicine.

The Greatest Success Known.

We are credibly informed that during the month of October there was sold in this city more over TWENTY GROSS OF HOSTETTER'S BITTERS OF DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP. These bottles of medicine show one thing infallibly, namely, that thousands of people are afflicted with coughs and colds. It is no secret the fact beyond all doubt, that DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP is the greatest of all remedies for such diseases.

The Doctor proposes to try and the money when the Doctors fail to do good in every case of hoarseness, recent cough, blood spitting, lung affections, and all diseases of the throat, and of DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL CROUP SYRUP, is now as wide as the boundaries of our land, and in many cases has gone far beyond these limits.

Of the one hundred and sixty thousand competent citizens of Pittsburgh, not one can fail to do without this wonderful medicine. Its other attests of great nerve of cure; its success in every household where it has been used; its being free from unpleasantness; its well known compounds of harmless ingredients, has made Dr. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP to be acknowledged not only by the people who have had occasion to use it, but has introduced it to the notice and use of nine tenths of the medical profession. Sold at the Doctor's Great Medicine Store, 120 Wood street.

DR. KEYSER'S CONSULTATION BOOKS, for Lung Examinations, No. 120 Wood ST., corner of Exchange alley.

November 24th, 1867.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

INDIA RUBBER BELTING, Hose, Steam Packing, Buckets and Rope. For sale at the INDIA RUBBER DEPOT, 79 and 81 Water street.

J. H. SHAW & BRO.

LEATHER BELTING, of a superior quality, and warranted to give full satisfaction, for sale at 79 and 81 Water street.

J. H. SHAW & BRO.

INDIA RUBBER CLOTHING, of every description, also, Rubber Boots, Shoes, Fishing Boots, &c., at 79 and 81 Water street.

J. H. PHILLIPS.

MILLER'S LUBRICATING RAWHIDE HOSE PACKING, of all sizes, at 79 and 81 Water street.

J. H. PHILLIPS.

$25 FOR 14 HOURS' WORK.—A good, steady man can make $25, for a small sum of money, two well established papers (not a book nor a chromo) will pay the above for two hours' work each morning. Call on GAZETTE Office, Friday, November 29th, from 9 to 11 A. M.

GREEN CORN.

WINSLOW'S GREEN CORN, put up in two pound cans, and for sale by the can or case, at the Family Grocery of

McKNIGHT & SMITH,

No. 150 Federal Street, Allegheny.

GREEN PEAS,

Just received and for sale by the case or single can, at the lowest rates, at the Family Grocery store of

McKNIGHT & SMITH,

No. 150 Federal Street, Allegheny.

PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE LIVERY AND SALE STABLES,

138 & 140 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.

Carriages for Funerals, $4.00. Horses for Funerals, $3.00. Horses bought and sold on commission. WOOD TYRE-SETS 1½ SPRINGS.

oct30:2:1w WM. WARD.

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(Late WILSON, CARR & CO.)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

No. 94 WOOD STREET,

third house above Diamond alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

FOR THANKSGIVING.

Wild Duck, Pin Tails, Mallard, Mixed Mallard, Fresh Canvas Ducks, Winslow's Green Corn, Fresh Lobsters, Fresh Oysters, Lima Beans, Succotash and Tomatoes, New Crop Cape Cod Cranberries, Blaikie's Dried Corn, Pommelgy and Quince Jelly, New London Layer and Seedless Raisins, Citron, Currants, &c., &c., Received and for sale at the Family Grocery Store of

McKNIGHT & SMITH,

nov2 Corner Liberty and Sixth streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, corner of Grant and Diamond streets.—The REV. T. CARE, D. D., will preach on THANKSGIVING DAY, service to commence at 10½ A. M.

THANKSGIVING—French.—Ing on THURSDAY, at 10:30 A. M., at the first Sixth ward Church, Fifth street, above Wood street, by the Pastor, ALEX. CLARK. Subject: "The Best and Freshest Fruits—Our Duties and Dangers of the Canaan wilderness."

nov27:1t

OFFICE OF MONONGAHELA INSURANCE CO., No. 15 Water street, Pittsburgh, November 21, 1867.

AN ELECTION FOR FIFTEEN DIRECTORS of this Company, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office, on Water street, Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, December 24, 1867, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M.

JOHN H. CLARKE, Secretary.

AN ADJOURNED MEETING of the members of

KNAP'S PENNSYLVANIA BATTERY,

WILL BE HELD ON

FRIDAY EVENING, NOV. 29TH,

At 7½ o'clock P. M., at the HOPE STEAM FIRE ENGINE HOUSE, First ward, Allegheny City. All old members are requested to attend.

DAVID McMILLAN,
JERSEY CLEARMAN,
J. STEWART,
JOHN C. BLAND,
GEO. J. WALKER,
Committee on Organization.

nov27:1t

OPENING.

NEW ORPHAN ASYLUM,

ON TANNSHILL STREET, on

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,

November 27th and 28th.

A Thanksgiving Festival.

Two Bands of Music. Promenade, Supper, &c. Tickets, $1, admitting lady and gentleman.

GRAND VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT, AT MASONIC HALL, TUESDAY EVENING, DEC. 10th, 1867, BY MRS. E. A. SAWYER,

Assisted by her pupils and several first class amateurs of the Allegheny and Pittsburgh. Admission ..... 50 CENTS. Tickets can be had at Messrs. Mellor's Music store, 81 Wood street, and at Mrs. Blome's, 67 Fifth St. Doors open at 7 o'clock; performance to commence at one-fourth to 8.

nov27:1d

VELVET SACQUES,

CLOTH SACQUES,
FROCHE SHAWLS,
PLAID SHAWLS,

For sale at very low prices, by

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

85 FIFTH STREET.

TWO SUPERIOR

SECOND-HAND PIANOS,

FOR SALE CHEAP.

One Coleture Walnut Case Chickering & Sons. One Tourture, Grand Case maker Mason & Hamlin.

With the above is a splendid order, and will be disposed of very low for cash, as the parties owning it are about to leave the city. Apply to

C. C. MELLOR,
81 WOOD STREET.

GENT'S UNDERWEAR.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR.
MISSES' UNDERWEAR.
BOYS' UNDERWEAR.
CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR.

A complete line of sizes, in

SILK, ALL WOOL AND MERINO.

All prices as low as before the war.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

THE NEW

"GLOVE-FITTING" CORSET,

GENUINE FRENCH CORSETS,

ELEGANT KNIT SHAWLS,

ALEXANDRE'S

COUNTESS KIDS,

NEW STYLES OF TRIMMINGS,

Just opened at

MACRUM & CARLISLE'S,

19 Fifth Street.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,

Manufacturers of

Patent Lead Pipe,

AND SHEET LEAD.

Also, wholesale dealers in

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS MATERIALS.

No. 167 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

F. W. C. FELD,

DEALER IN

GLUE, CURLED HAIR,

Tanners' Scraps, Cerooms,

CATTLE TAILS,

Bones, Neat's Foot Oil, &c.

Office and Warehouse—No. 126 SMITHFIELD STREET, (nearly opposite the Post Office.)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

REMOVAL.

LORENZ & WICHTMAN

HAVE REMOVED TO THEIR NEW OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,

No. 22 WOOD STREET,

First door below St. Charles Hotel, where they will be pleased to see their friends and the public generally. Their stock is entirely new and fresh, comprising in part Ladies' Gaiters, Slippers, Ties, Balmorals and Shoes, Gent's Calf Congress, Oxfords, Ties, Balmorals, Brogans, Kip Boots, Calf Boots, Youths' and Boys' Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, and a full and complete assortment of Ladies' Fancy Slippers.

ALL ARE OFFERED

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

No. 31 Fifth Street.

FURS! FURS! FURS!

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED the first assortment of

FURS,

To which we invite the attention of our friends and customers.

Also, a full assortment of

Ladies' and Gent's Furnishing Goods, &c.

DENNISON & HECKERT,

NO. 27 FIFTH STREET.

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in

DRY GOODS,

No. 113 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.

Offer at the lowest prices Wool Goods, Prints, Gingham, Checks, Drills, Tweeds, Satinets, Cottonades, Cloths, Cassimeres, Linsey, Jeans, Flannels, Blankets, Tickings, Linen Goods, Hosiery, Gloves, Notions, Cotton Yarns, Batts, Wicks, &c., at Eastern and Western manufacturers' prices.

Our Stock is complete in all departments, and we invite the attention of Merchants to our Goods and Prices.

C. ARBUTHNOT, W. T. SHANNON.

N. B. SHANNON, Agent for Pittsburgh.

DIVIDENDS.—The President and Directors of this Company have this day declared a six dividend (3 per Dollars) upon the Capital Stock, payable in Cash, free of all taxes, on and after the 1st of December next.

JOHN M. CLARK,
Secretary.

300 Kegs

Soft Galena Lead,

For sale by

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.

nov27 2w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LODGINGS.—Two respectable gentlemen can obtain very comfortable lodgings, with fuel, gas and bath, at a private family residence.

No. 210 LACUCK ST., ALLEGHENY.

But a short walk from the Hand street Horse Railroad Office.

GOLD WATCHES,

Ranging in price from $30 to $40 each.

SILVER HUNTING-CASE WATCHES, from $20 upwards, at

No. 112 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY.

JOHN SITTECH.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER & SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, NOV. 27, 1867.

THE ASSESSMENT FOR THE GRADING, PAVING and CURBING of the following streets in the Ninth Ward, viz: LUMBER STREET, from Penn street to Mulberry alley; MORRIS STREET, from Penn to Susquehanna streets; MULBERRY ALLEY, from Morris to Bath streets; and SPRING ALLEY, from Morris to Baldwin streets, are now ready for examination, and will remain in this office until SATURDAY, December 7th, 1867, when they will be placed in the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

nov28

BLACK DIAMOND

STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, 120, 122, 124 Second and 119 & 121 First Streets,

PITTSBURGH.

WESTERN INSURANCE CO., OF PITTSBURGH.

ALEXANDER SIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.

OFFS. GEORGE A. BERGER, General Agent. Office, 82 Water street, Spang & Co.'s Wharf, Upstairs, up stairs, Pittsburgh.

Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home institution managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality, to maintain the character which they have established, by offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

DIRECTORS.

Alex. Simick, John R. McCrea,
Jos. Dilworth, John J. Gibson,
James Moorhead, Thos. J. Gibson,
Jos. Eichbaum, Jos. Evans,
Andrew Stevenson, Joseph Kirkpatrick,
Jacob M. Long, Philip Schneider,
Wm. Morrison,
D. Reisner.

nov27 M. P. HERBERT, Secretary.

CHANDELIERS,

BRACKETS AND LAMPS,

FOR EITHER GAS OR OIL.

Of latest patterns and best workmanship, at all prices, and gas fitting in all its branches.

Of Light Gas Chandeliers at ..... $20 each.
" " " " ..... 18 00.
" " " " ..... 15 00.
" " " " ..... 12 00.
" " " " ..... 10 00.
" " " " ..... 8 00.
" " " " ..... 6 00.
" " " " ..... 4 00.
" " " " ..... 3 00.
" " " " ..... 2 00.
" " " " ..... 1 50.
" " " " ..... 1 00.
" " " " ..... 0 75.
" " " " ..... 0 50.
" " " " ..... 0 25.
" " " " ..... 0 10.
" " " " ..... 0 05.
" " " " ..... 0 03.
" " " " ..... 0 02.
" " " " ..... 0 01.
" " " " ..... 0 00.

Light Bracket for gas ..... 10.00 " "
" " " " ..... 8.00 " "
" " " " ..... 6.00 " "
" " " " ..... 4.00 " "
" " " " ..... 3.00 " "
" " " " ..... 2.00 " "
" " " " ..... 1.50 " "

All of latest patterns and best workmanship.

ALSO, A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Kitchen, Hall and Parlor Lamps,

AND ALL PAPER SHADES.

GLOBES, &c., &c.

In quantities to suit purchasers.

ARTHUR KIRK,

172 and 174 Federal St., Allegheny.

WM. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.,

GO TO

No. 31 Fifth Street,

ARE NOW OFFERING at retail the fine and neat stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

IN THE CITY, COMPRISING

Ladies' Winter Walking Boots, of the