The Pittsburgh Gazette

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1867.

THE PRESIDENT construes the result of the New York election as affording him full warrant to set up his sole authority against the will of Congress in the matter of reconstruction. Special telegrams from Washington to various Democratic journals concur in representing him as resolved to precipitate a crisis unless Congress shall conform to his ideas.

Congress will convene the last week of the present month, when will be disclosed what effect the elections have produced upon the representatives of the States and the people.

GARIBALDI evidently hoped by his recent enterprise to ensure an eventful life with transcendant glory, and to stand uncrowned in history as the consummator of Italian unity. His failure, so complete and unexpected, seems to have crushed his spirits.

Italy rests under the misfortune of being now ruled by men who are without genius and courage. When by boldness and tact they might have won all, the opportunity was so vast and brilliant that it paralyzed what capacities they possessed, and so left to France an easy victory.

THE MAYORALTY.

Some months ago suggestions were made in some of the city newspapers of a sense of individuals to fill the office of Mayor for the next term. We deprecated those suggestions on the ground that the important question of Consolidation was pending; that if the measure should be carried, in whole or in part, the duties and responsibilities of the office would be materially altered; and that it would be decorous towards the inhabitants of the districts which might be united to the city to leave the selection of the Republican candidate open and unbiassed.

The result of the vote on Consolidation is not only known, but time has been afforded to all the population now included within the city limits to consider the matter as it actually stands. The city, though not what we hoped it would be, is not what it was. Large and populous districts have become united with it. But this is not all. The prerogatives of the Mayor have been enlarged to the full degree they would have attained had the whole of the proposed Consolidation been perfected. Among other important powers the Mayor has now that of a veto upon all measures passed by the Councils.

It is time the Republican voters revolved seriously in their minds what they will do in the premises. The name so far mentioned from which to make choice are the present incumbent, W. G. McCarthy, William J. Herron, John W. Riddell and Charles Jeremy. It is possible other names have been suggested which have escaped our recollection. We do not know that either of these gentlemen considers himself as a candidate.

It is not our purpose at this time to express a preference for either of the gentlemen named. Our purpose is rather to impress upon Republicans the conviction that if they mean to win success at the coming municipal election they must deserve it, alike by the character and abilities of their nominee for Mayor, as by the unanimity and enthusiasm with which they shall conduct the canvass, after selecting their leader. Peculiar obstacles are across their path; and if they mean to start well in engineering the affairs of the consolidated city they must nominate wisely, and then push the campaign with vigor.

THE RIGHT OF VOTING.

When the right of suffrage was extended to the black male citizens of the States lately in revolt against the government, the New York *World* accepted the measure as comporting entirely with the genuine *spirit of Democracy*, and urged its compatriots to "court the blacks" as one of the means for securing a portion of their votes. The seed of its inculcations fell on stony ground, and brought forth no fruit. The blacks preferred to vote with the men whose friendship for them had been demonstrated, rather than with men who had steadily resisted their just demands for the recognition of most essential rights. In this the blacks evinced a larger amount of ordinary human nature than they had been credited with possessing. The *World* became disgusted, not so much with its friends for refusing its salutary counsels, as with the negroes for not consorting with those who continually poured out upon them immeasurable contumelies. In its disgust it wrathfully exclaims that "the mob of Paris, in the maniest days of the revolution, was not a more unfit depository of political power than are the Southern negroes. A crop of BROWNLOWS and HUNNICUTTS is no better than a crop of RONSPIERRES; with RONSPIERRE's power they would rival his atrocities."

The nearest approach at the South to what, according to the popular conception, would be a crop of Robespierres, was not realized through the agency of negro suffrage, but with the right to vote left rigidly to the whites. Libby and Andersonville were the instruments with which those monsters executed vengeance upon their opponents.

The primary idea of a democracy implies a government in which all the people participate. The *World*, and other journals of its class, said much on this subject, and with admitted pungency, when the attempt was made, a few years ago, to restrict the exercise of political power to native born inhabitants. Latterly, they have insisted that the right of suffrage was so absolutely sacred and inalienable that it was a great wrong to divest men of it even for the highest crime known to the laws. So long as the blacks of the South were slaves it comported with their legal status that they should not vote. The condition of chattelhood and the right of voting are palpably irreconcilable. When, through the operation of the laws, the blacks ceased to be slaves in the Southern States, the right of voting followed as a necessary consequence. The case in those States differs practically widely from it is here. In the northern States there are comparatively few colored people; and their deprivation of suffrage, while as clearly violative of elementary principles as though they lived elsewhere, is not productive of the same specific or general results. In many of the Southern States the blacks are a majority of the people. To deprive them of the right of voting is to put the many at the mercy of the few. This is to subvert democracy, and constitute an oligarchy.

It must be confessed that many of the blacks are exceedingly ignorant, and hence scantily fitted to exercise aright the privileges of citizenship. If civil rights depended on a given degree of education, or if ignorance or stolidity were peculiar to the blacks, the objection to negro suffrage would have a force it has not now. Tens of thousands of white voters, scattered up and down the country, are as ignorant and debased as any of the black. If deficiency of knowledge ought to disfranchise the blacks, it ought also to disfranchise the whites. It so happens that the men who most pertinaciously insist on white ignoramuses retaining the right to vote, are most loud in denouncing the idea of allowing black dolts to approach the ballot-box.

The last year of the war, riding from Washington to Philadelphia, we chanced to occupy a seat in a railway coach with a Frenchman who was engaged in commerce at New York. Presently he inquired if we approved of negro regiments. We replied in the affirmative, when he advanced a point farther, and asked if we would make voters of the blacks. We evaded a direct answer, when he said he would. Turning questioner, we asked him, Why? Said he, "the great body of ignorant whites in this country vote with the Democrats and always will; the negroes, however ignorant they may be, *will vote with white folks*, which will result in offsetting one mass of ignorance by another of the same sort, thus leaving the actual settlement of affairs to rest between men of intelligence." While not prepared to accept this excoriate, it embodies an idea worth reflecting on.

The Washington *Chronicle* reports an intelligent gentleman residing in Vicksburg, as saying—that

"Ten Daniel Websters and as many Henry Clays could not make the South submit to the laws of the land or be true to the Government since Andrew Johnson joined the rebels, it is were not for the colored people, and that these people not only till the soil and feed their late masters, *but sate the North and West from the curse of repudiation*. With this important element all will go right, and those who are not convinced will yield."

There is certainly reason to conclude that the recognition of the complete citizenship of the blacks in the States lately in revolt, is necessary to the maintenance of most important rights and interests throughout the whole country. In the progress of events now not far off this will appear in a stronger light to the popular mind than it does now. There is a swing and oscillation to all movements on a grand scale; but revolutions never go backward. The blind of vision and the weak in resolution often mistake unsteady motions for a total change of current, and suffer themselves to be borne away; but the keen in vision, and strong in heart and limb stand firm, confident that great movements, whatever barriers may interpose, make channels for themselves who run in.

THE DEFEAT OF JUDGE WILLIAMS.

EDITORS GAZETTE: The election of Mr. Williams *was defeated* by the Pittsburgh *Commercial*. This is a broad allegation, but as terribly incontrovertible as it is *inexorably* true, which, now as the din and smoke of the late political battle and the "tumult of the people" have subsided, your correspondent undertakes to verify, in the conclusion of every fair-minded and unprejudiced man who will examine cause and effect. Every reader of that journal has been for the last six months well posted as to its acerbity and unrelaxing hostility to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company; its abuse of that corporation was the daily theme in the col'umns of the hybrid journal to which reference is made, charging, as was its daily practice, the basest corruption and turpitude to the Directors by intercepting Railroad legislation important to the interests of Pittsburgh and Western Pennsylvania thereby enlisting and inviting the active hostility of every member of the Board of Directors against Mr. Williams, whose election the "*Commercial* assumed to be the great advocate and Mr. Williams its special *protege*." Can there, therefore, be a man of common sense, who has the hardihood to aver that the vulgar abuse lavished upon the Directors was not well calculated to secure their personal efforts and opposition to the eminent candidate of our party and rejoice in the defeat of the gentleman claimed as the *protege* of that newspaper?

The hostility of many of these Directors, we are safe in asserting, was inflamed by the bitter denunciation of the *Commercial* against the Board and its policy, gentlemen of the highest position for integrity and fair dealing, in themselves alone of ample influence to secure for the opposition the meagre majority of the Democratic candidate. But, Mr. Editor, this is by no means the only active and efficient hostility invited over to the opposition of Mr. Williams. The charges of bribery and corruption against the members of the Legislature were as bitter and unrelenting as those fulminated against the Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. These sweeping charges embraced the whole legislative body, and think you not, on returning to their constituents, they would not carry with them the deepest prejudices against the eminent candidate of Pittsburgh, thus abased and vilified by one of the organs of the Republican party. Why, it is human. Even unintelligent nature, the worm trodden under foot, recoils on its oppressor. Could it then be even hoped that these members of the Legislature would look with any sort of favor, and would not those fifty or one hundred members, by their indifference, not to say hostility to our candidate, be more than adequate to his defeat under the circumstances of the small number of votes which would have carried the election.

Has not your correspondent, then, clearly indicated the main causes of Mr. Williams' defeat, by the unwise and impolitic journal, the subject of these remarks. RATAKEE.

OHIO NEWS.

—There is a Gypsy encampment at Dayton.

—The 103d Ohio Regiment is to have a reunion at Cleveland Thanksgiving day.

—Lake Erie ship captains say the water of the Lake is two feet lower than usual.

—Into the Cleveland Postoffice, last month, 246,123 letters and 22,578 papers were dropped.

—John Gously, of Independence, was drowned in the canal, near Seventeen Mile Lock, last week.

—The Kent *News* is the name of a new paper just started by Messrs. L. D. Durban & Co., at Kent, Ohio.

—Ironton people subscribed $52,000, at a meeting the other night, for the purpose of completing the Ironton Railroad.

—Edward Blakely, of Jackson township, formerly a member of the 63d Ohio Infantry, committed suicide recently.

—Some large enterprises, of a business character, are on foot in Springfield—machine shops, factories, jobbing houses, &c.

—S. T. De Ruab, son of Daniel De Rush, while working on a mill at Greenville last week, fell to the ground and was killed.

—Incendiaries have been at work in Salem, Columbiana county. The Town Council has offered $50 reward for their detection.

—The first through car from Minneapolis to New York passed through Cleveland on Saturday, freighted with 100 barrels of flour.

—A young man in Hamilton insulted, in some way, a young lady of that town, and the girl's father cowhided him in front of the Opera House.

—Lawrence county gets the banner offered by the Democratic State Committee for the largest Democratic gain. The gain was with 1,231 votes.

—Five hundred bushels of good corn were raised on little more than six acres of ground on the site of the old Confederate prison, on Johnson's Island.

—George W. Jones, of Zanesville, O., died last week from the effect of a blow on the temple, inflicted with a glass tumbler, October 19th, by John Jarvis.

—Over 100,000 bushels of Canadian Barley were received at Cleveland last week, and a large amount at Toledo, Cincinnati and Cleveland business takes it all.

—Mansfield people have given a lot of land worth $15,000, and loaned $15,000 to a manufacturing company. Crestline has done something handsome for the same object.

—Royal J. Sprague, just elected Judge of the Supreme Court of California, formerly lived at Zanesville, where his read law, and married a daughter of the late Judge Blocksom.

—H. L. Kline, of Chillicothe, has a cherry tree, procured from the stock of Adena, fifty years ago, which measures ten and a half feet in circumference, six feet from the ground.

—In Belmont county, after a drought of seventy days' continuance, rain fell on the 26th. The *Chronicle* expresses a hope that its coming will put an end to the prevailing fever.

—During the past season, 3,181 boxes of peaches were shipped from Clyde. Now that the season is over, the people propose to break up the bands of horse thieves in that vicinity.

—The Berryna *Journal* says: "Our farmers all tell us that there has been a greater number of acres of wheat sown this season in this county than for some years past. Most of the fields are looking well."

—The application for an injunction to prevent the Commissioners of the new Lunatic Asylum, at Athens, from entering upon the Costs lands, has been dismissed by Judge Wright for want of jurisdiction.

—Twice as much wheat has been sown this season in Muskingum county as was sown last year, but only half a crop was put in last season. The wheat sown this year is very backward, owing to the continued dry weather.

—The Toledo Library Association advertises a good list of lectures for this winter. Among them are Charles Sumner, Dr. Isaac T. Hayes, T. W. Higginson, President Fairfield, Anna E. Dickinson, Henry Vincent and E. P. Whipple.

—A. W. Parker, publisher of the *Ohio Farmer*, died suddenly in Cleveland on the 30th. He was born in Vermont in 1811, and came to Ohio in 1831. Before his connection with the *Ohio Farmer* he had been connected with the Cleveland *Advertiser and* the Western Reserve *Chronicle*.

—The first bridge ever built in Franklin county, was that over Alum Creek, in Harrison township, now Bloudon, in 1811, by Capt. Francis Olmsted and a party of his neighbors. Out of the number who assisted him in the erection of this bridge, but two are now living—Isaac Griswold, Esq., aged about ninety years, and Col. George Osborn, aged near eighty. They were from the State of Connecticut, and have resided in the county over sixty years.

—The Canton *Repository* says: "We learn that the attorneys of Mr. Haines, the Democratic candidates for State Senator in this district, have served a notice contest upon Gen. Potts, Senator elect. The ground upon which the contest is to be based, as we are informed, is the alleged fact that the judges of election at certain polls where a majority of Republican votes were cast, vacated the polls during the dinner hour, taking the ballot box with them."

—Several men entered the room of Mr. Israel, at Coolgrove near Ironton the other night, and two of them, each armed with a club and a revolver which they exhibited, telling him they were detectives in search of counterfeit money, and demanded to be shown his funds. He gave them what he had about him, and after examining, pronounced it good and returned it. Meanime others of the party ransacked the house, collected several valuable articles, and the whole force then left.

—The Dayton *Journal* says: "The other night Mr. Mayers, of the Oregon Mills, carried a lighted candle to the pase of the elevator, in the second story, to regulate the supply, the institution having got 'choked.' The elevators were coated with a litter of flour as light as gossamer, and a portion of *debris* becoming detached and showering down on the candle, it flashed like powder touched by alive coal, and the blaze ran up to the elevator to the ceiling in an instant! The flame wavered between the ceiling and the floor for several moments, and it seemed as if the whole room would be enveloped in flames. Mayers pulled off his coat to beat out the flames, is possible, but at this instant the flames suddenly went out. Strange as it may appear, neither the elevator nor the ceiling were scorched."

—The fish trade of Sandusky employs a large number of men and much capital. The present season has been the most successful known. Some idea of its extent is afforded by an article in the Sandusky *Register*, from which the following facts are taken: In one day Mallory & Co., whose ponds are located near Marblehead, delivered to O'Hagan & Co., nine tons of fish, the catch of a single day. About that time another dealer gave one of his fishermen credit for the estimated weight of a large haul of herring, and directed him to take them back and throw them overboard; he was unable to take care of them. A car load for places east of Buffalo has frequently been dispatched in a single day by our fishermen, and several times this season cars have been loaded especially for the Fulton market in New York city. The great bulk of the fish taken by this season, has been caught at Cedar Point and Marble Head. From Huron, light to Cedar Point, light, the catch, now points have been put down, that cost not less than $75,000. Between Marble Head and Ottowa are about forty-five or fifty pounds; about Kelley's Island, eleven pounds; Middle Bass Island, four pounds; Sugar Island, four pounds; North Bass Island, five to ten pounds, or about one hundred and fifty thousand pounds, dealer their fish to Sandusky dealers. Not less than twenty per cent. more than one thousand gill nets, have arrived from Barcelona, Westfield and Dunkirk, New York, and are preparing for gill net fishing, which soon commences. These fishermen reap their harvest about the reefs.

—The Leon *Home Journal* has the following: A German named Conrad Held, returning from town, whither he had been with a load of apples, was stopped near the brick yard by three men with a demand to "hand and deliver." Dutchman-like he had an aversion to giving up his greenbacks without a fight, and when one of the fellows poked an ugly looking pistol in his face, he made for a heavy shovel, and told them to "come on, Mickle Duffle." The fellow who had hold of the horses, letting them go to assist his companions, they started quickly, leaving the would-be robbers behind.

PURE LIQUORS,
Pure Liquors, Pure Liquors,
Pure Liquors, Pure Liquors,
Pure Liquors, Pure Liquors,
For medicinal purposes.
For medicinal purposes.
For medicinal purposes.
Cognac Brandy, Port Wine.
Cognac Brandy, Port Wine.
Sherry Wine, Madeira Wine.
Sherry Wine, Madeira Wine.
Catawba Wine, Pure Rolled Gin.
Catawba Wine, Pure Rolled Gin.
Pure Jamaica Rum.
Pure Jamaica Rum.
Pure Rye Whisky, Pure Rye Whisky.
Pure Rye Whisky, Pure Rye Whisky.
AT JOSEPH FLEMLIGH'S,
Corner of the Diamond and Market street.
Corner of the Diamond and Market street.
mo7:7-d

Shall Nature be Sustained!
To give debilitating medicines to the weak is about as sensible as it would be to try to help a man to his feet by kicking him when he was down.
That sort of practice is going out of fashion. It has led us many graveyards that people no longer believe it.
If those who are suffering by Nature expect to avoid the attacks of disease, they must endeavor to acquire the vigor necessary to resist it.
How is this to be done? Common sense suggests by the use of invigorating medicines.
The great object is to strengthen the system without exciting it.
This object is accomplished by the judicious use of the most potent and genial of all vegetable cordials and alteratives, HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.
Many valuable properties are combined in this preparation. It improves the appetite and renders digestion easy and perfect.
It gives tonicity and vigor to the nerves. Imparts a healthy, natural flow of bile, prevents constipation without inducing purgative bowels; gently stimulates the circulation, but by producing a vigorous condition of the digestive system, it promotes sleep, that cheerful sense which is the prevention of nervous and wearisome dreams, or all the sleep is nervous.
A moderate fever rouses the body and its mind drive or less excited. Now is the time to repel that attack, and the most effectual means to do so is to use the STOMACH BITTERS, which promotes so many other and equally vital ends.
Attend to Coughs and Colds.
There is a significance in the above adviso which if attended to in time, would save hundreds of persons from untimely graves. Do we not know that many persons neglect to attend to coughs and such like maladies under the hope that nature will cure? Rather some time to care; but she will find much more rapid if assisted by some such remedy as DR. KEYNER'S PECTORAL SYRUP, which is commended for its every element of the lungs and bronchial apparatus, so prevalent in every part of the United States. We advise our readers, therefore, who may be afflicted with coughs, bronchial irritation or any disease of the lungs or windpipe, to have recourse at once to this remedy, which Dr. Keyner has prepared with great care for the cure of those cases. Timely attention will save much suffering, and oftentimes the life of the person cured.
So do do. DR. KEYNER'S Great Medicine Store, No. 102 WOOD STREET.
DR. KEYNER'S CONSULTATION ROOMS, for Lung Examinations, No. 130 PENN ST., corner of Evans alley.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 84 Fifth Street, is the authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

UNDERSHIRTS & DRAWERS,
In SCARLET CASHMERE,
SHAKER FLANNEL,
WHITE MERINO,
CANTON FLANNEL,
SILK, warranted;
All at reduced prices; must be sold
GRAY, POSSIEL, & RESE,
88 FIFTH STREET.

SPLENDID STOCK
OF
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
At prices to suit the times.
GRAY, POSSIEL, & RESE,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 88 FIFTH STREET.

GARDNER'S JELLIES.
A full assortment of these superior Jellies just received and for sale at the Family Grocery Store of
McKNIGHT & BRITS,
176 Federal street, Allegheny.

BOARDING.—A few Boarders can find
PLEASANT HOME, WITH GOOD BOARD,
At No. 120 GRANT STREET.
Terms moderate. no7:3d

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
NEW OPERA HOUSE.
FRIDAY EVENING, November 7th, 1867,
JOINT FAREWELL BENEFIT,
and most positively last appearance of
MR. AND MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS,
In immense bill! Three Glorious Pieces.
BORN TO GOOD LUCK.
YANKEE COURTSHIP.
IRISH LION.
Four Songs and Two Dances.
Mr. and Mrs. Williams in all.

PROPOSALS will be received
UNTIL THE 20TH INST.,
For the Grading, Curbing & Paving
OF MAIN, PINE, McPADDEN, BRIDGE and NEW TROY STREETS and UNION ALLEY, in the Borough of Duquesne. Separate bids for either cobble-stone or bitulion pavement.
For further particulars apply at the office of the Borough, or to
G. P. WILMELLS,
Chairman Street Committee.
LADIES' FURS,
Misses' Furs,
Gent's Furs,
GREAT VARIETY, SELLING LOW, at
McCORD & CO.'S HAT STORE,
No. 101 WOOD STREET.

THE MAGNOLIA FARM,
150 Acres,
Located near McKeesport, not far from Hiro's Station, on the Connellsville Railroad. New house in excellent condition; barn nearly new in good repair. All improvements on the place are in the best kind. Best unbroken land for 20 in the county for Strawberries, Small Fruits, in abundance. Never failing springs on land. Coal bank up to house. Will be sold cheap. Apply to
STEEL & WILSON,
Brokers and Real Estate Agents,
No. 64 Smithfield street.

BAY RUM SOAP.
BAY RUM SOAP.
HONEY SOAP.
HONEY SOAP.
GLYCERINE SOAP.
GLYCERINE SOAP.
And many other varieties, for sale by
JAMES B. CLARK,
DRUGGIST,
cor. Fifth and Wood streets.

SECOND-HAND PIANOS.
One 7 octave Rosewood case, made by Hazen & Sayers.
One 7 octave, made by Hilner & Gibbons.
One 7 octave, made by Chickering.
One 7 octave, made by Stettinius.
All the above are in good order, and will be sold at very low prices, to close with the sale.
Also, five second-hand Square Pianos.
C. C. MELLOR,
81 WOOD STREET.

CHEAP ALL-WOOL
INGRAIN CARPETS,
In bright colors, at 75 cents to $1.00 per yard.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
72 AND 73 FIFTH STREET.

DOUBLE WIDTH
English Tapestry
BRUSSELS CARPETS,
In private patterns, just opened by
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
72 AND 73 FIFTH STREET.

FOR RENT,
Seventy Acres of Cleared Land
AND TWENTY ACRES OF WOODLAND,
Near Parnassus Station, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad, 18 miles from Pittsburgh. The farm is dry and late sight. Will be rented on a good TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE, 32x34 feet, frame barn, frame stable. About twenty acres of the cleared land now cleaning. Its natural advantages and nearness to railway stations make it worth the attention of farmers, gardeners and market gardeners.
Apply to STEPHEN TOOTY, on the farm adjoining, or address, A. A. TOOTY, Parnassus, Westmoreland Co., Pa.
Parnassus, Pa., Oct. 30th, 1867. no7:3d

MAXFIELD & CO.'S
PRAIRIE FLOWER
FINE-CUT TOBACCO,
IS SOLD.
Take pal-brated Fine-Cut Chewing Tobacco is perfectly pure, made from the best leaf tobacco, and is always the same in quality and size. Ask for Maxfield's Prairie Flower and take no other.
For sale Wholesale and Retail, at
CHAS. C. BAER'S,
Dealer in
Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes and Smoking Tobacco,
108 WOOD STREET.
octl6:3m

LADIES' FURS.
An endless variety, of superior quality,
SELLING AT THE LOWEST PRICE.
Also, at the NEW STYLES
HATS AND CAPS,
AT
PRATT & HERRY'S,
No. 107 Federal Street, Allegheny.

PRICES REDUCED.
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
13 FIFTH STREET,
Offer for sale their large stock of
DRESS GOODS,
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
no7

NEW STYLES
BISMARK AND GRECIAN
SUITS,
The newest styles for the fall season, of Boy's suits.
GRAY & LOGAN,
No. 67 St. Clair Street.

GENT'S UNDERWEAR;
LADIES' UNDERWEAR;
HOSIERY AND GLOVES;
TUPPER KNIT GOODS;
SCARFS, SACQUES, ETC.
Just opened at
F. H. EATON'S,
88 FIFTH STREET.

COCOA MATTINGS,
AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES,
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
72 AND 73 FIFTH STREET.

SHEPHARD'S
CRACKERS,
317 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

SHAKER DRIED CORN.
Just arrived and now for sale, for sale by the quart or bushel, at the Family Grocery of
McKNIGHT & BRITS,
176 Federal Street, Allegheny City.

FRENCH PEAS AND MUSHROOMS, freshly received, of the finest brands, put up in one pound cans, and for sale by the dozen or single can, at
GEO. A. BERNHAM,
Corner Liberty and Sixth streets.

QUEEN OLIVES, very fine, in quart jars, also, Crosse & Blackwell's Capers in small bottles, just received and for sale at the Family Grocery store of
JAMES A. BERNHAM,
Corner Liberty and Sixth streets.

BOQUETS & CUT FLOWERS.
At the MAYLAND GREENHOUSES.
JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
CRANBERRIES.
Jersey Cranberries just received and for sale at the Family Grocery of
McKNIGHT & BRITS,
176 Federal Street, Allegheny.

OPENING.—Mrs. M. KITCHIN
WILL OPEN ON
SATURDAY, THE 9TH INSTANT,
a splendid and rare variety of the latest styles of
WINTER MILLINERY,
At No. 180 FEDERAL ST., Allegheny City.
no7:3d

AT PRICES TO CORRESPOND
WITH
THE LATE DECLINE!
FINE FRENCH MERINOS, $1.00.
Choice shades POPLIN ALPACCAS.
SILK CHAIN EPINGLINES.
POPLIN REPS.
BLACK SILKS.
FANCY SILKS.
LINEN GOODS, &c.
JOHN PORTER,
91 MARKET STREET.

FOR FRAGRANT TEAS,
CHOICE COFFEE,
AND
PURE SPICES,
GO TO
ROBINSON'S,
No. 20 Fifth Street.

DRY GOODS! DRY GOODS!
I WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION of my customers to my stock, to which will be found a large assortment of
DRESS GOODS AND CASSIMERES,
For Men and Boys' wear.
CLOAKING CLOTHS, of great variety.
BLANKETS, both Country & Eastern Made.
Fulterton's Freeport Barred FLANNELS.
6-4 and 4 WHITE FLANNELS.
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, in all grades.
CLOAKS and SACQUES a sale to order.
H. J. LYNCH,
No. 94 Market Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
oct31:6d

MARVIN'S
CRACKERS
ARE SUPERIOR TO ANY
EVER BEFORE OFFERED IN THIS MARKET.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
No. 91 Liberty St.,
FOOT OF FOURTH.
ESTABLISHED 1833.

HOUSES FITTED UP WITH
GAS,
Hot and Cold Water, &c.
By experienced and practical workmen.
JOHN M. TATE,
Plumber and Gas Fitter,
227 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh; and
59 Federal Street, Allegheny.
P.S.—WRITE THIS.

DOTT'S CLOTHES WASHER.
WEAR THE FIRST DAY OF IT.
The rich might do without it on account of time, but the poor, who must value time, have a fine battery of aches. Have to look on them at home? Yes, and medicine.—*Working Farmer.*
It saves one dollar a week in any family.—*N. Y. Times.*
It is a great saver.—*Ex.*
It saves time, labor, its cost is used. We like it.—*Ex.*
Dott's Washer saves time, labor, and money.—*New Haven Journal and Courier.*
It is a great saver, saves to the family than any other thing.—*Ex.*
We can't do without it.—*Ex.*
Dott's Washer saves much time and labor.—*Ex.*
For sale by all the leading Stove Dealers.
Wm. A. Rich, Jr. Co., Agents for Allegheny.
Dealers and Jobbers supplied.
Sole agents for this county.
JACKSON'S
UNIVERSAL
WASHING COMPOUND.
AN ENTIRELY NEW PREPARATION.
We are now engaged in manufacturing the above celebrated Washing Compound, which we have confidence will give satisfaction.
HOUSEKEEPERS,
PLEASE TRY IT.
With it you can save at least from three to five hours' hard labor on the wash board, but also injury to the clothes.
FOR FINE FABRICS it is invaluable, how use it in the place of Soap, and the result will be a beautiful gloss.
FOR FINE FLANNELS it is invaluable, how use it in the place of Soap, and the result will be a beautiful gloss.
FOR FINE LACES it is invaluable, how use it in the place of Soap, and the result will be a beautiful gloss.
NO LIME,
Or other injurious articles. For sale by GROCERS and DRUGGISTS generally, and wholesale at the Depot, 59 FOURTH STREET.
GEO. B. SLATER & CO.
THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED
TRUNK WAREHOUSE IN THE CITY.
W. J. GILMORE,
Manufacturer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
TRUNKS,
Valises, Carpet Bags, &c.
A large assortment of LADIES' HATBOXES always on hand.
No. 105 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.
MARSHAL'S SALE.
By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, issued out of the 10th District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, and to me directed, I will sell at Public Vendue, at the Court House, in Pittsburgh, on MONDAY, the 11TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1867, at 11 o'clock A. M., the following described property, viz:
Thirty-two Barrels of Whisky, seized and taken as the property of Wm. Forrest, owner (reputed), in the 3d of the United States.
Terms, A. A. BOWLEY,
U. S. Marshal, Western District, Pa.
MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
Pittsburgh, Nov. 1st, 1867. no4:3d
GEO. O. CLARK.....J. B. WATKINS.....D. F. SAY.
ILON CITY BELT WORKS.
GEO. O. CLARK & CO.,
Manufacturers of every description of Belting, Spindles, Cannister and Riveted Oak-Tanned
Leather Belting,
No. 402 LIBERTY ST., (34 door Union Depot, Pittsburgh. nlte
JAMES B. JONES,
DEALER IN
Scrap Iron, Light Iron,
CAST AND WROUGHT IRON,
ROPE, etc.,
Corner Anderson Alley and Rive Avenue, Allegheny City.
FRESH SALMON, in 1 and 2 lb. cans; fresh Lobster, in 1 and 2 lb. cans; fresh Asparagus, in 1 lb. cans; fresh Corn, Lima Beans, Condensed Milk, Strawberries, Whortleberries, Blackberries, Sardines, Olive Oil, Worcestershire Sauce, Essence Shrimps, Anchovies, &c., for sale at lowest rates, at
FRANCE'S TEA MART,
18 Diamond, Pittsburgh.
Terms cash. Goods delivered free. nalt
CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
Class Pillow, Cast & Co.)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third house above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
IN THE MATTER of the APPLICATION OF THE DRAKE BUILDING ASSOCIATION, OF WEST MANCHESTER, No. 1.—Notice is hereby given that the above named Association has applied to the Court of Common Pleas, No. 2, for a charter, dated Nov. 1867, for a Charter of Incorporation, and the same will be granted at the next term of said Court, unless exceptions are filed thereto in the office of the Prothonotary.
GEO. D. WILSON,
Prothonotary.
CHEAPEST PLACE IN THE
CITY TO BUY THE
TRIUMPH COOKING STOVE,
Is at No. 146 GRANT STREET.
P. C. DUFFY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
McCALLUM BROTHERS,
No. 51 Fifth Street.
CARPETS.
CARPETS.
CARPETS.
A splendid assortment of low priced
All-Wool Ingrains.
A magnificent stock of
OIL CLOTHS.
A new invoice of
Crumb Cloths, Druggets.
An extra quality of
RAG CARPETS.
McCALLUM BROS.,
51 Fifth Street, above Wood.
no7:1
COUNTRY BLANKETS,
AT
J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S.
Large size and best BLANKETS in the city.
5-4, 4-4, 3-4 WHITE FLANNELS;
RED AND YELLOW FLANNELS;
GREY AND COLORED FLANNELS;
GREY TWILLED FLANNELS;
SHIRTING FLANNELS;
WATERPROOF CLOTHS;
WIDE VELVETS;
And a large assortment of NEW GOODS.
Remember the place.
No. 57 MARKET STREET.
CARTER'S
NEW
SHOE HOUSE
IN
No. 47 Fifth Street,
(OPPOSITE THE OLD THEATER.)
Where he is prepared to sell BOOTS, SHOES and GAITERS at the lowest cash prices, or exchanged at any other house in this city. Give me a call and be convinced.
DANIEL CARTER.
NEW FALL STOCK
OF
CARPETS!
A large assortment of
ALL WOOL INGRAINS,
WOOL DUTCH,
LIST AND RAG,
HALL AND STAIR,
COTTAGE AND HEMP,
ENGLISH AND
AMERICAN DRUGGETS,
MEDALLION DRUGGETS.
We offer many of our goods much below last season's prices. Special inducements to those who buy to
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
81 FIFTH STREET.
Over Reiser & Bell's.
TOBIES! TOBIES! TOBIES!
50,000
NO. 1 TOBIES,
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
Also, 500,000
Lancaster Half Spanish Cigars,
Just received, which we offer to the trade cheap for cash.
Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
R. & W. JENKINSON,
No. 6 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
NEW FALL STOCK
OF
CARPETS.
McFARLAND & COLLINS
OFFER TO CASH BUYERS
BARGAINS AT RETAIL.
Nos. 72 and 73 Fifth Street.
NEXT TO UNITED STATES CUSTOM HOUSE.
SECOND FLOOR.
INITIAL PAPER
AND
ENVELOPES,
Neatly put up in boxes.
FANCY STATIONERY.
BLANK BOOKS,
Of every description, on hand and made to order.
PAPER, every size and quality.
DRAY BOOKS, PASS BOOKS.
ENCRIPT BOOKS, TIME BOOKS.
CHECK BOOKS, on all the Banks.
MYERS, SCHOYER & CO.,
Post Building, 89 Fifth Street.
ENGLISH
WOOLEN DRUGGETS,
AND
CRUMB CLOTHS,
NEW PATTERNS,
BRIGHT COLORS,
BEST QUALITIES,
LOW PRICES.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
Nos 72 & 73 FIFTH ST.
H. B. LYON,
Sealer of Weights and Measures,
No. 97½ SIXTH STREET,
Between City and Penny Streets.
Orders promptly attended to. nalt
D. R. ECKER,
CEMENT, FIRE BRICK AND CLAY,
Office and Warehouse, 1 and 3 Water and 1 and 3 First Street, Pittsburgh.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
NEW GOODS!
NEW GOODS!
At 6 1-4 Cents,
GOOD LINING MUSLIN.
At 9 Cents,
GOOD DARK PRINTS.
At $1.00,
A magnificent stock of
OIL CLOTHS.
A new invoice of
Crumb Cloths, Druggets.
An extra quality of
RAG CARPETS.
McCALLUM BROS.,
51 Fifth Street, above Wood.
no7:1
COUNTRY BLANKETS,
AT
J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S.
Large size and best BLANKETS in the city.
5-4, 4-4, 3-4 WHITE FLANNELS;
RED AND YELLOW FLANNELS;
GREY AND COLORED FLANNELS;
GREY TWILLED FLANNELS;
SHIRTING FLANNELS;
WATERPROOF CLOTHS;
WIDE VELVETS;
And a large assortment of NEW GOODS.
Remember the place.
No. 57 MARKET STREET.
WM. SEMPLE'S,
Nos. 140 and 142 Federal Street, Allegheny City, Pa.
no7
REAL LACES.
REAL LACES.
REAL LACES.
REAL LACES.
We have just opened, this day, some superb styles of
REAL POINT GAUZE HANDKERCHIEFS.
REAL POINT GAUZE FANCHONS.
REAL POINT GAUZE COIFFURES.
REAL POINT GAUZE BARBES.
REAL POINT GAUZE SETTS.
This lot is part of a special importation, and are offered at much under regular prices.
Ladies will find some singular goods in this lot, and well worth their attention.
MACRUM & CARLISLE
No. 19 Fifth Street.
REAL LACES
REAL LACES.
REAL LACES.
no7:
AUTUMN TRADE, 1867.
M'ELROY,
DICKSON
& COMPANY,
No. 54 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH,
Now Offer Their
FALL STOCK
OF
DOMESTIC AND FANCY
DRY GOODS,
SHAWLS,
AND NOTIONS,
IN GREAT VARIETY.
The attachment will be kept complete during the season, and
Cash and Short Time Buyers
Are invited to examine the Stock.
S. S. McELROY,
JAMES DICKSON,
JOHN T. SHAW.
THE FORT PITT
LUMBER CO.
Capital, $125,000.
President—EDW. DITHRIDGE.
Secretary—T. A. WRIGHT.
Superintendent—JAS. GILLESPIE.
The Fort Pit