Pittsburgh Gazette

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1867.

UNION REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:

HENRY WARREN WILLIAMS,
Of Allegheny County.

SENATE:
RUSSELL ERRETT, of Robinson Tp.

ASSEMBLY:
GEORGE WILSON, Oakland.
WILLIAM R. FORD, City.
ALEXANDER BILLAR, McKeesport.
AUGUSTUS ERVIN ERRETT, Reserve Tp.
GEORGE R. REWBLE, Allegheny.
DAVID L. SMITH, Allegheny.

PROTHONOTARY:
JACOB H. WALTER, City.

TREASURER:
Maj. W. F. DENNISTON, Liberty Tp.

COMMISSIONER:
A. PILLOW, Tarentum.

CORONER:
WILLIAM CLAWSON, City.

POOR DIRECTOR:
R. M. DAVIS, Sewickley.

JURY COMMISSIONER:
CHARLES FUGH, Manchester.

THE RALLY TO-NIGHT.

The Republicans of the Sixth, Seventh and Eighth Wards of Pittsburgh, should bear in mind the rally at the corner of Fulton and Wylie streets. Let the turnout be general.

REPUBLICANS! only one week more gives opportunity to do whatever has been overlooked in the necessary work of perfecting organization so as to bring all our voters to the polls. Examine at once into the details respecting your own ward or township, and see if any essential preliminary remains unattended to. If anything available has been omitted, see to it, and at once. Do not let one wait for another. Each individual should constitute himself a committee charged to do all that he discovers to be undone. In this manner will the way be paved to a grand success that shall abundantly recompense all the labor bestowed; and send a wave of exultation along the Republican hosts throughout the whole extent of the Republic.

MR. MORRILL, of Vermont, and Mr. BRYANT, of New York, returned recently from Europe together. A correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune* states that on the voyage frequent discussions were had between them on the economic questions involved in Protection and Free Trade; in the course of which Mr. MORRILL freely acknowledged that high impost duties had not beneficially affected American industry; that he was amazed to see the evidences of commercial prosperity in Europe under the sway of Free Trade; and that he should at the approaching session of Congress recommend a material reduction of the tariff. If sometimes happens that authentic news comes the farthest way round; but we are not yet prepared to credit this change of views on the part of Mr. MORRILL.

THE New Orleans *Republican* states that rents are so high in that city as to preclude the possibility of the success of establishment of manufactures. In Pittsburgh and vicinity rents are so high as to create serious embarrassment in the way of manufacturing. But if our people keep on building for a few years to come, as they have been for two or three years past, that difficulty will vanish. The addition of three thousand houses annually has not as yet met the increased demand, so as to prevent rents from constantly going up; but the chances are that next year building will be prosecuted on a larger scale than hitherto. Rents must come down here, or our manufacturers will find it impossible to compete with those elsewhere, who possess the advantage of lower rent. The only way to secure what has been obtained—much more, to make still farther advances, is to augment the number of buildings in still greater ratio.

A GAME OF CHESS—A CHECKMATE IN PROSPECT.

When Bismarck yielded to Napoleon's demand in the Luxemburgh question, everybody cried, Shame. Everybody predicted that his prestige was gone; that France had regained the position from which its crafty opponent had pushed it. In short, that the waning star of Louis Napoleon had begun to reassume its wonted lustre. How short sighted these prophets were! Behold! the Emperor of France, driven to the wall, foiled without even a chance of alliance; and all this by the masterly policy of his rival and former pupil. The game of chess is, indeed, drawing to a close. Let us for a moment follow the movements of this game, for it contains a lesson for thinking minds.

After the astonishing development of Prussian power Napoleon thought it necessary to check its farther progress and growth. He, therefore, demanded the evacuation of the fortress of Luxemburg and the sanction of its purchase by him from Holland, even at the risk of war. "If war is inevitable," he argued, "it is better to fight this young giant now, before he has well digested all the morsels he has lately consumed. Now, they obstruct him; assimilated they will sustain him; and since my people get restless, I may as well turn their impatience into a channel comparatively harmless." Thus Louis argued, and really obtained what the world thought a decided success. Bismarck yielded in so far as to evacuate the fortress, which was surrendered to its owner, on condition that it should be dismantled. The London conference urged this mode of settlement, and Napoleon did not dare to insist on his original demands in defiance to public opinion. Thus Bismarck avoided war with France at a critical period; at a moment when he needed time, and strength, and skill, to consolidate the newly acquired territory. We never considered his concession as a sign of weakness. It is the strong that can afford to yield; while the weak necessarily fear to betray their condition by doing so. The plot in Hanover; the jealous clamors of Denmark; the envy of Saxony—all this would have made a war at that time extremely perilous, and Bismarck knew it. He therefore drew in his advanced posts, and by yielding a little point secured a strong position. The General that can only advance, and not retreat, is not worthy of the command of an army; and Bismarck made by this movement what in warfare is called a masterly retreat. He cut off any further cavilings from Napoleon's side. The latter had gained his point. How could he proceed in hostile measures against a yielding enemy? He had declared himself satisfied at the Conference, and a new step against his rival would have placed him in a wrong position.

Thus Bismarck manœuvred, and gained time to develop his plans. How admirably has he used his chance! The discontent in Hanover was quelled, the demands of Denmark turned against that power; a commercial union with the southern States accomplished, and the road for a complete confederation opened. Too late Napoleon saw his mistake; too late did he make efforts to gain friends and assistance in the approaching struggle for mastery. Too late! Wherever he knocked he was snubbed. First he called on England, trying to excite her jealousy about the naval growth of Germany. When he failed in this attempt, he solicited the assistance of Italy, basing his requests on the obligations under which that country was to him. But Rattazi, tool of France as he is, could not forget that, if Italy was indebted to France, it was still more indebted to Prussia, and that a close union with the latter power was a life-condition to this country. Therefore he begged to be excused. Poor Napoleon! A snub is a snub, no matter whether coated with sugar or not. But unabashed, he started anew, and paid his respects to his majesty, the Czar of Russia. But, if he failed before, he now made a grand fiasco. Indeed, he might have known the issue beforehand. Had he forgot his endeavors to check the growth of Russia? Was he so blind as not to see that the interests of Russia and Prussia went hand in hand? What was the consolidation of Germany to the Czar? His aspirations lie south and east. On the other hand Prussia does not object to the occupation of Constantinople by Russia, and, therefore, is indifferent to Russian efforts to that end. And yet Napoleon expected to win Russia over to his side! He was misled by the pressure of necessity, hoping against hope, and calculating against better judgment.

After Russia refused, only one chance was left to Louis. There was no one to go to, except crippled, bleeding, humbled Austria. The deathcry of Maximilian was still ringing through the halls of the hofburgh of Vienna, and the visit of the murderer at this moment was a delicate undertaking. However, necessity knows no law, and Napoleon sent his card and compliments. Francis Joseph did not choose to have him at Vienna; so he met him at Salzburg. Both emperors had their prime ministers with them. Matters looked promising, and the press of France began to exult. Prussia was to be humbled. Germany was not to be united, but remain lying at the mercy of its superior neighbor. In short, great things were to spring from this interview, and we ourselves began to wonder whether Francis Joseph could really have made a dunce of himself. Yet we delayed our judgment, and resolved to wait—and behold, the braying of the ass soon betrayed the character of the beast in the lion's skin.

To quit the metaphor—when Louis reached his own country again, he made speeches and in them extolled the sweetness of peace. Who, on hearing what he said, did not think of the fable of the old wolf, who, when his teeth were gone with his strength, came to the shepherd and professed a change of heart and a disposition to live with him in peace and harmony, yes even to assist him in protecting his flocks against the attacks of his savage brethren? Indeed, when Napoleon speaks of peace, we may either infer that it will not pay to fight, or that he is lacking the strength to make the attempt. Now, to know which of the two is the case, we need only read Bismarck's late speech. He glories in the achievements of the present, and in the prospects of the future. He says that no foreign nation will henceforth dare to interfere with the destinies of Germany. Do we require any other commentary?

SUPERIOR AND INFERIOR.

G. T. Curtis, discussing the reconstruction policy of Congress in the *World*, argues its failure from "the fact that the superior race is to remain in political subjection to the inferior." This question of superiority is entirely relative. Mohammet is superior to any other member of Congress in a fat fight, but Judge Tourgee is as much his superior in a law argument as Hercules to him in muscle. Some of the Southern whites are superior to the blacks, in intelligence; some are inferior. As a race the whites are superior in all the arts of civilization; the black are their superiors in that Faith and Charity "which hopeth all things, believeth all things," which looks aloft through the clouds of adversity, and sees the light beyond. They are superior to their duties in the incommunicable gift of cheerfulness, and the laugh which shakes the cobwebs from the brain, but the general superiority of a man often has little to do with his fitness for a particular place. The greatest philosopher of the age may be inferior to the little, ragged urchin at a corner, in the art of blacking boots; and each situation requires the men or class of men who are superior to all others in his or its fitness for that place. Printing calls for typographers, architecture for masons and carpenters, &c., and so on. No matter how much a man may know about anything or everything else, if he cannot set type he is not fit for the case; and if he is expert as a printer no employer demands of him a knowledge of any other trade. Each place and vocation requires a qualification peculiarly its own; and the State demands the qualification of loyalty in her citizens and voters, as paramount to all other gifts and graces.

A disloyal Maurey is disqualified for citizenship, and in that vital requirement is the inferior of the most ignorant loyal negro who ever handled a hoe in a Georgia cotton field. Loyalty to the Government is the first requisite to citizenship in that Government; and the man who is disloyal, however he vets in MORRISSEY in muscle, and has all the other qualifications of all the Congresses combined, is inferior, as a citizen, to the most ignorant and ugliest negro cripple who has waited, and prayed, and watched, or fought and suffered for the welfare and success of his country.

As citizens of this Federal Government, therefore, the negroes are greatly the superiors of the Southern whites. They are superior, as a class; for, while a tythe of these were, and are glorious in this attribute of citizenship, the great majority are farther below the level of mediocrity than any line and plummet can reach.

The Southern whites who are qualified to be citizens are perfectly willing that the Southern blacks should stand at their sides, and these Southern loyalists of the two races are the superior class of that region.

Congress intends that the inferior race or class of the disloyal shall remain in political subjection to this superior class of the loyal; and none but a disloyal man will complain of the arrangement.

MONSTER GUN AT THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

This monster piece of artillery from Essen, Germany, is a cast steel one thousand pounder breech-loading gun, resting upon a cast steel carriage, the whole made of crucible cast steel. The inner tube was forged from a massive ingot of forty and a half tons under a fifty ton hammer, and weighs, in its present condition, twenty tons. The difference in the weight has been lost through the usual process of forging, turning and boring. The cast steel rings form a three-fold layer at the powder chamber and at the muzzle portion a two-fold layer. These rings weigh together thirty tons and have been manufactured, in a manner similar to the tube, from massive ingots and without welding.

The following list gives the particulars of this monster piece of ordnance:

Total weight of the gun, 50 tons; diameter of bore, 14 inches; total length of gun, 210 inches; weight of the solid shot, 1,212 pounds; weight of the shell, 1,080 pounds; charge of powder, 110 to 180 pounds.

This gun had been in progress of manufacture, day and night, for sixteen months, without interruption. The railways possessed no wagons strong enough to carry it, so that the establishment was compelled to construct its own wagon, which is manufactured entirely of steel and iron, and rests upon twelve wheels. The total weight of this wagon is twenty-four tons. This cannon rests upon a steel carriage of the weight of fifteen tons, and together they work upon a turn-table of the weight of twenty-five tons. The turn table was not sent to the exhibition, because sufficient space could not be afforded for it. The gun carriage slides smoothly on the turn-table to the checks at the back stays at each discharge of the gun. The mechanism for working the gun is such that one or two men can quickly and easily elevate, depress and turn it, and can, with the greatest speed and certainty, follow and cover any passing platel vessel. The price of the gun, with carriage and turn-table, is $21,750, or $150,000.

THE predictions of the Democratic party have always been verified. Our warnings to the workingmen have always been in season and our assertions borne out by events.—*Copperhead Ex.*

Let us see what your record for truth and reliability has been.

You predicted that the South could secede without war—but it couldn't!

You said the North would not fight—but it did!

You said one Southerner could whip five Northerners—but he couldn't!

You asserted that we had no power to coerce them—but we did!

You said that we never could conquer them—but we did!

You predicted that a bushel of greenbacks would not buy a dinner—but it will!

You resolved that the war was a failure—but we succeeded!

You predicted that the State of Pennsylvania would elect the Peace Democrat, Woodward, Governor, in 1863, and the rebel Clymer in 1866—but you didn't.

You are now predicting that you will elect the repudiator, Sharswood—but you won't.—*Mauch Chunk Gazette.*

THE Reading *Gazette* (Copperhead) calls upon its readers to "charge home." It seems disposed to have things done in military style now that the war is over. The charges made during the war, by a great many Copperheads in these parts, were toward the Alleghany mountains and other unknown regions. If they called that charging home it certainly did not harm their friends, the rebels, very much, but on the contrary was in their behalf. The "charges home" now called for by the *Gazette* are still of the same style, in behalf of traitors and rebels.—*Bedford Inquirer.*

—General Grant, since going into the War Department, has received a number of letters, some of them anonymous, and others from unknown persons, urging him to great care for his personal safety. The writers represent generally that his life is of the utmost importance to the nation. Some advise him to refrain from going about the city unattended. Others knowing his penchant for fast horses beg him to handle them with every possible precaution. One advises him to keep away from horse-cars, and a number urges caution in the admission of persons who wish private interviews.

—An amusing quarrel has arisen between some of the English newspapers and the illustrated journals of France. The British newspapers charge these illustrated with maliciously making Queen Victoria look exceedingly ugly on the engravings which they published of the visit of the Empress Eugenie to Osborne, and on which Eugenie and Victoria appear side by side. The French papers swear *parole d'honneur*, the ugliness of the Queen was not intentional, and there was no studied insult in the engravings. The fact is, that the face of the Queen in those engravings is a shocking caricature.

—A story is told about the late W. Hope, the wealthy banker of Amsterdam, and one of his purchases. He had bought a picture as a Rembrandt, and given 2,000 guineas for it. Finding that it did not quite fit the frame he sent for an inspector to ease it a little. While watching the operation he remarked how wonderfully the picture was preserved, considering that it was nearly two hundred years old. "That is impossible," said the carpenter, "This wood is mahogany—and mahogany had not been introduced into Europe at that time." Mr. Hope burnt the picture.

—The tramontial Baron Brisse has announced a new liquor, which he calls *Les Larmes de Cora Pearl*. It is said as well as wine that he sells under this title. Time was when *Lesbian* was the most thoughtful and happiest name for one of the choicest of wines; but it is the ballet which furnishes the evergreen modern Paris, and Baron Brisse is right in calling his brand the "Tears of Cora Pearl." The price of its "Tears" is seven francs the *litre*. "Not so dear as her smiles," says a Parisian wit.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE regulates and cures the Stomach.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure is a sovereign remedy for all diseases of the stomach and bowels.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure cures fever and ague. Let those afflicted with this malady try it.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure cures instantaneously, and you do not have to wait a week to see its effect.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure is the greatest appetizer ever known; it not only creates the appetite, but enables you to easily digest your food.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure is recommended by all who have used it.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure is an invaluable friend to all who are weak, debilitated and in a low state of nervous action.

☞ Sole Agent for Pittsburgh and vicinity.

JOSEPH FLEMING, Druggist,
No. 84 Market Street,
Corner of the Diamond, near Fourth.
se27 MTW

VIGOROUS VITALITY.

The best defense against disease is a vigorous vitality. Disease is simply a struggle between the life-power and the invisible enemies that assail it; and the result depends upon the relative strength of the opposing principles. In proportion to the vigor and energy of the physique and the constitution, is their capacity to resist and fight off the morbid influences which produce sickness. It is a well known fact that active poisons affect in different degrees the weak and the strong. The dose of a grain or of arsenic that will suffice to kill a child will scarcely sicken a stalwart man. It is the same with the actual poisons which produce epidemic and endemic fevers, dysenteries, fluxes and the like. Their effect upon the system depends upon its power of resistance. Augment, therefore, this resistant power, if you would escape these evils. The tonic agent necessary to effect this object has been provided in

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

A vegetable invigorant of surpassing potency. Fortify the body, increase the vital strength of every organ with this great herbal invigorant. Remember that it strengthens without unduly exciting the animal system.

CURE OF FISTULA.

DR. KEYSER: I write to thank you for your kindness and scientific management of my disease, for which I called to consult you some time in January last. You will remember that I had a complication of diseases—fistula and piles, and in a terrible fistula, which had been advised to "let alone" on account o a harassing cough, which it was feared might arise on my lungs I knew that the popular m de of treating dis eases like mine was by a cutting operation, which, if successful at all, would naturally throw the disease upon the lungs or some other vital organ, on account of the suddenness of the cure and the immediate check to a discharge which I was accustomed to believe was a salutary provision of Nature to get rid of some morbid condition in the system. I feel perfectly satisfied that your method of treatment, purifying to the system, and local applications to the fistulous part, must cure, if anything could, without cutting, which I feel it did, and I am happy to report myself well in every particular, with sounder and better health than I have had for years. I would also add that the applications you made were almost painless. Id hav left me a new man, with all the energies an vigor of restored health.

Yours, gratefully, C——

Dr. Keyser's consultation rooms are No. 120 Penn street, from 9 A. M. until 4 P. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is our authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

NOTICE—All persons having claims against the PENNSYLVANIA STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY will please present the same for examination, at No. 10 St. Clair street. If approved, they will be paid by JOHN B. RUTHERFORD, Treasurer.
se21:3t

MECHANICS' SAVINGS BANK,
No. 14 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS. ANY SUM RECEIVED FROM ONE DOLLAR UPWARD. Deposits received subject to check, without interest.

TRUSTEES:
JAMES BLACKMORE, President.
GEO. D. TIBBLE, Sec'y and Treas'r.
JAMES H. HOPKINS, Solicitor.
JAMES BLACKMORE, JAS. H. HOPKINS,
ALEX. TINDLE, JAMES ROWE,
WILLIAM DEARE. W. W. BEADSHAW,
A. G. CURRIER, ROBERT WRAY,
JOHN EVANS.
MTH

DISSOLUTION.

THE FIRM OF GRAHAM & BYRNE, late dealers in Main Cars and Furs, at No. 85 St. Clair street, is this day dissolved by my withdrawal from said firm. Persons indebted to said firm are notified not to make payments to Mr. GRAHAM.
OWEN BYRNE.
Pittsburgh, Sept. 28th, 1867. se28:3t

JOSEPH MEYER & SON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
FURNITURE,
No. 634 PENN STREET.
Also, 128 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH.
se27:3t79

FOR SALE,
A COUNTRY STORE,
With fixtures, &c., situated in Middletown, Allegheny county, Pa., doing a good business. Selling the entire stock and fixtures at a bargain to the present owner, if found the other business. Apply AT THE STORE for particulars.
se28:3t

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL meeting of the Stockholders of the WEST NICKSBURG AND MINERAL OIL CO., No. — FIFTH ST., PITTSBURGH, PA., for the election of Trustees for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may then be properly before the co. arise.

The polls will be open from 11 o'clock A. M. to 2 o'clock P. M.

The transfer books will be closed from the 5th to the 9th, inclusive.

CHAS. H. TUCKER, Secretary.
se30:3t6

OFFICE OF HICKORY FARM OIL CO., } No. 16 Nassau Lane, New York. }

NOTICE — THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the HICKORY FARM OIL CO. will be held at the office of the Company, in New York, on

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 23d, 1867,

at 12 o'clock, noon, for the election of Trustees for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may then be properly before the meeting. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock M. until 2 o'clock P. M. The transfer books will be closed from the 15th to the 21st inclusive.

CHAS. H. TUCKER, Secretary.
se28:3

ESTABLISHED IN 1842.

J. T. WRAY & BROS.,
SUCCESSORS TO M. CONNOLLY,
STEAM CRACKER BAKERY,
29 and 31 Irwin Street,
se30:3t PITTSBURGH, PA.

TWO CHEAP FRAME HOUSES
FOR SALE.
In Manchester.

Four rooms in each. Lots 20 by 120. If desired will be sold singly. Favorably located, and can be had low.

INQUIRE OF
STEEL & WILSON,
Brokers and Real Estate Agents,
No. 66 Smithfield street.
se30:1t

NEW GOODS!
BLANKETS, FLANNELS,
CASSIMERES, FLANNELS,
DRESS GOODS.
Also, a full assortment of NOTIONS,
PAPER COLLARS, NECK TIES
SUSPENDERS, &c., &c.,
Selling at low prices, at
EUWER & LONG'S,
No. 61 OHIO ST., ALLEGHENY,
Four doors East of the Diamond.

"BEYOND THE MISSISSIPPI"—A complete history of the new States and Territories, from the Great River to the Great Ocean. By ALBERT D. RICHARDSON. Its popularity is attested by the sale of over 20,000 copies in a single month.

Life and Adventure on Prairies, Mountains and the Pacific Coast. With over 200 descriptive and picturesque views of the country, cities, people and curiosities of the new States and Territories.

To prospective emigrants and settlers in the "Far West" this History of that vast and fertile region will prove an invaluable assistance, supplying as it does a full and reliable account, domestic and social, of the wilds of Idaho, Nebraska, Colorado, Utah, Montana, Dakota, &c., &c., from its extensive quarries on the Yenghegheny.

Address, R. S. PETERSON & CO., No. 319 Seventh St., Philadelphia, Pa.
se21:3t&d

JUST RECEIVED,
AT
J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S,
No. 87 Market Street.

Silk Warp Poplins, Corded Poplins;
Ottoman Reps, Velvet Cords;
Empress Cloths, Poplin Mohairs;
Velvet Due Chetts, Barathea Cloths;
French Merinos, Black Bombazines;
Black Empress, Black Merinos;
Black Alpaccas, Black Mohairs;
Black Silk Lustres, Black Poplin Reps;
Black Cord de Lains, Black Corded Reps;
Alexandria Poplins;

AND A LARGE STOCK OF
NEW DRESS GOODS,
VERY CHEAP.

French Merinos for $1 00, cheap at $1.25
French Merinos for $1.25, cheap at $1.50, all new shades and very fine goods.
Black and Colored Alpacas, from 31c. per yard and upwards.
se21

FALL STOCK
OF
BOYS' CLOTHING.

Now in Store, a Large and Complete Assortment of
BOYS', YOUTH'S AND CHILDREN'S
CLOTHING,
FOR THE FALL SEASON. New styles and low prices. Call and examine, at
No. 47 St. Clair Street.
GRAY & LOGAN.
se21

WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 Fifth Street,
Ask the attention of buyers to their
Large Assortment of
NEW DRESS GOODS,
Which they offer at Low Prices.
se27

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

MR. C. W. ROBINSON is associated with me in the manufacture of Glassware, to date from 1st inst. The business will be conducted under the style of

BEST & ROBINSON,

At the corner of Third and Try streets, where all orders will receive prompt attention and be executed with dispatch.

JOHN BEST.
Pittsburgh, Sept. 25th, 1867. se27:3t7

JOSEPH SHALLENBERGER
is prepared to furnish and place
STONE SLABS,
Of the largest dimensions, for PAVEMENTS, VAULTS, SAFE FLOORS, STREET CROSSINGS, &c., from his extensive quarries on the Youghiogheny.

Office and Yard on Allegheny Wharf, near Head Street Bridge,
PITTSBURGH, Pa.
Residence, 62 River Avenue, Allegheny City.
se21:126

AMERICAN WATCHES.
A SPLENDID STOCK OF
Fine Gold and Silver Watches,
FINE GOLD JEWELRY,
SILVERWARE, CLOCKS, &c.,
At the lowest prices. The public are invited to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
Watch repairing promptly attended to, at
W. WILSON'S,
No. 84 FOURTH STREET,
Two doors above Market street. se24:MWF

HOPE SPICE MILLS.
R. R. RIDDART.....C. A. STEVENS.
RIDDART & STEVENS,
Successors to J. D. DRAKE, manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of SPICES AND CHOCOLATE, Nos. 18 and 24 FOURTH ST. Pittsburgh. Pa.—21 Bayley, Cox Meal and Tea Store always on hand. Roasting done to order promptly. Wagon will call for Roasting and deliver same day.
se26:MWF

JAPANNING,
PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL, BY
WILLIAM LLOYD,
No. 3 St. Clair Street, PITTSBURGH, Pa.
Grocers' Tea Canisters Re-Japanned equal to new.
se21:g30

WE WILL KEEP ON HAND
Spring and plain WAGONS, CARTS,
DRAYS, SHAFTS, HARROWS,
TRUCKS, FRONT GEARS,
WAGON and TURNING STOCKS,
HAY RAKES and
At DUQUESNE WAGON WORKS, near the Pelt-ventilated, Allegheny City.
se7:MTh&S

GILDING AND REGILDING executed in the highest style of the Art.
RE-PRICES MODERATE. MOR&NEWS

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST.
A Subscription Book
Of the RESCUE HOOK AND LADDER COMPANY. Any person finding the above will please leave it at the
GAZETTE OFFICE.
se21:3t

A CAPITAL OPPORTUNITY
For a thoroughly qualified young Druggist.
FOR SALE.—A GREAT DRUG STORE. Going a-d-d-th business in a good location in the city of Philadelphia, Pa. Reasonable. Up wards of four years' of lease to run. Terms accommodating. Apply to
J. & W. FAIRLEY,
412 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

EVENING CLASS
FOR DRAWING.
An Evening Class will be opened on the 7th of October, at the School of Design, Fulton's building, 84 Fifth street, for mechanics, engravers, architects, &c. Also, all other branches of art taught. Instruction in gentlemen and ladies who wish to teach. Apply to E. HAYHURST,
se30:3t&w2 Principal.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—Letters of administration on the estate of DANIEL MORGAN, deceased, late of Findlay township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.
ALEXANDER H. THOMSON,
Administrator.
Residence in Independence Township, Beaver county, Pa.
se30:3t*

GOLD WATCH STOLEN
$25 Reward.

STOLEN, FROM THE HOUSE of the subscriber, in North Fayette township, Allegheny county, Pa., on Tuesday, the 24th of September, 1867, A GOLD WATCH, hunting case, stamped in centre fine, with gold chain and seal attached. The chain was composed of oval rings, and had both hook and T on the end of it. On the inner case was the following: "Straight line. H. Mathewmatics. Locle Swisse, No. 20." On the dial on one of the inner cases was the letters "L. W. E." enclosed with a pin. The above reward will be paid for any information that will lead to its recovery.
GEO. DICKSON,
Robinson's P. O.

CARPETS.
TOGETHER WITH OUR NEW
and complete assortment of WILTONS, VELVETS, BRUSSELS AND TAPESTRIES, we have opened the largest stock now offered in the city of
LOW PRICED
ALL WOOL
INGRAINS.
HEMPS, FINE LISTING and HEAVY MAG CARPETS, which we are enabled by our large contracts to offer at our retail customers at WHOLESALE PRICES.
OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & COMPANY
28 FIFTH STREET.

FALL DRY GOODS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
160 and 162 Federal St.,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

Melange Poplins,
Poplin Stripes and Plaids,
Silk Warp Poplins,
Merinos Shawls,
Plain Flannels,
Heavy Country Flannels,
Country Blankets,
Grey Blankets, Coverlets,
Balmoral and Hoop Skirts,
Skirt Fronts, Handkerchiefs
Notions, &c., &c.,
AN ATTRACTIVE STOCK,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
160 & 162 Federal St., Alleg'y City.
se30

FOR SALE.
PLANING MILL
AND
BOX FACTORY.
The ENTERPRISE PLANING MILL, situated corner Morris and Reiter streets, on line of Allegheny Valley Railroad, Allegheny City, is offered for sale, together with all the Machinery contained therein, consisting of WORKMAN'S PLANER, SURFACING MACHINES, CIRCULAR SAW and MOULDING CUTTER, RIP SAWS, and all kinds of WOOD WORKING MACHINERY.
Also, two valuable HORSES, suitable for Steam Fire Engine.
Also, two WAGONS, one a large Box Wagon and the other Workman's Grand Piano Box.
Also, 30,000 FEET POPLAR BOARDS AND PLANK.
Also, 10,000 FEET OAK.
2,000 FEET MAPLE.
2,000 FEET SYCAMORE.
2,000 FEET ORIDGE PINE
And a variety of other material.
To any party wishing to engage in the Planing Mill business, a rare opportunity is offered. The Mill and Machinery are now first class, and in perfect order.
FOR TERMS, APPLY TO
THOMAS N. MILLER,
Assignee,
Atlas Works, Morton st., Ninth ward.
se24:7t

SHOW CARDS!
SHOW CARDS!
A LARGE STOCK OF THESE
BEAUTIFUL CARDS,
Constantly on hand or made to order, for any business.
W. A. LYONS,
No. 7 Fifth Street.
se21:126

FINE WALL PAPERS.
September, 1867.
W. P. MARSHALL
Announces the receipt by special importation of
New French Paper Hangings,
With satin, plain, embossed and leather finish. Fall chrome and French decorations of original designs. Also, American cheap gold and plain Papers.
se21:126 87 WOOD STREET.

FIRST CLASS LOOKING GLASS
AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY.
J. LYONS,
No. 110 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
Keeps on hand and manufactures to order, the FINEST STYLE OF GILT, ROSEWOOD and WALNUT, OVAL and SQUARE MIRROR, PORTRAIT and PICTURE FRAMES, Curtain Cornice, Rings and Buttons, Oneida Priced and Bracket Tables of exquisite design and workmanship.
GILDING AND REGILDING executed in the highest style of the Art.
RE-PRICES MODERATE. MOR&NEWS

JUST OPENED.
NEW FANCY GOODS,
AND TRIMMINGS,
At F. H. EATON'S,
17 FIFTH STREET.
se28

DRUG STORE FOR SALE.
A FIRST CLASS DRUG STORE,
Doing a good retail and prescription business, and having a well established patronage, situated in one of the best business parts of the city. Inquire of D. A. FAHNESTOCK, 308 & CO., corner of Wood and First streets, Pittsburgh.
se21:3t&DAF

NOTICE.—Application is hereby made for the
PARDON OF GEORGE I. HALL,
Who was convicted for larceny cutting in March Term of Court, and sentenced to the Penitentiary for the term of two years.
se21:3t2

GOLDEN PALM SOAP.
Two gross of this celebrated Toilet Soap; also, Lyon's and Colgate's Honey and Glycerine Soap Tablets, just received and for sale, wholesale and retail, by
JOHN A. RENSHAW,
se28 corner Liberty and Ross streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE BANKERS' AND MERCHANTS'
GRAND
Presentation Enterprise
HAS PROVEN
A WONDERFUL SUCCESS.
CAPITAL TICKETS AND PRIZES
INCREASED FROM
$1,287,148 TO $1,500,000,
Making this the most Stupendous and Successful Presentation Scheme ever Inaugurated in the World!

Our Agents have received orders for over One Hundred Thousand Tickets more than our original issue, and the Managers, being desirous of filling the orders and supplying the demand, have decided to increase the tickets from 1,287,147 to 1,500,000.

The Committees appointed at the first Concert, have decided to distribute the Prizes at the

THIRD AND LAST CONCERT,
WHICH WILL TAKE PLACE AT
IRVING HALL,
NEW YORK CITY,
Thursday, October 24th, 1867.

TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR EACH,

A PRIZE WITH EVERY TICKET.

PROSPECTUS.

A number of the leading Bankers and Merchants of New York, considering the success of the Gift Concerts which has attended many of the Gas Companies, Fruit Companies, &c., have formed themselves into a committee, with the object of inaugurating an enterprise which, while it shall return them a fair profit, shall offer greater advantages to every purchaser than any yet presented; and which being conducted upon a perfectly legitimate and business basis, shall be free from those objectionable features which have characterized many of these enterprises.

To this end they have consigned the sale of tickets into the registering of the same to Clark, Webster & Co., Bankers and Brokers, No. 62 Broadway, New York, who will keep the records in their custody until the day of the Grand Presentation Entertainment, when they will be handed over to a Committee appointed by the citizens to make an impartial distribution of Prizes.

A reference to the number of concerts and to the character of the citizens, given below, will convince every one of the success of the present enterprise, which will soon be to all who patronize it. Every ticket holder will be entitled to the financial standing of the Company, and the Managers of Blanket Concert will, they hope, prove a sufficient guaranty of the fairness and impartiality with which everything is connected with it will be conducted, and that the interests of ticket holders will be most strictly watched over and guarded. In fact, it is the desire of the Managers to conduct every transaction for the mutual benefit of whoever shall purchase a ticket, and everything which could in the slightest degree militate against this end will be carefully guarded against.

Tickets, ONE DOLLAR EACH.

For sale at the Banking House of CLARK, WEBSTER & CO., 62 Broadway, New York, or sent by mail on receipt of price and stamp for return postage.

SPECIAL TERMS OR CLUB RATES.

Any party procuring a Club of five or more names for tickets, and forwarding the money for the same, will be allowed the following commission:

WE WILL SEND,

4 Tickets	$ 3 00
8 Tickets	6 00
20 Tickets	15 00
24 Tickets	18 00
50 Tickets	37 50
100 Tickets	75 00

In order that every subscriber's name may be registered, send the P. O. address, with town, county, and State in full.

Money by draft, postoffice order, express, or in registered letters may be sent at our risk.

All communications must be addressed to
CLARK, WEBSTER & CO.,
62 Broadway, N. Y.

Immediately after the Grand Distribution, a list of the Prizes awarded will be printed, and sent to each ticket-holder.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPECIAL OPENING
AND SALE
OF
NEW
DRY GOODS,
On West Corner Market and Fourth Streets,
No. 69,
☞ OBSERVE THE ADDRESS. ☜
GARDNER
&
STEWART.

20 doz. pure Linen Double Huck Towels, wide red borders and fringe, 25 cents each, cheap at 50c.
50 doz. Linen White Fronts, 25 and 37½ cents, worth 50 and 62½c.
1 case heavy Cassimere Tweeds, 50 and 62½c, been selling for $1.
1 case Medium Towels, 20 & 25c.
Balmoral Skirts, $1.50, $1.75, $2.
Plain Cashmere Dress Goods, at 37½ cents.
Plain Poplin Mohairs, 37½c.

SILK WARP POPLINS,
CORDED POPLINS,
OTTOMAN REPS,
VELVET CORDS,
EMPRESS CLOTH,
POPLIN MERINOS,
VELVET DU CHEINS,
BARATHEA CLOTHS,
FRENCH MERINOS,
BLACK BOMBAZINES,
BLACK EMPRESS,
BLACK MERINOS,
BLACK ALPACCAS,
BLACK MOHAIRS,
BLACK SILK LUSTRES,
BLACK POPLIN REPS,
BLACK CORDED DE LAINS,
BLACK CORDED REPS,
ALEXANDRIA POPLINS,

AND A LARGE STOCK OF
NEW DRESS GOODS,
CHEAP.
FRENCH MERINOS for $1, cheap at $1.25.
FRENCH MERINOS at $1.25, cheap at $1.50, all new shades and very fine goods.
BLACK AND COLORED ALPACCAS, from 31 cents per yard upwards.
GARDNER & STEWART,
West Corner Market and Fourth Streets,
No. 69.

WHITE BLANKETS at $5.00, worth $7.00.
" " 5.50, " 8.00.
" " 6.50, " 11.00.
" " 7.00, " 12.00.
" " 8.00, " 14.00.
" " 9.00, " 16.00.
" " 10.00, " 17.50.

Cheapest Blankets ever seen in the city.
White and Colored Quilts, rep ared; Corsets, from 62½ upwards; Fancy Flannelette Spreads, in all colors; Fine Cashmere Long Shawls; Long and square Woollen Shawls; Black Thibet Long and Square Shawls; Misses' and Children's Shawls; Black Hose, and Lyon's Black Silk Velvet, for Cloaks, Bonnets and Hosiers, from the lowest price to; Water Proof Cloakings, Cloths and Cassimeres; Broad Cloth and Cloakings, Black Doe Skins, Corduroys, Velveteens, and a full line of FANCY STUFFS, from 18¾ cents upwards. Prints at 18¾ cents, worth 18¾ cents.
Yard wide Unbleached Muslins