THE DAILY GAZETTE
PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING,
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)
PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
Proprietors,
E. E. PENNIMAN.....JOSIAH KING.
E. F. REED.....E. F. REED.
Editors. Business Managers.
OFFICE, GAZETTE BUILDING,
Nos. 84 AND 86 FIFTH STREET.
Leading Republican Paper of Western Pennsylvania.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF PITTSBURGH AND ALLEGHENY CITY.
LARGEST, CHEAPEST and BEST FAMILY and COMMERCIAL PAPER in the State.
TERMS OF THE DAILY:
Single copy.....2 cents.
Delivered by Carriers, per week.....15 "
Mail Subscribers, per year.....$8 00.
Address, GAZETTE,
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1786

Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXII.—NO. 219. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1867. PRICE THREE CENTS.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.
TWO EDITIONS,
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY,
A large sheet, containing THIRTY-SIX COLUMNS of interesting reading matter, including Leading Editorials, latest News by Telegraph and Mail, valuable Selecting Matter for the Family, and fullest and most reliable Financial and Commercial Market Reports given by any paper in the city. No Farmer, Mechanic or Merchant should be without it.
TERMS FOR THE WEEKLY GAZETTE:
Single Subscriber.....$1.50.
Clubs of Five.....1.25.
Clubs of Ten.....1.10.
And one copy of paper to the person getting up the club. Additions to clubs can be made at any time, at club rates.
NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.—In ordering your paper, be sure and specify what edition you want, as we issue a Wednesday Edition for subscribers having but one mail a week.
Money by Draft, Express, Money Order, or in Registered Letters, may be sent at our risk.
Address, GAZETTE,
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

A WORTHY CANDIDATE.

The loyal voters of the Commonwealth ask no higher tribute to the worth and character of Judge Williams than the following neat compliment paid him by the only daily Democratic paper of Western Pennsylvania the day following his nomination. It said:

"The nomination of the Hon. Henry W. Williams as a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court is a good one. He was the best man named before the Republican Convention, and possesses legal and moral qualifications for the responsible position to which he has been nominated. Both parties have now presented their candidates. An important duty has been faithfully discharged by the respective conventions. The campaign may now be conducted *without personal aspersions*, and decided upon the principles of the two great parties. This is as it should be. It is an auspicious sign of the times, and if the county conventions are equally fortunate in the selection of legislative candidates, there will be a stop put to the deplorable corruption at the seat of government under a new reign of honest men and conscientious legislators.—*Pittsburgh Post, June 28th, 1867.*

The *Post*, in referring to the above, on the 29th of August, was pleased to say:

"We have nothing to take back or modify. Of Judge Williams' private or legal reputation we have nothing but words of praise, and however it may suit some pugnacious and heady politicians, we cannot bring ourselves to view personal assaults as either wise or politic."

SOUTHERN OPINION.

The Augusta (Ga.) *Scatinel*, of the 15th instant, contains a letter to General A. R. Wright, written by Mr. H. R. Casey, from which we take a specimen:

"The question is, Are not the Radical usurpers of the Government and are they not wielding its vast machinery in entire disrespect of the Constitution and of all laws, and running it simply as a party *machine*? Another question then follows. Would war upon that party mean war upon the Government? I answer no. Opposition to the illegal, unjust and tyrannical enactments of a mad, fanatical junto is not disloyalty to the Government."

A good deal was written and published, at the South, in substantially this same vein before the population was induced to take up arms. The germinal idea is that the Democratic party are the people, and the Democratic platform, last adopted, the Constitution; that to dissent from that Platform is to contemn the Constitution, and to oppose that party to be guilty of the deepest incivism. The arrogance with which this assumption was maintained was without a parallel, and led the Democrats on till they were ready to make war upon the government rather than yield up the administration of its affairs.

The extract above is not the only indication that has fallen under our observation of a determination among Democrats, South and North, to go back to this intolerable and malignant egotism. All Governments are administered by parties, and are so far "party machines." The Democratic party administered the Government of the United States for an unbroken period of thirty years, and made it as complete a "party machine" as ever existed. The whole thing was managed by Democrats, in accordance with Democratic ideas. If such a condition of affairs justifies a resort to arms the Republicans, after 1860, had ample cause for plunging the country into war. They did not hold to this doctrine then. They will not tolerate it now. If any one of the revolted States shall show a disposition to assert this doctrine, and to practice accordingly, it will be retained under military government until it shall reach a juster conception of the situation.

THE DEMOCRATS are driven to desperation. They placed their cards too early in the campaign and hold not a single trump. In their weakness they cry for help and are rushing into the arms of President Johnson for support. Only a few weeks ago several of the county conventions of the opposition refused to endorse Mr. Johnson, and ignored him with as much independence as could be shown by the Radicals. They were too late. To remedy their error a horde of politicians whose blood chills in prospect of another defeat, are now whining on the stool of repentance at the feet of the President, imploring him to forgive them their trespasses, and to save Pennsylvania from the Radicals by his patronage. Make a note of it Republicans. The enemy is demoralized, and by closing up your ranks and bearing down on him in October, as a solid mass, political disaster of the most positive character awaits him.

A GOOD MANY of the Southern people, among them persons of decided eminence, take issue with the President as to the tendency of Gen. Sickles's course. They are constrained to applaud what was done, and to deplore the action of the President. This is not the only particular in which thoughtful Southern men will soon find occasion to confess that the Republican plan is the best one for them and the whole country.

LITTLE PHIL SHERIDAN is a worker. No man in the army ever discharged his duties more faithfully, or worked more zealously. He was always at his post and toiled incessantly, and through downright drudgery accomplished many of his most brilliant exploits. During the past twenty years he was not absent from duty more than once, and then only for twenty days.

The Union League, of Philadelphia, by its intelligence, liberality and energy has made itself a power for good in this State. At a meeting of its members, held on Wednesday, it was

Resolved, That we do most especially and earnestly recommend the election of Henry W. Williams, of Pittsburgh, to the bench of the Supreme Court, as a learned and accomplished jurist, and a truly upright and loyal citizen.

THE rebels in Maryland are arming and drilling for a new rebellion under the traitor, Johnson. At the October election remember that every vote cast against the Union ticket will be an additional incentive to Andrew Johnson to carry out his purpose of over-throwing the will of the people by force of arms.

THE Republicans of the district composed of Carbon and Monroe counties have nominated Major Wm. K. Haviland for Representative.

CALVIN P. MELLINER is the Republican candidate for Assembly in Wayne and Pike counties.

TWO OR THREE Republican journals of this State have recently recommended the nomination of Mr. Curtin for Vice President. As many have expressed a preference for Mr. Grow. Either will do; but make a Supreme Judge first.

On the 7th of October an Excursion party, to consist of one hundred and fifty editors, will start from Chicago for Denver, expecting to be gone three weeks on the round trip.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ITALY.

AN ADDRESS FROM GARIBALDI—PROCLAMATION OF VICTOR EMANUEL.

FLORENCE, Sept. 22—Gen. Garibaldi has issued a stirring address, announcing that the time has now come for them to overthrow the tyranny of the Pope, restore Rome to Italy, and give the Eternal City its ancient supremacy as the capital of the Italian States.

A proclamation has also been promulgated by Victor Emanuel warning all Italians against taking part in aiding or abetting the revolutionary movement against Rome, which is denounced as a crime against the laws of Italy and nations. The proclamation concludes with a threat that the Government will not fail to visit with rigorous punishment all persons found engaged in illegal hostilities against the Papal authorities.

THE POPE DENOUNCES THE PROPOSED SALE OF CHURCH LANDS.

LONDON, September 22.—A dispatch from Rome states the Pope has publicly denounced the proposed sales of Church lands in Italy, and declared the decree of the Italian Government to that effect null and void.

DENMARK.

SUPERB ENTERTAINMENT TO ADMIRAL FARRAGUT—MARKED FRIENDSHIP FOR THE UNITED STATES.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 21.—The United States European Equadron, Admiral Farragut, still lying in this harbor. A superb entertainment was given yesterday, at the Royal Palace, in honor of Admiral Farragut and American Minister Yeaman, by the Kings of Denmark and Greece. Special trains came to the distinguished guests were made by both sovereigns and responded to in a distinguished manner. King George, of Greece, in his remarks, alluded to the action of the American Congress in reference to Cretan affairs, and expressed grateful acknowledgments for the sympathy shown by that body for the suffering Christians of the Island of Crete, in the resolutions passed at the recent session. The greatest friendship towards the United States was exhibited by all present, among whom were the most noted men of the kingdom.

THE RETROCESSION OF SCHLESWIG.

COPENHAGEN, September 21.—Strong doubts are entertained here in official quarters of the success of the Danish Cabinet in its negotiations with Prussia for the retrocession of the Danish province of Schleswig.

IRELAND.

CONTINUED ARRESTS OF FENIANS.

DUBLIN, September 21.—Arrests of suspected Fenian emissaries continue in this city. The latest is that of James Walton, supposed to be from the United States, an employee of the Fenian Brotherhood. He has been imprisoned and will soon be examined on a charge of treason.

GERMANY.

KING WILLIAM GOING ON A TOUR.

BERLIN, September 21.—The North German Parliament has agreed to a bill for the establishment of the Supreme Court of Commercial Affairs, and appointment of a President. The chief justice will be appointed by the King, and will be a civilian.

ENGLAND.

THE PAN-ANGLICAN SYNOD—THE PRESS EXCLUDED.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—The regular session of the Pan-Anglican Synod commenced this week at the Aren-Episcopal palace at Lambeth. It is understood that the reporters of the newspaper press will not be permitted to be present at the deliberations of the Synod.

1866 CABLE REPAIRED.

HEART'S CONTENT, September 21.—The 1866 Atlantic Cable was repaired yesterday, under direction of Sir Samuel Canning, and is now in good working order.

ARRIVED OUT.

QUEENSTOWN, September 22.—The steamship Pennsylvania, Captain Lee, from New York on the 7th inst., arrived to-day, and sailed for Liverpool. The steamship Manhattan, Captain Williams, from New York on the 11th inst., also arrived to-day and proceeded to Liverpool.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, September 21, 5 P. M.—Consols stronger, at 94 12-16; Five-Twenties, 72¼; Illinois Central, 79; Erie, 46; Atlantic & Great Western, 23¾.

FRANKFORT, September 21, 3 P. M.—U. S. Bonds, 76¼.

LIVERPOOL, September 21, 3 P. M.—Cotton quiet throughout the day; Middling Uplands, 9¾d; Orleans, 9¾d; Sales, 12,000 bales. Breadstuffs—Corn declined 3d; sales at 44s. for mixed Western. Other articles unchanged. Market closed firm. Provisions—Pork irregular during the day. Beef closed 2s 6d lower; extra prime mess, 97s 6d. Bacon—Lard advanced 3d, closing at 51s 6d. Pork steady at 71s. Bacon, 42s 6d. Cheese, 51s. Produce—Refined Petroleum advanced 1¼d, closing at 1s 2¼d; spirits steady at 1s 10d.

LONDON, September 21, 3 P. M.—No change in markets.

ANTWERP, September 21.—Markets unchanged.

FRANKFORT, Sept. 22—U. S. bonds are quoted at 6⅞ for issue of 1862.

SOUTH AMERICA.

The War in Paraguay—Town Abandoned and Destroyed by Paraguayans.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, September 21.—Rio Janeiro advices to the 31st of August give a report that San Sonata had been destroyed and abandoned by the Paraguayans, and the allies were in the rear of Humaita.

General Mitre had taken supreme command, superseding Marquis Goxicas, and a disagreement is reported between them.

The fort at Corumba has been taken by the allies.

Advices from Guatemala, report some revolutionary disturbances in small proportions. The cholera continues ravaging in Central America.

Nicaragua and Costa Rica are quiet and progressing. The Trans-Continental Railroad project, was again attracting attention. A representative of the house of Keith & Co., Contractors for the section between Lemon and Pocosara, arrived at San Jose. A party of engineers were expected from New York to join in carrying out a complete survey. Keith & Co. express a highly favorable opinion of the practicability of the projected road from Punta Teonas to the Capital. The Government is said to be strongly in favor of it, and hope the Americans who have it in charge will lead the English railway projectors in Nicaragua.

WEST INDIES.

Havana Loan Secured in London—Small Pox—Another Revolution in Hayti—Serious Destitution.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

HAVANA, Sept. 20.—The Havana municipal authorities have secured a loan in London, the administration are deliberating on the expediency of increasing the rate of interest offered by Banco Espanol beyond eight per cent.

Sugar firmer at 8½ reals for No. 12.

Advices from Jamaica to the 11th inst. state that small pox arrived in Montego Bay. Commerce was stagnated. Weather good and crops promising.

Port au Prince, Sept. 6.—Soinave has submitted to the Chambers an order warning foreigners against any public expression of opinion regarding the political affairs of the country. Another revolution was apprehended. The most horrible destitution prevails, and robberies are perpetrated almost with impunity. Business is paralyzed.

SANDWICH ISLANDS.

French and English Dissatisfied with the Treaty Made with the United States—Fearful Slaves by Leprosy.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—A special from San Francisco says: The French and English Ministers at Sandwich Islands carll at the treaty with the United States, and are disgusted at the advantages sure to accrue to the United States.

Leprosy was making fearful havoc among the natives. The victims are numbered by hundreds. A separate tract of land has been devoted to the sole use of the community of lepers. Only one foreigner, a German, had been attacked.

NEW ORLEANS.

Yellow Fever Increases—The Disease Widespread, but of a Mild Type.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 21.—The interments from fever during the twenty-four hours to this morning were sixty-four.

The *Picayune* says the disease is wide spread, and the number of deaths is greater than in the epidemic of 1853; but owing to the milder type the mortality is comparatively small.

Iron Works Destroyed.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BOSTON, Sept. 21.—The works of the Mount Hope Iron Company, in Somerset, were destroyed by fire this morning. The building contained a very large stock of iron. The loss is estimated at $150,000; about two-thirds insured.

WASHINGTON CITY.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, September 21, 1867.

FINANCIAL MATTERS.

Fractional currency issued for the week from the Printing Bureau $267,800; sent out from departments, $353,751, including $10,000 each to the United States Depositories at Cincinnati and Chicago; amount redeemed destroyed, $310,200; national bank notes issued, $89,150.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS.

The receipts of customs from the 9th to the 14th inclusive were $2,242,023.

GEN. SHERIDAN AT THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

Gen. Sheridan was at the War Department to-day, and had an interview with Gen. Grant.

TERRIBLE FIRE.

St. Pierre Mequelon was visited by a terrible fire last night. Two hundred houses were destroyed, with nearly all their contents. No live lost. The loss has not been ascertained.

COLLECTOR APPOINTMENT.

The appointment of a collector of Internal Revenue for the Third District of New York, in place of Gallipot, will probably be made next week. The most prominent candidates are Generals Bauer, Mott and Fagan.

PROPOSED MEETING OF LOYAL GOVERNORS.

Governor Chamberlain, of Maine, and Senator Cameron, of Pennsylvania, have arrived here. It is rumored that Cameron's mission is to prevail on Governor Fenton and Chamberlain to have the proposed meeting of loyal Governors take place here next week. Governor Fenton was to have gone home to-night, but has delayed his departure until to-morrow evening. It is also stated it is Mr. Cameron, Governor Fenton, Governor Chamberlain, General Sickles, and General Sheridan, will visit General Grant to-morrow in a body. There are many rumors afloat as to what is going on, and the Johnson men are especially anxious.

PENNSYLVANIA DEMOCRATIC POLITICIANS.

Pennsylvania Democratic politicians are here in great numbers, trying the patronage to give them all the old possible in Government patronage to which they think they are demand in order to make the State safe for the Democratic party in the coming election. Are working like bees. A committee has been appointed to wait on Johnson to-morrow, and make a list of claims from Pennsylvania and Hunsel. But however anxious Democratic ticket. These are to refer to the President, and if they should apply for leave to go home he has had not election without giving a pledge as to how they will vote, effort will be made to have them disarmed from their positions.

GOING TO INQUIRE DEMANDED.

General Sickles has received the demand for a Court of Inquiry in his case, which, if not granted, he will at once resign, and be ready to make a reply to the charges in the President's proclamation.

WASHINGTON, September 22, 1867.

TREASURY OFFICER LYING.

A dispatch received to-day at the Treasury Department from Leavenworth, Kan., announced that Mr Colby, Register of the Treasury, was sinking very rapidly.

HONORS TO SHERIDAN AND SICKLES.

Provision of Commander of the Department of the Potomac, Department of the Republic, issued the following Circular:

The officers and men of the two much distinguished soldiers of the Military Division and Military Districts Nos. 2 and 5, coming in contact under circumstances calculated to arouse our profoundest congratulations, to an event not so common as it ought to be in civilized life, and which it is believed will be cordially received by the country and these champions of the right all honor. With a cordiality required. It is not enough to put unmistakable, manner our hearty congratulations, and the congratulations of those justly esteemed officers. Commanders will assemble at nine o'clock P. M., on Monday, September 23, in the office of the Chief of Staff, and 2, on Ninth street, thence to tender a complimentary serenade, at eight o'clock. Maj. Gen. Philip Sheridan and Brevet Maj. Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, U. S. Army.

GOING TO VISIT MEXICO.

General Banks, Chairman of the House Committee of Ways and Means, has received an invitation of Senor Romero to accompany him to Mexico. A similar invitation has been extended to Senator Morrison. They expect to leave on the 5th of October.

GEN. SICKLES AT WAR DEPT.

The full correspondence between Gov. Orr, of South Carolina, and Gen. Sickles, upon the latter being relieved from the command of the Fifth Military District, is furnished for publication. It is very interesting and mutually complimentary.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE INDIANS.

Doings of the Indian Council—Significant Speech of General Sherman—"Pawnee Killer" Leaves the Council in Disgust, &c.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ST. LOUIS, September 21.—Omaha dispatches say: Telegrams from the Indian Council announce the declaration of peace with the Brule and Ogalala bands of Sioux. Senator Henderson and General Sherman made speeches. The latter said: "If you don't leave the roads alone I will kill you, and I will give you neither powder nor ball till you make peace." "Pawnee Killer," Chief of the Cheyennes, left the council in disgust. The council will meet again at North Platte on the 1st of November. Ammunition will be given to peaceful tribes.

The Montana *Post* says: The Seventh Regiment of Volunteers has returned to Camp Reshen, having failed to overtake the Yellowstone Indians. The start again on the 9th on an expedition against the Crows, on Sweetwater. There is no doubt of the hostility of the Crows, as they are continually committing depredations.

Great fears are entertained for the safety of a party of emigrants on the road from Fort Smith to Virginia City, for they have not been heard from for a long time.

Ten Indians have notified the contractors on the Kansas Pacific Railroad that that road shall not be built beyond Fort Hays, that they mean war to the knife. Great excitement prevails along the route, and the laborers are leaving. Col. Shoemaker is at the end of the track rallying the men.

ANOTHER DISPATCH.

The *Republican's* special from Omaha has the following: The Council at North Platte resulted in nothing conclusive. The Indian agent, Messrs. Taylor and the Commission, delivered an answer, which was plain, and to the point. The Sioux Indians should hold Sandy Hill, the Commission, to make a treaty here and there with the government. He supposed the Commission of Good and Mr. Taylor four years ago. The military posts and roads at stake; both four years ago, were not then considered a cause for war. The Indians are dissatisfied they will receive compensation. He supposed, also, they had agreed on the Platte road in the Laramie treaty last spring. While the Indians continue to wage war the road will not be opened; but if the Indians fight in found good it will be opened. Commissioners therefore, if they keep peace. Powder and ball will be given them until a definite treaty was made.

A railroad train had been attacked, they were killed who had no guns, but were plunging goods, some of which were for the Indians. A proposition was then submitted for the Indians to make their social relations, endeavoring to prove by examples that religion was not gloomy and morose.

In consequence of the destruction of the chieftain office turned back of his pastorate the congregation had worshipped in public for the first time. The plaintiff claims that the said law is unconstitutional, and designs to test the matter before the Supreme Court. The case will be transferred from the Circuit Court of the County to the United States Circuit Court, and will go to the United States Supreme Court

BOSTON.

Obsequies Over the Remains of Sir Frederick Bruce, British Minister.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BOSTON, September 21.—The funeral services over the remains of Sir Frederick Bruce will be held at Trinity Church Tuesday morning at eleven o'clock. There will be no procession, but everything will be as private as possible. After the funeral the remains will be conveyed on board the steamship to be taken to England.

BUFFALO, N. Y.

Important Revenue Suit Ended.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BUFFALO, September 21.—The important suit of the Internal Revenue Bureau Department against James Adams & Co., tobacconists, of this city, for an alleged attempt to defraud the government of $40,000 tax in the manufacture of tobacco between the years 1862 and 1866, was ended by a verdict in favor of defendants.

Arrival of Steamers.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, September 21.—The steamers Bremen, from Southampton on the 10th, and Bellona, from London, arrived to-night.

PORTLAND MONROE, September 21.—The United States ship Dale, from Portsmouth, England, has arrived.

Manslaughter in the Second Degree

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SARATOGA, Sept. 21.—William J. Kirby, billiard marker at Union Hotel, who killed J. Theodore Jones on the 21st of August, has been found guilty of manslaughter in the second degree.

Freight Depot Burned.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

HARTFORD, Sept. 21.—The freight depot of the Hartford and New York Steamboat Company was burned this noon, with a large amount of freight. Loss over $100,000. The building is partially insured.

Drowned in a Canal.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., September 21.—John Stoats, a respectable farmer, his wife, and a little Swedish, were drowned in the Delaware and Raritan canal last evening.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

FOURTH PAGE.—*The fullest and most reliable Money, Oil and Produce Market Reports given by any paper in the city, will be found on our Fourth Page.*

Rev. Herrich Johnson's Farewell.

Yesterday afternoon an audience of unusual numbers and character assembled in the Third Presbyterian Church of this city, to listen to the farewell discourse of the Rev Mr. Johnson, who has held the pastorate for the last five years, and now retires because the health of his wife requires a removal to a different climate.

The Divine blessing was invoked by this pastor.

This was followed by the reading of the 91st Psalm, as the first lesson.

The 378th hymn was then sung:

"Lord, we come before Thee now;
At Thy feet we bow;
Oft do others and divide;
Shall we part, Thou, Lord, in vain."

The 17th chapter of the Gospel according to St. John was then read as the second lesson.

Prayer was then offered by the Rev. Mr. Sparks, who was long identified with the Church.

The 145th hymn was then sung:

"With tearful eyes I look around;
Life seems a cold and dreary scene;
Yet amid the gloom I hear a sound,
A heavenly whisper, come to me."

The text was taken from Acts of the Apostles, 20th chapter, 18, 19, 27 and 32 verses:

"And when they were come to him, he said unto them, You know, from the first day I came into Asia, after what manner I have been with you at all seasons.

"And now, behold, I go bound in the spirit unto Jerusalem, not knowing the things that shall befall me there.

"For I have not shrunked to declare into you all the counsel of God.

"Take heed, therefore, I commend you to God, and to the word of his grace, which is able to build you up, and to give you an inheritance among all them which are sanctified."

In selecting these words from the farewell of the great Apostle to the Church of Ephesus, the Rev. Mr. Johnson said he felt a comparison between that illustrious Christian of God and himself, and he hoped he might fall below the Apostle in intellectual gifts, impassioned eloquence, and in ardent zeal; he could claim with truth, and shrinked to declare the whole counsel of God.

Almost his first official duty with this pastorate was to bury a beloved young lady. In their griefs he had helped them to bear with fortitude. The sad bereavement of this place had been to the Lord's dispensation, and he hoped the sanctified sorrow of a mourner's heart.

But there is another scene in which the parties may be healed. There is a bereavement many man, yet really no true man; it is a true man that may be so rare as to be counted more precious than fine gold. There may be a physical force of a man, yet few grand, royal souls. And is not society more than physical force? We do not want for men, if we simply count them. But we pose we weigh them—suppose we put estimate on their worth of character—what then? Men of the strictest integrity, men of perfect probity and rectitude, instinctively ignominied by the latter by seizure and distraint of the former's goods, under the income tax. The plaintiff claims that the said law is unconstitutional, and designs to test the matter before the Supreme Court. The case will be transferred from the Circuit Court of the County to the United States Circuit Court, and will go to the United States Supreme Court

SOUTH AMERICA.

Extension of the Panama Railroad Franchise—Conflicting Conservative War movements of Spain and Chili, &c., &c.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SAN FRANCISCO, September 18.—The *Bulletin's* correspondence from Panama gives the following late intelligence:

The extension of the Panama Railroad franchise is confirmed. The bill passed the National Congress at Bogota, August 15th, and was signed by the President the next day. The terms of the contract have already been announced. Spain and Chili are usual rental sums to the State of Panama, in consideration of the transfer of the island of Manuerilla, and whatever lands may be required for the improvements, in connection with the works. The railroad will now be extended to a new wharf to the island, obviating the necessity for lighters and tender.

Valparaiso dates to August 16th furnish no new revolutionary news concerning the war with Spain. Public feeling is still in Spanish favor, and the excitement at Valparaiso has subsided. Conservative interests were unsettled.

Lieutenant Jeffers, United States Secretary of Legation, died at Santiago, August 6th, and was buried with military honors. His disease was contracted in southern prisons.

The Valparaiso Journal of Commerce, of the 12th of July, with General Hoyer on board.

The Nijack was cruising to the northward.

A slight shock of an earthquake was felt at Valparaiso on the 8th.

War preparations were going on in Paris with energy.

President Prado was much praised by the people and the press.

THE SECOND DISTRICT

Gov. Orr Endorses the Action of Gen. Sickles—Was then ready Resistance to Continue in Force order No. 10.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—Governor Orr, of South Carolina, has written a letter to Gen. Sickles, since the latter was relieved, in which he expresses deep regret at the President's course, and unqualifedly endorses all the measures of Gen. Sickles' administration, and especially order No. 10, which he says has been the only means by which the people of South Carolina have been able to raise a crop this season.

Three-fourths of the people of South Carolina have petitioned General Canby to continue Order No. 10, in force, and they are there from beggary.

The *World's* special says: The Government has received information that General Sickles has forwarded to Canby any with the processes issued from the Federal Courts in North Carolina, although he has not suspended by any special order that Gen. Sickles' Order No. 10, which prohibited the enforcement of judgments for debt. The United States Marshal is serving the writs issued by the Federal Courts in North Carolina and selling property under them, but the sales are attended by no bidders. The people of North Carolina, that in one case a farm worth $20,000 was sold under the war, brought at the Marshal's sale for five thousand dollars. The judgment in this case was bought by a Northern creditor.

VIRGINIA.

The Coming Election—White and Colored Votes to be Taken Separately—Nominations Made.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

RICHMOND, September 21.—Gen. Schofield has issued an order that the ballots of white and colored voters, at the coming election, be taken separately. In every district there will be three boxes, the first sons shall assist the registering officer in receiving votes, and where there are more than five hundred, six persons shall assist, all being previously sworn to impartially discharge their duties, and selected from among the most respected citizens of the district.

The first nominations by Republicans, for the State Convention, were made to-day in Lynchburg, being Wm. James, late Revenue Collector, and John B. Crenshaw, a Quaker minister. The city politicians are holding meetings to make nominations. All the names so far mentioned are of persons who have become residents since the war.

KANSAS.

Democratic Convention—Preparations for a Campaign Against Negro Suffrage—Negro Suffrage, Temperance and Sunday Laws.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ST. LOUIS, September 18.—The Democracy of Kansas held a convention at Leavenworth last week and adopted a platform. They have made preparations for meeting the Radicals on the stump and prosecuting a vigorous campaign against negro suffrage. It is claimed that the Republican party is much split on the question of female suffrage, temperance and Sunday laws. The German will hold a convention at Topeka, on the 25th, to consider the latter question, and the State Temperance Society will meet at Lawrence the week for the allegoit purpose of looking after the Germans.

GALVESTON.

Yellow Fever Abating from West of Matagorda—Interior Visited by Disease—Emigrants Prevented from Landing.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

GALVESTON, TEXAS, Sept. 21.—The epidemic is abating here, from exhaustion of material. The number of interments this week was sixty-nine. The disease is developing in the interior of the interior of the State, whither nurses have been dispatched. The Howard Association have issued an earnest remonstrance against the return of unacclimated persons to this city. Hundreds of emigrants have arrived here but they have not been permitted to land.

Two Young Men Shot by a Policeman.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, September 21.—Last night a Policeman named Wells shot two young men named Fitzsimmons and Kelly, killing Fitzsimmons, and wounding McAllister. It is thought the latter will recover. The young men were intoxicated.

CANADA.

The Election—Defeated Candidate Elected to the Commons—Ceremonies Preceding the Parliament—Sunday and Sabbath Observance.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

TORONTO, September 21.—Archibald McLean, leading candidate of the Opposition party, defeated in Kent, was yesterday returned to the House of Assembly by an overwhelming majority. Mr. Cayley, manager of the Northern Railway, was also elected.

OTTAWA, September 21.—The Official *Gazette* to-day contains an order proroguing the Parliament of the Dominion until November. The Parliament of the Province of Quebec is prorogued until the 4th of November.

The document on American prices for the ensuing week was 31 per cent.

KINGSTON, CANADA, September 22.—The night steamer at Morrow's distillery was murdered last night, it is supposed by four men. The distillery is a long way from the premises during the day. Eighteen hundred dollars, mostly in Bank of Montreal was stolen by the murderers, who made their escape in a large skiff. Police also sloop for the purpose. Active efforts are being made for their arrest.

MEXICO.

Yellow Fever in Matamoras—Insures Withdrawal of his Declination of the Presidency.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—Special correspondence to the *Herald*, from Monterey, to Aug 31st and later to Aug. 23rd, states that the yellow fever had broken out in the vicinity of Matamoras. Strict quarantine has been established at Brownsville on vessels from Vera Cruz.

Great preparations were making for the reception of Escobedo at Monterey.

A letter of Juarez to Escobedo, withdrawing his declination of the nomination for the Presidency, was received here, and candidate at the request of Gen. Diaz, and expressing his esteem for the United States.

SAINT LOUIS.

Suit to Test the Constitutionality of the Income Tax Law.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SAINT LOUIS, September 22.—William H. Pritchards, of this city, has brought suit in the Circuit Court against Barton Bates, United States Internal Revenue Collector, for the recovery of a certain income assessed by the latter by seizure and distraint of the former's goods, under the income tax law. The plaintiff claims that the said law is unconstitutional, and designs to test the matter before the Supreme Court. The case will be transferred from the Circuit Court of the County to the United States Circuit Court, and will go to the United States Supreme Court

BOSTON.

Obsequies Over the Remains of Sir Frederick Bruce, British Minister.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BOSTON, September 22.—The funeral services over the remains of Sir Frederick Bruce will be held at Trinity Church Tuesday morning at eleven o'clock. There will be no procession, but everything will be as private as possible. After the funeral the remains will be conveyed on board the steamship to be taken to England.

BUFFALO, N. Y.

Important Revenue Suit Ended.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BUFFALO, September 21.—The important suit of the Internal Revenue Bureau Department against James Adams & Co., tobacconists, of this city, for an alleged attempt to defraud the government of $40,000 tax in the manufacture of tobacco between the years 1862 and 1866, was ended by a verdict in favor of defendants.

Arrival of Steamers.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, September 21.—The steamers Bremen, from Southampton on the 10th, and Bellona, from London, arrived to-night.

PORTLAND MONROE, September 21.—The United States ship Dale, from Portsmouth, England, has arrived.

Manslaughter in the Second Degree

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SARATOGA, Sept. 21.—William J. Kirby, billiard marker at Union Hotel, who killed J. Theodore Jones on the 21st of August, has been found guilty of manslaughter in the second degree.

Freight Depot Burned.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

HARTFORD, Sept. 21.—The freight depot of the Hartford and New York Steamboat Company was burned this noon, with a large amount of freight. Loss over $100,000. The building is partially insured.

Drowned in a Canal.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., September 21.—John Stoats, a respectable farmer, his wife, and a little Swedish, were drowned in the Delaware and Raritan canal last evening.

Testimonial from Paris.

We, the undersigned, take pleasure in testifying that we regard the Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs as instruments in which all desirable improvements are to be found. The Automatic Swell especially appears to us a remarkable success, and far superior in its capacity for varying the power of tone to anything which has hitherto been made. We recommend, then, most especially these Cabinet Organs, for their excellent qualities, first for the rendering of all sacred music, and also as an indispensable auxiliary of the piano-forte in the drawing-room.

(Signed.) EDOUARD BAPTISTE, Professor of the Imperial Conservatory of Music, and Organist of the Church of St. Eustache, Paris.

AUGUST DURAND, Organist of the Church of St. Vincent de Paul, and Composer, Paris.

EDOUARD HOCHEULLE, Organist of the Church of St. Philippe de Roch, of the Chapel of the Senate, etc., Paris.

E. SAINT-SAENS, Composer and Organist of the Church of the Madeleine, Paris.

The Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs, long celebrated in our own country, and now regarded in Europe as the best made in the world, are for sale in this city by Mr. C. C. Meller, 81 Wood street, the sole agent in this city and vicinity.

Fred Excelsior asks day—Attractive Sale—Horses for all, at Fort Pitt Stables, near Mansfield, on the Man Ha. ield Railroad

To-day, September 23d, at 11½ o'clock A. M., on the premises, will be sold at auction eighty-one lots of ground, in plan laid out by the Fort Pitt Coal Company, at the Fort Pitt Station, near Mansfield, seven miles from the city.

These lots contain from one-half to one acre each, and are particularly well suited for private residences or gardening purposes—being located on one of the railroad's beautiful knoll overlooking the same. The neighborhood is good, situation elevated; surface diversified, and in point of location and attractiveness, equal to any this sale, which will be positively peremptory and will not any reserve whatever.

Cars will leave the Union Depot at eleven o'clock A. M. Those who wish to attend will be conveyed to and from the sale free of charge. Plans can be had by calling on Schoyer, Fahnestock & Co., Auctioneers, 84 and 87 Fifth street.

Letter from Hon. E. R. Washburne, Member of Congress and Chairman of Committee on Ways and Means.

PITTSBURGH, PENNA., July 10, 1867.

MR. STEINWAY—*Dear Sir*: I take the liberty to avail myself of this occasion to congratulate you upon your eminent success in obtaining the *First* of the Gold Medals awarded in honor of the International Exposition in this city.

It is more gratifying to every American citizen, as it seems to be understood that the superior excellence of instruments you have placed the United States at the head of this industry for the entire world.

These famous Steinway Pianos can be found in this city at H. Kleber & Bro's., warerooms, 122 Wood street, who retail and wholesale them at factory prices.

The State Fair.

The Secretary of the State Fair, at No. 10 St. Clair street, will close at midnight Monday, and will open on the grounds at the Lawrenceville entrance on Tuesday morning, where entries will be made up to 10 o'clock W.

Fifty policemen and forty watchmen will be in attendance to preserve order, and a lock-up has been erected on the ground.

Arrangements are perfected for adding the entries of Floral Hall, near which is the Fountain.

The entries of stock are quite large, the stables all being filled, and a number of manufactured articles are already on the ground, among which is the steam milking machine.

Mr. R. Rabbi,

The well-known Hydrometer Manufacturer of this city, has opened a store at No. 121 Second street, where he will keep on hand from a long experience in this branch of business he is satisfied that he can give perfect satisfaction to all who may be in want of Hydrometers, Thermometers, and Hydrometers of which he has made a specialty from a long experience in this branch of business he is satisfied that he can give perfect satisfaction to all who may be in want of Hydrometers, Thermometers, and Hydrometers of which he has made a specialty from a long experience in this branch of business he is satisfied that he can give perf