The Pittsburgh Gazette

THURSDAY, AUGUST 29, 1867.

EXECUTIVE ENCROACHMENTS.

It sometimes happens that a nation is reduced to the greatest straits through the ignorance and turbulence of its population. At the present moment this is illustrated in the condition of Mexico. For thirty years Violence and Anarchy divided the dominion, and banished Order and Security. This could happen only momentarily, in a paroxysm of national madness, in a land abundantly supplied with Free Schools and Printing Presses. Under such auspices peril ordinarily comes from the encroachments of the Executive upon the prerogatives of the other Departments of the Government. Most of the European nations are to-day enduring the suppression, to a greater or less degree, of their political liberties from this cause. Not one of them from the factious or unreasonable temper of legislative bodies. Universal history points in the same direction. It is, indeed, fashionable for superficial thinkers and writers to cite the Long Parliament of England, and the Constituent Assembly of France, as instances of the despotism and bloodthirstiness of Legislative bodies; but all men who comprehend the epochs in which those congresses bore sway, and impartially weigh their conduct and the natural and abiding tendencies thereof, are filled with the highest admiration for what they wrought. Doubtless, each of them performed particular actions which cannot be justified, and are only to be deplored. When a nation, after suffering for many centuries untold evils, rises up in wrath to execute vengeance upon its oppressors, by sweeping them and their works from the face of the earth, it would only disclose a shallow understanding to demand that every step in the movement should be marked by the most exemplary moderation. Great passions in individuals do not always find vent in indecorous or polite methods. Much less do vast populations, when lashed by immense provocations into a tempest, always deport themselves with calmness and dignity. Neither the freshness of the atmosphere nor the purity of the ocean is maintained by gentle zephyrs or fanning breezes. Terrific hurricanes ride both land and sea, carrying Death and Destruction in their march.

Whoever for the first time consults the statutes at large of England will be surprised to find how many wholesome acts date from CHARLES II. By these enactments whole regiments of abuses were annihilated. Was this elegant and voluptuous monarch a grand reformer? By no means. These excellent statutes are legacies from CROMWELL and the Long Parliament. Legitimacy and recognize neither the Protector nor the Parliament, nor did it dare to set aside what they had wisely done. No intergenum was admissable as they regulated the annals, and hence these acts date from a monarch who never did and who never would have enacted them. Those who in this day and country sneer at the Long Parliament, and endeavor to fix odium upon Congress by comparing it thereto, had better post themselves as to facts, and they will avoid making any longer a shameful exposure of their ignorance.

Doubtless the Convention, the Assembly, and the Reign of Terror, were stern events to follow after the consuming indolence, the graceful dissipation and the utter nothingness of the reigns of Louis XIV. and XV. But the feudalism of the Middle Ages was to be uprooted and removed. The masters of the government were indifferent to the welfare of the people, intent only on the gratification of sensual desires, and stupidly unconscious of the intellectual changes that were progressing. From the end of the reign of Louis XIV. to the commencement of that of Louis XVI. nature had been prodigal in producing men of the highest capacities and culture in France. From CORNEILLE to VOLTAIRE, from BOSSUET to ROUSSEAU, and from FENELON to BERNARDIN-SAINT PIERRE, there were illustrious galaxies of brilliant men, endowed with the most various and striking gifts, and whose labors slowly, but surely, undermined the monarchy and the abuses by which it was supported. When the supreme hour arrived; when demolition was to be executed preparatory to laying the foundations of a new order of civilization; when the waters of a flood submerged all the past, there was blood on the waves and ruins beneath them. How else could so stupendous a work have been accomplished? Not a writer of real eminence can now be found in France who does not joyfully proclaim that the Revolution, notwithstanding all its horrors, was national regeneration. From that epoch France entered upon a new career. Her population has been elevated; their industries quickened and diversified; their liberties enlarged and purified; and the way prepared for immeasurable progress in time to came.

If the liberties of the United States shall ever pass under eclipse, that result will not be due to the action of Congress, but to the insidious and crafty encroachments of the President. Every government, no matter how liberally organized, encounters a steady tide wind blowing in that direction. It is pre-eminently the point of danger. A species of infatuation often possesses the masses in times of excitement and danger, which leads them to seek safety in the guidance of one rather than of many. When this infatuation supervenes the opportunity of the Executive is present. This is among the powerful inducements which the people feel, leading them in the existing emergency to stand by their Representatives with an unfaltering trust.

THE REMOVAL OF GENERAL SHERIDAN.

The military renown of General SHERIDAN was acquired during the last year of the war. The popular conception was that he was bold, dashing and fortunate; a soldier that by audacity plucked victory out of defeat. His associates in arms knew him better. They estimated him as cool, calculating, enterprising, with rare faculties for measuring the means and dispositions of his enemy, and great readiness in making the best of the resources at his command.

As commander of the Fifth Military District, consisting of Louisiana and Texas, he speedily demonstrated that he was possessed, in an eminent degree, of some of the best qualifications of statesmanship. His judgment of men and measures was shown to be singularly accurate. In promptness, discrimination, tact and self-reliance, he disclosed the same attributes that made General BUTLER's administration at New Orleans peculiarly excellent and admirable.

While some eminent soldiers, who are entitled to the highest gratitude for their services in the field, have shown ignorance of, or indifference to, the principles underlying the Rebellion, General SHERIDAN has displayed a profound comprehension thereof. In enforcing the Reconstruction Acts passed by Congress, he has been actuated by a hearty approval of them as wisely adapted to the present condition of affairs in the revolted States, as well as by a sense of his duty as a military commander. Whatever has been or may be alleged to the contrary, this sympathy with those laws, and with the authority from which they proceeded, was the real cause of his removal. The design was to strike Congress, and the loyal masses who stand behind and sustain Congress, by striking the General.

Removal for the prompt and efficient performance of a palpable duty entails no disgrace. In monarchical countries an officer not unfrequently falls under the displeasure of the Crown for leaning strongly towards the people, or for refusing to ignore the laws in obedience to Executive intimations or orders. In such countries the fate of an officer is largely in the hands of the Head of the State. In a republic the case is very different. At longest the President lasts but four years, while the people and their representatives remain always. In falling under the displeasure of the President, Gen. SHERIDAN has risen in the estimation of that loyal majority of the people who upheld the government during the four terrible years of the Rebellion. They applaud his conduct, and gladly take on themselves the task of his vindication. The technical disgrace put upon him will be made to conduce to his more abounding honor.

Having displaced General SHERIDAN it is not probable the President will stop there. Indeed, it is known that other Generals have been marked for similar rebuke. The President, in reported conversations, puts his action, past or contemplated, in these cases, on his obligations to sustain the civil law and those charged with its administration. Nobody expected he would assign the actual reasons for his conduct. Every student of history knows full well that all men situated as he has been and is, meditating or enacting grievous wrongs, is sure to assign specious or excellent reasons. All the giant atrocities that blot the annals of nations had the best of reasons paraded in their support. The President means, if possible, to baffle Congress and to delay Reconstruction under the vague hope that something will turn up to give the rebel element an advantage. In this his malice will fall short. The destinies of this nation, under Providence, are not in the hands of any one man, but in the keeping of the people. The President has ninety days before him in which to work mischief. Then Congress will be in session. Next year the Grand Assize of the People will be held, and if Congress shall tolerate him so long, the multidudinous sovereigns will then pronounce final judgment against him and his works.

ADDRESS OF THE UNION REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

COMMITTEE ROOMS,
HARRISBURG, AUG. 27, 1867.

To the People of Pennsylvania: Fellow Citizens:—In a recent address from this Committee your attention was invited to sundry issues and principles involved in the pending canvass; and also to the political opinions and judicial decisions of George Sharswood. A short review of the principal occurrences, since the last State campaign, is now considered proper. The contest of 1866 was fought, in the main, upon the amendments proposed by Congress to the Constitution of the United States. These were national issues; and on the one side were arrayed the Union Republican party and the "Boys in Blue;" and on the other President Johnson, the Democratic party, and all the rebels and their sympathizers from one end of the Union to the other. On these momentous issues Pennsylvania rallied her strength; and polled over *one hundred and forty thousand* more votes than at her preceding annual election. Among the results were the triumphant election of Major General John W. Geary for Governor, and the endorsement of Congress, by the return of a delegation more unanimous for the right than ever known before in the history of the Commonwealth. Other loyal States united with us, and the insane and wicked "Policy" of President Johnson, and of his new friends and allies, was overwhelmed by the unprecedented and magnificent popular majority of *four hundred thousand votes!* Every State which had been faithful to the national government and the cause of the Union during the war, approved the proposed amendments. Every rebel State, except Tennessee, rejected them; and under the rebel provisional governments created by President Johnson, rebel power resumed its authority, and became dominant in their executive, legislative, and judicial departments. Vagrant and labor laws virtually re-enslaved the freedmen. Loyal men were outlawed and trampled under foot; and the revived spirit of the rebellion was everywhere triumphant. Riots, murders, outrages, and assassinations, were the order of the day, and security for either the lives or the property of loyal men was nowhere to be found. Treason had front seats, loyalty had been made odious, and traitorous conspirators against the life of the nation were vindictive and rampant.

Such was the condition of affairs in the South when Congress convened in December, 1866. This nation had solemnly resolved, and voted, that the Union should be restored on the basis of loyalty and justice; and to this end was the Fortieth Congress elected. Hence were passed the Reconstruction laws, in execution of the recent popular verdict. The President vetoed them, refusing to accept or abide by the decision of the people, to whom he had so often and so vauntingly appealed. Congress re-enacted them over the vetoes, by more than the required two-thirds, and they are now the laws of the land. Under them, including the amendments to the Constitution, reconstruction is rapidly progressing; and would doubtless ere long be successfully accomplished, but for the persistent obstructions of the President, in defiance of Congress and the popular will. Justice is being done; loyal men, white and black, have been protected from the malice of defeated rebels; treason, in a measure at least, has "been made odious," and traitors have been compelled "to take back seats"—as Andrew Johnson, in a lucid interval, declared they should. Even the better portion of their friends admit the justice of these reconstruction laws, and cheerfully acquiesce in their provisions. General James Longstreet, a distinguished rebel officer, in a recently published letter from New Orleans, expresses himself as follows:

"I shall set out by assuming a proposition that I hold to be self-evident, viz: The highest of human laws is the law that is established by appeal to arms. The great principles that divided political parties prior to the war were thoroughly discussed by our wisest statesmen. When argument was exhausted resort was had to compromise. When nullify the Reconstruction laws of Congress in Mississippi, Georgia, and other rebel States. In the same interest, and of the same character is the nomination of George Sharswood, a well known and life long State Rights man, for the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. He judicially denies the power of Congress to issue paper money, or to give it value by making it a legal tender. (*Boris vs. Troll, Legal Intelligencer, of March 18, 1864, page 33.*) Judges Thompson and Woodward, of the same Court, not only announce these same doctrines in the case of *Merrine vs. Sailor et al.*, (*Legal Intelligencer of June 16 and 30, 1865, pages 187 and 205*), but in the cases of *Anceler et al. vs. Lane et al.*, (9 *Wright's Reports, page 238,*) denied the power of Congress, in time of war, to draft men into the military service. The principles declared in these decisions were as hostile to the national existence and perpetuity as any assault ever made by General Lee and his armed legions at Gettysburg, or elsewhere. It requires no argument to demonstrate that if these decisions on currency and the draft had prevailed, and become the established law of the land, success in the war would have been more impossible than if the rebel army at Richmond had been reinforced with half a million of men! Is it *safe*, therefore, to place another man, entertaining these opinions, on the Supreme bench of the State?

Forewarned should be forearmed. These *Superior Courts* are now the "last ditch" of the rebellion; and the country calls upon the "Boys in Blue," and every loyal voter, to rally once more to the rescue!

Complete your county and township organizations without delay. With this thoroughly done, victory is sure; without it, there is danger. Revive at once everywhere the Loyal Leagues and associations, which proved of such vast service during the war. Let every patriotic man feel that he has something to do in the good work, and proceed forthwith to do it with all his might. Exclude all side issues, local quarrels, and personal aspirations, and labor only for the public good. Be not deceived by the stale clamor about negro equality, and negro suffrage. Those worn out hobbies were supposed to have been ridden to death at our last two annual elections, when, as now, they were declared by our enemies to be the great issues of the contest. They are now raised up and brought upon the track again, mounted by the same riders, and destined to the same ignoble end. Be not discouraged by the vain boasting of our adversaries. They have been ingloriously defeated in every contest for years, and cannot now prevail against us. The loyal and patriotic people of the Keystone State have heretofore nobly sustained us, and the cause of the country, under the heavy pressure and discouragement of drafts, taxation, bereavements, and carnage; and when nothing but an abiding faith in an overruling Providence, and in the justice of our cause, enabled us to see the end. Surely there can be no faltering now, and when the goal is almost reached! and when one more united rally for our principles and our flag will enable us to secure the ripe fruits of the late dreadful civil war, and to garner them safely for ourselves and our children.

We stand over the ruins of a gigantic rebellion, the most formidable enemy ever encountered by republican institutions. We stand close by the graves of three hundred thousand of our noblest men, who counted their lives well spent when offered freely for Liberty and Union. In the presence of these speechless but eloquent dust; in the presence of doubting and sneering enemies of free government, at home and abroad; in full view of the oppressed millions who from beneath crushing despotisms watched our flag, with tears, and hopes, and prayers, throughout the four long years of bloody conflict; before the rapidly coming millions of the future; before a God of justice, and in the name of all that makes faithfulness to Him, and honor among men, we stand pledged to secure and maintain forever the principles for which our brothers died.

By order of the Committee.

F. JORDAN, Chairman.
GEO. W. HAMERLY,
J. ROBLEY DEGOLMSON, } Sec'ys.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE regulates and tones the Stomach.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure is a sovereign remedy for all diseases of the stomach and bowels.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure cures fever and ague. Let those afflicted with this malady try it.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure cures instantaneously, and you do not have to wait a week to see its effect.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure is the greatest appetizer ever known; it not only creates the appetite, but enables you to easily digest your food.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure is recommended by all the leading physicians.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure is an invaluable friend to all who are weak, debilitated and in a low state of normal action.

☞ Sole Agent for Pittsburgh and vicinity.

JOSEPH FLEMING, Druggist,
No. 14 Market Street.

ITCH, TETTER, ALL SKIN DISEASES.

Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Eruptions.

'SWAYNE'S OINTMENT.'

Entirely eradicates these troublesome complaints.

Swayne's "All-Healing Ointment."

"Cures Itch in from 18 to 48 hours."

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia.

Sold by McGEHAN & McKENNAN, 85 Market street, GEO. A. KELLY, 57 Wood st., FITZ, FLEMING, 14 Market street, A. TOBIENCE, cor. 4th and Market sts., Pittsburgh; KAYE & DRUITT, Allegheny.

TORTURE.

Who would endure the torture arising from Chills and Fever, when it can be easily cured?

Who would endure sleepless nights, racking fevers, and icy chills alternately, when a remedy can be obtained for a trifle?

Who would wander like an uncertain shadow, never knowing what moment they may be prostrated?

Who would be a burden to himself and a burden to his friends, who are worn out in administering to his wants?

Who would live this life of agony when the great alterative and tonic,

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS,

can be obtained at the nearest village. This long established and justly renowned medicine has never been known to fail in a single case, and none but the foolish and weak would hesitate to procure it at once, and save themselves from intense, life-long woes. Prepared after a long experience and deep study, it has received the encomiums of the most eminent physicians, and is well and silently taking the place of all other medicines of the country. To those who doubt its many virtues, all we say is, TRY IT and judge for yourselves.

Every day letters pour in upon us, testifying to its great efficacy in curing Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Languor, Nausea, and similar ills.

CURE OF FISTULA.

DR. KEYSER: I write to thank you for your kindness and scientific management of my disease, for which I called to consult you some time in January last. You will remember that I had a complication of diseases which finally ended in a terrible fistula, which had been advised to "let alone" on account of a harassing cough, which it was feared might fasten on my lungs. I knew that the popular mode of treating diseases like mine was by a cutting operation, which, if successful at all, would naturally throw the disease upon the lungs or some other vital organ, on account of the suddenness of the cure and the immediate check to a discharge which I was constrained to believe was a salutary provision of Nature to get rid of some morbid condition in the system. I feel perfectly satisfied that your method of treatment, purifying to the system, and local applications to the fistulous part, must cure, if anything could, without cutting, which I find it did, and I am happy to report myself well in every particular. My sounder and better health than I have had for years. I would also add that the apples I eat you made were almost painless, and have left me a new man, with all the energies an vigor of restored health.

Yours, gratefully,

C——.

Dr. Keyser's consultation rooms are No. 120 Penn street, from 9 A. M. until 4 P. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Dominion.

ROBINSON BROTHERS,
Bankers,
No. 73 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh.
Convert V-20s, free of charge, upon Government terms. They have constantly on hand all kinds of

U. S. BONDS,

And are prepared to buy and sell Railroad Bonds or Stocks; Gold, Silver, Gov. Security Stocks; Mortgages on Real Estate, Land Warrants, &c.
WANTED—The Bonds of the Counties of Butler, Beaver, Lawrence, Mercer and Washington. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

THOS. CARLIN,
FOURTH WARD FOUNDRY AND MACHINE WORKS,
SANDUSKY STREET, ALLEGHENY CITY, Pa., manufacturers of ROLLING MILL AND MACHINE CASTINGS.

R. P. GETTY,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Choice Wines and Liquors,
NO. 55 N. E. Cor. OHIO ST. AND DIAMOND, Allegheny City, Pa.

PURE SPICES, of extra quality. Pepper, Allspice, Cloves, ground and whole, including Cinnamon, Cassia, Mace, Nutmegs, Alpice, Cloves, White and Black Pepper. Mustard and Ginger, for sale by
JOHN A. REYNAW.
corner Liberty and Hand streets.

BELTING! BELTING!—Leather Belting, of the best quality; also, Rubber Belting, Packing, Hose, Gaskets, &c., of all sizes and best quality, and lowest prices. Lace Leather and Rivets always on hand.
A. S. PHILLIPS,
74 and 76 St. Clair street.

"THAT TENNESSEE FLOUR."
75 bbls. "Broadway" now landing, for sale by
MARK DICKEY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY,
President's Office, 2 Wall street,
NEW YORK, August 26, 1867.
☞ THE STOCKHOLDERS OF the Union Pacific Railroad Company are hereby notified that the annual meeting of said company, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before them, will be held on the FIRST WEDNESDAY OF OCTOBER NEXT, at ten (10) o'clock A. M., at the office of said Company, in the City of New York.
CHAS. TUTTLE, Sec'y. SIDNEY DILLON, Pres't Protempore. au28;c46

☞ PETROLEUM ASSOCIATION.
A special meeting of the Association will be held at the Rooms, in
DALZELL'S BUILDING,
On Thursday, 29th instant,
AT 3 P. M.
Full attendance requested, as business of vital interest will be presented at the meeting.
H. M. LONG, Secretary.
August 28th, 1867. au28;n57

FOR SALE OR RENT.—A Glass Manufacturing establishment in first rate order, and capable of doing a large business. Lot 41280 feet. The property is valuable, adjoining the city district. Will be sold low.
Also, a number of Houses and lots for sale.
Apply to W. A. HERMON, Real Estate Office, No. 88 Grant St., opposite Court House. au29

WM. J. DICK,
Carpenter and Builder,
NO. 20 PENNSYLVANIA AVE., (Opposite High street.) PITTSBURGH, PA.
Residence, No. 102 Grant street.
Jobbing done with neatness and dispatch. All orders promptly attended to, and satisfaction warranted. au22;d47;eaw

NOTICE.—Parties about to erect SMALL DWELLING HOUSES, will find it to their advantage to purchase a block of frame buildings, which are to be removed off the premises on the corner of Fourth and Watson streets. Apply soon on the premises, or of
JOHN O'KEEFE, No. 50 Congress st. au28;c3

1,500 CUBIC YARDS OF GRAVEL.
CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
City of Allegheny, August 28th, 1867.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until THURSDAY, September 5th, at 3 o'clock P. M., for covering the new Wharf between Sandusky street and Gray's Alley with Gravel, to a depth of at least four inches. The estimated quantity required is 1,500 cubic yards.
R. R. FRANCIS,
au28;c61 City Controller.

NOTICE to BRASS FOUNDERS.
CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
City of Allegheny, August 28th, 1867.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until THURSDAY, September 5th, at 3 o'clock P. M., for furnishing and putting up the NAMES OF STREETS AND THE NUMBERS OF THE HOUSES IN THE FIFTH AND SIXTH WARDS.
The plate to be of the same kind as those now in use. The time for the completion of the work limited to six months.
R. R. FRANCIS,
au28;d11 City Controller.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, Aug. 26th, 1867.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY, September 4th, at 3 o'clock P. M., for grading
ALLEGHENY STREET, from Irwin to Grant avenue.
Madison avenue.
BUENA VISTA ALLEY.
Also, for grading JEFFERSON STREET, from Beaver street to Perrysville avenue.
Also, for furnishing and putting down flag stone crossings on BEAVER STREET, at its intersection with Montgomery avenue.
The attention of contractors is called to the ordinance in relation to curb, passed August 22d, 1867, also the fact that the sidewalk on Fifth street shall be fifteen feet wide, and that said street must be completed by December 1st.
R. R. FRANCIS,
au28;c63 City Controller.

SCHOOL AND COLLEGE
TEXT BOOKS,
SCHOOL STATIONERY,
Wholesale and Retail.
KAY & COMPANY,
65 WOOD STREET.
(Lafayette Building.) au29

H. ROHBOCK,
TEACHER OF
PIANO AND ORGAN,
Informs the public that after ten years' most successful teaching at the Female Colleges, he has RESIGNED his position there, in order to devote his entire time to his largely increasing class of private pupils. He will, therefore, be able to accommodate with lessons ALL who may apply to him, and not disappoint any. Organ pupils can receive instructions on a PEDAL BASS ORGAN, with two banks of keys and twelve stops, the largest and most complete in the strongest mode by Mason & Hamlin. Miss H. ROHBOCK, who taught for eleven years at the Colleges, will receive a limited number of pupils.
☞ Residence, No. 21 FERRY STREET, two doors below third street. au28;d43

WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 FIFTH STREET,
Offer a large assortment of
WHITE GOODS,
Embroideries,
REAL LACES, Etc.,
To which they invite the attention of buyers. au29

Dissolution of Partnership.
THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, under the name of LAIN & WILSON, Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Any drew Gibson retiring from the firm. Parties indebted will please pay to Gibson, and all having claims against the firm will present them at once. The business of the late firm will be settled by either of the former partners, or by F. L. STEVENSON, who is authorized to use the name of the firm for that purpose.
THOMAS CARLIN,
ANDREW GIBSON.
ALLEGHENY, Aug. 24, 1867. au28;d35

CHICKERING PIANO
Nearly New—For Sale Cheap.
A Magnificently Carved Rosewood Chickering Piano,
With full overstrung bass and all modern improvements. Has been in use but a short time, and is in perfect order. The owner is leaving the city, and will sell it at great reduction on cost, to a first class party. It may be seen at
C. C. MELLOR'S PIANO ROOMS,
81 WOOD STREET.

BRICK! BRICK!
THE CHARTIERS VALLEY
BRICK COMPANY
Are prepared to furnish
BRICK,
in small or large quantities, at a REDUCED RATE. A large supply always on hand at the Yard, corner of TAY and FOURTH STREETS, and near David Stewart's Coal Yard.
S. Y. KENNEDY, Agent.

NEW
PAPER HANGINGS,
NOW RECEIVING, IN GREAT VARIETY, AT
No. 107 Market Street.
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

THE PITTSBURGH
Steam Brick Manufacturing Co.,
THE BEST PRESSED BRICK EXTANT.
Works Adjacent to the City Farm.
Office, over the Peoples' National Bank of Pittsburgh, corner of FIRST AND WOOD STS. Office hours from 8½ to 9 A. M.
H. DICKSON, President.
W. W. BURCHFIELD,
Vice President and Treasurer.

UNION ENTERPRISE FOUNDRY.
WM. M. JOHNSTON,
Manufacturer of COOKING STOVES, ARCHES, GRATES, PENDERS, AND VIRGINIA, and all kinds of HOLLOW WARE, JAM WHEELS and all kinds of MACHINERY CASTINGS, corner of WATSON and MILLER STREETS, foot of Fifth street extension, Pittsburgh, Pa.

GOURLAY BROS.,
SHIRT MANUFACTURERS
27 Barclay St., near Church St.,
NEW YORK.
N. B.—Price Lists sent on application.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of THOMAS PATTERSON, deceased, late of Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.
WASH'GT'N PATTERSON, } Ex'rs.
FRANK PATTERSON, }
au27;d54 Elizabeth Township.

FRUIT JAR EMPORIUM.
TWELVE DIFFERENT STYLES,
Self-sealers and the Common, best in the market. Superior Fruit Wax and Moulded Jelly Tumblers.
J. F. SMITH & CO.,
147 Liberty street, foot of Fifth.

FOR SALE.—A BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY, doing a good business; dwelling attached; first class location. Reasons for selling. This is an extraordinary opportunity for any one seeking a business location, as the situation is first class, the fixtures complete, and business established. Will be sold at a bargain if applied for soon. Address "INVALID," *Commercial* office. au27;d60

FOR RENT.
FOUR ROOMS,
Or the whole of the third story over the Western Savings Bank, 59 Fourth street. Rooms are newly fitted up, and will be rented together or separately. au27;d31

STRAWBERRY PLANTS.
Wilson's Albany. Per 100 ..... $1.00
" " Per 1,000 ..... $6.00
Agriculturists, Hovey's Prolific and other choice varieties, ready in September from the Seedling Nurseries of
T. L. SHIELDS & CO.,
au27;d77 Pittsburgh P. O.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC!

A FEW AVARICIOUS AND UNPRINCIPLED FLOUR DEALERS in and around Pittsburgh, are now purchasing second-sack, with our brand upon them, filling them with an inferior quality, and selling it as our Flour. Flattered by imitation to procure the quantity of second-hand sacks, they are trying to get the sack maker here to make and print a lot for them.

To prevent this fraud, we are now pasting our sacks, bearing our brand, with a printed label, with our name, firm and date of manufacture.

As we keep a register of the Flour made each day, and the kind of wheat ground, we are at all times enabled to know the quality of our brands.

LOOK OUT FOR SHORT WEIGHTS!

Some of the dealers who are filling the sacks, are putting up short weights, in some cases equal to twenty pounds per barrel, making fully one dollar per barrel less to the consumer.

A REWARD OF $50.00

Will be paid for information that will lead to the detection of any parties engaged in this fraudulent business.

R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,
PEARL MILL.
au29;d25

GRAFF, BYERS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Bar, Hoop and Sheet Iron,
WROUGHT IRON,
IRON WELDED TUBES FOR GAS, STEAM, WATER, &C.
ALSO,
OIL WELL TUBING,
Office, No. 98 Water Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
au29;d30

AN ORDINANCE granting permission to construct a coal siding on Try street.
SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same*, That Cummings Cherry & Co be and hereby authorized to make and lay a turnout or switch from the track of the Pittsburgh and Birmingham Railroad on Try street in the lot leased by Mr. Cherry on the corner of Fourth and Walton streets, said switch to cross Try street, to be laid as directed by the Street Committee.
SEC. 2. The Mayor, in connection with the Street Committee, will hereby authorize the parties said Cummings Cherry & Co. a license for the same, on said Cherry & Co. paying the usual fee for license unto the Mayor.
SEC. 3. Nothing herein contained shall be construed so as to prevent the city from revoking the privileges granted to the grantees at any time upon sixty days notice being given.
SEC. 4. That this ordinance be part of ordinance entitled "An ordinance" of this ordinance passed this present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 26th day of August, A. D. 1867.
JAMES MCCALLEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
THOMAS STEEL,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH MCMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council.
au 29

AN ORDINANCE opening Milvern Road and extending Reed street.
SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same*, That Miller street, from Reed street to Colwell street, be, and the same is hereby declared open for public travel and use.
SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at this present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 26th day of August, A. D. 1867.
JAMES MCCALLEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
THOS. STEEL,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH MCMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council.
au29

10 PER CENT. OFF.
UNTIL SEPTEMBER 1st,
DENNISON & HECKERT,
NO. 27 FIFTH STREET,
Will make a
Special Discount
OF TEN PER CENT.
On all Cash Sales.
au27
10 PER CENT. OFF.
ESTABLISHED 1833.

HOUSES FITTED UP WITH
GAS,
Hot and Cold Water, &c.,
By experienced and practical workmen.
JOHN M. TATE,
Plumber and Gas Fitter,
227 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh; and
59 Federal Street, Allegheny.
HIGHLY IMPORTANT!
To all who love a
GOOD CUP OF TEA OR COFFEE,
And do not wish to drink adulterated articles.
The American Tea Co.,
No. 2 ST. CLAIR STREET.
Have a full line of choice same Teas and Coffees, and is in perfect order to supply the thousands of families who now use them daily.
FINE BLACK, GREEN AND JAPAN TEAS, $1.25 ⅌ lb.
FRESH ROASTED COFFEE, 32 lbs. for $1.
No inferior goods sold at any price. We retail at the New York wholesale rates.
au28;d175

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 12th day of August, A. D. 1867, an alias Warrant in Bankruptcy issued against the
ESTATE OF ELNOR THOMPSON,
Of the City of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 92 Diamond street, in the city of Pittsburgh, before JOHN H. HAFKER, Register, on the 20 DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M.
THOS. A. MOWLEY,
U. S. Marshal.
au28;d27

CHAIN DRILLS,
FANNING MILLS,
PORTABLE, CROSS CUT WOOD SAWING MACHINES,
Straw Cutters,
AT 319 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Or at the Works in COLUMBIANA, OHIO.
au23 W. W. WALLACE.

FRENCH BURR MILL STONES, FRENCH BURR SMUT MACHINES, the best Wheat cleaner and Buckwheat bulterjs use. PORTABLE FLOUR AND FEED MILLS, BOLTING CLOTHS, all numbers and best quality. STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS, MILL IRONS, CASTINGS AND MILL FURNISHING, at
319 LIBERTY STREET,
W. W. WALLACE.
PITTSBURGH, Aug. 23, 1867. au23;d63

JOSEPH WIGGINS,
Collecting Agent,
Office at the Board of Trade Rooms.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Bills of all kinds solicited and promptly attended to. Best of references given. jy12

FIRE SCREENS
OF A NEW STYLE,
On canvas, with oil paintings and gold and velvet frames, at
107 MARKET STREET.
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

CHARLES REIZENSTEIN,
123 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY,
(Fourth door above Diamond.)
Glass, China Ware & Table Cutlery
AT FACTORY PRICES. Every[illegible] received in a first class store on hand. Call and examine our goods. [illegible]

A. H. ENGLISH & CO.,
No. 98 Fourth Street,
Publishers of OSGOOD'S READERS, DYER'S ARITHMETIC, FOLSOM'S GRAMMAR AND COWLEY'S COPY BOOKS. Also, manufacturers of BLANK BOOKS. BOOK BINDING executed in all its forms. A large stock of STATIONERY constantly on hand. [illegible]

NEW FIRST CLASS GROCERY,
No. 156 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
Fresh stock of choice
Teas, Coffee, Sugars, &c., &c.,
Which we offer to the public at lowest prices.
A. G. BRYANT.
au27;d81

THE QUEEN OF THE WASHTUB.—The little Right for Maryland, with privilege of manufacture of a
PATENT WASHING FLUID,
Which, wherever introduced, has met with universal success, will be sold on reasonable terms.
J. R. HAMILTON,
132 Third street.

MESS MACKEREL, in kits and half kits, just received from Boston, and for sale at the Family Grocery store of
JOHN A. REYNAW.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE PENNSYLVANIA
STATE
AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY,
WILL HOLD ITS EXHIBITION AT
PITTSBURGH,
Tuesday, September 24th,
Wednesday, September 25th,
Thursday, September 26th,
Friday, September 27th, 1867.

An office is open at No. 10 ST. CLAIR STREET, PITTSBURGH. Catalogues of Premiums can be obtained upon application there.

The Entry Books must close on MONDAY EVENING, September 2d, unless in special cases, to be determined by the Committee. For purpose of entering, the office will be open until 10 o'clock on the night of that day.

All pedigrees of stock must be handed into the office of the Secretary, ON OR BEFORE SEPTEMBER 9th.

All persons, EXHIBITORS, who desire offering stock or articles for sale, must notify the Secretary ON OR BEFORE SEPTEMBER 20th.

Hay and Straw will be furnished FREE; all other feed at current market rates. Water in full supply.

The regulations will in all cases be closely adhered to. The exhibition will open on

Tuesday, Sept. 20th, at Noon.

Premiums will be paid as soon as the Secretary can prepare the awards for the Treasurer, but not before FRIDAY, September 27th, at 3 o'clock P. M.

Efficient police and guard, both for day and night, for the protection of all articles on exhibition, has been provided.

A. BOYD HAMILTON, Pres't.
A. B. LONGAKER, Sec'y.
Office of State Agricultural Society, Harrisburg, September 2, 1867.

TEAS! TEAS!
Of all Prices and Quality, at
A. KIRK'S.

GREEN TEAS.

Prime Young Hyson	$1.00 per pound.
Extra good "	1.00 "
Good "	1.00 "
Fine "	1.00 "
Good "	1.00 "

BLACK TEAS—Oolongs.

Best Oolong	$1.00 per pound.
Good "	1.20 "
Extra "	1.20 "

BLACK TEAS—Powchong, Souchong and Congoes.

Ex. Fine Moss Flav'd Eng. Breakfast	$1.20
" " Old Country, do	1.20
" " Congoe	1.40

JAPAN TEAS.

Uncolored Japan, very pleasant flavor	$1.20
Japan, Young Hyson, Leaf	1.40

MIXED TEAS.

No. 1 Mixed Teas, ½ best Black, ½ do. Y. H.	$1.00
No. 2 " " ½ Old best " ½ do. "	1.20

From the above any one can select just what kind of Tea they want, and have them put up in any quantity, and forwarded by any of the Express Companies free of charge. We now carry goods at very low rates, and by doing so save twenty cents per pound in the price, besides getting a pure and clean article which exactly suits their taste.

A. KIRK,
172 and 174 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
au27;d86

CAUTION!
BEWARE OF IMPOSTERS!
Having been informed that parties with wagons and carpet sacks are peddling, in and around the city,
Tobaccos of an Inferior Quality,
And