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The Pittsburgh Gazette

A WORTHY CANDIDATE.

The loyal voters of the Commonwealth ask no higher tribute to the worth and character of Judge Williams than the following neat compliment paid him by the only daily Democratic paper of Western Pennsylvania the day following his nomination. It said:

The nomination of the Hon. Henry W. Williams as a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court is a good one. He was the best man named before the Republican Convention, and possesses legal and moral qualifications for the responsible position to which he has been nominated. Both parties have now presented their candidates. An important duty has been faithfully discharged by the respective conventions. The campaign may now be conducted *without personal aspersions*, and decided upon the principles of the two great parties. This is as it should be. It is an auspicious sign of the times, and if the county conventions are equally fortunate in the selection of legislative candidates, there will be a stop put to the deplorable corruption at the seat of government under a new reign of honest men and conscientious legislators.—*Pittsburgh Post, June 28th, 1867.*

THE Associated Press dispatches continue to furnish us with rumors of changes about to take place in the Cabinet. It is stated this morning that every member has placed his resignation in the hands of the President, and are awaiting acceptance. The removal of McCulloch seems to have been determined, and that officer's resignation will be accepted so soon as trade circles are properly educated in the belief that a change is to be made. The delay is made so that in the end the Government credit will not suffer by a sudden change in the Treasury Department. In the event of Mr. Seward's withdrawal, Jeremiah S. Black, Mr. Johnson's Chief Engineer of National Affairs, will probably succeed him.

ELSEWHERE is the order of the President relieving Gen. Sickles from command of the Second Military District, and assigning Gen. Canby to the post. Sickles suffers as Sheridan suffered. Both were too zealous in carrying out the measures of reconstruction proposed by a loyal Congress, and thus displeased the President, who revenged himself in the only way he possibly could, by removing them. In Mr. Johnson's term of office removals do not signify disgrace, but, on the contrary, are interpreted by the patriotic masses as recognitions to public servants that they have well and faithfully performed their duties.

TO ACCOUNT for the appearance of the cholera as an epidemic on the wide and open plains of the West, where there is nothing but pure air, and plenty of it, puzzles the eminent physicians of the country. The dread disease plays mysterious freaks, and sets at defiance all theories advanced to explain its origin and where and how it progresses. It is no better understood to-day than at the time of its first appearance, although it has been made a study by the wisest of physicians for many years.

GRANT has taken a decided stand in opposition to the President, if a rumor which reaches us can be relied upon. He refuses to interfere with any of the military commanders, and will not issue the orders removing Sheridan and Sickles, believing that the authority for their removal rests alone with him and that the President has no right to interfere. This difference will probably lead to the dedication of Grant as Secretary of War *ad interim*.

THIS MORNING the Associated Press very considerately informs the lovers of the manly art that all the arrangements for the forthcoming mill between McCool and Jones, at Cincinnati, have been completed, and gives the terms to be charged for seeing the great exhibition of hardened muscle. Thieves, burglars, pickpockets, gamblers and sporting men generally will make a note of the time, place and terms of the match.

MR. RICHARD SMITH, of the Cincinnati *Gazette*, has been nominated for Congress by the Republicans of the Second Ohio District. The *Commercial*, of that city, says, we believe, the first to suggest his name for the position. He will make an excellent representative, if elected.

MR. BANCROFT has presented his credentials to the King of Prussia, as Minister of the United States to the Court of Berlin. Bismarck tendered the historian a complimentary dinner as a mark of honor.

ENGLAND is to make an effort to rescue her subjects in Abyssinia. Troops are about to depart from India for the land of the long-haired, long-legged, long-eared and long-tailed.

MR. SAMUEL FILSON, of Steubenville, an aged and highly respected citizen, died on Sunday last. He was a native of Cumberland county, Pa.

THE name of Jessee D. Bright is prominently mentioned for the Speakership of the Kentucky House of Representatives.

CARLOTTA'S ASYLUM.—The Palace of Tervueren, where Carlotta is at present residing, belongs to the Belgian State domain, and was placed by them at the disposal of the royal family. Before the revolution of 1820, it was occupied for a part of the year by the Princes of the House of Orange, and has been preserved in the same state. The furniture has not been changed, and visitors are still shown the splendid hall room and the apartments of the family of Holland. The palace is by no means of considerable extent, and appears to have been originally built as a shooting lodge, being surrounded with an immense park, enclosed within walls, and well stocked with game.

—A terrible case of wholesale poisoning is reported from Vicksburg, Miss. A party of young people passed a day and evening in picnicing at the residence of Mrs. A. R. Hebron, near Rome. At the midnight repast, it is believed, the whole party were poisoned by persons of some deadly substance administered in the food. Seven of the guests had died at last accounts and twelve others were seriously ill. Last week, five servants who accompanied the guests died, while the servants of the hostess were infected with symptoms of cholera, but it was pronounced by physicians to be the result of poison.

The Hon. J. S. Wilson, Commissioner of the General Land Office, has received a letter from the Hon. A. A. Denny, of Washington Territory, relative to the recent discovery of a coal mine about three miles from the eastern shore of Puke Sound, a few miles east of the town of Seattle, in that Territory. The letter was accompanied with a fine specimen of the coal, the supply of which, it is stated, is inexhaustible. The discovery will be of great importance to the North Pacific Railroad Company, as the mine is situated on the line of route of that road in its passage to Puget's Sound.

—Rev. A. Manship, pastor of Calvary Methodist Episcopal church of Philadelphia, has returned home from the Concord camp-meeting, held in Caroline county, Md., minus his watch, a quantity of clothing and some $60 in cash, stolen from his tent by some adroit thief.

—The Carbon Hill Coal Mines, of Virginia, have been sold at auction for $20,000, to John T. Daly, of New York.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

FROM EUROPE.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ENGLAND.

BRITISH PRISONERS IN ABYSSINIA.

LONDON, August 27.—Active preparations are being made for the speedy departure of troops from India to rescue the British prisoners in Abyssinia. Sir William Napier has been appointed to command the expedition. The last reports state the prisoners were no longer in the power of King Theodorus, and strong hopes are entertained that Napier will succeed in releasing them in time to save their lives.

THE NEW CABLE FROM BREST.

LONDON, August 27.—The new cable from Brest to New York is to be laid in May next. The Northern route has been selected as the safest and most practicable. The Great Eastern has been chartered to perform the work.

THE ANTI-SLAVERY CONGRESS.

MANCHESTER, August 27.—*Evening*—The Anti-Slavery Congress convened in this city to-day. William Lloyd Garrison made a speech. Other distinguished persons, including several negroes, also made speeches. Eulogies were passed on the Governments of the United States and Hayti for the recent abolition of slavery.

MEMORIAL DEAD.

LONDON, August 27.—*Evening*—Faraday, an eminent savan and electrician, died today.

FRANCE.

SPEECH OF NAPOLEON.

PARIS, August 28.—*Evening*.—Napoleon, in his speech to the Senate, said: I have faith in the future. All governments often seek to divert public attention from domestic troubles by fomenting foreign quarrels. On the contrary, these governments have always, on national will, have strength, and need only resort to whatever shall tend to promote the permanent interests of the country and be the means of upholding the honor of the nation.

SPAIN.

THE INSURRECTION SUCCESSFUL.

LONDON, August 27.—Accounts from Spain confirm the reports that the insurrection in Aragon was successful. Prim, the man who led the royal troops against the insurgents was killed. He was a nephew of Narvaez, Chief of the Spanish Cabinet.

PRUSSIA.

DINNER TO MINISTER BANCROFT.

BERLIN, August 27.—*Evening*—Hon. Geo. Bancroft dined with the King of Prussia this morning. He presented his credentials as Minister of the United States to the Court of Berlin. Bismarck received an invitation to a dinner in his honor by Bismarck.

DENMARK.

LONDON, August 27.—Denmark has renewed the northern provinces of Schleswig.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, Aug. 27.—*Evening*—Consols 94¾ (Illinois Central, 77¾; Erie, 40¾; Pennsylvania Great Western, 31½; 20s 73¾.

FRANKFORT, Aug. 27.—*Evening*.—Five Twenties 76½.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 27.—*Evening*.—Cotton closed heavy; sales 7000 bales middling uplands at 16½; Orleans 16¾.

Manchester are unfavorable. Wheat 12s 9d for new southern, and 15s 6d for California. Flour 25s for extra western. Corn 46s 6d. Oats 3s 6d. Barley 5s. Peas 51s 6d. Cheese 56s. Beef 128s. Lard 64s. Pork 77s. Bacon 43s 6d. Spirits Petroleum 8½d; rangoon 4s 6d.

LONDON, Aug. 27.—*Evening*—Sugar 24s 6d. Linseed oil 28s.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 27.—*Evening*—Petroleum 4¾; frame for standard white.

[*By Mail.*]

NEW YORK, August 27.—The steamer "Villa de Paris" with European dates to the 15th has arrived.

The *Herald* believed that the dispute between Prussia and Denmark, in reference to North Schleswig, would not be settled. There is a probability of an interview between the King of Prussia and Napoleon, on the return of the latter from Salzburg.

A telegram has been received at the Danish Consul's office in Mexico, saying he would soon return to France.

A misunderstanding has arisen between Austria and Italy, concerning the return of Venetian archives and wrings on the part of Austria when Venice was evacuated, and also as to boundary lines.

NEW YORK, August 27.—The steamer Ville de Paris brings Paris papers of the 17th. The Archbishop of Cincinnati was a passenger.

The Emperor's fete was celebrated on the 15th by amusements, fireworks and illuminations.

Ismail Pasha had sailed from Constantinople for Egypt.

Prince Hohenlohe, of Italy, visited the Emperor for three days at Chalons.

Report of a marriage project between the royal houses of Sweden and Prussia are unfounded.

In his remarks the Visier, on his return to Constantinople, said he would be faithful to foreign people and governments had manifested in him a desire to secure impartial protection to all his subjects. This sentiment, he said, is that of a great State.

A Stuttgart letter says the South German States will, next spring, have a great festival in honor of the King of Prussia, for the purpose of the Confederation of the South, ten hundred and twenty thousand men armed and equipped according to the Prussian plan.

THE LAST "ORDER."

Assignment of General Hancock to the Command of the Fifth District.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, August 27.—The order assigning General Hancock to General Sheridan's place was as follows:

Executive Mansion, Washington, August 26, 1867. Sir: In consequence of the serious condition of the health of Major General H. Thomas, as reported by your Surgeon General's dispatch of the 21st instant, my order dated August 17, 1867, is hereby modified so as to assign Maj. Gen. Winfield S. Hancock to the command of the Fifth Military District, created by act of Congress, passed March 2d, 1867, and of the Military Department comprising the States of Louisiana and Texas. The order relieved from the command of the Department of the Missouri by that order, Maj. Gen. Sheridan, Major General Hancock will proceed directly to New Orleans, La., and assume the command to which he is hereby assigned. He will, when necessary for the accomplishment of the laws, exercise any and all powers conferred by acts of Congress upon District Commanders, and will report all authority pertaining to officers in command of Military Departments. &c.

Major General P. H. Sheridan will at once turn over his present command to the officer in rank next to himself, and proceed without delay to Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, and relieve Major General Hancock of the command of the Department of Missouri.

Major General George H. Thomas will until further orders, remain in command of the Department of the Cumberland.

Very respectfully yours, &c.,

ANDREW JOHNSON.

To U. S. Grant, Secretary of War, of instructions.

Powder Mill Explosion—Three Men Killed.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BENNINGTON, Vt., Aug. 27.—A mill belonging to the Bennington Powder Company exploded, instantly killing three men named Abraham Moon, Edward Cunningham and Wm. Downs. The mill was blown into fragments. The damage is not heavy. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

Destructive Fire at Greensburg, Ind.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, Aug. 27.—A very destructive fire tonight at Greensburg, Ind., entirely consumed the woolen factory of Bonding & Bro., the varroom of Cakins & Shirk, & Bro., the Merchants Union Express Office and several other buildings. The telegraph lines were also burned. Loss estimated at $100,000.

Shipment of Distilled Spirits.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, August 27.—A Washington special says it is reported that an order will shortly be issued by the Revenue Commissioner permitting the shipment of distilled spirits from a general bonded warehouse to another at a different port.

Accidents at Bridge—One Man Killed.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

HARRISBURG, August 27.—Seven workmen were precipitated into the river here by the breaking of the trestle of the new bridge. One was killed, and the others slightly injured.

Scientific Association Adjourned.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BURLINGTON, Vt., August 27.—The Scientific Association adjourned, after a session of several days. The next meeting will be held in Chicago on the first Wednesday of August, 1868.

Congressional Nomination.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, August 27.—The Union Convention of the Second Ohio District this morning nominated Richard Smith, of the Cincinnati *Gazette*, to Congress, by acclamation.

Thaddeus Stevens Recovering.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

LANCASTER, Pa., August 27.—Thaddeus Stevens has so far recovered his health that he expects to leave for the Northern Lakes in a few days.

Death of an Ex-Justice.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, August 27.—Hon. Ira C. Whitehead, formerly Judge of the Supreme Court of New Jersey, died at Morristown this morning.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, August 27, 1867.

CABINET MATTERS—RESIGNATIONS IN THE HANDS OF THE PRESIDENT.

A special says: It is well known that for some time past the President has virtually been in possession of the resignations of his Cabinet officers, which had been offered verbally; but recent events have induced them to repeat the offer, and I am able to state on good authority that he now has in his possession formal written resignations of every member of the Cabinet. In this connection, the fact that Jerry Black, who has been absent from the city for several days, has been telegraphed to, advising him of the change in the affairs of the Cabinet and requesting him to return immediately, is significant.

The *Herald's* special says: In the case of McCulloch, though probably his resignation will be the last accepted from fear of damage to the public credit, still I am pretty certain that he will be permitted to withdraw after some time, and a better man appointed in his stead. The idea probably is to familiarize the public mind to the proposed change in the Treasury Department management by degrees, and not make too sudden a change. Among the rumors afloat is one to the effect that Secretary McCulloch has accepted an offer from Jay Cooke & Co. to manage the new banking house they are about to open in London. If this be true, it would certainly bear out the probability of Mr. McCulloch's probable retirement.

The *Tribune's* special says: It is intimated that Grant will ask to be relieved from duty at the War Office soon, as indicated in the correspondence of yesterday. This is but the beginning of a plan to carry the next Presidential election by the Democracy.

Changes in the cabinet will certainly take place. Seward's friends say he will surely go. The "*old man*" has been keeping very quiet lately, and has very little to say at the White House. Randall expresses to his friends a willingness to resign. He had a long interview with the President to-night. Before he went to the White House he told his friends of what the conference would be about whether or not he would resign. Randall will soon in his resignation. Attorney General Stanbery, if he does not resign, will be one of the first to go. Randall will soon in his resignation. Stanbery, if he does not resign, will be one of the first to go. Randall expresses to his friends a willingness to resign. He had a long interview with the President to-night. Before he went to the White House he told his friends of what the conference would be about whether or not he would resign. Randall will soon in his resignation. Attorney General