The Pittsburgh Gazette

MONDAY, AUGUST 12, 1867.

THE REFORM MOVEMENT IN ENGLAND.

The extension of the franchise under the Reform Bill, so as nearly to double the number of voters, is a step in the direction of popular government greater than has been made in that country at one time for nearly two hundred years, and we may rest assured that it is only the first of a new series which will not end until the political institutions of that ancient monarchy shall be brought into close assimilation to those of this country.

The statesmen of Europe for three quarters of a century have watched the experiment of popular government in the United States with great interest. They saw and acknowledged that it was admirably calculated to develope the spirit and energy of a people such as ours, and that under it we made unexampled progress; but they had little faith in its strength. They honestly believed that it was not calculated to bear up under those rude shocks to which European States are subject. But the war of the Great Rebellion—a ruder shock than ever a nation of the old world successfully sustained—demonstrated that in this opinion they erred; and now the only serious barrier to the progress of liberal ideas and popular government is removed.

England, under a pressure of public opinion, which it would have been perilous to resist, has conceded a large extension of the right of suffrage; but *the vote by ballot* has not yet been conceded. The wealthy and the aristocratic classes cling to the *viva voce* vote, because they hope thereby in a great degree to control the suffrages of the dependent classes; and so long as that mode of voting is adhered to they will, in many places, control it. The next struggle will be for the ballot; and when that shall be conceded the power of the aristocracy, as such, will be broken.

Men are pretty much alike in all countries, and therefore we may be sure that as soon as it is ascertained that the power of the government is to pass from the hands of the few to those of the masses, thousands of leading men in the several localities will mount the new wave, that they may be carried into office or place. The flunky of to-day will be a demagogue to-morrow.

For more than a thousand years England has been slowly progressing in the line of popular freedom, and this slowness has been her salvation. Her constitution was not made: it grew. Even its dead weights and excrescences have had their uses. To have cut any of them off prematurely would have been attended with danger. But it is certain that vast numbers of her people now believe that the pruning knife may be used freely. The abolition of church rates, and, indeed, a total separation of the Church from the State, are freely discussed, and are sure to follow in due time. And it may be that the abolition of monarchical forms, and the substitution of an elective and responsible chief magistrate, are events not very remote. All these reforms, radical as they now appear, may be brought about by peaceable processes, step by step, without any very great national commotion. The time for resisting ideas by brute force is fast passing away. Our slaveholders thought they could crush ideas under the heels of their mobs and their battalions; but the experiment ended in their being crushed themselves. They, too, like the aristocracy of England, clung long and tenaciously to the *viva voce* form of suffrage, so that, by their lordly presence, they could overawe the poor and the dependent; but now, "in the course of human events," their former slaves have the ballot and are outvoting them. It might be profitable for the classes which have long ruled the British empire to cast their eyes over this way, and witness the fate of those who once most resembled them in this country. The progress of sound political ideas never cause violent commotions. It is the attempt rudely to resist that progress which does this.

There is one very hopeful sign attending these movements in England, and that is, that statesmen who have resisted those reforms, seeing that they are inevitable, are already proposing the establishment of a great system of national education, so as to prepare the masses for their new responsibilities. Thus alone, if it is done, will enable the nation to pass through this great transition safely.

MESSRS. JOHNSON AND STANTON

The President, having curtly and rudely asked Mr. STANTON to give up his portfolio of the War Department, and the latter gentleman having in no mistakable terms replied that he will not do it, is in an awkward dilemma. Very likely Mr. JOHNSON supposed that Mr. STANTON would regard his note as a personal insult and forthwith resign; but in this he was mistaken. Mr. STANTON was Secretary of War long before Mr. JOHNSON was President of the United States. He was appointed by Mr. LINCOLN during his first term and confirmed by the Senate, then re-appointed by Mr. LINCOLN at the beginning of his second term, and again confirmed, so he has very good reason to feel that, although he is Secretary of War while the other is President of the United States, he is not Mr. JOHNSON'S Secretary, or bound to heed his captious demands. Strong in the confidence of Congress and the country, and conscious that his continance at his post is essential to the peace and well-being of the nation, he can afford, without in the slightest degree impairing his character as an honorable man, to disregard such a demand as that which the President made upon him.

But the President can suspend him True, he can; but how long will he remain suspended? The Tenure of Office law declares that during a recess of the Senate the President may, upon evidence satisfactory to himself that an officer has been "guilty of misconduct in office, or crime, or for any reason shall become incapable or legally disqualified to perform its duties, in such case, and *no other*, the President may suspend such officer, and designate some suitable person to perform temporarily the duties of the office until the next session of the Senate, and until the same shall be acted upon by the Senate." It is, however, his duty under the law to report the suspension, and the reasons for it, within twenty days after the next meeting of the Senate. Should the Senate not concur in the suspension, "*such officer, so suspended, shall forthwith resume the duties of his office.*"

The President knows perfectly well what probability there is of the present Senate concurring in Mr. STANTON'S suspension; or how much weight his reasons for such suspension would have with that body. He would not dare to charge him with "misconduct in office," or "crime," or of incapability; and no other reason is admissible. To put him out, and then have him walk back triumphantly in a few weeks would be greatly worse than to suffer him to remain, and the President has sense enough to know that.

If the President is resolved to compel Congress to bring him before the bar of the Senate under articles of impeachment, he could accomplish his object in no way more effectually than by driving this old and well-tried officer from his post.

For that provision of this law, which emancipates the members of the Cabinet from the caprices of the President, and enables Mr. STANTON to retain the position he has so long and so faithfully filled, the country is indebted to the earnest and persistent efforts of the Hon. THOMAS WILLIAMS, of the 23d District.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY—WAR UPON THE READING RAILROAD

A correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press*, writing from Pottsville, August 8th, says:

The people of Schuylkill county are in a whirlpool of excitement over the nomination of a State Senator, which event takes place in the course of ten days. There are three candidates before the Democratic party, though the contest lies narrowed down to two—Mr. Wm. M. Randall, of North Manheim, the present incumbent, and Bernard Reilly, of Pottsville. The former at the last session of the Legislature was a determined opponent of the bill giving the Reading Railroad Company the right to buy and sell coal, and to lease any colliery with the intention of working it. It is said that mainly through his exertion that bill was defeated. Since that time Mr. Bernard Reilly, a contractor on the Reading road, has announced himself a candidate for the position of Senator. The canvass has fairly opened, and the most intense excitement prevails throughout the entire county. It may be said that the fight is now between the coal-operators and miners and the Reading Railroad Company. A series of meetings, to take place in every section of the county, have been arranged, at which prominent gentlemen will make addresses.

He then proceeds to detail the proceedings of a large meeting of the democracy, held in Pottsville on the evening before, over which R. R. Monaghan presided, and at which the Hon. FRANCIS W. HUGHES was the chief speaker. Neither in the discussions nor in the resolutions is there the slightest references to politics, either State or National. Opposition to the Reading Railroad appeared to swallow up all other considerations. As an interesting piece of history we give the following paragraph from the report of Mr. HUGHES'S remarks:

The speaker then gave a history of the Reading Railroad from its start, in which he said that in the year 1837 the State Legislature authorized a company to construct a railroad from Reading to Philadelphia, with a capital of $1,000,000, which they had the right to increase to $2,000,000, and with the right to declare dividends not above 12 per cent., and if above that, one-half to go to the Educational Fund. In this charter was a clause that if said company shall misuse or abuse any of the privileges granted them, the Legislature might repeal said privileges. The road was constructed. What is the state of the concern? This company, that was chartered with a capital of $1,000,000, in its last report to the Legislature, has a capital paid in stock of $22,745,867 27, and a debt of $6,719,562 67, making a total capital of $29,462,429 94. According to the same report, this road of 58 miles in length, has now 748 6 10 miles of track, in that are not included the following roads: The Auburn and Allentown, the Schuylkill and Susquehanna, the East Pennsylvania, Columbia and Lancaster, the Lehigh and Schuylkill, the Enterprise road, and the road from Tamaqua to Hazleton. These combined add 300 more miles, making a grand total of 1,048 6 10 miles.

He stated that in 1866 the Reading Railroad carried 5,197,567 tons of freight (the bulk of which was coal) while the Pennsylvania carried but 2,186,559, showing an excess of 2,011,008 in favor of the Reading. Mr. HUGHES, after dwelling at length upon the misdeeds of the Company, declared war against it in the following style:

"I now propose to enter into a contest with it, into which the word compromise is not to be entered. I propose to attack it in the front, on the flank, and in the rear. In the front, by securing rival circle or clique who are combined to produce the Dunderburg unseaworthy, have likewise joined voices to condemn the Onondaga. How is it that such a nation as France, which certainly has in her Naval Department the ablest engineers of the world, can be duped into the purchase of monitors and iron clads decreed worthless by the United States authorities? France knows what she is about, and our authorities are strengthening perhaps the arm which may one day be turned against themselves.

At Russia, at the present time, the monitor Miantanomia is cruising, and we may expect ere long to have it announced that she too is worthless, preparatory to a job being put up with Russia for her purchase. It is high time to raise the alarm, and I trust that other naval engineers in the county may join with me in openly denouncing the parties engaged in deprecating noble vessels of our navy in order to reap profit by placing them in the hands of rival foreign powers, at fabulous prices. Our country is strong, but must eventually suffer by such a blind policy.

G. V. PAYTON.

THE SEA SERPENT.

A sea serpent in Lake Michigan is the newest marvel of the day. Sundry sailors have seen it, or think they have seen it; at least they have seen something which—was "very like a whale," and so we have long and very particular descriptions of the "critter," just as we used to have years ago of the serpent which visited Nahant and other parts of the rockbound coast of New England. It is a little remarkable, and is evidence of great sagacity on the part of this shy and mysterious monster, that he never exhibits himself to the gaze of admiring mortals, except when newspaper men have little else to talk about. The latest and most veritable witness that has been placed upon the stand by the enterprising editors of the Chicago *Tribune* is a Mr. MCULLER, a fisherman. Here is the picture drawn from his description:

As he says he said, his estimate of the length, which, he informs us, was five times the length of his boat, very nearly tallies with the previous accounts, while his estimate of the circumference is equally confirmatory. The general color of the animal was a bluish black, darkest in the center, gradusting nearly to a blue toward the head and tail. The under side of the animal was only visible as he lifted his head and tail occasionally, and this appeared to be of a grayish white, resembling the color of the fish dish somewhat. The head was a little larger than the human average head, growing smaller toward the mouth, and sloping gradually toward the neck, so that what like a scale. Toward the snout, which was triangular in shape, the head was very much depressed, and on the extreme end of the snout Mr. Muhlke thinks there were barbels, but of this he is not sure. No teeth were visible. The eyes were large, larger than the human eye, but of their color or shape Mr. M. could form no idea whatever. Only a portion of the neck was visible. This appeared to be corrugated, and along its upper surface and extending nearly to its tail, was a series of what looked like the bony plates of a sturgeon. This ridge extended over the first section of the animal which Mr. M. saw, but apart from this there was no appendage visible on the forward part of the animal. Mr. M., however, is confident that there were either fins or legs, toward the head and under the water, as there was a constant wash of the water on either side of him near that point, as if he was sustaining his huge bulk by the motion of such appendages. A few feet forward of the tail there was a well developed fin of a greenish hue, corresponding with the dorsal fin of the sturgeon, but many times larger, and evidently very powerful. The entire fin had a lateral motion, and the various spines of which it was composed had an individual longitudinal motion, so that sometimes the fin almost closed up like a fan. Immediately beneath this was an anal fin, possessing the same characteristics, but different in shape, being very long, and the spines of equal length. Immediately in front of this fin were two well developed legs. Mr. M. thinks they ended in a web foot. In any event, they were jointless, but so flexible that the animal could draw them up to the belly when they were not in use. By analogy, therefore, we should infer that the animal had similar legs at his other extremity, which favors the supposition that he walks at times on the bed of the lake. In search of his prey, and at once banishes the supposition that he might be of the surgeon family. The tail itself was of great size and strength, very unsymmetrical in shape, and something resembling long hair covering its entire upper surface, the under surface being diversified with sharp ridges, radiating to the outer edge.

The artist has overdone it. Fins, and a tail "of great size and strength," and *legs*, are too much for one animal.

A NEW ENTERPRISE.—Shippan Point, on the Sound, about an hour and a half from New York, was sold the other day to a company of wealthy gentlemen, who propose making it the most attractive place of residence in the United States. Over one million dollars was paid for the land alone, and the plan for improvements is of the most liberal character. Cars will run directly from the Point to New York city, and a steamboat will make daily trips. A magnificent hotel will be erected, controlled by an experienced manager. The sale of property for private residences will be restricted to such as will render the property, in not a "colony of aristocrats," at least an attractive neighborhood for gentlemen of taste, means and culture.

THE SALE OF OUR MONITORS—A PROTEST.

ALLEGHENY, August 10, 1867.

EDITORS GAZETTE:—I trust you will open your columns to one who is deeply interested in the welfare of his country, in order that he may protest in strong language against the wholesale destruction of our navy, by agents of our Government. I refer to the sale of our valuable fleet of iron-clads to foreign powers, which may on the morrow turn them against ourselves. That there is something wrong in the sale of these valuable auxiliaries to the welfare of our commerce, is patent to the least casual observer, and much more so to the practical engineer, who knows the value, the strength and completeness of every vessel found in the navy. The sale of the Dunderberg, although practically speaking it was never in the actual ownership of the Government, excited no particular surprise at the time, inasmuch as it was pronounced unseaworthy by officers of the naval department, who were not presumed to be ignorant of the matter in which they made decisions. But when the telegraph flashed word across the ocean that the Dunderberg had made a marvellously brilliant passage to Europe, the public wondered why such a vessel should have been permitted to pass out of the possession of our own authorities. The ordinary announcement that Mr. Webb, the builder, had made nearly a million dollars by the refusal of the naval authorities to accept his vessel, let some light into the transaction, and the existence of a ring of speculators at once suggested itself to the minds of many practical thinking men. Only a few days after the following grave announcement was made through the Associated Press, regarding one of the best monitors in our navy, the Onandaga:

"The iron-clad monitor Onondaga, which was recently purchased of the United States by the French Government, and which started last week for France, returned to New York on Friday last, disabled. She left Sandy Hook on Wednesday last, in tow of the steamer Mercedita. On Thursday afternoon the Onondaga became quite unmanageable, making but very little headway, then being only eighty miles from Sandy Hook. She would not obey the helm, the pumps would not work, and she was so deeply laden that the sea was constantly washing over her, carrying the water through the hatchways into the hold. As it was deemed unsafe to continue the voyage, the Captain of the Mercedita ordered the fleet to return."

Now, I have full knowledge of a vessel, have served my country on board of her, as one of the engineers, under command of Commander Homer C. Blake, and Chief Engineer Alexander Henderson, and know whereof I speak when I denounce the statement contained in that item as maliciously false. No better or more seaworthy monitor ever danced on the waves, and certainly no more formidable craft exists in the world. Her service during the rebellion is well known to all loyal men, and to the late rebel foe, and why our Government should have been so blind to its own interest as to dispose of her to a foreign power is a deep mystery to me. The story told of her unseaworthiness is made up to deceive the people as to her real worth, and, perhaps, to hide a huge swindle perpetrated in the very face of our authorities. The Onondaga, to be now powerful, and should never have been sold out of our navy. If France should become involved in a war with us, we have placed in her hands a weapon by which she could sweep our merchantmen from the high seas, invade our harbors, and destroy our seaboard cities, for she is invulnerable to shot and we have nothing left which could combat her. There was speculation in her sale, and doubtless the same circle or clique who so combined to pronounce the Dunderburg unseaworthy, have likewise joined voices to condemn the Onondaga. How is it that such a nation as France, which certainly has in her Naval Department the ablest engineers of the world, can be duped into the purchase of monitors and iron clads decreed worthless by the United States authorities? France knows what she is about, and our authorities are strengthening perhaps the arm which may one day be turned against themselves.

At Russia, at the present time, the monitor Miantanomia is cruising, and we may expect ere long to have it announced that she too is worthless, preparatory to a job being put up with Russia for her purchase. It is high time to raise the alarm, and I trust that other naval engineers in the county may join with me in openly denouncing the parties engaged in deprecating noble vessels of our navy in order to reap profit by placing them in the hands of rival foreign powers, at fabulous prices. Our country is strong, but must eventually suffer by such a blind policy.

G. V. PAYTON.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE MEMBERS OF THE PITTSBURGH FIREMEN'S ASSOCIATION are requested to meet at the MAYOR'S OFFICE, (private room,) THIS AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, promptly.
By order of W. C. McCARTHY, President.
aug12:d3

TEMPERANCE LECTUBE.—TO-NIGHT, Mr. J. HENRY VERNER will deliver a Lecture before the BOYDEN LODGE OF GO. D TEMPLARS, in their Hall, Allegheny. Mr. VERNER is lecturing under the auspices of JOHN B. GOUGH. Members of sister Lodges are invited to attend. 2 aug12:d*

THE COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS of the PENNSYLVANIA STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY will meet at No. 10 ST. CLAIR STREET, on TUESDAY, August 13th 1867, at 10 o'clock.
The office of the Society will be at the same location on and after August 15th.
A. BROWER LONGAKER, Secretary.
aug12:d2

FOR SALE—TWO HUNDRED ACRES, on both sides of the Allegheny Valley Railway, eighteen miles from the city. Beds underland with coal seven feet thick, and having beautiful little bottom and gently rising ground, with good springs, furnishing water in every house; at least 50 acres of the farm is of half a mile, there are few pieces of so much natural beauty for private residences or so many advantages for manufactories.
It is offered entire or in quantities to suit purchasers and with or without the coal. The owner will be at Parnassus station all this week, and the following days of the in xt two weeks. Parties looking have made a solid do well to look at the property while the owner can be seen.
ALEX. YOUNG, MONMOUTH, ILLINOIS.
aug7:14:16,21:24 28:31—131

ANTHRACITE COAL.
All parties desiring a supply of
ANTHRACITE COAL,
Can be supplied with the product of any of the following mines:
WILKESBARRE, PITTSTON,
SHAMOKIN, SILVER BROOK,
OF LYKEN'S VALLEY.
By leaving their orders with
WM. BINGHAM,
aug12:d41 360 PENN ST., Pittsburgh.

DOMESTIC
COTTON GOODS,
FOR SALE AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES,
BY
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 Fifth Street.
aug

IRON CITY CUTLERY CO.,
No. 3 St. Clair Street.
Having purchased of ANDREW BRIGGS the entire stock of Hardware, Cutlery and Variety Goods, at the above stand, it is their intention to keep on hand a first-class stock of
HARDWARE, CUTLERY,
Guns, Rifles and Pistols, Fishing Tackle and sporting goods of every variety. Also, keep on hand a full stock of Jobbing Cutlery, Grinding Razors, Scissors, &c., Cutting Shears and stamps, and manufacture Seal and Cancelling Stamps, at shortest notice.
W. H. BOWS, Manager.

BANKRUPTCY.
REGISTERS AND ATTORNEYS
Can be furnished with
BLANKS IN BANKRUPTCY,
At the Stationery Store of
W. S. HAVEN,
Corner Wood and Third Sts.
aug5:d24

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 6 day of August, A. D. 1867, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the ESTATE OF LEBANON E. STONE, of the City of Allegheny, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him or his use and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a court of Bankruptcy, to be opened at No. 93 Diamond street, in the City of Pittsburgh, Pa., on the 14th day of August, A. D., 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M.
U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE, W. D. PA.
aug8:d21

NOTICE—THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform their friends and the public in general that, preparatory to moving back into their new building, No. 45 Fifth street, they will offer their stock, they are now selling their immense stock of
JEWELRY, etc., AT COST:
Consisting of Watches, Silver Ware, Brooms, Flies and Other Cutlery, Metal Spectacles, Glasses, regulators, French Clocks, etc., etc., together with an immense stock, consisting of a large assortment of silver mounted plate glass show cases, with spacious counter, etc.
Also, the rest of the new expects to remove our fine stock of watches and fresh stock of everything pertaining to a first-class jewelry House. Very respectfully,
REINEMAN, MEYAAN & SEIDLE,
No. 39 FIFTH STREET,
Next to Bank Block.

AMERICAN WATCHES.
A SPLENDID STOCK OF
Fine Gold and Silver Watches,
FINE GOLD JEWELRY,
SILVERWARE, CLOCKS, &c.
At the lowest prices. The public are invited to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
Watch repairing promptly attended to, at
W. WILSON'S,
No. 84 FOURTH STREET,
Two doors above Market street.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.
PROPOSALS FOR GAS COAL.
HARRISBURG GAS WORKS, Aug. 6, 1867.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Harrisburg Gas Works not later than DAY OF SEPTEMBER, for the delivery of
GAS COAL,
To be used during the next year, up to September 1st, 1868. The coal must be of the very best quality, for the manufacture of gas, and delivered at the Gas Works.
All communications should be addressed to the undersigned, who will give all further information on the subject.
GEO. HERGNER, Secretary.

JUST RECEIVED, AT
ROBERTS & SHERRATT'S
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware Manufactory,
NO. 61 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH.
A new supply of Ice Chests, Ice Picks and Pitchers, Refrigerators, Beer Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers, meat safes, Water Coolers, Blake Cutters, and a full line of House-Furnishing Goods.
SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF SHEPARD'S STEAM COOKING APPARATUS, for meats, vegetables, puddings, &c. [aug6:d]

ALEX. PATTERSON'S
LUMBER YARD,
Corner Chestnut and Preble Sts.,
Sixth Ward, Allegheny, formerly Manchester.
A large stock DRY PINE BOARDS, Flooring, Siding, Lath and Dressed Siding, 12 and 16 feet lengths.
20,000 Cut Dry Oak Boards.
20,000 feet Ash, 2 and 3 inches thick.
12,000 feet Poplar, 2 and 3 inches thick.
Also, Fire Brick, Tile and Clay, in large or small quantities, to suit purchasers. aug6:d3

NE PLUS ULTRA
WASHING MACHINES,
NOVELTY BENCH AND TUB
WRINGERS, SWINGS,
UNION COFFEE POTS,
And a full assortment of Housekeeping Goods, at
GRAFTON'S, 66 Federal St.,
NEAR RAILROAD DEPOT, ALLEGHENY CITY.

NOTICE.—PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY.—PITTSBURGH, TURTLE CREEK DIVISION CONSTRUCTION BONDS.—Notice is hereby notified that the interest falling due on the above bonds, due August 1st, 1867, will be paid on and after that date, upon presentation and delivery at the First National Bank of Pittsburgh.
JOHN PATTERSON, Secretary and Treasurer.
Pittsburgh, July 30, 1867. jy31:d6w

GURLAY BROS.,
SHIRT MANUFACTURERS
27 Barclay St., near Church St.,
NEW YORK.
N. B.—Price Lists sent on application.
aug10:d2

WILLIAM A. HERRON,
No. 89 Grant Street,
Office for the purchase and sale of REAL ESTATE, and NEGOTIATION of REAL ESTATE, GOVERNMENT and other SECURITIES.
aug 10:d97

$15,000 TO LOAN,
ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.
G. M. PETTY,
No. 60 Smithfield street.
Real Estate bought and sold. jy24

FOR SALE—BOILERS.—FOUR SECOND-HAND BOILERS, 42 inches in diameter, 24 feet long, with two 14 inch flues, one 10 inch steam drum, 30 inches in diameter, stand pipe 14 inches in diameter, No. 1 iron, with fire front grate bars and lintels, safety check and blow off valve complete. Enquire of
WM. BARNHILL & CO.,
jy31:d29 No. 26 Penn street.

WINDOW SHADES, of all styles, colors and sizes. Also, Buff Holland, Transparent Green Oil Cloth, of all widths and at low prices, Wholesale and retail, by
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
aug 25 Sixth and 26 St. Clair street.

OIL CLOTHS—For Floors, Tables, Counters, Stairs, Windows, &c., all widths and patterns, and of best quality. For sale wholesale and retail, at the Oil Cloth and India Rubber Depot, Nos. 25 and 26 St. Clair street.
J. & H. PHILLIPS.

BELTING! BELTING!—Leather Belting, of the best quality; also, Rubber Belting, Packing, Hose, Gaskets, &c., of all sizes and best quality, and lowest prices. Lace Leather and Rivets always on hand.
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
aug 25 and 26 St. Clair street.

UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER.—The best and cheapest Wringer that is warranted to give perfect satisfaction. Call and see them for purchasing elsewhere. For sale by the sole agents for Allegheny county.
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
aug 25 and 26 St. Clair street.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, if you want curly and glossy hair, buy one package of my SILVER LOCK CURL. PRICE 50 CTS. Warranted to curl from six months to two years. Address, B. G. GRAHAM, Lock Box 1, Sandusky, Ohio.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.—The party who left a WATCH at my Barber Shop, on the 11th day of May last, is requested to come after it, pay charges and take it away.
H. B. WILLIAMSON,
aug2:*31 191 Federal street.

WESLEY COULTER.....JOHN LANE.
COULTER & LANE,
House and Sign Painters,
No. 100 GRANT STREET, Pittsburgh,
(opposite Cathedral.)
GLASS CARDS done to order.

FREEPORT
BARRED FLANNELS.
The undersigned are the SOLE AGENTS for the sale of these CELEBRATED FLANNELS.
M'CANDLESS, JAMISON & CO.,
103 Wood Street.
aug 2:d50

ALL THE LATEST STYLES OF
GENTS', BOYS', YOUTH'S,
MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S
BOOTS, SHOES,
AND GAITERS,
In great variety, and selling at reasonable prices, at
31 FIFTH STREET.
W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.
jy30:d2:mwf

LADIES' ENGLISH LASTING
CONGRESS GAITERS,
AND BALMORALS,
Worth $3, selling at $1.50, at
31 FIFTH STREET.
W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.
jy30:d2:mwf

COMPRESSED
BUNGS.
ARMSTRONG, BRO. & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
MACHINE CUT CORKS,
Plugs, Taps, Irish Moss, Pitch,
ROSIN, LININGS, &c., &c.
Nos. 122 & 123 Third St., Pittsburgh.

TO GLASS MANUFACTURERS.
THE UNDERSIGNED having secured the sole Agency for the sale of the celebrated
COPLEY POT CLAY,
Are now prepared to furnish it in any quantity to those wishing to procure this superior article. During the very long time this clay has been received at each succeeding portions as we believe makes it a better article for pots than any in the market, we having secured an average stand of six months for pot, and some things as long as eight and ten months. We will furnish receipts for the proportion of the mixture of this clay to persons purchasing. The clay is ground and moulded in lumps for delivery.
DITHRIDGE & SON.
Fort Pitt Glass Works,
Washington St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOHN RONEY,
HECLA FOUNDRY,
Carson St., 9th Ward, near A. V. R. R.
MANUFACTURER OF
Hammer Dies, Steel Moulds,
Rolling Mill and Machine Castings generally.
JOBBING WORK promptly attended to. Orders solicited and carefully and satisfactorily executed.
jy24

THE PEOPLE'S
TEA STORE,
Wilson & Underwood.
CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES.
One of the cheapest and best wholesale and retail stores in the two cities.
No. 15 South West Diamond,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
Call and examine our stock and prices.
FLOUR FROM NEW SOUTHERN WHEAT.—We are now manufacturing
A Superior Article of Flour,
FROM CHOICE NEW SOUTHERN WHEAT,
Which we can safely recommend to the trade and for family use.
R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,
PEARL STEAM MILL,
aug5:3m ALLEGHENY.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER,
PITTSBURGH, July 29, 1867.
THE ASSESSMENTS for Grading, Paving and Curbing
ETNA STREET,
WOOD STREET,
DIAMOND ALLEY, and
MULBERRY ALLEY, from Carson to Carson
Are now ready for examination, and will remain in this office for the space of ten days, until August 12th, 1867, when they will be placed in the City Treasurer's office for collection.
H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.
aug2:d7

PROPOSALS FOR GAS COAL.
HARRISBURG GAS WORKS, Aug. 6, 1867.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Harrisburg Gas Works not later than DAY OF SEPTEMBER, for the delivery of
GAS COAL,
To be used during the next year, up to September 1st, 1868. The coal must be of the very best quality, for the manufacture of gas, and delivered at the Gas Works.
All communications should be addressed to the undersigned, who will give all further information on the subject.
GEO. HERGNER, Secretary.

JUST RECEIVED, AT
ROBERTS & SHERRATT'S
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware Manufactory,
NO. 61 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH.
A new supply of Ice Chests, Ice Picks and Pitchers, Refrigerators, Beer Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers, meat safes, Water Coolers, Blake Cutters, and a full line of House-Furnishing Goods.
SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF SHEPARD'S STEAM COOKING APPARATUS, for meats, vegetables, puddings, &c. [aug6:d]

ALEX. PATTERSON'S
LUMBER YARD,
Corner Chestnut and Preble Sts.,
Sixth Ward, Allegheny, formerly Manchester.
A large stock DRY PINE BOARDS, Flooring, Siding, Lath and Dressed Siding, 12 and 16 feet lengths.
20,000 Cut Dry Oak Boards.
20,000 feet Ash, 2 and 3 inches thick.
12,000 feet Poplar, 2 and 3 inches thick.
Also, Fire Brick, Tile and Clay, in large or small quantities, to suit purchasers. aug6:d3

NE PLUS ULTRA
WASHING MACHINES,
NOVELTY BENCH AND TUB
WRINGERS, SWINGS,
UNION COFFEE POTS,
And a full assortment of Housekeeping Goods, at
GRAFTON'S, 66 Federal St.,
NEAR RAILROAD DEPOT, ALLEGHENY CITY.

NOTICE.—PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY.—PITTSBURGH, TURTLE CREEK DIVISION CONSTRUCTION BONDS.—Notice is hereby notified that the interest falling due on the above bonds, due August 1st, 1867, will be paid on and after that date, upon presentation and delivery at the First National Bank of Pittsburgh.
JOHN PATTERSON, Secretary and Treasurer.
Pittsburgh, July 30, 1867. jy31:d6w

GURLAY BROS.,
SHIRT MANUFACTURERS
27 Barclay St., near Church St.,
NEW YORK.
N. B.—Price Lists sent on application.
aug10:d2

WILLIAM A. HERRON,
No. 89 Grant Street,
Office for the purchase and sale of REAL ESTATE, and NEGOTIATION of REAL ESTATE, GOVERNMENT and other SECURITIES.
aug 10:d97

$15,000 TO LOAN,
ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.
G. M. PETTY,
No. 60 Smithfield street.
Real Estate bought and sold. jy24

FOR SALE—BOILERS.—FOUR SECOND-HAND BOILERS, 42 inches in diameter, 24 feet long, with two 14 inch flues, one 10 inch steam drum, 30 inches in diameter, stand pipe 14 inches in diameter, No. 1 iron, with fire front grate bars and lintels, safety check and blow off valve complete. Enquire of
WM. BARNHILL & CO.,
jy31:d29 No. 26 Penn street.

WINDOW SHADES, of all styles, colors and sizes. Also, Buff Holland, Transparent Green Oil Cloth, of all widths and at low prices, Wholesale and retail, by
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
aug 25 Sixth and 26 St. Clair street.

OIL CLOTHS—For Floors, Tables, Counters, Stairs, Windows, &c., all widths and patterns, and of best quality. For sale wholesale and retail, at the Oil Cloth and India Rubber Depot, Nos. 25 and 26 St. Clair street.
J. & H. PHILLIPS.

BELTING! BELTING!—Leather Belting, of the best quality; also, Rubber Belting, Packing, Hose, Gaskets, &c., of all sizes and best quality, and lowest prices. Lace Leather and Rivets always on hand.
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
aug 25 and 26 St. Clair street.

UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER.—The best and cheapest Wringer that is warranted to give perfect satisfaction. Call and see them for purchasing elsewhere. For sale by the sole agents for Allegheny county.
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
aug 25 and 26 St. Clair street.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, if you want curly and glossy hair, buy one package of my SILVER LOCK CURL. PRICE 50 CTS. Warranted to curl from six months to two years. Address, B. G. GRAHAM, Lock Box 1, Sandusky, Ohio.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PORTRAIT
OF
HON. THADDEUS STEVENS,
Now Ready.
The subscriber takes pleasure in announcing that his great
PORTRAIT OF HON. THAD. STEVENS,
ENGRAVED ON STEEL,
BY THE CELEBRATED ARTIST, JOHN SARTAIN,
Is at length completed, and the Portrait is now ready for delivery.
Both as a specimen of the perfection of modern art, and as a correct likeness of the distinguished Statesman whose features it portrays, this is undoubtedly a work whose merits have seldom been equalled; and one of which all the numerous admirers of Mr. STEVENS will desire to obtain a copy.
As heretofore stated, the price of the Portrait will be $5; or to an elegant black Walnut, Rosewood or Gilt Frame, $10.
AGENTS ARE WANTED,
In all parts of the United States, to canvass for subscribers, to whom a liberal commission will be allowed.
J. E. BARR,
aug 1:d13 No. 6 EAST KING ST., Lancaster, Pa.

ALLEGHENY
GROCERY AND PROVISION
COMPANY.
JOHN A. McGRAW, President.
J. P. ISRAEL, Secretary.
The Stock of this Company is already nearly bought up. Those wishing to avail themselves of its benefits, had better
APPLY AT ONCE.
At 26 Federal St., Allegheny.
aug

THE OLD, ORIGINAL
TEA STORE!
FRESH ARRIVAL OF
Young Hyson,
Old Hyson,
Imperial,
Gunpowder,
Eng. Breakfast,
Congos,
Souchong,
Colong,
Old Country Black,
And Japan
TEAS,
ALL OF THE BEST QUALITY.
No. 20 Fifth Street.
aug6

LOUISVILLE TOBACCO.
JUST RECEIVED,
A Large Stock of the
BANNER BRAND.
Also, a lot of the celebrated
Fine Cut Navy,
AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICE, AT
R. & W. JENKINSON'S,
No. 6 FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY,
jy6:3t

10 PER CENT. OFF.
SPECIAL
DISCOUNT SALES.
AT DENNISON & HECKERT'S,
No. 27 Fifth Street.
Until further notice, we will make a special discount of TEN PER CENT. on all retail cash sales. Our stock of
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
UNDERWEAR, CORSETS,
PARASOLS, RIBBONS,
FLOWERS,
BONNET TRIMMINGS,
Is the most well assorted; also, a full line of DRESS GOODS generally. We will find our prices without the discount, as low as any other store in the city.
10 PER CENT. OFF.

CHINA WAREHOUSE.
RICHARD BREED & CO.,
IMPORTERS,
No. 100 Wood Street.
BRITTANIA AND SILVER PLATED TABLE WARE, TEA TRAYS AND TABLE CUTLERY.
CHINA TEA SETS,
CHINA DINNER SETS,
CHINA TOILET SETS,
CHINA SPITTOONS,
ROUNDS OF WARE of every description
LAVA CAMB BASKETS,
LAVA VASES,
LAVA SPITTOONS,
ENGLISH BONE CHINA of all varieties in sets wholesale and retail trade.
The largest and best assorted stock of every thing in this line in the city.
Prices and terms the same as in the eastern cities.

S. S. BRYAN,
BROKER IN
BONDS, STOCKS,
AND REAL ESTATE,
Apollo Building, Fourth Street.
Bank, Insurance and Municipal Bonds, and all kinds of Stocks bought and sold on commission. Mortgages bought and sold.

PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Manufacturers of
PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPERS
CLINTON MILL, STEUBENVILLE, OHIO.
SHIGHTON MILL, NEW BRIGHTON, PA.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,
No. 82 Third Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
OFFICERS—AUGUST HANTZ, President.
JNO. S. LIVINGSTON, Treas'r.
SAMUEL MIDDLE, Secretary.
DIRECTORS—August Hantz, John Atwell, S. H. Harrison, John H. Livingston, John M. Farquhar.
Cash Paid for Paper Stock.
aug6:d6m

SUPERIOR OAK TANNED, PATENT STRETCHED AND HIVETED
LEATHER BELTING AND HOSE,
Manufactured at No. 84 SMITHFIELD ST., by
HARTLEY, PHELPS & CO.
Also,