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THE WEEKLY GAZETTE,
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The Pittsburgh Gazette

FOR THE ACCOMMODATION OF PERSONS leaving the city during the summer months they can have the GAZETTE mailed to their address, by ordering the same at the office, for fifteen cents per week for one week or more.

THE CONSERVATIVES OF TENNESSEE are following out the example set by their master, President Johnson, in discharging negroes who voted the Radical ticket. This species of undisguised tyranny will meet with the condemnation of all right minded men. Because the colored men chose to exercise their judgment in discriminating at the polls who were their friends and who their enemies, they are now turned upon the streets penniless to earn their bread as best they can. This was threatened before the election, and the negroes, made victims through their own independence, have clearly proven their worthiness to enjoy the privileges of enfranchisement. By their proscription the Conservatives elevate the negro character just in proportion as they belittle themselves.

AFFAIRS IN EUROPE are just at this time complicated, and a war between Prussia and France is thought to be inevitable. Few had much confidence in the stability of the results obtained through the London Peace Conference, and it now seems that war was only postponed by that body in order to give both nations time to make proper preparation to enter into conflict in right good earnest. The war cloud casts its shadow over Russia and England, and in the event of France and Prussia coming to blows, both those countries may be drawn into the quarrel.

A late dispatch states that there can be no doubt but the President has requested Mr. Stanton to deliver up his portfolio.

GEN. GRANT and Secretary Stanton have joined hands in opposing the President in the contemplated removal of the intrepid Sheridan. The President, a rumor can be relied upon, is out of humor with Mr. Stanton, and has determined that his removal shall precede that of Sheridan, and if he cannot effect his purpose, he will at least suspend him until the meeting of Congress. It would be good advice to President Johnson to tell him his wisest course is to let both these public servants alone.

THE Boston *Post*, one of the ablest and best conducted Democratic journals in the country, has become a convert to universal manhood suffrage. It remarks: "We should be glad to see the Massachusetts Suffrage law adopted by every State in the Union. No matter what a man's color or size may be—if he can read and write, is twenty-one years old (we have no objection to eighteen), and so forth—let him vote."

THE President has a stomach for many quarrels. Not content with his prolonged contest with Congress, in which he has been steadily vindicated, he has managed to embroil himself with Secretary Stanton and General Grant. The President is evidently weary of having any authority in the government beside his own.

ANOTHER outrage by the Indians within a few miles of Fort Harker is reported this morning. The victims were railroad laborers. Between the cholera and the occasional cash of the dusky demons of the west, railroad building is no safe occupation in that far off neighborhood.

THE NATIONAL UNION PARTY of Allegheny county has more name than number. A room eight feet square will fully accommodate all of its members and leave sufficient space for the accommodation of the Democrats who yet take stock in that line of politics.

It has heretofore been stated that the Military Commission that tried the assassination conspirators recommended that Mrs. Surratt should not be hung, but imprisoned for life. The paper, as originally drawn and signed, has at last been brought to light.

TUESDAY LAST was the first anniversary of the massacre of New Orleans, in which the lamented Dr. Dostie and others fell martyrs to a faith based on freedom, liberty and equality. It was appropriately observed by the patriotic citizens of that city.

THE MEXICANS show an exceedingly stubborn disposition in refusing to give into the possession of the Austrian representatives the body of the dead Maximilian. They refuse to assign any reason for its detention.

THE OIL INTERESTS of the Kanawha regions in West Virginia are languishing for want of transportation to market of the thousands of barrels of oil which have accumulated in waiting for a rise in the river.

ABOUT the close of the week a verdict may be expected in the Surratt case. The general impression is that the jury will agree to disagree.

THE Democrats claim General Grant's father as one of their number. The old gentleman, like his son, refuses to be recognized in that school.

A LITTLE CHILD less than two years of age crawled out of a third story window, in Albany, New York, and escaped serious injury.

A NUMBER of street cars for Valparaiso, Chili, have just been shipped from Albany, New York.

SANTA ANA remains in prison to cogitate upon the folly of his ambition.

—An attempt made last year to cultivate beet sugar in Illinois was partially successful, but operations were commenced too late in the season, and the machinery was defective. This year another effort will be made, under better auspices, and its complete success would prove an important event in the industrial development of our country.

Annoy the imports of our native sugar has a high rank, and if by imitating the example of France we can supply the immense home demand from the beet crop, a large annual drain of gold will be prevented.

—The New York *Times* lashes the members of the Constitutional Convention handsomely. It says: They do as little as possible, and consume the longest possible time in doing it. A remarkable listlessness pervades the proceedings. There is no visible energy, and on the average there is not even mediocre ability. Of work there has scarcely been a beginning. The convention commenced its sittings on the 5th of June, and to this present 30th of July it has not come to a conclusion touching a single amendatory article.

—Gen. J. L. Bartlett, of Binghamton, New York, lately appointed Minister to Sweden, is a brother of the Rev. Wm. Bartlett, of Brooklyn. When the news of his appointment reached Binghamton, a party of his friends were collected together, among whom was a blacksmith, prosperous and respected, who seemed puzzled by the announcement, as his comment thereon proves: "Joe! Joe minister! why, he hasn't any more religion than I have! Why didn't they send Bill?"

—A co-operative furniture store, with a Capital of $2,000,000, and employing six hundred men, most of whom are stockholders, has gone into operation in Cincinnati.

GENERAL NEWS.

—There is a base ball club in Ottawa, Ill., every member of which weighs over 200 pounds.

—William Walker, of Kankakee, Ill., has given $30,000 to a college at Evanston, in that State, to found a professorship with his name to it.

—It is announced that Hon. Henry D. Foster, of Greensburg, wants to be the Democratic candidate for the Vice Presidency next year.

—Croton water is getting short in New York. Bath tubs on the third floor have no supply, and those on the second floor are useless half the time.

—Over a tailor's shop in Chatham street, New York, is a sign displayed, notifying the public that "plane sowing, also skrubbing by the weak, is attended to."

—There is fresh gossip in England about Queen Victoria. When people speak of her they touch their foreheads significantly, and intimate that she is not right in that region.

—Several years ago, when the cholera fever raged, there were eighty newspapers in the country that had a department of cholera. Now there are not half a dozen.

—Not a few of the best physicians in New York anticipate a very unhealthy August; and many of them are just now snatching a hasty vacation in order to be physically ready for dragging work.

—The Rev. Mr. Lynch, of Philadelphia, a colored man, is addressing the blacks of the South, telling to his enfranchised race the story of their freedom, and endeavoring to instruct them in the new and solemn duties that now devolve upon them.

—Chicago is performing the splendid feat of erecting simultaneously five large school houses, each capable of seating 1,000 pupils. Five thousand children will thus be lifted from street life, idleness and vice, and prepared for useful and honorable citizens.

—The Exposition, or something else, has caused an unusual dullness in business in France, and while the exports for the first five months of the year were $20,000,000 less in value than those for the same time last year, the imports were increased 133,000,000.

—The book of the impeachment evidence will contain nearly 1,000 pages, and will be accompanied by two other volumes of equal size, which will be filled with long documentary matter from the files of the different Departments and other sources, including the reports of several House Committees.

—The Richmond *Examiner* reviews the Southern crop prospects, and comes to a highly favorable conclusion. The grain crop it says better was never produced for the area planted. As to the cotton crop it estimates the average yield at 2,500,000 to 3,000,000 bales, barring future disasters.

—Another meteoric shower is expected during the present month, and astronomers set down the exhibition for the evenings of August 10th and 11th. It is not expected to be a very brilliant exhibition, however, as the observer, it is said, cannot be sure to count more than three or four shooting stars a minute.

—Boston has these little jobs upon her hands: The Chestnut Hill Reservoir, to cost $1,225,000; the Insane Asylum at Winthrop, $600,000; the removal of Fort Hill, from $500,000 to $1,000,000, the extension of Broadway to Washington street, $1,000,000; the widening of Federal street, $200,000, and the new Court House, $300,000.

—One of the most cheering signs of the good time coming is the fall in rents of all kinds. Only a few years ago, rents by the press the rates have fallen nearly twenty-five per cent., and often more. Stores are now plenty in the vicinity of Broadway, which a year ago brought $1,000, and now cannot command $600 a year.

—It is said that a New Jersey editor, about making a pilgrimage to Long Branch lately, requested his local staff to pack up his traveling value with the necessary articles. On arriving at the seaside he found then a bottle of ink changes and a bottle of whisky were the only articles his wife deemed necessary to his comfort.

—A little daughter of J. Roach, of Albany, was stolen by a band of gipsies two years ago, and all search for her proved fruitless. A few days since the same band took up their residence near Tivoli Hollow, where a boy, who knew the lost child, saw and recognized her, and the child was restored to its parents.

—The lady who gave Mr. Spurgeon £20,000 to erect an orphanage has since ordered her plate to be sold for the same object, and Mr. Spurgeon says that the donor has thereby "set an example to all believers who have surplus and unused gold and silver which could be put to better use than lying wrapped up in a box."

—Many persons often address letters intended for Cape Island to Boston, to "Cape May" only, and letters intended for that placeare frequently so directed, and such letters either do not reach the desired place at all, or are much delayed. The proper direction of letters for this well known watering place is "Cape Island, N. J.,"

—The London *Lancet* says of the health of Queen Victoria: "We have good grounds for stating that the absence of her Majesty the Queen from public evening festivities is really due to the fear that agitation, over-worry, or much talking in the evening is followed by restless nights, and depressing and headache, and sense of great exhaustion."

—The valuation of Worcester, Mass., this year is $23,856,999, an increase of about one and a quarter millions. In 1865 it was in 1866, owing to the large State tax. The polls this year number 8,566, a gain of 640 over last year, which is a remarkable increase.

—At Guelph, Canada, recently, a country youth, attending the circus, offered the elephant a plug of tobacco. The sagacious animal, which had probably been tricked the same way before, stretched out its proboscis, as if to take the tobacco, but instead, suddenly seized the eight's hand and after chewing it to a mass of pulp, threw it down at the feet of the owner.

—One of the inmates of the Jackson, (Mich.) State Prison, being suspected of attempting escape, was searched, and in his pants pocket a key was found that would unlock every cell in the west hall, three hundred and twenty-eight in number, and in the heel of each stocking the searching party found a $100 bill. He subsequently made a $50 bill from the sweat sack of his boots. His wife had furnished the money.

—During a recent a school in Avon, Wis., a lad pushed back Harriet Wilson, a girl of fourteen. She tripped and fell, her head striking heavily on the ground. The poor girl gasped but once, and all was over. The girl had a presentiment of her death two or three weeks before the fatal event occurred, and had repeatedly spoken on the subject with her parents and others.

—Hon. E. Washburne has returned to Paris from Switzerland almost completely relieved of boils. He looks as vigorous as ever he did. He will return to Hamburg, near Frankfort-on-the-Main, to complete the cure begun him by his physicians. Governor Curtin is also there entirely recovered. Mr. Blaine and Senator Morrill, of Maine, come with Mr. Washburne from Switzerland.

FROM BOSTON.

The Question of Annexing Roxbury—Liquor Sale by State Constables.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BOSTON, August 5.—The question of annexing Roxbury to Boston will be settled in September by a vote of the two cities.

The State Constables invaded three houses in Lynn on Saturday night, and seized liquors and gambling implements, and arrested thirty-five individuals.

Railroad Accident.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Aug. 5.—A passenger train of the Connecticut River Railroad, this afternoon, ran into a carriage near this city, containing Mr. Alexander Chapin and Mrs. Nathan Dunbar. The first named will probably die from his injuries. The latter is not seriously injured.

The Cuba Cable.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, August 5.—The *Herald's* Key West special of the 3d says: Everything is in readiness to lay the cable. Paying out began to-day. The line will be opened about the fifteenth of August.

Steamboat Disaster.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

LOUISVILLE, August 5.—The stern-wheel steamer Lone Star, from Louisville, bound for Cairo with a full load, sunk on Sunday at Henderson Island. No lives are reported lost.

Returns for Washington.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, August 5.—Secretary Seward left for Washington this morning.

Georgia Crops.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

AUGUSTA, Ga., August 5.—The crop accounts continue favorable.

River Items.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 5.—The River is falling slowly with two feet eleven inches by Canal mark.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, August 5, 1867.

THE REMOVAL OF SHERIDAN.

A special says: The old story of the resignation of Stanton is being revived. This time there seems to be good foundation for it. The President's contemplated removal of Sheridan is opposed by Stanton and Grant. The President stated last week he would remove Stanton first and then Sheridan. Some doubt is expressed as to the President's power to remove a cabinet officer under the civil tenure of office law. The Presidents friends say that if he cannot make Stanton resign he will suspend him until the meeting of Congress. The whole matter has become the subject of much talk here within the last twenty-four hours, it not having become known until then that there really was a quarrel between the President and Stanton. General Grant had several interviews during the week with the President and Secretary Stanton on the proposed removal of Sheridan. It is said that General Grant construes the reconstruction act to place on him a part of the responsibility for its faithful execution by the officers under him and under his command, and hence his opposition to Sheridan's removal. He is opposed to Stanton's removal, and when consulted by the President gave his opinion that in no one could he place more trust in than Sheridan.

THE CASE OF MRS. SURRATT.

The *Times's* special says: The recommendation for mercy for Mrs. Surratt, made by members of the Military Commission which tried the assassination conspirators, has at last, been unearthed, and reads as follows: The undersigned, members of the Military Commission detailed to try Mary E. Surratt and others for the conspiracy and murder of Abraham Lincoln, late President of the United States, &c., respectfully pray the President to commute the sentence of her age of said Mary E. Surratt, if he, upon examination of the testimony connected with his connect duty to the country, to commute the sentence of death which the Court have been constrained to pronounce to imprisonment for life. Respectfully submitted, (Signed) D. Hunter, Major General, President; Aug. Kautz, Brigadier General and Brevet Major General, Assistant Judge Advocate; Brigadier General and Brevet Major General Alvin P. Hovey, Brigadier General Charles H. Tompkins, Brevet Colonel and C. S. M.

The recommendation was drawn up by Hon. John A. Bingham, Judge Advocate, and the following members of the Court refused to sign it: General L. D. Wallace, A. F. Howe, T. M. Harris and Colonel D. R. Glendenning.

THE CHILLA BAND MATTERS.

The following facts have been obtained at the National Currency Bureau: The Chilla National Bank went into voluntary liquidation June 20th, in accordance with the provisions of the National Currency Act. Early in July a certificate was issued by the Bank to organize a National Bank in New York, giving authority to organize a bank under the laws of the State, with the name of the failure, Tobit the Bank Superintendent and the officers of the bank indicated it it was a State Bank. The liabilities are small, and the assets exceed $100,000. There is a deficit of securities on deposit with the United States Treasurer, and the bank will from the proceeds to redeem the circulation. The liabilities for circulation and deposits are large, but these are entirely distinct from the liabilities of the bank. A thorough examination for irregularities is being conducted under the Comptroller of the Treasury, and a report will be made soon.

PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

The forthcoming statement of the public debt will show a considerable reduction compared with the last monthly exhibit. Since the 31 of May the principal of bonds and interest have been paid out of the Treasury, to the amount of $15,000 in coin, and two installments of ten millions each in currency. The reduction for which will be shown for July is primarily owing to the receipts of internal Revenue having been in advance of the estimate for July by the payment of the income tax. There will be comparatively little interest paid by the Government until November, when the annual interest will fall due on the 5-20 bonds. It will amount to about $24,000,000 in coin.

SECRETARY SEWARD AND THE MEXICAN MINISTER.

It is understood in well informed circles there is no foundation for the report of the agreement between Secretary Seward and the Mexican Minister. Their relations are the most cordial, and Romero goes home only because his health and the condition of his private affairs require his presence.

SECRETARY STANTON REQUESTED TO RESIGN.

There is no doubt of the fact that the President has requested the resignation of Stanton to resign his position as Secretary of War. The friends of the President say he has taken this course in order to secure a unity of political view is in the Cabinet.

ANNUAL SCHWETZENSEY.

The second annual Schwetzensey of the Washington Administrators will commence to-day and will continue till Friday. This year promises to surpass the grand celebration of last year.

PATENT INCOME.

The Commissioner of Patents will issue two hundred and seventy-seven certificates of patents for the week ending August 13th.

ORDERED TO HIS REGIMENT.

Major W. C. Ide has been relieved of recruiting service and ordered to join his regiment in the Department of Dakota.

THE SURRATT TRIAL.

Mr. Pierrepont spoke the entire day in the Surratt case, and commences to-morrow.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

The receipts of internal revenue to-day were $1,325,000.

FROM MEXICO.

Santa Anna Still in Prison—Nothing Heard of Maximilian's Remains—Address from Juarez—More Excuses for Not Delivering Santa Anna's Person to be Demanded, &c.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, August 5.—News from Vera Cruz to the 1st July, and Mexico to July 20th, Vera Cruz, July 24th, and Mexico, July 14th, has been received. Santa Anna is still in prison. Nothing has been heard of Maximilian's remains. The prisoner's ministers were unnoticed. The press was publishing a communication from Juarez that punishment should be meted out to Maximilian, Lacunza, Lares, and others.

GALVESTON, Aug. 3.—A steamer from Brazos brings advices that Juarez issued a proclamation on the 16th and 18th of July, in which he says: "Good news of Mexico. Fighting ceased first and without the assistance of any one, we have preserved the liberty and the independency of the Republic."

The election for President is to be ordered at once. The people in Texas are requested to send a delegate to Juarez to enter into military districts, Escobedo and others to have orders.

Lozado's forces refuse to recognize Juarez. Castillo and Aguine have been sentenced to be shot.

The place of concealment of Marquez and Tuirago was discovered, but they managed to cut their way through the guards and escape.

NEW ORLEANS, August 5.—By an arrival from Vera Cruz we have the following: Admiral Palmer and staff have gone to the City of Mexico, it is said, to demand the person of Santa Anna, and endeavor to persuade the Liberals to give up Maximilian's body.

The Austrian steamer Elizabeth was sold to Sacrifice, taking on board the Austrian refugees.

An American and French man-of-war had arrived off Vera Cruz.

Vera Cruz was healthy.

NEW YORK, August 5.—The steamer Virginia brought City of Mexico dates to the 20th, Vera Cruz to the 24th, and Havana to the 26th of July. Presidential election was progressing peacefully.

The centrals are about to Juarez were organizing forces in the mountains.

The Indians are making incursions into white settlements near Yucatan.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 5.—The *Picayune* says a letter from Vera Cruz, dated July 24th, received via Pensacola, from the Captain of the Austrian steamer Elizabeth, states that up to that time the Mexicans had refused to deliver up the corpse of Maximilian. No cause was given. The Elizabeth would leave for New Orleans. The captain had no hope of bringing away the body.

A telvesion dispatch says a forced loan of one million eight hundred thousand dollars had been levied on the State of Jalisco.

WAR RUMORS.

Alleged Council of War in Russia—Strife Between Prussia and France Considered Inevitable.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, August 5.—The *Cork Examiner* of July 6th says every indication points to the certainty of a war between France and Prussia. A council of war at the present moment is being held in Russia between the chiefs of the armies of Russia and Prussia, under the Presidency of the Czar himself. Plans of campaign, suggested by probable coalitions between France and other States, are under consideration. Further, it is asserted that Prussia is eager to begin the war immediately and before France has set into an attitude. Russia, however, inclines to a postponement, which does not make the strife immediate the less inevitable.

CENTRAL PACIFIC R. R.

Sierra Nevada Tunnel Nearly Completed—Line to be Completed to Reno in September.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, August 5.—A special from San Francisco says: The great tunnel of the Central Pacific Railroad, at the summit of the Sierra Nevada, is nearly completed. Only sixty-four feet remained uncut on Saturday. The rails are being laid on the easterly side of the slope, where twenty miles of track are graded. It is expected the locomotive will pass through the tunnel by the fifteenth of August, and the line will be completed to Nevada in September next.

FROM MEMPHIS.

Negroes Still Being Discharged—Streets Full of Them—Railroad Man Dead.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MEMPHIS August 5.—The discharging of negroes still goes on. The Conservative press urges their employers to use this method for teaching those who are their friends. The streets are full of idle negroes.

Isaac Paisi, a well known railroad man, died yesterday of congestive chills.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

FROM EUROPE.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ENGLAND.

SAILING OF THE PRACTICE SHIP.

LONDON, August 4.—The United States practice ship sailed from Portsmouth for America.

REFORM MEETING A FAILURE.

The reform meeting called at Hyde Park to-day proved a failure. There were few people, comparatively, in attendance, and little or no spirit was manifested.

LOST HER SCREW.

The steamship Ottawa, from New York, bound to Antwerp, arrived at Perzance with the loss of her screw.

THE RUSSIAN LOAN.

LONDON, August 5.—The Russian loan which was offered in this market on Saturday, does not meet with success. No bids have yet been made, and the chances of its success are slim.

IRELAND.

A FENIAN OFFER TO CONFESS.

DUBLIN, August 4.—It is reported that Gen. Farlois has confessed his connection with the Fenian Outbreak in Ireland, and offered to reveal the details of the Fenian movements, and testify for the Government.

FRANKFORT, August 4.—United States Bonds, 78¾.

FRANCE.

EMPEROR'S AUSTRIAN VISIT.

PARIS, August 5.—Semi-official journals deny that the Emperor's visit to Austria has any political object, and declare the published rumors which attribute political significance to the interchange of courtesies between the Emperor of France and Austria are erroneous.

CLAIMS ON MEXICO.

PARIS, Aug. 5.—The claims of France and French subjects upon Mexico are to be carefully revised by a commission just appointed by the Emperor Napoleon for that purpose.

PRUSSIA.

BELIEF IN NAPOLEON'S SINCERITY.

BERLIN, August 5.—The tone of this city comment to-day upon the reply of Napoleon to the foreign members of the Exposition Universelle, and express confidence in the sincerity of the Emperor's aspirations for the peace of the world.

GERMANY.

REFUSAL TO JOIN THE SOLVERIEIN.

BRUSSELS, August 5.—It is reported on creditable authority that the City of Hamburg has resolved not to join the Zollverein.

Lubec has, however, evoked her willingness to become a member of that important body.

RUSSIA.

HEAVY GRAIN CROP REPORTED.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 5.—Accounts from the Russian grain crops are extremely favorable and indicate a very heavy yield. There will be an immense surplus for exportation.

ARRIVED OUT.

GLASGOW, August 4.—The steamship Arcadia, from St. Johns, N. B. arrived at Clyde yesterday.

LONDON, August 5.—Atlantic, from New York, arrived.

SOUTHAMPTON, August 5.—Steamship Hermann, from New York, arrived.

QUEENSTOWN, August 5.—The steamship Baltic, from New York, touched here to-day.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, August 5.—Noon.—Consols, 94⅞; Five-Twenties, 72; Illinois Central, 76; Erie, 36¼.

LIVERPOOL, August 5.—Noon.—Cotton quiet and steady; middling uplands, 12½d; Orleans, 12¾d; estimated sales of 10,000 bales. Breadstuffs quiet and steady. Pork, lard and bacon are unchanged from Saturday. Other articles unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, August 5.—P. M.—Tallow advanced to 43s. Refined Petroleum, is 6d.

LONDON, August 5.—Petroleum opened unchanged. Standard white, 6 france.

LONDON, August 5.—Evening.—Five-Twenties, 72¼; Illinois Central, 76½; Erie, 36¾.

LONDON, August 5.—Evening.—Markets are unchanged.

FRANKFORT, August 5.—Evening.—United States Bonds, 78¾.

LIVERPOOL, August 5.—Evening.—Cotton, closed firm at the following quotations: Middling uplands, 12½d; Orleans, 12¾d; the sales to-day were 12,000 bales. Breadstuffs—Weather favorable for the growing market easy. Corn, 28s. Wheat, 12s and 4d. Barley, nominally 4s cheaper. Other articles were without alteration. Beef is and 6d. Lard, 56s. Bacon, 46s. Fine American rosin advanced to 12s.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

Speaker of Nevada Assembly Murdered by Rival—Yellow Fever—Fires—Shipping News.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SAN FRANCISCO, August 5.—The dispatch from the State of Nevada, announces the murder, by Indians, of James A. Banks, Speaker of Assembly, and formerly a prominent Republican leader.

One new case of yellow fever was developed on the Brazos, Texas, but the disease will probably give way to the cliffs.

A fire in Mariposa on the second instant destroyed property to the value of eight thousand dollars. Another fire at Santa Clara on Monday destroyed, with an unfinished school house, the Methodist parsonage.

The teachers in the school of the Methodists in Pitlsburgh, are now used, do not meet the requirements of the school.

As an evidence of this I need only state what is, or may be known to all interested, and what none will venture to contradict, that the present action of the Committee on Text-Books in Allegheny, is in response to the expressed wish of nineteenths of all the teachers in the school of the State.

The teachers of most years have repeatedly requested the substitution of better books, in which request they have uniformly received the sympathy of the parents; and only last year, when the Committee reported adverse to a change, on the ground of expense, the Board of Control said, we vote for change, against *their* opposed.

Heretofore the most common and effective arguments used in opposition to a change of books have been:

First. That such a change would interfere with the patronage of home producers, and, secondly, that the Book of Julius Cæsar, upon the subject, is a very serious tax upon the people.

Now, I ask, if we have without the assistance of any one, we have preserved the liberty and the independency of the Republic?

The election for President is to be ordered at once. The people in Texas are requested to send a delegate to Juarez to enter into military districts, Escobedo and others to have orders.

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A telvesion dispatch says a forced loan of one million eight hundred thousand dollars had been levied on the State of Jalisco.

FROM TENNESSEE.

Registration Commissioners Charged with Issuing Illegal Certificates—A Lawyer Breaks His Neck—Effort of the Republican Victory—Majorities Increased By the Full Returns.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NASHVILLE, August 5.—Major Alden, Commissioner of Registration, was bound over to-day by the city Recorder, Foster, for issuing registration certificates illegally.

Frank J. McLain, a young lawyer, fell from the balcony of his residence at Columbia and broke his neck. He died instantly.

The full force of the Republican victory in Nashville is now being realized. It is expected that the Republicans will elect the Mayor next month. The City Council and other municipal officers will withdraw the Metropolitan police law suit, and organize said police.

The Republican majorities for Governor and Congress are increased, rather than diminished, by the full returns.

FROM THE WEST.

Six Railroad Laborers Murdered by Indians—Raid on Big Creek Stage Station—Twenty Head of Stock Driven Off.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.—The *Times* Fort Harker special says: The Indians killed six men near railroad laborers. After scalping two men the savages proceeded to Big Creek stage station, and ran off twenty horses and mules. The men, Kavlight and white exposed to the fire of fifty infantry and a dozen stage employees, about three hundred yards from them, it is considered the boldest dash the Indians have yet made. Captain Jones started immediately in pursuit, and overtook the Indians last night, but found them too numerous to attack with his forces, and sent back for reinforcements, which were forwarded.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

City Treasurer Removed by Order of General Sheridan, and a Successor Appointed.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW ORLEANS, August 5.—The following order has been issued:

Headquarters Fifth Military District, Aug. 5. Special order No. 10. Joseph Hernandez, Treasurer of the city of New Orleans, is hereby relieved from the duties devolved on them mentioned in the Order readjusting the Boards of Assessors and Collectors, in deference of the city, and Moodart Howell is appointed Treasurer in his place.

By command Maj. Gen. P. H. Sheridan.

GEO. HARTSUFF, A. A. G.

NEW ORLEANS, August 5.—The following is a statement of the business at the Custom House for the week ending July 31st: Imports, $63,326.

There were also distributed from yellow fever, and eight from cholera, last week.

FROM KENTUCKY.

The Election Passes Off Quietly—Democratic Triumph.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

LOUISVILLE KY., August 5.—The election in Louisville and throughout the State, as far as heard from, passes off quietly. The Democrats have elected their entire Legislative ticket, twelve members. In this city the Democrats in Kentucky elect Jefferson have elected their entire Legislative ticket, twelve members. In this city the Democrats in Kentucky elect Jefferson county, and every name is changed, and every name is changed, and really indicated the sentiment on the part of the citizens and parents at that time.

In New York the increased text books were anxious lay year to rest the subject upon mention, and, as a consequence, the Board of Control, after a full and full discussion, was rejected, simply because the consistent opinion of the Board of Control, the Board of Control could not fail awarding a verdict in the new text books have unanimously agreed to change their customers an additional expense, half per cent, in consideration of the new tax.

Finally Expelled.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, August 5.—The Rev. Mr. Tyng has been expelled from the Board of Trade.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

FOURTH PAGE.—*The fullest and most reliable Money, Oil and Produce Market Reports given by any paper in the city, will be found on our Fourth Page.*

"Text Books in Allegheny."

BUSINESS KNIFOES GAZETTE: Having seen a number of letters in the daily papers relative to the question of text books, urging the readoption of the books now in use, I feel it incumbent on me to make a short reply; and by way of apology for so doing, would state for a number of years I have been identified with the educational interests of the city, and have been twice elected *in the school room* the books now used.

Without entering into a lengthy discussion concerning their merits, and contrasting them with simply say that after the test of years, the great mass of intelligent people and people in this community have arrived at the firm conviction that the text books established in Pittsburgh are the best, and not meet the requirements of the school.

As an evidence of this I need only state what is, or may be known to all interested, and what none will venture to contradict, that the present action of the Committee on Text-Books in Allegheny, is in response to the expressed wish of nineteenths of all the teachers in the school of the State.

The teachers of most years have repeatedly requested the substitution of better books, in which request they have uniformly received the sympathy of the parents; and only last year, when the Committee reported adverse to a change, on the ground of expense, the Board of Control said, we vote for change, against *their* opposed.

Heretofore the most common and effective arguments used in opposition to a change of books have been:

First. That such a change would interfere with the patronage of home producers, and, secondly, that the Book of Julius Cæsar upon the people.

Now, I ask, if we have without the assistance of any one, we have preserved the liberty and the independency of the Republic?

The election for President is to be ordered at once. The people in Texas are requested to send a delegate to Juarez to enter into military districts, Escobedo and others to have orders.

Lozado's forces refuse to recognize Juarez. Castillo and Aguine have been sentenced to be shot.

The place of concealment of Marquez and Tuirago was discovered, but they managed to cut their way through the guards and escape.

NEW ORLEANS, August 5.—By an arrival from Vera Cruz we have the following: Admiral Palmer and staff have gone to the City of Mexico, it is said, to demand the person of Santa Anna, and endeavor to persuade the Liberals to give up Maximilian's body.

The Austrian steamer Elizabeth was sold to Sacrifice, taking on board the Austrian refugees.

An American and French man-of-war had arrived off Vera Cruz.

Vera Cruz was healthy.

NEW YORK, August 5.—The steamer Virginia brought City of Mexico dates to the 20th, Vera Cruz to the 24th, and Havana to the 26th of July. Presidential election was progressing peacefully.

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Text Books in Allegheny.

The *Commercial*, yesterday morning, made place in its editorial columns for an article of considerable length on the subject of "Text Books in Allegheny," which was doubtless furnished by some one of the numerous agents who have flocked hither from the East and the West to displace home publications from our public schools. The subject is certainly one of much interest to the community at large, and more especially to the citizens of Allegheny, whose representatives having charge of the educational interests of the city, the Board of Control, are to be called upon to-night to decide whether or not a change in the books now in use in schools under their jurisdiction shall be made. The public will watch anxiously for the decision, and it seems to us to be criminal in any member of the Board to vote unknowingly on the subject. The question should not be one of advantage or disadvantage to any publisher or set of publishers; it is one in which the interests of some six thousand pupils of the schools of our sister city are at stake, and clearly discernible benefit is to follow a change, none should be made. In this day of "disinterested philanthropy," it is refreshing to see on the part of eastern and western houses an united effort made to benefit these thousands of children by the introduction of a series of new text books. The parents have been set aside by the shrewd agents, who would seem from that they know not what is the true interest of their children in an educational point of view. But the parents are satisfied with the present books in use, and have never entertained any idea of changing them for those of any other house. Many of them have given the matter close study, have compared the different text books to discover their relative merit, and have even gone so far as to compare the scholarship of pupils elsewhere with those taught in this section of the State. The results obtained have been briefly these: the books in use here are in many respects superior to those of other places; and in all respects fully equal to any in the country, both in point of system and in quality of matter; the scholars of the Public Schools where English's text books are exclusively used, show a proficiency which is correspondingly equal to that of scholars elsewhere, who have been taught from Sullivan's Text Book. Great poverty not the result of the firm should be allowed to make a change, and that it is but an act of justice to the publishers of Pittsburgh, that the people in this community have arrived at the firm conviction that the text books established in Pittsburgh are the best, and not meet the requirements of the school.

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