The Pittsburgh Gazette

MONDAY, JULY 8, 1867.

UNION REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:

HON. H. W. WILLIAMS,

Of Allegheny County.

THE PLATFORMS.

In reviewing the proceedings of the late Republican State Convention, the *Post* says:

"We give the two following resolutions entire—they are notable specimens pretentious hypocrisy—they profess what is not meant to be done, because if meant, why was it not done?—they are tubs to the whale—they are intended still further to delude the rank and file and secure their votes under false pretenses.

"*Eighth.* That protection being a cardinal feature of the Republican creed, we trust that such legislation will be secured at the earliest period as will afford adequate protection to American industry.

"*Ninth.* That in conformity with the pledges given last fall by both candidates for Governor, we now demand the enactment of a free railroad law, by which the enterprise of our people may be stimulated, and the resources of the Commonwealth developed."

Will our contemporary explain why the Democratic State Convention made no declaration of principles on the important matters referred to in the foregoing resolution? Is there no hypocrisy in this crafty silence? If these topics are of serious consequence, as seems to be confessed, why dodge them? Was it that the party might be Janus-faced, here nominally in favor of the Protection of Domestic Industry and of Freedom in Railroad Building, and elsewhere opposed to both? Is this manly? Are there no "tubs to the whale" in this method of conducting such a canvass as that which now opens before the people of this Commonwealth?

The editor of the *Post* is a believer in Free Trade. He prides himself on his comprehension of that system, and his ability to propound and elucidate it. In time past, and on a different field, he has displayed his gifts and acquirements in this regard. Why does he now restrain his pen? His views are strictly in accordance with those of his party at large. Is there hypocrisy in the restraint he lays upon himself? Does he simply throw "a tub to a whale" because he is located in Allegheny county?

The Republican party, as a whole, from the day of its organization up to the present hour, has steadily advocated the Protection of Home Industry. Nor has it rested in mere professions. All the real Protection such Industry has received although the action of the National Government has been obtained by means of the Republican party, and against the almost unanimous opposition of the Democrats. If the Democratic party should instantly be entrusted in power in both the Executive and Legislative departments of the government, Protection would speedily be repudiated and a new approximation be made to Free Trade. Whatever equivocal utterances the *Post* might make in seeming protest against such a course, it would in reality acquiesce with profound internal satisfaction.

What has produced in the Republican ranks all this difficulty and embarrassment that has been experienced in regard to Protection? The Republican party had laid upon it the high duty of confronting and defeating the Democratic party in its gigantic conspiracy to extend Slavery and make it dominant in the national councils. So far did the champions of that system go as publicly to proclaim that "the capitalists ought to own the laborer." To this doctrine the Northern Democrats, as a body, made no dissent. If they did not openly applaud they tacitly consented. This was affirming that Slavery had no distinct and permanent relation to color, but had respect solely to caste or condition. This was more than some Democrats could stand. They revolted at the hypocrisy of wearing a mask of Democracy in order to serve the intensest and vilest system of Privilege and Proscription that ever existed. Hence, they sundered their old party relations and cast their lot in with the Republicans. In doing this they did not renounce that attachment to Free Trade which they formed in the Democratic school. Republicans on the great doctrine of the sacredness and inalienability of Personal and Civil Liberty, they have remained Democrats so far as relates to the Regulation of Trade. At the last session of Congress it was the votes of men of this class that defeated such an adjustment of the Tariff as we think the general interests of Labor require. They were enabled to defeat it by the unanimous help of the Democrats. The *Post* intimates, what it does not plumply affirm, that the way to Protection runs through the election to Congress of more Free Trade Democrats. It has a hard task before it in convincing intelligent Laborers that this contradiction in terms, notwithstanding its apparent impossibility, covertly incloses a truth of great political significance. Even the Delphian oracles did not attempt to impose upon a willing Credulity by phrases that furnished a demonstration of intended Deception.

If, on the subject of a General Railroad Law, the Republicans have made a profession of faith which they may fail to exemplify in works, the Democrats have done still less. They have gone upon the presumption that they may defy the popular demand and be at liberty after the election, without affording any reasonable pretext for reproach, to do what they please.

Last year neither of the State Conventions made any commitment whatever as to a Free Railroad Law. Very soon, however, public opinion constrained both candidates for Governor to formally and unequivocally pledge themselves to the measure. Mr. CLYMER led off, after duly consulting with the principal men of his party. He made some claims as to his record on the question, as a member of the Legislature, which had no foundation in fact, but he planted himself squarely in favor of the law. To his letter not the slightest expression of disapprobation was heard from either Democratic County Conventions,"or Mass Meetings, or orators, or newspapers. There was unanimous and unqualified approbation. Was that Democratic manifestation "a tub to the whale?" Was it a piece of deception—a trick of political legerdemain—which did not win, as it was conjectured it would, and is consequently discarded?

Following this letter from Mr. CLYMER and its ratification, in various ways, by his party, a number of Democrats were elected to the Legislature as professed advocates of Freedom in Railroad Building. Nearly all these members repudiated their professions, and voted for the bogus law, which was the most scandalous "tub to a whale" ever invented in this Commonwealth. Where was the thunder of the *Post* that it kept silence in presence of this duplicity? What else is it but a brazen mockery for it now to turn round and say the Republicans had a majority in each of the Houses, and could have passed a genuine law if they would? Is it any excuse for Democratic dishonesty that some Republicans are equally censurable? Does the fact that some Republicans were base enough to join with most of the Democrats to belie their professions, bleach the untruthfulness of those Democrats into immaculate veracity while it blackens the guilt of the treacherous Republicans to a fourfold darker hue?

Gen. GRARY, also, was constrained to write a letter declaring for a General Railroad Law. That letter was framed after taking the advice of prominent men in the party, and was heartily endorsed by the party journals and speakers. No evidence has been produced to show that Gen. GRARY was insincere in writing that letter, or that he has recanted the opinions therein expressed.

Several Republicans who were elected to the Legislature as friends of this measure, when the hour of trial came, disclosed their unwrithiness by arraying themselves against it. In this broad statement we make no account of their votes in favor of the bill that actually passed, for that bill had not sufficient merit in it to amount even to mask, but was an unalloyed aggravation of the treachery it embodied.

In this posture of the affair, and upon a deliberate survey of the whole case, the Republican State Convention marched forward, and declared for a General Railroad Law. In this declaration two things are plainly implied. 1. Freedom in Railroad Making has been accepted as a cardinal doctrine of the Republican party in Pennsylvania. 2. The treachery of Republican legislators at the last session, on this topic, is effectually rebuked.

It suits the *Post* to say the Republican party is hypocritical in advancing and taking this stand. It offers no evidence in support of this incrimination. We believe it offers none, because it has none in possession it has affrontery enough to submit to public inspection. The Republican party has not only given its pledge, but will be held thereto, though we do not entertain a suspicion that coercion or constraint will be needed.

The Democratic party, instead of advancing and in an authoritative manner giving its pledge that a General Railroad Law shall be passed, thus rebuking the duplicity of some of its adherents in the last Legislature, has receded. So far as it stood pledged last year by Mr. CLYMER's letter, and by multiform endorsements thereof, it has backed square out. This course necessarily raises the question whether that letter and the numberless approvals of it by Democratic organs were only so many "tubs to a whale." We respectfully suggest that so long as the Democratic party, and the *Post* itself, stands in the attitude they do, the less they say about hypocritical professions the better will they succeed in covering their own deformities.

GENERAL NEWS.

—Cows graze on the burnt district of Charleston, S. C.

—There are ninety-six old maids in one town in Connecticut.

—Paris spends twice as much money for wine as it does for bread.

—A Yankee is going to furnish Jeddo and Yokohama with gas-light.

—Under the new reform bill, a seat in Parliament will cost about $25,000.

—The harvest in Minnesota will allow her to export 15,000 bushels of grain.

—A woman with a well developed pair of black whiskers visited Goshen, Ind., the other day.

—The burnt district in Vicksburg is being rebuilt, and fine iron front stores are going up in other parts of the city.

—Mrs. C. C. Hunsley, of Whiting, Vt., gave birth to three children a few days since. They are all boys, and doing finely.

—A citizen of Greenbrier, West Virginia, living on Anthony's creek, was struck by a locust a short time since, the result being almost fatal.

—A number of men engaged in iron ship-building in England have lost the sight of one of their eyes from the iron chips which are constantly flying about when they are at work.

—A young lady named Hamilton, living near Indianapolis, was horribly burned on Monday evening by an explosion of coal oil. Her clothing was entirely consumed. There is no hope of recovery.

—The Troy *Times* says the last instance of communication with spirits through a medium is that of a gentleman, lately deceased, who sent word to his wife, "I now believe. Please send me my thin clothes."

—It is stated that the Buffalonians have raised $100,000 for the establishment of a Normal school in that city, and that Jesse Ketchum has donated property valued at $50,000, whereon the school is to be located.

—A stranger in New York allowed a new-made friend to measure his chest in a bar-room, and shortly after found he was immeasurably sold, when he went to take his money from his breast pocket and could not find it.

—Mr. J. H. Hess, it is said, has recently discovered the certificate of the baptism of the celebrated Hannah Light-foot, whose existence is questioned by Mr. W. T. Thomas, in his book on the George III. scandal, published a short time ago.

—Letter writers from England continue their assertions of Queen Victoria's growing unpopularity. The Court and the shopkeepers both dislike her keeping so much aloof, the former because there are no galeties at the palace, and the latter because their trade suffers.

—The last report of the Paris Omnibus Company states the superstition of Friday being an unlucky day, exerts a sensible influence on the receipts of the omnibuses. The average number of persons carried during six days of the week is 317,063; on Friday the average number never exceeds 292,902.

—Col. H. Brayton Ives, who has just been making an excursion to the far West, called on the Mayor of New Haven, on Wednesday, a scalp took off a young American woman, which was taken from the person of an Indian who was killed shortly after his party had made a murderous attack upon the whites within a few miles of the Western terminus of the Pacific Railroad.

—Chicago has many novelties in any line of business to be mentioned. The other day a boy was run over by an express wagon and seriously injured. The driver was discharged for his pains, natural enough; the same thing could be done in Cairo or Memphis; but the novelty is in the charge, which was put down "an assault with a deadly weapon." A railway train knocking a car off the track would be deadly also.

—De Witt Clinton Scholl, undergoing sentence at the New Jersey State Prison, has received a letter containing the highly important and satisfactory information that, by the death of his great-grandmother, he has fallen heir to a fortune of $3,000. His comrades and others in the prison warmly congratulated the lucky scamp, who seemed intensely elated with the idea of his good fortune, although he has to serve five years longer in the prison before he can enjoy it.

—To take things easy is advice often given, but seldom followed. A New York paper, however, reports that Mr. Lord, who was some time ago robbed of nearly all his fortune, took it very easy. The journal referred to says no Crœsus, ancient or modern, ever took a loss of millions so complacently as Mr. Lord. So far as is known, that robbery did not for a moment affect either his temper, appetite, digestion or sleep. While others have mined and countermined for the recovery of the bonds, Mr. Lord has reposed. It is now understood that the bonds have been recovered, but how, and where, and by whom, is as much a mystery as ever.

THE New York *Times* is worried about our national anthem. It says:

What is our national anthem? Some people say it is "Yankee Doodle;" others say it is "Hail Columbia;" the distinguished patriot, Admiral Semmes, told us the other day it was "The Star-Spangled Banner;" Wendell Phillips would probably claim the honor for the "John Brown Song;" "America," so far, has its advocates, and a foreigner, lately arrived on our shores, thought, from the frequency of its repetition on pianos and hand-organs, that our national song must be "The Soldiers' Chorus" from "Faust." Now, with all deference for the patriotic Ex-Captain of the Alabama, "The Star-Spangled Banner" is just about as much of a national song as "The Red, White and Blue," or "Marching Along"—and no more. "Yankee Doodle" is hardly an anthem. "John Brown" is a song for the day, but not for all time. "America" isn't America at all, but "God Save the Queen," with S. F. Smith's fine words adapted thereto. And, by the way, this majestic hymn is used as a patriotic and national air on public occasions by the greater part of the Saxon race—that is to say, in Germany, Great Britian and America. When the King of Prussia arrived at Paris the other day, this was the welcoming air which the band in the depot struck up. To return to our own national anthem—if we have one—by the process of elision, we are forced to settle down upon "Hail Columbia," and very sorry we are, for the sake of the muses, that there is no better one to settle down upon.

FOREIGN ITEMS.

[Translated for the Pittsburgh Gazette from the Ulster Land and Home.]

—A new child preacher wonder has come to light in the Baptist Congregation in Wales.

—The eleven year old boy, who enraptured all his hearers by his great vocal power and splendid eloquence, will soon start on a missionary journey through England.

—The last descendant of the Swiss Reformer Zwingli—Rev. Henry Zwingli—has just died in Dittikon, near Winterthour.

—The French Tobacco Monopoly brought, in 1851, 110,000,000 of francs; in 1852, over 131,000,000; in 1860, 162,000,000; in 1865, 226,500,000; and in 1866, 232,210,000.

—The number of medals of the Exposition, which was originally fixed to 100 gold, 1,000 silver, and 3,000 bronze, had been augmented just before the distribution, to 900 gold, 3,000 silver, and 4,000 bronze. The number of honorable mentionings amount to 5,000.

—The Boring of "Mont Cenis" is advancing rapidly. Every day 5,54-100 metres, which is about 16 feet, or yearly about 6,000 feet are bored. According to that standard, it is expected that the "Gotthard" tunnel will be finished in eight years and six months.

—Consumption in the "Restaurant Omnibus" in the "Champs de Mars" on a recent Sunday, amounted to: 2,000 pounds of beef, 4,000 pounds of veal, 1,160 pounds of mutton, 120 chickens, 40 hams, 100 pounds sausages, 400 pounds of sauerkraut, 24,000 pounds of bread and 7,030 bottles of wine. The "Omnibus" is but a restaurant destined for the lower classes.

—Sicily exported last year 40,000 tuns of wine and 6,000 casks of raisins; Portugal, after an average of twenty-five years, produces 38,500 pipes, worth $7,650,000; Roumania 500,000 buckets, Russia and Taoria, in 1845, about 500,000 "wedros," equal to 895,000 Prussian buckets; and in Caucasia, and on the shores of the Don, known as Cossaks' Region, 188,000 wedros, equal to 338,852 Prussian buckets.

—Of all the European wine countries France and Hungary are the most conspicuous. In 1841 France had 1,972,000 "hectares" (or about 6,000,000 American acres) of vineyards, with 420,000,000 francs produce; and after a recent investigation, an average production of 38,000,000 hectolitres, of which 2,030,000 were exported. The number of wine growers disseminated in seventy-eight departments amounted to 2,200,000. Austria, together with Germany, has 900,000 "Morgen" vineyards, with an average production of 8,000,000 Prussian buckets. Greece comes next with 180,000, "Morgen."

ARTIFICIAL ICE, the New York *Evening Post* says, can be made quite easily by a simple and beautiful process, of great advantage during the hot weather. The principal thing required is a good air pump. On the top of the air pump set a plate containing sulphuric acid; place a small stopl in the plate, and on the stool set a small tray with water in it. Over all place a low glass cover, filling air tight. The pump being worked, the air is drawn out, and with the removal of the pressure the water evaporates rapidly. It soon begins to boil in consequence of the development of heat. Meanwhile the vapor, carrying the heat away with it, is absorbed by the sulphuric acid. Thus the water is actually frozen solid while it seems to boil. Whether the apparatus could be improved or the principle be used for the production of ice in large quantities, remains to be proved. But if the art of manufacturing ice on a large scale shall be discovered, we may expect to see ice factories established. In fact, experiments have already been made, with a fair share of success, in the production of artificial ice at a cost much less than that of the block left at our doors by the ice carts.

—A colored man named Allen, arrested in New Orleans for vagrancy, attempted to hang himself in a jail by a rope improvised from his old shirt. The rope broke, leaving a portion still tied around his neck. With this exception Allen was perfectly naked, and as the jailor opened the door he ran out. Being covered with perspiration and as sleek as an eel, the policeman was unable to hold him, and he ran down the street, followed by several police officers. On the levee a number of colored men were called upon to stop him, but they paid no attention to this request, thinking, perhaps, that he was trying to escape from the police. He continued running, and at last jumped off the wharf into the river, and thus ended his miserable life.

A CHEAP WAY

TO HAVE YOUR LOOKING GLASSES, TO LEAD PIPE, SHEET IRON, ZINC, ETC., TO PLEMING'S Drug Store, where you can procure the Water direct from the venture, receive and every way at the very lowest price, and fresh supply of the Kentucky

BLUE LICK WATER,
BLUE LICK WATER,
BLUE LICK WATER,

Sold by the barrel at the very lowest rates. Received direct from the springs this day. Sold at

JOSEPH FLEMING'S

Drug and Patent Medicine Depot,

No. 84 MARKET STREET.

Near Fourth.

RESTORES GRAY or FADED HAIR, and as a dressing it cleanses, stops hair from falling, cures Dandruff, Headache and all Eruptive Diseases of the Scalp.

The Most Perfect Hair Restorer

London Hair Restorer
London Introduced. Hair Color Restorer
London Hair Color Restorer
London Bald Heads Hair Color Restorer
London Hair Color Restorer
London Bald Heads Hair Color Restorer
London with Hair Color restorer
London Hair Color Restorer
London New Hair Hair Color Restorer

Only 75 cents. Sold by all druggists. Address orders to DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia.

Sold by McKESSON & ROBBINS, HOBT. A. KELLY, JOS. FLEMING, A. TOBKINS, H. D. ROSS & CO., Pittsburgh; KANE & DRUITT, Allegheny.

HEAR REASON!

STRENGTHEN THE DEFENCES!

When a garrison apprehends an attack from an outside enemy, what does it do? STRENGTHEN THE DEFENCES. The human system, at this period of the year, is beleagured by mortal influences. The atmosphere is full of them. Every change of weather lays the feeble open to their attacks. What is to be done in order to baffle these unseen, but ever active, foes? STRENGTHEN THE DEFENCES. Do you ask how? The answer is simple—the means within the reach of all: Reinforce the vital organs and the nervous system with HOSTETTER'S BITTERS. Fore the stomach, regulate the bowels, rouse the sluggish liver, cheer the spirits, enrich and purify the vital current, with HOSTETTER'S BITTERS. That's the way to STRENGTHEN THE DEFENCES, and render the capital of health impregnable. If you wish to escape billious headache, intermittent fever, indigestion, and nervous visitations—to enjoy in all its plenitude, the healing of "a sound mind in a sound body," use this incomparable preventive and restorative. It preserves health in the healthy, and renews it in the weak and ailing.

PINUS CANADENSIS.

A tree which is abundant in Canada, Nova Scotia, and the more northern parts of the New England States, and it also found in the elevated and mountainous regions of the Middle states, and abounds in medicinal virtues. Dr. Swett, of Boston, has prepared a medicine from the sweet inside bark of the pine tree, called PINELAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND, which is one of rare value in all desuitsated states of the kidneys. It acts like a charm in all diseases of mucous membranes, enabling them to retain their lost tone and energy. It will be found well adapted to all those diseases, where Balsams have been tried and failed. It is likewise well suited to chronic coughs, and an infallible specific for old and complicated cases of asthma. Many persons who at first only took a bottle of this medicine, to try, afterwards came back and got a dozen, or half dozen, which effected radical cures of diseases of the bladder and kidney of years standing.

Diabetes, a disease that has been looked upon as among the incurables, is immediately relieved by it. Some 1000 certificates of its virtues, can be listed some time ago.

The United States Dispensatory, speaking of the pine, says: "It is prescribed in leucorrhœa, gleet, and other diseases of the urinary passages. It is said to overcome inflammation or ulceration of the kidneys, in chronic catarrhal affections, and in some forms of rheumatism. It is exceedingly valuable in all kidney affections, bloody urine, gravel, and in albuminous and sediment. It can be taken without inconvenience, produces a bracing, healthy power of sanitary and vigor. Prepared and sold wholesale and retail at the PINELAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND. For sale by the dozen, dozen or single bottle, at DR. KEYSER'S Great Medicine store, 140 Wood street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is our authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

ROBINSON BROTHERS,

Bankers,

No. 78 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

Convert U. S. 10's, free of charge, upon Government terms. They have constantly on hand all kinds of

U. S. BONDS,

And are prepared to buy and sell Railroad Bonds or Stocks; Gold, Gold and Silver Bonds; Mortgages on Real Estate, Land Warrants, &c. N. B. ROBINSON, formerly of the firm of Robinson, Lawrence, Maurer and Washington. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

100 Dozen Brooms, Assorted Sizes, for sale by
5 " Pickles
5 " Fresh Lobsters, in cans;
Just received and for sale by
JAS. H. BROWN,
No. 128, 128 & 130 Wood street.

IN THE SPRING AND SUMMER of 1866, the system naturally undergoes a change, and HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is in session of the greatest value.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK, Pittsburgh, July 4, 1867.

JOSHUA RHODES, Esq., having resigned the Presidency at this Bank, at a meeting of the Directors, held this day, JOHN CHAS. E. Esq., was elected President, pro tem., and WILSON McCANDLESS, Esq., Assistant Cashier.

E. M. MAGEE,
Cashier.

ICE PITCHERS.—Another fine lot of Ice Pitchers, Waiters, Goblets, CUPS, &c., Just received by J. R. REED & CO., 64 Fifth Street.

J. P. ISRAEL,

REAL ESTATE,

Stock and Insurance Agent,

No. 84 Fourth St., Allegheny.

Bills Collected, Deeds, Mortgages drawn.

Z. H. PALMER,

House Builder and Carpenter.

Office, corner of BARKER'S ALLEY and DUQUESNE WAY.

Job Work and Repairing done with neatness and dispatch.

FOR SALE.—House and Lot on Bluff Street, Manchester, 34 feet by 120 feet. House frame, containe five rooms, with lower and Lot on corner of Sedgwick and Bluff Streets, Allegheny City, within three minutes' walk of Passenger Railway. Lot 40 by 120. House, brick, contains nine rooms and finished attic.

Wine Lot and Office Building, on Beaver street, Manchester. Lot 20 by 120 feet. Price $1,100.

Also, several small Houses and Lots in good locations. Inquire of

J. RUSH & CO.,

Beaver, near Chesnut Street, Manchester.

PITTSBURGH

CITY LAUNDRY.

All kinds of washing done with promptness and dispatch. The Laundry Rep ous will call for and deliver all clothes free of extra charge. Orders left at the following places will be promptly attended to:

Office, cor. Fifth and Grant sts.
Gold Beater's Hood Hat Store, 65 Market st.
Cook & Tread, cor. Federal & Ohio, Allegheny.
E. M. Ayres, Sandusky-st. corner Federal and Lacock streets, Allegheny.

Office, No. 4 ST. CLAIR ST.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY CO., OFFICE OF THE SEC. & TREAS., Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 30, 1867.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company have declared the regular quarterly Dividend, (No. 14,) of TWO AND A HALF (2½) PER CENT., free of Government tax, on the Capital Stock, and the 2d mortgage Bonds, payable on and after TUESDAY, the 5th day of May, proximo, at the office of BONLOW, JAMES & CO., No. 27 and 29 Pine street, to those registered at New York, and at the Office of the Treasurer to those registered at Pittsburgh.

The Transfer Books will close on SATURDAY, the 20th inst., at 3 o'clock, P. M., and reopen on WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of July, at 10 a. m.

By order of

F. M. HUTCHINSON, Secretary.

ARTISANS' INSURANCE COMPANY, OFFICE, N. W. CORNER WOOD AND THIRD STREETS, PITTSBURGH, PA.

The following statement of the affairs of this Company on June 30, 1867, is published in compliance with law:

ASSETS.

Capital $100,000 00
Premiums on Marine and Inland Navigation, with privilege of renewing to 200,000 00
Premiums on Fire risks running one year or less, since January 1, 1866, to June 30, 1867 ..... 86,149 29
Premiums on Fire risks running more than one year, since January 1, 1866, to June 30, 1867 ..... 6,845 00
Total Marine and Fire Premiums $292,994 29
Less Premiums on Marine and Inland Navigation, Fire Premiums marked off and Re-insurance 4,611 61
Amount of Premiums in course of collection 1,320 00
Accrued interest 675 25
Amount of outstanding fire risks 90,326 81
No Half Stock taken.

Cash 1,276 50
Stock loans, par value 400 00
Mortgages, first lien 41,000 00
Loans on Collaterals 21,000 00
Ground Rents 2,715 00
Stock Notes, payable on demand 28,000 00
Fire Premiums and Bills, Comm. Bills 30-200 ..... 679 00
Accrued Rents and Interest, accrued but not due 454 00
..... $120,025 74

LIABILITIES.

One small loss of 146 vines paid.

J. M. COFFIN, Secretary.

FRUIT JARS! FRUIT JARS!

KLINE'S, SQUIRE'S, MASON'S.

The subscribe still continues to manufacture the best articles and popular FRUIT JAR,

Kline's all Glass Self-Sealer,

Also, SQUIRE'S, all glass, (a new article); also, I & MASON SCREW TOP JAR, which has been in use for the past 13 years, and is equally good as the glass seaers. Also, the WILLOUGHBY JAR, (glass lid and wire bale,) and the QUART MASON JAR, (screw top.) Also, a full supply of TUBULAR LEAD, of all sizes, of below MANUFACTURERS PRICES LOW to the trade.

Call and examine for yourselves at No. 62 WATER STREET, or at the Arsenal Hill Works, foot of Herron hill, Allegheny City.

LORENZ & WIGHTMAN,

Office and Warehouse, No. 62 WATER ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.

AMERICAN WATCHES.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF

Fine Gold and Silver Watches,

FINE GOLD JEWELRY,

SILVERWARE, CLOCKS, &c.,

At the lowest prices. The public are invited to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Watches repairing promptly attended to, at

W. WILSON'S,

No. 36 FOURTH STREET.

Two doors above Market street.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA Cleanses and purifies the blood. Invigorates the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors that ail the system.

N. S. BIDDLE & BRO.,

Practical Plumbers,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

BLACK STAIRS, bet. Franklin and Grant,

MANCHESTER, PA.

Have on hand Chandeliers, Pendants, Brackets and all kinds of Gas Fixtures. Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Bar Lead, Hose, Force and Lift Shower Baths, Water Closets, Basin Cocks, Lift Pumps and all kinds of Brass Goods. Cistern Pipes for Sale. All work warranted to give satisfaction. Jobbing promptly attended to.

JOHN ROSS, JOHN KNABLE, JOHN H. ROTTS.

PITTSBURGH LAMP COMPANY,

JOHN ROSS & CO.,

No. 23 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa.,

Manufacturers of

LAMPS, LAMP BASES, CHIMNEYS, LANTERNS, ETC.

Also, dealers in everything pertaining to the Lamp Trade.

GAS FIXTURES, WINDOW SHADES, and everything in the china line.

WALL PAPER!

AT REDUCED PRICES!

TO SUIT THE TIMES!

At No. 107 Market Street.

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

TO OIL REFINERS.

THOS. S. CALHOUN

CARPENTER,

No. 107 Lacock Street, Allegheny City

Manufacturer of every description of CRUDE OIL CONDENSING and WATER

TANKS.

AGITATORS built on the most improved system. IRON TANKS BUTTONS and NUTS, and all kinds of work of this class, done for dealers on the most reasonable terms and at the shortest notice.

EXCELSIOR WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,

Manufacturers and dealers in

Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.

No. 6 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

C. M. GEARING,

Planing Mill, Sash & Door Factory,

corner BUTLER and ALLEGHENY STREETS, 28th Ward, and No. 13 SMITHFIELD St., Pittsburgh.

Turning, Sash Door and Blind Stiles, Moulding Boards, Door Jambs, Door and Window Frames, Brackets, Balusters, Newel Posts, Scroll Sawing, Scroll Work, Shingles, Lath, Pickets, Flooring, Siding, Ceiling, Boxes, Box Shook, Sash Weights, Cistern Tubes, Cistern Cypress, Cypress Shingles, Cypress Lath, Cypress Pickets, Cypress Ceiling, Cypress Siding, Cypress Flooring, Cypress Boxes, Cypress Sash Weights, Cypress Tubes, Cypress Cistern Tubes, Cypress Cistern Lath, Cypress Cistern Shingles, Cypress Cistern Pickets, Cypress Cistern Ceiling, Cypress Cistern Siding, Cypress Cistern Flooring, Cypress Cistern Boxes, Cypress Cistern Sash Weights, Cypress Cistern Tubes, Cypress Cistern Cypress, Cypress Cistern Shingles, Cypress Cistern Lath