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THE WEEKLY GAZETTE,
TWO EDITIONS,
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.
A large sheet, containing THIRTY-SIX COLUMNS of interesting reading matter, table of leading Editorials, latest news by Telegraph and Mail, valuable Receipts, Matter for the Family, and fullest and most reliable Financial and Commercial Market Reports given by any paper in the city. No Farmer, Mechanic or Merchant should be without it.
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The Pittsburgh Gazette

FOR THE ACCOMMODATION OF PERSONS leaving the city during the summer months they can have the GAZETTE mailed to their address, by ordering the same at the office, for fifteen cents per week for one week or more.

GEN. M. JEFF. THOMPSON, late of the Confederate service, has recently expounded his view of the condition of those who took up arms against the Government. He has no idea they held the two alternatives, either of establishing a Government to suit their peculiar wishes, or of submitting to the old Government with all their former rights unimpaired. As a soldier, he knows that war means something; that it settles questions, not according to statutes, but according to necessities; and that in cases of unsuccessful rebellion the baffled insurgents have nothing left them but to leave the country or stay in it on such terms as may be prescribed.

EX-GOVERNOR BROWN, of Georgia, in a speech which he recently delivered at Milledgeville, took occasion to repudiate all former allegiance to political parties, and to declare that in the future he should act with that party whose principles and policy tended most directly, in his judgment, to restore the prosperity of the South and of the whole country. The foremost minds of the South are all strongly inclining in this direction; and this renders it certain that before long the bulk of the people will yield to the same impulse.

GEN. LONGSTREET's recent letters on Reconstruction have raised a storm in the Southern journals against him. But, newspaper equal at the South no more represents public sentiment in that section actually is, than such commotions do at the North. Recently there have been two or three upralls in the Northern journals, which only signified that many editors ran without being sent. There was so much boisterousness among the people.

THE religious ceremonies at Rome in honor of the eighteen hundredth anniversary of St. Peter's martyrdom, commenced on Saturday night. The demonstration, from all accounts, must be grand and gorgeous. Rome was illuminated and the great St. Peters Church was lavishly decorated and lighted. It is stated there were upwards of one hundred thousand persons in the Church during service.

THE PRESIDENT, in the language of Mr. Seward, made an "impressive speech" on the Constitution at Annapolis, on Saturday. He was followed by Mr. Seward on the differences of the people and of the Atlantic, North and South Atlantic and Pacific States. Both of the gentlemen have arrived in Washington.

THE public breakfast tendered Wm. Lloyd Garrison by the friends of liberty in England, was held at St. James Hall, London, on Saturday. It was a perfect ovation, some four hundred ladies and gentlemen being in attendance.

THE CHOLERA has made its appearance in Memphis, Tenn. There can scarcely be any doubt but that the dread pestilence will visit this city, and few places in the country are so illy prepared for it.

A NEWSPAPER is to be started in Chicago, devoted to the interests of the Congregational churches. It will be called the *Advance*, and present an appearance similar to the *Evangelist* of New York.

The suicide mania continues to prevail in all sections of the country.

GENERAL NEWS.

—Capt. John Cowgill, of Easton, Md., is enlisting colored volunteers there for the State militia, having one company recruited in full, and names for several others.

—A tract of land in Sussex county, Virginia, on the Norfolk and Petersburg road, containing 1,123 acres, more or less, has been sold for the sum of $5,000 to John F. Boone, Esq., of Kent county, Md.

—Retired Burglars are generally not in a position to offer proofs or proper for the communication of their ideas to the public. A "retired burglar," however, gives some good advice to Chicago people about locking up their houses.

—The Clover Hill coal mines, in Virginia, which were the scene of the terrible explosion recently, will soon be in working order. The fire has been extinguished, and the preparations to resume work are being made rapidly.

—A Canada paper suggests that the Fenian prisoners be liberated on the first day of July—that whenever that day may come, they become Citizens of Confederation. It will be a very graceful and gracious thing for the new Government to do.

—A Train passed Memphis, Tennessee, last week, which was loaded on one day lading, carried over one and a half acres of ground. It was composed of 57 cars, averaging 40 tons to each, and containing in all about 11,000,000 square feet of finely seasoned lumber.

—A distinguished New York divine, expressed to a friend in Europe, a sagacious return to and his substitute so much preferred by his parishioners that they positively retain him and let the "original Jackson" go, such action will stop a great deal of brimstone.

—Street railways seem to have but a sickly existence in some of the New England cities. In Worcester, Mass., the horse railroad cost $110,000 four years ago, and having never paid, its owners have offered to sell it for $60,000, but cannot get subscriptions for a greater sum than $15,000.

—According to a recent return made to Parliament, the total number of private present at the last militia review in Great Britain was 20,914. There were 27,220 enlistments in the various militia corps during the year ending March 31, 1867, and the bounty paid for those enlistments was $18,325.

—An exchange says it is a very discouraging thing to edit a newspaper. In consequence of the repeated contradiction, it flows. The editor adds that he has found a nice story about a minister having a wife and nine children and running away with a girl of sixteen, and just as the story is fully chronicled, and the illustrated papers are altering their old pictures into portraits of the delinquents, the whole matter comes back contradicted.

From Europe by Mesmer.

NEW YORK, June 30.—The steamship City of Baltimore, which left Liverpool on the 19th, and Queenstown on the 20th, arrived this evening.

At a meeting of the creditors of Frazier, Trenholm & Co., in Liverpool, on the 18th, a statement was read, from which it appears their gross liabilities are 1,198,000 pounds; unsecured 511,000 pounds; estimated assets 687,000 pounds. Mr. C. H. Fridom's private estate, after payment of private claims, shows a 6s 8d in the pound.

In the House of Commons, on the 19th, on the subject of the Birmingham riots, Mr. Hardy said he believed the real culprits in these transactions had not been very numerous. They did not exceed fifteen hundred, and he was afraid that no steps would be taken against these persons who were the real originators of the disturbances.

Fire at Minneapolis.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., June 29.—A fire this morning burned the Saint Paul House, Warner's furniture and coffin ware house, Jones Brass Foundery and other frame buildings, on Hennepin Ave nue, next to the river. Loss $15,000. Insurance $6,000.

Cholera in Memphis.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MEMPHIS, June 29.—Several cases of sporadic cholera have been reported, some of them fatal. The authorities are taking measures to prevent the disease becoming epidemic.

General Sickles Declines to Modify.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHARLESTON, June 30.—General Sickles has communicated to the City Council his reasons for declining to modify his order restricting her rooms.

Yellow Fever Death.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW ORLEANS, June 29.—One death from yellow fever is reported to-day. The disease has not yet assumed an epidemic shape.

River Telegrams.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

LOUISVILLE, June 29.—River falling, with 4 feet 4 inches in the canal. The St. Charles arrived from New Orleans and laid up.

Trial of Rioters.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

RICHMOND, Va., June 29.—The trial of the 600 of the rioters commences before Judge Meredith on Monday.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE.

The Demonstration at Rome.

CONTRIBUTIONS FROM THE UNITED STATES.

Acknowledgment by the Pope.

CELEBRATION OF ST. PETER'S MARTYRDOM.

Grand and Gorgeous Display.

THE LIKE NOT WITNESSED SINCE THE DAYS OF SOLOMON.

Breakfast to William Lloyd Garrison in London.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ITALY.

THE CATHOLIC ASSEMBLY—THE POPE'S ALLOCUTION.

ROME, May 27.—The Pope held a public consistory this day, at which were over four hundred Catholic Bishops from every part of the world. The Pope delivered an allocution to the assembled Prelates, in the course of which he praised their great zeal in coming to Rome from such distances, thus evincing attachment and devotional obedience to the Holy Father. He referred to ample shown to the world by the union of churches at large in the celebration of the Canonization of the Martyrs at Japan, and the eighteenth centenary anniversary of St. Peter's martyrdom, would show forth to its enemies the immense power the Church wields on earth. The Holiness confirmed the Papal condemnation of the errors of the age of October 8th, 1865. He also expressed a desire to convene, at an early day, a general council of Bishops with a view to deliberate on the best means to repair the rules which oppress the Church just now. The Holy Father closed his allocution by imparting the Pontifical benediction to the Bishops.

AMERICAN PRELATES AND BISHOPS—PRESENTATION TO THE POPE.

ROME, June 28.—There are a great many more arrivals of Catholic Prelates and Laymen. There are four hundred and twenty Arch-Bishops and Bishops, with about thirty thousand clergymen and members of the different religious orders in the Eternal City.

From the United States there are noticed Arch-Bishops Spaulding, of Baltimore, Kenrick, of St. Louis, Odenn, of New Orleans, Purcell, of Cincinnati, and Bishop Wood, of Philadelphia, with twenty-two Bishops from other American dioceses in the British territory and the United States.

The Pope, in lifting the model of the Henrietta from the case, said, with a generous smile, "*non sin impore*." It is not a steamer, or as the words are more freely translated, it is not all vapor or steam, alluding to the golden calves in the model, as they say. The Pope said he had only pleasant words to say. The American presents, and especially the complimented them on their progress, religious and civil, and most cheerful manners, and spoke in the very highest terms of General Rufus King, Minister of the United States at Rome, and of his father, Professor King, who now lies at the point of death. Archbishop Spalding and Purcell have been named on the committee to reply on behalf of the Catholic world to the Pope's address. The Council will probably meet in November. Archbishop Purcell will be assigned a post of honor on the right hand of the Pope at the grand Sacred ceremony, on Saturday. Every attention is being shown to Americans.

THE GRAND CEREMONY—THE BONFIRES—THE ALTAR RICH WITH GOLD.

The *Herald's* Rome special says the religious ceremonies in the celebration of the 1800th anniversary of St. Peter's martyrdom, and St. Paul's canonization of twenty-five Dutch, French and Spanish martyrs in Japan as Saints, was one of the most gorgeous witnessed in the world since the days of King Solomon. The ceremonies commenced with a general illumination of the city. St. Peters was like a great church on fire. At seven o'clock, there was a grand procession of priests, priests, monks and soldiers from the Vatican to St. Peters. The Pope was carried on his throne. St. Peters was magnificently decorated with cloths of gold, silver tapestries, painting, and twenty thousand yards of crimson silk. The building was lighted with many millions of wax candles. There were a hundred thousand people inside the church, including the ex-King of Naples, Foreign Ministers, the hundred Cardinals and Arch Bishops, Many thousand clergymen, priests, monks, nuns, and soldiers from all parts of the world were present.

The Pope celebrated Gregorian Mass in Latin and Greek. Two interruptions occurred. The certain of one of the tapers took fire but was promptly extinguished. A man became fixed to the spot and cut his throat. The Pope at once re-commenced the ceremonies. The incident was a suicide. Liszt composed the ceremonies for Grand Mass. The observance will continue a week.

DEVOTION TO THE POPE.

ROME, June 28.—The Holy Father, both before and after the grand religious solemnities celebrated yesterday, and whenever he appeared in public, was received with the most enthusiastic manifestations of attachment and devotion from the immense multitudes of clergymen and laymen gathered from all parts of the world.

ENGLAND.

SPEECH OF WM. LLOYD GARRISON.

LONDON, June 29—*Evening.*—A breakfast was tendered to the distinguished American, William Lloyd Garrison, in St. James Hall, to-day. A large number of people were present. The principal speaker was Mr. Bright and the Duke of Argyle. Friendly toasts were drank, and the affair was a perfect ovation.

The Morning Post London special says the public breakfast was attended by four hundred ladies and gentlemen. Mr. Adams was absent. John Bright, in his speech, complimented Mr. Garrison for his services in the cause of emancipation.

The Duke of Argyle presented a welcome address, and expressed the hope that the attitude and friendly affection be maintained between England and the United States.

Earl Russell promptly avowal his former error committed at the outbreak of the rebellion, and of which Mr. Adams convinced him.

Speeches were also made by Mr. Garrison, Mr. Thompson, and others.

LONDON, June 30.—At the public breakfast, given in honor of William Lloyd Garrison, yesterday, a letter from Count de Paris was read, which eulogized in warm terms the service done by Mr. Garrison in the cause of humanity and freedom. Mr. Adams, Minister of the United States, who was absent, also sent a letter, the tone of which was rather qualified and reserved.

FRANCE.

SULTAN OF TURKEY IN PARIS.

PARIS, June 30—His sublime Majesty, Abdul Aziz, Sultan of Turkey, arrived in this city to-day, and was received by Emperor Napoleon.

PARIS, June 30.—Prince Napoleon has again taken up his residence here, and Elysee is now being prepared for the reception of the household of his imperial Highness.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, June 29—*Evening.*—Consols 94¾ Bonds, 74¾; Illinois Central, 79¾ Erie, 43.

LIVERPOOL, June 29—*Evening.*—Cotton quiet; 10,000 bales; Middling Uplands at 12d; Orleans 12½d. Breadstuffs quiet. Corn 29s; California Wheat 10s 9d. Barley 5s 10d; Oats 2s 5d; Peas 39s. Provisions—Pork 75s; Beef 135; Lard 43s; Bacon 42s 6d; Cheese 63s. Produce—Potashes 31s; Rosins—common, 5s 9d; fine, 11s; Spirits Turpentine 39s; Petroleum 9d; refined, 1s 2d; Tallow 42s; Clover Seed 71s.

LONDON, June 29.—A. and G. W. consolidated shares 29¾.

Five-twenty bonds at Frankfort closed at 77½.

LONDON, June 29, 3:30 P. M.—Sugar 32s. Scotch pig iron, 53s 6d. Calcutta linseed, 66s. Linseed cakes, £10 10s. Linseed, £41 10s. Whale oil £30. Sperm oil £130.

FRANKFORT, June 29.—United states bonds were quoted to-day at 77½.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, June 29, 1867.

THE SUBRATT TRIAL.

Lonigal, Weichman was again on the stand and cross-examined until the adjournment of Court, which was early, owing to the illness of Judge Fisher. Nothing of importance was elicited.

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY ISSUED.

During the week $100,000 of fractional currency was shipped to the United States Assistant Treasurer at Cincinnati, $20,000 to Chicago, $25,000 to Louisville, and $30,000 to the Assistant Treasurer at St. Louis. Total shipment over $170,000.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

The receipts of Internal Revenue to-day were: $168,317.29. Total for the fiscal year $255,835,194 88.

CONGRESSMEN ARRIVING.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Members of Congress continue to arrive by every train. Eighteen from the West arrived to-day. Some of these report others from that section on the way hither, and are confident a quorum of both Houses will be in Washington on Wednesday. The attendance of Democratic members in their places on that day to answer to roll call and secure a quorum for business, is doubtful. The Republican members now here are all agreed that a bill supplementary to the reconstruction measures will be passed, fixing the powers of the Military Commanders, but the way and the form is yet to be determined.

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF BONDS.

The Treasury Department has given notice to holders of Seven-Thirty notes that it is now prepared to give to owners of such notes Five-Twenty bonds dated on the 1st of March 1867, redeemable at the pleasure of the United States in lawful money, payable, at the holders' option, in coin or currency, with interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, from the date of the last coupon attached to the Seven-Thirty bond, upon surrendering the same, with all unmatured coupons attached, to the Treasurer of the United States, at Washington, D. C., or to any Assistant Treasurer or Depositary of the United States, at the option of the holder of the bond. The Department will exchange the notes, when presented for conversion by the 15th of August next, without charge for the coupons, but the conversion must in every case be endorsed to the Treasurer of the United States, payable, and must, also, when payable to another person, be endorsed by such person or his legally authorized attorney. Circulars containing the regulations, with the forms to be used in the exchange, will be issued at the Treasury, and, by application to any Assistant Treasurer or Depositary, a claim for lost coupons