The Pittsburgh Gazette

TUESDAY, JUNE 25, 1867.

A SUMMER SESSION.

It is now evident that Congress exercised an admirable forethought in providing for a Summer Session, to commence on Wednesday the third day of July next. Circumstances have arisen which make such a session indispensable to the due prosecution of the work of Reconstruction, as well as to vindication of the law-making power from encroachments by the Executive Department. Such a session, however, is what the President and his adherents are most anxious to avoid. Mr. STANBERRY's exposition of the Military Government Act was withheld to so late a day as to make a convocation of the Houses inconvenient. Some of the members are in Europe. Others are on the Pacific slope; and some in the Central districts of the continent. After all the delay, the exposition was made public quite too soon for the purpose intended. The session will be held. A quorum will be present. An adjournment will not occur until such supplemental legislation shall be had as the exigency calls for. The opinion of the Attorney General will not be allowed to stand. The authority of the Commanding Generals will not be cancelled; nor will they, so far as relates to the special duty in which they are engaged, be made amenable to the President. The governments of the Southern States must not, and will not be treated as lawful governments until the conditions imposed upon them shall be complied with.

The Democrats already proclaim that a summer session is desired only by a few extremists for the purpose of laying additional burdens on the Southern people; and that the President has done nothing, whatever intentions may be attributed to him, which indicates a design to interfere with the legitimate functions of Congress. These assumptions are altogether unfounded. No rational individual can for a moment doubt that Mr. STANBERRY's opinion is the result of mature consultations on the part of the President and the members of his Cabinet. It was not framed as an experimental essay, simply to see to what extent a line of argumentation could be run in opposition to the law as intended by Congress, and as interpreted by the Generals. It was framed as an essential preliminary to Presidential action; which action it designed to prepare the way for and to justify. In it is nothing untrustworthy nor new. The main features are those of the President's original Policy, delineated under difficulties, by reason of the law of the last session. Besides, the President, in his late Southern progress, made no concealments, but proclaimed, in repeated conversations, his design of doing exactly what the opinion implies.

Congress was content with the course of events at the South. The members were indisposed to a session during the heated term. The necessity was laid on them greatly to their dissatisfaction. If the President had not evinced a disposition to nullify the law by interpretation, the summer session would have been abandoned. Nor is there any reason to suppose Congress will make the action of the President, of which it disapproves, a pretext for laying new and harder conditions on the Southern people. So far as opposition to the terms imposed has been developed at the South, it is fairly imputable to the President. He has stirred up opposition by denouncing the Congressional Plan; by condemning the officers charged with carrying it out; by threatening virtually to abrogate it by expounding it under the bias of his own views; and by holding out a possibility of better conditions through his instrumentality. To punish the Southern people by imputing to them offences of which they are not guilty, or, if guilty, certainly in a secondary degree, would not only be harsh, but unwise. Reconstruction is progressing well, notwithstanding all the efforts to defeat it. Every day discloses new evidence that the movement is not superficial and deceptive. It is radical, and promises to be permanent. In this view of the case, it seems to us impolitic for Congress to change the essential features of the Reconstruction law. Let it be expounded, if need be, by a Supplemental Act, so as to defy the perverse ingenuity alike of Mr. STANBERRY and Mr. SEWARD, and of all other persons. Let Congress deal with the President as shall be judged best. But do not postpone the work of restoring peace and harmony to the nation because the President is obstinate, opinionated, untrue, corrupt, or anything else. To re-open the debate on Reconstruction, under existing circumstances, would be productive of no compensating political results, and would be seriously damaging to all business interests, the country over.

From time to time startling evidence is afforded of the intensity of the antagonism between Catholic and Protestant. Recent tumultuous demonstrations in England fall into this category. Three hundred years have not sufficed to allay the bitterness of the old feud. The lamentable outburst at Birmingham seems to have been engendered by the tendency to ritualism developed in the Established Church. It gives token of what may be expected if that tendency shall not be checked. The masses of the English people are no more inclined to Catholicism now than in the days of Queen Elizabeth. Whatever progress may have been made in drawing the Protestant communions together, either by adopting a common platform, or by subordinating differences to the higher duty and utility of Christianity, no substantial results have been wrought out towards reconciling Protestants with the Papal Church. What effect this display of popular indignation will have on the ritualists of the establishment; may reasonably be a matter of conjecture; as it will certainly create surprise on the part of superficial observers that opposition to ritualistic leaning in the Episcopal Church should lead to an assault, not upon it, but upon the Catholic Church.

Under the Reconstruction Act the work of restoring the Union is progressing admirably. A few months more will suffice to complete the whole job, to the equal satisfaction of all men who stood by the government during the war and of all men who participated in the rebellion but are now ready to submit to the national will. Why can't the President see the propriety of keeping his hands off, and of allowing the movement to go on to its consummation? Why stir up fresh contention, when solid and lasting peace is so near? Does the President esteem the way an end is reached of more consequence than the end itself?

The old political leaders of Virginia propose great discouragement from the fact that the Republicans are likely to carry the State. Blindness men, however, do not indulge in sombre forbodings because that result is probable. They are organizing with a view to directing immigration from Europe towards the agricultural and mineral resources of that Commonwealth, and evidently feel that a new and brighter career is opening for them.

The leaders of the movement for the Confederation of the British North American Provinces, are already familiarizing the people with the idea of Independence as the natural consequence of the steps already taken.

In ALABAMA, a few days since, Mr. Robert McKnight, the oldest printer in the United States, passed from earth to eternity. He was born in 1778, and spent seventy eight years at the case.

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

Farm Items.

An Agricultural Society has been organized in Nebraska.

The handsomest prairie flowers we ever saw grew on an apple tree.

The best way to wash sheep is to give three little swims—one an hour.

The black locust has been tried through the whole West, and it will not do. The borer kills it.

The best way to fight insects is to have rich ground, for then plants will grow faster than the enemy can eat.

Commence now to sow corn to feed cows in August and September. Sow through every week in June, and in drills, three feet apart.

In Florida a dairy of forty cows yields twenty quarts of milk, or a pint each. You see they can only catch a part of the cows at a time.

Some of the best butter now going to New York city is from Northern Illinois and from Wisconsin. Western butter used to be grease.

Horticulture and farming never will take a high stand in America till we utterly and forever cut loose from European methods and ideas.

Clover is to farming what faith is to religion. One may go through the whole list of manures and speed works, but must come to clover faith at last.

In some parts of Iowa the pigeons are so thick that unless the grain is covered as soon as sown they will eat it up. To kill fifty or a hundred thousand does no good.

Currants will not grow in any Southern State. One can get rich by planting five acres of the Versailles or cherry currant. Have rich ground, cultivate well, pick and can green.

Soiling vs Pasturing.

I suppose, Mr. Editor, that one prominent idea of your paper is to adapt the method of farming to locality, as applicable to the Connecticut Valley. As an exemplification of what I think ought to be done, let me recite the experience and practice of a friend of mine. Coming in possession of about nine acres of land, in the neighborhood of a good market, made by the demands of a large literary institution, he cast about as to what was to be done. Two cows and a horse was the stock in trade, for neat cattle. He was obliged to pay per season, man for pasturage, what they thought it was worth, and at the same time it was no small labor to drive his cows back and forth. That determined him to keep his cows in the barn. The greatest trouble was the rapid accumulation of manure. By good husbandry he properly secured that, he kept feeding it to his crops. Finding his crops increasing, he added another cow. Another cow only made more manure. More manure husbanded in the same way made more crops, and the third year he added another cow. Now began another serious difficulty. His barn was too small. Still, at the end of the fourth year he put in another cow, and set himself to work to get up a new barn, and when I last saw him he had a new barn with modern improvements, of good size, a horse, a pair of cattle, and five cows, and yet had not thought of buying more land, but wanted one more cow. Now people who do not want a large accumulation of manure, and a gradual increase of crops, should, not adopt that style. But it seems to me that in our valley towns, where homesteads are in small lots and not easily procured, no better course could be pursued than soiling the cows and at the same time, fatten the soil.—*New England Homestead.*

Gardening for Women.

There is nothing better for wives and daughters, physically, than to have the care of a garden—a flower plot, if nothing more. What is pleasanter than to spend a portion of every passing day working among plants, and watching the growth of shrubs, and trees, and plants, and to observe the opening of flowers, from week to week, as the season advances? Then, how much it adds to the enjoyment to know that your own hands have planted and tilled them! This is a pleasure that requires no great riches nor profound knowledge. The humble cottage of the laboring poor, not less than their grounds, may be adorned with pot-plants, which in due time will become resident of rich perfume, not less than radiant with beauty—thus ministering to the love of the beautiful in nature.

The wife and daughter who loves home, and would seek ever to make it the best place for husband and brother, is willing to forego some gossiping morning calls for the sake of having leisure for the cultivation of plants, and shrubs, and flowers. The good housewife is early among the plants and flowers, as is the husband at his place of business. They are both utilitarians, the one it may be in the abstract, and the other in the concrete, each as essential to the enjoyment of the other as are the real and ideal in human life.

The lowest utilitarianism would labor only for the meat that perisheth. Those of higher and nobler views would labor with no less assiduity for the substantial things which elevate and refine the mind and exalt the soul.

The advantage which woman personally derives from stirring the soil and snuffing the morning air, are freshness and beauty of cheek and brightness of eye, cheerfulness of temper, vigor of mind, and purity of heart. Consequently she is more cheerful and lovely as a daughter, more dignified and womanly as a sister, and more attractive and consoling as a wife.—*Exchange.*

Pretty Poor Practices.

"Cosmos," who edits the rural column of the *Saturday Evening Post*, thus enumerates a list of pretty poor practices:

It is pretty poor practice for a farmer to dig and delve, turn and grub, and clear up fifty acres of land at a cost of $2,000, and then in the third year surrender about a fifth of it to the briars, brambles and dog-eye daisies.

Poor practice to half manure, half plow, half seed and half cultivate a field, and then harvest from it less than half a crop.

To keep two inferior, scrawny, scrub cows for dairy purposes, that give less milk that one good one, and consume more food than three.

To purchase in town 500 loads of living stable manure, and suffer 600 of better home made manure to run to waste.

To attempt to fatten three hogs into 1200 pounds of pork on just as much feed as would keep two nicely growing.

To estimate agricultural fairs as arrant humbugs, and spend three days every month saving the country at political meetings.

To depend upon borrowing your neighbors' rakes, mowers, and all sorts of implements in haying and harvest time.

To house up a thousand bushels of grain, waiting for a rise, till one-tenth has gone to feed rats and mice, and the remainder smells like the essence of rat, and the price is down 40 per cent.

To plant out a big orchard of choice fruit trees with a first thought of money-making, and leave them to do or die.

To keep two fancy five hundred dollar carriage horses, and pay six dollars a day for a team to plow.

It is positively a poor practice to call "book larnin'" all book, to ignore news and agricultural papers, and attempt to keep up an even yoke with your progressive neighbors by main strength and stubbornness.

French Method of Raising Tomatoes.

—As soon as a cluster of flowers is visible, the stem is topped down to the cluster, so that the flowers terminate the stem. The effect is that the sap is immediately impelled into the two buds next below the cluster, which soon strongly and produce another of flowers each. When these are visible, the branch to which they belong is also topped down to their level, and this is done five times successively. By this means the plants become stout, dwarf bushes, one above eighteen inches high. In order not to prevent their falling over, sticks or strings are stretched horizontally along the rows, so as to keep the plants erect. In addition to this, all the laterals that have no flowers, and sooner are nipped off. In this way the ripe sap is directed into the fruit, which acquires a beauty, size and excellence unattainable by other means.

The Weeds—At this period the growing season shows rapid development in all kinds of plants. Noxious weeds make gigantic strides to outstrip useful plants. Weeding growing crops of almost every kind constitute one of the prominent employments of both the farm and garden during this month. Almost everything requires weeding. Whether the soil be dry or saturated with water, something may be done towards exterminating weeds. When rain and lowery weather prevent tilling the soil, let Bidens, Canada thistles and dock be mowed, cutting the stem close to the ground, or let them be pulled, having leather mittens to protect the hands; or let them be cut up with a hoe. When weeds are about eight or twelve inches in height, pulling or cutting them up at the roots will retard their growth amazingly.

Little Mischiefs Destroy Farm Profits.—By neglecting to lock the stable door, the horse may be stolen; by leaving a lot of old rubbish in the barn yard, the colt broke its leg and another lost a part of its foot; in neglecting to spend half an hour in building up the shoulder of a pair of twin lambs from accidents, or carelessly tying the bull, the drover proved an object of mockery to all the tricks on the sheep, and try on the cattle, the sheep became poor, shed their wool, gave no milk, and the lambs died, and a fine stock of cattle in high condition when they came to stall, lost all their flesh before spring, some were helped up by the tail and survived, while others were snaked off by the neck, a sort of retributive justice to their owners; all ways attached in some way to human transgress on.—*Vermont Farmer.*

The Army Worm.—In Niagara county, Western New York, the army worm is committing dreadful ravages among the orchards. In places, the whole population turns out to do battle to save their fruit and gardens. They attack a tree in such numbers as to cover the leaves and fruit, which they utterly destroy. If the trunk of a tree is covered with tarred paper they cannot ascend it, and they start for another orchard. It is doubtful whether this is the real army worm of the South, but it is probably the caterpillar of New England. If it is the army worm its progress can be stopped by plowing furrows and then digging ditches eight inches deep with straight sides. Into this they will crawl and only with great difficulty can they get out. Then straw straw over them, set it on fire, and their day is done.

The Fruit Trees.—For fruit trees of all kinds require attention during the present month. There is such a vast horde of enemies ready to devour our fruit, from the time the first bloom appears until the crop is ripe, that the person who raises fruit must labor for it. Unremitting vigilance is the price now paid for all kinds of fruit, except in very few localities. An incessant war of extermination must be waged against worms and bugs. Caterpillars should be destroyed; and there is no more expeditious way of performing the task than to crush them with the hands covered with leather mittens. A man or boy, employed only one hour every morning, for two weeks, will save a large crop of apples.

Docking Lambs.—The sheep which carries a natural tail, or only half a one, is very certain not to take that care of it in regard to cleanliness, which it ought; on the contrary, it is often seen with large accumulations of dung attached to it, and presenting anything but a tasteful aspect. But the sheep is not to be blamed for this, for, unlike other domestic animals, it can and does void its excrements in a lying posture, and a lump of dung will not be removed on such occasions without an extraordinary effort. Hence it is that concretions of dung are formed, which attract the maggot fly, and unless a timely discovery is made by the master, the sheep dies a horrible death. Thus the life of an animal is jeopardized, and, therefore, is it not humane to deprive it of so poisonous an appendage?—*Morrill's American Shepherd.*

The Curculio.—American pomologists, with all their wisdom, have not been able to devise a better method for preventing the ravages of the curculio among plums and sweet cherries than to destroy the destructive "turk," by spreading a large sheet beneath every fruit tree in the morning, and jarring the tree by a smart blow with a hammer or axe. To prevent bruising the body of the tree a branch may be sawed off, or an iron pin may be inserted in the body of the tree for receiving the blow.

To Tether Cows.—Milch cows and other animals are frequently tethered where they can graze for an hour or more. Instead of securing them by the neck, let the end of the strap be buckled around the fetlock of one hind leg, and the other end fastened to a stake in the ground. When tethered in this manner they seldom become tangled in the rope with which they are bound. A rope or strap, twenty feet long, will often enable a person to keep a cow or horse where there are no fences.

A decoction of the leaves of common chamomile will destroy every species of insect, and nothing could be more kind to the health of a garden as a bumper of chamomile plants dispersed through it. No green house nor hot-house should be without it, in a green or dried state; either the flowers or stalks will answer. It is a singular fact, that if a plant is drooping and apparently dying, in nine cases, out of ten it will recover if you plant chamomile near it.

DO NOT

Let RATS, MICE, ROACHES, BED BUGS or ANTS annoy you when you can destroy them with

BURT'S

Never-Failing Exterminator,

The best and only effectual preparation in use.

SOLE AGENT FOR PITTSBURGH,

JOSEPH FLEMING'S

Drug and Patent Medicine Depot,

No. 84 MARKET STREET.

je16:MTW

What Swayne's Ointment Will Do.

1—It will cure itch in from 6 to 48 hours.
2—It will cure the most obstinate cases of Tetter.
3—It will cure Chronic Erysipelas of the face.
4—It will cure Salt Rheum, Scald Head.
5—It will cure Ichthus Flies, all Eruptions.
6—It will positively cure all Skin Diseases.

The SWAYNE'S OINTMENT and scratch no more.

ITCH!!! Dr. Swayne's Ointment, ITCH!!!
ITCH!!! Dr. Swayne's Ointment, ITCH!!!
ITCH!!! NEVER KNOWN ITCH!!!
ITCH!!! TO FAIL ITCH!!!

Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia. Sold by WM. McCLELLAND, 639 Market street, GEO. A. KELLY, 57 Wood st., JOS. FLEMING, 84 Market st., D. A. TORRENCE, cor. 6th and Market streets, Pittsburgh; KAY & DRUIT, Allegheny.

apr26:1yd&w

NO NAME.

Many, many people, suffer from they know not what. They are not sick—they are not well. there is no name for it. A listless, weak nervousness—a breaking down of the vital forces. Whatever its causes, (and they are innumerable,) its symptoms are in the main the same. Among the most prominent are extreme lassitude, loss of appetite, loss of flesh and great mental depression. Indigestion and a stomach Co-gh are also frequently concomitants of this distressing state of body and mind. The common remark in relation to persons in such a condition is, that they are consumptive. Now, what these unfortunates really want is vigor, vital strength; and, as certainly as every successful dyspepsia, they can recupe ate their systems and regain perfect health by resorting to PORTER'S CELEBRATED BITTERS. It is as clear that a life-reviving tonic is required in such cases, as that the drying flame of an empty lamp requires to be revived with a new supply of oil. Perfect pure and innocuous, containing no hing but the most genial vegetable extracts, and combining the three grand elements of a stomachic, an alterative, and a genial invigorant, PORTER'S BITTERS are suitable to all constitutions, and are as applicable to the diseases and disabilities of the feebler sex as to those of men.

PINE'S CANADENSIS.

A tree which is abundant in Canada, Nova Scotia, and the more northern parts of the New England States, and is also found in the elevated and mountainous regions of the Middle states, and abounds in medicinal virtues. Dr. Swett, of Boston, has prepared a medicine from the sweet inside bark of the pine tree, called DR. SWETT'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND, which is one of rare value in all constitutional states of the kidneys. It acts like a charm in all diseases of mucous membranes; enables them to retain their proper tone and energy. It will be found well adapted to all those diseases where Buchu has been tried and failed. It is likewise well suited to chronic coughs, and an infallible specific for old and debilitated cases of asthma. Any person who at first only took a bottle of this medicine, to try, afterwards came back and got a dozen, or half dozen, which effected radical cures of diseases of the bladder and kidneys of years standing.

Another disease that has been looked upon by the incurables, is immediately relieved by it. Read the certificate of Ann Downey, in the pamphlet.

The United States Dispensatory, speaking of the pine, says: "It is described as luxuriant, in pitch, and other directions, as containing much in piles and evergreen in the variety of its leaves, in the form of the bowels, in chronic coughs, consumptive affections and in various forms of pulmonic affections, is exceedingly valuable in all cases where the mucous tubes and viscera are affected by morbid secretions." It can be taken without the least sickness, and does not cause a nauseating, healthy power of restoration. Price, $1 per bottle. Pamphlets can be had for nothing, at the KEYSER'S Great Medicine store of Wood street.

apr20

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Co., No. 84 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and at all other points throughout the United States and the Dominion.

ROBINSON BROTHERS,

Bankers,

No. 79 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

Deposit 7-30's, free of charge, when duly certified. Buy and sell Government Securities, and all kinds of

U. S. BONDS,

And are prepared to buy and sell Railroad Bonds and Stocks. Hold Gas and Water Bonds. Mortgages on Real Estate. Land Warrants, &c.

Refer to Hon. Thomas Bakewell, Pittsburgh; Hon. Reuben Hunter, Lawrence; Messrs. Metcalf and Washington, Philadelphia.

Collections promptly made on Time deposits.

FOR SALE.

A Small Upright Engine,

BOILER A SHAFTING, will be sold cheap, at

HUSBLEY'S,

No. 56 Federal st., Allegheny.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned is this day by us dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the firm will be settled with by either of the partners.

GEORGE A. KELLY,
ROBT. M. SNODGRASS.

Pittsburgh, May 20th, 1867.

GEORGE A. KELLY,

Wholesale Druggist

37 Wood Street,

(Opposite the St. Charles Hotel,)

Dealer in DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERIES, PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS, &c.

Proprietor of Dr. RAMBERT'S celebrated LIVER PILLS, LIVER PILLS, COUGH and CHOLERA CURE, &c. myH

THE CHEAP HAT AND SHOE STORE.

L. H. GUNDERMAN,

Practical Retail Dealer in HATS and SHOES, HATS and CAPS, No. 81 OHIO STREET, Allegheny City. No where else in the two cities can better bargains be obtained in the way of Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, and all kinds of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Rubbers. Mr. GUNDERMAN has had unbounded success in his business, and determined to offer great bargains to all who favor him with their patronage.

S. S. BRYAN,

BROKER IN

BONDS, STOCKS,

AND REAL ESTATE,

Apollo Building, Fourth Street,

Purchases and sells on commission

RAILWAY, GOVERNMENT AND MUNICIPAL BONDS;

Bank, Railway,

Insurance, Mining & other Stocks.

Orders executed at the New York, Philadelphia and Boston Stock Boards by telegraph, at the regular rates of Commission current in those cities. my13

TEAS! TEAS! TEAS!

OF ALL PRICES AND QUALITY, AT

A. KIRK'S.

GREEN TEA.

Prime Young Hyson.....$1.00 per pound.
Extra good " .....1.20 "
Good " .....1.40 "
Good " .....1.60 "
Best " .....1.80 "

BLACK TEAS—Colong.

Best Colong.....$1.00 per pound.
Good " .....1.20 "
Extra " .....1.30 "

BLACK TEAS—Pouchong, Souchong and Congou.

Ex. Fine Rose Flav'd Egg Breakfast.....$1.20
High " Old country, do.....1.60
Extra " " " 1.80

JAPAN TEAS.

Uncolored Japan, very pleasant flavor.....$1.20
Japan, Young Hyson, Lama.....1.40

MIXED TEAS.

No. 1 Mixed Teas, Next Black.....No. 1...$1.00
No. 2 " " Best " .....No. 2...1.20

From the above any one can select just what kind of Tea they want, and have it put up in any quantity, and forwarded by Express to the Iron Companies, who now carry goods at very low rates, and by doing so save the profits of the jobber. Special attention paid to the filling out and remitting of all Mercantile, Steamboat, Rolling Mills, &c., &c.

A. KIRK,

Agents for A. S. Cameron & Co.'s STEAM PUMPS AND BLOWER ENGINES,

These Pumps have superior advantages over all others, and every one is warranted to give satisfaction. Pumps constantly on hand. fe15:1y

HERLEHY & JOHNSON,

PRACTICAL

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters,

FIFTH STREET EXTENSION,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

All orders by mail executed satisfactorily and promptly attended to.

A full line of Bath Tubs, Pumps, Basins, Water Closets, Sinks, Chandeliers, Pendants, and Gas Shades for sale at the most reasonable prices.

Orders from country patrons by mail promptly attended to.

Gas Hose of every description. je3:ly

BAILIFF, BROWN & CO.,

No. 55 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY, Pa.,

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM PIPE FITTERS, keep always on hand a large assortment of SYDENAM'S, SHEET LEAD, LEADPIPE, BATH-TUBS, WASH BASINS, IRON AND BRASS COCKS, and all materials for fitting up public or private buildings with GAS, WATER or STEAM. fe15:ly

F. MUSSMANN,

Fifth Street, between Tunnel and Chatham Streets,

Sunsmith and Dealer in Hardware,

Has now in store a large assortment of Tools, Shop Furniture, Cutlery, Measures, Bellows, Anvils, Vises, Files, Rasps, Chains, Sledges, Hammers, Rivets, Coal Shovels, Tongs, &c. A full supply constantly on hand at the lowest Factory Prices. my14:ly

J. & H. PHILLIPS,

No. 28 and 30 Ft. Clair street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE—A convenient, WELL-FINISHED HOUSE, of eight rooms; lot filled with many varieties of large and small fruits; situated in the borough of Sewickley, on the north side of the Ohio river, 7 miles from the city. Sale necessitated by sickness in family. Apply to J. D. GILFILLAN, Sewickley, Allegheny Co., Pa. je25:3t

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS HAVING claims against the Allegheny Engine House, for work done or material furnished, will present them at once, to

E. S. MORROW,
72 Pennsylvania Avenue, Pittsburgh.

je25:3t

WHISKERS!

DR. LAMONTE'S CORROLIA

Will force Whiskers or Moustaches on the smoothest face of chin, or hair on bald heads, never known to fail. Sample, or trial, sent for 25 cents, address, REEVES & CO., 78 Nassau street, New York. je25:1y

GEORGE BEAVEN,

CANDY MANUFACTURER,

And dealer in Foreign and American FRUITS, PICKLES, NUTS, &c.,

112 FEDERAL STREET, second door from the First National Bank, Allegheny City. je25

DENNIS LING,

DEALER IN LEATHER,

French and American Calf Skins.

No. 65 OHIO ST., Allegheny, Pa.

THE LININGS, of superior quality, and all colors, on hand, at $10 per dozen. je25:1

REMOVAL.

KENSINGTON IRON WORKS.

Our Warehouse and Office has been removed from No. 88 WATER street to our Works, situated on KENSINGTON STREET, in the centre of First street, impossibility always on hand. Orders by the Railroad, and all favors to the city Gas Works, where all orders will have prompt attention.

LLOYD & BLACK,

Pittsburgh, June 25th 1867. je25

NEW ICE CREAM SALOON & CONFECTIONERY.

JULIUS RICHTER

Has opened a new first class

Ice Cream Saloon & Confectionery,

At No. 16 DIAMOND, Allegheny.

His friends and the public generally are respectfully invited to favor the new establishment with a visit. je25:3t

JUST RECEIVED, AT

ROBERTS & SHERRATT'S

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware Manufactory,

No. 61 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH,

A new supply of Ice Chests, for Pleas and Pitchers. Refrigerators, Beer Coolers, Ice cream freezers, wash tubs, wash boilers, clothes wringers, &c., and full line of House-furnishing Goods. Also, manufacturers of ZIMMERMAN'S STEAM CONDENSING APPARATUS, for meat, puddings, &c. my7:6m

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.

In the Court of Common Pleas, No. 272, March Term, 1867. ANN LEONARD, by her next friend, vs. J. J. LEONARD. Libel in Divorce.

And now, Dec. 4th, 1866, the Court appoint JOHN M. KENNEDY, Esq., Commissioner, to take testimony of witnesses on the part of the Libellant. FROM THE RECORD.

Test: D. H. WALTERS, Prothonotary.

To J. A. LEONARD, the above named Respondent: You will take notice that the undersigned will attend to the duties of the above appointment, on WEDNESDAY, July 24th, 1867, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of D. H. Walters, Esq., No. 18 4th street, City of Pittsburgh, when and where you can attend if you think proper.

JOHN M. KENNEDY,
Commissioner.

jy25:3t&wst

SIGN—ENGINE IN THE WINDOW.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF

NEW CROP JAPAN TEAS.

PER BIRD BANDA.

Forty chests of the above, very choice, just received. This Tea has no rival in strength and flavor.

Price.....$1.50 per lb.
25 chests per ship Benefactor.....$1.50 " "

OOLONG—Harvest of 1866-7.

25 chests per ship Dredda. This Tea is among the choicest in the country. $1 60 per lb.
20 chests per ship Sea-fletcher, " " 1 50 "
30 chests per ship Queen of May, " " 1 20 "

ENGLISH BREAKFAST TEAS.

A dark drawing, strong and rich Black Tea:
70 pkgs. per ship Heratio, very choice.....$1 20 per lb.
25 " " Samuel Russell, " " 1 00 "
" " Ambassador, " " 80 "

In addition to the above large stock of Black and Japan Teas, we have on hand a full line of Green Teas, which are celebrated for fineness and delicacy of flavor, comprising

Young Hyson,

Gunpowder, and

Imperial,

Varying in prices from 60 to 85 per lb. Orders for Teas will be promptly filled. Send for price lists.

SHIELDS & BOUCHER,

108 Smithfield Street,

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

W. S. HAVEN,

Job Printer, Stationer,

AND

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER,

Cor. Wood and Third Streets.

JOHN RONEY,

HECLA FOUNDRY,

Carson St., 9th Ward, near A. V. R. R.

MANUFACTURER OF

Hammer Dies, Steel Moulds,

Rolling Mill and Machine Castings generally.

JOBBING WORK promptly attended to. Orders solicited and carefully and satisfactorily executed.

EDMUND BURKE.....THOMAS BARNES.

BURKE & BARNES,

Fire Proof Salamander Safe,

VAULT DOOR, STEEL LINED BURGLAR PROOF SAFE,

AND

IRON WINDOW SHUTTER MANUFACTURERS.

329 & 131 Third St.,

Between Wood and Smithfield,

je24:s78 PITTSBURGH, PA.

CHEAPEST PASSAGE

TO THE

OLD COUNTRY.

Steerage Passage to LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN,

TWENTY-TWO DOLLARS, CURRENCY.

APPLY TO

WM. BINGHAM, JR.,

Adams Express Co., 84 Fifth St., Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE.—We have for sale several good second-hand

Iron Turning Lathes,

Especially adapted for turning axles. We offer the above at reasonable rates.

TOWN, MYERS & CO.,
101 inch cylinder, 20 inch stroke, on iron bed; bolts, &c., complete.
Foundry, 18th ward, on Canal.
Enquire at the INDUSTRIAL WORKS.

HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,

Corner Point Alley & Duquesne Way.

Pittsburgh, Pa.

je24:ly&s

PROF. N. P. DUFFEY,

VETERINARY SURGEON AND HORSE TRAINER,

Thanks for the patronage heretofore received, respectfully announces that he has opened an INFIRMARY, at the corner of Liberty and East Lane, Allegheny City; also a TRAINING and BREAKING STABLE on Bayard avenue, between Ohio street and Pleasant avenue. Horses at the latter and residence the former place. Special attention paid to lameness, the application of Nerve Medicine, and breaking horses; and, with the assistance of Mrs. M. A. Griffin, (who is a practical horse trainer,) will give lessons in riding to ladies and gentlemen. Stable open at all hours. Address, P. O. Box 1, Allegheny City, Pa. Refers to Hon. Wm. McCandless, Allegheny City; Hon. Wm. Penn Brown, Pittsburgh. je24:3m

IN THE MATTER OF THE VOLUNTARY ASSIGNMENT of D. SEIBERT & SON, to WM. FORTH. No. 224, December term, 1866.

Notice is hereby given that the Assignee has filed, by leave of Court, his petition praying for the discharge of himself as Assignee, and the Court has appointed Monday, the 15th day of July, 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., as the time when and the Court House in the city of Pittsburgh as the place where those to whom said petition refers may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

JACOB H. WILTSEE, Prothonotary.

je24:td&3t

HEADQUARTERS

FOR THE FOURTH.

FIRE WORKS.

Of all descriptions, at

GEORGE BELLEISEN'S,

No. 62 Federal street, Allegheny.

NEW ICE CREAM SALOON.

P. H. M'GUIRE,

No. 83 FIFTH STREET, above Smithfield, on south side, is now open for the season. Ice Cream, Confectionery, Fancy Cakes, &c., supplied to families and parties on the most liberal and reasonable terms. Polite and accommodating attendants. Call and see. je24:1m

LACE LEATHER, of the best quality, for sale by the manufacturer, at the lowest cash price. Full sizes, for mill belting, for sale at 75 cents per foot. H. HAINES, Jr., Manufacturer, 23 and 25 Water street, Pittsburgh. je24:1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NO VACATION.

Prof. H. ROHBOCK

Will continue to give

Instructions on the Piano and Organ,

Being provided with a LARGE and PERFECT ORGAN, students have every opportunity to study that delightful instrument.

Apply at residence, No. 31 FERRY STREET, second door from Third street. je24:6t*pw

GRAND

Pleasure Excursions,

TO LAKE SUPERIOR.

The fine new side-wheel Passenger steamer

NORTHWEST.....Capt. Ben. Wilkins,

Will leave Cleveland for the North and south shores of Lake Superior as follows:

TUESDAY.....JULY 2.
FRIDAY.....JULY 12.
TUESDAY.....JULY 23.
THURSDAY.....AUGUST 1.
And THURSDAY.....AUGUST 22.

☞ The above steamer is entirely new, over 1,100 tons burthen, is the largest, best and most comfortable passenger steamer on the Lakes.

For further information, &c., apply to

WM. BINGHAM, JR.,
Adams Express Co.,
No. 84 Fifth st., Pittsburgh.

FOURTH OF JULY!

NEW GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED,

At the New Store of

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.,

No. 67 Market St.

ORGANDIE LAWNS, for 25c., worth 50.
FIGURED LAWNS, for 25c., worth 37½.
GRENADINES, for 37½c., worth $1.00
BLEACHED MUSLINS, for 12½c., worth 18.
Do. do. for 16c.
WHITE SWISS, for 37½, 19½.
WHITE NAINSOOK MUSLINS.
WHITE P. K.'S, for 50c. worth 75.
Do. do. for 62½c. worth 87.

ALL GOODS AT A GREAT BARGAIN.

Remember the place, 67 MARKET STREET. je24:3t

J. R. WELDIN & CO.,

101 Wood Street,

Invite the attention of buyers to their large and well selected stock of

PAPER, STATIONERY,

BLANK BOOKS, SCHOOL BOOKS,

AGRICULTURAL BOOKS,

STEAMBOAT BOOKS,

OILED WINDOW SHADES.

Complete Sunday School Libraries,

FROM $8.50 TO $16.

JAMES B. YOUNGSON,

No. 200 Wylie Street,

Respectfully informs all those who are in want of anything in his line that he has opened a

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY,

At the above number, Fresh BREAD A CAKES, of all descriptions, on hand. Also, PIES, PUFFS, &c. Splendid ICE CREAM ROOM, refitted up in the most elegant style. Oysters served up in every style. Special attention given to furnishing Parties, Balls, Picnics and Pic-Nics. OPEN FOR BREAKFAST every morning and evening. je24:3t

WHISKERS!

DR. LAMONTE'S CORROLIA

Will force Whiskers or Moustaches on the smoothest face of chin, or hair on bald heads, never known to fail. Sample, or trial, sent for 25 cents, address, REEVES & CO., 78 Nassau street, New York. je24:1y

GEORGE BEAVEN,

CANDY MANUFACTURER,

And dealer in Foreign and American FRUITS, PICKLES, NUTS, &c.,

112 FEDERAL STREET, second door from the First National Bank, Allegheny City. je24

DENNIS LING,

DEALER IN LEATHER,

French and American Calf Skins.

No. 65 OHIO ST., Allegheny, Pa.

THE LININGS, of superior quality, and all colors, on hand, at $10 per dozen. je24:1

REMOVAL.

KENSINGTON IRON WORKS.

Our Warehouse and Office has been removed from No. 88 WATER street to our Works, situated on KENSINGTON STREET, in the centre of First street, impossibility always on hand. Orders by the Railroad, and all favors to the city Gas Works, where all orders will have prompt attention.

LLOYD & BLACK,

Pittsburgh, June 25th 1867. je25

NEW ICE CREAM SALOON & CONFECTIONERY.

JULIUS RICHTER

Has opened a new first class

Ice Cream Saloon & Confectionery,

At No. 16 DIAMOND, Allegheny.

His friends and the public generally are respectfully invited to favor the new establishment with a visit. je24:3t

JUST RECEIVED, AT

ROBERTS & SHERRATT'S

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware Manufactory,

No. 61 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH,

A new supply of Ice Chests, for Pleas and Pitchers. Refrigerators, Beer Coolers, Ice cream freezers, wash tubs, wash boilers, clothes wringers, &c., and full line of House-furnishing Goods. Also, manufacturers of ZIMMERMAN'S STEAM CONDENSING APPARATUS, for meat, puddings, &c. my7:6m

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.

In the Court of Common Pleas, No. 272, March Term, 1867. ANN LEONARD, by her next friend, vs. J. J. LEONARD. Libel in Divorce.

And now, Dec. 4th, 1866, the Court appoint JOHN M. KENNEDY, Esq., Commissioner, to take testimony of witnesses on the part of the Libellant. FROM THE RECORD.

Test: D. H. WALTERS, Prothonotary.

To J. A. LEONARD, the above named Respondent: You will take notice that the undersigned will attend to the duties of the above appointment, on WEDNESDAY, July 24th,