THE DAILY GAZETTE.
PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING.
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)
PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
Proprietors,
P. E. PENNIMAN.....JOSIAH KING.
T. P. HUSTON.....N. P. REED.
Editors. Business Managers.
OFFICE, GAZETTE BUILDING,
NOS. 84 AND 86 FIFTH STREET.
Leading Republican Paper of Western Pennsylvania.
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PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1786

VOLUME LXXXII.—NO. 144. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, JUNE 25, 1867. PRICE THREE CENTS.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE,
TWO EDITIONS.
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PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

THE Wool Growers of the United States, at a National Convention held in Cleveland some months ago, announced their determination to support no man for public office who is identified with the Free Trade party. It is charged that the Republican candidate for Governor of Ohio, General R. B. Hays, is opposed to protection and in favor of free trade. His nomination is consequently in a large measure distasteful to the wool growers of that State, and it is highly probable they will give him no support. A convention of the growers has been called to assemble in Cleveland, to determine a line of policy to pursue in the premises of the case. Some of the prominent wool growers favor the project of withdrawing all support from General Hays, and concentrating the strength of the agricultural element on Mr. Galloway, the candidate for Lieutenant Governor. By so doing, they claim that they will develop their own importance at the ballot box, and show the leaders of the party how far the wool growers can be ignored in State politics.

VICTOR HUGO, one of the greatest of French citizens, is the most illustrious of French exiles. When he heard, in his retreat, that English Courts had condemned the Fenians to death, he wrote an exceedingly eloquent letter against the execution of the sentence. Take a sample:

"They tell us 'the scaffold is ready.' We reply that it is not possible. No; the political scaffold is not possible in England. When England hailed Kossuth it was not that she might imitate the gibbet of Hungary; it was not for the purpose of renewing the hangings of Sidney that England glorified Garibaldi. Else what would signify the hurrahs of London and of Southampton? Put on trial, if it was so, to all your Polish, Greek and Italian committees. No; England, in 1867, will not execute Ireland. That Elizabeth will not behead that Mary Stuart. The nineteenth century exists.

* * * What! on a May or June morning, to-day, to-morrow, a man, because he has a political or national faith; because he has struggled for that faith; because he has been vanquished, shall be bound with cords, shall have a black cap drawn over his face, and be hanged and strangled until death ensued. No! you are not England for that. You have at present this advantage over France, that you are a free nation. France, as great as England, is not mistress of herself, and that is a sad diminution. You pride yourselves upon it. But, beware. It is possible to go back a century in one day. To recede even to the political gallows! You, England! Then erect a statue to Jeffeys. Meanwhile we will erect a statue to Voltaire. Do you give it a thought?"

IT IS GENERALLY understood that one may stand too near an object or an event to view it in its proper proportions, or duly estimate its character and consequences. Mr. John Bright recently gave to a company of Americans

"Nothing in history equals the horrors or triumph of humanity and liberty in your country. You will find this much changed for the better in Great Britain. *The overthrow of your enemies at home has surrounded your cause with friends abroad. The wonderful magnanimity with which you have treated the lieges (who would have instantly been hung by hundreds if they had taken up arms against a monarchy) has been a terrible contrast to the cruelty of those based men, and an admonition and example to the tyrants of the earth.*"

Standing apart from the strife that has raged here, and looking on as a disinterested spectator, the great English Commoner is enabled to anticipate the judgment of posterity.

MR. GOLDWIN SMITH has written a letter on the mania for gambling in England, and particularly as culminating in the Derby races. He says the horses are no more than two straws drawn from a hay stack, or than two drops of water, chasing each other down a window pane; that the motive is not recreation or amusement, but the blindest infatuation for games of hazard; and that many aristocratic houses are coming swiftly to ruin, through indulgence in the debasing pleasure.

A SUICIDE of a horribly sickening nature is reported from Springfield, Mass. An old lady, with a single bladed knife, cut a terrible gash in her abdomen and tore out her bowels, placing them with her own hands, in a tub of water. She survived the operation four hours. This refined cruelty will hardly be followed by those contemplating self-destruction, as easier and more expeditious methods of cutting life's thread will suggest themselves.

ALREADY enough members of Congress have signified their intention of being in Washington, to insure a quorum for a short session in July. Some propose only to elucidate the Reconstruction act, and to engage in no other business, while others are anxious to organize for the regular routine of Congressional labor. A feeling pointing to impeachment has of late rapidly developed itself among members who have hitherto opposed the movement.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Charleston *Mercury* speaks of President Johnson as "the great constitutional break-water to the angry tide that is now sweeping over the South." That is decidedly good, considering what the *Mercury* and its set did towards demolishing break-water, Constitution and all.

REPUBLICAN mass meetings are now as common at the South as instances of mob violence were just before the war. Do these meetings, and the results they foreshadow, constitute the real objection of the President to the Congressional Plan?

IT is somewhat amusing to peruse the reports by cable from Prussia and France. From the former we learn of the war preparations of the latter. Both are distrustful, and appear to take but little stock in the peace pretensions of each other.

AT a cost approximating an hundred thousand dollars the Jewish element of St. Louis are about to erect a magnificent temple of worship in that city, the corner stone of which was laid yesterday.

THE affairs of Candia are to be examined into by a commission to be appointed by the Great Powers in conjunction with the Sultan of Turkey.

Our lady readers of the sewing circle will be pleased to learn that the Queen of Prussia takes tea to-day with Victoria.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON is to have a grand Masonic reception in New York and Brooklyn on his return from Boston.

IMMIGRANTS continue to arrive in large numbers at New York.

—The *Bankrupt Reporter* is the title of a periodical soon to be issued at Washington, which will chronicle all the proceedings under the Bankrupt act, which may transpire in the North and South.

—Ten thousand different articles pay internal revenue taxes.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

THE SURRATT TRIAL.

Motion of Defense to Re-call Witnesses for Cross-Examination Overruled—Slightly Important Testimony—Movements of the Conspirators at Surratsville.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, June 24, 1867.

TRIAL OF SURRATT.

Judge Fisher read the opinion of the Court overruling the motion submitted by the defence on Saturday, asking to re-call witnesses for the purpose of cross-examination.

The defence noted an exception, and Mr. Merrick desired to file an affidavit bearing upon the same matter; but counsel for the prosecution objected, and the Court said the affidavit should have been filed before the opinion was delivered.

Dr. J. J. May testified to his identification of the body of Booth by a scar on the neck, occasioned by a surgical operation performed by himself.

John Greenwald, who kept the Pennsylvania House, repeated his testimony given on the conspiracy trial, concerning Booth and Atzerott, and recognized the prisoner as a frequent visitor to his house.

The defence noted an exception to the testimony of these witnesses as irrelevant.

John M. Lloyd, who kept tavern at Surratsville, testified that he rented the house from Mrs. Surratt; have seen Harold and Atzerott, saw both at my house about six weeks before the assassination. Harold stayed all night. Next day Surratt and Atzerott drove up. There were several persons at the house besides them. They came in, took a drink, and played cards. After a while Surratt called me into the parlor. There I saw two guns and a rope on the sofa; there was also a monkey wrench. Never examined the articles, and cannot say I could identify them. The prisoner asked me to conceal the things. I at first refused, until he insisted there would be no danger to me. I consented. I took the articles to a place to conceal such things, and he concealed the articles in an upper room under the joists. The prisoner said he was wanted me to keep the things two or three days. After these things had been concealed, Surratt, Atzerott and Harold remained some time playing cards, and about three weeks after, as I was coming to Washington, I met Surratt going down. About two weeks afterwards I met Atzerott; I met Surratt coming up, and never saw the three in company, except at the time stated.

Mr. Carrington asked the witness if he knew Mrs. Surratt before the assassination?

Witness said he did not wish to go into an examination about Mrs. Surratt; she is not here, and would not answer unless compelled by the Court.

The Court instructed the witness to answer.

Witness resumed and said—On Tuesday before the assassination he met Mrs. Surratt in Washington, she was in a buggy with a young man, whom I afterwards understood to be Weichmann. Mrs. Surratt told me to have the shooting irons ready, as they would be called for that night. I went to the house was going to be searched, and I did not want to be there when the examination turned on. The prisoner said that I understood the soldiers were after him for going to Richmond. Mrs. Surratt laughed heartily at the idea, and said the man must be a fool to go to go to Richmond and back in six days. That was about six days after the assassination. On April 18th, 1865, I was at Marlboro, and when I returned home, at six o'clock, I saw a number of persons there, among them Mrs. Surratt, who came in a drove up. Mrs. Surratt came to meet me, handed me a package and told me to have the guns ready, and two bottles of whisky, and give them to whoever should call for them that night. Mrs. Surratt and Weichmann left before dark. The package handed me contained two field glasses. I twelve thanked Harold came to my house and a person with him. I do not know the size of the package handed to, as he was on horseback. Harold resided with, which he came in, "for God's sake, have hide and two shotguns ready for men with my slaves and got one of the guns, a field glass and cartridges, which was all I could bring, and I did not take. He could not distinct what Harold understood Booth to say either he or Mrs. Surratt; I believe Mrs. Surratt. Witness thinks secretary Seward's name was mentioned. The articles referred to as delivered when handed to witness. They were uncovered by Harold, and looked something pecuniary.

Witness was asked to retire temporarily, and Lieut. D. Townsend was called to the stand and produced a silver star, a breast pin.

Lloyd was then re-called and examined the field glass. Could not fully recognize it as the one handed to him by Mrs. Surratt. He thought the glass he saw had larger letters on it. Witness examined the articles, and thought one was the same Mrs. Harold took, recognized by the peculiarity of the lock. The other articles were taken away by a detective. Have not seen the cartridge box since. Harold was with Lloyd.

Cross-Examined—Lloyd was cross-examined at length, the defense questioning him so as to show that he had been in the habit of drinking and was forgetful, and had forgotten many things he had transpired. The whole object was to show that the memory of witness was not to be relied on.

Col. E. J. Conger was sworn, but his examination deferred until to-morrow. Court adjourned.

FROM NEW YORK.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, June 24, 1867.

SUICIDAL ATTEMPT.

This afternoon Mrs. Mary Murphy, residing at No. 6 Center Market place, attempted suicide by cutting her throat with a table knife. She is believed to be mortally injured.

IMMIGRANTS ARRIVED.

Three thousand seven hundred and eight immigrants have arrived since Saturday.

BREWERIES SEIZED.

Several large breweries have been seized for making deficient revenue returns.

ESCAPE OF THE ROYAL SWINDLER.

It is alleged that the brother of Lord Napier, who was arrested on the charge of defrauding a Baltimore firm, disappeared after being bailed and is said to have gone to Europe.

SOUTH GIFT CONCERT.

The bogus Gift Enterprise of Clark, Webster & Co., or rather Henry C. Gillies, for there is no such firm, was again seized to-day. Gillies was arrested.

MASONIC RECEPTION PROPOSED.

It is contemplated by the Masonic fraternity of this city and Brooklyn to give a grand reception to President Johnson on his return from Boston. Should the proposed reception be given, upwards of 10,000 Masons, in full regalia, with banners of the order, will parade.

ACCIDENT IN A SCHOOL.

About sixty feet of ceiling fell in the primary department of the Public School No. 2, Jersey city, to-day. The children were frightened and made a rush for the door. Quite a number were badly injured.

HORRIBLE SUICIDE.

An Aged Lady Deliberately Disembowels Herself, and Survives Four and a Half Hours.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CAMBRIDGEPORT, MASS., June 24.—One of the most horrible suicides ever heard of was committed in this city on Saturday morning. A widow named Mary Gilmore, who lived alone, took a single bladed knife, cut a frightful gash in her abdomen, and tore out her bowels, which were found detached from her body in a pail of water. The floor was covered with a great pool of blood, and on the table was a whetstone with which she had sharpened the knife. She lived four and a half hours after being discovered, dying at nine o'clock. During that time she was attended by a priest, and made a will bequeathing considerable property. Motive of the victim is supposed to be insanity. Mrs. Gilmore's age was sixty-five.

CONDENSED NEWS.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

—Letters and telegrams have been received by the Union Congressional Executive Committee at Washington from enough members of Congress to insure a quorum in July, so a short summer session is a fixed fact. A number of letters received from Republican members state that they will come on a condition that the session shall not last over two or three weeks at the farthest. They do not wish to proceed with the regular business of Congress, but merely to fix definitely the reconstruction act, so that President Johnson and Mr. Stanberry will be prevented hereafter from giving any more trouble, and hindering reconstruction. It is evident also from the tone of the other letters received, that an attempt will be made to have Speaker Colfax announce the committees "promptly," so as to be able to go right to work. This plan is favored by those anxious to impeach the President, and by others who are opposed to Secretary McCulloch's present financial policy, and especially in respect to the present system of National Banks. Those who are in favor of a long session say that if a quorum is once obtained the session will be kept up long enough to settle definitely the question of impeachment.

—A secret society has been started in Memphis, Tenn., which is said to be one of many hundred existing throughout the State among the colored population. The organization is ostensibly for benevolent purposes, but in one of its degrees it requires the initiated colored men to take a fearful oath to murder those who abandon its ranks and oppose Brownlowism.

—Jeff. Thompson has written a letter, endorsing the sentiments of General Longstreet concerning reconstruction. General Longstreet says he did not intend to allay himself with the Radical party, but only gave what he thought was the best advice to his Southern brethren, in his recent letter.

—No foundations exist for the rumors of the resignation of Secretary Stanton.

—The yellow fever has made its appearance in New Orleans.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE.

The Eastern Question.

HUNGARIAN REFORM MEASURES

Acknowledgment by Napoleon.

THE PRUSSIAN DIET CLOSED

Continued Peace Assurances.

FINANCIAL DISTRUST IN LONDON.

Financial and Commercial.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

PRUSSIA.

GREAT POWERS AND THE PORTE.

BERLIN, June 22.—It is asserted in political circles here that the Government of the Porte has accepted the collective proposal made by Prussia, France, Russia and Italy, for a joint commission of investigation into the situation of affairs in Candia, the Commission to be appointed by the Christian great powers and the Sultan, and will assemble at Constantinople.

NAPOLEON PURCHASING HORSES.

Persons just arrived from Hungary report that the Emperor Napoleon continues to purchase horses for the use of the French army on a large scale in that country.

PRINCE WILLIAM.

Prince William, Crown Prince of Prussia, left the city and zone on a visit to Pomerania.

Prince William will undertake it for the recruitment of his health.

The Queen of Prussia leaves on a visit to Queen Victoria, and will be in Windsor Castle next week.

DIET CLOSED—PEACE ASSURANCES.

BERLIN, June 24—*Evening.*—Baron Von Der Heydt, Minister of Finance, and Acting Prime Minister in the absence of Bismarck, closed the session of the Prussian Diet to-day. In his speech to the members of the Upper and Lower Houses, on this occasion he said the cordial understanding now existing between his Majesty, the King of Prussia, and his powerful neighbors were an assurance of lasting peace.

HUNGARY.

REFORMED MEASURES PROPOSED.

PESTH, June 24.—In the lower house of the Legislative Diet, M. Berrath, member of the party of the left, demanded to know when the government would bring in its promised reform measures, particularly in the shape of bills for the emancipation of the Jews, the exposition of the civil policy of the country, regards other political and religious disabilities, the complete abolition of the military system, about the concordat with Rome, and reform navigation laws.

FRANCE.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT TO THE EMPEROR.

PARIS, June 23.—The Emperor Napoleon has forwarded an autograph letter to Marshal Vaillant, requesting him to transmit his acknowledgments to the superior Council of the Paris Exhibition, for the address of congratulation forwarded to him by that body, with reference to the successes of the Mexican Empire, and his hope escape during the attempt made on the life of the Emperor.

AUSTRIA.

CONCURRENCE IN THE CRACOW INVESTIGATION.

VIENNA, June 24. The Austrian Government has received communications from Prussia, Italy and Russia in the recent note to the sublime Porte, urging an investigation of the difficulties in the Island of Candia.

ENGLAND.

UNEASINESS IN MERCANTILE CIRCLES.

The *Times*, in its city article to-day, says a general feeling of uneasiness and distrust is noticeable in financial circles.

ARRIVED OUT.

QUEENSTOWN, June 24.—The steamers City of Paris, Edinburg and Hecla, from New York, have arrived.

LONDON, June 24.—The steamer Benefinland, from New York, has arrived.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, June 24.—*Evening.*—Consols closed at 93¾, for money and 93½ for June.

LIVERPOOL, June 24—*Evening.*—Cotton closed quiet at a decline of fully ⅛; Middling Uplands, 12½ d; Orleans, 12½ d; sales 10,000 bales. Breadstuffs quiet throughout the week, closing with a fair trade for new winter Western. Peas—28s. 6d. for Canadian. Wheat, Barley and Oats show no change in prices. Provisions generally unchanged. Tallow advanced a shilling, and prime quotations quoted today at 7s. per bbl. Brief steady at 27s. 6d. Lard at 57s. Bacon 48s. 6d. per cwt. Produce and Petroleum steady. Spirits Tur. fully refined, is. 2d. Tallow 48s. 6d. for prime.

LONDON, June 24.—*Evening.*—There was a fair business in the Corn Exchange today, but no change in the prices of Breadstuffs. Sugar and Coffee unchanged. Tea and Rice unchanged. Tallow advanced 1s. per cwt.

LIVERPOOL, June 24.—*Evening.*—Atlantic and Great Western consolidated shares, 29½.

PARIS, June 24.—*Evening.*—U. S. bonds 77½.

FROM MEXICO.

Marques, at City of Mexico, Declares Iturbide Emperor—Liberals Retreat as Marques Approaches—Rumors Concerning Maximilian.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW ORLEANS, June 24.—By advices received from Queretaro to June 8th, San Luis Potosi to the 11th and Monterey to the 11th, via Galveston, it is reported that as soon as Marquez was assured of the betrayal of Queretaro by Lopez, he proceeded to the Capital and proclaimed Iturbide had been left with him by Maximilian. Among them he found one containing a written abdication, signed by Maximilian in favor of Iturbide. Marquez immediately proclaimed Iturbide Emperor of Mexico, under the regency of Empress Carlotta. He also arrested twenty of the most notable Liberals in the capital and imprisoned them as hostages for the safety of the lives of Maximilian and his companions.

As yet there has been no authoritative denial of the authenticity of Maximilian's proclamation, published week before last, and it is still believed to be genuine.

The Liberal Congress at San Luis Potosi had been refused a request for the postponement of the trial for thirty days, that they might have time to prepare a defense. It is also reported the Emperor had been summoned as a witness against himself. Juarez, and Lerdo, and Negrete, are said to be at Monterey. Juarez is urged to probe this huge speculation to the bottom.

From Georgia.

AUGUSTA, GA., June 21.—Registration is progressing nicely. Four hundred and thirty-six persons were registered to-day, of whom two hundred and ninety-six were blacks.

A party of convicts attempted to escape from the penitentiary at Milledgeville. Two were killed and several wounded. The remainder were re-captured.

Harlem Springs, Carroll Co., Ohio.—These springs, in connection with the Rural Seminary buildings, will be opened for visitors and boarders on the first of July. It is not now intended as a place of fashionable resort, but a quiet place for the benefit of those seeking a quiet, healthful, retired and inexpensive retreat, free from smoke and dust. The groves are dense, the scenery peculiarly beautiful, and the healthful and mineral waters, noted for their health imparting qualities. Persons from Pittsburgh, Wheeling and Cincinnati, will come via New Market Station, on the P. C. & C. R. R., distant by hack from two to three hours. For particulars, address, A. H. Lee, Harlem Springs, Carroll County, Ohio, or call on E. B. Griffin, jan-tge of the South Pittsburgh R. E. Church. jel3:3t

Temperance Meeting.—The Allegheny Temperance League will meet this evening in the Rev. John McMillan's Church, Sandusky street. An address will be delivered by Thomas T. Every, Esq. The choir of the Hayden Lodge of Good Templars will be present and sing several temperance ditties.

Choice Syrups.—Raspberry, Strawberry, Orange, Vanilla, Sarsaparilla, Ginger, Catawba, Grape, Pineapple, Lemon, Blackberry, Raspberry Vinegar, of very superior quality, at the very lowest prices, at No. 82 Federal street, Allegheny city. George Heaven.

Prints. the very best Prints; the very best Prints for 12½c, at the great closing out sale of the Bella Union, to-day. We don't advertise what we have not got, remember this when reading our advertisements.

Russian Crash Toweling at 6 cents per yard, at the new store, No. 105 Ohio street, Allegheny.

FROM TEXAS.

The Opinion of General Stanberry Bringing Forth Evil Results—Counsel for Imposing Villainy.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, June 24—The *Tribune's* Galveston special says: The opinion of Attorney General Stanberry is already bringing forth evil fruit. The action of a recent legislature, Major Haviland, who was removed by General Griffin for rebel proclivities, refuses to recognize the military authority.

The unearthing of an immense villainy has begun here. During the war the rebel government at Richmond organized a conspiration, and it is stated the surrender was made in accordance with the established laws and usages of nations.

Martinez, the rebel General, who agreed to these terms, was placed under arrest, and the arms and munitions of war restored to Maximilian's government. Some of these records are imperfect and blind, and do not show the manner of the purchases. Immense sums were scattered by the receivers. The contractors of Crossville, Tennessee, do not doubt this to extent and cruelty. General Griffin is urged to probe this huge speculation to the bottom.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, June 24, 1867.

THE PARIS EXPOSITION AND UNITED STATES EXHIBITION.

The Department of State has information from Commissioner Beckwith, that of five hundred and twenty-four United States exhibitors at Paris there have been awards in favor of two hundred and sixty-two. Among these four have been awarded grand crosses, one grand medal of honor, and one hundred and three bronze medals, seventy-two American exhibitors were honorably mentioned.

PUBLIC LANDS SOLD.

Fourteen thousand five hundred and sixty-nine acres of public lands were disposed of at the land offices of Iowa and Kansas, during the last fiscal year, amounting to seventy-three thousand four hundred and eighty-one acres of land in Kansas, on the Pottowatomie Indian reserves; also, four hundred and forty acres of lands in Minnesota, embracing one thousand three hundred and ninety-six acres sold to purchasers for the benefit of the Indians.

REOPENING OF SOUTHERN POSTOFFICES.

The Postoffice Department to-day ordered the reopening of fourteen postoffices in the Southern States. The work is progressing steadily and orders for the reopening of postoffices in that section are issued nearly every day.

MAIL FOR A NOVICIOS REFUSED.

Judge Cooley, of the Circuit Court, this morning refused to take bail in the case of Henry Johnson, who shot a man named Smoot, on the 20th, for adulterous intimacy with his former wife.

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INDIAN TROUBLES.

Pacific Railway Laborers Attacked and Driven Off—Heifer Protection Demanded—Return of Excursionists.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ST. LOUIS, June 24.—A dispatch from the east of the Kansas Pacific Railway says the Indians have driven the grading parties into Fort Harker, and that two rational men and two citizens were killed near Bunker Hill, about twenty miles west of Fort Harker, on Saturday, and considerable stock driven off. Efforts are being made to procure arms for the railroad employees, many of whom have already left their work, and it is feared all will leave unless they are better protected.

The excursion party from Fort Wallace arrived at Salina on the 20th.

LAWRENCE, KANSAS, June 24.—The grading parties of the Pacific Railroad for twenty miles west of Bunker Hill were attacked by Kiowa Indians on Saturday. Three men were killed and the remainder driven off. Work on the road is entirely suspended beyond Wilson's Creek, and unless prompt measures are taken by the military, the progress of the road must be greatly retarded. As matters now stand the lives and property of the people on the border are totally unprotected.

Governor Crawford is making an effort to obtain arms and ammunition from the military stores in the rebel employees and citizens in disturbed districts.

River Telegrams.

(By Telegram to the Pittsburgh Gazette per Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Company.)

OIL CITY, June 24.—River ten inches and falling fast. Weather cloudy and warm.

Oil City, June 24.—Rain this morning, at 4, 8 feet, 10 inches, with no transactions.

WARREN, June 24.—River falling with a foot by actual measure.

LOUISVILLE, June 24.—River falling with feet by actual measure.

MEMPHIS, June 24.—River falling.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

FOURTH PAGE.—*The fullest and most reliable Money, Oil and Produce Market Reports given by any paper in the city, will be found on our Fourth Page.*

Meeting of City Councils.

The City Councils held a regular monthly meeting on Monday evening, June 24th.

SELECT BRANCH.

Members present: Messrs. Armstrong, Brown, Coffin, Crawford, Dickson, McMillan, Morrow, Phillips, Rees, Tanner, Thompson, White, Wilson, and McAuley, President.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

The President submitted a petition from Godleib Hammler, owner of a brewery on Vickroy street, setting forth that he had erected his establishment at considerable expense, and that recently a man named Hutchinson has erected a kiln for drying brick immediately in front of the brewery, and directly across the public street. He asked that Councils take the proper steps to remove the same. Referred to the Street Committee, with instructions to abate the nuisance.

C. C. non-concurred and referred to Street Committee. Select Council records and concur.

Mr. McAuley (Mr. Brown in the chair) submitted an ordinance regulating the charges of hackmen and drivers of vehicles for conveying passengers through the city, fixing the rates at fifty cents for each passenger and twenty-five cents each for trunks. Read three time and passed. C. C. amended by making the rates fifty cents for passenger and one trunk and twenty-five cents for each additional trunk. S. C. receded and concurred.

Mr. Phillips presented a petition from the Monongahela Bridge Company and the Birmingham Passenger Railway Company, asking the privilege to alter the grade of Smithfield street near the Monongahela House. Referred to the Street Committee with power to act.

Mr. Phillips presented an ordinance for the better government and regulation of the Fire Department. The ordinance provides that when on duty the companies of the Department are under the strict control of the Chief Engineer, or in his absence, the Assistant Engineers in order of rank; that in no case, except to attend fires, shall any member of the City Hose Company be allowed to shall go out of service without giving fine notice to the Chief Engineer, and obtaining his approbat. 3n. Passed to a third reading. Other ordinances of a similar character were read and rules were called and the ordinance passed to a third reading without a vote against.

The President read a communication from Mayor McCarty, relating to the nuisance existing at the Point, in consequence of the defective arrangement of the stamps on the cars of the night-soilers the complaints and finally passed, concurred in and asking that the same be remedied. Referred to the Chairman of Allegheny and Monongahela Wharf Committee, with power to act, with instructions to have the nuisance abated if it be necessary to secure the abatement of the nuisance.

Mr. Dickson presented the report of the Joint Committee, with a resolution authorizing the opening of Fifth street, between Webster and Wayne streets, and Pennsylvania avenue between Wylie street and Pennsylvania avenue, which was read the first time and passed to a third reading and adopted.

Mr. McMillan submitted a report of the Viewers of Market street Sewer. The entire length of the sewer is 1,200 feet. The total length 636 feet. Report accepted and adopted.

Also a resolution appointing A. J. Gribbin a viewer on Virgin alley sewer, in place of James Crawford.

The following ordinances, passed to a second reading, were taken up:

Ordinances for grading and paving Carson street, from Sarah street to Jacob's Creekup street, were read three times and passed.

The ordinance for the grading and paving of Jane street was postponed.

Mr. Morrow submitted an ordinance changing the grade of the Monongahela street, providing for an appropriation of $1,000 to pay the damages, if the same. The ordinance was discussed at considerable length, and the year and nays being called on its passage, resulted—yeas, 4; nays, 4. So the ordinance was lost.

A resolution was adopted authorizing the President to certify a warrant in favor of J. M. Fullerton, for the sum of $1,000, in full of water rents collected in error.

Mr. McAuley presented the opening of Elm street from Bridge to Liberty street, and the laying of a Brick Sewer on said lot. Laid on the table under the ordinance.

Mr. Morrow submitted an ordinance providing for the establishment of Twenty-fourth street, allowing an abatement of twenty-five cents per foot for making and making sewer crips, should apply and be extended to the Allegheny wharf.

FROM COMMON COUNCIL.

Members present—Messrs. Beck, Brush, Bryan, Clark, Dilworth, Hamm, Hemphill, Hower, Jones, Mashinegy, McQuade, McCullough, McGowan, O'Neill, Reed, Roberts, Robb, Rowan, Scott, Stewart, Thompson, Torley, Vernor, Weldon, Welsh, and President Steel.

Minutes of the last previous meeting were read and approved.

Mr. Hemphill presented a communication from John McCargo, Esq., City Controller, in relation to certain bills. The communication was accepted and warrants ordered to be drawn on the Treasurer for the several amounts.

Mr. Hare offered an ordinance providing for the branding of boxes in which berries are sold in the public markets. The ordinance was read three times and finally passed.

Mr. Robinson offered a resolution directing the City Controller to certify his warrant on the Treasury in favor of Mr. John Blause, for ten dollars, the amount of water tax for the year 1867, paid by him. Referred to Finance Committee without a vote.

Mr. Robb, the following ordinance:

Whereas, Sidewalks on Penn avenue are now in process of construction, or which shall be constructed, it shall be the duty of the Recording Regulator to cause the sidewalks on each side of said avenue at the distance of every thirty feet, east and west, to be marked with a line, as directed by the Regulator, and that the cost of the same be added to the costs of construction and paid following the same.

The ordinance was read three times, and finally passed.

Mr. Ford, from the Sanitary Committee, presented the following resolution which was adopted.

Resolved, That the sum of one thousand dollars be and is hereby appropriated, to be expended by the Sanitary Committee, for securing the best sanitary condition of the city, as occasion may require, and that the mayor be chairman of said committee.

Mr. Ford also offered an ordinance making the city of Pittsburgh owing loss from losing upon alleys to keep said alleys properly lighted, and to have them scraped every Tuesday and Friday. The ordinance also provided for the licensing of the City Police to see that its provisions were carried into effect, and to fine each ten dollars per month as compensation for their services.

Mr. Ford stated that the Street Committee had been laboring for a year past to devise some means by which the alleys could be kept clean, but they had been unable to do so. The Street Commissioners appeared to think that they had no right to interfere, except in cases where the alleys are paved, or in case it is necessary to the continued good health of the city that the alleys should be cleaned at once, and he hoped the ordinance would be passed.

Mr. Ford offered as an amendment that the Sanitary Committee be empowered to employ a suitable person to carry out the provisions of the ordinance. The amendment was accepted.

The ordinance was amended by Mr. Reed, limiting the compensation of such person employed to ten dollars per day. The ordinance, as amended, was read three times and finally passed.

Mr. McQuean, a resolution authorizing the City Controller to certify a warrant on the Treasurer in favor of R. Edward Allen, the sum of $1,963 55, in payment for contract for paving Ninth street, in the Ninth ward.

Mr. Robb offered an ordinance providing for a uniform system of sewerage. Read and laid over under the rules.

On motion, adjourned.

Rowdyism in the Ninth Ward.

Last night, between five and six o'clock, John Chapman and Alfred Leston, brothers-in-law and members of the Ninth ward, went to the house of Joseph Herbster, on the corner of Liberty and Carson streets, and were conducting themselves in an improper manner, when Herbster requested them to leave his house, whereupon they attacked him and abused him shamefully. They were not satisfied with this, however, but abused his house and furniture, breaking chairs, glassware, crockery, &c. Herbster came to the Mayor's office and made an information against them, charging them with assault and battery. A warrant was issued, and officers Rivers, Dressler, Strain and Cupples succeeded in arresting Chapman and Leston between six and seven o'clock last evening, but Chapman managed to give them the slip and escaped, but only for a short time, as he was picked up at his home, in the upper end of the Ninth ward, about twelve o'clock last night, by officers Rivers and Dressler and lodged in the lock-up, where his worship will doubtless have proceeded him, to await a hearing this morning.

St. Clair Church Strawberry Festival.

The congregation of St. Clair Church, Rev. J. C. Boyd, pastor, in Scott township, have arranged for a strawberry festival, to be given in the church edifice on Thursday afternoon and evening next, on which occasion a most pleasant entertainment will be offered. The church is located about a beautiful spot, and with fine weather and good music, a large gathering of country folk with a goodly number of town people are expected to assemble for a day of health and social recreation. Aside from refreshments and fruit attractive, addresses will be delivered by able clerical gentlemen.

A Montrose Amphitheatre.

The managers of the Grand National Festival, which will take place at Union Skating Park, commencing July 4th, have had erected substantial seats around three sides of the enclosure, and have made other suitable arrangements for the comfort and convenience of the thousands who will participate in the celebration. As the glorious anniversary approaches the excitement is alive to the Grand Festival increases, and all who can are securing their tickets at the office, 74 Fifth street, where the prizes are on exhibition.

River News.—The steamer Belle will leave this day at 12 o'clock, positively. We recommend the Belle to shippers and passengers as a first class boat, and we know whereof we speak. Loughry and Jack Chambers will do the courtesies of the office with their accustomed urbanity. This is the only boat leaving this port until a late date. Capt. Loughry will take with him several barges and thus secure freight being carried through.

The Goldrich Homicide Case—A New Phase on the Matter—The Pistol Found.

The circumstances attendant upon the killing by a pistol shot of James Goldrich, of Allegheny city, must be fresh in the minds of our readers. On Monday evening, June 10th, about four o'clock, McFarland and deceased, who were on intimate terms, attended a pic nic on Troy Hill, and when the pic nic had broken up they visited several beer gardens in that locality, where they remained until after eight o'clock, when they started for home. On reaching the corner of Ohio street and East Lane, Goldrich proposed to McFarland that they should go to Kellar's, who keeps a wholesale and retail liquor and grocery store, on the corner of East Lane and Ohio street, and get a drink, McFarland accepted the invitation, and the two crossed the street and entered the store, where several men were seated. Mr. Kellar, the proprietor, was not in the store when they came in, having gone to the cellar to get some wine for his friends, and McFarland, addressing himself to a nephew of Mr. K's, asked for some liquor, which was refused him. At this time Mr. K. came up from the cellar, and seeing McFarland and the deceased in the room, asked them w at they wanted there, when McFarland replied that it was none of his business then Mr. Kellar stepped up to him and took hold of his coat and requested him to leave the house, which McFarland refused to do, and a flame ensued. McFarland striking Kellar on the head, and he was then struck by young Kellar, the nephew, two or three times, after which he retreated to the door. About this time the deceased had caught the elder Mr. K. by the hair and was pulling him down when a shot was fired, and entered the head of the deceased, just back of the left ear, passing through in a direct line with the right ear, lodging in the inside of the skull. McFarland then started to run and was pursued by Mr. Kellar and caught and brought back to the house where Goldrich was lying. He was then taken in charge by officer Charles Wessell, of the watch watch. He refused to go with Wessell, when he (Wessell) called for assistance, and he was taken to the lock-up. A short time after the shot was fired, Dr. J. P. Alcorn was called, and upon making an examination of the wound, he pronounced it fatal. The injured