P. R. MERTZ,
Banker and Broker,
18 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.
All descriptions of Government Bonds bought and sold on liberal terms.
London and Continental Exchange sold at New York rates.
Gold, Silver and Coupons bought at highest rates, and Gold Drafts issued on New York.

ALL SIZES 7 3-10 BONDS
Converted into 5-20's, 1865,
BONDS DELIVERED IMMEDIATELY.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,
Bankers,
Cor. Fourth & Wood Streets.

TO HOLDERS OF 7-30'S.
Having made special arrangements with **Jay Cooke & Co.,** Our correspondents, we are prepared to convert 7-30's into 5-20's of 1865, without charge.
Bonds on Hand for Delivery.
IRA B. McVAY & CO.,
Bankers,
CORNER FOURTH AND SMITHFIELD STS.
SELL YOUR 7-30's
AND
BUY 5-20'S.
Holders of SEVEN THIRTIES will find an advantage of OVER ¼ OF ONE PER CENT. by converting on this plan.
IRA B. McVAY & CO.,
BANKERS,
COR. 4TH & SMITHFIELD STREETS.

7-30 BONDS
CONVERTED INTO
5-20 BONDS, 1865,
WITHOUT CHARGE.
Stocks bought and sold on commission in New York, Philadelphia and Boston.
ROBINSON BROS.,
No. 75 FOURTH STREET.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

JAMES DALZELL & SON,
69 and 70 Water Street,
LARD OIL MANUFACTURERS,
And dealers in CRUDE, LUBRICATING and CARBON OILS.
We warrant our No. 1 Lard Oil equal to the best Cincinnati, or other brands, and propose to sell as low as Cincinnati or Chicago dealers. Our No. 2 Lard Oil as a Lubricator cannot be excelled.
Duck Creek Lubricating and standard brands of Carbon Oil constantly on hand.
Merchants and manufacturers will find it to their interest to give us a call before ordering Lard Oil from the West. feb19:30

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, June 7, 1867.

The New York stock quotations to-day, as received by Mr. P. R. Mertz, were as follows: Gold, 135⅝; Eighty-one bonds, 112; Five Twenties, 1862, 105¾; Five Twenties, 1864, 105¼; Five Twenties, 1865, 105¼; Five Twenties, 1867, 105¼; Five Twenties, 1868, 105¼; Seven Thirties, 106⅜@105¾; Ten Forties, 99⅝; Michigan Southern Railroad, 65¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 79¼; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago, 97¾; Erie, 69¾; Chicago and Rock Island, 99; Chicago and Northwestern, 84¾; do preferred, 86¾; New York Central, 100; Reading, 105¾; Ohio and Mississippi Certificates, 29¾.

Large amounts of money are being disbursed by the Treasury in payment of Seven Thirty bonds bought by the Government and for the redemption of the June compound interest notes, the effects of which are very sensibly felt in Wall street. Bonds and stocks are very buoyant, and a very "jubilant" feeling prevails. If Eastern money is the only requirement for a rise in the market it is certainly to come now, as the disbursements by the Treasury will amount to nearly $3 millions for the next four weeks. The interest on securities are then, but not so bright in the financial circle, as the interest due on the 1st of Five Twenties and Seven Thirties.

Gold is firmer, ever since an improvement of ¼ per cent. of United States bonds in London. The reason for this may be assigned to an unwillingness to draw below shipping rates by the leading houses, they not having any use for gold at present. In the open market money remains very scarce, and we know of very high rates of interest being offered by parties in good standing who cannot be accommodated at their banks.

Closing quotations received by James T. Brady, Banker:

U. S. Sixes, 1861	112
" 5-20s, 1865	105¾
" " 1864	105¼
" " 1865	105¼
" 10-40s	99⅝
" Coupons	105¼
August 5-20s	105¼
June 7-30s	105⅜
July 7-30s	105⅜
Dec. Compounds, 1864	105¼
Gold	135⅝
Silver	130¾

—The rumors prejudicial to the credit of this Bank which have been circulated to some extent in the newspapers, it appears are wholly without warrant. The Cashier, E. D. Jones, Esq., formerly of this city, the integrity of whose statements no one here will question, telegraphs that the statement referred to is a base, malicious falsehood—so truth is any part of it. Several of the banks of this city keep accounts with the Second National Bank of St. Louis, having unabated confidence both in the integrity of its officers and the unimpeachable stability of the bank.

—A Chicago journal says that the losses on grain during the past few months have been unusually heavy and the trade has become so hazardous that bankers are unwilling to make advances even on fair margins, unless the borrowers are known to be responsible beyond doubt. Notes falling due are generally promptly met, and the applications for extensions are by no means numerous. The advices relating to winter wheat and all the small grain spring crops are very encouraging.

—It is now reported that the Fourth National Bank of New York was a loser to the extent of more than a quarter of a million of dollars by the failure of the National Bank of New Orleans. The whole amount of the debt in question does not exceed $60,000, for which the Fourth National holds ample security.

—We understand, says the New York *Journal of Commerce*, that orders have been received from Washington to suspend all organization and sales of the five-twenty 6 per cent. bonds of 1865, on government account until further notice. This is probably in anticipation of the issue of the new 5-20s to pitch the holders of Treasury notes are entitled on the identity of these obligations. The amount of fraudulent coupons largely in excess of the genuine, and the prices are depressed by the uncertainty