THE DAILY GAZETTE.
PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING,
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)
PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
Proprietors,
P. R. PENNIMAN.....JOSIAH KING.
T. P. HOUSTON.....N. P. REED.
Editors. Business Managers.
OFFICE, GAZETTE BUILDING,
Nos. 84 AND 86 FIFTH STREET.
Leading Republican Paper of Western Pennsylvania.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF PITTSBURGH AND ALLEGHENY CITY.
LARGEST, CHEAPEST and BEST FAMILY and COMMERCIAL PAPER in the State.
TERMS OF THE DAILY:
Single copy.....2 cents.
Delivered by Carriers, per week.....18 "
Mail Subscribers, per year.....$8.00.
Address,
GAZETTE,
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1786

Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXII.—NO. 135. PITTSBURGH SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1867. PRICE THREE CENTS.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.
TWO EDITIONS,
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.
A large sheet, containing THIRTY-SIX COLUMNS of interesting reading matter, including leading Editorials, latest news by Telegraph and Mail, valuable Reading Matter for the Family, and fullest and most reliable Financial and Commercial Market Reports given in any paper in the city. No Farmer, Mechanic or Merchant should be without it.
TERMS FOR THE WEEKLY GAZETTE:
Single Subscriber.....$1.50.
Clubs of five.....@$1.25.
Clubs of Ten.....@$1.15.
—And one copy of paper to the person getting up the club. Additions to clubs can be made any time, at club rates.
NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.—In ordering your paper, be sure and specify what edition you wish, as we issue a Wednesday Edition for subscribers having but one mail a week.
Money by Draft, Express, Money Orders or in Registered Letters, may be sent at our risk.
Address,
GAZETTE,
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

MR. WENDELL PHILLIPS has been again exercising his powers of brilliant vituperation. It would be more to the purpose for him to explain why, after reiterating, over and over again, for two years, that it did not matter what became of Mr. DAVIS, suddenly changed his mind, and found it to be of the highest consequence to dispose of him in a particular way. Mr. JAS. GORDON BENNETT can afford to indulge in eccentricities such as this; which Mr. PHILLIPS cannot, if he aspires to further usefulness as a Reformer.

SOME days ago the newspapers contained a report of a conversation between Judge CARTER and Gen. GRANT, relative to the Presidency. By this report the General was made to declare that if the loyal men who sustained the government through the war, and put down the rebellion, wanted him to be their candidate, he would not refuse. The Cleveland *Herald* now says:

"Judge Carter, who is now in this city, has been overwhelmed with queries from curious persons, to know how much truth there is in the gossip of the Washington letter to which the above refers, but the Judge, just now, has a *slight impediment in his speech*, and does not talk much."

LARGE NUMBERS of German, Norwegian and Swiss immigrants, are reported to be arriving daily at New York. They push on at once to the West, and settle near friends and acquaintances who have preceded them, applying themselves mainly to agriculture. They become forthwith customers of American mechanics and manufacturers.

KETCHUM, a New York banker, some months ago committed forgeries to prodigious amount and went to the State Prison. THURLOW WEED has not gone up to Albany to bail him out, but he has petitioned the Governor to pardon. We should like to see Mr. WEED reconcile his own conduct with his condemnation of Mr. GREELEY for going bail for Mr. Davis.

THE Hon. J. M. LANGSTON, the colored lawyer from Oberlin, Ohio, is to make a tour through Virginia, speaking on Monday at Orange C. H., Tuesday at Gordonsville, Wednesday at Louisa C. H., on Thursday at Richmond, and on Saturday at Fredericksburg. Several other colored gentlemen from the North are to follow.

THE disunionists of Louisiana are reported to be working diligently to have the fearless soldier and patriot, Gen. Sheridan, removed. The loyal nation will protest against his displacement, and Congress will sustain him in all the acts which have rendered him odious to the unreconstructed.

TO-DAY Francis Joseph will be crowned King of Hungary. In honor of the event the Emperor of Austria has issued a proclamation granting universal amnesty to all political prisoners and to those amenable to the laws for political offences committed prior to the coronation.

JUDGE KELLEY evidently feels ashamed over the Mobile riot, and places the responsibility on no less a personage than President Johnson. This is tracing effect to a very remote cause, but the Judge must invent a better explanation.

A NICARAGUAN paper thinks that Seward's ruling in his correspondence with England on the Alabama claims should be made work both ways, so as to enable its government to obtain a claim for the ravages of the filibuster Walker.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON will probably reach Washington to-day. His trip South has neither damaged himself nor the feeble party which clings to him. He has learned the worth of silence, and made practical use of his knowledge.

THE Freemasons have very wisely discountenanced the holding of gift enterprises to pecuniarily aid in accomplishing any project of the order. The outside world will applaud the Grand Lodge for the injunction.

A CORRESPONDENT of a San Francisco newspaper, who has just got back from China, urges that our Government ought to obtain in that country the concession of a trading station, as Great Britain did some time ago.

IT is not the Emperor of the French, but the Czar of Russia, whom the assassin aimed at, day before yesterday, in Paris. This is one of the consequences of the Czar's harsh policy in Poland.

BISHOP BUCKLEY, the unequaled negro minstrel, died at Quincy, Mass., yesterday. He had many warm admirers and friends in musical circles of this city.

IT is announced that three hundred of Gen. CUSTAR's cavalry, instead of fighting the Indians, have deserted, taking their horses and equipments with them.

IT will be regarded as a matter of news that Mr. SEWARD does not aspire to be greater than Washington, as he announced at Richmond yesterday.

MAXIMILIAN is still held a prisoner in Mexico. It is now very improbable that he will be put to death.

GOSSIP OF PARIS.

Over 14,000 sandwiches are cut and eaten every week in the Paris Exhibition. It is proposed to import some Sandwich Island inhabitants to do the business.

A telegraph has been arranged between the Tuileries and St. Cloud, in order that the Emperor and Empress may know at any moment what is the condition of the Prince Imperial.

—The latest announcement of the intended visit to Paris of a crowned head is that of the Shah of Persia. No doubt, son of Mohammed Shah, to whose throne he succeeded in 1848. He is expected in July.

—In the centre of the English exhibition is a very splendid embroidered bed, which is exhibited by Lady Carrington, a scarlet velvet, the embroidery of which, by Lady Carrington, is exquisite. The work is said to have been the labor of five years.

—Some remarkable translations are given in the French bills of fare in Parisian restaurants. Thus *Weisbiele de vie* is rendered "a cup of rice at Poniecare" is rendered "a cup of rice at wickness," and *Dieux Chinois a l'eau de vie*, which are simply a couple of Chinese fruits preserved in brandy, is translated "two Chinese in spirits." *Rin de reau a la financiere* is rendered into "the smile of the cat" to the female capitalist."

—One wife seems to know Paris life gives this warning and account of expenses to all those who would marry a Parisian girl of good family:

Toilette for his wife.....	30,000 francs.
Apartments.....	4,000 francs.
Carriage.....	25,000 francs.
Opera and other amusements.....	10,000 francs.
Servants.....	600 francs.
Expenses of husband.....	
Total.....	73,600 francs!

—The ball of the white dresses was to come off on the 4th of June. The invitation is thus termed: "*Le Mardi 4 Juin, Les dames sont prices d'etre en blanc avec des fleurs naturelles. Les hommes en culotte cuecle et en manteau sentien.*" This will close the series of pretty balls given by the Duchess de Doudeauville on Tuesdays, at the last of which, among the notabilities present were Prince Oscar of Sweden, the Duc de Vallombrose, Lord Houghton, the Russian Ambassadress, Mme. de Gallifet and Mme. de Pourtales.

FIRST EDITION.

ONE O'CLOCK.

EUROPEAN INTELLIGENCE.

Coronation of Francis Joseph King of Hungary.

THE ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION.

The Czar of Russia the Intended Victim.

THE ASSASSIN APPREHENDED.

Financial and Commercial.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

AUSTRIA.

CROWNING OF THE KING OF HUNGARY—GENERAL AMNESTY TO BE PROCLAIMED.

PESTH, June 7.—*Evening.*—Lord Bloomfield, British Ambassador, will, to present at the crowning of Francis Joseph, King of Hungary, to-morrow. All the powers having diplomatic relations with Austria will be represented on the occasion except America. The Emperor had made known his intention of proclaiming universal amnesty to all Austrian subjects imprisoned or who have rendered themselves liable to punishment by political offences committed prior to the coronation.

ARRIVED OUT.

DUBLIN, June 7.—The steamer City of Dublin from New York, has arrived.

GLASGOW, June 7.—The steamship St. Andrew, from Boston, has arrived.

BREST, June 7.—*Evening.*—The steamship Atlanta, from New York, May 25th, arrived to-day and proceeded to London.

(*Special Cable Intelligence.*)

The Attempt to Assassinate the Czar, Not Dangerous.

NEW YORK, June 7.—The *Herald's* Paris special says: It was the Czar of Russia whose assassination was attempted yesterday. In the imperial carriage were the Czar, his two sons, and Napoleon Third. When the Royal party was being driven through the Bois de Boulogne, a young man apparently about twenty years of age, fired a pistol at the Czar, or in the direction in which he sat in the carriage. It appears that the pistol had been overloaded, for it exploded, wounding the hand of the assassin. It is alleged that a person standing in the crowd struck the pistol from the hand of the young desperado just as he discharged the pistol. He was instantly cut down, severely wounded with a sabre bayonet by the escort. The imperial carriage passed on without halting. The supposed murderer is a Pole.

The London special reports that at the races at Ascot, Vauban, Jasper and Lecture won the three great royal prizes.

The Paris special says: The grand military review in the Champs de Mars yesterday was the most brilliant spectacle ever witnessed in France. Over eighty thousand men were under arms.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, June 7.—*Evening.*—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows that the bullion in the bank has increased to 527,000 pounds sterling.

LONDON, June 7.—*Evening.*—Consols closed at 94½. Five-twenties, 73; Illinois Central, 79½; Erie, 39¾. Cotton has been quiet and closed unchanged at 12d. Corn, 34s. Orleans, 33½; sales of 10,000 bales.

MANCHESTER, June 7.—The market for goods and yarns is dull and heavy. If cottons closed quiet, with a downward tendency. Corn, 27s 6d for mixed western. Wheat, white California, 12s 6d. Oats are firmer at 2s 3d. Barley and Peas are unchanged. Provisions are unchanged, except Lard, which advanced 2s. Bacon, Cheese, which declined to 65s for fine American. Tallow, the quotations show no change to prices.

LONDON, June 7.—*Evening.*—Sugar closed quiet. No. 12, Dutch, 34s 3d. Coffee, steady.

ANTWERP, June 7.—*Evening.*—Petroleum is unchanged.

HAVRE, June 7.—United States bonds, 72¾.

THE PRESIDENTIAL TOUR.

Commencement Exercises at Chapel Hill University—Reception and Speech at Raleigh.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

RALEIGH, June 7.—The President and party attended the commencement exercises of the University at Chapel Hill, yesterday. They were escorted from Raleigh by a procession, including the scholars and officers of the Institution, and Governor Worth, of North Carolina. Before the war the average number of pupils was five hundred, but at present there are not more than one hundred. A ball given by the graduating class was attended by a portion of the Presidential party.

The President's party left Chapel Hill this morning on their return trip, and were everywhere received with marked cordiality and respect, but the public demonstrations were more as calm and composed as those of the South on reception days. The excursion so far has been pleasant to all concerned. Major General Sickles and staff, and Governor Worth accompanied the party back to Raleigh. The President arrives for Washington on Saturday afternoon.

PETERSBURG, June 7.—The President and party arrived at seven this evening, on their return to Washington. They were escorted thither from Jarrett's Depot by Mayor Collier and a Committee of the City Council. The Mayor renewed the tender of the hospitalities of the City to the President, while gratified for the compliment, regretted that his public engagements compelled him to decline the invitation. The party remained required his return to Washington.

A large concourse at the hotel received the party with repeated cheers, and the President, having been called for, made a few remarks, in which he said he tried to discharge his duty faithfully. He was very grateful for the reception and hoped when he again came here it would be under more favorable circumstances, with the country in peace and prosperity. He was heartily cheered.

Secretary Seward, in response to calls, recalled the fact that four years from the period when he had spoken last he was asked what he would say were he to make a speech.

He was asked to respond to speak and briefly alluded to all the forces that were at the back and at the future in our country's prosperity.

The company remained an hour in Petersburg. They were handsomely entertained at the Petersburg Hotel, and at Jarrett's. They will remain at Richmond to-night and leave for Washington early to-morrow.

RICHMOND, June 7.—The President and party arrived at ten o'clock this morning, and were met at the Depot by the Mayor and a Committee of City Council, and Capt. Jones, who had charge of the President when they were escorted to that hotel. A band of music performed several patriotic airs at all the stations on the route. The President and Secretary Seward were introduced to the people at Richmond, and spoke from the balcony. A very large number of persons crowded to the parlors where the President and Secretary Seward were received. There was more enthusiasm than when the President arrived in the city last Monday, and the reception was far more cordial. The President made a short address to the people assembled in the nation. He presumed if his policy and that of the administration had not been understood, from speeches he had already made, no speech he could make would render his principle more clear. He returned thanks for the cordial reception extended by the citizens.

Secretary Seward, who was warmly received, said he was pleased with the reception along the trip, and at this city, and thought the South, as well as the North, were coming to understand the mathematical axiom, that the whole is greater than a part. He never favored a war, until forced into it. He never desired power, without full restoration of the Union. If Washington could be called from his grave, and the questions now in view be referred to him, he would say, no confiscation, no delay in the restoration of the entire country. He did not aspire to be greater than Washington, and thanked the audience for their kind attention, when the crowd retired.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

The Boiler Explosion on Thursday—The Dead and Missing.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

PHILADELPHIA, June 7.—Thirteen dead bodies have been taken from the ruins of Gerry's Ward's saw mill, and the search is actively progressing. The following dead have been identified: Harry Mentz, Dennis Enstress, Alexander Zwright, Jas. Gray, Jacob Hellman, Henry Haudock. The following are among the missing and believed to be buried among the ruins: Philip Seagrey, August Seager, W. R. Halloway, Seagrey, and N. Reader.

Further particulars of the great explosion show that twenty persons were killed outright, and fourteen were extricated in a maimed condition. Several of these will die. The cause of the accident seems to have been the absence of a sufficient quantity of water in the boiler. The engineer was sick, and his substitute is censured for carelessness.

Navy Yard Workmen Discharged—Visit to National Cemeteries.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

FORTRESS MONROE, June 7.—Six hundred and fifty workmen have been discharged from the Gosport, Navy Yard, reducing the force to a comparatively small number.

Gen. Schofield visited the National Cemeteries in this vicinity to-day and yesterday, and returned to Richmond this evening.

Severe Hail Storm in Missouri.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ST. LOUIS, June 7.—Accounts from several interior counties notice unusually violent hail storms last Sunday and Monday night, which did great damage to the fruit and crops. In some places hail stones as large as hen eggs, covering the ground completely and remaining forty-eight hours.

CONDENSED NEWS.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

—General Sheridan has issued an order appointing Benjamin F. Flanders Governor of Louisiana, vice Thomas J. Durant declined.

—Judge Busteed made a speech in Montgomery, Alabama, on Wednesday night, in which he candidly endorsed the recent Republican Convention which declined to invite him to participate in its proceedings.

—Dates from San Luis Potosi, Mexico, to the 17th, state that Maximilian's fate still hangs in the balance. Juarez and his Ministers held a conference on the subject of a disposal of him, but the conclusion was unknown. It was thought Juarez would carry him to the Capital. The capture of Miramon, with the rest, was confirmed. Maximilian, however, is nowhere to be found. Escobedo had issued an order that every imperial officer who had not surrendered within twenty-four hours should be shot.

—The Senatorial excursion party returned on Thursday to Omaha, and were given a grand banquet in the evening. While the excursionists were at the end of the railroad, two coaches returned, through fear of the Indians.

—The National Typographical Union adjourned to-day to meet in Washington next year.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

Mining and Agricultural Matters in Arizona—Eight Hour Law in San Francisco—Great Procession.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 1.—Arizona advices to May 19th represent the mining interests as improving, and the agricultural prospects encouraging. General Crook was making the war with vigor against the Indians. Large immigrations are expected from Kansas, Colorado and New Mexico. The Indians continue their depredations. Preparations were making for an addition from Camps Lincoln and McDowell for the purpose of destroying the crops of the Indians.

Mining stocks weak; Savage 20.00; Yellow Jacket, 17½; Crown Point, 16.00; Gould Curry 575; Cholar Fattose 563; Ophir 330; Kentucky 1.00; Imperial 1.00; Belcher 1.00; Julia 575.

Flour firm. Wheat dull. Quotations unchanged.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 3.—To-day the eight hour law was generally quietly inaugurated by the different trades unions of the city. The procession was one of the largest ever witnessed in this Pacific city.

The steamship Constitution, from Panama, arrived last night. The bark Wild Hawk, Messenger and New York have arrived. The Sinaloace, for New York, sailed.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

The New Governor of Louisiana—Gov. Wells Still Keeps to propriety, Impartiality, and Protests in Writing against Sheridan's Proceedings.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW ORLEANS, June 7.—Hon. B. F. Flanders, the newly appointed Governor, called on Gov. Wells this morning at the Executive office, and made known that he came in obedience to the order of Gen. Sheridan, and was ready to enter upon the duties of Gov. Wells declined to voluntarily vacate the office, and presented a written protest against the action of the military. At one o'clock he, under protest, vacated the Executive office, addressed to Governor Flanders, but he was absent. The nature of the communication is not known.

Mexican news received to-day confirms the previous reports that Juarez had retreated to Escobedo for 2,000 ounces. No new developments have been made.

Reception of Judge Kelley—His Views of the Mobile Riot.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, June 7.—Judge Kelley was received by political friends in Philadelphia last night. In his address, he referred to the Mobile affair, saying the riot was not chargeable to the citizens or the disloyal authorities of that place, as they had done all in their power to the contrary, and referred to a post of profit there a recreant Democrat who had recently delivered himself in inflammatory statements in the public newspapers of Philadelphia. The Judge, he said, were premeditated, and were not brought on by any words of his own.

River Telegrams.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MARIETTA, June 7.—River stationary. Weather hot.

LOUISVILLE, June 7.—River falling, with seven feet four inches in the channel.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette via Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company.)

OHI CITY, June 7.—River two feet seven inches, falling slowly. Weather cloudy and threatening rain.

BROWNSVILLE, June 7.—River five feet four inches and falling. Weather clear and warm.

The Trial of Surratt—The Witness Whose Absence Caused a Postponement.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Judge Carter's report that the rumors of the indictment against Surratt, in the Surratt trial, is a Mr. McKeon, of Detroit, who was expected to be the principal witness of the Government to procure this witness, he has been living in Canada.

The Cotton Crop—First Consignment of New Wheat from the South.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, June 7.—Indianapolis report that the recent heavy rains south have injured the cotton crop.

The first consignment of new wheat reached Charleston to-day for shipment to New York.

GENERAL NEWS.

—A New York paper says that suicide is becoming alarmingly prevalent in that city. Following the example of Paris, it would be where it could prevail with greater advantage to the world at large.

—Alexander Dumas, the older, returning from a day's sport at the country seat of a friend, with a superb game-bag, was asked: "Well, mon cher, what have you killed?" "Ma femme," was his answer promptly.

—Connecticut, though a land supposed to be of orthodox habits, is rivaling Dakota in the number of her divorces. During 1866 the number of divorces granted was the proportion of one to every ten marriages.

—Divorces are becoming very common in Massachusetts. The law revised in '57 is the result of the war." Many women of doubtful reputation sought for the sake of the $1,000 aid, and led a disreputable life afterward.

—Mayor Smith, of Boston, introduced squirrels into the Boston Common. The little animals found the nuts there, which formerly destroyed the worms, and then girdled many of the trees, which have had to be cut down.

—A young girl has been arrested in Buffalo, in soldiers' clothes. She says her home is in Syracuse; that her parents are poor; have recently lost their son, and that five of their girls have donned male attire to drive teams for a living.

—Two women in Russian gun factories are employed day and night in converting percussion-locks into breech-locks. The whole of the Russian army will, it is said, be provided with the latter weapon by the end of June at the latest.

—They have a girl of ten years in a private school in Boston, who can hold in her lips three hundred and seventy pounds, one of thirteen who lifts four hundred pounds, and one of fourteen, who lifts four hundred and sixty pounds.

—In Utica they have started a Sunday school on wheels. The children along the line of the Black River Railway are gathered in by the engineers and conductors. The first Sabbath there were forty-two scholars and the next sixty-seven.

—Africa and serious distress is impending in Connemara, a part of Ireland, where the people are more uniformly poor and miserable. It is said they are feeding their cattle with the unwarranted potato, will soon require for their own sustenance.

—The eight-hour strike in the Illinois Central Railroad shops, at Amboy, has proved a complete failure, and the strikers have, with one exception, all gone back. Hallets and a portion of the blacksmiths, remained work under the ten-hour system.

—Some delay occurring during a recent presentation of Uncle Tom's Cabin in New York, the stage manager explained by saying that "the ladies of the ballet were not dressed—when, on a lively wag in the audience shouted out that they never are."

—A clergyman who was recently dismissed from a Congregational church in Gilead, Connecticut, states that the whole difficulty originated in his spelling the word "Sabbath" without the "k," as the most modern orthography, and similar unimportant matters.

—The death of cabs in Paris has given rise to many ludicrous incidents. On a recent rainy sunday fifteen thousand persons, at six o'clock p. m., stood in the rain for two hours waiting for a "cab." Fifty francs was the lowest sum that any cabby who respected himself would take.

—The suppression of the Mobile *Republican*, for the publication of an article reflecting the freedom to violence, appears to be a proof that the power of the military is improperly used in that city. That is precisely what we want—absolute justice in the South, without regard to color.

—In a Memoir addressed to the Paris Academy of Medicine, M. Daume announces the discovery of a cholera antimalcule. The memoir has been referred to the Committee having charge of the Breslau prize, to be awarded to the person who discovers a cure for the modern pestilence.

—An old bachelor geologist was boasting that every rock was as familiar to him as his alphabet. A lady who was present declared that she knew of a rock of which he was wholly ignorant. "Name it madam," cried Cotlebs, in a rage. "It is rock the cradle, sir," replied the lady. Cotlebs vanished.

—Information has been received that Gov. Hahn was ordered permission to register in Louisiana, on account of alleged disloyalty. It was subsequently that Hahn made the presentation speech when flags were given to Rebel troops, and that he signed a document of adjudicating resistance to the Federal Government.

—A gentleman recently received an unpaid letter (for which the post-man charged him two pence) commencing, "Sir, your letter of yesterday bears upon its face the stamp of falsehood." His answer was brief and to the purpose: "Sir, I only wish your letter of yesterday bore upon its face a stamp of any kind."

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

FROM NEW YORK.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, June 7.—The Grand Lodge of Freemasons, in session in this city, to-day passed a resolution laying an injunction on some persons who are now engaged in a gift enterprise under the name of the Masonic fraternity.

SOUTHERN FAMINE COMMISSION.

The Southern Famine Relief Commission is still vigorously at work.

In addition to loading the United States store ship Purveyor, which left on Saturday, the Commission has since shipped eight thousand bushels of corn to Charleston and Savannah, for interior distribution. Yesterday the Treasurer received from Clarendon District, South Carolina, an appeal for relief from the heads of sixty-seven families, representing two hundred and ninety-eight individuals, some of whom are now suffering for bread.

HOMOEOPATHIC INSTITUTE.

At the meeting of the American Institute of Homoeopathy to-day, various papers were read, including one by Dr. Comstock, of Cincinnati, on homoeopathic management of the cholera at St. Louis last summer, and one by Dr. Cooke, of Cincinnati, on the dislocation of the kidney. The report of the Bureau on surgery was also read by President Raimuth. The document is lengthy and interesting. The report of the Committee on Medical Ethics was ordered to be printed, and to be considered at the next session. The report of the Bureau of Obstetrics, without reading, was ordered to the Committee on Publication. The Bureau of Organization, Registration and Statistics submitted a report. A resolution was submitted by Dr. Uriel, private secretary to Secretary Seward, asking the appointment of a committee to confer with the national institute of Homoeopathy.

The American Institute of Homoeopathy resumed to-night to meet in St. Louis next June.

THE NICARAGUA CLAIMS—THE WALKER FILIBUSTERING SCHEME.

A Nicaraguan paper states that the mission of Señor Zeledon to Washington is only for the purpose of incorporating claims against Walker, which will include the payment of the claims against the United States for the ravages of Walker's filibusters may be made to cover the loss. To substantiate these claims, it is said it is only necessary for the Secretary of Legation to confer with England on the Alabama question.

GEN. SICKLES' DISTRICT.

General Sickles has issued a general order to officers in charge of districts in South Carolina, charging them with the maintenance of peace within the limits of their respective districts. Another order appoints the following Board to prepare the regulations for registration: Brevet Col. Royal, Fifth Cavalry; H. H. Hudson, of Raleigh; Jefferson Fish, of Raleigh; J. W. Cardozo, of Charleston, and Brevet Major Ludlow, U. S. A. They are to convene at Charleston to-day.

SUIT TO RECOVER DIVIDENDS.

A case is on trial in the District Court at Richmond to recover dividends from the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company, cleared during the war, and which was turned over to the Confederate Treasury, together with the stock which was forfeited as being the property of an alien enemy.

SEDIGNARTS ARRIVED.

Two thousand six hundred and twenty-six emigrants arrived today.

POSTOFFICE CLERK ARRAYED.

J. Marsh, a clerk in the Postoffice, was arrested to-day on charges that he stole valuable letters, and was held to bail for trial.

DISTILLERY SEIZED.

Another distillery in Brooklyn was seized to-day. On the first attempt the officer was beaten severely and ejected.

THE STRANDED STEAMER.

The steamer Sanitary in Philadelphia, recently stranded on the New Jersey coast, has arrived and is now on dry dock.

ARRIVED.

The steamers City of Washington and Minnesota, from Liverpool, arrived to-day.

SAILED TO THE PACIFIC.

The Pacific Mail Company continues to ship coolies to the Isthmus. The bark Marque Louis sailed yesterday for Panama with such a cargo.

TRIAL TRIP TO SEA.

The steamship Celestial Empire goes on a trial trip to sea next week.

REGISTRATION IN RICHMOND.

Registration in Richmond commences on the 17th inst.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, June 7.—The Pension Office has decided to discontinue the practice of rejecting all applications for pension based on injury received, disease contracted, or death occurring while a soldier was on furlough.

PRESIDENT ONLY SLIGHTLY ILL.

Admiral Farragut left this morning for New York. He has not been ill beyond a slight attack of vertigo, which passed off in a very few moments.

NEW ORLEANS MATTERS.

Specials to New York say: The report that General Grant had recommended a repeal of the Reconstruction Acts is premature. Yet he has no doubt of the expediency of the repeal, but has been trying to induce Congress to procure this without the necessity of a new trial.

Rumors are flying that the Cabinet will be shortly broken up. Secretary Stanton is said to be anxious for a change, and Secretary Seward is said to be tired of the Cabinet, and wishes to be relieved. The prime mover in the matter is said to be Chief Justice Chase, who is said to be anxious for a change in the Cabinet, and has proposed to Secretary Seward to join him in a movement to induce the President to make a change in the Cabinet, and that Secretary Seward has promised to do so.

Gen. Sickles's order in regard to the registration of voters, which has been published in the Southern papers, is said to be in accordance with the instructions received from Washington