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Pittsburgh Gazette.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette

THE PHILADELPHIA LOYAL LEAGUE, which long ago earned the cordial goodwill of every Republican in this Commonwealth, has conferred an additional service upon the public. It has offered a premium of $500 for the best essay that may be tendered "on the legal organization of the people to select candidates for office;" with minor premiums of $300, $200 and $100, for the second, third, and fourth in merit.

The existing modes of selecting candidates for elective offices are all about as bad as can well be made. A plan by which noisy and pushing men, who have no other merit but energy, can be made to stand back, and the most competent and deserving brought forward, would be of incalculable value.

IT is now asserted that Gen. Thomas's visit to Washington was in reference to affairs in Tennessee. Rebels are disfranchised by the laws of that State. Naturally enough, they do not like it. Gov. Brownlow has announced his determination to enforce the laws, allowing the names of no citizens to be inscribed on the registers if they are by law debarred from voting. He has further given notice that he will not seek to abridge the right of public discussion, unless it shall be carried to the extent of counseling resistance to the laws. That the persons disfranchised are resolved to vote is plain enough; but whether the President will interfere to abrogate the State law, seems improbable.

THE letter of Secretary MCCULLOCH, to Boston, shadows a heavy falling off in the revenue for the remaining months of the fiscal year. The causes assigned will doubtless prove satisfactory to the people at large. He is not without confidence that the country can be brought to a healthy financial condition without any serious derangement of business, believing the causes now operating against us to be temporary and exceptional. He speaks encouragingly of our prospects for a good crop, and of the general good times to be enjoyed during the coming year.

A CASE of sporadic cholera is reported this morning, from New York city. There can be but little doubt that the dread pestilence will re-appear in this country on the approach of warm weather. In nearly every city in the country, with the exception of our own, active sanitary measures have been adopted to ward off the scourge. Here, nothing has been done, and nothing will be done till cholera knocks at our door for victims, and then it will be too late to accomplish any good.

MR. WM. D. KELLEY is improving in the quality of his Southern speeches. At Greensboro, N. C., after he had finished, Mr. J. R. MCLEAN, a member of the Confederate Congress, publicly thanked him, declaring that what he had said would promote Reconstruction. Yet Mr. KELLEY made no unmanly concessions. His statements accorded with the sentiments generally prevailing at the North in Republican circles; but his manner seems to have been admirable.

THE sailing of President ROBERTS, of the Fenian Brotherhood, for Europe, may be regarded either as a mysterious movement on the part of the order, or as a denial to the reported contemplated raid upon Canada. Again, perhaps it may transpire that the patriotic officer has made a handsome thing out of the Irish liberty movement, and will take ease and enjoyment in foreign climes, at the expense of thousands of dupes in America.

EAGLE, the chap who offered a premium, in Alabama, for Lincoln's head, was arrested last week on a charge of complicity in the assassination, but promptly secured his discharge by exhibiting a pardon from the President. It was a clever performance on his part to secure pardon before legal conviction, and demonstrated the President's alacrity to screen his southern friends even from the suspicion of wrong doing.

THE demonstrations made in Ireland to induce the English Government to exercise clemency in behalf of the convicted Fenians has not been without effect. All the misguided patriots will probably escape the sternest penalty of the law, and possibly be pardoned. Such a course will exert a beneficial influence upon the Irish mind, and will prove a master stroke of policy on the part of England.

THE telegraph announces that it is reported "Mr. Greeley has written to Jno. C. Breckenridge, inviting him to return to this country and participate in reconstruction." We doubt the statement very much. There are enough wise gentlemen at home to attend to all political matters, and Mr. Greeley cannot be anxious for J. C. B's return on that score at least.

THE mission of the Japanese Commissioners, which has been veiled in mystery since their arrival in the country, is partially disclosed, perhaps, in the purchase of the ex-rebel iron clad Stonewall, now at the Washington Navy Yard. They have paid a good round price for the accession to their navy, if the figures telegraphed ($400,000) be correct.

THE intelligence from Fort Smith this morning is rather startling, announcing five thousand Indians on the war path, threatening Forts Belknap and Arbuckle. The army in the West should at once be strengthened, and the desperate, dissatisfied Indians either conciliated or driven at the point of the bayonet into docility and subjection.

THE President, on Sunday next, will resume his employment of "swinging round the circle." He will start on a trip to North Carolina. As he takes members of his family with him, instead of members of his Cabinet, it is reasonable to anticipate that he will not give his countrymen renewed occasion to blush.

WE are glad to hear from an exchange that the General F. J. Herron implicated in the financial troubles of the City National Bank of New Orleans, is not the gallant General F. J. Herron, originally of this city, but an ex-rebel officer of the same name and title.

IN the British House of Commons the Reform Bill has been so adjusted as to result in a gain to the popular cause; not, indeed, all that is desirable, but enough to make it comparatively easy hereafter to exact further concessions from the aristocracy.

THE prospects for Wendell Phillips remaining a dissatisfied man were never more brilliant than now. He declares he never will be satisfied till a black man is nominated for Vice President of the United States.

FRANCE in reducing her regular army gives sign that she means to live in peace, not war, and fears no encroachments upon her honor or rights by other nations.

FIRST EDITION.

ONE O'CLOCK.

EUROPEAN INTELLIGENCE.

French Army Reduction.

SPANISH PACIFIC FLEET INCREASED.

English Reform Agitation.

INTERCESSION FOR THE FENIANS.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

FRANCE.

STANDING ARMY REDUCTION.

PARIS, May 29.—The Government has taken measures to greatly reduce the number of troops in the standing army.

SPAIN.

THE FLEET STRENGTHENED.

MADRID, May 29.—The Spanish fleet in the Pacific Ocean is to be materially strengthened.

ARRIVED OUT.

QUEENSTOWN, May 29.—The steamship City of New York, from New York, arrived this morning.

[Special Cable Intelligence.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

THE REFORM BILL—FRANCHISE QUESTION.

NEW YORK, May 29.—The *Herald's* London special dated last night says: In the House of Commons at an early hour, and after an exciting debate, the question of the borough franchise right, as embodied in Mr. D'Israeli's Reform Bill, was settled on the basis of household suffrage. The compound householder plan, at first proposed, is practically abolished. As the measure now stands, the tenant in a borough town is to pay his tax rate personally instead of through the landlord, and so secures the right of voting. In the matter of the franchise qualification in the counties, it has been voted that the settled occupants of lands, or tenements worth the sum of twelve pounds, shall enjoy the right of voting when duly registered. The Government at first proposed that the value of lands or tenements should be fifteen pounds. The Liberals in opposition wanted to have it fixed at ten pounds. A compromise took place in the House when twelve pounds was agreed on as the amount of value of the lands or tenements. The result is again to the people.

MERCY ASKED FOR THE FENIANS.

Influential deputations, with petitions numerously signed, asking mercy to the Fenians convicts, are arriving in that city. Cardinal Paul Cullen had called on the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, advising that all the condemned be spared. Prayers were offered in all the Catholic churches of Dublin, on Friday, invoking the Almighty to incline the royal mind to clemency. A public meeting is called in Birmingham for the same purpose. A deputation of the members of the House of Commons, with the Mayor of Dublin at its head, was to call upon the Queen and present a petition for mercy. The movement has been so influential as to turn the determination of the Derby Government in the case of Burke. Lord Derby tendered a cabinet recommendation to the Queen, which, after anxious consideration, assented to it. The announcement of the result was received in the House of Parliament with loud cheering. Lord Derby stated that the only reason for giving way was the overwhelming testimony of the Irish people, that it would be politic not to let the law take its course.

The *Herald's* Dublin special says: "The news of Burke's commutation was received here with joy by all classes."

The *Herald's* Cork special says: "Advices from the country districts report that a Fenian force attacked the military station in Mitchelstown, in this county, and beat them with bludgeons and stones. No particulars are given."

"The Fenian O'Brien has been found guilty of high treason, and sentenced to be hanged on the 19th of June. The sentence will, it is thought, be also commuted in his case."

The *Herald's* London special says: The reports of a disturbance in Mitchelstown, are not credited.

FROM NEW YORK.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 29, 1867.

MANDAMUS GRANTED.

Judge Sutherland, to-day, granted a mandamus to compel the Chicago and North Western Railroad to exhibit their books.

THE LIFE SAVING COMMISSION.

The various committees have made partial reports on the subjects presented for consideration. The following are among the inventions recommended to the Secretary of the Treasury for adoption: Andrew & Bros.' superheating steam boiler; Miller's heater and surface condenser; Banks' universal boiler alarm guage and low water detector; American Steam Co.'s guage; Keen & Bros.' steam guage; Waddle's hydraulic marine steam engine; Governor Girard's steam guage; Andrews & Bros.' steam pump; R. H. Andrews' single acting force pump; Loudsdale steam syphon pump, Ashcroft's patent felt protector for steam boilers, locked safety valves, American high and low pressure; Robinson's low pressure; Farrar low pressure; Robinson's low pressure; Masson high pressure; McMurchy high pressure; Massey's leakage alarm gauge; Levy & Bros. portable fire extinguisher; Sturgeon's non-inflammable fluid; Brown's fire proof paint; Kenney's engineer signal bell; Grisborne's communicating apparatus for officers on steamers; Wallingford's marine signal companies fog horn; Warden's signal light; Van Never's ship side or deck light; Lillendahl's life rocket for wrecking purposes; Frazier's life boat and raft life boat detaching apparatus; Massey's, Griffith's, Brown's Level's, Allen's, McFarland's and Raymond's, Frazier's improved lowering apparatus; Wappich's improvement for reserved rudder braces; Covington's steering apparatus for western stern wheel steamers; Captain Frazier's steering indicator; Copeland's wire tiller rope; Wilson & Haines's life preserving mattress; Emmettst Torry & Trowdy's patent combination hose; Osborn & Massey's adjustable hose coupling; Shone's hose coupling.

The report of the Committee on Sears' self bailing life boat had not been presented when the Commission adjourned. It is understood to be favorable. Dion's fire alarm annunciator was recommended for hotels and private dwellings, but not deemed practicable for marine purposes.

SMUGGLING FOR INDIANS.

Nathan Sargent, Commissioner of Customs, has received news from an agent stationed on the northern frontier, at Yancton, Dakota, which represents smuggling as carried on to a surprising extent, and the Government officials, with the limited means at their command, are powerless to prevent it. Firearms, ammunition, blankets, cutlery, and all variety of goods used by Indians, are introduced from Canada and sold to the tribes in Dakota free of duty.

THE TELEGRAPH TO CUBA.

The International Ocean Telegraph Company expect to open their line to the public as far as the Island of Cuba during July. Dispatches from Florida report that the land line will be completed on the 1st of June. The Cuba cable, manufactured in England, is completed, and the new steamer Nova is chartered to lay it.

FIRST TRIAL UNDER RECONSTRUCTION ACT.

A Washington special to the *Post* says the President this morning received the record of the first sentence of a citizen tried by a Military Commission under the reconstruction act. It is the case of Walker, in New Orleans, sentenced to imprisonment for assaulting a colored man.

A NOTORIOUS BURGLAR CAUGHT.

George Thompson *alias* Adam Worth, a notorious burglar and safe operator, who recently escaped from Sing Sing, was to-day re-arrested. Thompson confessed that since his escape he has been implicated in an extensive series of burglaries and robberies in Baltimore, Boston, Philadelphia, New York and Brooklyn.

YACHT IN A STORM—MUTINY.

The Yacht Vesta, from England, while out at sea, encountered heavy winds and the crew attempted mutiny, having demanded her commander, Capt. Low, in vain to return to England to escape the storm. The Captain succeeded in restoring order by very vigorous measures.

PURCHASE BY JAPANESE.

The Japanese Commissioners have purchased the Ex-Rebel iron clad ram Stonewall, now at the Washington Navy Yard, and are to take her with her present armament, our Government putting her in sea going condition. The price paid is said to be $400,000.

SALE OF A MONITOR TO FRANCE.

The *Times* understands that the Monitor Miantonomah, now in European waters, will be bought by France for about £500,000 sterling.

EXCISE BOARD RECEIPTS.

The Treasurer of the Board of Excise has received one million dollars for licenses granted since the first of April.

A CHOLERA CASE.

A sporadic case of cholera is reported in Delaney street, with no fatal result.

FENIAN PRESIDENT.

President Roberts, of the Fenian Brotherhood, calls for Europe on Saturday.

The steamer Santiago de Cuba will be saved.

Excursion to the Plains.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, O., May 29.—Col. Seymour, of the Union Pacific Railroad, is here arranging for Senator Wade's excursion party across the Plains. Senator Wade and a portion of the party leave here to-night for Chicago, where several Senators will join, and proceed without delay to Omaha, where a public reception will be given them.

CLEVELAND, O., May 29.—The Senatorial excursion party left here for Chicago and Omaha at 8:30 this evening. The party consists of Senators Wade, Trumbull, Yates, Cottrell, Howe, Harlan, Cresswell, Thayer, Chandler, Tipton, General Anson Stager, Col. S. Seymour, Hon. John Covode, several newspaper correspondents and ladies. The excursion will extend over the main stem of the Union Pacific Railroad west from Omaha, and may possibly reach Denver City, Colorado.

Illinois Central Railroad Election.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, May 29.—The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Illinois Central Railroad Company was held to-day. 137,104 shares were represented. R. D. Waterberk, Cunningham Borthwick and H. H. Hunnewell were re-elected directors by a unanimous vote.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Organization of the Pennsylvania State Sunday School Convention—Ex-Gov. Pollock Chosen Permanent President—Addresses by President Elect, Rev. J. E. Graff, and Dr. Bomberger—Afternoon Session—Addresses of Rev. A. Cookman, Rev. S. F. Scovel, Prof. Wickersham and Others, and Discussions.

[Special Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, May 28, 1867.

The elegant steepled structure, the First Baptist Church, located on the corner of Broad and Arch streets, at the appointed hour (10 o'clock) was pretty well filled in the body of the Church by an audience rarely gathered on such occasions. Hardly had the time come when Ex-Governor Pollock, with his usual promptness, as Chairman of the Executive Committee, called the assembly to order, and made some well timed introductory remarks, after which he proposed the Rev. John E. Graff as temporary chairman, who, on taking the chair, delivered a neat address on the importance of the Sunday School work and the necessity for earnestness in promoting it.

Mr. Wm. Getty, formerly of Pittsburgh, but for several years a resident of this place, was appointed temporary Secretary. Mr. Getty is now, as he has been for many years, an active worker in everything that is praiseworthy. He is an honor to the United Presbyterian denomination.

After appropriate religious services, in which Dr. Bomberger, Rev. Mr. Palty and Rev. R. H. Pattison, took part, a Nominating Committee of one from each denomination was appointed. During the time the committee were selecting officers, Dr. Bomberger made quite an eloquent address. Also brief remarks were made by a number of delegates, in connection with devotional exercises.

Rev. T. A. Fernley, Chairman of Committee to Nominate Officers, reported the name of Ex-Gov. Pollock for permanent President with the following Vice Presidents: Rev. G. D. Boardman, Philadelphia; D. E. Small, York; Rev. J. H. Loomis, Lewisburg; M. Newkirk, Philadelphia; Judge Pearce, Philadelphia; J. W. Weir, Harrisburg, Judge Jordan, Sunbury; Rev. Dr. W. Cooper, Philadelphia; Gen. Albright, Machunck; Rev. W. M. Baum, York; Rev. J. A. Graff, Philadelphia; C. T. Roberts, York; Rev. E. Hawes, Philadelphia; Rev. D. A. Lafferty; Rev. Geo. Ross, Lebanon; H. J. Fox, Philadelphia; Rev. J. H. Suydam, Philadelphia; A. F. Boas, Reading; Rev. Dr. Bomberger, Philadelphia; Rev. James Price, Mauk ford; Rev. L. Marks, Pittsburgh; Rev. Geo. McMillan, New Castle; James Grant, Philadelphia; J. J. Evans, Ebensburg; Rev. Dr. Newton, Philadelphia; Rev. H. S. Getz, Mahoning City.

Secretaries—Henry C. Pollock, Philadelphia; W. H. Kincaid, Pittsburgh; J. C. Garrigues, Philadelphia; Rev. R. H. Patterson, Philadelphia; Joseph Matlack, Germantown.

Treasurer—George Cookman.

The Chairman, Mr. Graff, introduced the President elect, Hon. James Pollock, with some introductory remarks, who responded in his usual felicitous style.

The following persons were appointed a *Business Committee*: J. S. Cummings, Philadelphia; E. J. Cowell, Erie; Rev. R. McMillan, New Castle; J. W. Weir, Harrisburg; Thomas McFadden, Oil City; George C. Lancaster, Philadelphia; Rev. C. P. Thompson, Lancaster.

After fixing the hours of each session, and attending to some unimportant matters in perfecting the organization, the Convention adjourned to hold an informal meeting in the lecture room, to arrange some preliminaries in regard to the forty-third anniversary of the American Sunday School Union, which takes place this evening at the Academy of Music.

The Committee of Arrangements have had a herculean task in preparing for this occasion. Everything is gotten up on a grand scale, and the people are with each other in the matter of entertainment. Mr. Henry C. Pollock, the accomplished chief Secretary, is Chairman of the Committee on Entertainment, and difficult and delicate as the duty is, of this practical feature of our Convention, he is fully equal to the occasion, and maintains his equilibrium of temperament right well.

Rev. T. A. Fernley, Chairman of the Nominating Committee, is connected with a leading New York religious paper. He is a fine writer and is a gentleman of great suavity of manner.

Several Pittsburghers are present, among whom we notice Rev. S. F. Scovil, John W. Loy, Esq., John Davis, Samuel McMasters, David McKee, J. B. Lyon, D. Dennison, W. H. Kincaid and J. B. Lyon.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention was opened with prayer by the venerable Rev. Charles Cook, D. D., formerly of Pittsburgh.

Immediately after the opening of the Convention, Rev. Albert Cookman, of this city, formerly pastor of Christ M. E. Church in Pittsburgh, delivered an address of welcome, in glowing language, on behalf of the Sabbath schools and citizens of Philadelphia.

Rev. S. F. Scovel, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh, responded in behalf of the West, in words of generous thought.

Committee on Business presented a report of much breadth of thought, in which is set forth the work of Sunday schools. Regret is expressed that the Keystone State is behind some other States because of the lack of combination and harmonious action. The importance of a State organization, with auxiliaries in each county, is strongly urged. Sunday School Institutes are recommended as an efficient means to raise the standard of Sunday school instruction. The great success attending the organization of Mission Sabbath schools in large cities is referred to as an incentive to greater efforts in this department. Questions for future discussion were presented which will be noticed hereafter, if practicable.

Professor Wickersham, of our Common School interests, spoke in very decided terms in favor of using the Bible in our Common Schools.

Committee on Resolutions, State Organization, and Devotional Services, were organized.

The first question reported by the Business Committee—"The Relation of the Pastor and the Church to the Sabbath School," was taken up. Quite a spicy discussion arose between ministers and laymen. The remainder of the session was almost entirely occupied in the discussion of this question.

In the Committees on "State Organization" and "Resolutions," the West is represented by Hon. Benj. Rush Bradford, of New Brighton, and John F. Loy, of Pittsburgh.

Buckeye Club Course Races.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, May 29.—There was a very large attendance at the Buckeye Club Course to-day. Three races were run.

For the first, a hurdle handicap, for all ages, purse $300, two miles over eight hurdles, four horses were started. T. J. Smith entered M. D. and Deserter, and Alexander entered Red Bird and Zara. Red Bird won the race; time 4:05¾.

The second race, a dash of one mile and a half, for all ages, purse $250, was won by Gilroy; time 2:48½. Four horses started.

The third race was mile heats, three in five, for all ages, purse $300. Two horses started. Grigsby & West entered Maggie McCarthy, and J. H. Smith entered Luxemburg. First three heats won by Luxemburg; time 1:50, 2:02 and 1:57¼.

Serious Railroad Accident.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SCRANTON, May 29.—Last evening an engine was precipitated from one of the valley bridges, about three miles from this place, on the Delaware and Lackawana Railroad. It appears that the recent heavy rains had loosened some of the stones which support the structure, and as soon as the engine touched the bridge they gave way, throwing it off the track and down an embankment about fifty feet. The engineer, named Tobias Howley, residing in Burlington, N. J., and the fireman, were instantly killed. The gigtop man was seriously injured, and is not expected to live.

Trial of a Railroad Conductor for Embezzlement—He is Acquitted

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ERIE, May 29.—John Vandikes, one of the Conductors on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, who was arrested last fall, charged with embezzlement, alleged to have been committed by him as a passenger conductor, was tried and acquitted here, to-day. The principal witnesses for the prosecution were Allen Pinkerton, of Chicago, and members of his police agency, who were engaged by the Company to watch the Conductors.

President Invited to Visit Richmond—Fight With Negroes.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, VA., May 29.—The Richmond City Council have invited the President to visit Richmond on his way to Raleigh.

A fight occurred yesterday at Danville between members of the United States burial Corps and the negroes of Danville. Bricks and pistols were used. The burial corps was driven out of town. Two persons were wounded on each side.

Wendell Phillips Speaks—He Wants a Black Man for Vice President.

BOSTON, May 29.—Wendell Phillips made a strong speech condemnatory of the policy of the President, Seward, Grant and Sherman, and concluded by stating he would not be satisfied until a black man was nominated for Vice President, to strengthen the ticket. Henry Wilson was called on, but declined to speak.

Ex-Congressman Dead—Anti-Slavery Society Anniversary.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, May 29.—Hon. Albert Smith, formerly a Congressman from Maine, died here to-day, aged seventy-four.

The New England Anti-slavery Society held their thirty-seventh annual Convention to-day.

River Telegrams.

[By Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company.]

OIL CITY, May 29.—River seven and a half feet and rising. No arrivals. Weather is pleasant and warm.

MEMPHIS, May 29.—The river is rising at the rate of a foot per hour.

LOUISVILLE, May 29.—The river is about stationary, with ten and a half feet in the canal by the marks.

Shaker Family Excitement.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ALBANY, May 29.—There is considerable sensation in the New Lebanon Shaker family, on account of the marriage of two of their members, Daniel Harding and Martha Jane Cline, the former twenty-three years and the latter nineteen.

Arrested for Embezzlement.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 29.—The *Herald's* New Orleans special says: Jacob Barker was arrested yesterday, charged with embezzlement and fraud, but was released after giving ten thousand dollars bail.

Father Shot by an Insane Son.

[Special Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.]

POUGHKEEPSIE, May 29.—Joseph H. Jackson, a prominent lawyer, was dangerously wounded last night by a ball fired from a revolver by his insane son.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[By Telegraph to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

FROM THE MEDITERRANEAN SQUADRON.

A dispatch to the Secretary of the Navy, from our Consul at Gibraltar, dated May 9th, conveys the information that the United States steamers Augusta and Miantonomah had arrived there on the night of the 8th, and were making preparations for their homeward bound voyage, and would probably be ready for sea by the 14th.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.

Receipts of the United States for the quarter ending March 31st, were: Customs, $46,150,053 17; sale of Public Lands, $231,623 35; Direct Tax, $1,313,650 38; Internal Revenue, $48,358,431 23; Premium on sales of Coin, Bonds, and from miscellaneous sources, $13,793,109 90; from Loans, $129,354,916 57. Total, $239,241,854 53.

Expenditures: civil, foreign intercourse and miscellaneous, $11,818,613 76; Interior, Pensions and Indians, $7,714,016 60; War, $25,335,504 17; Navy, $4,853,161 76; premium on purchase of compound interest and 7-30 treasury notes, $1,409,405 82; payment of principal and interest of public debt, $176,610,319 02. Total, $232,741,052 12.

PATENT CASE DECIDED.

The interference case between Col. P. Shaffner and the Anglo-Austrian inventor, which has been pending in the Patent office for more than a year, has been decided in favor of Col. Shaffner. The principle involved had reference to the use of gun cotton of different divers in the same charge. By this discovery it has been found practical to use gun cotton in artillery and small arms to great advantage over gun powder, effecting greater penetration.

A HOME FOR THE TRAITOR.

A scheme is on foot in the South for the purchase of a home for Jeff. Davis.

SPECIALS TO NEW YORK.

The *Herald's* special says: It has been discovered that an extensive contraband trade is carried on with the Indians on our Northern frontier, in which respectable parties in Northern New York and New England are engaged.

The *World's* special says: Gen. Thomas returns to Tennessee to-day, fully charged with the views of the Government as to the status of Brownlow's militia.

J. N. Moffit, Ex-Commander in the rebel navy, yesterday applied for a pardon.

R. I. Chilton, Commissioner of Immigration, has resigned.

It is reported that Greeley has written to John C. Breckenridge, inviting him to return to this country and take part in reconstruction.

The *Herald's* Montgomery, Alabama, special says: George W. Eagle, the man who offered a large reward for the assassination of President Lincoln during the war, was arrested on a charge of complicity in the assassination a few days since, but discharged on producing a pardon from President Johnson.

FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Secretary McCulloch Declines a Public Dinner—He Speaks of the Financial Condition of the Country.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 29.—Secretary McCulloch declined an invitation to a public dinner, tendered by leading citizens of Boston, speaking of the financial condition of the country, he says: "You must not expect our monthly statements for the rest of the present year and early part of the next fiscal year will be as satisfactory as for many months past. The donations or bounties to soldiers, preparations for the threatening Indian war, even if war itself should be avoided, and very liberal appropriations of a miscellaneous character, will cause unusual drafts on the Treasury, while on the other hand, the general failure of the wheat crop, and partial failure of the corn crop of last year, the slow progress in the restoration of the Southern States to their proper relations with the Federal Government, dullness of trade throughout the country, partly the result of the decrease of production and partly of the reaction which always follows periods of excitement and speculation, together with reduced taxes, will very considerably affect our revenues. This combination of adverse circumstances may retard the return to specie payments, and with the large issue of bonds to be made to the Pacific Railroad and its branches or divisions will prevent for a brief season a reduction of the public debt, and may even render a temporary increase of it unavoidable, but I will not weaken my faith in our ability to continue to go in the direction at an early day. On the contrary, I believe this check to our progress will lead to improvement in our revenue laws, and to the increase of efficiency in their execution, hasten representation in Congress of the Southern States, and secure greater economy in all branches of public service."

Mr. McCulloch explains the reason why he has not for some months collected the circulation of United States notes, viz: the opposition of a majority of Congress to an immediate contraction; existence of forebodings of financial trouble, and danger of panic in commercial cities, injuriously affecting the legitimate business of the country; necessity of paying or converting large amounts of interest bearing notes within the present and next fiscal year, and failure of certain crops last year, as above stated. He concludes: "You will not infer from what I have written that I am not hopeful in regard to our financial future. It has been my constant aim so to manage the national finances as to aid in bringing the country to a healthy financial condition, without being subjected to the severe disasters which many judicious persons have supposed the large debt, derangement of business, and diminution of industry, occasioned by war, and the redundant currency, would render inevitable. My faith that this can be accomplished is unshaken. The causes which are now operating against us are exceptional and temporary. The prospect of a good crop of winter wheat was never better; more spring wheat has been sown and more corn has or will be planted this season than was ever before. The people are beginning now to comprehend again this important truth, which seems to have been disregarded for some years past, that prosperity is the result of labor; that industry and economy are indispensable to national as well as individual wealth. I shall be grievously disappointed if another year does not witness a large increase of industry, of enterprise, and of revenue, decided progress towards the resumption of specie payments, and steady reduction of the public debt."

FROM THE PLAINS.

Deserters Killed and Scalped by Indians—Eastern Capitalists and Railroad Men in Missouri—Proposition to Complete the St. Joseph and Council Bluffs Railroad—Military Movements—Indians on the War Path.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, May 29.—Reports from the west say that thirty deserters left Fort Hays, Kansas, last week, three of whom were killed and scalped by the Indians near the fort, on the 24th.

Quite a number of gentlemen, including iron manufacturers, railroad men, and capitalists, from Philadelphia, Harrisburg, Baltimore, New York, and New England, started on an excursion to the Iron Mountain and mineral region in South-east Missouri, this morning. Some of these parties have submitted a proposition to the citizens of St. Joseph, to the effect that if the city will subscribe three hundred thousand dollars they will furnish eight hundred thousand and complete the St. Joseph and Council Bluffs Railroad by the first of January. It is thought the proposition will be accepted.

General Meagher left Virginia City, Montana, on the 30th of April, with two hundred volunteers, for Gallatin Valley, the scene of the Indian disturbances.

General Gibbon left Fort Kearney on the 16th, with two companies of troops, for Fort Sanders, where he will establish headquarters with the Thirty-sixth Infantry. He will then go to Fort Phil Kearney with the Investigating Commissioners, and when matters are properly arranged, he will take charge of the expedition now fitting out.

Colonel Carrington will soon leave Fort McPherson for Fort Kearney, where he will establish the headquarters of the Eighteenth Infantry. There are only twelve soldiers at Fort Phil Kearney.

The Platte river is very high again.

FORT SMITH, ARKANSAS, via LITTLE ROCK, May 28.—The interpreter of the Camanches arrived here to-day and reports five thousand Indians on the new war path. About two thousand are going toward Fort Belknap on the Santa-Fe trail, and the rest are threatening Fort Arbuckle.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Meeting of Bank Creditors—Immense Republican Meeting.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, May 29.—At a meeting of the creditors of the Bank of Commerce, this morning, a committee was appointed to examine the condition of the Bank.

A Republican meeting was held to-night in Congo square. The streets in the vicinity were densely crowded. Various negro Ward Clubs attended in procession, with torches, banners and transparencies. Good order has prevailed up to this hour, ten o'clock. A large police force is in attendance.

THE TURF.

Great Race on Fashion Course—Unprecedented Time

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 29.—To-day the match for $1,000, mile heats, best three in five, to wagons, between Ethan Allen and running mate, and Brown George and running mate, came off on the Fashion Course. Ethan Allen and running mate won the first heat in 2:20; the second in 2:21, and the third, after a magnificent race, in the unprecedented time of 2:19.

Prominent Citizen a Counterfeiter.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TROY, May 29.—James Morrison, a prominent citizen of Lansingburg, has been arrested as the foremost accomplice of the gang of counterfeiters recently taken by the United States Marshal. He has been taken to Rochester.

The Arch-Traitor's Movements.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

KINGSTON, May 29.—The steamer Champion, having Jeff. Davis on board, bound to Toronto, touched here to-day. An immense crowd assembled at the wharf to see him.

FROM MEXICO AND THE WEST INDIES.

Siege of Vera Cruz Continued—Capture of Maximilian Confirmed—Imperial Fleet Taken—Affairs in St. Domingo—Pursuit of the Privateer Cuyler.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 29.—The steamer Eagle, from Havana on the 25th, has arrived with Vera Cruz dates to the 20th.

The siege of Vera Cruz continued. Shots were exchanged daily.

The capture of Queretaro and Maximilian is confirmed.

The Liberals had captured the Imperial fleet in the Gulf of Campeachy, with many guns, small arms, ammunition and a number of prisoners. Lieutenant San Martin, commanding the sloop Eleanor, was ordered to be shot. The gunboat Mosquito escaped and had arrived at Havana.

A guerilla force of one hundred men surprised the garrison at Santiago, Yucatan, but were finally repulsed with heavy loss.

The Kingston steamer states that the British Consul Johns, who arrived at St. Domingo, May 6th, was prevented landing in the day time by a warning given by the French and Spanish Consuls that some personal violence might be attempted by the masses on account of his having acted as Consul at Cape Hayti when the affair of the Bull Dog took place. Consequently he went ashore after dark. Next day he dispatched a communication to the Admiral of the station, requesting the presence of a man-of-war to protect his person and the British interests.

Solnave had dissolved the provisional government and declared himself Dictator, and sent a vessel to Curracoa, with an offer to Soulouque to return and assume the reins of the government. His arrival was anxiously looked for. Chevalier, the revolutionary leader, has been warned by Solnave not to show himself in the street for fear of personal violence from the people.

Several men-of-war leave Havana for Santa Martha, and others, including the iron-clad Tetan, are preparing to follow, the determination being to bring the R. R. Cuyler to Havana as a prize.

The first commercial houses of Havana are to be taxed $1,000 yearly under the law.

FROM JAPAN.

Official Visit to the Tycoon—American Missionary's Residence Destroyed—Panic in the Rice Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 29.—A special to the *Herald*, dated Yokohama, April 26th, says: The foreign ministers have accepted the Tycoon's invitation to visit him at Osaca. The French, English and Dutch ministers have already gone, with a combined naval force of six vessels. The American Minister departs to-morrow with the Shenandoah and Wyoming. The visit is purely social and to last one month. The Tycoon has made preparations for the reception and entertainment with great pomp.

The flag ship Hartford lately arrived from Hong Kong with one engine disabled, and will require three weeks to repair, so she will not go to Osaca. The Wyoming, after her visit to Osaca, will commence her homeward cruise.

A disastrous fire last night destroyed the residence of Rev. S. R. Brown, the oldest American missionary here. Included in the loss is a translation of the bible in the Japanese tongue, which required four years of labor to complete, as well as voluminous translations of laws for the American Legation.

A party of distinguished Frenchmen, consisting of the Duke D. Penthurre, Count of Beaumont and Captain Fanoll, will leave in the Colorado for America. The Duke will be recollected as the Royal graduate of the United States Naval Academy. The Colorado will also take over a party of Japanese of high rank, who propose to educate themselves in San Francisco.

There is great panic in the Rice market. Twelve ships lately arrived with rice and fifteen others are on the way. The market is overstocked and no sale for the article.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

FOURTH PAGE.—*The fullest and most reliable Money, Oil and Produce Market Reports given by any paper in the city, will be found on our Fourth Page.*

County Agricultural Society—The Next State Fair.

A regular monthly meeting of the County Agricultural Society was held on Wednesday morning, at the office of Messrs. Tregle, Parke & Co., St. Clair street—Judge Parke, President, pro tem. in the chair. Present—Messrs. Brush, McKelvy, Oliver, Keeler, Jennings, Reed and Young. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Captain Young, from the Committee appointed at the last regular meeting, to inquire into the propriety of having a practical test of mowing machines, plows, hay elevators, and other field implements, reported that the Committee had made inquiries on the subject, but owing to the difficulty of getting a suitable location for such test, and the fact that the wheat and the grass ready to cut at proper time, in consequence of the backwardness of the season, it was deemed inexpedient to have the test this year. The report was accepted and the Committee discharged.

Judge Parke introduced Messrs. J. H. Rose and L. S. Speakle, of York, Pa., who exhibited a working model of a hay rake with seed and guano sower attached, and a patent chopping mill. The Board expressed a very favorable opinion as to the merits of both these machines.

Judge Parke, from the Committee to solicit subscriptions from the citizens in aid of a fund of $1,000, to secure the holding of the next State exhibition at this place, reported that about $4,000 had been subscribed, and that other subscriptions had been promised to a considerable amount.

Several members of the Committee spoke on the subject of subscriptions, and some surprise was expressed that persons who would be largely benefitted by the State exhibition were unwilling to aid in having it held here. It was decided that the Committee should devise a plan for placing before strangers and others who might visit the Fair a list of the names of those who may subscribe, so that their patronage might be directed among those who have been entitled to it. A list of the subscribers will also be published in the public prints before the Fair is held.

The report was accepted and the Committee continued.

The Chairman submitted a circular from J. C. Dalton, M. D., Commissioner of the New York State Agricultural Society, asking for information in regard to the Tennessee epidemic (abortion among cows, with a view of obtaining a remedy for the evil.

The communication was referred to a committee consisting of Messrs. McKelvy, Hodgson and Oliver, with a request to obtain such statistical information on the subject as would be desired from our principal stock raisers and dairymen.

William S. Bissell, Esq., member of the State Agricultural Board, read an interesting article from the Pittsburgh *Gazette* of November 23d, 1859, complaining of the want of enterprise on the part of the farmers of that day; setting forth that, notwithstanding our rich agricultural lands, sufficient produce was not raised to supply the home demand, and urged the formation of an agricultural society as an efficient means for remedying the evil. The article, which was listened to with great interest, sounded strangely to the ear after the lapse of almost half a century.

On motion of Mr. Keeler, the Board took a recess until three o'clock, the members present agreeing to turn out in a body to solicit subscriptions in aid of the fund to procure the holding of the State Fair here.

At the hour stated the Board again met, when additional subscriptions to the amount of $300 were reported.

The Board then adjourned.

We may state in this connection that about one-half the amount required has been subscribed, and if our business men do not persist in "standing in their own light," they will subscribe the additional amount without delay. Two or three eastern cities are anxious to secure the next State Fair, and Norristown is bidding vigorously for it. The State Board are desirous of coming to Pittsburgh, because there has been no State Fair held here for eight years, and the claims of the west are deemed important enough to influence a majority of the Board, provided the terms are acceded to. If we should fail, the people of Norristown will be ready to plant down their money and secure the exhibition. We hope, for the credit of our city and the pecuniary benefit to be derived, that our people will not let this opportunity slip through their fingers.

Painful Shooting Affair in Washington, Pa.

A very painful shooting affair took place at Washington, Pa., on Tuesday night last about eleven o'clock. So far as we could learn, it happened as follows: A young man named Chesely, aged sixteen years, and son of a mail agent of the Hempfield Railroad, escorted a daughter of John Jordan from his parent's residence to her home, about nine o'clock at night. He parted with her, and about eleven o'clock returned to the house, for what purpose we have not learned. The girl, aroused by the noise young Chesely made in the yard, called and awakened her brother, informing him that some robbers were trying to break into the house. The brother, a young man of twenty, got up and without stopping to inquire who was at the door, fired a revolver at Chesely, the ball lodging in the right breast and causing a wound which it is thought will prove necessarily fatal. The young man who fired the shot was overwhelmed with grief on discovering the supposed burglar, whom he perhaps had killed, to be Chesely, for they had been warm personal friends. We will endeavor to give further particulars in our next issue.

The Soldiers' Monument Fair

was well patronized yesterday, thousands of persons attending. The booths have been rendered even more attractive than when last reported. Hereafter, commencing with to-day the Fair will open at eleven o'clock A. M., and close at ten o'clock P. M., precisely. The voting on the various articles to be distributed by ballot was quite spirited. The Hope Hose Company was considerably ahead on the beautiful hose carriage contest. We observe the name of our friend Frank Weyman on the competing list for the magnificent gown to be awarded the most popular soldier in Allegheny county. We go our strength for him as no better, braver, or more worthy soldier stands in Allegheny county, and patriotic citizens desiring to compliment true gallantry can do no better than by depositing a vote for Mr. Weyman. He was considerably ahead in the friendly contest last night. The attendance to-day promises to be quite large.

A Correction.—EDITORS GAZETTE: Your article in yesterday's issue, in regard to the Western Hotel and the demise of John Davis, is a fabrication, and an injury to the family left orphans by the tragic end of their late father. The house is conducted as properly as any in the city. As to his having died in jail, this is not true. You will much oblige the widow by making this correction. D. M.

Reformed Presbyterian Synod.

SEVENTH DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

WEDNESDAY, May 29, 1867.

After the ordinary preliminary business, correction of minutes, &c., Revs. Kennedy and J. W. Sproull, about to travel in Europe, were appointed delegates to sister Synods in the British Isles.

Rev. Dr. Stevenson read the draft of a letter to the Synod of Ireland, which was accepted and the Committee directed to forward.

The Committee on Prayer Meetings, Rev. A. Stevenson, Chairman, reported. The report reproves members who go to fellowship meetings without preparation to speak on the question, recommends that parallel texts be read by women; also, punctuality, brevity, naturalness or non-affectation of sanctity.

Rev. Wilken hoped that women would be encouraged to speak to the question under consideration as well as to read parallel texts. To this others agreed, and the recommendation was inserted.

Rev. Todd hoped the report would discountenance long prayers introductory to the other devotional exercises.

James Huay wished members would speak more freely of personal Godliness or experimental religion.

The report was adopted.

Dr. Sproull said not one in ten would read this report, and moved its publication in tract form for general distribution. Passed.

UNION.

The Committee on the Union of Churches, Rev. H. H. George chairman, reported as follows:

The Committee, to whom was referred the invitation of the General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church (N. S.) to meet with them and others in convention in regard to terms of union and communion among the various branches of the Presbyterian family, would recommend the following preamble and resolutions:

WHEREAS, The present divided state of the Christian Church is a cause of sorrow to every true friend of Christ; and whereas, it is desirable that we should show by some action that we are not opposed to the visible organic union of the evangelical churches on a sound, Scriptural basis; therefore

Resolved, That this Synod will acquiesce in the recommendation of the General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church (N. S.), and will unite with them in calling said Convention.

Resolved, That a Committee consisting of two ministers and one elder, be appointed by this Synod to attend said Convention.

Resolved, That the delegates appointed by this Synod be required to report at its next meeting the results reached by the Convention.

This report was laid on the table until after the disposition of the papers demanding immediate action.

PROFESSOR ELECT.

The Committee to confer with Rev. S. O. Wylie, the Professor elect, as to his acceptance, reported that he is not prepared to give a decisive answer, and Committee recommend that time be granted. The report was adopted.

INTEMPERANCE.

Rev. N. R. Johnson moved the adoption of the following:

WHEREAS, The use of intoxicating drinks as a beverage is a heinous sin, intemperance a great evil, and the sale of ardent spirits for drink a great crime against God and man:

WHEREAS, The Church should be pure and her members examples of purity to others:

WHEREAS, The use of intoxicating liquors by churchmembers is alarmingly inconsistent with their profession and brings a burning reproach upon the cause of Christ; and whereas, not only the churches, but also Constitutional and Synodic law, often reasserted, prohibits the sale and use of all spirituous liquors; therefore:

Resolved, That in case of any known violation of law by the use of fermented wines or any intoxicating drinks, whether at parties, or weddings, or elsewhere, sessions are hereby directed to strictly enforce the violated law.

Resolved, That all ministers and licentiates are bound by the law of Christ, to preach more and often against intemperance, and they are hereby directed so to do.

Resolved, That the use of alcoholic liquors as medicines, whether in the form of bitters, physicians' prescriptions, or otherwise, is not only injurious to the user, and hence wrong, but also dangerous in its influence, tending to promote intemperance; and this Synod hereby earnestly warns all under its care against such use of intoxicating drinks.

The resolutions were laid on the table until after the reports before Synod be disposed of.

MISSIONS AND PRESBYTERIAL MATTERS.

The report on Presbyterial Reports, the distribution of ministers and licentiates, &c., was taken up and considerable time spent in amending, &c.

Rev. J. C. Boyd was appointed the Moderator's alternate to preach the opening sermon at next meeting of Synod, and the subject assigned, viz: "How can a true revival of Religion be effected?"

MISSION TO SOUTH CAROLINA.

Rev. Dr. Sproull read extracts of a letter from Rev. James Boyce, of the Associate Reformed Church, containing information encouraging Synod to locate a Mission in South Carolina. After some discussion, Rev. J. J. McClurkin, a native of that State, was appointed to visit the place, explore, labor three months, and report to the Board of Missions.

INDIANAPOLIS CONGREGATION.

Rev. Crozier, who has been laboring as a missionary in Indianapolis, and where a congregation is now organized, said he was verbally authorized by the congregation to ask Synod to transfer it to the care of the Presbytery of Illinois. Synod granted the request, and directed the treasurer of the Board of Domestic Missions to pay over to Rev. Crozier $500 for his past labors in that city.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

The Board of Education again reported and recommended the adoption of the following:

1. That Synod are pleased with the action of the Board in prosecuting the education of the colored students, notwithstanding the very embarrassing circumstances by which they were surrounded.

2. That, inasmuch, &c., Synod deem it proper to abandon the attempt to establish such institution, and that Synod propose to give the use of the College Building and the boarding house to the Presbytery of the Lakes upon the condition that they establish a Literary Institution in which colored students shall have the same privilege as white, &c.

Rev. Smith said if the way were open to establish an institution elsewhere, he would favor it, as there is much prejudice against that locality. But respect to ourselves forbids it. We directed a board to secure the property. One man paid a thousand dollars on the condition that the school be in Northwood. Let us not act dishonestly.

While the speaker had the floor, the hour for recess arrived.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

After recess and the routine of business, Mr. Kennedy moved to take up a paper lying over on the table of Synod from the last meeting—a memorial of some members of the congregation of Slippery Rock. The motion was lost.

DISCIPLINE.

The Committee on Discipline, Rev. S. O. Wylie, chairman, reported a reply to the query of Rochester Presbytery, whether a church member in Canada may hold a civil office when no oath of allegiance to the government is required. The answer substantially is, that under all the circumstances it is safer to not hold office.

EDUCATION OF COLORED STUDENTS.

Rev. Carlisle moved to strike out from the second section of the report all giving the institution to the Presbytery of the Lakes. The effect of this action will then be to abandon the school altogether.

D. Wallace. What then will the people over the water think of us, after we went there to solicit funds for the education of colored students, and who gave so liberally? What shall we then do with the funds?

Rev. Carlisle. It is time that Northwood were killed, and its stinking body put under ground.

Rev. J. R. Thompson argued against striking out and favored the transfer of the institution to the Lakes Presbytery. Pass Rev. Carlisle's motion and the institution is killed. Promising young men are now there being educated. Synod is not able to run the machine. Give it to Lakes Presbytery that they may.

The Moderator decided that the motion before Synod means that Synod wholly abandon the School.

Rev. Jas. Wallace said the Board had been authorized to locate the school anywhere they thought best. They located at Northwood, and the deed for the property is now held in trust for this Synod.

ANOTHER MATTER.

Another query referred to the Committee was as to the duty of Church members in Ohio, viz: Can they vote for the Amendment of the State Constitution without compromising principle? The Committee reply negatively. On this a warm discussion arose. The reporter has only room to indicate its tenor. Rev. Milroy read the act of the Legislature, showing that only the qualified electors could vote on the question.

Rev. Sloane argued in favor of the answer of the Committee. In Constitutional Conventions every member has to take an oath to the United States Constitution.

Rev. Wilkin said Covenanters cannot vote because the Constitution requires that only electors or full citizens can vote on Constitutional amendments. Covenanters always held that when an appeal is made to the *people* directly they can exercise the elective franchise. The people will be asked, in Ohio, to merely say yes, or no—black, or white—strike out white, or retain.

Rev. Thompson said—We don't consider the mere act of voting to be wrong. We voted for the Maine Liquor Law, when that question was before the people. The Legislature has nothing to do but to decide whether there is a majority in favor of the amendment or not. In voting the amendment there is no incorporation with the Government—it is only like signing a petition to the Legislature.

Rev. R. Z. Willson argued against the right to exercise the franchise. The question is, must the civil authorities see that only *citizens* are voters—that is, only those who have the elective franchise. Only full citizens will be allowed—only "freemen," as that word is used in New England.

Revs. Shaw, Boyd, Sproull, Stevenson, and others continued the argument on the same side.

Rev. Todd opposed the recommendation of the Report. He said we are in danger of becoming too ultra. Such action will do great harm in the Church, driving to an extreme. We need not be more ultra than the fathers. Why become Daniel, or Paul?

After further discussion, the querists were directed for Synod's judgment in the case to the action of last year.

On the item with reference to the request of a Commission to adjust a case of discipline, the Synod appointed a Commission, consisting of Rev. S. O. Wylie, Dr. Scott, Rev. J. C. Boyd, D. Wallace, D. Boyd, J. Brown and Rev. H. H. George. The Commission is to meet in Princeton, Indiana, on the last Wednesday of June, at 10 o'clock—expenses to be borne.

On motion of Rev. S. Carlisle, congregations were directed to observe the "week of prayer."

SIGNS OF TIMES.

Rev Dr. Scott reported a draft of causes of fasting and of Thanksgiving. The Central Board of Missions is directed to fill the blanks as to the days to be observed.

UNION.

The paper on Union was taken up, and the motion to adopt was lost.

LITERARY INSTITUTION.

The paper of the Committee on the Report of the Board of Education was again taken up. The discussion on the question of abandoning the Literary Institution was continued until the hour for adjournment. Synod took a

RECESS

Until 7½ P. M., and again resumed the discussion. Various amendments were proposed or made. The final action was

1. The resignation of the Pricipal elect was not accepted.

2. The Board of Education was continued.

3. The use of the two buildings at Northwood given to the Principal to carry on the school.

(Owing to the lateness of the hour to which the debate was continued, it was impossible to give it in full.)

The Resolutions on Temperance were taken up for disposition.

Rev. Dr. Stevenson opposed their passage on the ground that Synod had frequently passed such. Let Sessions execute law already existing and there will be no need of any action by this Synod.

Rev. J. R. Thompson said all the religious bodies are passing such resolutions. We need to bear a testimony on this great question also. He had seen members of the church intoxicated, and even elders on Fast days before communions. Is it possible that Covenanters will give this thing the "go by"? No! We will carry on this war against this wickedness until victory.

Rev. R. D. Sproull said if he knew an elder guilty of such an act as was declared, he would libel him before his session instantly. He was in favor of more deliberate action—there is no time when we are about to adjourn for discussion. He moved to postpone further action on the resolutions until next meeting of Synod. Carried.

THE PAPER.

Rev. T. P. Stevenson announced on behalf of the Board of Managers of the paper for the promotion of National Reform, that arrangements would be made immediately for starting the paper at an early day.

THANKS

Were voted to the Railroads that had given half-fare to delegates; to the citizens of Pittsburgh and Allegheny for their most generous hospitality to delegates during the session of Synod, and to the Sexton (this last thanks accompanied by a generous collection).

ADJOURNMENT.

Synod then resolved to adjourn finally. Prayer by Rev. J. C. Boyd—singing Psalm 133.

The next meeting will be held in Northwood, Ohio, in May, 1868.

P. S.—By the Reporter—As a few of the subscribers for these reports did not forward their names until several days after Synod had been in session, they did not receive all the papers due. In every case possible, however, the back numbers were forwarded. The reporter wishes to say also, that to all persons from whom orders were received the papers have been mailed faithfully and punctually. If any have not been received, the fault is in the mails. N. R. J.

Twenty Years of Suffering Cured.

Below will be found a certificate from one of the most respectable citizens of Wilkins township, in regard to Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher. The Doctor's certificates are within reach, and no one need be deceived in regard to its preparations:

Dr. Geo. H. Keyser: I became afflicted with piles about twenty years ago, and every year they were growing worse, so as to trouble me very much, so much so at times as to unfit me for work. Sometimes I was so bad that I could not do anything on account of them. I had tried a great deal of medicine for them. I used to buy and take whatever I could hear of or read of in circulars and pamphlets that fell in my way but I could not get cured; sometimes they would do me some good for a little while, but afterwards they would return again as bad as ever. I also applied to two Doctors, who visited me at my house, and gave me some medicine, but it would not do, I could not get well. Over a year ago I got an advertisement of your Blood Searcher. When you sold it to me you told me one bottle would not cure me, and that my whole system would have to be renewed by the medicine before I got well. I bought one bottle and took it home with me, and used it according to your directions. I then called to see you again, when you said I could not expect much from one bottle. I bought it, one bottle at a time, until I had used five bottles. After this quantity had been used, I was entirely well of the Piles, which had tortured me for twenty years. In other respects my health is improved, and I am as well as could be expected for one of my age, being sixty years past. I have been well now for six months, and there is no appearance of a return of the disease. I can do any kind of farming work now without the Piles coming down and hurting me. I can pitch hay, chop wood, lift or do any kind of work which before used to hurt me. When I found out your Blood Searcher I kept on taking it until I got entirely well. I consider it my duty to make my case known to the country for the benefit of others who may be suffering as I was, and do not know the value of your medicine. You may publish this if you like. I live in Wilkins township, and will be pleased to satisfy any one of the truth of this certificate if they wish to call on me. ELLIOTT DAVIS.

Two bottles will cure a nursing sore mouth.

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.

Two or three bottles will cure the worst kind of biles.

Two bottles will cure the worst canker in the mouth and stomach.

Three to five bottles will cure the worst case of erysipelas.

One or two bottles will cure all humor in the eyes.

Two bottles will cure running of the ears, and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles will cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly eruptions of the skin.

Two or three bottles will cure the worst case of ringworm.

Two or three bottles will cure the most desperate rheumatism.

Three to four bottles will cure salt rheum.

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula.

One to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of Dyspepsia. I know from the experience of thousands that it has cured canker in the stomach.

One to two bottles are warranted to cure sick headache.

One to two bottles are warranted to regulate a costive state of the bowels.

One to two bottles will regulate all derangement of the kidneys.

Four to six bottles have cured the worst cases of dropsy.

Six to ten bottles have cured the worst case of piles. A relief is always experienced, what a mercy to get relief in such an excruciating disease.

No change of diet is necessary. Eat the best you can get, and eat enough of it. PRICE ONE DOLLAR. Manufactured by Dr. Keyser, 140 Wood street. To avoid being imposed upon, look for Dr. Keyser's name on the wrapper and over the cork.

Consultation rooms 120 Penn street, from A. M. until 4 P. M.

The Best Organs in the World.

The Estey "Cottage" and the Smith "American" organs, have not only been admitted by the agents for other makes, but by the *best organists* in the country, to be superior in every respect to all others now before the public. The clear *pipe* quality of tone, so difficult to produce from reeds, are in these instruments fully accomplished, leaving nothing to be desired. We is pleased to notice one of the "American" style (28) has been placed in Masonic Hall for the use of the Lodges who have heretofore been using Mason & Hamlin's organ. This style (28) has two banks of keys, and fourteen stops; and contains the greatest variety and power of any instrument excepting the large pedalorgan. For an organ without separate pedal sub-bass, it is the climax of reed instruments. The finished workmanship of the action renders the touch on the two key boards, even when coupled, the most delicate imaginable. The names of the stops are Clarionet, Bourdon, Hautboy, Bassoon, Flute, Clarion, Piccolo, Manual, Sub-bass (five sets of reeds,) Swell Coupler, Forte, Great Forte, Swell Tremolo and Great Tremolo.

The finest approach to orchestral effects may be produced from the shrillness of the piccolo, the sweetness of the flute, the wailing of the hautboy, and singing clarionet, down to the full toned bass.

The contrasts from *fortissimo* to *pianissimo* may be immediately produced, and with the aid of the tremolo and kneeswell, the most touching solo effects may be given.

The "Swell Coupler" is a new feature. By leaving the stop so marked in, the swell of the upper bank of keys may be detached, and the lower bank of keys used for a solo, with *crescendo* and *diminuendo*, giving the most perfect expression.

The Flute, Piccolo, Cornet, and Sub-bass are played from the upper row of keys, and the Hautboy, Bassoon, Clarionet, and Bourdon, from the lower. The ingenuity of the player will suggest many ways of producing beautiful effects and combinations. The blow-pedals of this style are worked with as much ease as in the smallest style manufactured.

Barr, Knake & Buettler, No. 12 St. Clair street, are the sole agents for Western Pennsylvania for the above splendid instruments, besides the celebrated Bradbury, New York, and Schomacker & Co's Pianos.

The Suicide by Poison.

An inquest was held by Coroner Clawson, yesterday forenoon, upon the body of John Davis, proprietor of the Great Western Hotel, on Water street, who committed suicide on Tuesday by taking a quantity of oxalic acid, at his residence. It appears that he obtained the poison, (a quarter's worth) at the drug store of McClarran & McLennan, Market street, representing that he was in the saddlery business, and desired the drug to remove stains from leather. He took the poison about half-past five o'clock, and died in half an hour after. We were misinformed as to the fact that he committed suicide in the county jail. The jury found a verdict in accordance with the facts.

Soldiers' Monument.

I acknowledge the receipt of the following sum of money, in behalf of the Soldiers' Monument. Hereafter the receipts will be published at the close of each week:

From Miss L. Pressly, Allegheny	$103 00
" Miss L. Berger, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh	250 00
" Mrs. L. S. Johns, Lawrenceville	110 00
" Mrs. A. D. Chambers, Liberty township	9 00
	472 00

All collections and donations are deposited with N. Holmes & Sons, Bankers, to my credit, will be publicly acknowledged.

JAMES PARK, JR., Treasurer.

Probable Homicide in Duquesne Borough.

About eight o'clock last night a difficulty occurred between two men named William F. Barclay and John Hentzler, at Saddler's Brewery, in Duquesne Borough. It appears that an old grudge or bad blood had existed between the two men, who, upon meeting last night renewed the dispute. Warm words led to a quarrel, when Barclay, who was the weaker man, left the house to go home. Hentzler followed after him and knocked him down twice in succession. For the purpose, as Barclay states, of intimidating him, he drew a knife and flourished it, after which he again started for home and was closely pursued by Hentzler, who seized him by the neck, drew his head down, and from the back dealt him a cut with a large blade, penetrating the right lung and making an ugly wound some three inches in depth, which it is thought will prove fatal. The parties then separated and the wounded man was carried to his home in Duquesne borough, and medical aid summoned. Internal bleeding set in and last night no hope for his recovery was entertained.

Officer Brown, of Alderman Strain's police, happening to be in the neighborhood, promptly arrested Hentzler and brought him to the Allegheny tombs, where he now remains. Alderman Strain visited the residence of the wounded man last night and took an information for felonious assault against the prisoner. Hentzler is a large muscular man, while the wounded man is delicately built and had been recently confined to his bed with sickness.

Another Suicide—A Woman Hangs Herself in Her Bed Chamber.

Wednesday, about noon, Mrs. Hannah Walker, aged sixty years, was found hanging by the neck to a bed post in her chamber, in the upper part of her residence, No. 82 Liberty street. Life was extinct when she was discovered. Deceased had resided in this city for over thirty years with her husband, Robert Walker, skiff builder at the Point. They had no children. A disturbed state of mind, arising from illness some six years ago, is supposed to be the cause of her committing suicide. It appears that exceeding attachment for her niece, Miss Sarah Bargesser, residing with her, unaccountably changed to an opposite feeling, and recently the niece was apprehensive of violence at her hands. Wednesday morning Mrs. Walker was in excellent spirits, apparently, and not the remotest idea was entertained, as there had not been at any time previous, of her destroying herself. Miss Bargesser during the forenoon brought from the garret a bed cord, of which she took a portion for a clothes line, leaving the remainder on a table in the kitchen, where Mrs. Walker was engaged in preparing dinner. Soon after Miss Bargesser found the rope had disappeared from the table, and inquiring about it, Mr. W. said she had put it in the closet, which was the fact, but, as afterwards appeared, she took off a portion with which to take her life. Mrs. Walker having left the kitchen, and not being seen about the premises or lower part of the house, it was supposed by her niece that she had gone up stairs to lay down. The niece went up stairs, and found her aged aunt as stated, hanging to the bed post quite dead. From her situation and the appearance of her neck, in which the cord was deeply imbedded, it was judged that after having arranged the noose she got upon the bed, and leaped off. She was suspended at full length, her feet barely touching the floor. Coroner Clawson held an inquest, the jury returning a verdict of death by suicide.

Interesting Occasion.

Last evening a very interesting presentation took place at the magnificent new St. James Hotel, on Liberty street, of which Mr. Jas. K. Lanahan is the agreeable, energetic and accommodating proprietor. The machinists, roadmen, shopmen, firemen and engineers of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company had prepared an agreeable surprise for Jos. Parks, Esq., the travelling engineer and master machinist of that road, in the way of a magnificent gold watch and chain. Through Sol. Schoyer, Esq., the presentation speech was made in a few happy remarks, in which the recipient was complimented in the most earnest and fitting terms. Mr. Parks responded in a felicitous manner, expressing his deep gratitude for the honor thus paid him by his fellow associates and workmen. The watch is a magnificent solid gold hunting cased chronometer from Mr. Wilson's jewelry establishment, Fourth street, and, with the massive gold chain, formed a very valuable gift. After the presentation the entire company sat down to a sumptuous repast, prepared in Mr. Lanahan's best style. The tables groaned beneath the weight of the choice viands and delicacies of the season, while fair and sparkling wines flowed like water. After a vote of thanks to the landlord, the guests, some two hundred in number, dispersed. The affair was under the management of Messrs. Edward Layton, S. A. Doran and A. Rhodes, who performed their duties in the princeliest of styles.

Terrible Accident—A Young Man Literally Cut to Pieces.

A most distressing and terrible accident occurred at the steam saw mill of Speers & Company, in the village of Homer, Indiana county, on Friday morning last. A young man named Alexander Shoupe, aged about eighteen years, who had just commenced work at the mill that morning, in attempting to take a plank off the saw frame, was caught by the large circular saw, and in an instant of time, literally cut to pieces! Both legs, both arms and the whole upper part of the head were severed from the body. Messrs. Speers and Zack were in the mill at the time, but could only utter a cry of warning, but too late to save the young man. His remains were properly cared for by Mr. Speers and taken to the residence of his afflicted parents in Burrell township, for interment. Young Shoupe was a quiet, inoffensive and industrious young man, and his sudden and terrible death is deeply deplored, especially by Mr. Solomon K. Speers, who is a gentleman of the kindest heart and most generous impulses.

Exciting Billiard Contest.

A match game of billiards, one thousand points up, took place yesterday evening at the Brunswick Billiard Hall, for a purse of $250. The contestants were John Nelson, of this city, and Richard Stafford, of Oil City. Both were "crack" players, and displayed a great deal of skill in the course of the game. The contest was sharp and the large crowd gathered to witness it manifested the most intense interest. They had selected for judges two gentlemen of the city. Nelson led off, scoring between thirty and forty points. Stafford, less excited, followed, disputing inch by inch the ground gained by his competitor. When Nelson had reached 800, Stafford was still behind, and had it not been for a "run" of 68 points, the game would have been given up as lost by him. This gave him a considerable advantage. His adversary, however, followed him closely, for at the end of the game Nelson was only eight points behind. Stafford was then declared the winner. The game occupied about two hours.

New Dry Goods.

At the new store, on the west corner of Market and Fourth streets, of Gardner & Stewart, Gardner's only place of business; Stripe Dimity, for Spreads; Honey Comb, Lancaster, Hamburg, Toilet and Marsailles Quilts, from $2.50 up; Black Lusters; Light Colored Alpacas, Poplinetts, and a splendid stock of new Dress Goods, from 25c to $1.25; Black Silks, at $1.25 for Sacques; beautiful French Chintzes at 37½c; Organdie, Swiss and Cambric Lawns, pink, blue and buff Lawns, at 50c; Beaded Parasols; Silk Sun Umbrellas, best Kid Gloves, only $1.50; light and dark Cassimeres, cheap; Summer Shawls, Cloth and Silk Sacques, yard-wide Unbleached and Bleached Shirting Muslins, 12½c; Ticking, Prints, and Huck Towels, at 12½c; Table Linens, at 50c; and a fresh stock of New Dry Goods, extraordinary cheap at Gardiner's new and only place of business, on the west corner of Market and Fourth streets, No 68.

GARDNER & STEWART.

Important to Consumers.

The warm weather having come at last persons who are in the habit of using ice will prepare to engage their summer use. We want to draw your attention to the mammoth ice house of H. Omsler, of Duquesne borough. Mr. O. having in store a very large stock of the very best ice, he is now delivering first quality at a much less price than heretofore done. He is prepared to deliver ice at all times at your door, by wagon, or furnish large or small quantities at any time during day or evening. You can be accommodated by leaving your orders at the GAZETTE counting room, 84 and 86 Fifth street. Give him a trial and we think satisfaction will be given.

Larceny as Bailee.

Casper H. Bell made information yesterday before Alderman Strain, charging James Hamilton with larceny as bailee. The men are dealers in the Diamond market, and some time ago Bell rented a stall from Hamilton, giving a silver watch and chain, of the value of sixty dollars, as security for the payment of the rent. He alleges that he paid the rent agreed upon, but that Hamilton failed to return this watch to him and has not done so yet, although repeatedly asked for the same. The defendant was arrested and held in the sum of five hundred dollars bail for his appearance at a hearing on Monday next.

Special Election.—On Tuesday next, June 4th, in pursuance of a resolution of Allegheny Councils, and proclamation of Mayor Morrison, the electors of that portion of McClure and Reserve townships annexed to Allegheny City by Act of Assembly, will hold an election at the house of D. Lutz, at the foot of Troy Hill, for seven Councilmen, three for the Select branch and four for the Common. The annexed territory is called the Seventh ward.

Railroad Meeting.—At Elizabeth, to-day, a meeting will be held to take into consideration the construction of the Monongahela Valley Railroad. Persons residing in the city desiring to attend can take the Brownsville packet at eight o'clock this morning and return at six o'clock this evening.

New Carpets.—Superb Ingrain, Linen, Rag and Stair Carpet, at less than manufacturers' invoice prices, at private sale, to close consignments, at the Emporium, 55 and 57 Fifth street. Smithson, Palmer & Co.

Wooden Building Question.—Clerk Macferron notifies us that a meeting of the Allegheny City Councils will be held this evening to take into consideration the Wooden Building question.

Cutlery.—Table and Pocket Cutlery, also Silver Plated Tea and Table Spoons, Forks, &c., at less than manufacturers' prices—to close consignments, at the Emporium of Smithson, Palmer & Co., 55 and 57 Fifth street.

Removal of the Peoples Savings Bank.

The attention of our readers is directed to the advertisement of this reliable and well managed institution, which is worthily enjoying the confidence of the community at large. Its board of managers embrace our solid and trustworthy business men, who manage the affairs in the most creditable manner, giving the amplest assurance to depositors that their interests will be securely guarded and protected. Deposits of any amount are received, upon which a liberal and inducing rate of interest is allowed. The office of the bank is at No. 80 Apollo Building, Fourth street, and is open for business daily from nine till four o'clock, and on Wednesday and Saturday evenings from six to nine o'clock. We cheerfully commend this Savings Bank to small capitalists and others.

Must Pay for It.—Abe. Henry, a well known individual in this city, went a few days ago to an eating saloon on St. Clair street, and called for a meal which was served up to him. He was about leaving the saloon without having fulfilled the ordinary obligation of paying for what he consumed, when the saloon keeper reminded him of it. Instead of money, Henry showed his fist, using abusive language to the proprietor and refused to pay for anything. Officers Smith and Sarber were called in and took Henry to the Mayor's office, where, after a hearing, he was fined $22.00 and costs. Doubtless he declined to settle this last bill, also, for he was committed to jail for thirty days.

Assaulting with a Knife.—Mrs. J. S. Carlin appeared, yesterday, before Alderman Humbert, and lodged a charge against Catharine Greenawalt for felonious assault. The prosecutrix alleges that Mrs. Greenawalt came to her house, making demonstrations with a knife and threatening to kill her. The quarrel arose from a trifling circumstance. The parties reside in the Ninth ward. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the accused.

Monumental Fair.—The Subsistence Committee acknowledge the following contributions: Jos. Horne & Co., $50; R. Miller Jr., $25; Cash, $15. L. D. Dummett, one box box oranges, Reymer & Bro., one case tomatoes, one case peaches, one case corn. Also numerous contributions of eatables from private families. Donations of cream and uncooked meats are needed every day, and can be sent to City Hall every morning before 9 o'clock.

Fight on Washington Street.—Two men named Henry Brown and Thomas O'Donnel got into some difficulty or other between themselves, on Washington street, Sixth ward, yesterday, and Brown, getting the worst of it, appeared before Alderman Strain and lodged an information for assault and battery against O'Donnel. O'Donnel was arrested and, in default of bail, committed for a further hearing before the Alderman.

Burglarious Attempt.—Thomas Carroll and John Banner, boys, were committed to jail yesterday for trial, on a charge of attempting to force an entrance into the variety store of J. T. Thompson, corner of Wood and Liberty street, with a view to plunder. They used a crow bar and a skeleton key, and might have succeeded had they not been surprised. Danner claims to hail from Newark, New Jersey, and Carroll from Virginia.

Knock Down in Allegheny.—John Lawson, living on Main street near Chestnut, Allegheny, made information yesterday before Alderman Taylor against Martin Edmund, charging him with striking him on the breast and knocking him down. The fight or knock-down occurred on the 28th inst., near the works of Joseph Griffales. The accused was arrested and held to bail for a hearing this morning.

Assault with a Pick Handle.—William Hanna, a resident of the Eighth Ward, made information before Alderman Strain charging John May with aggravated assault and battery. Hanna alleges that the defendant assailed him with a pick handle, striking him repeatedly with the same, and inflicting serious injury. The accused was arrested and held for a further hearing.

Surety of the Peace.—John Patchol appeared before Alderman Strain yesterday, and made information against Charles McGuire for a breach of the peace. John alleges that McGuire threatened to drive a poker clean through him and he is afraid lest he may carry his threat into execution. Defendant was arrested and gave bail for his good behavior in the future.

Hamlet.—To-night at the Academy of Music the great actor James E. Murdoch, who is without a superior in the role of Hamlet, appears at the Academy in the great character. He will be ably supported by the talented company of the Academy. On Saturday night Mrs Lander will make her appearance in the role of Elizabeth, in which she vies with *Ristori*.

To Wholesale Buyers of Dry Goods we offer bargains in job lots of Dress Goods, Pantings, Linen Goods, and full lines of Shootings, Shirtings, Prints, Ticking, Checks, &c., all of which we will sell at the very lowest eastern cash prices.

J. W. BARKER & CO.
59 Market street, below Third & Fourth sts.

Struck with a Club.—Sophia Rensenhauser, who keeps a clothing store on Liberty street, made information yesterday before Alderman Strain, charging Edward Hawthorne with entering her store and making an assault upon her with a club. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the accused.

Boots, Shoes, Balmorals and Slippers, of the very best eastern and custom make, for ladies, gents, misses and children, at reasonable prices, at the Emporium, 55 and 57 Fifth street.

Disorderly Conduct.—Frank Riley and Pat. O'Malley, acting in a disorderly manner at the Rush House, were arrested yesterday and brought to the Mayor's office. They were fined five dollars each. Riley paid his fine, but Pat was committed for five days.

Boots, Shoes, Dry Goods, Carpets, &c., of every desirable quality and price, at SMITHSON, PALMER & CO.'S, 55 and 57 Fifth street.

Selling Liquor on Sunday.—Catherine Friel made information yesterday before Alderman Taylor, charging Mrs. Calohan, of the Ninth ward, with selling liquor on Sunday, and also selling without license. A warrant for her arrest was issued.

Kitchen Safes, (Wire and Tin) entirely new—at private sale. Cheaper than elsewhere, at Masonic Hall Auction Rooms, 55 and 57 Fifth street. Smithson, Palmer & Co.

Monumental Fair.—Mr. J. J. Dunnell, cashier at the Soldiers' Monumental Fair, announces the receipts thus far as $3,600. This is a favorable beginning and we trust it may be increased twenty-fold before the close of the Fair.

Fancy Window Shades, with trimmings complete. At private sale. Cheaper than elsewhere, at the Emporium of Smithson, Palmer & Co., 55 and 57 Fifth street.

Penitentiary Inspector.—O. O. Phillips Esq., of Allegheny, has been appointed by the Judges of the county courts, one of the Inspectors of the Western Penitentiary, vice J. B. Lyon resigned.

James Carnahan, committed to Franklin jail for passing counterfeit money, was removed yesterday morning, under an order of Judge McCandless, to the county jail.

Clothing, Traveling Bags, Umbrellas and Albums, at the Emporium of Smithson, Palmer & Co., 55 and 57 Fifth street. A large stock, cheaper than ever.

Go to Fleming's Drug Store, No. 84 Market street, for the best Potash and Soda Ash in the city—at lowest prices.

More Than a Million different articles at Smithson, Palmer & Co's. Auction Mart, 55 and 57 Fifth street, at private sale—at prices to suit the most economical.

The authorities of Detroit have been authorized by the tax payers, to expend $18,000 in the purchase of suitable grounds for a city cemetery.

Go to Fleming's Drug Store, No. 84 Market street, for all Genuine Patent Medicines, at the lowest rates.

Square Toed Boots, Shoes, and Gaiters, at less than manufacturers' prices, at the Auction Mart, 55 and 57 Fifth street. Must be disposed of at private sale to close consignments.

Go to Fleming's Drug Store, For a reliable Remedy for the Cholera. No. 84 Market street.

Gents' Fine French Calf Boots, custom made, warranted, at the Emporium of Smithson, Palmer & Co., 55 and 57 Fifth street.

Go to Fleming's Drug Store, No. 84 Market street, for the best table oil in the city.

Hoop Skirts, Hosiery, &c., regardless of cost prices, to close consignments, at Smithson, Palmer and Co's. 55 and 57 Fifth street.

Good Advice.—For anything you need, go to the Emporium of Smithson, Palmer & Co. 55 and 57 Fifth street.

Old Brown Windsor and Bath Soaps.—Call in and see the prices at the Emporium, 55 and 57 Fifth street.

You Can Buy Foreign Liquors of all kinds at Joseph S. Finch's Distillery, Nos. 189, 191, 193 and 195.

Pure Drugs! Pure Drugs!! Pure Drugs!!! Pure Drugs!!!! at Kane & Druit's, Allegheny.

Men's Hob Nail Brogans—At the Emporium, 55 and 57 Fifth street, cheaper than ever. Smithson, Palmer & Co.

You Will find a Dental Est[illegible] at 246 Penn street. Drs. Sill & [illegible]

You Can Buy New [illegible] Finch's.

You Can Buy [illegible] Joseph S. Finch[illegible]

Hachtman[illegible] ment in [illegible]

[illegible] Local News on [illegible] ...iages, Deaths, and New Advertisements on 4th Page.

...Reichelm, the Philadelphia chess champion, has disappointed his friends. He has given four games to Capt. Mackenzie. The latter will win three more and be the champion. The playing has ceased to excite any attention owing to the weakness displayed by Reichelm.