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CITY ITEMS.

You Will
Find a Dental Establishment at 216 Penn street. Drs. Sill & Gillespie.

Prince & Co's
Automatic Organs and Melodeons, with "Patent Tremolo Attachment," and "Patent Manual Sub Bass," are acknowledged to be the best reed instrument made. They have a sweetness, richness, fullness and completeness of tone that is soul-satisfying, and are devoid of that reedy quality of sound which is too frequently heard in other reed instruments. Charlotte Blume has just received an entire stock, which will be sold at less price than organs of inferior makers are sold in this city. sw.

Haines and Bro's
Celebrated first class cheap Pianos. Persons in want of a really first class Piano at a moderate price, would do well to call at Blume's Music Store, No. 43 Fifth street, and examine these instruments before purchasing elsewhere. They are the best at the price made, and have been used in this city for the past nineteen years. sw.

Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil.
The Purest and Sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh healthy livers, upon the sea-shore. It is perfectly pure and sweet. Ask for "Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by CASWELL, MASE & CO. New York
Sold by all druggists. MW

To Wholesale Buyers
Of Dry Goods we offer bargains in Job lots of Dress Goods, Plaidings, Linen Goods, and full lines of Sheetings, Shirtings, Prints, Ticking, Checks, &c., all of which we will sell at the very lowest eastern cash prices.
J. W. BARKER & CO.
59 Market street, below Third & Fourth sts.

A Word to the Ladies.
The Philadelphia Cloak store would most respectfully invite the ladies of Pittsburgh and vicinity to examine our third opening of cloaks at No. 68 Market street.

Call at A. Kirk's
And give his Tea a trial. He sells nothing but the pure article always at the lowest cash price. Nos. 152 and 154 Federal street, Allegheny city.

Knabe's Unrivalled Piano.
The finest assortment ever received in this city, Charlotte Blume, No. 43 Fifth street, Sole Agent for Knabe & Co's and Haines Bros. Pianos. sw.

Why is it
That the Philadelphia Cloak store sells cheaper cloaks than any other in the city? Because they have all facilities for doing so!

Eight Stop Automatic Organ,
Made by "George A. Prince & Company," one of the best toned instruments ever received in this city, has just been received by Charlotte Blume. sw.

Go to Fleming's Drug Store,
No. 84 Market street, for Brown's Vermifuge Comfits, the best Worm Medicine in use.

Pure Drugs!
Pure Drugs!! Pure Drugs!! Pure Drugs!!! at Kain & Pruik's, Allegheny.

The Most Fashionable
Cloak House in this city is the Philadelphia Cloak store, No. 68 Market street.

Go to Fleming's Drug Store,
For Burnett's Standard Preparations of all kinds, cheaper than any other place in the city.

You Can Buy
Foreign Liquors of all kinds at Joseph S. Finch's Distillery, No. 189, 191, 193 and 195

The Largest Stock
And the latest styles of Cloaks is at the Philadelphia Cloak store.

Gold Medal Sparkling Catawba Wine,
Sold at the lowest rates at Fleming's Drug Store, No. 84 Market street.

Don't Forget
No. 68 Market street, the Philadelphia Cloak store.

You Can Buy
$ per cent. Alcohol at Joseph S. Finch's.

You Can Buy
New Hops at Joseph S. Finch's.

A Strange Case of Love and Jealousy.
A remarkable case of love and jealousy has recently culminated at Suffield, Conn., in a mysterious disappearance. The wife of a well-known cigar manufacturer in that town formed a warm attachment, last year, for a singing-master, who led the choir in the Congregational Church, where she was the principal singer. The two were very intimate, and there was considerable gossip in consequence, though it is not known that their intimacy reached unlawful limits. This year the chorister was employed by the Baptist Church, his friend remaining in her former position. He was polite and attentive to the ladies in his new choir, and soon raised an extraordinary feeling of jealousy in the cigar manufacturer's wife. She sent him a large number of anonymous letters in disguised hands, threatening him with all sorts of things, if he didn't cease his attentions to the Baptist girls. The matter reached a crisis on Friday of last week, when the chorister fixed upon her the authorship of the letters and in turn threatened a public exposé, and demanded satisfaction. On the same afternoon, while her husband was absent, the lady wrote a letter, telling him he would never see her again, and suddenly departed. She was traced nearly half a mile to a swamp, and on Sunday the whole town was in search of her. Every possible means was used to ascertain her fate, but wholly without result, nor has she been heard from since. The affair, as may be imagined, has created a profound sensation in Suffield. The lady was good-looking, accomplished, about thirty years old, and the mother of one child.—*Springfield (Mass.) Republican.*

Red Cloud, the Indian Leader.
Speaking of the forthcoming war on the plains, the Reese River *Reveille* says:

The great leader of the Indians is Red Cloud, or Mahpiliatan, who is represented as one of the ablest Indian warriors of any time. He is about thirty-five years of age, tall, handsome, athletic, and perfect in his horsemanship as in his physical appearance. He has commanded in several battles previous to the massacre of Colonel Fetterman's command, and has never been whipped. He was at Laramie last spring, at the treaty making, enjoying the farce and treating it as such without disguise, yet accepting all the presents offered, but left with the declaration that his country should never be occupied by the whites, nor garrisoned by them, nor should their roads cross it. Then he was at the head of but 300 warriors of the Ogallah Sioux, but his marshalling 3,000 at Fort Phillip Kearney shows the influence he has over others, and his determination to make his threat good. He is active, energetic and able warrior, and he who conquers Red Cloud will do more than he who conquered Tecumseh, or Black Hawk, or Osceola.

EATING WHILE FATIGUED.—There are very few habits more injurious to health than eating when the body is fatigued. If the brain or any part or organ of the body becomes unduly fatigued, the whole system required rest, until the nervous influence and the circulation of the blood are equalized throughout the body, before another demand is made upon the vital energies. If the stomach is filled without this rest, the food remains undigested, ferments and becomes sour, and irritates the stomach, producing disease of the digestive organs, and through them, of the whole system.

FIRST EDITION.

ONE O'CLOCK.

FROM EUROPE.

The Alabama Claims.

FAILURE OF COTTON MERCHANTS.

Assassination Plot in Prussia.

DESIGN TO KILL THE KING AND BISMARCK.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

THE AMERICAN QUESTION.

LONDON, May 21—*Evening.*—Earl Derby says officially that the American question will be amicably adjusted. The proposition made some time since to arbitrate the whole case has been refused.

COTTON FIRM AND ADVANCED.

LIVERPOOL, May 21.—*Evening.*—Frazer, Trenholm & Co., Cotton Merchants, in this city, are said to have suspended; liabilities large.

PRUSSIA.

PLOT TO ASSASSINATE THE KING AND BISMARCK.

BERLIN, May 21.—A horrible plot was discovered in Hanover, having for its chief purpose the assassination of King William and Count Bismarck. Several notables residing in this city are involved. Several arrests have been made and it is thought the scheme is entirely frustrated.

ARRIVED OUT.

SOUTHAMPTON, May 21.—The steamer America from New York, has arrived.

PALERMO, May 21.—Five-twenties, 77¾.

ANTWERP, May 21.—Petroleum 43 francs.

CONDENSED NEWS.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

—The Booth diary is published. It is simply a defense of his action. He says, under date of April 13th and 14th: "Until to-day nothing was ever thought of sacrificing our country's wrongs. For six months we had worked to capture, but our cause being almost lost, something decisive and great must be done. But its failing was owing to others, who did not strike for their country with a heart. I struck boldly, and not as the papers say. I walked with a firm step through a thousand of his men, unmoved and unquestioned. I do not second to be at ease in the pulpit, and acted as if similar-raed; shifted my seat from foe to foe, was stopped, but pushed on. A Colonel was at his side. I shouted, '*Sic Semper*' before I dred. In jumping I broke my leg. I passed all his pickets, and rode forty miles that night with the bone of my leg lacerating the flesh at every jump. I can never repent it, though we hated to kill. Our country owed all her troubles to him, and yet I simply made me the instrument of his punishment. The country is not, in April, 1865, what it was. This forced Union is not what I have loved. I care not what become of me. I have no desire to outlive my country. This night, before the deed, I wrote a long article and left it for one of the editors of the *National Intelligencer*, in which I set fully forth our reasons for our proceeding."

—Late Mexican advices state that immediately after the receipt of Secretary Seward's letter, Juarez issued orders in reference to the transport of Maximilian. Fearing that his life should be spared. As it was feared that Escobedo would have the unfortunate Prince assassinated, notwithstanding orders to the contrary, that General Sheridan sent to command an expedition against Canales, who had rebelled in the North. Corona, considered the ablest of the Mexican Generals, was appointed to succeed him, and now commands all the armies of the Republic. An Imperial reconnoitering party, including one of Maximilian's Adjutants, had been captured and shot.

—Captain Chambers' company of Scott county (Tennessee) militia have been ordered to Anderson county, to remain there during court, in which several important suits of a political nature are to be tried. Other companies are soon to be mustered and ordered into active service.

—The Pennsylvania capitalists express themselves highly pleased with their trip through Virginia, and it is believed that the visit will result in large investments being made in Virginia.

—Surratt's trial will be postponed until the third Monday in June, when the Government will be ready. Hon. John Bingham, of Ohio, Judge Advocate who prosecuted Payne and Atzerot on the military trial, has been invited to be one of the prosecuting attorneys in the trial of Surratt.

—At Fort Colburn, Canada West, a few nights since, a man named Menno Graybiel shot his brother-in-law, John Wallace, through the heart, and was shortly afterwards shot himself by his own brother, Samuel Graybiel.

—The cash contributions of Boston, to the suffering Germans, was eighteen thousand five hundred dollars, besides large quantities of clothing.

—There is no diminution in arrests for drunkenness, since the closing of the bars of drinking houses in Boston.

—The steamer Africa, from Liverpool on the 11th, and Queenstown 12th, arrived at Halifax yesterday.

FROM NEW YORK.

General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church.

[Special Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 20, 1867.

This Synod met on Monday morning at ten o'clock, and spent half an hour in devotional exercises. The subject discussed was, "How may those who walk with God keep themselves unspotted from the world?"

Rev. J. N. McLeod, D. D., presented a letter from Rob. Murray, Esq., United States Marshal for the Southern District of New York, enclosing a check for $20, to be appropriated towards defraying the travelling expenses of the delegates to the Synod. The letter contained expressions of the highest regard for the General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church. On motion, the thanks of the Synod were returned to Marshal Murray for the substantial expression of his regard.

The Committee on the "Signs of the Times" presented their report. The grounds of thanksgiving: A healthful and productive season; many humerous and equitable laws were enacted by the Thirty-ninth Congress; an end of Executive tyranny; the South is free, the slave has become citizen, and the bullet, the freeman's weapon, is being placed in his hand; God in His Providence is vindicat ng the principles for which the church has so long contended. The reasons of fasting are: The condition of the church; the great principles of religion are not maintained and defended as they should; the church is not furnishing the men and money needed to do the work of the Master; society is corrupt, profanity abounds; the Holy Sabbath is dishonored by idleness, running of cars and steamboats; intoxicating liquors are manufactured, sold and used in large quantities; human life is wantonly disregarded, and property is insecure.

Rev. R. J. Wilson, D. D., delegate from the Old School General Assembly, addressed the Synod at some length. He urged with great earnestness the importance of organic union among the different Presbyterian bodies. The fraternal address expressed by Dr. Wilson were cordially reciprocated by Synod in a formal resolution.

The question of allowing lawyers to plead in church courts, was then taken up.

Resolved, That no lawyer shall be permitted to plead in any court under the care of Synod, only as a member of said court.

Rev. J. R. W. Sloane, delegate from the Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Synod, was then introduced and expressed the cordial greetings of the body which had delegated him for the Court. He said that the feelings of opposition and animosity that may have existed between the bodies shall soon have no existence. At the close of Mr. Sloane's address the usual formalities were observed, and a mutual reciprocation of regard expressed.

Adjourned to three o'clock in the afternoon.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Mississippi Injunction—The Grounds Upon which the Amended Bill was Refused, &c.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, May 21, 1867.

GRANT RETURNED.

General Grant has returned.

THE MISSISSIPPI INJUNCTION.

There seems to be no doubt that the Justices who denied the filing of the amended bill in the Mississippi case, did so on the ground that it had no relevancy to the original bill, and that it was not supported by proof that General Ord intended to seize the property of the State; and besides it was considered that if such a course should be pursued by General Ord, the remedy would be an application for an injunction, apart from the consideration connected with the reconstruction act.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR APPOINTED.

A Treasury circular announces that a Deputy Collector has been appointed to reside in Dunkirk, New York, for the purpose of receiving and certifying the manifests of vessels entering Lake Michigan, through the Straits of Mackinaw.

FROM CHINA.

American and British Competition for River Navigation, &c., &c.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, May 21.—The steamer Tennison, fifty-three days from Hong Kong, has arrived.

The commercial news is unimportant. The British residents newspapers in the ports of China are exercised over the fact that the American steamer Augusta, Hard & Co, and Russell & Co., have been given a monopoly of river steam navigation, at first firm to have the contracting of all the steamers from Hankow to the sea, and of the steamers from Tangtze Ajipeels are made to the British Consul, and the state of things. It is admitted that the American style of boats cannot be competed with successfully in Tangtze, and it is claimed the Yangtz waters is deep, admitting of much better vessels, carrying more and the cheapness of running is exercised by the American, which have walking beam engines.

Hang Kit, a Mandarin, well known from his association with Prince Kung, died in Peelin.

Sir Harry Parks, the present ambassador to Japan, is indicted to his own influence for his escape with the whole complement of Bowlby and Brabston of the Imperial forces.

The province of Shensungs sustained Serib's reverses. His army was cut to pieces and a great capture made.

It is supposed the piratical junk seized by the Hong Kong authorities, was the same that plundered Amoy. The crew were imprisoned. An investigation will take place.

The Russian engine—Ingoda—this time was received at Hong Kong in March. The Portuguese authorities have seized four.

Annual report of the harbor master at Hong Kong shows a decrease in the trade of 1866.

The French consul at Bankok, Siam, sued the *Recorder* newspaper for libel. The paper was fined $100 and the King's pressure, with the review of the native troops. The case was tried in the United States Consular Court. One hundred dollars damages was awarded.

FROM NEW YORK.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 21, 1867.

THE STRANGE NEWSPAPER.

Erastus Brooks having purchased all the right, title and interest of Col. Clark, in the Sunday Mercury, and the canal law of Clark, against Jesse Brooks, having been adjudged null and void, the paper ordered to be published by Jesse Brooks, as equal proprietor.

MURDER IN BROOKLYN.

William Bishop Carr, of Brooklyn, was found murdered on the Long Island Railroad near M. T. Skidmore, of shooting him with an axe. The two men were seen together and Skeleton keys found on him indicate his intention to commit burglary.

SENATORIAL CONFIRMATIONS.

Senator Stewart, of Nevada, and Justice Field, of the supreme Court, called for California to-day.

GONE TO CANADA.

Jeff. Davis and family arrived in Montreal on the Prussian steamship.

ADMISSION CASE.

A writ of *habeas corpus* has been granted in the Prussian steamship case of Phillip Helbrick.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR IN SITU.

The suit against the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company of New Jersey, to recover a policy on the life of a gambler, with interest for eight years, has been decided by the Supreme Court of Illinois, in the defendant's favor. The company had refused payment because their agent in the city received payment of premiums after the time therefor expired.

NO ULTERIOR CONCESSION.

A circular from the Comptroller of Currency establishes the fact that no unissued convertible and registered bonds upon deposits have been made by authority of the Department.

FROM MEXICO.

Desperate Situation at the City of Mexico—Marquez Will Resist to the Last—No Quarter to be Given.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, May 21.—The *Picayune's* special correspondence, dated at Orizaba, May 3d, says the City of Mexico is surrounded by twenty thousand Liberals, and the bombardment had commenced in earnest. The garrison numbered nine thousand men, commanded by Marquez, who announced his intention to resist to the last. He had impressed all the water carriers and porters.

No officers are to receive quarter from the Liberals, unless they have been in that city long enough to have committed no crime. Marquez and Maximilian to be shot if captured.

Rumors of the surrender of Puebla the Imperialists have not over sixteen thousand men all told.

Presbyterian General Assembly, at Rochester, N. Y.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ROCHESTER, May 21.—At the general assembly of Presbyterian to-day the appeal of Silas Miller from the decision of the Illinois synod, elicited much discussion. The morning session was mostly occupied in receiving the Irish delegates, Hon. Hall and Denham. Dr. Ezra B. Adams, of Philadelphia, and Dr. Henry S. Field, of the New York *Evangelist*, were appointed delegates to the Scot. and Irish Assemblies.

Murder—Fenian Mass Meeting.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

DUNKIRK, May 21.—A murder was committed to-day, in the town of Columbus, St. Clair county, by one Hanna, a quarrel between Carey and McCall, had a quarrel of long standing, which culminated in the latter being shot in the head by Carney, who had also threatened his life.

The Fenians hold a large mass meeting tonight, when speeches will be delivered by P. J. Meehan and Colonel Wade.

The Mobile Riot.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MOBILE, May 21.—The court of inquiry ordered, convened here to investigate the riot of Monday the 13th, Col. Shepherd issues an order this evening, retaining all the present policemen. The city government will not be disturbed. The military only takes cognizance of particular cases.

Steamboat Burned.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, May 21.—A private dispatch from Lake Providence, Louisiana, says, the steamer Albert Pearce was burned near that place this morning. No particulars are given. The boat was valued at about $60,000. The Philadelphia school board left this evening for Chicago.

Indignation Meeting.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SHAWSVILLE, Mass., May 21.—An indignation meeting has been called by prominent citizens, to-morrow night, to determine what action the people will take to suppress the numerous cruelty, wanton barbarity and other barbarous outrages in public schools.

River Telegram.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette, via Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company.]

LOUISVILLE, May 21.—Weather rainy and cold. River four feet and rising slowly. No arrivals or departures.

CINCINNATI, May 21.—River rising 6½ feet in canal. Weather cold and rainy.

A BIG BEAR PUSHING.—We are informed that there is pending a match between two of the most noted trotting horses owned in this city, the race to come off over the Baxter Course, as soon after its completion as convenient. The names of the horses we are not at liberty to give at present, but the terms of the match are $1,000 a side, half forfeit, mile heats, best three in five, to wagon and in harness. Both horses have, in past seasons, shown remarkable speed and are said to have wintered well.—*Chicago Republican.*

FOREIGN ITEMS.

[TRANSLATED FOR THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.]

—The chemist, C. Poushea, of Nuremberg, has succeeded in making meerschaum out of potatoes.

—Abbe Liszt is writing a "crown mass" for the coronation of the king of Hungary, and has finished as far as instrumentation.

—We hear a number of ladies are about to set a good example to their sex, by forming a "swimming club." And quite natural too, the Duckes!—*Punch.*

—At the railroad terminus, which connects the Paris Exhibition Palace with the different depots, there arrive daily twenty-eight trains, bringing in goods for the exhibition.

—There will be created in Rome a German Academy for artists, after the French pattern. King Louis I, of Bavaria, who is still living in Rome, is patronizing this institution.

—It is a curious fact that there are an unusual number of French families in London. Their houses have been let at a substantial profit, and they wish to escape *chere* Paris for a time.

—A cargo of wheat recently passed westward through Syracuse which was originally shipped from San Francisco for France, and brought thence to New York and sent to Chicago.

—The Sculptor Gasper Schlea, in Bern, (Swiss) has invented a method to produce from a white turnip a horn like composition, which, as to its elasticity, ranks between horn and gutta percha.

—At the office of the Commission for French pictures, to be exhibited at the great fair of Paris, 500 painters have made application, but only the work of 1,600 of them has been accepted.

—A Bridgeport, Connecticut, citizen refused an increase of wages to one of his servants girls, saying, that he had already secured the privileges she enjoyed of living in a Christian family worth five dollars a month.

—William Bauer, the inventor of submarine navigation, after spending fifteen years in taking the means in view of his enterprise, will appear again before the public in the Champs Elysee, where he hopes to call his invention to a new existence.

—The Paris Figaro has seen the caricatures of the Yankees in Paris. The best represents one in a private box at the Chambre of Deputies, who says to his neighbor, "I mean to see every thing during the Exhibition, because I understand that after Mr. Thiers to make a speech, now, while I sit here."

—An unprecedented fact has occurred at the Salon of paintings at Vienna, March the 15th, but naturally enough, as small cold, the commission has completed his one hundred and five, exactly two-all paintings, which had been received this winter. Mr. Waldeck is the pupil of David and Rubens.

—The number of Roman Catholic priests amounted in Austria, in 1861, to 22,252; in Spain, in 1862, to 19,000; in Italy, in 1861, in Russia in every 96 inhabitants, in Prussia in every 1,500 inhabitants, in Italy one in 1,000. In France, one in 1,000 in Belgium, in every 1,500 inhabitants, clergymen in the northern countries. In the Lutheran State Churches of Saxony, one to every 1,500, in every 450 laymen, you find one ecclesiastic.

The Fogler Confession—A Counter Statement from Hon. Wm Montgomery.

The "confession" of Robert Fogler, executed in Washington, last week, have raised a great deal of talk and excited much comment here to-day. Many persons accept the statements of the poor wretch as perfectly reliable, and give it full credence, especially as it contains information in regard to the Dinsmore murder, but another party set down the entire statement as an ingenious lly wrought fabrication, concocted by the advisers of Fogler to injure and difficult Gen. Montgomery. Political feeling enters, to some extent, into the discussion of the matter in Washington, although the Democrats are rejected by persons of each party. Hon. William Montgomery, the father of the boy, William, James and A. A., received a letter from Robert Fogler, of Washington, in the month of Mr. Dinsmore, purporting to be a confession of the Dinsmore murder, which, in which he goes into a case and searching analysis of the Dinsmore murder, and of his own untruthfulness. Mr. Montgomery says that the letter was written by Fogler at several hands, and was gotten up for the purpose of injuring any man who had taken any friendly part for the unfortunate and guilty wretch who purports to be its author. The letter was sent to Washington, and handed him are made the subjects of special inquiry. He finds and asserts that by this means Fogler hoped to gain a pardon, and save his life. Mr. Montgomery is now in Washington, and has been engaged in the Fogler case and searching analysis of the Dinsmore murder, and of his own untruthfulness. Mr. Montgomery says that the letter was written by Fogler in regard to the statements in Fogler's confession, of his own life, and that after a protracted and jealously conducted trial, William Montgomery, the boy, Fogler's confession, that he forgives those who have injured him, and that he bears testimony they gave against him. "Yes," Mr. Montgomery says, "on mature reflection, I make it a duty to state, that those who injured themselves on the trial." Why does not Fogler give the names of those who injured his life away? This is a matter in which the Montgomery family are interested, but their names are carefully withheld.

The main points in Mr. Montgomery's statement are that the confession was composed or dictated by others, impelled thereto by personal hostility to himself and family, that the confession is totally unworthy of credit, and that the motives of Fogler in presenting to such statements, was to secure his own pardon by implicating the boy, and to that end, in order to silence him, and, at the same time, he was obeying those persons socially hostile to Mr. Montgomery, and who were instrumental in getting the confession up.

—The Pottsville *Standard* of Saturday last relates the following.

"On Friday of last week a large hardwood boiler, belonging to the Pottsville Pipe Works, belonging to the Boston and Mahoney Coal Company, which was built over a mine, suddenly sunk into the earth to a depth of seventy feet or more, by the caving in of the roof of the mine below. The boiler was the property of Mr. Wallock is the pupil of David and Rubens.

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"On Friday of last week a large hardwood boiler, belonging to the Pottsville Pipe Works, belonging to the Boston and Mahoney Coal Company, which was built over a mine, suddenly sunk into the earth to a depth of seventy feet or more, by the caving in of the roof of the mine below. The boiler was the property of Mr. Hanna moved to lay on the table. Lost.

The resolution was voted upon by ayes and nays with the following result: Yeas—Messrs. Bruner, Cutler, Dunham, Dill, Hanna, Hunter, Lauman, Lowry, McCaffrey, Means, McDonald, McNeil, Windsor, and the Speaker—19. Nays—Messrs. Bailey, Fleming, Hunter, Brennan, Smith, Slagle, and Wallace—8. So the resolution was carried, as follows:

Resolved, That the committee on Fire Engines be instructed to furnish the hose sufficient to connect the Fire Engine with the Water Works, and that the Committee on Water