The Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY, APRIL 29, 1867.

TIME'S CHANGES.

On Tuesday last, in New York, delegates were chosen to a Convention to revise the State Constitution. In the discussion which preceded the election, the principles embodied in the accomplished or pending amendments to the Federal Constitution were naturally brought under consideration, and particularly that one which respects the removal of all political disabilities from colored citizens. It was instructive to note the remarkable alteration of views manifested by some prominent and influential journals, together with the efforts they made to have it understood they had undergone no change whatever.

When President LINCOLN embraced the Emancipation Policy, the present editor of the *Commercial Advertiser* voluntarily relinquished the important position he then held, because both from principle and expediency he believed that Policy to be wrong and pernicious. He thought he foresaw all manner of mischiefs in store for the national cause, and for both races, in that sublime act of national justice. The evils he anticipated were none of them encountered, and the future, on that head, seems to be so grandly assured that even a confirmed misanthropist is ashamed to vent doleful prognostications. Now an error of judgment is not a crime, though men who pride themselves upon the possession of uncommon perspicacity are apt to hold it to be much worse. If this gentleman, in view of the failure of his predictions, had simply owned that he was mistaken, and had expressed gratification that none of the evils he feared had come upon the Republic, he would have extricated himself gracefully from the dilemma in the estimation of all honorable men. But his pride of superior consistency and wisdom would not let him do that. So he was led to beat about, assigning reasons which everybody knew were not the true reasons, and so presenting himself in an absurd and ridiculous attitude.

The *World* found itself, in consequence of the progress of events, in a still more perplexing predicament. Its hatred of Liberty for all men of all races, had been more strongly pronounced, and its special contempt of the blacks had flashed out, especially during the New York riots, like a vehement and consuming flame. But it has the advantage its venerable neighbor in possessing youth, agility and more unscrupulousness. It cares more for the jaunty air with which it wears its mantle, than for the quality of the stuff of which the garment is made. It has an easy and jocular adaptability to circumstances. It can curse or coax; treat with the most outrageous ruffian violence, or court with all the blandishments of an accomplished gallant. It regards results alone, and is not careful as to means. Hence, when it found unexpectedly one morning, that more than half a million of black men had been drawn into political array, each with a ballot in his hand, and this in States it counted on as certain to give immense democratic majorities, as soon as reconstructed, it instantly comprehended the situation, and the only remedy suited to the case, and at once took to "courting" the owners of so much power.

But the *World* was not content to do this on GOLDSMITH'S idea of "stooping to conquer," or in obedience to WEBSTER'S injunction to "conquer your prejudice," so as to perform an unwilling duty." It, too, was seized with the miserable itch of wanting to preserve a seeming consistency where none was. So it forthwith fell to work to prove, as irrefragably as round assevrations could, that it had never hated impartial Freedom, had never disliked the blacks, had never encouraged furious Irishmen to fall upon them with all the terrors of mob law, but had always been abolitionists. Of course, it had cogent reasons for not avowing its convictions. There are a great many important principles in the world, out of which arise corresponding duties. The Constitution guaranteed certain rights to slaveholders, and the obligation to see that the enjoyments of these rights was unimpeded, was as imperative as any other obligation; nay, was superior to the obligation to respect the natural but overborne right to Liberty in the blacks.

We doubt the ability of the *World* to make the blacks see the case in exactly that light. While it is not presumable they will object to the "courting" process now recommended, many of them cannot fail of having lively recollections of the harsh treatment of former years.

NEW YORK,

The Republicans have a decided majority of the Constitutional Convention chosen on Tuesday last, though a considerable number of able and upright Democrats are members of the body, and will contribute essentially to the wisdom of the deliberations and the value of the results.

The work of revising the Constitution of a Commonwealth is beyond the true sphere of political parties. It is a matter which vitally concerns all the people, and should be conducted in the interests of the whole and not of a part.

Some fault has been found because certain gentlemen, conspicuous in their respective parties, were not nominated for seats in this Convention. Because of their prominence, they were presumed to possess superior abilities and uncommon knowledge bearing upon the labor to be performed. In certain instances, these criticisms may be justified by facts, but on the whole they are entitled to little weight. A good many men attain high political positions, and hold them through long successions of years, who are ordinary men, incompetent to manage any important private enterprise with average skill. Sometimes they slip in and stay because of quarrels or jealousies between stronger men. Sometimes they win prominence by simple good nature. A natural disposition to oblige makes them general favorites. Not unfrequently they have adroitness in managing men, but incompetency in marshaling ideas. A large part of all the men in public life are not conspicuous for talent. More brains is required, and actually employed, in running the business enterprises of any considerable town, say from the size of New York to that of Pittsburgh, than is even brought together in Congress, or in any other departments of the public service. We have no faith in fossils; least of all, in the political sort.

It is most likely the Convention will provide for abolishing the election of Judges by the people. The evils have much more than counterbalanced the advantages of that method of selecting them. An attempt will certainly be made to take from the Legislature all authority in the matter of granting or amending corporate franchises. So corrupt a use has been made of this authority by representative bodies, in New York as in other States, that the only efficient means of redress seems to be in depriving them of it wholly. As another means of promoting honesty in legislation, it will be proposed to increase the numbers of the representative bodies, perhaps to the extent practiced in most of the New England States. It seems probable that all distinctions between white and black citizens will be removed.

It will be worth while for Pennsylvanians to observe the doings of this Convention with some care; for only a year or two will elapse before a Convention will be ordered here, if the people are wise and insist upon their rights.

THE INDIANS.

Many years ago, under the influence of exaggerated estimates both of the wrongs inflicted by the whites upon the aborigines of this country, and of their character and conduct, a sickly sentimentality was very generally indulged respecting them. Time and observation have disrobed these estimates of their enchantment. It has come to be the rule to judge the Indians, precisely as other people are judged, by what they are absolutely, and by what they bring to pass. Upon this basis there is little ground to commiserate their fate, for a viler set of vagabonds do not vex the earth.

When European civilization was brought hither the Indians had three courses open to them. 1. To accept it, and thus elevate themselves in the scale of being; 2. To reject it, maintaining the savage condition in which for ages they had existed; 3. To reject the virtues of the civilization with which they were brought into contact, and to adopt its vices. They did the latter, and with a will, because the vices were congenial to their nature, while the virtues they disdained found nothing with which they could assimilate.

In looking back over the history of this country since the incoming of the whites, the number of Indians who have embraced the habits of civilized life is marvellously small. As by a sort of instinct they have turned away from it, resolved not to give up their barbarism. Adding all the bad habits of base white men to their own, they have been compelled by advancing columns of superior beings to recede step by step, and have constantly diminished in numbers until they are in a fair way of reaching early extinction. It will be well for the country, and none the worse for them, when they shall entirely disappear.

Like phenomena are presented in the islands of the Pacific ocean, particularly in the Sandwich Islands. The natives, though in some instances they have been tenderly dealt with, and have adopted civilized ideas and practices in a much larger degree than the aborigines here, are certainly and swiftly approaching extinction. Indeed, the more direct their contact with civilization the more rapidly do they wither and vanish.

General HANCOCK is on an expedition against several of the Indian tribes. He has had interviews with many of their chiefs. The accounts received of these tribes all concur in representing them a lying, thieving, wandering set of scamps. The General told them, very bluntly, what he thought of them and what he meant to do with them in case they did not give satisfactory assurances of future good conduct. What reliable assurances they can give is to us inexplicable.

MR. ERASTUS BROOKS, of the New York *Express*, has just returned from a Southern tour, and gives his readers some account of what he saw and heard as to the course pursued by the blacks. He says:

"All realize that, now that the negro is free, he must be educated as far as possible. The leading men of the South advocated this, and welcome all aid and encouragement to secure this end. The negro is much more tractable this year than last. He labors better in the field and better in the workshops. He is content either with a division of profits upon the farm or fair monthly wages on the road. In many things, it is true, he is mere child, and weaker than a child, in his dandyism and foppery; and this is particularly true of the young women, who are in danger of spending a year's earnings in a week or a day, unless well advised and controlled. But everywhere in Virginia, in Tennessee, in Georgia, and South Carolina, one hears of improvement, such as better culture in the field, better regard for contracts, and that sense of self-reliance which was not felt at all one year after the war."

This is testimony from a witness whose views, if he has any, is against the blacks. But it is confirmed abundantly by all sorts of deponents. Indeed, the improvement of the blacks, their general good conduct, and industrious deportment, seems to be affirmed by unanimous consent.

It cannot be denied that the mass of the Southern blacks, through no fault of their own, are ignorant and debased. Under the system of Slavery they were treated as little better than brutes, valuable mainly, if not exclusively, for the work that could be forced out of them. Some of the household servants were on a better footing; but these were few in comparison with the whole. It is a work of serious magnitude to transform these millions into intelligent citizens, fully competent to participate in all the functions of government. But it will be done.

Mr. BROOKS states that the whites now realize that the blacks must be educated. This is a most important advantage resulting from giving the blacks the ballot. Under Slavery it was a penitentiary offence to teach a black to read. It followed necessarily that their industry was of the ruder sort. The masters did not dare trust them with education enough for success in the higher employment. Now they will be educated; their industry diversified and rendered more valuable to themselves and the nation; and a marked general improvement may reasonably be anticipated.

Nor are the blacks behind in the disposition to acquire education. The testimony is unbroken that they are intent on learning, and bid fair to completely distance the poor whites.

—A California paper thinks in fifty years from now there will be as much trade and ship-building in Puget Sound as as on the coast of Maine.

—A young married couple leaving Cleveland on a bridal tour, were so happy that they forgot their baggage.

—The name of the to be new Brazilian minister is Senor Dr Domingos Jose Goncalves de Magilhaes.

—The editor of an Ohio country paper says "last week we received forty new subscribers and a baby."

—The peach crop of Illinois promises to be large this season.

—A Wisconsin lady has a beard two inches in length.

—Parton says he made $2,000 by his Life of Greeley.

—The theatrical receipts in Chicago for the first quarter of 1867 were $74,000. The last season Ristori averaged $3,500 for each performance.

—The Chicago City Council have passed an ordinance authorizing the issue of $7,000,000 of water bonds.

—San Francisco has a breach of promise case in which $100,000 is wanted by a pretty widow.

—The St. Paul *Press* says that the cars are filled with emigrants for Minnesota.

—Troops are moving up the Missouri to garrison the frontier posts.

WANT SUPPLIED.

London Ale, Bottled Ales, London Porter, Brown Stout. To get genuine imported London Ale, Porter or Brown Stout, has been almost an impossibility in this city, notwithstanding that there are few tonics more suitable for weakly persons and invalids. The want has at length been supplied. A large assortment of the finest brands, comprising Barclay & Perkins' London Stout, Bass & Co.'s Pale Ale, Campbell's Scotch Ale, etc., just received at JOSEPH FLEMING'S DRUG STORE, No. 84 Market street, and is sold by the case or single bottle, at the lowest rates. Also, a complete stock of the finest Liquors for medicinal purposes, and Campbell's Sparkling Ale, the finest article in use. Remember the place.

JOSEPH FLEMING'S
DRUG AND PATENT MEDICINE DEPOT,
apl7:tf No. 84 Market street.

GRAY HAIR, BALDNESS, SAND-DUFF, ANY DISEASE OF THE SCALP, NO DISCOVERY CAN COMPARE WITH LAMAN'S HAIR COLOR RESTORER AND DRESSING.

"London	Our Best	Hair Color Restorer."
"London		Hair Color Restorer."
"London	Physicians	Hair Color Restorer."
"London		Hair Color Restorer."
"London	Use and	Hair Color Restorer."
"London		Hair Color Restorer."
"London	Recommend it.	Hair Color Restorer."

It never fails to impart life, growth, and vigor to the weakest hair, fastens and stops its falling, and is sure to produce a new growth of hair, causing it to grow thick and strong. Only 75 cents a bottle, or the half dozen.

Sold by McLARAN & McKENNAN, 95 Market street, GEO. A. KELLY, 37 Wood st., and JOS. FLEMING, 84 Market street, Pittsburgh. KANE & DRUITT, Allegheny.
apl8:DGW&W

GIVE NATURE A LIFT.

People expect too much of Nature. They trifle with their health and their constitutions, and then are surprised that they fail sick.

The pressure of constant mental or bodily labor, upon the animal powers, is tremendous. Very few systems and constitutions can bear up against this pressure unassisted. And to this the unhealthy influences which lurk unseen in the air we breathe, the water we drink, the lassitude produced at this season by the change from the rigor of Winter to the warmth of Spring, and it would seem to require almost superhuman vigor to keep in perfect health without reinforcing the physical energies.

But how reinforce them? Certainly not with adulterated stimulants. There is no poison in the outer air, or in the atmosphere of furnace-heated rooms, of work-shops, or factories, so pernicious as those deadly-burning fluids. We use them, when HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, a vegetable tonic without alloy, are everywhere obtainable? Nothing has ever been offered to the feeble and debilitate so harmless in its manner, so powerful in its invigorating effects, as this celebrated

STOMACHIC AND ALTERATIVE.

In the army and the navy in new settlements, and in crowded cities, by old and young, rich and poor, it is used as a PROTECTIVE AND RESTORATIVE MEDICINE, with most gratifying results.

PINE'S CANADENSIS.

A tree which is abundant in Canada, Nova Scotia, and the more northern parts of the New England States, and is also found in the elevated and mountainous regions of the Middle States, and abounds in medicinal virtues. Dr. Swett, of Boston, has prepared a medicine from the sweet inside bark of the pine tree, called POLAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND, which is one of rare value in all debilitated states of the kidneys. It acts like a charm in all diseases of mucous membranes, enabling them to regain their lost tone and energy. It will be found well adapted to all those diseases, where Buchu has been tried and failed. It is likewise well suited to chronic coughs, and an infallible specific for old and debilitated cases of asthma. Many persons who at first only took a bottle of this medicine, to try it, afterwards came back and got a dozen, or half dozen, which affected radical cures of prostration of the bladder and kidneys, of years standing.

Diabetes, a disease that has been looked upon as among the incurables, is immediately relieved by it. Everything leaves Pittsburgh at 12:30 p. m. published some time ago.

The Patent Medicine *Correspondent*, speaking of the pine, says: "It is prescribed in leucorrhœa, fever, and ague, and in all those cases requiring in pine and chronic inflammation of secretion of the bowels, in chronic mucous affections, and in various forms of rheumatism." It is exceedingly valuable in all scrofulous affections, bloody urine, and wherever there is red and white sediment. It can be taken without interruption to one's usual avocations; and instead of sickening, it produces a healthy appetite, increased vigor and elear. Price, $1 per bottle; six for $5. Ask for POLAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND. For sale by the gross, dozen or single bottle, at DR. SWETT'S Great Medicine store, 149 Wood street.
apl0

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is authorized agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Sharpsburg & Lawrenceville Bridge Company will be held at the Toll House, at the North end of said Bridge, on Monday, the 6th day of May next, between the hours of 10 o'clock & 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors of said Company for the ensuing year.

JAMES S. CRAIG, Pres't.
apl20:jy24 PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY CO., OFFICE OF THE PRES'T, Pittsburgh, Pa., Apr 1st, 1867.

PURSUANT TO A RESOLUTION passed at a meeting of the Stockholders and Bondholders of this Company, held at Pittsburgh, March 26, 1867, notice is hereby given that an adjourned meeting of the shareholders will be held at Pittsburgh,

MAY 25th, proximo, at 12 M.,

To consider such detailed estimates as may be submitted by the Board of Directors for additional equipment and permanent improvements to be made to the Railway, and also to determine upon the question of increasing the capital stock, for the purpose of raising the necessary means for paying for such equipment and improvements.

JAMES N. CRAFT,
Chairman of Stockholders' Meeting.
GEORGE W. CASS,
apl20:jy24 President.

THE FORTY-NINTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE YOUNG MEN'S BIBLE SOCIETY, OF PITTSBURGH, WILL BE HELD IN THE FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, FOURTH ST., On Monday Evening, April 29th, at 7 1-2 o'clock.

ORDER OF EXERCISES:

CHANT.
Reading of Scripture.....Rev. S. P. Scovel.
Prayer.....Rev. H. Miller.
Reading of Corresponding Secretary's Report.
Reading of Treasurer's Report.
Reading of Librarian's Report.
Address.....Rev. Alex. Clark.
Singing—12th Psalm, 7th, 8th, 10 & 11th verses.
Address.....Rev. A. M. Milligan.
Report of Committee on Nomination of New Board of Managers and action on reports.
Singing—Doxology.
Benediction.....Rev. J. S. Dickerson.
apl20:jy20

ORDINANCE creating the office of Assistant Street Commissioner.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same*, That immediately after the passage of this ordinance, the Select and Common councils shall proceed to elect an Assistant street Commissioner. Said office of Assistant street Commissioner shall be filled annually, at the same time and manner in which the City officers are elected.

SEC. 2. The salary of said is hereby fixed at six hundred dollars per annum.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 23d day of April, A. D. 1867.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of the Select Council.
Attest: D. MACFERRON,
Clerk of the Select Council.
JOHN H. RIDDLE,
President of the Common Council.
Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of the Common Council.
apl12:oo

MEDICATED PAPER.

LEGAL, LETTER CAP,
COMMERCIAL NOTE, and
MANILLA WRAPPING PAPERS,
For sale by
W. S. HAVEN,
Corner Wood and Third sts.
apl7:1y9

STABLING TO RENT.
Twenty-five Stalls,
On Third street, near Wood. Enquire of
J. C. BUFFUM & CO.,
apl7:1y5 22 and 24 Market street.

A CLEAR, SMOOTH SKIN and A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION follow the use of HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA. It removes blotches, pimples and all eruptions of the skin. apl5:MWF

DRY PEACHES.
200 sacks quarters and halves, mixed;
50 do halves;
5 do peaches, in store, for sale by
apl23 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

PEANUTS—108 sks. now landing from steamer Grey Eagle, for sale by
apl23 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

LARD OIL—10 bbls. No. 1 to arrive on steamer Argosy, for sale by
apl23 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is the *Great Blood Purifier*. apl5:MWF

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HIGHEST MARKET RATES
PAID FOR
MAY AND JULY COUPONS,
AT
JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,
Bankers,
Cor. Fourth & Wood Sts.
apl2:1y39

SIGN—ENGINE IN THE WINDOW.

DIMINISHED PRICES OF
CANNED FRUITS.
Extra Quality, Elegant in Flavor.

PEACHES, quart cans	45c.
TOMATOES	25
LIMA BEANS	50
ASPARAGUS	60
PINE APPLE, 2 lb. cans	40
PEARS	30
DAMSON PLUMS	30
GREEN PEAS	30
STRING BEANS	30

All Warranted the Perfection of Fruit.

SHIELDS & BOUCHER,
108 Smithfield Street,
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.
NOW READY.
THE MERCANTILE AGENCY,
UNITED STATES
BUSINESS DIRECTORY,
FOR 1867.

This work is now ready for delivery. It is designed to meet a long felt, namely, a CLASSIFIED LIST of the different branches of Trade in all parts of the United States. The Work is a complete Business Directory of

NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO, PITTSBURGH, NEW ORLEANS, SAN FRANCISCO, CHARLESTON, RICHMOND, MEMPHIS,
AND OVER EIGHTY OTHER CITIES,

Together with every locality of any moment in the whole Union. It is a beautiful printed quarto, 400 pages, Bourgeoisie type, well bound, and can hardly fail to be useful to the mercantile community.

Price, - - - - - $20.00.

Orders received by the Publishers,
R. G. DUN & CO.,
apl2:jy23 Corner Fourth and Wood streets.

TO THE PUBLIC.

OFFICE OF THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY, Pittsburgh, April 24th, 1867.

Frequent inquiry being made as to what points we are prepared to send dispatches at reduced rates under the system of "Night Messages" introduced by this Company, the following list of the

Principal Cities on the Western Union Lines,

To which messages may be sent, is published for the information of the public:

BOSTON,	DETROIT,	
NEW YORK,	TOLEDO,	
PHILADELPHIA,	CLEVELAND,	
BALTIMORE,	INDIANAPOLIS,	
WASHINGTON,	COLUMBUS,	
CINCINNATI,	BUFFALO,	
ST. LOUIS,	ALBANY,	
CHICAGO,	LOUISVILLE,	
MILWAUKEE,	RICHMOND,	
MONTGOMERY,	WILMINGTON, N. C.,	
MEMPHIS,	AUGUSTA,	
NEW ORLEANS,	MOBILE.	
OIL CITY.		

SAMUEL C. GILSON, Manager.
apl20:jy24

Pittsburgh Importing House.
ESTABLISHED 1836.
SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,
IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN
WINES AND LIQUORS,
No. 400 Penn Street,
PITTSBURGH,

Would direct the attention of the public to the fact that, possessing superior facilities through several large wine and liquor houses in Europe, and making their importations direct, they are enabled to offer the various grades of choice Wines and Liquors at prices less than East prices. Examination of qualities and comparison of prices respectfully solicited.

A choice assortment of PURE OLD RYE WHISKEY constantly on hand. apl7:y56

To Bricklayers and Carpenters
PROPOSALS ARE INVITED
until TUESDAY, May 7th, at 4 o'clock P. M., for the BRICK and CARPENTER WORK required in the erection of a new School House in the Seventh Ward, Pittsburgh.

Plans and specifications are ready for examination at the office of the Architects, BAIRD & MUSER, Nos. 2 and 4 St. Clair street.

Bids to be sealed and left with any of the undersigned.

M. K. MOORHEAD,
JAMES ROSS,
ALBERT A. MOORE.
apl7:y16

ALL PARTIES INTERESTED in STEAM PUMPS are invited to call at the store of BAILEY, FARRELL & CO., No. 107 Smithfield street, and see, IN OPERATION, the latest, best and cheapest of these popular machines.

The Rodier Patent,
Manufactured by the Easthampton Pump and Engine Company.

SAMUEL WILLISTON, Pres't.
JAMES SUTHERLAND, Treas.
LOUIS C. RODIER, Sup't.
J. B. GARDINER, General Agent, Springfield, Mass.
apl7:y85

W. WETTACH.....A. S. MEASON.
WETTACH & MEASON,
Manufacturers of every description of
Leather Belting,
Dealers in BELT AND LACE LEATHER.
No. 204 SMITHFIELD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.
apl7:y10

NOTICE.—All persons indebted for Gas and Steam Fittings, or otherwise, to M. McTYEN & CO., are notified to make payment to myself alone, and not to pay any money on account of said firm to any other person or persons whomsoever.

HENRY KIRKPATRICK,
Of M. McTyeen & Co.
apl7:y10

BOARDING.—A beautiful front Room to let, to a gentleman and wife; one plesant room for single gentleman, with or without board. Also, a few day boarders, in a respectable private house. Apply at
apl7:1y22 No. 173 GRANT STREET.

FOR SALE.
A HOUSE AND LOT,
On Carson street, East Birmingham, in a good location. Address,
apl7:y71 BOX 211, BUCHANAN P. O.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MONUMENTAL FAIR—As it has been represented that there is but one Company from Allegheny going to compete for

THE PRIZE HOSE CARRIAGE,

We hereby announce to our friends and the public that such a statement is not true, as we intend competing.

apl20:jy21 FRIENDSHIP FIRE COMPANY.

ALBREE'S SHOE STORE, No. 56, S. E. corner of Market street and Diamond, has received a selected assortment of all kinds of

Boots, Gaiters & Balmorals,

For gentlemen, Ladies and children. These are seasonable goods, of the best materials and workmanship and are offered for sale at low prices.

apl20:jy21

HOPE ENGINE HOUSE, April 24th, 1867.

SOLDIERS' MONUMENTAL
FAIR.

The friends of the HOPE FIRE COMPANY are hereby notified that the HOPE intends to compete for the

PRIZE HOSE CARRIAGE,

Notwithstanding the misrepresentations of another Company.

HOPE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
apl20:jy21

FOR SALE.
Two 35-Barrel OIL STILLS,
AS GOOD AS NEW
ONE CAMERON BLAST PUMP,
12 INCH CYLINDER.
For particulars call, or address,
WOOLDRIDGE OIL REFINING CO.,
apl7:y35 No. 2 DUQUESNE WAY.

BLACK SILK SACQUES,
FANCY CLOTH SACQUES,
NEW STYLES, AT
VERY LOW PRICES,
FOR SALE BY
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 Fifth Street.
apl20:x60

1867. 1867.
THE PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R. AND CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.

Trains arrive and leave at the Union Depot, as follows: LEAVE. ARRIVE.

Chicago Ex	2:00 a m	Chicago Ex	3:30 a m
Cleveland Ex	2:00 a m	Cleveland Ex	3:30 a m
Erie & Yngst'n Ex	8:00 a m	Chicago Ex	10:40 p m
Cl. & Wbg. Mail	8:15 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:45 a m
Chicago Ex	8:45 a m	Cl. & Wbg. Ex	8:00 p m
Chicago Mail	2:30 a m	Chicago Ex	3:00 p m
Cl. & Wbg. Ex	2:00 a m	Erie & Yngst'n Ex	6:40 p m
Chicago Ex	2:15 p m	Chic. Ex	9:30 p m
Wheeling Ex	6:25 p m	Cl. & Wbg. Ex	8:30 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
N. Brighton Ac	4:45 a m	N. Brighton Ac	6:50 a m
Accommod'n	10:00 a m	Accommod'n	8:20 a m
"	11:45 a m	Wellsville	11:30 a m
Rochester "	3:00 p m	Rochester "	10:00 a m
Wellsv'n Cons'n	3:00 p m	Leetsdale	11:30 a m
Leetsdale Accom'd	6:30 p m	"	6:30 p m
N. Brighton "	6:30 p m	N. Brighton	8:05 a m
N. Brig. "	8:15 p m	Chicago	2:00 a m
Leetsdale "	10:30 p m		

Sundays excepted. Sundays only. 10:45 a. m. Chicago and Cleveland Express daily.

F. R. MYERS, General Ticket Agt.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.

On and after April 8th, 1867, Trains arrive at and depart from the Union Depot, foot of Washington and Liberty sts., as follows:

ARRIVE.		DEPART.	
Mail Train	1:20 a m	Day Express	8:00 a m
Fast Line	3:00 a m	Wall's No. 1	6:30 a m
Wall's No. 1	4:20 a m	Mail Train	8:00 a m
Pacific Ex. No. 1	8:00 a m	Wall's No. 5	9:00 a m
Wall's No. 5	9:00 a m	Cincin'ti Ex	11:45 a m
Cincinnati Ex	3:00 p m	Wall's No. 7	12:00 m
Johnstown Accom	3:00 p m	Johnstown Ac.	3:00 p m
Wall's No. 7	3:00 p m	Wall's No. 3	3:30 p m
Phila. Express	4:00 p m	Phila. Ex	4:45 p m
Wall's No. 3	10:00 p m	Pacific Ex.	7:00 p m
Wall's No. 9	3:00 a m	Wall's No. 9	6:05 p m
Wall's No. 11	7:00 p m	Mail Line	11:00 p m
Altoona Accom		Wall's No. 11	10:50 p m
and Express	10:35 p m		
Cincinnati Express leaves daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

Philadelphia Express and the Altoona Accommodation and Kittanning Train arrive daily. Cincinnati Express arrives daily except Monday. All other trains daily except Sunday.

The Church Train leaves Wall's station every Sunday at 9 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at half 9 a. m. Returning leaves Pittsburgh at 12:30 p. m. and arrives at Wall's Station at 3:30 p. m.

Notice—On and after 30th, the Kittanning R. R. Company will hold themselves responsible for various baggage only, and for an amount not exceeding $100.

apl2 W. H. BRICKWITH, Agent.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—On and after April 24th, 1867, the Passenger Trains of the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and depart from the Allegheny Station, Pittsburgh, as follows:

ARRIVE.		DEPART.	
Springdale Acc'd	8:30 A. M.	Mail	7:00 A. M.
Freeport Acc'd	10:45 A. M.	Springdale Acc'd	7:30 A. M.
Kittanning No. 1	12:30 P. M.	Freeport Acc'd	10:00 A. M.
Mail	3:00 P. M.	Mail	12:00 M.
Freeport No. 2	4:30 P. M.	Kittanning No. 1	1:00 P. M.
Springdale No. 2	7:00 P. M.	Express	3:00 P. M.
Mail	8:30 P. M.	Freeport No. 2	4:15 P. M.
Kittanning No. 3	11:00 P. M.	Springdale No. 3	6:00 P. M.
Springdale No. 3	7:00 A. M.	Kittanning No. 3	11:00 P. M.

All trains except Mail and Express daily.

The Church Train will leave Allegheny Junction at 7:40 a. m., and arrive at the Allegheny City at 8:30 a. m. and return leaves Allegheny City at 5:30 p. m. and arrives at Allegheny Junction at 6:20 p. m.

Commutation Tickets—For sale in packages of twenty, between Allegheny City, Pittsburgh street, Herrs, Bennett, Pine Creek, Kittanning and Freeport, and good for one or two of any number stopping at Stations specified on tickets.

Through Tickets to Cincinnati and Harrisburg may be purchased at Walker's Slate Office, No. 110, Liberty street, and at the Depot office, Pittsburgh, and at the Depot, Allegheny City.

The Pennsylvania Railroad will not assume any risk for baggage, except for Wearing Apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All baggage exceeding this amount will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.

For further information apply at the Ticket Office.

JAMES LEPPERT, Agent,
Federal Street Depot, Allegheny.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI R. R.

PAN HANDLE ROUTE.

On and after SUNDAY, April 28th, 1867, trains will leave and arrive at Union Depot, as follows:

PITTSBURGH TIME.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Fast Line	3:00 A. M.	10:55 P. M.
Express	3:00 A. M.	10:55 P. M.
Mail	3:00 A. M.	10:55 P. M.
Mail	12:00 P. M.	9:45 P. M.
Mt. Pleasant Accom'd	3:00 P. M.	12:00 M.
Express	3:00 P. M.	12:00 M.
McDonald	6:00 P. M.	9:30 A. M.

SAVING 60 MILES DISTANCE. 4 HOURS TIME, and 2 CHANGES OF CARS.

No change of cars between Pittsburgh and Cincinnati, and but ONE change to St. Louis Cairo, and the principal points West and South of Ohio.

When purchasing Tickets be sure and find the office of the

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI R. R

Union Depot, (south side.)

M. D. MOTHERSPAUGH, Ticket Agent.
A. S. MUSIL, General Ticket Agent.
JOHN H. MILLER, G. E. Agent.
apl3

PROPOSALS.

NEW JAIL.

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE, BUTLER, Pa., April 25th, 1867.

WE WILL RECEIVE SEALED PROPOSALS in this office up to MAY 10, 1867, for the building of a new JAIL, to be built in Butler. Persons wishing to bid can see the plan and specification in this office, any time after the 27th of April. The Mason and Carpenter work will be given in different contracts.

A. G. CLIBURNE,
WILLIAM DICK,
J. W. BRANDON,
Commissioners.
apl27:y21

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style of A. J. BAKER & CO., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, the entire interest of A. J. BAKER having been purchased by SAMUEL L. CONNELL, who will continue the Tailoring Business at the old stand, No. 338 SMITHFIELD STREET. All debts due to the late firm will be received by the said S. L. CONNELL, and all demands against the same will be presented to and settled by him.

A. J. AKER,
S. L. CONNELL.

Pittsburgh, April 12, 1867.

Having sold my interest in the CLOTHING BUSINESS to SAMUEL L. CONNELL, who will continue the business at the old stand, I do cheerfully recommend him to our former patrons and the public generally.

A. J. BAKER.

JARED M. BRUSH.....EDMUND D. BRUSH.

JARED M. BRUSH & SON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks, Sheet Iron Works, &c.
No 61 Penn Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
apl7:y24

OFFICE OF RECORDING REGULATOR, Pittsburgh, April 24th, 1867.

THE ASSESSMENT FOR THE Grading, Paving and Curbing of Pennsylvania Avenue, From Bloomfield to Jommonville streets, are now ready for examination in this office, West Market House, where they will remain until MONDAY, May 6th, when they will be placed in the City Treasurer's Office for collection.

H. J. MOORE,
Recording Regulator.
apl24:y4

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GREAT SALE,
FOR ONE WEEK,
AT
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
BY
J. W. BARKER & CO.,
59 Market Street.

Read The Prices:

For this occasion we will make the following reductions:

Shirting Muslins reduced from 20 to 12c.
Shirting Muslins reduced from 25 to 18c.
Shirting Muslins reduced from 33 to 25c.
4-4, 5-4, 6-4, 7-4, 10-4 and 12-4 Pillow Cases and Sheeting cheap in proportion.

ALSO,

Unbleached Muslins, all widths.
Tickings, all widths.
Checks, all widths.
Table Linens, all widths.
Towels, all sizes.
Quilts, white and colored, all sizes.

PRINTS.

Reduced from 16 and 18c. to 12c.
Reduced from 20 to 15c.
De Laines from 25 to 20c.
Ginghams from 25 to 18c.
Ginghams from 20 to 16c.

DRESS GOODS.

Organdies, Jaconets, Lawns, Percales, Marseilles, French Gingham, together with an entire assortment of French, British and Domestic fabrics, in double and single width, in almost infinite variety, reduced as low as 12½, 18½ and 25c. per yard. The lighter grades cheap in proportion; many of them are as low as before the war.

SILKS.

An immense stock, and unusual variety, for EVENING, STREET AND CARRIAGE DRESSES.

The prices may be judged from the following:

Black reduced from $1.25 to $1.00.
Black 2-4 wide, reduced from $1.50 to $1.25.
Black velvet, double face, reduced from $1.50 to $1.25.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK,
For One Week,
AT UNRESERVED SALE.

TEAS AND SUGARS.

GOOD COOKING SUGAR,	10 lbs. for	$1 00
" TABLE	" 8 "	1 00
FINE TABLE	" 7 "	1 00
BEST EXTRA C	" 7 "	1 00

TEAS.

Another large lot of FRESH TEA, of last cargoes,

Direct from China and Japan,

For ships Constantine, Hoolin Castle, J. E. Stevens, corresponding cheap GOOD AND CHEAP in the way of Teas, at about

20 Cents Below the Common Prices,

ARTHUR KIRK,
172 & 174 Federal street,
ALLEGHENY.
mh30:y19

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
SEALED PROPOSALS
Will be received by the undersigned until
Tuesday, April 30th, 1867,
For Grading, Curbing and Paving the following Streets and Alleys, in the Borough of Allegheny, viz, namely: Beltzhoover alley, from Muriel to Mary's Avenue, in Beltzhoover; Muriel to Darlington street; Foster street, from Boundary street to Wainwright street, and Boundary street, from Foster street to Allen street to its junction with Foster street, and Allen street, from Boundary to Foster street.

Profiles and specifications of the work to be executed can be seen, and a necessary information obtained on application to

JAMES A. DEVLIN,
Borough Regulator.

At Real Estate and Insurance office of Devlin & Bell, Butler street, near Bellefonte station, Lawrenceville.
apl20:y7

AT SCHMERTZ & CO.'S,
31 FIFTH STREET,
All styles of Ladies', Mis