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VOLUME LXXXII.—NO. 90. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, APRIL 18, 1867. PRICE THREE CENTS.

CITY ITEMS.

Dentistry,
At 216 Penn street, Drs. Sill & Gillespie.

Silver Plated Ware.
Early next week, at Masonic Hall Auction Rooms, 55 and 57 Fifth street, will be sold peremptorily and without reserve, a large and elegant assortment of magnificent Silver Plated Ware. The stock comprises the largest variety ever offered in this city, and is of the best quality and workmanship, from one of the largest Eastern manufactories. As the wares are all first quality and heavy plate, parties desiring to purchase should not fail to attend this sale, due notice of which will be given through our columns.

See Advertisement
Of Gardner & Stewart's, on first page, in to-day's *Gazette*.

Furniture and Household Goods at Auction.
The special attention of readers is called to the sale of furniture, new carpets and household goods, to be held by Smithson, Palmer & Co., at their Mammoth Auction House, 55 and 57 Fifth street, this morning, at half past nine o'clock, on household goods; continuing at half-past one o'clock on new carpets and furniture; also several family sewing machines and large plate mirrors. Housekeepers will find it to their advantage to attend this sale.

Hats and Caps.
Mr. Fleming, No. 139 Wood street, has just received a large supply of Hats and Caps of all the latest styles, consisting of Gent's fine silk and cassimere Hats, Gent's fine French felt Hats, Mens', Boy's and Children's Hats and Caps; also a large assortment of Ladies' Hats, trimmed and untrimmed, all of which will be sold at low figures. Those wanting anything in the above line will call at Mr. Fleming's extensive Hat and Cap House, No. 139 Wood street.

See Advertisement
Of Gardner & Stewart's, on first page, in to-day's *Gazette*.

Eight Hundred Dozen Canned Fruits, Vegetables and Oysters at Auction.
The special attention of dealers, hotel, boarding-house and restaurant keepers, and families, is called to this sale by Smithson, Palmer & Co., 55 and 57 Fifth street, on Friday morning, April 19th, at 10 o'clock, as the goods are warranted fresh, sound, and in clean packages, and will be sold in quantities to suit. See advertisement for particulars.

Go to the Continental Saloon.
The best conducted and cleanliest Restaurant and Dining Rooms in the city, for a meal fit for a king, at the most reasonable of prices. Holtzheimer knows how to cater to the hungry millions, and it is no wonder that the Continental, next door to the Post-office, has such an enormous patronage.

Dry Goods.
To retailers of Dry Goods we offer great inducements, having a full stock which we sell at the lowest eastern cash prices and cut goods in any length at the piece price.
J. W. BARNES & CO.,
59 Market street.

See Advertisement
Of Gardner & Stewart's, on first page, in to-day's *Gazette*.

Just Received.
A fresh supply of Crosse and Blackwell's Lemons, Pickles and Mustard. Also very choice Layer Raisins, Imperial and Turkey Prunes, Smyrna Figs, &c., &c., will be sold at the lowest market price, at No. 112 Federal street, Allegheny.

Cool Ales—Sparkling Wines.
Call in at Holtzheimer's popular Continental Saloon, next door to the Post Office on Fifth street, for a glass of good old ale or sparkling Catawba wine.

Buy for Cash
And sell for cash, consequently buy cheap and of course can afford to sell cheap—don't you see.
OPERA HOUSE SHOE STORE.

Will Sell You
A good pair of Morocco Congress Silk Gore Gaiters, stylish article, for one dollar a pair.
OPERA HOUSE SHOE STORE.

See Advertisement
Of Gardner & Stewart's, on first page, in to-day's *Gazette*.

Seasonable Boots and Shoes
At unprofitable prices to some, in fact, many dealers, at the Opera House Shoe Store.

Empty Shoe Cases
For sale; cellar is full of them.
OPERA HOUSE SHOE STORE.

New Goods
For sale; store is full of them.
OPERA HOUSE SHOE STORE.

Gents Calf Boots,
Best assortment in the city.
OPERA HOUSE SHOE STORE.

See Advertisement
Of Gardner & Stewart's, on first page, in to-day's *Gazette*.

Pure Drugs!
Pure Drugs!! Pure Drugs!! Pure Drugs!!! at Kain & Drull's, Allegheny.

You Can Buy
Foreign Liquors of all kinds at Joseph S. Finch's Distillery, No. 129, 131, 133 and 135 Water street.

See Advertisement
Of Gardner & Stewart's, on first page, in to-day's *Gazette*.

You Can Buy
98 per cent. Alcohol at Joseph S. Finch's.

You Can Buy
New Hops at Joseph S. Finch's.

The intention to file a petition against the reconstruction act, on behalf of Arkansas, has been abandoned, the Governor of that State thinking an adverse decision would result unfavorably to the interests of his constituents. Mr. Charles O'Connor expresses himself as thoroughly satisfied that an injunction will be issued to restrain the execution of the reconstruction measures, as against the parties embraced by the Georgia bill, and declares that the Court cannot evade the question without disgrace. The Southern States have the same constitutional status as before the war; that to maintain that status was the object of the war, as repeatedly resolved by Congress itself, and it is as idle for any person or power now to ignore that fact, as it would be to question the result. On the other hand, Mr. Caleb Cushing advances the opinion that the injunction cannot issue against the Secretary of War any more than it can against the President himself, because the official acts of that Secretary are the executive acts of the President, and the Secretary is the executive agent of the President. Hence it is, that the Courts have always held that writs of mandamus will not lie to compel the heads of any Executive Department to do any act, the performance of which is within their official discretion.

The arrest in the case of Joseph R. Stewart, Daniel Drew, and Fisk & Dalden, for alleged fraud in connection with the Erie Railroad stock "pools," was vacated on Tuesday by Judge Barnard, of the New York Supreme Court, on the ground that one partner cannot obtain an order of arrest against his co-partner for failure to pay over his share of the profits, and that the plaintiff's remedy is by an action for non-accounting. The condition is also stipulated that the defendants are not to sue the plaintiff.

The vote of the Chicago municipal election, on Tuesday, was less than 20,000. The Republican candidate for Mayor was elected by a majority of 3,833, and the Council stands twenty-four Republicans and eight Democrats.

FIRST EDITION.

ONE O'CLOCK, A. M.

WASHINGTON.

The Tenure of Office.

CORRESPONDENCE ON THE SUBJECT.

Government Depository Robbed.

GEORGIA INJUNCTION CASE.

Gov. Morton Addresses the Colored People.

MILITARY PROMOTIONS AND APPOINTMENTS CONFIRMED.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)
WASHINGTON, April 17, 1867.

THE TENURE OF OFFICE MATTER.

The President to-day replied to the resolution of the Senate calling for copies of any official opinions which have been given by the Attorney General, the Solicitor of the Treasury or any other officer of the Government, on the interpretation of the act of Congress regulating the tenure of office, especially in regard to the appointments by the President during the recess of Congress. This resolution having been referred to the Secretary of the Interior, Secretary of State, Secretary of War, Attorney General and Postmaster General, they, severally, report they have given no opinion upon the subject. The Secretary of the Treasury, however, in his reply submits a transcript of a letter addressed by him to the Solicitor of that department together with his reply.

These contain all the information he has on the subject. Secretary McCulloch writes to the Solicitor March 24: In view of the possibility that the commissions of the chief officers of customs at the several ports may, within a few days, expire by Constitutional limitation, before successors have been appointed, I have the honor to request your opinion as to what legal provisions exists for the performance of the duties of officers of Collector, Naval Officer and Surveyors, during the time one or more of them are vacant, after the expiration of the commissions of the present incumbents, and in view of the imminence of the emergency, I would request the favor of an early reply.

The Solicitor of the Treasury, on the 1th of March, replies that, no mention or provision has been made by Congress on the subject. As first view it would seem to be a casus omissus, and the offices would remain vacant, or in abeyance, until new appointments could be made. It would, however, be a public calamity. Such offices must, as a matter of necessity, be filled by filling the duties are to be performed day by day, and are different from most other offices in this respect. In view of this fact it is not to be presumed that Congress intended to omit a provision for such the exigency, but, on the other hand, considered such a provision unnecessary. In many cases the law provides in terms that an officer once appointed shall hold office until a successor be qualified, but no express provision of that kind is made here. Again, at common law, certain offices were held from necessity to hold over in this manner. In this has not, in fact, been the usage of our government in relation to the offices in question. The act of March 3d, 1857, empowered collectors, with the approbation of the Secretary, to appoint deputies, and declared such deputies should be officers of Customs (2 Statutes, 171). A deputy is in law but the shadow of his principal, as a general rule, and his tenure of office ceases with that of the Collector. The act alluded to, however, seems to change the general rule to a certain extent, and make the deputy office a distinct one, in some respects at least. It may be Congress intended to shield act in the exigency in question. I am, by no means, clear on the point, yet, in view of any other provision, and in view of the public necessity, I recommend that you authorize the special deputy Collector to act. But the same reasoning does not strictly apply to the deputy Naval Officers and Surveyors, whose respective commissions have expired; but, conversing in nature the same rule, and in the absence of other provisions I think you may be warranted following it. I have the honor to be,
(Signed.) EDWARD JOURDAN,
Solicitor of the Treasury.
Hon. H. McCULLOCH,
Secretary of Treasury.

EX-GOV. JOHNSTON'S CASE.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
SOLICITOR'S OFFICE, March 16, 1867.

SIR: I have received through Mr. Creery your verbal request for my opinion on certain questions relating to the office of Collector of Customs at Philadelphia. It appears that Mr. Johnston received from the President a temporary appointment during the recess prior to the last session of the Senate, and a nomination for a permanent appointment during the session, which nomination was rejected. So Mr. Johnston's term expired at the end of the session, whereupon, no other nomination being made, the Secretary of the Treasury, in order to avoid a total suspension of the functions of the Collector, directed Mr. H. Myer, special deputy of the late Collector, to perform the duties of the office for the time being. The questions propounded to me are: Whether, under the circumstances, the Secretary can now remove Mr. Myer and appoint a successor, or devolve the duties of the office upon another person, or he could do so during the recess of the Senate? And finally, who, in case of the death or resignation of Mr. Myer, could perform the duties, and by whose authority? In reply, I have to say I think you have the power to remove Mr. Myer, for good cause, affording public interest, either now or during the recess of the Senate, and in the event of such removal, it is competent for you to designate some one of the other deputies of the Collector to perform the duties of the office. I think the same action would be proper in case of the death or resignation Mr. Myer. Perhaps, in making such designation, it would be advisable to select the oldest deputy, provided there were no special reasons to the contrary. These powers are not conferred on you by any express provisions of the law, but they seem to me to result from the imperative necessity of avoiding a total suspension of the functions imposed upon you to superintend the collection of revenue. It is, perhaps, proper for me to add, that I have read this letter to the Attorney General, and he concurs in the views I express. I have the honor to be,
Very respectfully,
EDWARD JOURDAN,
Solicitor of the Treasury.
HON. H. McCULLOCH,
Secretary of the Treasury.

COLORED PEOPLE ADDRESSED.

The colored people of Georgetown and Freedmen's village, who celebrated the anniversary of emancipation in the District of Columbia, to-day, were addressed by Mayor Welch and others, Governor Morton, of Indiana, in the course of his speech said the late war was begun for the perpetuation of slavery, but Providence ordained that it should result in the destruction of slavery and the enfranchisement of the whole colored race. The colored people were now called upon for their votes, and opposing parties would claim their suffrages, and it would be a matter of importance to the entire country how their votes were cast. They must inquire who were their friends in the past, who gave them liberty first, and the right of suffrage afterwards. If when, they answered these questions they could easily determine how to vote. The orator pressed upon his auditors the importance of education and industry to fit them for the discharge of all the duties of citizens. The great example of Congress, in making universal suffrage, rules in all the Southern States, and must now be followed in the Northern States. He spoke half an hour, and was frequently interrupted by applause. In conclusion he said, the event they were celebrating must ever be a great one in their lives, and they must from it learn to love liberty as a principle and as an inheritance due to all, without distinction of race or color.

MILITARY ASSIGNMENTS.

Brevet Brigadier General McFerrand is assigned to duty in charge of the Eighth division, Quartermaster General's office; Brigadier General Saxton is assigned to duty as Chief Quartermaster of the Third Military District, at Atlanta; Brevet Lieutenant Colonel Pierce is assigned to duty as Chief Quartermaster, of the Fourth Military District, at Little Rock; Brigadier Generals C. H. Hoyt and A. P. Blunt are appointed Captains and Assistant Quartermasters; Brevet Brigadier General L. H. Neill, on detached duty as a member of the New York Examining Board, vice Brevet Colonel Dye, ordered to his regiment in the Department of the Platte.

MILITARY PROMOTIONS.

The Senate has confirmed Thomas Swords, George H. Crossman, David H. Vinton and Lovell H. Rousseau to be Major Generals by brevet, and James A. Congdon, Calvin Otis, Robert E. Patterson, Joseph H. Golay and Alexander Gardner to be Brigadier Generals by brevet.

GAMBLING HOUSE DESCENT.

The police made a descent on another gambling house last night, capturing fourteen men, checks and other apparatus.

THE GEORGIA INJUNCTION CASE.

A motion will be made in the Supreme Court to-morrow to bring up the Georgia injunction case immediately, by waiving the sixty day rule of Court in relation to subpoenas.

COLLECTOR AT PHILADELPHIA.

The Philadelphia representatives and Senator Cameron have agreed to the confirmation of Colonel Joseph L. Cake as Collector of Philadelphia.

DEMONSTRATION OF COLORED PEOPLE.

Those colored associations which did not parade yesterday afternoon, are out to-day, making quite a display.

THE AUSTRIAN MISSION.

The Senate will probably pass a resolution declaring the Austrian mission not vacant.

GOVERNMENT DEPOSITORY ROBBED OF $150,000.

The Secretary of the Treasury received a telegram that the First National Bank of Nashville, Tenn., a government depository, was robbed on Monday night of $150,000.

GOV. CUMMINGS' LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The leave of absence given Governor Cummings, of Montana, on the 1st of December, has been extended to the 25th of April, because of the necessity of his attendance in Washington, relative to Indian affairs of Colorado.

NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED.

The Senate has confirmed the following nominations:

Colonel John H. Noteware, of Colorado Territory, at Maxanilo.

John R. Goldsborough to be Commodore in the Navy, on active list, vice Henry K. Hoff, resigned.

Benjamin S. Reilly, principal Clerk of Public Lands in General Land Office, vice Daniel R. Shafer, term expired.

Collectors of Internal Revenue, Logan H. Root, First District, Arkansas.

Postmasters—George C. Tichenor, Des Moines, Iowa; J. J. Matthews, Lyons, Iowa; Alexander Reed, Toledo, Ohio.

Lieutenant Colonel Silas Casey, Lieutenant Colonel.

Lorenzo Sitgreaves and John B. Stonehouse, of New York, Commissioners under the act to reimburse State of Ohio for moneys expended for the United States in enrolling, equipping and provisioning military forces.

John S. Phelps, of Missouri, James C. Robinson and Frank Wolford, of Kentucky, Commissioners under the act to reimburse Indiana for monies expended for the United States for similar purposes.

NOMINATIONS REJECTED.

The Senate rejected the following nominations: Assessor of Internal Revenue, Edward S. Bragg, Fourth District, Wisconsin.

Surveyor of Customs—Joseph McConnell, Quincy, Illinois; Alfred Pritz, Philadelphia.

Naval Officer—Alfred Gilmore, for Philadelphia.

SUPREME COURT.

The argument in the prize case of the schooner Grey Jacket was proceeded with, but not concluded. To-morrow will be motion day, as the court will not sit on Good Friday.

LATE CONDENSED NEWS.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

The *Times'* special says: The appointment of L. V. Bogy, late Commissioner of Indian Affairs, as a general Indian Agent to make treaties, purchase any Indian supplies, etc., will be further investigated by the Senate. It turns out that in this capacity Mr. Bogy virtually assumes all the duties of the commissioner, and Mr. Cole finds himself merely a cipher in his own Department. Mr. Bogy is now in New York making purchases of goods for the Indian service, and exercising authority for which it is alleged there is not a shadow of right, and without even a record of his appointment to be found in the Indian service.

The iron moulders of Cincinnati went on a strike and four hundred out of employment.

The high stage of water in the Platte river has caused great damage to the Omaha branch of the Pacific Railroad, causing the stoppage of trains. Forty miles of the track was under water, and bridges so undermined as to be almost impassable. Trains on the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad, through Iowa, were also unable to run in consequence of high water.

The nominations of James B. Bingham, as Marshal for the Western District of Tennessee, has been rejected by the Senate.

The Ohio Legislature adjourned *sine die* yesterday.

Ex-Governor Gilmore died at Concord, New Hampshire, yesterday afternoon, after a lingering and painful illness, aged fifty five years.

Five thousand dollars worth of smuggled liquors and spices were seized on Monday night, on Peck's Island, near Portland, Maine, by the United States authorities.

Dr. Abranams, who died suddenly a few days ago, at New York, left nearly a whole fortune of $300,000 to various charitable institutions.

The steamers Java, City of New York and Tripoli, sailed for Europe yesterday. They took no specie.

George Dawson has withdrawn from the management of the Albany (N. Y.) *Journal*.

The Grand Jury of New York have discharged T. Beakley and Mrs. Cole, charged with producing the Rimbaut abortion, the evidence being insufficient for an indictment.

John W. Hunt, ex-Congressman, has been nominated for Postmaster at Brooklyn.

The miners' strike at Dover, New Jersey, is ended, and all the mines will be in operation on Monday, the strikers going to work at the old prices.

A Washington letter to the New York *Express* has a rumor that secret negotiations are going on for the annexation of Mexico to the United States. It is probably a canard.

The Raleigh *Sentinel* reports that two freed women, named Mary and Becky Collins, mother and daughter, burned to death a child of four years, nephew of one and grandson of the other, because, as they alleged, the child's mother had come back and made him a devil. This occurred in Louisburg, N. C.

The Democratic ticket, with the exception of two aldermen, was elected at Quincy, Illinois, on Tuesday.

The Richmond House, in Chicago, was sold at auction yesterday for, $38,000. D. J. Lake was the purchaser.

STATE NEWS.

Accident on Lebanon Valley Railroad—Troops from Carlisle Barracks for New Mexico—Superintendent of Soldiers' Orphans' Schools—Boom in the Susquehanna Broken.
(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

HARRISBURG, April 17.—The New York Express train on the Lebanon Valley Railroad struck a market wagon at Rutherford station, while crossing the track, killing Abraham Yingst and severely injuring his son.

Two hundred and sixty soldiers, under Captain Lee and Lieutenant Vernon, from Carlisle barracks, passed here to-day on their way to New Mexico.

The Governor has appointed Colonel G. F. McFarland, who lost his leg at Gettysburg, Superintendent of the Soldiers' Orphans' Schools under the new law.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., April 17.—Ten spans of the boom at this place, on the west branch of the Susquehanna river, in broken, and a large quantity of logs are running by. The river is fourteen feet high and still rising.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

FROM EUROPE.

Prussian Constitution Adopted.

AN AMERICAN SHIP LOST.

Financial and Commercial.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

GERMANY.

NATIONAL CONSTITUTION ADOPTED.

BERLIN, April 17.—The National Constitution, so long under debate, has been adopted. The Polish members protested against the action of Parliament, and on the result, being made known unanimously resigned.

BERLIN, April 17.—Evening—Parliament, this evening, adjourned without day.

SHIP INTELLIGENCE.

SOUTHAMPTON, April 17.—The steamer Saxonia arrived last evening.

LIVERPOOL, April 17.—The ship Derby from San Francisco, arrived to-day. The American ship President Filmore, from Glasgow for New York, has been lost. No date or other particulars.

COTTON AND MONEY MARKET.

LONDON, April 17.—Consols 91; Erie 37¼; Illinois Central 70½; Five-Twenties ex-dividend 72½.

FRANKFORT, April 17.—Evening—United States Bonds, 70.

LONDON, April 17.—Evening—Markets unchanged.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, April 17—*Evening.*—The Cotton market closes extremely heavy, with a downward tendency and prices have declined fully ½d. The sales did not exceed 7,000 bales including uplands 10½; Orleans 11¼@12d. Manchester market for goods and yarns are very dull and depressed.

LIVERPOOL, April 17.—Evening—Breadstuffs quiet and unchanged. Provisions unchanged. Petroleum—Refined Pennsylvania 1s 6d. Petroleum—refined declined to 1s 6½d. Ed for gallon.

ANTWERP, April 17.—*Evening*—Refined Petroleum 67, 10c per bbl.

THE LUXEMBURG QUESTION.

A Berlin telegram of the 6th of April says: Intelligence received here from the Hague announces that the Dutch government officially has notified the Prussian Cabinet that the sale of Luxemburg has not yet been effected, and will not be carried out without the consent of Prussia.

The *London Times* says it is a disgrace to the French statesmen that the Luxemburg scheme should ever have been entertained. France will stand the defamation of Europe opinion by abandoning this ill-omened negotiation, which would not only unite all Germany against her, but destroy all the intimate friendship which prevails between her and other German powers.

A Paris telegram of the 5th says the French Government has still under consideration the question of the cession of Luxemburg to France. It considers the engagement entered into by the King of Holland too binding for him to withdraw without the consent of France.

Lord Stanley, in giving some explanations in the Commons, said the consent of the King of Holland was, from the first, made conditional upon that of the people of Luxemburg, and proposed before Alderman Mc Mastera, and Prussia. He strongly doubted whether the consent of Prussia would be given, and if these conditions were not fulfilled the transaction will fall to the ground. He had returned a reply to that effect to Prussia. He had also received from the official representative of the King of the Netherlands that the negotiations had not yet been concluded, and he had not considered it necessary on the part of the Government to communicate with Holland and France on the subject.

The new Prussian loan of thirty millions of talers is to provide a fresh supply of arms and munitions of war.

THE PEOPLE OF PARIS ON UNEMPLOYED.

An extraordinary procession passed through the principal streets of London, on the fourth, consisting of about one thousand persons out of employment, and suffering for charity. They conducted themselves in an orderly manner.

SPANISH AND ITALIAN WAR.

Advices from the West Coast of Africa, state that a war has broken out between the two opposing tribes of savages, in which several of the New Calabar tribes were made prisoners by the enemy, and roasted and eaten by the other side.

THE CHOLERA IN PARIS.

The tailors of Paris have universally struck.

FROM VIRGINIA.

Meeting of the Republican State Convention—Adjournment Till Today.

RICHMOND, April 17.—The Republican State Convention met at noon to-day in the African Church. George Rye, of Shenandoah, was chosen temporary chairman. Over a hundred and ten counties are represented directly, and nearly all in the state by proxy. John Hunnicutt, of Surfax, was chosen permanent President. Ten Vice Presidents, including Hunnicutt, were also chosen, and a committee of three appointed to revise the rules of the Senate and report thereon at the next session.

The President appointed Messrs. Anthony, Pomeroy and Edmunds such committee.

Mr. Anthony, from the Committee on Printing, reported the resolution adopted providing for the printing of one thousand additional copies of the bankrupt act, for the use of the Supreme Court.

Mr. Frelinghuysen offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Agriculture to inquire and report at the next session what means can be devised to make the agricultural department more efficient. Adopted.

The Senate then went into Executive Session.

Great Flood in the Des Moines River.
(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHICAGO, April 17.—A special from Des Moines, Iowa, says the Des Moines River is rising rapidly and doing great damage. A large portion of the city is under water. The bridge on Court avenue was carried away this morning, with two men, who were on the piers. It is reported that a great rise from melting snows far to the north has not reached that point. If so, there will be great destruction of property in that section, as the water is now within a few inches of high water mark.

Ship Disasters on Pacific Coast.
(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SAN FRANCISCO, April 15.—The ship Blue Jacket, hence April 1st for Liverpool, with 1,863 tons of wheat, returned yesterday leaking badly. She experienced a heavy gale on the 9th, 10th and 11th. She has discharged her cargo on the dock. The schooners Mendocino and Josephine Willcutt were wrecked near Mendocino on the 11th of April. The latter Johnson was also wrecked on the same date at Novarro river and all hands lost.

New York Legislature—Banking Enquiry—New York and Brooklyn Tunnel Company.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 17.—The Assembly appointed the Superintendent of the Banking Department to enquire whether any savings bank in the State has expended a larger sum than its surplus on hand in the erection of a banking house.

A bill was reported to incorporate the New York and Brooklyn Tunnel Company.

Suicide of an ex-Mayor.
(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, O., April 17.—Major John A. Goodson, formerly a member of the Kentucky State Senate, and for many years Mayor of Covington, Ky., committed suicide to-day. Deceased was seventy-four years old. No cause assigned.

Archbishop Spalding Dangerously Ill.
(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BALTIMORE, April 17.—Arch Bishop M. J. Spalding, of the diocese of Baltimore, primate of the United States, is lying dangerously ill of inflamation of the bowels, and it is feared the disease may prove fatal.

FROM MEXICO.

Seige of Vera Cruz Continues—The Vomito—Capture of Puebla Confirmed—The Situation at Queretaro—Maximilian Solicits a Cessation of Hostilities—Escobedo Refers to Juarez.

NEW YORK, April 17.—The steamer Eagle, from Havana, has arrived with Vera Cruz dates to the 5th. The place was still closely besieged and the garrison attacked every night. The vomito had appeared and the dead were buried in the castle of San Juan De Ulloa; but a mortuar having set in, on the 4th and 5th, they had to be buried in the city.

The supply of water was cut off, and there was no beef, vegetables, fruit, or fuel. The people were living on salt provisions, obtained from vessels. General Tobrado had given up the task of defending the city, and Landers now commands.

The Imperial Prefect continues to expatriate all the adherents of Juarez.

The capture of Puebla by Porfirio Diaz is confirmed. The capture was celebrated by the besiegers of Vera Cruz, and, it is said, by the United States men-of-war.

Escabedo's forces are reported to number 20,000, and the Imperial forces 13,000. It is reported that Maximilian solicited a suspension of hostilities preparatory to the adjustment of terms of capitulation. Escabedo referred to Juarez, at San Luis Potosi, though Juarez's previous orders were to accept no capitulation, save at discretion, and then to conduct Maximilian to San Luis Potosi as a prisoner-of-war.

A steamer had arrived at Tampico from New York, with guns and ammunition, and is swing armed to and in the siege of Vera Cruz.

Escabedo issued a circular reiterating that all foreigners captured fighting against the republic be executed.

Maximilian ordered no Republican to be shot without a previous order from his headquarters.

The Havana *Diario* reports Maximilian at the capitol, having left Mejia besieging Queretaro at San Luis Potosi, and that Miramon and Castillo were before Guadalajara, having abandoned continued triumphant progress. The story is improbable.

The reported capture of the Spanish steamer Montezuma, by the R. R. Cuyler, off Santa Cruz, when proceeding from Havana to Santiago. The Cuyler was at Santa Martha at last accounts, flying the Colombian flag.

More Mississippi Levees in Danger—Great Suffering in Louisiana.
(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW ORLEANS, April 17.—Information has been obtained that the Figures and Waterloo levees are in imminent danger, and that labor cannot be obtained for want of money.

There is much suffering in the overflowed districts of West Louisiana.

Resignation Accepted—Vacancy Filled.
(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 17.—The resignation of Hon. Thomas Davis has been accepted that the Figures and Waterloo levees are in imminent danger, and that labor cannot be obtained for want of money.

There is much suffering in the overflowed districts of West Louisiana.

Resignation Accepted—Vacancy Filled.
(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 17.—The resignation of Hon. Thomas Davis has been accepted by the President, and the Governor Callender has appointed Hon. Joseph Blackmar, President of Rochester University, his successor. It is not known whether the President will accept.

Railroad Accident in Iowa.
(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MCGREGOR, Iowa, April 17.—Two days in advance of the mail on the McGregor and Western Railroad turned a coach over an embankment, killing Mr. Wright, of Austin, and severely injuring several others.

Fire at St. Louis.
(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ST. LOUIS, April 17.—The foundry and machine shop of N. Dayton, on the levee between Almond and Spruce streets, was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss about $15,000; insured for $10,000.

Accident at a Quarry.
(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., April 17.—A portion of the roof of the marble quarry at West Stockbridge, fell this afternoon and killed five workmen.

Memphis Market.
(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MEMPHIS, April 17.—Cotton dull and unchanged; receipts, 16 bales; sales, 100 bales. Gold dull and unchanged. Hay lower, $22@25. Flour unchanged. Other markets unchanged.

River Telegrams.
(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

OIL CITY, April 17.—River nine feet and stationary. Clear and pleasant.

MEMPHIS, April 17.—River rose 3 inches.

GENERAL NEWS.

—The tax levy of Baltimore for 1867 is $1 40.

—An abundance of fruit is promised in the eastern States.

—The Society of Friends is reviving in England. The Friends at present number 15,000.

—President Lincoln has been made the subject of a prize poem by the Chinese Academicians.

—A paper mill has been erected at Golden City, Colorado, which will turn out paper by the 1st of June.

—The Jews are contemplating the establishment of an insurance company in New York, with a large capital.

—The public property of the city of Cleveland amounts to $1,000,000, comprising school-houses, water works, etc.

—The people of Montana are getting up an invitation to Professor Agassiz to visit them as a guest of the territory.

—It is estimated that there are 2,500 professional thieves in the metropolis, of which number 1,000 are known also to the police.

—Annie Durham, a seamstress, of St. Louis, cut her throat last Saturday because she could not procure an honest living.

—One hundred men are at work at the bridge now being erected across the Mississippi at Quincy, which will be the longest bridge of unsupported span in the world. It will be 1,000 feet in length, and 60 feet above the highest peak in the river at Kansas City, Missouri.

—Mt. St. Elias, in Russian America, the highest peak in North America, is reported to be seen from the coast and more in no bad fog, but it can be seen from the coast and more in no bad fog.

—North Carolina has followed the example of some other southern States in passing a law to prohibit horse stealing with death.

—A Montana paper says: "The mortality of the Helena is extraordinarily good. Only 17 men were killed during the past two months."

—Numerous Indian outrages are reported in Texas, and the New Orleans Times seriously urges the government to send more troops.

—The several cotton mills in Petersburg, Va., have consumed 1116 bales of cotton in the manufacture of goods since the beginning of the year.

—Nearly three thousand tons of black band iron ore have been shipped over the Mill Creek Railroad since its discovery in Schuylkill county.

—The Cairo Gazette Egypt states that the general opinion seems to be that more land will be under cultivation of cotton than ever before.

—A British association, exploring in Palestine, has discovered what is supposed to be the synagogue which was hallowed by our Saviour's presence.

—The Sunbury, Hazleton & Newport, which has been used for two or three years as a Naval Academy, is to be re-opened to the public for a boating season.

—There are every year in Russia 350 horse fairs, held in 193 localities. The average number of those animals offered there for sale every year is calculated at 253,000.

—Over two thousand men have been thrown out of employment in Boston by the prohibitory law, and five hundred more are placarded "to let" from the same cause.

—An organ grinder, while peacefully pursuing his vocation, was robbed of nearly ten boys in the village of Jamaica, Long Island, a few days ago. The boys have been arrested.

—A number of New Bedford whalemen have recently sailed for Copenhagen, to be engaged as officers on board Iceland steam whaling vessels, which are being fitted at Copenhagen.

—The evidence of a case now on trial at New York showed that a coffee manufacturing firm in that city used black lead, sand and rock stone to give gloss and weight to their production.

—Warren Haynes, a negro, has just been released from jail in Nashville, where he has been imprisoned since December, 1865. Neither the present jailor nor sheriff knew anything of the cause for which he was originally imprisoned.

—The officer who killed the burglar Monzani, in Williamsburg, is receiving numerous ovations at the hands of the citizens of his district. The manager of an opera house gave him a benefit on Friday night, and a handsome testimonial will be presented to him next Tuesday.

—Niblo's Garden had a very narrow escape from destruction the other night, during the performance of the Black Crook. The scenes caught fire, but were promptly extinguished with buckets of water that happened to be at hand, otherwise the whole theatre would have been in a blaze in five minutes.

—At the last meeting of the Lyceum of Natural History, in New York, the President called attention to a circular signed by Admiral Farragut, President Barnard, Mr. Blunt and others, in pursuance of a design to erect at Washington a monument to the memory of Alexander Dallas Bache, and soliciting subscriptions of all American citizens desirous of manifesting their sense of the exalted worth of that great man. The subject received the favorable attention of the members, and steps will be taken to secure subscriptions.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

FOURTH PAGE.—*The fullest and most reliable Money, Oil and Produce Market Reports given by any paper in the city, will be found on our Fourth Page.*

The Recent Railroad Catastrophe—Continuation of the Coroner's Inquest.

The jury impannelled to inquire into the cause of the accident on the Pennsylvania Railroad, near Turtle Creek, last Sunday week, resumed the examination of witnesses last evening at the Mayor's office. The examination was conducted by J. W. Riddell, Esq. The substance of testimony elicited is as follows:

Thomas McMasters, sworn—Live in the village of Turtle Creek, and know the point where the accident occurred; it is in Allegheny county. About the middle of March last the party arrested for placing the ties upon the track was on my farm and remained in my stable during the night; did not see him go away, but one of my men did; he had nothing but a small bundle under his arm.

J. M. Creighton, re-called—The accommodation of 11 p. m. of Saturday would be the next train preceding the one that was wrecked going east, and would pass the obstructed point a little before 12 a. m. The construction train was at this time about Brinton's Station. The last train coming west to pass the obstructed point would be the church train of Sunday morning.

Robt. H. Kerr, sworn—Was engineer on the train; was distant about one hundred feet when I first observed the obstructions; ties were placed on the tracks, extending over the inner rail of the south track on which the train was running; also a bar of railroad iron over one rail of the south track; gave the usual signal when I observed the obstruction and reversed the engine, at least am very certain I did so; do not remember whether I applied the brakes; was running from thirty to thirty-five miles per hour; my lookout is on the right hand side of the engine; I think my fireman could have noticed any one on the track, but could not give the hour; he is living at the Point.

At this point the jury adjourned to meet at the same place, on Friday evening at half past seven o'clock, when other witnesses will be examined.

What Came of a Sunday Spree.

For some time past John Finnerty and D. Smith, together with the partners of their bosoms, have camped out in the neighborhood of the Allegheny Cemetery, on the property of the city, and the one in question was not an exception. It consisted of a little room, and that, too, the lowest in the house, the cellar. One price was charged for lodging, is that the bar shall keep open on Sunday. Sunday morning arrived and the two couples were not in their cellar, during the day, as the prospects for passing it pleasantly were very fair. A barrel of whisky and a keg of beer were placed on tap, and to add to the enjoyment it was served up to the strangers by a fair young damsel of eighteen summers. Finnerty and Smith had indulged too drinks each and purchased a quart decanter, but as whisky and beer at each drink were to be on one shoulder, the natural consequence was they got drunk and landed in the watch house in the evening. At the hearing in the morning there was no cause of complaint against the party to pay the fines of three and one had to go to jail. The fine levied on John Finnerty, upon his release from confinement, yesterday, he appealed from Alderman McMasters, and preferred a charge of selling liquor on Sunday against the proprietor of the Scotch. Patrick was arrested and held for a further hearing. He puts in the plea, in his defence, that the house in question is not well patronized during the week, and that Sunday is a good day for business, and in the week combined, being able to sell a full pint of whisky, for 25 cents, and claims that he is a cripple, and has no other way of earning a livelihood. Alderman Gourley will look on it in the same light remains to be seen.

Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure.

In conjunction with his treatment and advice, is offered the proprietary and valuable cures in the various diseases of the Lungs and mucuous membranes of the throat and nasal passages, such as Consumption, Nasal Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hoarseness, relating to avail themselves of Dr. Keyser's personal examination, will find him from 9 A. M. until 4 P. M. at his resident consultation rooms, 57 Smithfield street.

Statement of George Ford, carpenter, of No. 18 Sandusky street, Allegheny, U. S.:

I took a violent attack of Pleurisy, in May, 1864, which left me with a cough that was constantly wasting away my strength and gradually undermining my health. During the attack of Pleurisy I had several physicians of the highest reputation in the city. After I had partially recovered from the pleurisy, I was advised to go into the country, which I did, and shortly after I called on Dr. Keyser, who told me my lung