The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY, APRIL 9, 1867.

CONSOLIDATION.

A law having been passed by the Legislature looking to the consolidation of Pittsburgh, Allegheny, and the adjacent municipalities, we to-day present to such of our readers as are directly interested, in the project a lithographic diagram, showing the existing boundaries and those contemplated. The Consolidation, however, is not absolute and unconditional, but is contingent on the results of a popular election to be held simultaneously with the annual State election next October. Each incorporate district is not empowered to decide the question for itself. Not yet is the decision to be made by a majority of the whole voting population resident within the prescribed limits. Virtually three districts are constituted, and the municipalities included in each will either go in or stay out together. The first of these districts embraces all on the right bank of the Allegheny, and extending somewhat down the same side of the Ohio. The second includes all on the left bank of the Monongahela, and running down the left side of the Ohio far enough to take in Temperanceville. The third comprises all between the two rivers. A majority of the voters in each district will decide the matter so far as it is concerned.

Doubt has been expressed as to the right of the Legislature to refer questions of this sort back to the people for determination. It is urged that the law-making power is not transferable; that when an act is made contingent on a popular vote, the men voting make the law, which is not admissible under the Constitution; that members of the Legislature, who are simply Deputies of the People, cannot appoint Deputies, few or many, to do their work for them. The promoters of consolidation say they have considered this point and find nothing in it that militates against the submission of the question to the people, in manner and form as prescribed. They are confident certain decisions of the Supreme Court, to which reference has been made, are not applicable to this case. If they are mistaken more will be heard on this head before a final solution shall be reached.

This matter of consolidation merits a full and dispassionate consideration. Old rivalries, alienations, groundless ambitions or habits ought to be pushed aside, and a judgment matured from facts as they now exist. It is easy to see how the various municipalities came into existence. Geographical conditions had much to do with their development. No doubt their multiplication served a good purpose. As the case stands now they are rather hindrances than helps. Consolidation has become, if not a necessity, at least a means to farther progress. With so large a population as is now congregated in this vicinity—constituting one community by proximity, business interests, ecclesiastical association and social intercourse—there are inconveniences and evils in diverse municipal administrations. In respect of Schools, Poor Relief, Water, Gas, Streets, Bridges, Fire Engines, and Police, there are manifest incongruities and annoyances arising from eight or ten different governments. Hereafter we may find time profitable to amplify on each of these heads. For the present we can do no more than barely mention them. With the augmentation of population the evils referred to, instead of diminishing, will increase, and press sorer from year to year.

There are other considerations which flow more from the feelings than from interest. In these corporations there is an identity that makes all the population one community. In reality there is but one town here—not eight or ten. Sympathies, friendships, interests, and mutual dependencies, interlace and bind us together in all possible directions. So long as various organizations exist we are subject to constant belittling and disparagement. Look into the census tables, the returns of domestic production and internal revenue, the reports of elections, the lists of eleemosynary, Christian and patriotic contributions, and all other statements by which people at a distance compute approximately or comparatively the size of a place and the character of a people. What need is there for perpetual explanation! There is no possible escape for this annoyance but in consolidation.

THE MISSISSIPPI SUIT.

On Friday the Supreme Court will hear what the lawyers employed by Mississippi have to urge in favor of making the United States responsible in a Chancery suit, and stopping the Executive and Legislative functions thereof until the suit shall be decided. Judging from the manner in which some of the democratic journals discourse, it would seem they believe all Departments of the Government are directly amenable in all matters to the ten men who occupy places on the Supreme Bench, and that whatever any six of them see fit to concur in must be the unalterable rule of action. This view has no foundation either in the theory or working of the Constitution.

This point was brought under consideration by Mr. THOMAS JEFFERSON, and in a letter dated June 11, 1815, and addressed to Mr. W. H. TORRANCE, he thus states his judgment:

"The second question, whether the judges are invested with exclusive authority to decide on the constitutionality of a law, has been heretofore a subject of consideration with me in the exercise of official duties. Certainly there is nothing in the Constitution which has given to them, even in that power to them more than to the executive or legislative branches. Questions of property, of character, and of crime, being referred to the judges through a definite course of legal proceedings, laws involving such questions belong, of course, to them; and as they decide on them ultimately and without appeal, they of course decide *for themselves*. The constitutional validity of the law or laws again prescribing executive action, and to be administered by that branch ultimately and without appeal, the executive must decide *for themselves*, also, whether under the Constitution they are valid or not. So, also, as to laws governing the proceedings of the Legislature. That body must judge *for itself* the constitutionality of the law, and equally without appeal or control from its co-ordinate branches."

In the Rhode Island case, substantially the same point was brought for determination before the Supreme Court, and Chief Justice TANEY delivered this opinion:

"Under this article of the Constitution it rests with Congress to decide what Government is the established one in a State. For as the United States guarantees to each one a republican government, Congress must necessarily decide what Government is established in the State before it can decide whether it is republican or not. And when the Senators and Representatives of a State are admitted into the councils of the Union, the authority of the Government under which they are appointed, as well as its constitutional character, is recognized by the proper constitutional authority. *And its decision is binding on every other department of the Government, and could not be questioned in a judicial tribunal.* It is true that the contest in this case did not last long enough to bring the matter to this issue; and as no Senators or Representatives were elected under the Government of which Mr. Dorr was the head, Congress was not called upon to decide the controversy. *And yet the right to decide is placed there and not in the court.*"

It is not conceivable the Supreme Court will in the present instance abandon the line of safe precedents. If it should, however, no change will take place in the course of Congress, and probably none in the action of the President. Full warrant for disregarding the Supreme Court, in an emergency of the sort contemplated, is found in the conduct of President JACKSON relative to the mandamus issued by Chief Justice MARSHALL in the Cherokee case. The President simply failed to obey, and the order of Court remained inoperative. If that lesson was not sufficient to teach the Judges they do not constitute the government, a repetition thereof, might be advantageous.

—A new and strange case of infidelity to nuptial vows has just come to light in Chicago. The wife of a wealthy retired New York merchant, with his consent, started for New Orleans winter before last, and last winter, to pass the cold season there, with her parents, and return to New York in the spring. Last spring she returned according to the previous arrangement; but last February the husband went unexpectedly to New Orleans, and found his wife had not been there, either that winter or the previous one. He also ascertained that she had passed the previous winter with a lover in St. Louis, and the present one with him in Chicago. He went to the latter place after her, but she heard of it, and eluded his pursuit. Her strategy was to send letters to New Orleans, where they were post-marked and forwarded to him. He sent her money, upon which she and her lover lived. Failing to find his erring spouse, the husband returned to New York. The woman and her paramour are still in Chicago. The husband is about fifty years of age; the wife twenty-two.

—An intelligent London correspondent of the New York *Herald*, writing on the 6th of March, says:

"I am inclined to think if we get things settled in America, and arrange our differences with England before the end of this year, that the next European mania for speculation may turn to the United States. Very likely to the purchase of Southern lands and grand plans for emigration. In another year something must be done with the vast accumulation of money now lying idle here and on the Continent. The United States is in high favor. If we have no serious mishap this will increase. The lavish expenditure of Americans in Paris and elsewhere, backed as it is in most cases by unquestioned and rapidly acquired wealth is making a serious impression upon Europeans."

—Gov. Patton, of Alabama, in a recent letter to Lieut. Gov. Voorhies, of Louisiana, speaks very sensibly with reference to the Reconstruction Law, as follows:

"I am clearly of the opinion that an appeal to the Courts would accomplish no good. It a test case were brought before the judiciary, it would open up a series of the most complicated questions which, perhaps, ever engaged the attention of any tribunal. Questions of such vast magnitude could not speedily be disposed of. They would necessarily require much time; and before a conclusion could be reached the Southern States, in all probability, would be fully re-organized under the Congressional plan."

—In reference to the late Republican meeting in Montgomery (Ala.) the strong Southern organ, the Montgomery *Advertiser*, says:

"That the meeting was a large one, composed of both white and colored citizens, will perhaps a preponderance of the latter, but a very considerable and respectable portion of the former, no fair man will deny; that the resolutions, dealt with facts rather than theories, to which we will assent, is incontrovertible; and that the speeches were good, bad or indifferent, such as we might expect to hear at a political meeting of this character, all will admit."

—No less a person than Caleb Cushing is the eulogist of Charles Sumner. In his published argument on the Meade case, Mr. Pierce's Attorney General begs leave to read from a recent report of the Chairman of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations: "Not only because of the eminent ability displayed in the report itself, and of the all comprehensive knowledge of public law possessed by Mr. Sumner, and his great experience in public affairs, but because of the force and truth with which he enunciated the doctrines I shall propose to prove by citations from law books."

—The New York Commissioners of Immigration report that during March 47 emigrant vessels arrived at that port, carrying 12,629 passengers. The total number of immigrants that have arrived from January 1st to April 6th, has been 26,181, as compared with 21,199 during the sum e period of 1866. Of the arrivals in March, 6,147 settled in New York, 1402 in Pennsylvania, 962 in Illinois, 734 in Ohio, 547 in Massachusetts, and the others are scattered all over the Union, one going to Utah and one to Idaho.

—A New York correspondent of the Philadelphia *Ledger* writes as follows:

"Thurlow Weed's insight in taking hold of the *Commercial Advertiser* begins to be developed. It is to lead off in the formation, if possible, of a great Conservative party, steering clear of Radical Republicans on the one hand, and Copperhead Democracy on the other, with a view of bringing out General Grant and Admiral Farragut for President and Vice President. This purpose will unveil itself very specifically, I understand, in the course of a few days.

—In Gen. Beauregard's letter on reconstruction, which we printed a day or two ago, he says: "With regard to the suffrage of the freedmen, however objectionable it may be at present, it is an element of strength for the future; if properly and kindly and directed, we shall defeat our adversaries with their own weapon. The negro is Southern born. With a little education and some property qualifications, he can be made to take sufficient interest in the affairs and prosperity of the South to insure an intelligent vote."

—The Washington correspondent of the Charleston *Daily News* says there is a quarrel between the President and Secretary of War, and fortifies his assertion by stating that Stanton appealed to the Senate to remain in session. The *News'* correspondent states: "Stanton discovers that notwithstanding the potency of the Tenure of Office Bill, that act does not prevent the Executive from removing a member of the Cabinet, not appointed by him, and hence his alarm."

—The Tennessee Conservatives are making the most tremendous bids for the negro vote, and the rebel organs at Nashville far out-do the radicals in "nigger worshipping." We find in the Nashville *Union* this appeal:—"Let us fling our whole souls into it. *Take the negro into your convention. Give him a place by your side. Aye, make him a Vice President, let him sit side by side with your first officer*, in token of eternal reconciliation and fraternity."

—A secret detective of the Government has recently arrested thirty-eight persons who are charged with buying and selling counterfeit currency and treasury notes. The numerous prosecutions for similar offences have been so frequently followed by a speedy pardon, that the President has heretofore more than neutralized the vigilance and activity of the detectives.

A Story of Fallen Stars.

Few persons acquainted with the erratic, sometimes dubious and eccentric, of theatrical luminaries, but have recollections of Mrs. Frank Drew, formerly a brilliant star in the profession. In bright particular star in the profession. She was for some years lessee of the Arch street Theatre, Philadelphia, one of the most popular places of amusement in the country, and herself, possessed of extraordinary talents as an actress, fairly played to refined and delighted audiences in the city of brotherly love. Her life was a perfect ovation, and pecuniary success crowned her talent to such an extent that four years ago she was reported to be worth in the neighborhood of a quarter of a million. She had a daughter, a beautiful child, then about fourteen years of age, who excelled in boyishness with her graceful skill as a dancer. The daily life of mother and daughter was one of luxury, extravagance, gaiety and excitement.

But behind and beneath all this apparent success and happiness there was a secret, which pulled the cup of pleasure. The mother was a victim to the appetite for strong drink. The intoxication of popular applause, the garish glare of the footlights, the enraptured attention accorded to every gesture, every pose, was not enough, and Mrs. Drew drank deeply of the cup which was sure to ruin her and her daughter—ruin them both body and soul.

Facilis est descensus Averni, and rapidly the wretched woman trod the downward path. Soon so wedded was she to her fascinating appetite that she could no longer retain her hold on public favor. As she descended she sank from public view, and the ever fickle populace turned from contemplation of the fallen to hail the rising star.

But the wildest feature of this sad tale is the fact that the miserable mother, in her fall, drew down with her her young daughter, and forced her to drink to the full of the cup of wretchedness and shame.

Now, at the time we write, the mother and daughter are playing an engagement, so called, at a miserable variety concert room which the citizens of our neighboring city of Jackson allow to pollute their midst. Here, surrounded by the dregs of society, themselves no better than the worst about them, these two eke out a miserable subsistence. Bloated by intemperance, disease and vicious excess, for the crime of drunkenness rarely goes alone, and shaggy-haired almost to your eye glasses, it seems as though liquor had done its worst with this wretched couple; that from the topmost round of the ladder of professional fame they had slipped, and fallen to the utermost depths of degradation. But if there is a lower depth than this, as usually they will, it seems probable that this, as usually they will find it. In the ruin which liquor brings there is no halfway stopping place.—*Adrian (Mich.) Expositor.*

A Child Strangled by its Father.

We learned yesterday the particulars of a most revolting murder in Warren county, perpetrated at Sugarville, in Warren county, by a father upon his own child—an act which, we had hoped, could be committed by man's name is Reeves, and the victim was murdered on the night of Tuesday last, which everybody remembers with a shudder. The man has been married for eighteen or twenty months, and the little one which he strangled to death was only four or five months old. He had always positively refused to permit the child to be taken into the bed with him and his wife, but compelled her to put it in a cradle by the bedside. On the cold night of Tuesday the little one kept up a constant crying, and its mother instructed and finally did take it in the bed with her. The next morning the child was found to be dead, and it was the first thought that it had been smothered to death; but an opinion finally developed into a belief that the poor little one had fallen by the hands of its demoniac father. The child was strangled to death, and the little one showed in death the marks of the cruel fingers of its unfeeling parent. The man was immediately arrested and taken to Indianola for examination, but was unexpectedly released from custody for a week or two to allow him to procure himself, or procure witnesses for, some other practice.—*Des Moines (Iowa) Register.*

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED.

And is being cured every day by persons who use the Rev. E. A. WILSON'S GREAT REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION. Those who have used it are calling constantly to testify to its great merits, and the wonderful cures it has performed when their case was considered hopeless.

Sold only in Pittsburgh at JOSEPH FLEMING'S Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street.

Sent by mail anywhere on receipt of $1.25.

Call and procure a pamphlet, giving all history of this extraordinary medicine. apsmw

What Swayne's Ointment Will Do.

It will cure Itch in from 1 to 48 hours.
It will cure the most obstinate cases of Tetter.
It will cure Chronic Erysipelas of the face.
It will cure Salt Rheum, Scaldhead.
It will cure Shaving Pimples and Eruptions.
It will positively cure Ringworm in 48 hours.
The genuine SWAYNE'S OINTMENT and scratch no more.

TETTER! Dr. Swayne's Ointment. TETTER!
ITCH! Dr. Swayne's Ointment. ITCH!
TETTER! TETTER!
ITCH! NEVER KNOWN ITCH!
TETTER! TETTER!
ITCH! TO FAIL ITCH!
TETTER! TETTER!

Prepared only by DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia. Sold by McLEAN & McKNIGHT, 69 Wood street; C. H. KIDD, 77 Market street; JOSEPH FLEMING, 84 Market street, Pittsburgh; H. B. SNYDER, Allegheny. DRUGGISTS GENERALLY. apsmwf

REAR ADMIRAL!

STRIKING IN THE DEFENSES.

When a serious apprehends an attack from an outside enemy, what does it do? It strengthens its defenses. The human system is at this season of the year, is subjected to many influences. The atmosphere is filled with poisonous miasmas, which affect the feeble systems. Every disease of a malarious character opens to their attacks. What is to be done in order to battle them successfully? Do you feel STRENGTHEN THE DEFENSES. Do you feel STRENGTHEN THE DEFENSES? The answer is simply—the means are within the reach of all. It follows the stimulation of the digestive system in HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. Tone the stomach, regulate the bowels, rouse the sluggish liver, cheer the spirits, enrich and purify the blood, and you will find that HOSTETTER'S BITTERS is the way to STRENGTHEN THE DEFENSES, and render the system invulnerable to the assaults of malarious influences. If you wish to escape bilious fever, ague, dyspepsia, indigestion, and a crowd of visitations too numerous to enumerate, you should avail yourself in all its plenitude, the blessing of a system invigorated by HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. It is the most perfect and unimpeachable tonic in existence, and renews it in the weak and ailing.

PINUS ABIES, OR CANADA PINE.

These exudes from the inside bark of the White Pine, which grows abundantly in all the Eastern states and Canada, a honey-like, sweet substance, which in combination with other valuable remedies, which have long been valued as a remedy, in various diseases of the human body, especially those of the throat and lungs. Dr. O. W. Weed, of Boston, has compounded from this material a medicine called POLAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND, which has met with great favor in those maladies where the turpentines and balsams are supposed to be valuable.

Particularly for Affections.

Diabetes in young or middle aged people.
Diabetes or other kidney complaints.
Stoppage of the urine.
The same difficulty in children during the night.
Gravel, Kidney Trouble in old people.
Ulcerated Kidneys, Ulcerated Bladder.
Discharge of mucus, or pus, or blood from the bladder.
Bright's Disease of the Kidneys.
Pain in the Kidneys, or small of the back.
Pain in the bladder, Heat and Scalding, &c.

Poland's White Pine Compound will be found speedy and permanent in its relief. It is no less to be valued as a tonic and bracing constitutional tonic, when to restore health, giving strength, ease to a tired or worn out system, and vigor to the nervous system. It is the best of all tonics, and is recommended by the most eminent physicians as a tonic in all cases where a tonic is required.

For sale by druggists everywhere. Price $1 per bottle. Ask for POLAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND. For sale by the proprietor, or single bottle, at DR. KEYSER'S Great Medicine Store, 140 Wood street. apsmwf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and receive Advertisements for the United States and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

☞ THE CITIZENS OF WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA are requested to meet in Convention in the FIRST UNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Seventh street, Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, April 9th, at 12 M., to take measures to secure in the coming election of Delegates to the Convention of Ministers and Elders, to be held in Philadelphia, the ratification of the Proposed Amendment to the Constitution of the United States, and the revised will of the people, as an expression of the Christian Church of the country, authority in civil affairs. Associations and Congregations throughout the country are requested to send representations, and are hereby invited to attend and all friendly to the cause are invited to attend.

Wm. Strong, Supreme Court of Penna.
N. Hampton, District Court of Allegheny Co.
D. Elliott, Western Theological Seminary.
A. A. Hodge, " "
R. L. Dabney, " "
M. W. Jacobs, " "
Samuel Harvey, Fourth Ward, Allegh'y.
J. G. F. Jenkins, " "
Geo. R. Brown, Youngstown, O.
Joseph Horner, Peoria, Ill.
J. S. Negley, South Pittsburgh.
Louis W. Hall, Speaker of Pa. Senate, 27th District.
Rev. R. A. Brown, Senator, 25th District.
Jas. L. Graham, " Braddford Co.
George L. Orbison, " 14th District.
John Walls, " Tioga Co.
Wilmer Worthington, " 29th District.
James C. Brown, " "
M. M. Lowrie, Esq., Pittsburgh.
William Hingham, " "
John D. McCord, " "
John A. Renshaw, " "
Dennis Leonard, " "
John Watt, " "
Graham Scott, " "
Isaac Wade, " "
S. H. Kerr, Pastor 2d Presb. Ch. Pitts'g.
W. D. Howard, Pastor 1st U. P. Church.
J. J. Reid, Pastor 1st U. P. Church.
Edmund S. Snyder, Pastor 2d Presb. Church.
Herrick Johnson, Pastor 1st Presb. Ch.
James C. Barron, Pastor Lutheran Church.
J. M. W. Miller, Pastor Lutheran Church.
John Patton, Allegheny county.
S. H. Marshal, Pittsburgh.
W. M. Storrow, " apsmwsu

PITTSBURGH SHORT-HAND ACADEMY, on the Grant street, opposite the Cathedral, Opens DAY AND EVENING. Instruction in Standard Phonography given in 20 lessons in class and by mail. Reports private terms in class and by mail. Reports of lectures, sermons, &c., made upon reasonable terms. feb26:3m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE NEW LOAN

OF THE

State of Pennsylvania

IS FREE FROM ALL

State, County & Municipal Taxation.

IT BEARS SIX PER CENT. INTEREST.

Parties investing will have their names registered, thus avoiding the risk of loss, which frequently occurs with other securities.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,

Are selling the Bonds here at Philadelphia prices, which are:

5 Year Bonds..... 101¾
10 " " 102
15 " " 103
apsmwf3

Frederick Douglass

LECTURES

THIS EVENING,

AT

CITY HALL,

UPON THE

'Sources of Danger to the Republic.'

apsmwf4

GREAT SALE

OF SECOND-HAND

Pianos, Organs & Melodeons.

One 7 Octave Rosewood Nunn's & Clark Piano.
One " " Chickering " "
One " " " " "
One " " " " "
One " " " " "
One " " Knabe & Co. " "
One " " Gilbert " "
One " " Scherr " "
One " " Worcester " "
One " " Haven, Bacon & Co. " "
One " " Williams & Co. " "
One " " Wilkin on & Co. " "
One 4 " Prince & Co., Melodeon.
One 4 " Hughes & Co. " "
One 5 " Carhart " "
One 5 " Prince & Co. " "
One 3 " Walnut, Chase Organ.
One 3 " Prince " "

The above instruments are all in good order, and will be sold at

UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES,

To take room for new spring stock.

CHARLES C. MELLOR,

81 WOOD STREET.

apsmwf

RISTORI!

SHAKESPERIAN NIGHT!

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 10TH.

AT THE OPERA HOUSE.

Farewell appearance of RISTORI, in her similar role to LADY MACBETH, in Shakespeare's immortal tragedy of

MACBETH!

The greatest impersonation of modern times.

Special Notice.—For this occasion prices as follows:

Dress Circle and Parquette..... $2.00
Admission and Dress Circle..... 1.50
No extra charge for reserved seats. Secure early at the Box Office. apsmwf

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, under the firm of J. M. TATE & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. J. M. Tate retiring from the firm. The business will be carried on by the undersigned, who are authorized to receive all debts and pay all liabilities of the late firm.

JOHN M. TATE.
JOHN HALL.

Pittsburgh, April 1st, 1867.

We have purchased the interest of J. M. Tate in the late firm of Tate & Co., and will continue the business at the old stand, 140 Wood street, under the firm name of HALL & CO. We shall be pleased to have our friends and customers call on us at our new place of business.

JOHN HALL & CO.,

Manufacturers of

UNION MOWERS,

Plows, Plow Castings, Hay Rakes,

AND

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Nos. 121 123 Liberty St., cor. of Pitt.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Merchants and others will please call before purchasing elsewhere. apsmwf

FOR THE SPRING TRADE,

At 26 and 28 St. Clair Street.

We have in store and are daily receiving, of our own and other manufactures, a large stock of

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES,
FURNITURE, AND CARRIAGE
TABLE OIL CLOTHS,
BUFF HOLLANDS,
WINDOW SHADE FIXTURES.

Also, LEATHER BELTING,
RUBBER BELTING,
HOSE AND STEAM PACKING.

Being manufacturers, we are enabled to offer to merchants, carriage makers and the retail trade unusual inducements in prices and goods not to be found elsewhere in the city.

J. & H. PHILLIPS.

FOR SALE.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE.

About seven miles from the city, on the Perrysville plank road, containing two parlors, wide hall, dining room, kitchen and five bed rooms, with porch in front. Ten land square lots ten acres. There is a stable, carriage house, cow stable, two large cisterns, well of water, &c.; also bearing orchard and garden filled with fine bearing orchard and garden filled with fine bearing orchard and garden filled with fine grape vines, &c. Can be had at a good bargain for purchaser, by applying to

STEEL & WILSON,

Brokers and Real Estate Agents,

apsmwf No. 66 Smithfield street.

VALUABLE BANK, GAS AND RAILROAD STOCKS.—TUESDAY EVENING, April 9th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 105 Smithfield street:

10 shares Citizens' National Bank;
10 shares Mechanics National Bank;
25 shares Second National Bank;
25 shares Bank of Pittsburgh;
20 shares Birmingham Gas Co.
12 shares Pittsburgh & Steubenville R. R.
1 share Allegheny Valley Railroad;
25 shares First National Bank of Pittsburgh.
5 shares Allegheny Gas Co.

A. McILWAINE, Auct'r.

apsmwf

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION of the "Building and Loan Association of Birmingham" for a charter.

Notice is hereby given that an application for a charter was filed at No. 105, June Term, 1867, and that the same will be granted at next term of Court, unless exceptions thereto are filed.

JACOB H. WALTER, Prothonotary.

apsmwf5-2aw

FOR SALE.

A NEW BRICK HOUSE AND LOT.

House containing six rooms, situate on Mercer, near Bedford street, in Seventh ward. Will be finished, ready to occupy, April 25th. Price $4,000. Inquire of

C. F. CASEY, Carpenter,

Cor. of Chatham and Webster streets.

mh29:w81

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FLOUR AND FEED STORE

FOR SALE.—Any one wishing to engage in the retail FLOUR AND FEED BUSINESS can buy the fixtures and out of store by applying at No. 245 OHIO STREET, Allegheny.

A fine young horse and almost new wagon for sale, either with or without the store.

apsmwf

FOR SALE IN SEWICKLEY BOROUGH, on the principal street, TWO ACRES OF WELL IMPROVED LAND. An abundance of fruit, a neat two-story frame house, with outbuildings, and all rooms new and in good order. The property will recommend itself. Inquire of

WM. BARNS,

On the premises.

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FOR SALE OR RENT, CHEAP—A Farm in Cranberry Station, on the Central Railroad, consisting of 125 acres; improvements, two houses and stables, good orchard, all in grass, and good for cultivation. Also, a variety other farms, in good condition and well improved, which I will sell or lease, and on reasonable terms. Also, at office of good building lots in the city and suburbs.

For further particulars inquire of

WILLIAM WARD,
Hilltop Street,
opposite the Cathedral.

H. L. GOURLEY.....J. M. LOGAN.

GOURLEY & LOGAN,

Dealers in

Hats, Caps and Straw Goods,

Have just opened their new stock of

FASHIONABLE GOODS,

56 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh.

Please give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. apsmwf2

PATENT WINDOW SASH.

PATENTED JANUARY 2d, 1867.

WASHING WINDOWS MADE EASY.

This Sash is so constructed as to be easily taken from the window without removing the sash and parting beads, rendering the windows perfect no less work in half the usual time, and with much more ease. It is fast coming into general use. Don't sound without it. Any sash can now be secured at a trifling cost. Any sash for sale. Rights for sale for manufacturing. Territory is going fast. Rare inducements offered to men of small capital. For state and county rights apply to

JOSEPH WASHINGTON,

No. 67 Fourth street, Pittsburgh; room six, second floor. apsmwf

STONE QUARRY

TO LET.

The Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company offer to lease, by the perch, their

SANDSTONE QUARRIES,

Situated on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad, about one mile west of Freeport. The quarries are now being worked, and are with out exception the best on the Allegheny river, being in blocks of any dimensions and of the finest quality of the celebrated Freeport stone. The property of the celebrated Freeport stone. The property of the celebrated Freeport stone. The property