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CITY ITEMS.

Statement in Relation to the McQuade Affair.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—For the benefit of those concerned, and in reply to McQuade's alleged version of the Wilkinsburg affair, I submit the following plain statement of the facts and incidents:

On the day before the police visited McQuade's, information was made before the Mayor, charging McQuade and others with burglary and robbery. About seven o'clock in the evening, our police officers with myself started to arrest the parties. We reached McQuade's house about nine o'clock. Three of the officers were stationed a short distance from the house, while the other one and myself went to the house. My companion rapped at the door, when we heard persons going hurriedly up stairs, from the inside. After another rap, some one in the house asked "what do you want?" The officer replied, "I want to see Mr. McQuade." "Who are you?" said the inmate. "Police officers" was replied, "go to h——l and drown yourselves," was answered, and then the speaker added, "I can't open that door, come to the other one." I went to the other door, and as I reached for the knob the door was suddenly opened, and I was knocked down and kicked in the mouth, knocking out four of my teeth. One of the officers then ran up and kept the door open, and I crawled into the room. As I raised up I was again knocked down and kicked. I then managed to unlock the other door, and the other officer was about to enter, when he was forcibly hauled in and set upon by several, beating and kicking him. By this time about four more came down the stairs and took part, some one up stairs firing a pistol aimed at the officer at the foot of the stairs. He was almost at again by some one, when the other officer seized the pistol, the cock coming down on his thumb, inflicting a slight wound which may yet be worth. I then took possession of the pistol, but never used it during the whole affrayay. I had scarcely got to the door when I was knocked out into the yard, and while I lay there one of the officers was knocked down, and three fell to beating and kicking him; when I got up I knocked one of the fellows down then taking a stick that the overpowered officer had, I hit the fellow that was on top with it twice. By this time we had rather the advantage, when others came up, including McQuade. We then tried to explain our object, as we had done before, when one of them men asked the names of our party, which I gave him, and he wrote them down. I then told him when he could find us, at the Mayor's office. McQuade insisted that the house should be searched. I said we did not come for that purpose, as our warrant did not call for it. He insisted, when one of our party and myself went up stairs, but made no search; we then came down, and seeing other parties coming up we left and came to town. We were all much injured and abused one of the officers had his coat pierced by a ball. From the resistance made and the refusal to admit us when we announced ourselves as police officers I felt satisfied that we had hit upon the parties called for in the warrant. We were authorized to make the arrest and were disposed to do it in as peaceable a manner as we could, till we were resisted and assaulted, when it became our duty, not only to defend ourselves but to overpower if possible our assailants. As to the malicious witticism of the local editor of the *Dispatch*, of yesterday, relative to a whisky flask, I can only say that I had and have no knowledge of an article with which he seems so familiar. I regret that I have been forced into any explanation of a matter in which the public can have but little interest.

WARDEN NICHOLSON, Mayor's Clerk.

Dr. Keyser's Great Medicine Store.

The great *emporium* for the city of Pittsburgh is undoubtedly the establishment at the corner of Wood street and Virgin alley, conducted by our friend Dr. Keyser, who, for over thirty years, has devoted his attention to the healing of the sick, especially that class of disease known as *chronic*. There are many lingering illnesses which render those who are their victims more wretched than if subject for awhile to some more acute and violent malady, and these illnesses are just as remediable as any other, if the proper attention were devoted to their treatment.

DR. KEYSER'S BLOOD SEARCHER for all diseases of a non febrile character, having their origin in a vitiated or tainted condition of the blood, has made more cures than any other remedy of modern science. In its great adaptation to this class of maladies it has cured hundreds and thousands of *tetters, scrofulas, ulcers cancers*, liver complaints, dyspepsia, dropsies and various malignant diseases to which it were difficult to give a name, entirely significant of their true character. It is in these cases of blood diseases that DR. KEYSER'S BLOOD SEARCHER has made for itself a name which goes beyond any other remedy of the healing art. It is peculiarly proper at this season of the year that those subject to bracks and weaknesses dependent on the Himacteric changes of the season, should use a few bottles of this harmless tonic and alterative, which will not only render the system innocuous to disease, but will at the same time fortify and strengthen it against its invasion. Country merchants will find in DR. KEYSER'S BLOOD SEARCHER a medicine that will enable them to do a great deal of good, and save themselves from sickness many persons dependent on them for their supplies. Ask for Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher, and take no other. To avoid imposition, look for Dr. Keyser's name over the top of the bottle and on the outside label. One dollar per bottle—six for five dollars. at 120 Wood street. Consultation rooms for lung examinations 121 Penn street. Office hours from 9 a. m. until 4 p. m.

New Arrival

of Canned Fruits and Vegetables, and will be sold as cheap as at any other house in either city. Call and examine and judge for yourselves, at No. 112 Federal street, Allegheny City.

GEORGE HEAVEN.

Also, Agent for the well-known house of Stephen F. Whitman's celebrated Philadelphia extra fine Cream "Bon Bons," "Chocolates," Almonds, Walnut Candy, Dragee Drops, &c., &c.

The Best Conducted Restaurant

In the city, is the Continental Saloon, Fifth street, next door to the Postoffice. Mr. Holtzheimer, the enterprising proprietor, knows how to cater to the hungry public, and has long stood first in the opinion of epicures. All the delicacies of the season are served up at the shortest notice at most reasonable prices. For a good meal, call at the Continental. The daily bill of fare surpasses any offered at the best hotels.

Worth Having

And really a good article are those one dollar Morocco high heel high cut Shoes. They certainly are the cheapest shoe for the money that was ever sold in Pittsburgh. Get a pair at the Opera House Shoe Store.

Ladies are Requested

To call at No. 75 Market street, for all the new Spring styles in cloaks and sacques.

For All the New

Spring styles in cloaks and sacques, go to Spence's, No. 75 Market street.

Ladies' Dress and Cloak Trimming

of every description, at No. 75 Market street.

You Can Buy

Foreign Liquors of all kinds at Joseph S. Finch's Distillery, No. 189, 191, 193 and 195 West.

The Pioneer Cloak House

Of the West, Spence's, No. 75 Market street.

You Can Buy

98 per cent. Alcohol at Joseph S. Finch's.

You Can Buy

New Hope at Joseph S. Finch's.

CITY ITEMS.

Artificial Human Eyes,

Adjusted without pain, by Dr. Spencer, Dentist, 234 Penn street.

To Country Merchants.

We are offering full of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, at Eastern prices.

J. W. BARKER & Co., No. 59 Market street.

Ladies' Saloon.

The Ladies' Saloon attached to Holtzheimer's restaurant is the most convenient, and fitting place in the city to take your partner for supper from evening sociables or balls. The Saloon is on Fifth street, next door to the Postoffice.

Hotel and Boarding House

Keepers wishing to have a first rate cup of tea, to please all, can have it mixed to suit, Green and Black, or Green and Japan, or Black and Japan in any proportions they wish, at A Kirk's, No. 172 and 174 Federal street, Allegheny.

Ladies Wanting the New Spring

Styles in Sacques, Cloaks and Basques, and all the new cloak trimmings, should not forget that Spence, No. 75 Market street, has just returned from New York with all the new styles in cloaks, basques and sacques.

The Best Pair

Of shoes you ever saw—thousands of them selling for one dollar a pair, at the Opera House Shoe Store.

See the Large Pile

Of those excellent shoes selling for one dollar a pair, piled in the window of the Opera House Shoe Store.

For All the New Spring

Styles in cloaks and sacques, and ladies' dress trimming, go to Spence's, No. 75 Market street.

For the Latest

Perls and New York styles in Cloaks, Basques and Sacques, go to No. 75 Market street.

Gold Medal Sparkling Catawba Wine

Sold at the lowest rates, at Fleming's Drug Store, No. 84 Market street.

Still Catawba Wine,

A splendid article, sold at low rates at Fleming's Drug Store, No. 84 Market street.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The bricklayers and carpenters of New York will strike for three dollars a day on the 1st of April.

Several failures were reported yesterday in New York, one of a large clothing house in Broadway.

At the large sale of real estate in New York yesterday, property brought increased prices, and some lots sold for fancy rates.

The New York *Times* special says the report that General Grant made suggestions to members of Congress relative to impeachment, while he was upon the floor of the House, is without foundation in fact. The two houses of Congress having failed to agree upon a day of adjournment, it becomes the duty of the President, under the Constitution, to order an adjournment, fixing the day himself.

The Richmond *Times* says General Lee has thrown his influence and name in favor of a Convention.

The confirmation of Matthew McMahon as postmaster of New York is said to be certain.

The Senate Committee have reported against the confirmation of Blair as Minister to Austria.

A dispatch from Baltimore says that the Union State Convention met in that city yesterday morning. There was a report that Governor Swann would arrest the members, but this has not yet been done.

James Lay, keeper of a drinking saloon in Philadelphia, jumped out of a third story window last night, in a fit of insanity, and killed himself.

John A. Smith has been acquitted of the murder of James Lukens, in a bar room fight, last fall, in Philadelphia.

General Sherman has issued an order providing that two pieces of artillery and twenty muskets, with proper ammunition shall be supplied each steamer that ascends the Missouri river above Sioux city this coming season. Commanding officers of forts above Sioux city are authorized to increase the number of muskets and amount of ammunition if deemed necessary for the safety of the boats.

General Sheridan's order assuming command of the Fifth Military District, Louisiana and Texas, has been published. He declares the governments of those States provisional only, and proposes to make no removals from office unless the present incumbents impede the carrying out of the provisions of the law.

The New York *Herald's* Montgomery, Alabama, special says that a Reconstruction meeting of both colors was held there on Monday night. Resolutions favoring a faithful concurrence in the requirements of the military bill, enlighting the colored men, who are entitled to political equality, and calling for a State Convention, were adopted. General Wagner swayne and twenty-two other Ex-rebel officers addressed the meeting. Gov. Patton was among the Vice Presidents.

A man named William Martin was arrested in New York on the charge of obtaining money under false pretences for nearly nine years. He had been soliciting subscriptions for the sick and destitute members of the Insurance Patrol, from merchants of the city, representing himself as a member of the patrol, and authorized to receive said subscriptions. By this means he had received sums amounting to ten thousand dollars, all of which he has squandered in lottery policies.

A boy named Thompson was struck on the head with a boot-jack, by one Patrick Cavanaugh, in Brooklyn, on Monday, the 11th, and died on Friday last, it is alleged, from the effects of the blow. Cavanaugh has been arrested.

John Finn has been nominated as the Democratic candidate for Mayor of St. Louis.

The St. Louis Merchants Exchange have suspended the Central System.

An accident occurred on the Erie railroad, near Mastlope, yesterday, by which an express train was badly smashed, the engineer killed, and several passengers injured.

Morris Lonergan was arrested in Washington, on Tuesday, for the murder of his wife.

A tobacco warehouse, on Fifth avenue, New York, was seized yesterday, by internal revenue officers.

Aaron Jones has forwarded a challenge to Michael McCool, of St. Louis, offering to make a match with him for one thousand dollars, and to fight within two or three months.

The levees of the Mississippi are reported giving way, and it is feared the whole lower Valley will be inundated.

Two negroes, concerned in the riotous demonstration in Charleston, South Carolina, were arrested yesterday and shot. They were incited to misconduct by intoxication.

In the Ohio Senate, last night, the resolution amending the State Constitution by giving the right of suffrage to negroes was passed—yeas, 23; nays, 11.

At the Cooper Institute, New York, last night, John Savage delivered a lecture under the auspices of the Emmet Brotherhood—subject, "Theobald Wolfe," ton and cause of Ireland. The lecturer concluded by appealing to his countrymen and friends in Republicanism to aid Ireland in her struggle for liberty.

The Royal Arch Chapter Masons, after two days session at Baltimore, voted on Wednesday to separate—nineteen against three.

Whipping in the public schools of New Jersey is prohibited by an act of Assembly which went into effect yesterday.

The bill making eight hours a legal day's work has passed the New York Legislature. The Constitutional Convention bill has passed the New York Legislature, with the negro suffrage clause omitted.

FIRST EDITION.

ONE O'CLOCK, A. M.

EARLY TELEGRAMS.

HARRISBURG.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

Host of Private Bills Passed.

THE CONSOLIDATION MATTER.

Senator Graham Wants the Question Submitted to a Vote.

PROHIBITORY LIQUOR LAW FOR CERTAIN ALLEGHENY COUNTY DISTRICTS.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, March 27, 1867.

SENATE.

The following private bills were passed:

To incorporate the Oil City Brewing Company.

To extend the law for the protection of sheep to Westmoreland and Indiana counties.

To lay out a State road from Tarentum to Butler county.

An act to incorporate the Citizens Ferry Company of Pittsburgh.

An act compelling consumers of gas to pay the taxes.

To incorporate the Fort Pitt Insurance Company.

To authorize the School Directors of Fawn township to borrow money.

To authorize the borough of Lawrenceville to borrow money.

To allow the Prison Society to visit the prisons and the penitentiary in Allegheny county.

An act relating to paying and grading sidewalks in Mckeesport.

To authorize the School Directors of Harrison township to borrow money.

To incorporate the Eagle Cotton Manufacturing Company.

An act covering W. C. Gray and Lucinda Gray.

An act to authorize the Commissioners of Crawford county to borrow money.

To incorporate Washington Lodge, Grand Jurors, auditors and witnesses in Venango county.

An act relative to the Coroner of Washington county.

To incorporate the Philipsburg and Rochester Ferry Company.

To authorize the Franklin and Warren Railway Company to extend branches and form the main line transporting.

To incorporate the Greenville Savings and Loan Company.

THE CONSTITUTION MATTER.

Mr. Graham said he had heard of the council bill, which, unless submitted to a vote of each district to be included.

HOUSE.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

To authorize School Directors of Sewickley and Tarentum to borrow money for school purposes.

To incorporate the Pittsburgh Transportation Company.

Act to take the expression of the citizens of Venango county relative to a change of county seat.

Also, to make a new county out of a portion of Warren, Venango, Forest and Crawford. Reported negatively.

To divorce Samuel Mills and Susanna his wife, of Butler county.

To allow citizens of Reserve township to vote for or against annexation to Allegheny City.

An act relative to assessments in Pittsburgh.

An act regulating fees of assessors and assistant assessors of Allegheny county.

An act relating to Notary Public fees in Allegheny county.

GENERAL APPROPRIATION BILL.

The House resumed the consideration of the general Appropriation Bill. The appropriations to Western Institutions scent through as reported, with the exception of that for the Penitentiary, which Mr. Wilson had, increased on account of some items which had been neglected.

The different items of appropriation were discussed at length, Mr. Wilson speaking in favor of western institutions.

PROHIBITORY LIQUOR LAW.

In the Senate Mr. Graham called up and had passed a prohibitory liquor tax for the townships of Harrison, East Deer and Fawn, and the borough of Tarentum.

MARYLAND RADICAL CONVENTION.

Resolutions Adopted — Legislative Constitutional Convention Opposed—Manhood Suffrage Resolved Upon.

BALTIMORE, March 27.—The Republican Radical State Convention reassembled today. Some resolutions were referred, appointed, who, at the afternoon session, reported four resolutions appealing to Congress to grant the request of the memorial of the Republican members of the Maryland State, and to protect the loyal minority against the people Maryland, white and colored, and give a State Constitution on basis of manhood suffrage, opposed any constitution not submitted to the present one, which don't express the will of the people, without regard to color, as a revolutionary usurpation, also resolved to hold a State Convention and call upon Congress for delegates to the convention, further to be in communicating the Republicans of the State to the Congress, the call for a convention, and to use all legal means to defeat the Legislature, which is dependent and separate action in case the legislative convention is sustained by a majority of the voters of that state, and that a convention of delegates be held in Baltimore on the first Wednesday of June, to proceed to form a Constitution on the basis of manhood suffrage. The entire Resolution declares that Washington and Lincoln are necessary to success, and call upon the Veteran soldiers of the state to aid in accomplishing the victory. The resolutions were adopted and a Committee appointed to lay them before Congress. Then Convention then adjourned *sine die*.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Civil Officers Removed by Gen. Sheridan—His Order in the Matter.

NEW ORLEANS, March 27.—The following order was issued to-day:

HD. QRS. FIFTH MILITARY DISTRICT, GENERAL ORDER No. 7.

Andrew Herron, Attorney General of the State of Louisiana; Jno. T. Monroe, Mayor of New Orleans, and Edmund Abell, Judge of the First District Court of the city of New Orleans, are hereby removed from their respective offices from 12 m. to-day.

The following appointments are made to take effect on the same date: R. K. Lynch, Attorney General of the State of Louisiana; Edward Heath, Mayor of New Orleans, and W. W. Boyce, Judge of First District Court of New Orleans.

Each person removed will turn over all books, papers, records, &c., pertaining to his office to the one appointed thereto. The authority of the latter will be duly respected and enforced.

By command of Major General P. H. Sheridan:

GEO. L. HARTSUFF, A. A. G.

Mr. Heath, the new Mayor, is a well-known merchant.

FROM VERMONT.

Special Session of the Legislature—A New Railroad to be Constructed—Towns Authorized to Subscribe for Stock.

MONTPELIER, March 27.—The Vermont Legislature convened in special session today. Bills were passed authorizing certain towns to subscribe for stock for building a new railroad to connect the Rutland and Bennington with the Harlem road, and authorizing the mortgage of the Rutland and Bennington road for the same purpose. The construction of such a road will remove the embarrassment occasioned by the action of the Troy and Boston road in refusing to run in connection with the Rutland and Bennington road.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

WASHINGTON.

Monument to American Freedom.

NEW AGRICULTURAL COMMISSION.

Last Six Months Exports of 1866.

NEW YORK NAVAL OFFICER APPOINTED.

WASHINGTON, March 27, 1867.

STATISTICAL REPORT.

The report of the directors of the statistical bureau shows the exports of domestic and produce for the six months ending December 31st last, amounted to [illegible], including the following [illegible]: Cotton, $[illegible]; gold bullion, $[illegible]; other bullion, $[illegible]; manufactures of gold silver and other metals, $[illegible]; cattle, $[illegible]; all provisions, $[illegible]; tobacco, $[illegible]; all other articles, $[illegible]. The exports of foreign articles amounted to $[illegible].

CONGRESSIONAL.

Congress has passed a law creating an association, national in its character, for the purpose of promoting the advancement of science, under the great charter of America, the Constitution. Time for the north and northwestern states are as follows: Representatives Ashley, Wilson, Shank, Kasson, Ferry, Kelsey, Hubbard, Ingersoll, Newcomb, Lansing, Ketcham, Ripley, Ward, Morrill, Pomeroy, Sloan, Kelley, Ames, Arnold, Beck, Boutwell, Bromwell, Broomall, Cake, Cullom, Dawes, Delano, Eckley, Eggleston, Farnsworth, Garfield, Gravely, Hale, Hamilton, Hopkins, Kuykendall, Lafin, Lynch, Marvin, McCullough, McIndoe, Moore, Morgan, Morrow, Myers, Newell, Orth, Paine, Peters, Pike, Plants, Price, Randall, Robinson, Rogers, Ross, Sawyer, Schenck, Scofield, Shellabarger, Stevens, Taylor, Thomas, Trowbridge, Van Horn, Van Wyck, Washburn, Wentworth, Williams, Wilson, Windom, Woodbridge, Wright, Yeaman, Yeatman—total, 84.

Senators Cragin, Drake, Fessenden, Fowler, Howard, Howe, Morgan, Morrill, Nesmith, Pomeroy, Ross, Sherman, Sprague, Sumner, Thayer, Tipton, Wade, Willey, Wilkinson, Wilson, Yates—total, 19.

Upon a call for four days, the following were found absent: Representatives Ancona, Baldwin, Banks, Barnum, Beaman, Bergen, Bergner, Bingham, Blair, Boyer, Brooks, Buffington, Burleigh, Cake, Chanler, Chenoweth, Cobb, Cullen, Culver, Deweese, Dixon, Donnelly, Eckley, Eggleston, Eldridge, Fox, Gravely, Grider, Griswold, Haight, Harding, Hotchkiss, Hubbard, Hulburd, Humphrey, Jones, Julian, Kelsey, Kerr, Kitchen, Lafin, Lansing, Lynch, Marshall, Marvin, McCullough, McIndoe, Mallory, Mercur, Miller, Moore, Morris, Morrow, Myers, Newell, Nicholson, Orth, Paine, Pike, Plants, Price, Randall, Robinson, Rogers, Ross, Scofield, Shellabarger, Smith, Stevens, Taylor, Thomas, Van Horn, Van Wyck, Wentworth, Williams, Wilson, Windom, Woodbridge, Wright, Yeaman, Yeatman—total, 78.

The Senate, by a vote of 29 to 10, passed the House bill to provide for the payment of the expenses of the Impeachment Court, and for other purposes.

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Mr. SHERMAN, from the Committee on Finance, reported a bill to provide for the payment of the expenses of the Impeachment Court, and for other purposes.

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Mr. GRIMES, from the Committee on Navy, reported a bill to provide for the payment of the expenses of the Impeachment Court, and for other purposes.

Mr. HOWARD introduced and moved to refer to the Judiciary Committee the annual report of the New York Bank of Commerce, for the year ending June 1st, '65, in which it is charged that Mr. Thomas, Senator elect from Maryland, withdrew in December, '64, from the city of New York, a large amount of money accumulated there for the payment of interest on United States stock, leaving this interest for the first time unprovided, at the time Mr. Thomas was Secretary of the Treasury. The resolution was referred.

SEEDS FOR THE SOUTH.

The joint resolution transferring $5,000 from the funds of the Freedmen's Bureau to the Department of Agriculture, for the purchase of seeds for citizens of rebel states was passed.

LEVEES ON THE MISSISSIPPI.

Mr. HENDERSON, from the Committee on Finance, reported a bill to guarantee to the states of Louisiana six million dollars for the construction of levees on the Mississippi. Ordered to be printed.

INDIAN MATTERS.

Mr. THAYER, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, reported a bill introduced in him a few days since, to prohibit the removal of Indians, and the expenditure of funds held by the United States for Indians, without special provision of law or treaty.

THE TARIFF BILL.

Mr. POMEROY offered a joint resolution that the joint resolution of March 2d, 1867, amending the tariff act of 1864, shall not be construed to apply to hosiery, woolen cloth, silk twist, or other manufactures of clothing wool for the manufacture of hosiery.

Mr. CAMERON objected to the immediate consideration, and the resolution went over.

ACCOUNTS OF LIVE STOCK, ETC.

Mr. THAYER, from the Military Committee, reported a resolution authorizing the second Auditor of the Treasury to settle accounts of live stock officers without requiring monthly returns for property in their possession, where such officers have been prevented from making returns by the exigencies of the service. Adopted.

Mr. HOWARD moved to amend the second Auditor's bill so as to allow officers of volunteers, in the matter of the liability of the officer to make returns. The amendment was agreed to, and the bill passed.

PUBLISHING LAWS, ETC.

Mr. MORRILL, Me., from the Committee on Appropriations, reported a bill to supply deficiencies for appropriations for the Contingent Fund of the senate.

The question was on concurring in the amendment of the House to the bill authorizing a Western road, to be known as the Oregon Central, and for publishing the laws and resolutions, that was paid to newspapers.

The amendment was concurred in.

Mr. HOWARD introduced a bill to amend the act of March 3d, 1865, in relation to the commutation fund for commutation rations to officers of the Army, and for other purposes. Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. SUMNER, by unanimous consent, introduced a bill to provide for the payment of the expenses of the Impeachment Court, and for other purposes. Referred to the Committee on Finance, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. SHERMAN offered an amendment to the bill to provide for the payment of the expenses of the Impeachment Court, and for other purposes. Referred to the Committee on Finance, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. SUMNER moved to amend the bill to provide for the payment of the expenses of the Impeachment Court, and for other purposes, by striking out the words "Sergeant-at-Arms and Doorkeeper." Agreed to, and the amendment was agreed to.

Mr. FESSENDEN offered an amendment to the bill to provide for the payment of the expenses of the Impeachment Court, and for other purposes. Referred to the Committee on Finance, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. SHERMAN moved to amend the bill to provide for the payment of the expenses of the Impeachment Court, and for other purposes, by striking out the words "Sergeant-at-Arms and Doorkeeper." Agreed to, and the amendment was agreed to.

Mr. SUMNER offered an amendment to the bill to provide for the payment of the expenses of the Impeachment Court, and for other purposes, by striking out the words "Commissioner of Public Buildings at Washington." Agreed to, and the amendment was agreed to.

The bill as amended was passed.

Mr. FESSENDEN offered an amendment to the bill to provide for the payment of the expenses of the Impeachment Court, and for other purposes. Referred to the Committee on Finance, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. SHERMAN moved to amend the bill to provide for the payment of the expenses of the Impeachment Court, and for other purposes, by striking out the words "Secretary of the Interior." Agreed to, and the amendment was agreed to.

Mr. SUMNER moved to amend the bill to provide for the payment of the expenses of the Impeachment Court, and for other purposes, by striking out the words "Commissioner of Public Buildings at Washington." Agreed to, and the amendment was agreed to.

The bill as amended was passed.

The joint resolution was passed, and goes to the House.

SENATORS BRISTLE AND PATTERSON AND THE NEW YORK CUSTOM HOUSE.

Mr. TRUMBULL from the Judiciary Committee, reported on the testimony concerning the Bristle and Patterson case in the Custom House. The Committee do not find Mr. Bristle guilty of any charge, but recommend the adoption of the following:

Mr. LANSING makes a minority report, exonerating Messrs. Bristle and Patterson from all charges. The majority report of the Committee to show that Collector Smythe had, from the entire commencement of his office, been in close intimacy with Senator Patterson, and that they ever had been in the habit of consulting together in the matter of the appointments in the New York Custom House. The Committee do not find that Mr. Bristle ever had any intimacy with Senator Patterson.