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CITY ITEMS.

Artificial Human Eyes,

Adjusted without pain, by Dr. Spencer, Dentist, 254 Penn street.

Novelties in Medicine.

The great reason why the medical has not increased *paripassu* with the other difficult and learned sciences is, that every new remedy, new mode of cure, or new plan of treatment, always meets with such a hue and cry of opposition by the regular profession, as few men are able or willing to withstand. This should not be so. In true science, everything ought to be made available that is useful; and the investigation of disease and its amelioration is surely one of the noblest pursuits of mankind; and which, if prosecuted with honest aims, should evoke the gratulations of all who have at heart the comfort and well being of the human race.

We have been led to these remarks by the perusal of a work on Urino-Pathology, by Dr L. OLDSHUE, who, for twenty years, has been investigating the subject of Urinary Deposits and Secretions—not out of curiosity merely, but with the more laudable view of making the application of this knowledge useful in ameliorating the sufferings of mankind.

The doctor has been successful. And why should he not? He has thoroughly systemized the course of study of Urino-Pathology and made the science acceptable in medical schools, and the practice of it respectable at home in Pittsburgh and the surrounding country as far as he is known.

It is a subject worthy the attention of all those who regard scientific investigation of disease as paramount to that mawkish sensibility which precludes it on account of its novelty.

For the benefit of those who feel disposed to avail themselves of the advantages of such investigations, we would further state that we have visited him at his office on Grant street, also, and found him prepared with all the apparatus necessary to a chemical as well as microscopical examination of the most complicated cases. His office was one continued throng of patients, from nearly all parts of the country, who spoke in unqualified terms in praise of his success.

HYGEA.

Fresh Arrival—New Stock, New Styles and New Prices—Spring Goods in Abundance,

Always in advance in everything, prices and all. As this is the first lot of spring goods received by any boot and shoe house in the city, you should not fail to call and examine it, and note the difference in prices from two or three months ago. The assortment is unusually large and complete and embraces every variety of goods. Prices are cheaper than ever and no mistake. Don't fail to call early.

OPERA HOUSE SHOE STORE.

If You Want

To be suited with Tea exactly to your taste, go to A. Kirk's store, No. 172 and 174 Federal street, and we feel sure you will be suited exactly, with any description, quality or price, you may want, as he has lately received a large assortment of all the most choice kinds, among which are Young Hyson, Japan uncolored, Japan Young Hyson. A large assortment of Oolongs, Powchongs, and Sonchongs; also, Gunpowder and Imperial, Hyson, Peko, &c., &c. He sells also at prices much below the customary price. Call and try for yourself.

New Arrival

Of canned Fruits and Vegetables, and will be sold as cheap as at any other house in either city. Call and examine and judge for yourselves, at No. 112 Federal street, Allegheny City. GEORGE BEAVEN.

Also, Agent for the well-known house of Stephen F. Whitman's celebrated Philadelphia extra fine Cream "Bon Bons," "Chocolates," Almonds, Walnut Candy, Dragee Drops, &c., &c.

The Best Conducted Restaurant

In the city, is the Continental Saloon, Fifth street, next door to the Postoffice. Mr. Holtzheimer, the enterprising proprietor, knows how to cater to the hungry public, and has long stood first in the opinion of epicures. All the delicacies of the season are served up at the shortest notice at most reasonable prices. For a good meal, call at the Continental. The daily bill of fare surpasses any offered at the best hotels.

Ladies' Saloon.

The Ladies' Saloon attached to Holtzheimer's restaurant is the most convenient and fitting place in the city to take your partner for supper from evening sociables or balls. The Saloon is on Fifth street, next door to the Postoffice.

To Country Merchants.

We are offering full of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, at Eastern prices.

J. W. BARKER & Co., No. 59 Market street,

Go to Fleming's Drug Store,

No. 84 Market Street, for Hostetter's and Drake's Bitters, cheaper than any other place.

Go to Fleming's Drug Store,

No 84 Market Street, for the best Medicinal Liquors of all kinds.

Go to Fleming's Drug Store,

No. 84 Market Street, for good Sponges, at low rates.

You Can Buy

Foreign Liquors of all kinds at Joseph S. Finch's Distillery, No. 189, 191, 193 and 195

You Can Buy

95 per cent. Alcohol at Joseph S. Finch's.

You Can Buy

New Hops at Joseph S. Finch's.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

General Longstreet, through the New Orleans *Times*, says there is no humiliation attached to an acceptance of the terms proposed by Congress, and he has no reason to doubt that such an acceptance in good faith will secure the re-admission of the Southern States.

If Congress adjourns to-day or to-morrow, it is stated the President will issue on the day of adjournment a proclamation calling an extra session of the Senate for Executive business.

The release of Jeff. Davis upon his own recognizance has been urged by prominent Republicans, for the reason that there is no prospect of Chief Justice Chase holding a Court in Virginia so long as that State is under the control of military authority, he deeming it beneath the dignity of a Judge of the Supreme Court to preside in a district under such control.

Horace Greeley and other influential New Yorkers have had an interview with the President relative to the removal of Collector Smythe.

It is now asserted that Mr. Foster will not be nominated as Minister to Austria He has returned to Connecticut,

Important dispatches in reference to movements of troops and gunboats on the Canadian frontier are withheld.

The Union Pacific Railway has progressed 455 miles west of St. Louis, and the track is being laid at the rate of a mile per day. which he belonged.

Another anti-high-rent meeting was held in New York on Saturday night.

The Connecticut election, it is asserted, will be very close, and the fear is expressed that the Republicans may lose two Congressmen.

The Oswego Board of Trade have resolved not to adopt the Cental System until it is put in practical operation in the markets of New York, Chicago and Milwaukee.

A. N. Clark, formerly one of the proprietors of the *Courant*, died at Hartford, Ct., on Sunday.

General Sherman has expressed a desire and intention, if he can obtain the leave of the President and General Grant, to go in Captain Duncan's excursion to the Holy Land, which is to sail in June next. Gen. Sherman will take with him his daughter Minnie.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1786

Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXII.---NO. 71. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, MARCH 26, 1867. PRICE THREE CENTS.

FIRST EDITION.

ONE O'CLOCK, A. M.

EARLY TELEGRAMS.

FROM EUROPE.

A Protest from Kossuth.

THE FENIAN INSURRECTION.

The Pirate Alabama Matter.

RUMORS OF MINISTERIAL DISSENTIONS RIFE

Financial and Commercial.

PROTEST FROM KOSSUTH.

TURIN, March 25.—Kossuth, who is now residing in this city, has written a letter protesting against the arrangement between Hungary and the Emperor of Austria.

LIVERPOOL, March 25.—The steamship Peruvian, from Portland the 9th inst., arrived at Londonderry on Sunday.

LONDON, March 25.—*Evening.*—Consols closed at 91 for money; Five-Twenties, 74¼; Illinois Central, 78¼; Erie, 39.

PARIS, March 25.—*Evening.*—United States bond, 84⅝.

FRANKFORT, March 25.—United States bonds, 78.

LIVERPOOL, March 25.—The Cotton market is buoyant and active, closing firm; middling uplands 13¼d; Orleans 13½d; sales of 12,000 bales. Breadstuffs quiet. Tallow 44s. 6d. for American. Lard 50s. 6d. Ashes; 34s. for Pots. Spirits Turpentine 37s. 6d. Linseed Oil £39 per ton. Petroleum 1s. 7d. per gallon. Iron; Scotch pig 59s. per ton.

[By Steamers.]

NEW YORK, March 25.—The steamers New York and City of Washington, from Europe, arrived to-day.

The Fenian agitation continued, but no further collisions are reported. It is represented that the military force in Ireland now see plainly that in no part in the West of Ireland could any body of armed men hold together for twenty-four hours without the calamity of receiving extreme punishment. The flying columns were producing a decidedly good moral effect.

Rumors of ministerial dissentions were again rife.

PORTLAND, ME., March 25.—The steamship Nestoria, from Liverpool on the 14th, and Londonderry on the 15th instant, has arrived.

The Pall Mall *Gazette* says: We have reason to believe that some recent overtures of Sir Frederick Bruce in behalf of his Government in the matter of the arbitration of the Alabama claims have not been received in a concilliatory spirit by Mr. Seward. We do not understand the offer of the British representative to have been directly refused, but that at two interviews the subject had been evaded.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, March 25, 1867.

SENATE.

RESOLUTION ON ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. WILSON moved the Secretary be ordered to request the House to return the resolution for adjournment, with a view to reconsideration of the vote by which it passed the Senate. Mr. Wilson explained that he wished if possible to fix a day between now and December on which Congress might be called together if necessary. The motion was agreed to.

RIVER IMPROVEMENT.

Mr. CHANDLER, from the Committee on Commerce, reported a resolution authorizing the head of the engineer corps to employ five civil engineers in the work of surveying and improving Northwestern rivers and harbors. Passed.

UNION LEAGUE MEMORIAL.

Mr. NYE presented a memorial from the Grand Council of the Union League of Maryland, asking that the provisions of the Reconstruction bill be extended to Maryland. Referred to Judiciary Committee.

PATENT OFFICE MATTERS.

Mr. SHERMAN, from the Finance Committee, reported a bill authorizing the employment of additional Examiners in the Patent Office, not exceeding four in each class, or twelve in all.

A section in the House bill, creating the office of Solicitor of Patents, and a third section increasing the force of Examiners of Patents, were recommended by the Committee to be stricken out.

After debate, the second and third sections were stricken out, and the bill passed.

On motion of Mr. SHERMAN it was postponed till December.

SALE OF WAR VESSELS TO BILLIGERENTS.

Mr. CHANDLER moved the Senate take up the bill to allow American citizens to sell vessels of war to friendly belligerents.

Mr. SUMNER hoped it would not be taken up.

Mr. CHANDLER spoke at length in favor of the bill, saying he was willing to let the Alabama claims go for the present. He would be content to take a hand on the Northern frontier for them. Great Britain, he said, had ceased to command the respect of the civilized world. The bill he now presented was purely commercial in its character, and there ought to be no objection.

PROCEEDS OF CAPTURED PROPERTY.

Mr. SHERMAN reported from the Committee on Finance the House joint resolution, providing that,

WHEREAS, There are now in the hands of the Treasurer of the United States, as special agent of the Treasury Department, several millions of dollars, proceeds of property captured during the rebellion, which is under the control of the Secretary of the Treasury, and as it now stands may be disposed of in settling claims preferred by the alleged former owners of said captured property, without the sanction of Congress; and *whereas*, it is considered proper that such claims should not be settled and paid without first recieving the approval of Congress, therefore be it,

Resolved, &c., That all monies thus held by the Treasurer of the United States shall at once be conveyed by warrant into the United States Treasury, only to be drawn by authority of law.

Mr. MORTON said this bill proposed to legislate into law the very principle which formed the basis of the Alabama claims. To pass it now would be to stultify the American people before the world. It would put it into the power of the pettiest nation in world to make war upon the commerce of the greatest.

TRADERS ON THE PLAINS.

Pending the consideration of this subject, Mr. WILSON asked and obtained unanimous consent to report a joint resolution to authorize the Commanding General of the Army to permit traders to remain at certain posts for the accommodation of persons crossing the plains. The resolution passed.

MONUMENT ASSOCIATION.

Mr. CONNESS introduced a bill to incorporate "the Lincoln Monument Association of the District of Columbia," which was referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Mr. CONNESS introduced a resolution calling upon the Secretary of the Interior for information as to the cause of the suspension of the work on the Pacific Railroad, and what further legislation was necessary to secure the speedy completion of the Pacific Railroad from Omaha westward, which was adopted.

SEEDS FOR REBEL STATES.

Mr. CAMERON introduced a resolution directing the distribution of $50,000 worth of seeds among the people of the rebel States.

The present consideration was objected to by Mr. FESSENDEN, and it goes over.

REMOVAL OF INDIANS.

Mr. MORRILL introduced a resolution, which was agreed to, directing the Committee on Indian Affairs to inquire into and report upon the expediency of removing the Indians now in the States to the Indian Territory.

COLORADO TERRITORY.

Mr. NYE introduced a bill to amend the organic act of Colorado Territory, by providing that the sessions of its Legislature shall be biennial, and that the members of said Legislature shall receive six dollars per day.

Immediate consideration was asked, but objection was made.

The House resolution for adjournment was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The Senate then went into Executive session and soon adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Bills were introduced as follows:

By Mr. LAWRENCE, of Ohio: For reorganizing judiciary; also, a bill to provide a temporary government for the Territory of Lincoln. Referred to the Committee on Territories.

Also, a bill to give construction to the acts of January 30, 1864, and March 3, 1865, and limit the pay of officers' servants. Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Also, a bill to repeal the act authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to retire $4,000,000 from circulation monthly. Referred to the Committee of the Whole.

By Mr. EGGLESTON: Providing for necessary surveys for a ship canal around the falls of the Ohio river. Referred to the Committee on Commerce.

By Mr. KERR: To authorize and require the administration of oaths in certain cases, and to punish perjury in connection therewith. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. INGERSOLL: To construct a ship canal from the Mississippi river to Lake Michigan. Referred to the Committee on Roads and Canals.

To provide for the erection of a building in Peoria, Ills., for the accommodation of the postoffice and Internal revenue officers. Referred to the Postoffice Committee.

By Mr. PILE: To establish a National Bureau of Insurance. Referred to Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. TERRY: Various joint resolutions of the Michigan Legislature, as follows: For an act to secure the speedy construction of the Northern Pacific Railroad; calling attention to the national importance of fortifying the island of Mackinaw; for the construction of a railroad from Menonlonee to Houghton; for pensions to the survivors of the war of 1812, and widows of those who died from April 1st, 1865; for an effective protective tariff on copper, iron, lumber, salt, flax and coal.

By Mr. UPSON: Joint resolution of Michigan Legislature for an appropriation to improve the harbor at the mouth of South Black River. Referred to the Committee on Commerce.

By Mr. SCHOFIELD: To authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to prescribe rules and regulations for the registry of certain vessels built for the use of the western and northwestern lakes, on payment of Internal Revenue tax on the materials used in their construction. Referred to Committee on Commerce.

By Mr. WASHBURNE: To authorize the Southern Minn Railroad Company to construct and maintain a bridge across the Mississippi river and establish it as a post road. Referred to Post Office Committee.

By Mr. SAWYER: A memorial from the Wisconsin Legislature for a branch extension of the military road between Fort Howard, Wisconsin, and Fort Wilkins, Michigan. Referred to Committee on Public Lands.

By Mr. HOPKINS: A memorial of the Wisconsin Legislature, in reference to a ship canal to connect the Mississippi river with the waters of Lake Michigan. Referred to Committee on Commerce.

By Mr. BURLEIGH: A bill granting land in aid of the construction of certain railroads in Dacotah Territory. Referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

By Mr. ASHLEY, of Ohio: An act to change the location of the Capital of Montana Territory. Passed.

Mr. ECKLEY: A joint resolution to pay George Washburn $3,838 37 for his share of the proceeds of the seizure of property in Nashville, Tenn.

RESOLUTION OF ADJOURNMENT.

By Mr. SCHENCK: A concurrent resolution that each House of Congress shall adjourn the present session at noon on the 28th of March, to assemble on the first Wednesday of May, the first Wednesday of June, the first Wednesday of September, and the first Wednesday of November next, unless the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House shall, by joint proclamation, ten days before either of these dates, declare there is no occasion for the meeting of Congress at such time. Adopted—yeas, 88; nays, 31.

COLLECTOR SMYTHE.

The SPEAKER presented a letter from H. A. Smythe, Collector at New York, requesting to be allowed to appear by counsel before the Committee on Public Expenditures and produce witnesses in his own defense.

Mr. RANDALL offered a resolution to grant the request.

Finally the rules were suspended and the resolution offered was adopted—yeas, 80; nays, 35.

SUPPLEMENTARY RECONSTRUCTION.

Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, offered a resolution directing the Clerk of the House to present to the Secretary of State the Supplementary Reconstruction Bill, passed last Saturday over the President's veto. Adopted.

DOCKAGE BOATS FOR THE MISSISSIPPI.

Mr. PILE introduced a joint resolution authorizing the Secretary of War to have built two dockage boats for use at the mouth of the Mississippi. Passed.

NAVY DEPARTMENT FUNDS.

Mr. LOGAN introduced a concurrent resolution directing that all the amount of money not estimated or asked by the Navy Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, and now under the control of the Navy Department, be conveyed into the Treasury of the United States.

Mr. LOGAN stated that the Secretary of the Navy asked, in his last report, Congress to do this very thing, stating that he had under his control an unexpended balance of ninety-eight millions, accumulated from the sale of different articles, and eighteen millions appropriated in the last Naval Appropriation Bill, making an aggregate of $117,164,000, being about one hundred millions more than required by the bill. This resolution was simply to have the money conveyed into the Treasury Department.

After considerable discussion the joint resolution was passed.

MARYLAND AFFAIRS.

Mr. THOMAS presented a memorial from the members of the General Assembly of Maryland, asking the immediate consideration by Congress of the condition of public affairs in that State; also, resolutions from the Union League of Maryland. Ordered to be printed.

COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION, &C.

On motion of Mr. STEVENS, the Senate appropriation bill to supply the deficiency fund of the Senate, was taken from the Speaker's table.

Mr. STEVENS moved an amendment, adding an appropriation for salaries to the Commissioner of Education and his clerks, $3,000; and for the furniture and stationary of his office, $5000. Agreed to.

Mr. STEVENS also moved a substitute for the second section, making it the duty of the Secretary of the State, on receiving notice of the *designation* by the Clerk of the House of newspapers selected for the publication of the laws and treaties of the United States, to furnish promptly authentic copies thereof, provided it shall be lawful to publish them in three newspapers in Louisiana. Agreed to.

The bill was then passed.

SENATE BUSINESS CONSIDERED.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of the business on the Speaker's table, and disposed thereof as follows:

The Senate bill declaring the bridges over the Missouri river at St. Charles, Mo., over the Mississippi river, near Louisiana, Mo., and over the Missouri river near Leavenworth, Kansas, legal constructions and post roads.

Mr. LOGAN offered an amendment, providing that for the bridge at Leavenworth authority shall first be obtained from the States of Missouri and Kansas.

Mr. HOLMAN moved to refer the bill and amendment to the Committee on Commerce. Agreed to—53 to 35.

DIPLOMATIC UNIFORMS.

The Senate joint resolution prohibiting persons in the diplomatic service of the United States from wearing uniforms not previously authorized by Congress.

Mr. SCHENCK opposed and Mr. JUDD favored the resolution.

A LICK AT MY TRADE.

Mr. COVODE moved as an amendment to add the following: "Provided that the diplomatic agents shall not be permitted to wear any court dress, except such as shall be prescribed and the patterns drawn by the chief tailor of the nation, who is now presiding over its destinies." [Laughter.]

The SPEAKER ruled promptly that the amendment was not in order.

ANOTHER DISORDERLY AMENDMENT.

Mr. NOELL suggested as an amendment, that the uniform shall consist of cocked hat, looped up, with the American eagle, swallow coat, with stars and stripes on the tails, butternut pantaloons, close fitting yellow stockings [with garters *a la* Franklin, buckskin vest, one side black and one side white, &c. [Laughter.]

The amendment was ruled out of order.

Mr. PRUYN suggested as a substitute that the Secretary of State be authorized to prescribe such uniform as he may deem proper.

Mr. BANKS refused to let the amendment be offered.

The House seconded the previous question and passed the joint resolution.

EDUCATION IN THE SOUTH.

Mr. DONNELLY offered the following:

Resolved, That this House express its earnest desire that the people of the States lately in rebellion will, in the reorganization of the same in accordance with existing laws for that purpose, insert in their respective State Constitutions a provision requiring the Legislature to establish a system of free schools, which shall afford adequate opportunity for public education to all children of the States. Adopted.

TO REORGANIZE THE JUDICIARY.

Mr. LAWRENCE, of Ohio, introduced a bill to re-organize the Judiciary. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The bill abolishes the Circuit Court of the United States and creates Courts of Appeals. The District Courts are to take the jurisdiction now exercised by the Circuit and the Courts of Appeals are to be held by one Judge of the Supreme Court and by the District Judges, with appellate jurisdiction from the District Courts, and original jurisdiction in Admiralty Courts.

Adjourned.

Murder by an Imbecile.

PORTLAND, ME., March 25.—George Rolfe, aged thirty-five years, was murdered on Sunday morning in the Williams House, Falmouth, by Eben Williams, aged twenty-one years, who shot him through the heart with a rifle and then cut off his head with an axe. Williams is an imbecile, under guardianship.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

WASHINGTON.

What Rebels are Disfranchised.

FRANK P. BLAIR NOMINATED AS MINISTER TO AUSTRIA.

Caucus of Republican Congressmen.

WASHINGTON, March 25, 1867.

WHO ARE DISFRANCHISED.

Senator Wilson, in a letter to John M. Wascom, of Texas, relative to the Reconstruction law, says: "In reply to your question, 'Does the law, as it now exists, disfranchise the rank and file of soldiers who had never taken the oath to support the Constitution of the United States?' I have to say it does not disfranchise them. The Constitutional Amendment disqualifies from holding office certain persons who had taken the oath to support the United States and then engaged in rebellion, or gave aid and comfort to it. This class of persons are disfranchised, and all other persons are entitled to vote."

CONFIRMED AND REJECTED.

The Senate, in executive session to-day, confirmed the nomination of Benjamin Simpson as Indian Agent for Oregon, and rejected James S. Hunt as Collector of Internal Revenue for the Ninth District of Kentucky.

REVENUE RECEIPTS.

The Internal Revenue receipts last week amounted to over two millions dollars.

REBEL STATES AND EDUCATION.

There is a large and rapidly increasing party in the Senate who will be unwilling to vote for the admission of any rebel State that does not provide for the education of its people.

CRUISE TO THE MEDITTERRANEAN.

Commodore James Alden has received preparatory orders to take command of the United States steamer Minnesota, on a special cruise to the Medltterranean, next January, taking such of the graduating class of midshipmen as are not required for other vessels.

GENERAL SCOTT STATUE.

A special order of the War Department, dated March 23d, refers the whole subject of the statue of General Scott to a Commission, consisting of Brevet Major Generals E. Schriver, J. K. Barnes, Brevet Brigadier Generals C. H. Tompkins and N. Mechler, and Brevet Lieutenant Colonel L. J. Treadwell.

SOUTHERN RELIEF MOVEMENT.

A meeting was held at the Assembly Church to-day, to take measures for Southern relief. About fifteen clergymen were present. Committees were appointed and other business transacted with a view to concert of action.

MINISTER TO AUSTRIA.

The President has nominated to the Senate General Frank P. Blair as Minister to Austria.

CONGRESSIONAL CAUCUS.

At a caucus of Republican Senators and Representatives, held to-night, General Banks, chairman, and Representatives King and Hays, secretaries, Senator Drake introduced the subject of the adjournment of Congress, but it was objected to by Senator Wilson, who claimed that the caucus was called with the distinct understanding that this question was not to be considered. Senator Drake expressed himself satisfied with the explanation. The sole object of the meeting was to take action concerning future political movements North and South, and Messrs. Schenck, Donnelly, Pile, Kelly, Wilson of Massachusetts, and others, spoke of the necessity of completing Congressional organization. The debate was free from excitement, and after appointing a Congressional Committee, consisting of one member from each State, the caucus adjourned.

FROM MEXICO.

The Traitor Mendez Killed and His Forces Routed in Battle.

MAXIMILIAN AT THE HEAD OF HIS CONCENTRATED FORCES.

Battle Reported to Have Occurred.

1,000 IMPERIALISTS HORS DU COMBAT.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 25.—Later advices from most portions of Central Mexico have been received. Private letters state that the city of Morelia was occupied by the Liberals on the 17th of February.

The entire State of Michoacan was free of Imperialist troops on February 25th.

Generals Regules and Corrona left Morelia for Queretaro with nine thousand men, and at last advices had arrived at Celaya, ten leagues from Queretaro. The entire Liberal force in the vicinity of Queretaro were placed under the command of Corrona.

From Cuernavaca, on the 8th, Gen. Alvarez, Sr., writes: It is rumored here that the traitor, Gen. Mendez, and forces were routed in battle by Gen. Escobedo's command. Mendez is among the killed. Miramon attempted to make a junction with Mendez's forces before the battle and was routed and lost both legs in the engagement.

General Porferio Diaz is threatening the city of Puebla, with six thousand men under his command.

From the tenor of letters received, well informed parties are confident that no further engagements of consequence will take place between the contending forces. It is believed Maximilian concentrated his forces in a body with a view of making terms with the Liberal Government prior to evacuating the country. No battle between any portion of the forces under the direct command of Maximilian had taken place at last dates, and none would occur.

A letter from Colima, dated March 10th, says: From Tepic we hear that the small garrison of Acapulco landed at San Blas. General Loyada was sending home the poor victims of misplaced confidence. Here everything is quiet and trade is improving. Mexican dollars are scarce, no conducta having arrived from the interior. The latest news from the City of Mexico makes us believe the Empire is about playing out. Maximilian is making his last effort, actually gone to war *propria persona*, and holds Queretaro with ten thousand men against the combined forces of Escobedo and other chiefs, who outnumber him considerably. The report is current that a battle took place a few days ago, in which about one thousand Imperialists were placed *hors du combat.*

MATAMORAS, March 16, via GALVESTON, March 25.—Reports of the Liberal defeat near Queretaro have reached here and are extensively circulated, but there is no truth in them. No news of a general engagement had been received in San Luis up to the 28th ult. Maximilian, who moved out from Queretaro, had returned. The Liberals had advanced their lines within seven miles of Queretaro, and heavy guns were sent to the front from San Luis. Juarez was still there.

Rumors of an attempted arrangement by Maximilian with the Liberals are very rife.

Quetago is said to have been defeated and taken prisoner at Zelaya.

GALVESTON, March 25.—Rio Grande dates to the 22d, have been received. There was no change in the position of the troops at Queretaro. Imperial supplies were scarce, and all provisions were seized for the use of the army. The Imperialists were deserting by companies. Both parties are levying heavy taxes on the inhabitants. The Liberals seized a conducta with 800,000 pieces of silver. Pillaging gangs are in all parts of the country.

The steamer Moro Castle, from Havana, reports that twenty French steamers from Vera Cruz arrived just as she was leaving.

Juarez was at San Luis Potosi, where the Liberals concentrated. The Imperial force would leave soon and a decisive battle is expected near San Luis. The Liberals are closely besieging Vera Cruz and exchanging shots with the garrison. Gen. Costaguay arrived at Havana on the 15th. Bazine was expected hourly on the frigate Salveroin.

FROM BOSTON.

Dry Goods Establishment Damaged—Ten Hours a Day's Labor in Cotton and Woolen Mills After April 1st—Operatives Not to be Submitted To—Master Plumbers Discontinue the Eight Hour System—The Shops Deserted.

BOSTON, March 25.—Julius G. Tucker's dry goods store was damaged by fire this evening. Loss $10,000. Insurance $22,000.

It is stated the National Mill Spinners' Association recently notified the agents and treasurers of some cotton and woolen manufacturing establishments in this vicinity that they shall work ten hours a day after April first. At an informal meeting of some of the Treasurers to-day the subject was discussed, and it appeared to be the almost unanimous opinion that no dictation on the part of operatives should be submitted to, even if the mills were compelled to stop. A suspension of manufacturing at the present time would relieve rather than embarrass owners.

The Master Plumbers of this city having notified their workmen on Saturday afternoon that the eight hour system for a day's work would be discontinued after April 1st., the latter immediately left work and to-day the work shops have been nearly all closed.

FROM ALBANY, N. Y.

Railroad Ferry Difficulty—Almost a Serious Riot—Quiet Restored.

ALBANY, March 25.—Considerable excitement existed to-day at the railroad ferry, in consequence of a difficulty between the proprietors of the South ferry and the officers of the Western, or Boston, Railroad. The ferry proprietors purchased the land adjoining the ferry slip, used by the railroad company, and said company not having removed the bridge and other property attached within a specified time, the proprietors denied their right to take it away. The Railroad folks, however, brought a large party to the spot and removed the bridge by force. At one time a serious riot was threatened, the crowd being large and various weapons were drawn. But after a few arrests quiet was restored.

The Peabody Educational Fund—Plan of the Trustees.

NEW YORK, March 24.—The Peabody educational fund trustees have finished their session. The whole subject of the trust was discussed. From common investigation and inquiry, a report was made by Bishop McIlvaine that for the present the promotion of primary or common school education by the now existing or other agencies will be the leading object. To aid this design normal school education, to prepare teachers, will be favored, and scholarships endowed in the now existing Southern halls of learning. Education in aid of the application of science to industrial pursuits, will be another purpose of the trustees. A general agent, under the direction of the executive committee, is to do much of the business. Rev. Dr. Sears, of Brown's University, was elected Chairman. He is to appoint an executive committee of five, to carry out, with the general agent, the views of the board. The next annual meeting will take place in this city, on the 3d of June, and the Chairman is authorized to call meetings at will. The Executive Board agreed to meet at Richmond on the third Tuesday in January. The Executive Committee comprises Messrs McIlvaine, Aiken, Evarts Graham, Eaton and the Chairman, *ex officio*. A Committee was appointed to obtain an act of incorporation from the New York Legislature. Samuel Wettmore was appointed Treasurer.

River Telegrams.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., March 25.—Another snow storm occurred this afternoon, with the mercury below freezing point.

ST. LOUIS, March 25.—Weather alterated between cloud and sunshine for the past two days, with a hard frost last night. Today had been mild and to-night snow is falling, with the prospect of rain. The river, after rising a foot, is falling again.

MEMPHIS, March 25.—Raining all day. Business on the levee fair. River stationary. Departures—Lizzie Gill, Henry Ames Rain, Golden Era, Westmoreland, for Cincinnati; Addie Johnson, Welcome, for Vicksburg; Guidon, for St. Louis; Laurel Hill, for Louisville. In port—Robert E. Lee, Gleaner, Centralia, Commercial, Silver Moon, Norma.

EVANSVILLE, IND., March 25.—The weather was clear in the forenoon but is now cloudy. The river has fallen three feet in the last twenty-four hours. The port list is: Palestine, Louisville to Nashville; Havana and America, Cincinnati to Nashvill; Louisiana and Savannah, Louisville to New Orleans; Sam J. Hale, Cincinnati to Memphis; Morning Star, Henderson to Louisville; Rowena, Nashville to Cincinnati; Charmer, to Cairo; Wm. White, to Green River. Business is brisk.

CAIRO, March 25.—The river has fallen five inches. Weather cloudy, with a light rain since dark. Thermometer, 44 deg. Business is good. Arrivals—Mary Swan, from Memphis to Louisville, 3 p. m.; Alice, from New Orleans to Cincinnati, 3 p. m.; Nightingale, from St. Louis to Cincinnati, 4 p. m.; Bertha, from Arkansas river to Cincinnati, 6 p. m.; Sam Brown, from Memphis to Pittsburgh, 5 p. m.; Messenger, from Cincinnati to New Orleans, 6 p. m.

South American Affairs.

NEW YORK, March 25.—Lima letters state that the unpopularity of President Prado is made manifest by the mutinies of troops. The obnoxious poll tax recently levied has been suspended. Tucker, the Confederate admiral of the Peruvian Navy, has resigned. The question of religous freedom is being agitated.

The United States steamer Pensacola has arrived from Callao and Valparaiso.

A letter says the question of a truce with Spain is definitely rejected by Peru. The mediation offered by the United States was still under consideration. A serious objection to its acceptance was the recent misunderstanding between Admiral Tucker and Captain Stanley, of the United States steamer Tuscarawa, owing to which the usual courtesies between Peru and the United States have been suspended. Gen. Kilpatrick was trying to straighten the entanglement. The U. S. steamer Dakotah was at Valparaiso.

Difficulty at Panama Between the Authorities and British Consul.

NEW YORK, March 25.—The *Herald's* Panama correspondence says: A British frigate appeared off Carthagena on the 27th of February, and the Captain addressed a note to the President, insisting that the British Consul should receive the mails before they were sent to the local postoffice, and that the President should apologize for offences in respect to the matter. The President evaded a decided answer to these propositions. A war steamer in the service of Mosquera came into the port in the meanwhile and was seized by the Englishman. The demands were reiterated with threats of taking other measures in the event of non-compliance, and the President fearing bombardment, succumbed and apologized, promising to do better in the future.

Fenian Banner Difficulty.

OTTOWA, C. W., March 25.—The appearance of a Fenian banner in the procession on St. Patrick's day is still causing much comment. The petition presented to the Mayor to inquire into the matter has been referred to the Solicitor General.

Colored Franchise in Connecticut.

MERIDAN, CT., March 25.—A colored man was to-day admitted to registry as a free man by the Republican Board of Registers of this town, and was declared entitled to vote. There is much excitement in consequence.

A Large Fire Raging.

ASTORIA, N. Y., March 25.—A large fire is raging to-night. The Odd Fellow's Hall is in flames, and the fire threatens to extend.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The Michigan Legislature concluded its session yesterday. The eight hour bill was lost.

The Detroit Board of Trade has also abandoned the cental system, in consequence of the action of neighboring cities.

A dispatch from Ottawa, Canada, states that eight thousand tons of rails have been ordered from England to repair the Grand Trunk Railroad track.

At Fishkill, New York, on Saturday, a mob seized the property of a Mrs. Davis, the renewal of a demonstration against her for alleged improper intimacy with Joseph Bull, in her husband's employ.

Good advice was the only punishment inflicted upon three women by Justice Cornwell, for disturbing the devotions of a colored congregation, in Brooklyn, on Sunday. They cat-called, groaned, and showered split-peas, spit-balls, and other missiles from their place of concealment in the gallery of the church.

The trouble with the miners in Schuylkill county continues. On Friday night last the Burrell tavern, near Malone Plains, was surrounded by a party of six or eight "Molly Maguires," and the proprietor ordered to surrender all his valuables. He refused and fired shots into the crowd, killing one and wounding another. The wounded man was arrested, but refused to divulge anything concerning the secret order to

The County Jail Expenses for 1866 amounted to $11,823—an increase of $4,222 over 1865—of which $3,916 was paid to John Shephard for bread for the prisoners, $2,141 for salaries of wardens, and $318 for "extra boarding" for prisoners.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

FOURTH PAGE.—*The fullest and most reliable Money, Oil and Produce Market Reports given by any paper in the city, will be found on our Fourth Page.*

County Controller's Report.

By order of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, the GAZETTE has been selected to circulate the very important report of the fiscal affairs of Allegheny county, as presented by the faithful and efficient controller, Henry Lambert, Esq. Much valuable information is contained in the report, and the entire document will amply repay perusal and examination. The selection of the GAZETTE to perform this highly important distribution is a matter of congratulation with us, although the Courts have always recognized the claims of our journal as an unequaled advertising medium. Business men will consult their own interests by following the example set by the county authorities and advertize in the GAZETTE, as it reaches as many readers as any newspaper published in Western Pennsylvania. Perhaps in referring to the award having been made to the GAZETTE for the circulation of this important official report, we should say that the *Commercial* has also been similarly favored. The *Dispatch* and GAZETTE formerly were entrusted with the distribution.

Pittsburgh Councils.

Both branches of Council held a regular stated monthly meeting last night in their respective chambers, City building.

COMMON COUNCIL.

There were present Messrs. Barnhill, Brush, Coursin, Ford, Hare, Hempbell, House, Jones, McQuewan, McGowan, Patchell, Rebman, Reed, Roberts, Robb, Seibert, Tomlinson, Torley, Verner, Welsh, O'Neil and President Steel.

The minutes of the previous meetings were read and approved.

Mr. Hare presented a petition asking for the extension of the Fifth street sewer down to connect with the Market street sewer. The petition was from the property holders between Wood and Market streets on Fifth. Read and referred to Street Committee.

Mr. Hare read a petition from the property owners on Fifth street to have permission to lay the Nicolson pavement at their own cost and expense on Fifth street. Read and referred to the Street Committee.

Mr. Rebman presented a petition for the paving of Peach alley. Read and referred to Street Committee.

Mr. Rebman also presented a petition for the erection of three lamp on Pennsylvania Avenue, between Dunwiddie and Jumonville streets. Referred to Gas Committee.

Mr. Coursin read a petition asking for a gas lamp to be erected on the corner of Decatur and Elm streets. Referred to Committee on Gas.

Mr. Coursin read a petition from J. R. Newman asking for the privilege to erect a frame kitchen to his residence on Webster street. Read and referred to the Committee on Wooden buildings.

Mr. Barnhill read a petition from the property holders on Wide alley to have water pipes laid on said alley before it is paved. Referred to Water Committee.

Mr. Brush read a resolution authorizing the Gas Company to lay main pipes on Washington street, between Webster and Liberty streets. Read and adopted.

Mr. Roberts presented a petition from R. W. Roberts asking that the four inch pipe laid on Stevenson street be extended three hundred feet. Referred to the Water Committee.

Mr. Roberts presented a petition for the erection of a gas lamp on the corner of Boyd and Forbes streets. Read and referred to Committee on Gas Lighting.

Mr. Welsh offered a petition for the paving of Spring alley, between Morris and Baldwin streets. Read and referred to Street Committee.

Mr. Welsh offered a resolution instructing the Gas Lighting Committee to have lamps erected at the corner of Morris street and Spring alley, and on the corner of Liberty street and Morris street. Referred to Committee on Gas.

Mr. Reed presented an ordinance, supplementary to an ordinance granting power to locate spring wagons and other vehicles. Read three times and passed under a suspension of rules. Non-concurred in by S. C.

Mr. Reed presented an ordinance relative to the erection of bridges on sidewalks, while vaults are being built. Read three times and passed under a suspension of rules.

Mr. Ford offered a petition for the grading and paving of Morris street from Penn to Smallman streets in the Ninth ward; and of Mulberry alley from Morris to Lush streets. Referred to Committee on Streets.

Mr. Ford offered a resolution instructing the Street Committee, in conjunction with the Regulator, to propose a general plan of sewerage for the city, its expenses to be paid from the contingent fund. Read and referred to the Street Committee with instructions to report probable cost of said general plan.

Mr. Patchell read a petition from John Hopper, asking permission to move an old frame house across Franklin alley. Referred to the Committee on Frame Buildings.

Mr. O'Neill offered a resolution authorizing the purchase of a lot of ground known as the Hospital lot, in the rear of the engine house, for $5,000.

Mr. Reed moved an amendment, that the purchase shall be made if the payment will not be required before next year. As amended the resolution passed.

Mr. Hare reported from the Police Committee a remonstrance against the passage of the Bill now before the Legislature dividing the city into four police districts, and offered the following resolution:

Resolved, By the Select and Common Councils of the city of Pittsburgh, that the act now before the Legislature entitled "An Act dividing the City of Pittsburgh into Police Districts," meets their disapproval, and that our Senators and Representatives be urgently requested to prevent its passage.

Mr. O'Neill thought the bill should be passed, and argued at some length to show its favorable qualities. He, in the course of his remarks, asked "are the members of the Police Committee cats' paws to others, and if not, how are they injured, or why does the bill pinch their toes?"

Mr. Ford rose to his feet and said that he would allow no such insult to pass by unnoticed, and the gentleman had no right to refer to the committee in such terms. He called the member to order, as he had already spoken longer than the by-laws permitted.

This point of order regarding time was not sustained, and Mr. O'Neill was permitted to proceed. His defense of the bill was argumentative and able, and in his painting the bill was just what Pittsburgh sorely needs.

President Steel, vacating the chair in favor of Mr. Tomlinson, spoke in opposition to the bill. He admired the clever way in which the accountants had drawn it, but he would not give much for the city's or county's share of the fines and costs resulting from the action. He was opposed to the passage of the bill.

Mr. Ford next took the floor, and made a strong speech in opposition to the bill. He viewed it in the same light as Alderman Steel, and took occasion to say that Mayor McCarthy's administration had been a successful one and that he had paid several thousand dollars more than any of his predecessors to the city treasury. If his administration had been so frightfully lax, there must have been "something rotten in Denmark" before he came into office. Crime was upon the increase in every city of the Union, and our city was no exception to the general rule.

Mr. O'Neill moved to lay the resolution on the table. The ayes and nays were called, which resulted in killing the motion by a vote of 13 to 6.

The resolution was then voted upon. The ayes and nays were called, resulting as follows:

Ayes—Messrs. Ford, Hare, Hemphill, House, Jones, McQuewan, McClelland, McGowan, Patchell, Reed, Roberts, Robb, Siebert, Tomlinson, Torley, Verner, Welsh, and President Steel—18.

Nays—Messrs. Barnhill, Brush, Coursin, O'Neill, Rebman, and Sloan—6.

Mr. Torley offered a resolution instructing the Gas Committee to inquire into the right of the Gas Works to charge full rates for gas consumed in the engine houses. Being city property the charges should only be according to city rates. Read and adopted.

Mr. Ford offered a resolution instructing the Street Committee, acting with the Recording Regulator and City Solicitor, to examine into the propriety of introducing the Nicholson pavement. Read three times and passed.

Mr. Brush offered a petition for the grading and paving of Townsend street between Decatur and Clark streets. Referred to the Street Committee.

Mr. Hare offered an ordinance increasing the police force of the city, which, after some discussion, was withdrawn.

On motion adjourned.

SELECT COUNCIL.

Members present—Messrs. Armstrong, Coffin, Crawford, Dickson, Gallaher, Loew, McCarthy, McEwen, McMillan, Phillips, Rees, Shipton, Tanner, Thompson, White, Wilson, and President McAuley.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

A petition was presented from the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company, asking permission to lay a Nicolson pavement in front of their general office, on Penn and Wayne streets—the Company agreeing to pay all the expenses, and thus give the city an opportunity to test this system of street paving without cost. Read and referred to the Committee on Streets, with power to grant the prayer of petitioners.

A petition for the grading and paving of Centre avenue, between Dunwiddie and

Kirkpatrick streets, was read and referred to Committee on Streets.

A petition from residents of Smithfield street, between Virgin alley and Sixth street, asking for regularity in numbering houses, was referred to Street Committee.

A petition from the Vigilant Fire Company, asking authority for the Committee on City Property to authorize the removal of the stable from the lot owned by the city, was presented, and the authority asked for granted.

A petition for the erection of a sewer on Strawberry alley was read and referred to Committee on Streets, with instructions to report.

A petition for the paving of Fourth street, from the track of the Pittsburgh, Columbus and Cincinnati Railroad track to the end of the paving of the street, was read and referred to Committee on Streets.

A petition asking for the opening and grading of Hill street, in the Eighth ward, was read and referred to Street Committee.

Mr. McMillan presented the report of the Committee on Streets. In regard to the petition of the managers of the Pittsburgh and Minersville Railway Company, asking to be relieved from keeping the streets clean and in repair for six years, the Committee reported favorably, provided the Company put the streets over which the railway passes in good repair from curb to curb. In the matter of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railway Company, asking to be relieved from paying the assessment for the sewer on Pennsylvania avenue, the Committee reported that in their opinion Councils had no further jurisdiction. In reference to granting the Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Spring Garden Passenger Railway Company the right to lay a track on Hand street, the Committee reported favorably. The report was accepted.

Ordinances for the grading and paving of Mercer and Bedford streets and Pasture alley, were read and laid over under the rules.

An ordinance, granting the Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Spring Garden Passenger Railway Company permission to lay a track from Liberty street to the Hand Street Bridge, was read and laid over under the rules.

Ordinances authorizing the opening of Viceroy street from Magee to Stevenson street, Maria street from Magee street to its terminus, Magee street to the Southern side of Viceroy street, and Locust street from Pride to Marion streets, were taken up and finally passed.

The ordinance, passed by Common Council, providing for the erection of a new Market House, in the Fifth ward, was taken up, and the action of Common Council concurred in.

A communication from General James S. Negley, President of the Soldiers' Monument Association, enclosing a resolution from the Ladies Committee, asking a temporary suspension of the ordinance prohibiting the fire companies from soliciting individual subscriptions, the object being to afford the firemen an opportunity to compete for the new hose carriage, purchased by the Association, at the forthcoming Fair. The communication was received, but no further action was taken.

A communication from George Fortune, Esq., Secretary of the Board of Guardians of the Poor, asking for the appointment of three members of Council to audit the accounts of the Board, was read and accepted.

A communication from the City Controller, inclosing the affidavit of Joseph Dilworth, asking exoneration from business tax for 1866, he having made no sales during the year. Also, a resolution to pay Abdiel M'Clure, late County Recorder, $21 80. The petition of Mr. Dilworth was referred to Finance Committee with power to act. The resolution was read three times and adopted.

J. F. Slagle, City Solicitor, submitted a communication relative to the digest and codification of the laws and ordinances relating to the city. He stated that he had the acts of Assembly digested, and ready for the printers, and requested the appointment of a committee for the purpose of examining the work, and making definite arrangements with Messrs. Errett & Andersen, City Printers. The communication was accepted.

A communication from the Citizens' Insurance Company, with a resolution to refund to them $191.29, being the amount of tax overpaid for 1866. Referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. Armstrong offered a resolution instructing the Gas Committee to lay a gas pipe on Morton street, from Penn to Butler streets, which was read and referred to the Committee on Gas Lighting.

Mr. Gallaher offered a resolution providing that the Street Committee be requested to place index boards on the corners of the principal streets and alleys. The resolution was accepted, read three times and adopted. C. C. non-concurred.

On motion, adjourned.

Miller vs. Wiedmann.

As different statements have been made regarding this case, we publish the sworn statement of Mr. J. W. Miller:

Commonwealth vs. A. Wiedmann. Charge—felonious assault and battery, brought by J. W. Miller before Alderman McMasters. Testimony of the prosecutor, J. W. Miller, given on the hearing of the above charge, before the said Alderman, on Thursday, 21st day of March, A. D., 1867, at 4 o'clock P. M.: I met Wiedmann yesterday, in the hall in front of his office. Wiedmann owes me a small bill for which he gave me his note. I sued Wiedmann for that indebtedness before Alderman Strain; said suit has not been adjudicated yet. We were talking in the hall about said suit. Wiedmann said that he would non-suit me; no angriness or bad feeling was shown on either side. Wiedmann went into his office and I followed him; we continued our conversation about said civil suit pending before Alderman Strain. I remained in his office about fifteen minutes; I was standing with my back in front of the fire grate; Wiedmann was sitting on a chair; I said to Wiedmann that he played a dirty, nasty, stinking trick on me. I repeated the same words again. Wiedman went to the door leading out into the hall and opened the same, requesting me to leave his office from four to six times. I did not go; I said to him that I was not in great haste to leave his office. He then walked up to me, took me by the arm and pushed me two or three steps towards the door. I then put my hand upon his breast and pushed him away from me. Wiedmann went to a cupboard and took a pistol out of it, pointing the same at me, with the remarks, which I don't know positively, G-d-m, I shoot you if you don't go out. I walked out, and met Mr. Hague in the hall. I requested Mr. Hague to arrest Wiedmann. Mr Hague opened the door of Wiedmann's office and said to me, that he could not arrest him without a warrant.

Cross-examination—We were talking in the hall friendly; I was not on very good terms with Wiedmann for some time; he was not very excited nor was he violent when he took me by the arm. I did not think that he intended to shoot me when he pointed the pistol at me; (pistol produced) I could not say positively whether this is the pistol; it looks like the one he held in his hand; he could have shot me if he wanted, but as he is a man of great passion I thought I better go out, as I did not know what he might do, I was not in great haste to leave the office even then when he pointed the pistol at me, neither was I much afraid of him. If I had left his office when he told me to go out, there would have been no occasion for him to point the pistol at me; I am not afraid of him yet. (Signed) J. W. MILLER.

I certify that the foregoing is substantially a true and correct statement of J. W. Miller, given before me on the hearing of the above case.

SAMUEL MCMASTERS, Alderman.

President Steel of the Common Council Complimented.

Last evening, before the business of the Common Council had commenced, City Solicitor Slagle made his appearance on the floor and in a neat and fitting speech proceeded to present President Steel with a gavel, on behalf of the members of the branch of council over which he presides. Mr. Slagle stated that the members felt anxious to express the high regard and estimation in which they held their presiding officer and to show their appreciation of the able and impartial manner he had, during the past year, discharged his delicate and arduous duties. President Steel returned his hearty thanks to the gentlemen who had thus honored him with the present. He did not know that he was entitled to any particular credit for the performance of the duties of his office, and if he were, it was owing to the hearty co-operation received from the members. With the elegant present they had chosen to make him in his hands, he trusted hereafter to exercise the duties of his office, as he had always striven to perform them, with impartiality, due prudence and brotherly regard.

The gavel is one of the most beautiful and artistic pieces of fine mechanism we have ever seen. It was manufactured by Messrs. James R. Reed & Company, the well known jewelers on Fifth street. The handle is of polished ebony wood, while the hammer is solid ivory, turned and ornamented in neat style. Round the centre is a band nearly an inch wide of solid gold, which bears the following inscription:

"Presented by the members of the Common Council of the City of Pittsburgh to their President, Thomas Steel, Esq., as a mark of their esteem for him as a man, and his ability as a presiding officer, 1867."

The edges of the gold band are handsomely etched and chased, and upon the whole it is most creditable to Reed & Company, as a finished and neat piece of workmanship.

Joseph Horne & Co's Announcement.

This enterprising wholesale and retail trimming and notion house, Nos. 77 and 79 Market street, announce a grand spring opening of new goods to-day. The goods are specially commended to the milliners, and embrace all the latest styles and fabrics introduced in the Eastern cities. Bonnets, hats, trimmings, ribbons, flowers, &c., of beautiful descriptions, will be found at prices as low as rule the Eastern markets. The retail patrons of this house will find the stock of notions, laces, embroideries, skirts and trimmings unusually large, well selected, and attractive. See the advertisement in another column.

Attempted Burglary and Arrest of an Alleged Burglar.

We mentioned in our last issue how a drunken merchant fell into the cellar of the jewelry house of H. Richardson & Co. corner of Fifth and Market streets, and frightened away burglars who were plying their nefarious vocation. It appears that the theives first forced an entrance into the picture frame manufactory of Messrs. Barker & Hazeltine, located on the second floor of the building, and immediately above the jewelry store. Establishing this room as a base of operations, the burglars chalked out a square on the floor sufficiently large enough to admit the passage of a man's body, and had bored quite a number of holes preparatory to cutting out the boards. While working they were disturbed by the cries of the poor wretch who had toppled into the cellar, and made a precipitate retreat. They left behind their tools, and also some articles of clothing, and a small bag. The police were informed of the attempted burglary, and the articles left were placed in their hands. On the bag the name of D. Freel, Blairsville, was painted, and taking this as a clue, officer Dressler was dispatched to Blairsville in search of the supposed burglar. The officer learned that Freel was a peddlar by occupation, and that he was in Pittsburgh, boarding at the house of Frank Munday on Webster street, between High and Tunnel. With this information the officer returned, and steps were immediately taken to arrest Freel. Munday's house was visited, and it was ascertained that Freel was still boarding there, and that a neck-tie, which was among the articles found in Barker & Hazeltine's, belonged to Charles Maguire, another boarder. It appears however, that Freel was not in the city at the time of the attempted burglary, and as he bears an unexceptionable character for honesty, the finding of the bag does not criminate him in the affair, as probably it was purloined from him.

Maguire was arrested at a later hour, and was locked up for a hearing. The other parties have thus far eluded capture, but our excellent police force will no doubt secure them in good season. Two carpet sacks belonging to the parties were taken possession of, and, on being examined, were found to contain complete outfits of burglarious implements, such as files, saws, bits, braces, skeleton keys, etc. Maguire is now in the lock-up awaiting a hearing.

The police are certainly deserving of much credit for the skillful manner in which they have worked up this case from so slight a clue.

The Courts—District, Common Pleas and Quarter Sessions—cost the county during the year ending February 1st, 1867, the huge sum of $46,612, an increase of $12,614 over the previous year. For jury fees $27,100 was paid; to the Sheriff, for drawing jurors, $1,539; witness fees, $4,720; tipstaves, $5,445; interpreters, $318. The increased pay to jurors, who now get $2.50 per day, will alone increase the Court expenses about $5,000 per annum.

Diamond Jewelry.—Gems of the first water, set in rings, pins and earrings, at the most reasonable and inducing prices, will be found at Heineman, Meyran & Siedle's well known and popular jewelry store, No. 29 Fifth street. A large stock of general jewelry is offered at less that present eastern prices. Silver plated sets of table ware on hand in new and fashionable styles. For any and everything in their line favor this firm with a call.

We would Suggest that foot pavements be laid in the gutters for the benefit of the pedestrians along some of our more busy streets. It is awkward for a crowd of foot passengers to get mixed up with passing wheelbarrows and piled up dry goods boxes on the sidewalk; and as the barrows and boxes have an undoubted right there, it is only fair that some accommodation should be provided for pedestrians.

Is That All?—The amount of fines and forfeitures paid in by Justices' during 1866, was $108 81, by four—A. Ammon, East Birmington, $53 84; J. H. Miller, Harrison township, $8 00; D. Kennedy, West Elizabeth, $3 00; and J. W. Ewing, (sale of an estray), $44 59. Are there no others who should have paid over? The County Controller's record will not be disputed, but how about the Justices?

For Prothonotary.—Elsewhere we publish the card of Jacob H. Walter, Esq, offering himself as a candidate for Prothonotary. Mr. Walter has for a long number of years creditably filled this office and has at all times been recognized as an earnest, hard-working and consistent member of the Union Republican party. His selection will prove a guarantee of the proper discharge of the duties of the office.

The Coroner's Office, in 1866, cost the county $3,595, ($1,515 more than in 1865,) out of which the coroner received $1,195, for inquests, witnesses, jury fees, &c. For analyzing stomachs Prof. Wuth received $300, and Prof. Jillson was paid $250 for like services. For *post mortem* examinations $525 was expended, and $644 for funeral expenses and graves in Hilldale Cemetery.

If the Ladies would only stand a little nearer to the shop windows, or a little further off from them, or would consent to stand *anywhere* definitely on the pavement, they would confer an appreciable benefit on the men who have to dodge so wearily to get past them.

A Large Reward is about to be offered, as we are informed, for the discovery of a loafer standing on any of our streets. They used to be very plenty here, but now not one can be found on the corners or on the Postoffice steps, even on Saturday night or during Sunday.

The Next Effort of the Darwinian philosophers will be to prove that Pittsburgh corner loafers cannot be traced backward and upward to the monkey. This is well, as, according to the Darwinians, it will be assigning loafers and men to different origins.

Some of Our Oldest Inhabitants assure us that they can remember, quite distinctly, when pavements existed visibly on some of our streets, and when cross walks were available in some localities. Time has wrought great changes.

George Rohe was committed yesterday to Warden White's castle on a charge of keeping a disorderly house on Duquesne Way. Roger Martin was the prosecutor, and Alderman Nicholson the committing magistrate.

Fat Office.—The County Controller during last year paid John M. Kirkpatrick, Esq., late District Attorney, $1,879, in full of fees due him, and to his successor, Colonel Duff, $1,429, accrued fees to November 10th, 1866.

Thos. Scanlon with $665 in his pocket was picked up very drunk by the police last night. Good thing he was picked up by the faithful police, for he would have been a good pick for pickpockets.

Common Pleas Court.—Before Hon. Thomas Mellon. Isaac Taylor vs. D. Gregg. Appeal from a magistrate. The case occupied all of yesterday, and no verdict had been rendered at adjournment.

The Ladies always had the reputation of being pointed in their conversation; they are now pointed in their costume. This is an improvement—for when they wore "tilters" they were pointed at.

The Present Style of hair dressing among the ladies gives them a cheerful appearance. It keeps the features well drawn up, and prevents the dear creatures from wearing long faces.

Sixty Witnesses, it is said, were summoned in the Washington county conspiracy case, but the ruling of the Court, as to the admission of evidence, prevented their being called.

Homicide Case.—The Lawrence county homicide case will be taken up in the Court of Oyer and Terminer to-day, immediately after the conspiracy case, on trial, goes to the jury.

Great Excitement was occasioned yesterday by a report that something was about to be done towards commencing the Work House. The report proved to be a canard.

An Accurate report of the soil in the alleys and back yards throughout the city, would prove a valuable and startling addition to the geological literature of the day.

Justice Salisbury jailed Stephen Williams yesterday, to await his trial on a charge of fornication and bastardy on oath of Elizabeth Harcomb. Same old story.

Michael Kneeland was committed to jail for a hearing yesterday, by Alderman Taylor, on a charge of running an umbrella through Abraham Greenwood's window.

The Dry Goods Merchants are glad in their hearts. They are selling off all the remnants in their stores to make up into the fashionable short dresses.

By the new liquor law taverns must close at twelve o'clock every night, but there is nothing to prevent them from opening one hour later.

For Horse Thieves and fugitives from justice, police officers were paid, during last year, three hundred and seventy dollars, by the county.

Two Conductors on one of our street railways were discharged last week for not calling out the names of the streets along the route.

Mrs. Frances W. Harper, the greatest living female colored lecturer, will hold forth to-night at the Wylie street A. M. E. Church.

Butler County has a finer court room than Allegheny county.

Four Jail inmates graduated to the Penitentiary yesterday, where they were taken by Deputy sheriffs Culey and Stubbs.

Till Tapping.—Some mean rascal entered a little store on Tunnel street, yesterday, and robbed the till of forty dollars.

District Court.—This Court was employed yesterday, as it will be to-day, in disposing of the argument list.

Manchester is to have a little celebration when her councilmen take their seats in the Allegheny chambers.

Buried.—Mr. Joseph Aurentz, who was killed by accident on Saturday, was buried at Blairsville yesterday.

Vagrant Commitments cost the county from February 1st, 1866, to February 1st, 1867, the sum of $1,622.

Jailed.—Henry Shannon was jailed yesterday on a charge of larceny, by Alderman Mullen, of Allegheny.

The House of Refuge in 1866 cost the county $27,510, an increase of $1,759 over the previous year.

Fortune Tellers.—Several fortune tellers drive a nice business in this neighborhood.

The New County Project on the other side of the Allegheny meets with but little favor.

Fox Scalp Premiums paid by the county in 1866 amount to fifty-two dollars.

Mayor McCarthy is using his best endeavors to improve the morals of the city.

Alderman Lynch jailed Edward Martin on a charge of keeping a disorderly home.

Colonel Morrow, of the 26th Pa. Regiment, died in Blair county last week.

The Court House cost the county last year, for repairs, &c., the sum of $1,928.

Tetotalers see snakes in the liquor bill. Rum chaps see snakes out of it.

For Bridges the county in 1866 expended $10,510, against $3,053 in 1865.

The Weather Clerk is in the pay of the undertakers.

Weather cloudy and disagreeable yesterday.

Gold in Pittsburgh yesterday was scarce at 133.

Harrisburg Letter on Fourth Page.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ALEX. AIKEN.

UNDERTAKER,

No. 166 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds; CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms opened day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D. D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D.D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

R. T. WHITE & CO.,

UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS,

Manchester, Wood's Run and vicinity.

COFFIN ROOMS AT MANCHESTER LIVERY STABLE,

Corner Sheffield and Chartiers streets

Hearse and Carriages furnished.

HILLDALE CEMETERY.—The beautiful "God's-acre," the largest suburban place of sepulchre, except one, in this county, situated on New Brighton road, immediately north of Allegheny. For burial lots, permits or titles, call at Central Drug Store of COOL & CLANEY, Allegheny City.

PITTSBURGH, March 26th, 1867.

NOTICE.—THE ALLEGHENY COUNTY

REPUBLICAN

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE,

WILL MEET

On Saturday, April 20th, 1867,

At the OFFICE of the CHAIRMAN,

NO. 135 FOURTH ST., PITTSBURGH.

A full attendance is requested, as the time for holding the Nominating Convention and other business of importance will then be considered.

By order of

JOHN W. RIDDELL,
Chairman.

Attest:
A. L. PEARSON, } Secretaries.
T. M. BAYNE. }
mh20:w4:TT

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., }
PA., PITTSBURGH, March 25th, 1867. }

TO CARPENTERS.—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until

April 5th, inclusive,

For constructing new Gallery around the upper tier of cells in the County Prison; to lay floor on enclosed end; put base all around walls, using new materials, and put new bridge across at Second Story.

Information will be furnished at the Sheriff's or County Commissioner's office.

HENRY LAMBERT,
Controller.
mh26:w5

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Wholesale Agents

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American Watch Company's

WATCHES.

No. 56 Fifth Street,

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WATCHES, CHAINS AND JEWELRY,

AT A VERY SMALL PROFIT, AT

WILL T. WILEY'S,

6 Wylie St., 3d door from 5th.

J. W. JOHNSTON.................................JAS. SCOTT.

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DEALERS IN

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SILVER-PLATED WARE, ETC.,

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Pittsburgh, Penna.

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THE CHEAPEST AND BEST

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THE PLACE TO BUY

GOOD

BOOTS & SHOES

CHEAP, IS AT

McCLINTOCK'S.

No. 92 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

ja18

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Practical Furniture Manufacturers

COR. PENN AND WAYNE STS.

Latest styles of FURNITURE constantly on hand.

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SEWING MACHINE,

Is WHEELER & WILSON'S

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HORSES CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES of the very best for hire at

Howard's Livery Stable,

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Great attention paid to buying and selling horses. Horses kept at Livery. fe19

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Six machines, used but a short time, for sale at reduced prices.

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