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CITY ITEMS.

Artificial Human Eyes,
Adjusted without pain, by Dr. Spencer, Dentist, 254 Penn street.

To Country Merchants.
We are offering full of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, at Eastern prices.
J. W. EARKER & CO., No. 59 Market street.

Important to Country Merchants.
Merchants visiting the city to lay in their spring supply of goods would do well to call at the great medicine emporium of Dr. Keyser, 140 Wood street, and put in a supply of his invaluable PECTORAL SYRUP and BLOOD SEARCHER, the former of which has been sold and used in the Doctor's practice for over twenty years, and has saved thousands from the consumptive's grave. DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP will invariably give satisfaction to all persons afflicted with coughs and hoarseness and the usual pulmonary maladies incident to this season of the year, whilst DR. KEYSER'S BLOOD SEARCHER is daily curing scads of the most hopeless cases of disease, of a class little cared for by physicians, and usually deemed incurable, such as cancers, white swellings, scrofulas, tetters, and all of that denomination arranged under the head of *Cachexia*. It is exceeding proper now, when the climacteric change from Winter to Spring is about to occur, that most of those who are debilitated and prostrated by sickness, should resort to some such a remedy as DR. KEYSER'S BLOOD SEARCHER, which will not only cleanse and purify the natural channels of the human system, but at the same time sweep off debility and reinstate vigor and nervous energy. It is wholly unlike most stimulating compounds and bitters, which for awhile, spur, but afterwards sink into greater prostration. Country merchants and farmers cannot do better than to purchase from half a dozen to a dozen of Dr. Keyser's medicines, as in doing so they will confer lasting benefit upon all those whose health and life has been impaired and impoverished. These two medicines of Dr. Keyser's have acquired a hold on the affections of the people commensurate only with their superlative merits.
Ask for Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher, and take no other, at 140 Wood street.
Resident consultation office in Penn street.

New Arrival
Of canned Fruits and Vegetables, and will be sold as cheap as at any other house in either city. Call and examine and judge for yourselves, at No. 112 Federal street, Allegheny City.
GEORGE BEAVER.
Also, Agent for the well-known house of Stephen F. Whitman's celebrated Philadelphia extra fine Cream "Boh Bons," "Chocolates," Almonds, Walnut Candy, Prince Drops, &c., &c.

Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil.
The Purest and Sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea-shore. It is perfectly pure and sweet. Ask for "Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by
CASWELL, MACE & CO., New York
Sold by all druggists. mw

Crowded Always.
The Continental Dining Saloon, next door to the Post office, on Fifth street, is crowded daily and nightly with epicures. It is the best kept, best managed and most popular dining saloon in Pittsburgh.

Fit for a King.
Are the meals to be obtained only in such good style, at Holtzheimer's Continental Dining Rooms, next door to the Post office, Fifth street. Prices are most reasonable.

Best in Season.
Holtzheimer leads the best of every thing in the market at his popular Continental Dining Saloon. Fifth street next door to the Post office. Call in for a good meal.

Sole Proprietors
Of McClelland & Co's. Rat Destroyer.
KANE & DEVIT,
Druggists, Allegheny.

Children's.
Extra fine, french kid polish Boots at an Extraordinary low figure. Opera House Shoe Store.

Patent Medicines.
Patent Medicines for sale by
KANE & DEVIT,
Druggists, Allegheny.

You Can Buy
Foreign Liquors of all Kinds at Joseph S. Finch's Distillery, No. 189, 191, 193 and 195 Pure Liberty Lead,
For sale by KANE & DEVIT,
Druggists, Allegheny.

The Cheapest,
Gaiters for ladies: misses and children at the Opera House Shoe Store.

Go to Fleming's Drug Store,
For the best White Lead in the City. Market street.

Go to Fleming's Drug Store,
No. 84 Market street, for Flaxseed Oil and Turpentine.

The Best,
Goods in the world are to be found at No. 60 Fifth street.

Superior Bargains.
In Gents fine calf Boots at the Opera House Shoe Store.

You Can Buy
5 per cent. Alcohol at Joseph S. Finch's.

You Can Buy
New Hops at Joseph S. Finch's.

One of the most remarkable meetings ever held in South Carolina, says a correspondent of the New York *Tribune*, took place on Monday, the occasion being a celebration by the negroes of the passage of the bill enfranchising the black race. By invitation, General Wade Hampton, ex-United States Senator Beauseure, Edward Arthure, Hon. W. J. Tallory and James G. Gibbs addressed the meeting. Also the Rev. David Pickett and Beverly Nash, both colored. Sentiments were expressed highly honorable to both sides. The negroes are highly gratified with the spirit of political affection with which they have been met, and the citizens are equally pleased to find the colored men identified with the true interests of the State. Should a Convention be called, the latter will probably nominate and support the best men in the country, and, as declared by Mr. Nash, will urge Congress to repeal the disfranchising clause, which deprives them of the services of those in whom they have the greatest confidence.

Apathy had succeeded the recent enthusiasm among the Fenians in New York for a few days, but on the receipt of news from Ireland, on Monday, of an interruption in the wires connecting with the cable, hope was revived among them, and their belief in a general uprising on 24. Patrick's Day was reiterated. As that has not taken place, they will again simmer down.

At selma, Alabama, a large meeting was held on Monday, at which were adopted resolutions strongly expressive of Union sentiments, and recognizing the right of Congress to prescribe the terms of reconstruction and re-admission of the seceded States into the Union, and therefore urging that the people of Alabama should forthwith accept the beneficent terms of reconstruction.

Ex-Governor Johnston, occupying the office of Internal Revenue Collector in the First District, (Philadelphia,) left for Washington yesterday, having been ordered thither. There is said to be renewed trouble in that office, and it is reported that $100,000 is missing, of which nobody can give any account.

Pittsburgh Gazette.
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1786
VOLUME LXXXII.—NO. 66. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20, 1867. PRICE THREE CENTS.

FIRST EDITION.
ONE O'CLOCK, A. M.

EARLY TELEGRAMS.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.
(FIRST SESSION.)

SUPPLEMENTARY RECONSTRUCTION.

The Bill Finally Passed,

THE CONFISCATION BILL.

Thad. Stevens too Ill to Speak.

HIS SPEECH READ BY THE CLERK.

Bill Deferred till December.

WASHINGTON, March 19, 1867.

SENATE.

Mr. TRUMBULL called up the House joint resolution to suspend all further proceedings under the law for payment for slaves enlisted or drafted into the military service of the United States. After a short discussion, by consent the bill was postponed till to-morrow.

MILITARY AFFAIRS.

Mr. MORTON, from the Military Committee, reported favorably on the bill introduced by him to pay the State of Indiana for quartermasters' stores, supplies, transportation, &c., &c., furnished to the militia of the State to repel rebel raids, &c.

Mr. SHERMAN said if the bill was pressed to a vote, he would move to amend it by inserting Ohio, which State had also been at expense to repel the Morgan raid.

Mr. WILLIAMS asked how much money the bill would take?

Mr. MORTON replied that the amount was estimated at $300,000.

Mr. FESSENDEN objected to immediate consideration and action, and it was postponed until to-morrow.

THE REWARD FOR JEFF. DAVIS.

Mr. HOWARD, from the Military Committee, reported, without amendment, a bill to regulate the distribution of awards for the capture of Jeff. Davis, and recommended its passage.

EXECUTIVE SESSION PROCEEDINGS.

Mr. CONNESS introduced a resolution declaring that inasmuch as rumor has frequently happened that the proceedings of the senate in executive session have been improperly made newspapers, contrary to the injunction of secrecy thereon, therefore, that a committee of three senators be appointed to investigate the matter, with power to send for persons, papers, &c.

At the suggestion of Mr. CONKLIN, the resolution was ordered to lie over for the present.

PACIFIC COAST SURVEYS.

Mr. COLE introduced a resolution authorizing and requiring the Secretary of the Treasury to cause an investigation to be made by some one practicable by the officers of the United States coast survey in California as to the expense of a harbor in the vicinity of Point Sal, on the coast of California, and that the Secretary of War be required to cause estimates to be made of the amount necessary for a special survey of a harbor available for the purposes of commerce. Adopted.

RAILROAD AND TELEGRAPH TO THE PACIFIC.

Mr. RAMSEY introduced a bill amendatory of the act to aid in the construction of a Railroad and Telegraph line from the Missouri River to the Pacific Ocean, approved July 1, 1862, granting the right of way to the several companies named shall be so constructed when completed that they shall, in connection with branch roads to Sioux City, afford continuous road communication between the Union Pacific Railroad and the head of Lake Superior, which was referred to the Committee on Pacific Railroads.

QUALIFICATIONS OF MEMBERS.

Mr. COLE introduced a bill to further define the qualifications of members of Congress, which provides that no person shall be eligible to either house of Congress who has voluntarily borne arms against the United States while a citizen thereof, or who has voluntarily given aid, countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto, or who has sought or accepted, or attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority or pretended authority in hostility to the United States, or who has yielded voluntary support to any pretended Government, authority, power or Constitution within the United States hereafter to be created. Referred to Judiciary Committee, and ordered to be printed.

SUPPLEMENTARY RECONSTRUCTION.

The Supplementary Reconstruction Bill was received from the House, and on motion of Mr. Trumbull, the senate agreed to Committee of Conference. Messrs. Trumbull, Wilson and Buckalew were appointed the Committee on the part of the Senate.

VARIOUS BILLS CONSIDERED.

The House resolution to correct errors in the Wool Tariff Bill was taken up and passed.

Mr. WILSON called up the bill directing the Secretary of War to furnish clothing to invalid soldiers, and it was passed.

Mr. HENDERSON called up the bill declaring the bridge over the Missouri River at Chariton, and the bridge over the Illinois at Alsiippi at Louisiana, Mo., to be lawful structures and post roads. It authorizes and declares the bridge over the Missouri River at Leavenworth, Kansas, and then passed.

THE MARYLAND SENATOR.

Mr. JOHNSON said he had been requested by his colleague, Mr. Thomas, since the charges were made against him yesterday, to move that the reference of his credentials to the Judiciary Committee, and that a full investigation be made.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT.

Mr. TRUMBULL, from the Conference Committee on the supplemental reconstruction bill, made a report. The Conference Committee agreed to the Senate proposition that the State Constitutions shall be ratified by a majority of votes cast, provided it shall appear that a majority of the registered voters voted on the question of ratification. A clause is added that Congress must be satisfied that all registered voters had an opportunity to vote freely and fairly without any fear of interruption, and that the constitution meets the approval of the majority of qualified voters. The report was agreed to.

After the transaction of executive business, the senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THE WOOL TARIFF.

Mr. BINGHAM introduced a joint resolution to correct an error in the enrollment of the bill last session increasing the duty on wool and woolens. The error was the omission in the enrolled bill of the words "Canada long wools," which were in the engrossed bill. The joint resolution was passed.

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE SCRIP.

Mr. JULIAN asked leave to report a joint resolution relative to the issue of agricultural college scrip, prohibiting the further issue or delivery of such scrip to any of the States which by rebellion or its threatened or acceptance of such scrip, or of any before delivered, until those States are fully restored to their rights as States by Congress.

Mr. BURR objected, but the rules were suspended, and under the operation of the previous question, the resolution was adopted—103 to 35.

TAX ON LADDERS.

Mr. JUDD, on leave, introduced a bill to exempt wooden ladders from tax, which, after a short discussion, was passed.

SUPPLEMENTARY RECONSTRUCTION.

The SPEAKER laid before the House the disagreement of the senate to the House amendment to the supplemental reconstruction bill.

The House refused by a vote of 92 to 77 to recede, and on motion of Mr. Wilson (Iowa) insisted and asked for a Committee of Conference. The Speaker appointed Messrs. Wilson, (Iowa,) Boutwell and Marshall the Committee on the part of the House.

THE CONFISCATION BILL.

Mr. STEVENS moved to reconsider the vote by which the bill introduced by him on the 11th of March was referred to the Committee of the whole, locating the House bill to confiscate all public lands in the lately rebel States, and confiscate and condemn all such property belonging to the belligerent enemy as is declared confiscated by the act of July 17th, 1862.

MR. STEVENS' SPEECH READ BY THE CLERK.

Mr. STEVENS proceeded to address the House at length in support of the bill. He had not read more than a few passages of his speech, when it became painfully evident, from the weak condition of his health, he could not make himself heard by the House. He therefore requested Mr. McPherson, Clerk of the House, to read the speech for him, which Mr. McPherson thereupon proceeded to do from the Clerk's desk. The reading occupied about an hour and a quarter.

Mr. CHANDLER obtained the floor, but yielded it to Mr. Stevens, who moved the bill be postponed until the second Tuesday in December next, which was agreed to.

RELIEF FOR SOUTHERN DESTITUTION.

The House went into Committee of the Whole and proceeded to the consideration of senate bill appropriating one million dollars for the relief of the destitute in the south.

Mr. BUTLER proposed to offer a substitute for his substitute offered last week, by providing that several District Commanders, under Act of 2 March shall have the power to assess and collect by military power (strictly on all persons within their Districts owning more than 160 acres of land, or who have an income of more than $500 per year, such sum or sums as such Commander may deem necessary to relieve the destitution and pauperism of white people there.

The CHAIRMAN informed Mr. Butler that he had the right to modify his first substitute by substituting the other for it, but Mr. Butler desiring to have both pending, withdrew the latter, whereupon Mr. SCHENCK offered it as an amendment to the substitute.

Mr. WOODBRIDGE made an eloquent appeal to the Committee in favor of the bill, and in conclusion, he moved that the Committee rise and report the bill and amendments to the House. The motion was rejected.

A long debate ensued on the necessity of the bill, but without reaching any conclusion, the Committee rose to receive a message from the senate.

A variety of motions to suspend the rules to get in bills and resolutions were made and rejected.

ISTHMUS TRANSIT ROUTES.

While the House was waiting to receive the action of the Senate on report of the conference committee on the supplemental reconstruct on bill, on motion of Mr. RAYMOND, the Committee on Foreign Affairs was discharged from inquire and report what measures have been taken by foreign governments to call the attention of nations to the interest of rival nationalities in any of the routes of transit heretofore granted across the Isthmus of Panama, Nicaragua, Honduras or Tehuantepec, and what measures, if any, it is the duty of the government to take to secure the interests of American commerce in such transit routes.

The House then adjourned.

SECOND EDITION
FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

VERY LATEST TELEGRAMS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Appointments Acted Upon.

NEW AGRICULTURAL BUILDING.

Commissioner Fogy and the Indians

THE PROSPECTS OF A CONGRESSIONAL RECESS.

WASHINGTON, March 19, 1867.

NEW AGRICULTURAL BUILDING.

The new building of the Department of Agriculture, authorized by the late act of Congress, will be connected in the centre of Reservation No. 21, occupying the space between the south wing of the present building and Fourteenth street. The extreme dimensions of the building will be one hundred and twenty-two by two hundred feet. The style of architecture is modern.

Hon. I. V. Fogy, Special Commissioner to the Indians, returned with his party generally, but a preliminary visit to the Indians in Colorado, and the Territories, at the request of the Secretary of the Interior, the intention being to remove them to the reservation being between the big Sioux on the north and the Platte on the south, and between the forts Kearney and Laramie parallel or latitude, on which they are to remove in time to make a crop this season. Mr. Fogy's report is expected to be submitted after the adjournment of the Peace Commissioners, Senators Buckalew, Doolittle, Lowe, Foster, Nesmith, Henderson, Ingalls, and Lower Brutes, Representatives Sawyer, Stanbury, Upper Dandridge, Lower Dandridge, Ingalls, Egalalls, and Lower Brutes, and Messrs. Taylor and Leavenworth, which will be the basis to recommend this summer at Coon Creek Agency and Fort Laramie, during the summer it is contemplated to send a delegation of Indians to negotiate treaties with them and to finally them upon reservations, as I provide for them reasonable annuities. Mr. Fogy and other of our commissioners left Washington on the 1st of January, and proceeded to Omaha and Nebraska to make all necessary arrangements for the meeting of the Peace Commissioners at the former, with such Indian chiefs as they could induce to meet them. Their journey was a tedious one, and destroyed.

Washington, March 19.—The next meeting of the Commissioners appointed by the late act of Congress, will be reassembled in the centre of Reservation No. 21, occupying the space between the south wing of the present building and Fourteenth street. The extreme dimensions of the building will be one hundred and twenty-two by two hundred feet. The style of architecture is modern.

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Washington, March 19.—The Supreme Court of the United States, sitting in the Capitol, has been engaged all day in the consideration of the Milligan habeas corpus case from Indiana, and will probably occupy the whole of to-morrow.

The Senate has only confirmed the following nominations:

Postmasters—Daniel L. Rush, Albany, N. Y.; Thos. J. Angell, Newark, N. J.; Wm. Cullen, Jersey City, N. J.; Archibald Campbell, Trenton, N. J.; Archibald Dickson, Wilmington, Del.; Robert Thompson, Mt. Morris, Pa.; Elliot Hollingsworth, Media, Pa.; Wm. Hamilton, West Chester, Pa.; Richard H. Rose, Lancaster, Pa.; Moses Veale, Harrisburg, Pa.; Samuel Mc-Cleary, Jr., Tyrone, Newport, Pa.

Assessor of Internal Revenue—W. Hayward, Jr., Eighth District, Pa.

Register of Public Money—Samuel Tannehill, Jr., Jackson, Miss.

LOCATION RECOMMENDED.

The President has recommended Francesco Hermann, Consul to the Free Hanseatic Cities of Germany, to be located at Bremen.

The President has appointed Charles Sumner, Minister to Austria, and Wm. Hunter, Secretary of Legation to the same place.

Senator Morrill, Chairman of the Committee on Finance, has reported favorably from that committee the bill to repeal the tax on bank circulation, and it will probably be taken on this afternoon. Considerable opposition to the bill is manifested from the fact that it is proposed to pay the amount of the tax from the Treasury. It is generally believed that the bill will return the bill to the House this week.

PRESIDENTIAL DISEASE.

The tenth and last statistical report of the President this week and takes place at the Executive Mansion to-night.

FROM EUROPE.

The Fenian Outbreak.

CAPTURE OF HEAD CENTRE DONOVAN.

Gen. Burke and Forty Others Sent to Clonmel Jail.

THE ENGLISH REFORM MEASURE.

Napoleon's Policy Criticised.

HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT ORGANIZED.

LONDON, March 18—Evening—The arrest of Fenians still continues in Ireland.

Head Centre Dennis Donovan, has been caught at Cork.

Gen. Burke and forty others who were recently captured, have been ordered in irons to Clonmel jail.

THE REFORM BILL.

LONDON, March 18—In the House of Commons this evening, the Derby-Disraeli ministry decided to bring in their reform bill to-morrow, and Disraeli explained the features of the proposed bill, introducing copious statistics to support the principles on which the bill is grounded.

Mr. Gladstone made a short speech, and said he thought the Tories were absurd, but he would defer replying and the question until the bill has been before the House.

PRUSSIA AND POLAND.

BERLIN, March 18.—It is stated Bismarck has refused to protest against the absorption of Poland into the Russian Empire.

ITALIAN ADMIRAL RECALLED.

VIENNA, March 18.—Another Cabinet sent to America recalling Admiral Tegetoff to Austria, to take command of the Austrian fleet.

THE NEW HUNGARIAN MINISTRY.

PESTH, March 18—The members of the new Cabinet were sworn in to-day, and took their oath of office, in presence of the Emperor of Austria and National Diet.

STEAMERS ARRIVED OUT.

LIVERPOOL, March 19—Evening—The steamships Bulgian, from Portland, and Java, from New York, have arrived out. The vessels were gales which prevailed for nearly a week past and fortunately no shipping. Many ship-wrecks are reported on the English and Irish coasts.

NAPOLEON'S FOREIGN POLICY ATTACKED.

PARIS, March 19—A debate took place in the Corps Legislatif last evening in regard to foreign affairs, in which representatives Thiers and Favre attacked the foreign policy of the Emperor, on the ground that it sacrificed the interests of France in both Germany and Italy, which was hostile to the interests of France. Minister Rouher and Representative Oliver defended the Government's action.

DEBATE OF REFORM BILL POSTPONED.

LONDON, March 19—Evening—The debate on the Reform Bill has been postponed to the 25th instant.

TREATY BETWEEN PRUSSIA AND BAVARIA.

BERLIN, March 19—Evening—It is reported that a secret treaty was made between Prussia and Bavaria in August last, pledging one clause of the treaty Prussia may assume the military direction of the Bavarian army.

RUSSIA PURCHASING VESSELS.

LONDON, March 19—Evening—Agents of the Russian Government are said to be purchasing vessels in this country and countries to be used for transports.

CORONATION OF THE HUNGARIAN KING.

PESTH, March 19—Evening—The coronation of Francis Joseph as king of Hungary during his present visit to this city, is strongly urged by all parties.

PAPACY AND THE PAPAL DEBT.

PARIS, March 19—Evening—In the Corps Legislatif to-day Minister Rohrer stated that the Emperor was in favor of the partition of the Papal debt among the Catholic powers, each of them assuming its share of the burthen and guaranteeing its payment.

COMMERCIAL.

FRANKFORT, March 18—Five twenty bonds 77½.

LONDON, March 18—Noon—Consols opened steady at 91¾@92, for money and account. Erie Railroad, 39.

LIVERPOOL, March 19—Noon—The Market opened firm at the highest quotations of yesterday, and great excitement prevails. Sales of cotton, including uplands, 12,000. Sales of the day estimated at 10,000 bales. Lard, 65s per cwt. American pork, 80s per cwt. Linseed oil, 40 pounds per ton. Rosin, common Wilmington, 5s 3d per cwt.

LONDON, March 19—Afternoon—Consols closed at 92 for money. American securities closed at the following rates: U. S. 5-20s, 73¾; Illinois Central shares, 78; Erie Railroad, 39.

FRANKFORT, March 19.—Afternoon.—U. S. Bonds closed at 77½.

LIVERPOOL, March 19—Afternoon—Cotton market to-day has been quiet and closed steady at 12½. Sales of 10,000 bales. Breadstuffs, sales to-day amounted to 14,000 bales. Trade in provisions and Manufactures are inactive. Breadstuffs market firm. Wheat—Milwaukee Red and Amber, 9s 10d; winter Central. Corn—8s 6d per quarter for Mixed Western American. Barley—5s 7d per sixty pounds. Oats—Southern, 4s, per two. Spirits Turpentine, 35s 6d per cwt. Petroleum, 1s 5d. for Pennsylvania Refined and Canada White.

Another Report of the Death of Dr. Livingstone, African Explorer.

PORTLAND, Me., March 19—Intelligence reached Moravian, Captain Atkins, from Liverpool, at three o'clock on the afternoon of the 7th, that Livingstone, the African explorer, died on the 4th, arrived at half-past one o'clock this afternoon.

A report has reached the English Consul at Zanzibar that Dr. Livingstone, the celebrated African explorer, and half his party, had been murdered by Caffirs. The report is on the authority of nine native attendants, who escaped. The attack was sudden, but the Doctor and those to overpower them having him, but was cut down from behind while endeavoring to reload his revolver.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

FOURTH PAGE—*The fullest and most reliable Money, Oil and Produce Market Reports given by any paper in the city, will be found on our Fourth Page.*

THE BUTLER COUNTY HOMICIDE.

Trial of John B. Adlington for the Murder of Sidney B. Cunningham and James H. Peeples, at Portersville.

MONDAY, March 18, 1867.

Miss Joanna Pyle, sworn—I was at the dance; came to Oliver's between eight and nine o'clock P. M.; Henry Bowser took me there and took me home; I saw Mr. Cunningham and Peeples there; they came to our house at half-past five o'clock P. M.; they had their horses put up; went away and were gone an hour or more; came back and Mr. Cunningham said they had been beaten; said John shiver had insulted him; there were shrenologists at our house; examined their heads; had a fuss at the time for a spell; said he had cut up a little at Oliver's, and Oliver was going to put him out; saw him and Peeples setting before the fire at Oliver's in the sitting room; there were others in the room; I passed through into the dancing room; next saw him up's sits when he came for me to dance with him; my father keeps a hotel in Portersville; my father introduced me to Cunningham at supper; I danced with him; saw the defendant dance twice with Miss Pyle; danced once with Maggie Newton; he danced the first dance; next saw him after I danced with him; he was laughing and dancing with Peeples; I danced with my self; the defendant dance twice with Miss Pyle; next saw him sitting on the stairs; saw Peeples in the room; I passed through into the dancing room; next saw him up's sits when he came for me to dance with him; my father keeps a hotel in Portersville; my father introduced me to Cunningham at supper; I danced with him; saw the defendant dance twice with Miss Pyle; danced once with Maggie Newton; he danced the first dance; next saw him after